



Empire Industries Limited

August 22, 2022

To,

BSE Limited
Corporate Relationship Department
1st Floor, P.J. Towers, Dalal Street
Fort, Mumbai – 400 001

Scrip Code: 509525

Dear Sir,

Sub : Notice of 121st Annual General Meeting ('AGM') and Annual Report for the financial year 2021-22 under Regulation 30 and 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

This is to inform you that the 121st Annual General Meeting ('AGM') of **Empire Industries Limited** ('Company') is scheduled to be held on **Wednesday, September 21, 2022** at 3:00 p.m. (IST) through Video Conferencing ("VC") or other audio visual means ("OAVM").

Pursuant to Regulation 30 and 34 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, please find enclosed the Annual Report of the Company along with the Notice of the AGM for the Financial Year 2021-22. The same is also being sent through electronic mode to all those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company / Depository Participants / Registrar and Transfer Agent.

The same is also available on the website of the Company at <http://empiremumbai.com/investor-information>.

Kindly take the above on your records and oblige.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

FOR EMPIRE INDUSTRIES LIMITED


SUHAS CHANDRA NANDA
DIRECTOR – FINANCE & COMPANY SECRETARY

Encl. : As above

CIN: L17120MH1900PLC000176

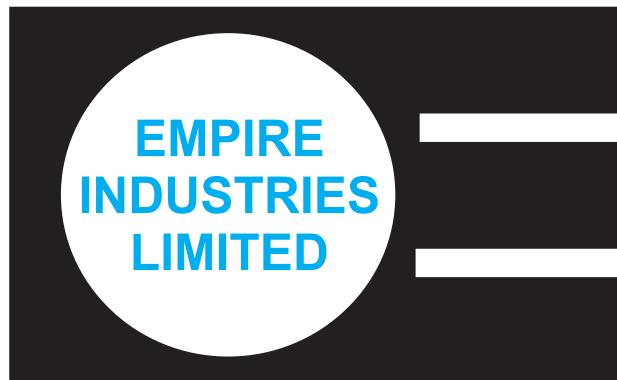
Regd. Office: Empire Complex, 414, Senapati Bapat Marg,
Lower Parel, Mumbai 400 013, India.

Tel.: 66555453 • Fax : 24939143

E-mail: email@empiresecretarial.com • Web : www.empiremumbai.com

Divisions

Empire Machine Tools MFTM • Empire Machine Tools MCAT • Vitrum Glass
Empire Industrial Equipment • Empire Vending (GRABBIT) • Empire Foods
The Empire Business Centre • Empire Industrial Centrum



ANNUAL REPORT 2021-22

EMPIRE INDUSTRIES LIMITED
CIN: L17120MH1900PLC000176
ANNUAL REPORT 2021-22

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

MR. S. C. MALHOTRA
MR. RANJIT MALHOTRA
MR. DILEEP MALHOTRA
MR. KABIR MALHOTRA

Chairman
Vice-Chairman & Managing Director
Jt. Managing Director
Executive Director

REGISTERED OFFICE
Empire Complex
414 Senapati Bapat Marg
Lower Parel
Mumbai 400013.

MR. RAJBIR SINGH
MR. C. P. SHAH
MR. SUBODH CHANDRA
MRS. GEETANJALI NAIDU
DR. ANUJA N. MOHE

Independent Director
Independent Director
Independent Director
Woman Independent Director
Woman Independent Director

Tel: +91 22 6655 5453
Fax: +91 22 2493 9143
e-mail: email@empiresecretarial.com
Website: www.empiremumbai.com

AUDIT COMMITTEE:

MR. RAJBIR SINGH ..Chairman
MR. C. P. SHAH
MR. SUBODH CHANDRA

PLANT

Vitrum Glass
L. B. ShastriMarg
Vikhroli, Mumbai 400083

STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

MR. RAJBIR SINGH ..Chairman
MR. C. P. SHAH
MR. SUBODH CHANDRA

BANKERS

Indian Bank
Bank of Baroda
Kotak Mahindra Bank
Yes Bank

NOMINATION & REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

MR. RAJBIR SINGH ..Chairman
MR. C. P. SHAH
MR. SUBODH CHANDRA

REGISTRAR & TRANSFER AGENT

M/s. Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd.,
S6 – 2 Pinnacle Business Park,
Mahakali Caves road, Next to Ahura Centre,
Andheri (E), Mumbai 400093
Tel: +91 22 62638200 / 62638222
Email: investor@bigshareonline.com
Website: www.bigshareonline.com

CSR COMMITTEE

MR. KABIR MALHOTRA ..Chairman
MR. DILEEP MALHOTRA
MR. RAJBIR SINGH

RISK MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE

MR. DILEEP MALHOTRA ..Chairman
MR. RAJBIR SINGH
MR. C. P. SHAH

**DIRECTOR FINANCE &
COMPANY SECRETARY**

MR. SUHAS CHANDRA NANDA

AUDITORS

A.T. JAIN & CO.

ADVOCATES & SOLICITORS

DSK Legal

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NOTICE

The **ONE HUNDRED AND TWENTY FIRST ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING** of the Members of **EMPIRE INDUSTRIES LIMITED** will be held on **Wednesday, September 21, 2022 at 3.00 p.m.** through Video Conferencing (“VC”) / Other Audio Visual Means (“OAVM”) to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2022, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
2. To declare dividend for the financial year ended March 31, 2022.
3. To appoint a Director in place of Mr. Kabir Malhotra, who retires by rotation, and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.
4. To consider, and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 139 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013, read with rules made there under, M/s. A. T. Jain & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.103886W), retiring auditor of the Company be and are hereby re-appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company, to hold office from the conclusion of 121st Annual General Meeting until the conclusion of the 126th Annual General Meeting of the Company at such remuneration plus applicable GST, out-of-pocket, travelling and living expenses, etc., as may be mutually agreed between the Board of Directors of the Company and the Auditors”

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

5. To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification, the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

“RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148(3) and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 14 of The Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force) the remuneration payable during the financial year 2022-2023 to M/s. Vinay Mulay & Co, Cost Accountants (Registration No. M/8791), appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year 2022-2023 amounting to Rs.1,50,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Fifty Thousand Only) as also the payment of GST as applicable and re-imbursement of out of pocket expenses incurred by them in connection with the aforesaid audit be and is hereby ratified and confirmed.”

By Order of the Board
For **EMPIRE INDUSTRIES LIMITED**

S. C. NANDA
DIRECTOR FINANCE &
COMPANY SECRETARY

Registered Office:

Empire Complex,
414, Senapati Bapat Marg,
Lower Parel,
Mumbai – 400 013.

Place : Mumbai
Date : May 25, 2022

NOTES:

1. In view of the massive outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, social distancing is a norm to be followed and pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs followed by Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021 and Circular No.02/2022 dated May 05, 2022 and all other relevant circulars issued from time to time, physical attendance of the Members to the Annual General Meeting (AGM) venue is not required and general meeting be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM.
2. Pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, the Body Corporates are entitled to appoint authorised representatives to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and participate there at and cast their votes through e-voting.
3. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available for 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
5. A member entitled to attend and vote at the AGM is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his / her behalf and the proxy need not be a member of the Company. Since the AGM is being held in accordance with the Circulars through VC, the facility for appointment of proxies by the members will not be available.
6. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and the Circulars issued by the

Ministry of Corporate Affairs dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-Voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-Voting system as well as venue voting on the date of the AGM will be provided by NSDL. The Board has appointed Ms. Deepa Gupta, Practicing Company Secretary, as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting in a fair and transparent manner.

7. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at <http://empiremumbai.com/investor-information>. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com and is also available on the website of NSDL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility) i.e. www.evoting.nsdl.com.
8. AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, MCA Circular No. 2/2021 dated January 13, 2021 and MCA Circular No. 2/2022 dated May 05, 2022.
9. The information in respect of the business under Item No. 4 & 5 set out above forms part of the Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013.
10. Members of the Company under the category of Institutional Investors are encouraged to attend and vote at the AGM through VC. Corporate members intending to authorize their representatives to participate and vote at the meeting are requested to send a certified copy of the Board resolution / authorization letter to the Company or upload on the VC portal / e-voting portal.
11. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Act, and the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the directors are interested, maintained under Section 189 of the Act, will be available electronically for inspection by the members during the AGM. All documents referred to in the Notice will also be available for electronic inspection without any fee by the members from the date of circulation of this Notice up to the date of AGM, i.e. September 21, 2022. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to investor_

relations@empiremumbai.com.

12. Any person holding shares in physical form and non-individual shareholders, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes member of the Company after the notice is send through e-mail and holding shares as of the cut-off date i.e. September 13, 2022, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or Issuer/RTA. However, if you are already registered with NSDL for remote e-voting, then you can use your existing user ID and password for casting your vote. If you forgot your password, you can reset your password by using “Forgot User Details/Password” or “Physical User Reset Password” option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no. 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 . In case of Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date may follow steps mentioned in the Notice of the AGM under “Access to NSDL e-Voting system”.
13. Members whose shareholding is in electronic mode are requested to direct notifications about change of address and updates about bank account details to their respective depository participants(s) (DP). Members whose shareholding is in physical mode are requested to opt for the Electronic Clearing System (ECS) mode to receive dividend on time in line with the Circulars. We urge members to utilize the ECS for receiving dividends. Please refer point No.15 for the process to be followed for updating bank account mandate.
14. The facility for voting during the AGM will also be made available. Members present in the AGM through VC and who have not cast their vote on the resolutions through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through the e-voting system during the AGM.
15. We urge members to support our commitment to environmental protection by choosing to receive the Company's communication through email. Members holding shares in demat mode, who have not registered their email addresses are requested to register their email addresses with their respective depository participants, and members holding shares in physical mode are requested to update their email addresses with the Company's RTA, Bigshare Services Private Limited at investor@bigshareonline.com to receive copies of the Annual Report 2021-22 in electronic mode. Members may follow the process detailed below for registration of email ID to obtain the Annual Report, user ID / password for e-voting and updation of bank account mandate for the receipt of dividend.

Type of Holder	Process to be followed	
	Registering Email Address	Updating bank account details
Physical	<p>Send a request to the RTA of the Company, Bigshare Services Private Limited at https://bigshareonline.com/InvestorRegistration.aspx providing Folio No., Name of member, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar card) for registering email address.</p>	<p>Send a request to the RTA of the Company, Bigshare Services Private Limited at https://bigshareonline.com/InvestorRegistration.aspx providing Folio No., Name of member, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar card) for updating bank account details.</p> <p>The following additional details need to be provided in case of updating bank account details:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name and branch of the bank in which you wish to receive the dividend, • the bank account type, • Bank account number allotted by their banks after implementation of core banking solutions • 9 digit MICR Code Number • 11 digit IFSC • a scanned copy of the cancelled cheque bearing the name of the first member.
Demat	Please contact your DP and register your email address and bank account details in your demat account, as per the process advised by your DP.	

16. In compliance with the Circulars, the Annual Report 2021-22, the Notice of the 121st AGM, and instructions for e-voting are being sent only through electronic mode to those members whose email addresses are registered with the Company / depository participant(s).
17. Members may also note that the Notice of the 121st AGM and the Annual Report 2021-22 will also be available on the Company's website, <http://empiremumbai.com/investor-information>, websites of the Stock Exchanges, i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com.

18. SEBI has mandated the submission of the Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in the securities market. Members holding shares in electronic form are, therefore, requested to submit their PAN to their depository participant(s). Members holding shares in physical form are required to submit their PAN details to the RTA.
19. As per the provisions of Section 72 of the Companies Act 2013, the facility for making nomination is available for the Members in respect of the shares held by them. Members who have not yet registered their nomination are requested to register the same by submitting Form No. SH-13. Members are requested to submit these details to their DP in case the shares are held by them in electronic form, and to the Bigshare Services Private Limited, in case the shares are held in physical form.
20. The Scrutinizer will submit her report to the Chairman of the Company ('the Chairman') or to any other person authorized by the Chairman after the completion of the scrutiny of the e-voting (votes casted during the AGM and votes casted through remote e-voting), not later than 48 hours from the conclusion of the AGM. The result declared along with the Scrutinizer's report shall be communicated to the stock exchange and RTA and will also be displayed on the Company's website, www.empiremumbai.com.
21. Since the AGM will be held through VC in accordance with the Circulars, the route map, proxy form and attendance slip are not attached to this Notice.
22. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 124 of the Act read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 (IEPFA Rules) as amended from time to time, the Company has transferred the unpaid or unclaimed dividend for the financial year 2013-2014 to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) established by the Central Government.

The Company has declared dividend in subsequent years as shown below:

S. No.	Year	Description	Date of Declaration	Due Date for transfer to IEPF
1.	2014-15	Dividend @ 240%	24.07.2015	29.08.2022
2.	2015-16	Interim Dividend @ 200%	08.03.2016	13.04.2023
3.	2015-16	Final Dividend @ 40%	30.07.2016	04.09.2023

4.	2016-17	Dividend @ 250%	27.07.2017	01.09.2024
5.	2017-18	Dividend @ 250%	26.07.2018	31.08.2025
6.	2018-19	Dividend @ 250%	26.07.2019	31.08.2026
7.	2019-20	Interim Dividend @ 250% as Final Dividend	03.03.2020	08.04.2027
8.	2020-21	Dividend @ 250%	29.09.2021	04.11.2028

23. Members wishing to claim dividends that remain unclaimed are requested to correspond with the RTA as mentioned above, or with the Company Secretary, at the Company's registered office. Members are requested to note that dividends that are not claimed within seven years from the date of transfer to the Company's Unpaid Dividend Account, will be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF). Shares on which dividend remains unclaimed for seven consecutive years shall be transferred to the IEPF as per Section 124 of the Act, read with applicable IEPF rules.
24. As per provisions of Section 125(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("the Rules") notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs effective from September 7, 2016, the Company is required to transfer all shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed by the shareholders for seven consecutive years or more in the name of Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Suspense Account established by the Central Government. Accordingly, the Company has transferred shares to IEPF Authority. For claiming the shares and unclaimed dividends you have to apply to the Authority by submitting an online application in Form IEPF-5 available on the website www.iepf.gov.in along with fee specified by the authority.

25. NDSL e-Voting System – For Remote e-voting and e-voting during AGM

A. THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING AND JOINING GENERAL MEETING ARE AS UNDER:-

The remote e-voting period begins on Saturday, September 17, 2022 (9:00 a.m. IST) and ends on Tuesday, September 20, 2022 (5:00 p.m. IST). During this period, members holding share either in physical or dematerialized form, as on cut-off date, i.e. as on September 13, 2022 may cast their votes electronically. The e-voting module will be disabled by NDSL for voting thereafter. A member will

not be allowed to vote again on any resolution on which vote has already been cast. The voting rights of members shall be proportionate to their share of the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date, i.e. as on September 13, 2022.

How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of “Two Steps” which are mentioned below:

Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system

A) Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	<p>1. Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the “Beneficial Owner” icon under “Login” which is available under ‘IDeAS’ section , this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on “Access to e-Voting” under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting</p>

	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select “Register Online for IDeAS Portal” or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder/Member’ section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number held with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Shareholders / Members can also download NSDL Mobile App “NSDL Speede” facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience. <p>NSDL Mobile App is available on</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;">   </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; margin-top: 10px;">   </div>
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> Existing users who have opted for Easi / Easiest, they can login through their user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or www.cdslindia.com and click on New System Myeasi.

	<p>2. After successful login of Easi/Easiest the user will be also able to see the E Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL. Click on NSDL to cast your vote.</p> <p>3. If the user is not registered for Easi/ Easiest, option to register is available at https://web.cdsindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration</p> <p>4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing demat Account Number and PAN No. from a link in www.cdsindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP i.e. NSDL where the e-Voting is in progress.</p>	<p>Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL</p>	<p>Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdsindia.com or contact at 022- 23058738 or 022-23058542-43</p>							
<p>Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants</p>	<p>You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. upon logging in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/ CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.</p>	<p>Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at https://eservices.nsdl.com/ with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.</p> <p>4. Your User ID details are given below :</p>								
<table border="1"> <tr> <td data-bbox="812 1163 1073 1269">Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical</td><td data-bbox="1073 1163 1469 1269">Your User ID is:</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="812 1269 1073 1474">a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.</td><td data-bbox="1073 1269 1469 1474">8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="812 1474 1073 1636">b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.</td><td data-bbox="1073 1474 1469 1636">16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12***** then your user ID is 12*****.</td></tr> <tr> <td data-bbox="812 1636 1073 1833">c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.</td><td data-bbox="1073 1636 1469 1833">EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***</td></tr> </table>			Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:	a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.	8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.	b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.	16 Digit Beneficiary ID For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12***** then your user ID is 12*****.	c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***
Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:									
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c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.	EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***									

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30

5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:
 - a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can user your existing password to login and cast your vote.
 - b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the ‘initial password’ which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your ‘initial password’, you need to enter the ‘initial password’ and the system will force you to change your password.
 - c) How to retrieve your ‘initial password?’
 - i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your ‘initial password’ is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your ‘User ID’ and your ‘initial password’.
 - ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in **process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.**
6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the “Initial password” or have forgotten your password:
 - a) Click on “**Forgot User Details/Password?**”(If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - b) “**Physical User Reset Password?**” (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
 - c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in mentioning your demat account number/ folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
 - d) Members can also use the OTP(One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.
7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to “Terms and Conditions” by selecting on the check box.
8. Now, you will have to click on “Login” button.
9. After you click on the “Login” button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system.

How to cast your vote electronically and join General Meeting on NSDL e-Voting system?

1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies “EVEN” in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle and Meeting is in active status.
2. Select “EVEN” of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period and casting your vote during the General Meeting. For joining virtual meeting, you need to click on “VC/OAVM” link placed under “Join Meeting”.
3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on “Submit” and also “Confirm” when prompted.
5. Upon confirmation, the message “Vote cast successfully” will be displayed.
6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

General Guidelines for shareholders

1. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to deepaguptacs@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on “Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter” displayed under “e-Voting” tab in their login.
2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the “Forgot User Details/Password?” or “Physical User Reset Password?” option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30 or send a request to evoting@nsdl.co.in

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to investor_relations@empiremumbai.com.
2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to investor_relations@empiremumbai.com. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode, you are requested to refer to the login method explained at step 1 (A) i.e. **Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.**
3. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.co.in for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR e-VOTING ON THE DAY OF THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for remote e-voting.
2. Only those Members/ shareholders, who will be present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system in the AGM.
3. Members who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
4. The details of the person who may be contacted for any grievances connected with the facility for e-Voting on the day of the AGM shall be the same person mentioned for Remote e-voting.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR MEMBERS FOR ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

1. Member will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the NSDL e-Voting system. Members may access by following the steps mentioned above for Access to NSDL e-Voting system. After successful login, you can see link of "VC/OAVM link" placed under "Join meeting" menu against company name. You are requested to click on VC/OAVM link placed under Join Meeting menu. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in Shareholder/Member login where the EVEN of Company will be displayed. Please note that the members who do not have the User ID and Password for e-Voting or have forgotten the User ID and Password may retrieve the same by following the remote e-Voting instructions mentioned in the notice to avoid last minute rush.
2. Members are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops for better experience.
3. Further Members will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
4. Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
5. Shareholders, who would like to express their views/have questions may send their questions in advance mentioning their name demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at investor_relations@empiremumbai.com. The same will be replied by the company suitably.
6. Speaker Registration during e-AGM session: Members who would like to express their views or ask questions during the AGM may register themselves by sending mail to investor_relations@empiremumbai.com. You would have to mention the demat account number/folio number, city, email id, mobile number and then click on submit. The speaker registration shall commence on Sunday, the 18th September, 2022 at 9.00 a.m. and close on Monday, the 19th September, 2022 at 5.00 p.m. The Company reserves the rights to restrict the number of speakers depending on availability of time for the AGM.

ANNEXURE TO NOTICE

As required by Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 the following Explanatory statement set out all material facts relating to the business mentioned under Item No. 4 & 5 of the accompanying Notice dated May 25, 2022.

**ITEM NO.4****Re-appointment of M/s. A. T. Jain & Co., Chartered Accountants**

The Members of the Company at the 116th Annual General Meeting ('AGM') held on 27th July, 2017 have approved the appointment of M/s. A. T. Jain & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.103886W), as the Auditors of the Company for a period of five years from the conclusion of the 116th AGM till the 121st AGM to be held in the FY 2022-23. The present term of M/s. A. T. Jain & Co., Chartered Accountants will be completed on conclusion of this 121st AGM in terms of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014.

The Board of Directors of the Company ('the Board'), on the recommendation of the Audit Committee ('the Committee'), recommended for the approval of the Members, the appointment of M/s. A. T. Jain & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.103886W), as the Auditors of the Company for a period of five years from the conclusion of this 121st AGM till the conclusion of the 126th AGM at such remuneration plus GST, if any, out-of-pocket, travelling and living expenses, etc., as may be mutually agreed between the Board of Directors of the Company and the Auditors. The Committee considered various parameters like capability to serve a diverse and complex business landscape as that of the Company, efficiency in conduct of the Company's operating segments, independence, market standing of the firm, clientele served, technical knowledge etc. and found M/s. A. T. Jain & Co., Chartered Accountants to be best suited to handle the scale, diversity and complexity associated with the audit of the financial statements of the Company.

M/s. A. T. Jain & Co., Chartered Accountants have given their consent to act as the Auditors of the Company and have confirmed that the said appointment, if made, will be in accordance with the conditions prescribed under Sections 139 and 141 of the Act.

None of the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel of the Company, or their relatives, is interested in this Resolution. The Board recommends this Resolution for your approval

ITEM NO.5**Appointment of M/s. Vinay Mulay & Co, Cost Accountants**

In pursuance of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the Board shall appoint an individual/ firm of cost accountant(s) in practice on the recommendations of the Audit Committee, which shall also recommend remuneration for such cost auditor. The remuneration recommended by Audit Committee shall be considered and approved by the Board of Directors and ratified by the shareholders.

On recommendation of the Audit Committee at its meeting held on May 25, 2022 the Board has considered and approved appointment of M/s. Vinay Mulay & Co., Cost Accountants (Registration No. M/8791), for the conduct of the Cost Audit of the Company's Construction including development activities

at a remuneration of Rs.1,50,000/- plus GST as applicable and reimbursement of actual travel and out-of-pocket expenses for the Financial Year ending on March 31, 2023.

The resolution of Item No. 5 of the Notice is set out as an Ordinary Resolution for approval and ratification by the members in terms of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

None of the Directors and/or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company and their relatives is concerned or interested in the resolution set out at Item No. 5.

Disclosure in terms of Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013

All the relevant documents in respect of accompanying notice for Resolution Nos. 4 and 5 are open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company during normal business hours on any working day, excluding Sunday. You are requested to communicate your assent or dissent for the aforesaid resolution, in accordance with the instructions set out herein.

Registered Office:

Empire Complex,
414, Senapati Bapat Marg,
Lower Parel,
Mumbai – 400 013.

By Order of the Board

For EMPIRE INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 25, 2022

S. C. NANDA
DIRECTOR FINANCE &
COMPANY SECRETARY

ANNEXURE TO NOTICE:

Particulars of Directors seeking appointment /re-appointment pursuant to Regulation 26(4) and Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirement) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard -2.

Mr. Kabir Ranjit Malhotra is aged 36 years. He has been working with the Company for almost 15 years and has gathered rich business experience. He is on the Board of the Company as Executive Director since October 1, 2020.

He is a postgraduate in Management.

His educational qualifications are as follows:

Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS) - 2007- H.R College of Commerce & Economics, University of Mumbai.

Master of Commerce (M.Com) - 2009- H.R College of College of Commerce & Economics, University of Mumbai.

Master of Business Administration (MBA) – 2012 - Royal Dock's Business School, University of East London.

He is the son of Mr. Ranjit Malhotra, grandson of Mr. S C Malhotra, Chairman of the Company, and related to Mr. Dileep Malhotra, Joint Managing Director of the Company.

Directorship in other Companies: Randil Trading Company Pvt. Ltd.

He is the Chairman of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the Company.

Number of shares held in Empire Industries Limited: 1,95,874 (3.26%) as on March 31, 2022.

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

The Directors hereby present their Annual Report together with the Audited Accounts of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2022.

1. FINANCIAL RESULTS:

Particulars	Year ended 31.03.2022	Year ended 31.03.2021
	Amount in Lakh	Amount in Lakh
Income:		
Revenue from Operations	54403.62	49026.13
Other Income	1037.08	2333.13
Total Revenue	55440.70	51359.26
Expenditure		
Cost of Materials Consumed	6880.40	14203.82
Cost of Project	4487.32	2042.03
Purchase of Stock-in-Trade	10108.15	4648.19
Changes in Inventories of Finished goods and Stock-in-Trade	1033.68	4157.75
Employee Benefit Expenses	9981.32	9276.32
Finance Costs	2705.45	3484.83
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	1465.75	1904.53
Other Expenses	16015.51	10372.17
Total Expenses	52677.58	50089.64
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional and tax	2763.12	1269.62
Exceptional items	-	
Profit / (Loss) before tax	2763.12	1269.62
Tax Expenses		
(1) Current Tax	247.47	65.42
(2) Deferred Tax	146.29	(116.59)
	393.76	(51.17)
Profit after tax	2369.36	1320.79
Other comprehensive income		
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	(1111.75)	12.22
Total comprehensive income for the period	1257.60	1333.01
Appropriated as under:		
Proposed Dividend	391.20	411.69
Tax on Dividend	-	
General Reserve	866.40	921.32
Total amount appropriated	1257.60	1333.01
Earnings per equity share (for discontinued & continuing operations).		
a) Basic	39.49	22.01
b) Diluted	39.49	22.01

2. DIVIDEND:

Your Directors are pleased to recommend a Dividend of Rs. 25/- per equity share of face value of Rs.10/- each for the year ended 31st March, 2022 subject to the approval of the Members at the Annual General Meeting on 21st September, 2022. This will be paid on or after

21st September, 2022 to the Members whose names appear in the Register of Members, as on the Record Date i.e. Tuesday, 13th September 2022. The total dividend for the financial year will absorb Rs. 391.20 Lakh (Previous Year Rs. 411.69 Lakh) as the promoters along with their relatives and associates have given their consent to forego their rights to claim dividend, if any, recommended by the members of the Board and approved in the General Meeting. Pursuant to the Finance Act, 2020, dividend income is taxable in the hands of the Members w.e.f. April 1, 2020 and the Company is required to deduct tax at source (TDS) from dividend paid to the Members at prescribed rates under section 194 of the Income-tax Act, 1961. The Dividend Distribution Policy, in terms of Regulation 43A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") is available on the Company's website.

3. OPERATIONS:

The Division-wise details are given below:

I. VITRUM GLASS

This division is in the business of manufacturing and marketing amber glass bottles of international quality for the pharmaceutical industry - both in India and abroad.

The division's fully automated plant produces more than 1.9 million glass bottles a day with sizes ranging from 5ml to 650ml.

The plant is located at Vikhroli, Mumbai. It boasts of a clientele of the multinational companies in India such as Glaxo Smith Kline, Pfizer, Abbott India, Merck India, Cipla, Wardex Pharmaceuticals, Himalaya Drug Co, Aristo, Procter & Gamble, Dabur India, Cadila healthcare, among others.

Despite the COVID – 19 lockdown, this division achieved a 44% higher turnover of Rs. 211.79 crores.

Out of the total turnover, exports were Rs. 41.73 crores (higher by almost 50% as compared to the previous year).

Margins were under pressure as a result of rising fuel costs and Covid-19 lockdown.

The division is expected to do even better in the current year.

II. EMPIRE COMMERCIAL PROPERTY

This division manages Empire Industries Ltd.'s owned properties comprising 10 lakh Sq. Ft of Commercial and IT space.

It boasts of an excellent clientele such as, HDFC Bank, Zee Entertainment, ICICI Bank, CNBC TV18, TCPL and others.

Its IT Park at Vikhroli, Mumbai, consists of 2 buildings – Empire Plaza 1 and Empire Plaza 2. Both buildings are 100% occupied.

Its Commercial space at Empire Complex located in Lower Parel, Mumbai, is currently 60% occupied.

III. EMPIRE INDUSTRIAL CENTRUM

The Empire Industrial Centrum is being developed on a 35-Acre property in Ambernath.

The project started in the year 2014-2015 after obtaining all the necessary Government Approvals.

This division has registered the project with RERA for Phase-1-4.

Out of these phases, it has delivered Phase-1 (3 residential and 2 industrial buildings) and Phase-2 (1 residential building) after receiving occupation certificates from MIDC for all the 6 buildings.

Phase-3 (comprises of 2 residential buildings) and Phase-4 (comprises of 1 Industrial building) are both under various stages of construction.

This division further plans to register 2 more residential buildings and 1 industrial building which will be launched in the year 22-23.

Accolades received by the Company in FY 22 from SME Boards and Maharashtra Industrial and Economic Development Association for being – “The Best Industrial Park in Maharashtra” and “Most Admired Project of the year 2022”, by Ad-Sync and CNBC-Real Estate Excellence Awards.

This is over and above 10 awards received until 2021, reflecting its commitment towards being amongst the best real estate companies.

This Division is reporting results of 9 buildings in the current financial year as per applicable Income tax standards.

From these 9 buildings it has sold 821 units; approx. area 6,55,350 sq. ft. out of total area of 8,28,507 sq. ft. worth Rs.240 Crores.

The overall project comprises of 80% Industrial units; 15% Residential units and 5% Commercial units.

In the following years the project will prove quite profitable for the company.

IV. EMPIRE MACHINE TOOLS - EMT

This division has been badly affected by the COVID-19 pandemic along with the Government of India's announcement regarding a ban on Global Tenders with effect from 15/05/2019.

Order booking and shipment were badly affected due to the slowdown in economic activity and a general restriction on movements.

The future depends on the relaxation of Government policies and the demand outlook.

The current focus is on private sector clients who seem to have a limited capacity for high value equipment.

Moving forward, the division expects business from the following sectors:

Windmill Equipment Subcontractors, Nuclear Power Generation equipment manufacturers, Railways, Defense, Aerospace & Automobile including E-Vehicles and Construction equipment manufacturers.

V. THE EMPIRE BUSINESS CENTRE (TEBC)

The Empire Business Centre offers fully furnished and built to suit serviced office spaces at Empire Complex, Lower Parel and at Empire Tower, Reliable Cloud City – Reliable Tech Park at Airoli, Navi Mumbai.

The Empire Business Centre (TEBC) is known for its high level of customer orientation, loyalty and well-appointed contemporary office interiors.

It has had and continues to enjoy patronage of from clients who are in various sectors including BFSI, Media, IT, Services and others including self-employed professionals.

The products on offer include office space, virtual offices, meeting rooms, lounge / co-working spaces and built to suit offices.

This division has seen a high level of client renewals and repeat clients as the pandemic eased in various phases.

The centres command the best prices and market share, in its competing market.

Apart from its clients, the division enjoys excellent rapport with the broker fraternity both international and local. It has also augmented its digital presence to serve the online customer.

VI. EMPIRE VENDING (GRABBIT+)

GRABBIT+ is a division of the conglomerate, Empire Industries Ltd., contributing to its legacy of trust.

Its vision is to be the most preferred vending service provider in India -- by employing modern technology to create superior products, with customer-focused and process-driven operations.

Grabbit+ vending machine range from Snacks, Beverages & Perishable to Sanitary pad vending machines.

Grabbit+ vending machine are superior quality, user friendly machines with sleek design.

The year 2021 started with post first wave of the pandemic, but soon took the shape of a disaster of epic proportions as the second wave and changed our lives forever.

Moving to 100% contactless exchange had now become essential to its very survival.

Grabbit+ launched several different machines to support the fight against COVID-19. From its completely Touchless machines to the PPE machine & sanitizer dispenser machines.

These are among the few to be launched during the pandemic.

Its entire operations were modified as per the prevention of covid-19 guidelines.

Grabbit's proficiency is derived from years of experience in this field and an incisive awareness of the Indian market dynamics, resulting in the incorporation of technological advances such as Touchless machines, digital payment options, and automated inventory management systems in its machines.

Grabbit+ has launched the advanced version of Crane Merchant Media Vending Machine which has

redefined retail convenience by its use of cutting edge technology to make products available, a necessity in today's fast-paced environment.

Grabbit+ Premium Vending Solution as Vending Machine has resulted in the reduction of human efforts for meeting their requirements and helping customers to prevent covid & managing healthy lifestyles to provide convenience in their busy work schedules.

VII. EMPIRE FOODS

The Empire foods division imports various types of frozen food from all over the world and sells to leading hotels, restaurants, and caterers in the country.

The year under review was challenging for the hospitality sector due to second and third wave of Covid.

The hospitality sector was closed for part of the year due to which sales were affected.

The supply chain also faced an acute shortage of products due to covid related restrictions in producing countries and a short supply of shipping containers across the globe.

The current year started with strong market demand and appears very positive.

This division is developing its own line of private label products made in India. The division's focus this year is on imported and locally manufactured cheese, frozen vegetables, French fries & other types of frozen pastries.

The division expects to do well this year.

VIII. EMPIRE INDUSTRIAL EQUIPMENT

Empire Industrial Equipment is in the business of sourcing capital equipment and undertaking related turnkey jobs for the infrastructure sector like Oil & Gas, Steel & Metallurgy, Ports & Shipyards and Construction & Mining.

These services include local supply chain management, inland transportation, site management including civil foundation, electrical cabling and erection & commissioning.

The overall performance of this division in terms of order booking for the year under review has improved.

Post Covid, the overall investment climate in the infrastructure sector has substantially improved.

Oil and gas sector contributed to a good extent to the order booking.

The upstream sector showed considerable improvement. The private sector in steel and metallurgy also contributed significantly to the overall performance.

The profitability of the division dipped a little because of the post Covid effects.

Postponement in shipment and also realization of cash inflow in terms of commissions got affected because of the covid fall out.

For the year ahead, the division sees substantial possibilities in the "port and shipyard vertical" as also

in the "construction and mining" vertical.

Oil and gas sector & steel and metallurgy sectors should also see some good all the possibilities.

This division expects to perform much better in the year 2022-23.

4. CAPITAL EXPENDITURE

The major Capital Expenditure is on account of Plant & Machinery (Rs.155.63 Lakh), Vehicles (Rs. 270.01 Lakh), Office Equipment (Rs.133.51 Lakh), Furniture & fixtures (Rs. 472.46 Lakh) and Software (Rs. 29.39.Lakh).

5. EXTRACT OF THE ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to Section 134 (3) (a) of the Companies Act 2013 read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules 2020 vide notification dated 28.08.2020, the draft annual return prepared in accordance with Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 is made available on the website of the Company and can be accessed at <http://www.empireumbai.com/AnnualReport.zip>.

6. NUMBER OF MEETINGS OF THE BOARD

During the year Four Board Meetings and Four Audit Committee Meetings were convened and held. The details of Board and Committee meetings are given in the Corporate Governance Report. The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

7. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to the requirement under Section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, with respect to Directors' Responsibility Statement, it is hereby confirmed that:

- (a) in the preparation of the annual accounts for the year ended March 31, 2022, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures.
- (b) the directors had selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at March 31, 2022 and of the profit and loss of the company for that period;
- (c) the directors had taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- (d) the directors had prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis.
- (e) the directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively.

"Internal Financial Controls" means the policies and procedures adopted by the Company for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including the adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records and the timely preparation of reliable financial information.

(f) the directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliances with the provisions of the applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

8. STATEMENT ON DECLARATION GIVEN BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company has received necessary declaration from each independent director under Section 149(7) of the Companies Act, 2013, that he / she meets the criteria of independence laid down in Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 25 of the Listing Regulations.

9. COMPANY'S POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION

The Board has, on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee framed a policy for selection and appointment of Directors, Senior Management and their remuneration including criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a Director and other matters provided under sub-section (3) of section 178 relating to the remuneration for the Directors, key managerial personnel, and other employees. As required by the rule 5 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 the prescribed details are annexed to this report.

10. EXPLANATIONS OR COMMENTS BY THE BOARD ON EVERY QUALIFICATION, RESERVATION OR ADVERSE REMARK

There is no qualification, reservation or adverse remark or disclaimer made –

- (i) by the auditor in his report; and
- (ii) by the Company Secretary in practice in her secretarial audit report.

11. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENT

There are no loans given, guarantees issued or investments made to which provisions of Section 186 are applicable to the Company.

12. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

As per Regulation 34(3) and 53(f) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and the Listing Agreement with the Stock Exchange, a separate section on corporate governance practices followed by the Company, together with a certificate from the Company's Secretarial Auditor confirming compliance forms an integral part of this Report.

SECRETARIAL STANDARDS:

The Institute of Company Secretaries of India has mandated compliance with the Secretarial Standards on Board Meetings and General Meetings. During the year under review, the Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards.

13. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

All related party transactions that were entered into during the financial year were on an arm's length basis and were in the ordinary course of business. There are no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with Promoters, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons who may have a potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee, which has been reviewed by it and approved by the Board. Prior omnibus approval of the Audit Committee is obtained on an annual basis for the transactions which are of a foreseen and repetitive nature and also been done at arm's length basis. The transactions entered into pursuant to the omnibus approval so granted are audited and a statement giving details of all related party transactions is placed before the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors for their approval on a quarterly basis. None of the Directors has any pecuniary relationships or transactions vis-à-vis the Company. The report of the Board in respect of the particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties referred to sub-section (1) of section 188 in Form AOC-2 is annexed to this report.

14. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Information pursuant to Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, relating to the foregoing matters is given in the **Annexure - A** forming part of this report.

15. REPORT ON RISK MANAGEMENT POLICY

The Risk Management Committee with its members as Mr. Dileep Malhotra, Mr. Rajbir Singh and Mr. C. P. Shah performs its activities according to the Risk Management Policy finalized by the Board indicating the development and implementation of Risk Management.

16. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY (CSR) INITIATIVES

The Company has developed and implemented the CSR policy to carry out activities in health and education and also formed KARO Trust which has been registered on 12.03.2015 with Charity Commissioner, Mumbai for this purpose. The policy is put up on Company's website. CSR report as per the provision of section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 is annexed to this report as **Annexure - B**.

17. ANNUAL EVALUATION BY THE BOARD OF ITS OWN PERFORMANCE

Pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Listing Agreement, the Board has carried out an annual performance evaluation of its own performance, the directors individually as well as the evaluation of the working of its Audit, Nomination & Remuneration and compliance committees. The manner in which the evaluation has been carried out has been explained in the Corporate Governance Report.

18. BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORT

The 'Business Responsibility Report' (BRR) of your Company for the year 2021-22 forms part of this Annual Report as required under Regulation 34(2)(f) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

19. TRANSFER OF SHARES/UNPAID/UNCLAIMED AMOUNTS TO IEPF

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 125 of Companies Act, 2013 the Unclaimed Dividend, Fixed Deposits and interest thereon which remained unpaid/unclaimed for a period of 7 years have been transferred by the Company to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) established by the Central Government pursuant to Section 125 of the Companies Act, 2013.

As per provisions of Section 125(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("the Rules") notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs effective from September 7, 2016, the Company is required to transfer all shares in respect of which dividend has not been paid or claimed by the shareholders for seven consecutive years or more in the name of Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) Suspense Account established by the Central Government. Accordingly, the Company has transferred shares to IEPF Authority.

20. VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has a vigil mechanism to deal with instance of fraud and mismanagement, if any. The details of the Whistle Blower Policy is explained in the Corporate Governance Report and also posted on the website of the Company.

21. PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT AT WORKPLACE

As per the requirement of The Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013 ('Act') and Rules made thereunder, the Company has constituted Internal Committees (IC). While maintaining the highest governance norms, the Company has appointed external independent persons, who have done work in this area and have requisite experience in handling such matters. During the year, no complaint with allegations of sexual harassment was received by the Company. In order to build awareness in this area, the Company has been conducting programmes in the organisation on a continuous basis.

22. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The information required pursuant to Section 197 read with Rule, 5 of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are annexed to this report marked as **Annexure -C**.

The statement containing names of top ten employees in terms of remuneration drawn and the particulars of employees as required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, is provided in a separate annexure forming part of this report. Further, the report and the

accounts are being sent to the Members excluding the aforesaid annexure. In terms of Section 136 of the Act, the said annexure is open for inspection and Any Member interested in obtaining a copy of the same may write to the Company Secretary.

23. SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company has appointed Mrs. Deepa Gupta, Practicing Company Secretary, to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company. The Report of the Secretarial Audit Report is annexed to this report.

24. DIRECTORS

In accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, and the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Kabir Malhotra, having Director Identification Number 07019714, retire by rotation at this Annual General Meeting and being eligible offer himself for re-appointment.

25. SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURE OR ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

There are no companies which have become or ceased to be its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies during the year.

26. DETAILS RELATING TO FIXED DEPOSITS

The details relating to deposits covered under Chapter V of the Act –

- (a) Accepted during the year: Rs. 1155.98 Lakh.
- (b) Remained unpaid or unclaimed as at the end of the year: Rs. 189.86 Lakh.
- (c) Whether there has been any default in repayment of deposits or payment of interest thereon during the year and if so, number of such cases and the total amount involved:
 - (i) At the beginning of the year: Nil
 - (ii) **Maximum during the year: Nil**
 - (iii) At the end of the year: Nil

Deposits received from Directors amounting to Rs. 360.00 Lakhs, which are exempted borrowings and not covered under sections 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time.

27. DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS

There are no significant and material orders passed by the regulators or courts or tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

28. DETAILS IN RESPECT OF ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Company conducts its business with integrity and high standards of ethical behavior and in compliance with the laws and regulations that govern its business. The Company has a well-established framework of internal controls in operation, supported by standard operating procedures, policies and guidelines, including suitable monitoring procedures and self-assessment exercises. In addition to external audit, the financial

and operating controls of the Company at various locations are reviewed by the Audit Committee of the Board. The Audit Committee reviews the adequacy and effectiveness of the implementation of audit recommendations including those relating to strengthening Company's management policies and systems.

As required by the Companies Act 2013, the Company has implemented an Internal Financial Control (IFC) Framework. Section 134(5)(e) requires the Directors to make an assertion in the Directors Responsibility Statement that the Company has laid down internal financial controls, which are in existence, adequate and operate effectively. Under Section 177(4)(vii), the Audit Committee evaluates the internal financial controls and makes a representation to the Board. The purpose of the IFC is to ensure that policies and procedures adopted by the Company for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business are implemented, including policies for and the safeguarding its assets, prevention and detection of frauds and errors, accuracy and completeness of accounting records, and timely preparation of reliable financial information.

29. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors would like to express their gratitude for the abundant assistance and co-operation received by the Company from its workers, staff, officers, Consortium Banks, members and other Government Bodies during the year under review.

30. AUDITORS

The Company's Auditors, M/s. A. T. Jain & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.103886W), who were appointed with your approval at the 116th AGM for a period of five years, will complete their present term on conclusion of the ensuing 121st AGM of the Company. The Board, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, recommended for the approval of the Members, the re-appointment of M/s.

A. T. Jain & Co., Chartered Accountants (Firm Registration No.103886W), as the Auditors of the Company for a period of five years from the conclusion of the ensuing 121st AGM till the conclusion of the 126th AGM.

On the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board also recommended for the approval of the Members, the remuneration of M/s. A. T. Jain & Co., Chartered Accountants for the financial year 2022-23. Appropriate resolution seeking your approval to the re-appointment and remuneration of M/s. A. T. Jain & Co., Chartered Accountants as the Statutory Auditors is appearing in the Notice convening the 121st AGM of the Company.

31. COST AUDITORS

Pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with The Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Amendment Rules, 2014, the cost audit records maintained by the Company in respect of its Construction activity is required to be audited. Your Directors had, on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, appointed M/s. Vinay Mulay & Co. to audit the cost accounts of the Company for the financial year 2022-2023 on a remuneration of Rs. 1,50,000/-. As required under the Companies Act, 2013, the remuneration payable to the cost auditor is required to be placed before the Members in a general meeting for their ratification. Accordingly, a Resolution seeking Member's approval for the remuneration payable to M/s. Vinay Mulay & Co., Cost Auditors is included at Item No. 5 of the Notice convening the Annual General Meeting.

On Behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai
Date: 25/05/2022

S. C. MALHOTRA
Chairman
DIN: 00026704

ANNEXURE TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

As per Regulation 34(3) and 53(f) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and the Listing Agreement with the Stock Exchange:

A. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURE:

The report of the Board in respect of the particulars of contracts or arrangements with related parties under sub-section (1) of section 188 in Form AOC-2 is annexed to this report.

B. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

1 (a) Industry Structure & Development

The Vitrum Glass Division is manufacturing Amber Glass Bottles of international quality and standard for the Pharmaceutical Industry by fully using operating efficiency in its production capacity. The division carries out R&D activities regularly in various manufacturing operations with the objective of improving quality, reducing energy consumption and improving the overall efficiency/productivity. The Division has developed 8 new products and produced those products successfully.

(b) Opportunities & Threats

The Company has developed its commercial Properties at its Lower Parel and IT & ITES premises at Vikhroli and have offered the same to various Multinational Companies and Banks for office use on Leave and License basis. The demand from the Pharmaceutical Industry for Glass Containers manufactured by Vitrum Glass Division is adequate in comparison to its present capacity and hence the Company does not foresee any risks for the demand for the product in near future. However, global surge in the price of crude oil has created a challenge for the unprecedented increase in the price of natural gas used in the manufacturing of glass bottles. The revenue of the Divisions involved in agency businesses for marketing the products manufactured by foreign principals are dependent on the Government Policies declared from time to time. Oil and Gas Sector continues to be major contributor with good contributions from fire and safety sector as well as from steel and metallurgical sector. The Central Government's "Atmanirbhar Bharat" policy is somewhat affecting the order pipeline of this business segment. In the business of Frozen & Chilled Foods, the Company imports various frozen foods from around the globe and sells to HORACA (Hotels, Restaurants and Caterers). The division has been focusing on trading indigenously produced food products. The Company is getting good support in the areas of providing office space on Leave & License basis. Empire Industrial Centrum division has received very good response from customers for developing the property at Ambernath. The revenue as well as profitability has been increased over previous year and construction of new properties is in full swing.

(c) Segment-wise or product-wise performance

The Company is engaged in the following activities:

- (1) Manufacture of Amber Glass Bottles for the Pharmaceutical Industry.

- (2) Representing number of foreign manufacturers of Precision Machine Tools, Measuring Instruments, Testing Machines, designing and marketing of Industrial Equipment.
- (3) Imports Frozen & Chilled Foods from around the Globe and distribute it to leading chains of Five / Four Star Hotels and leading Restaurants.
- (4) Provides office space on Leave & License basis to multinational companies and banks.
- (5) Developing residential, commercial and industrial galas on the land admeasuring to 35 Acres at Ambernath with NOC from MIDC.
- (6) Provides flexible and customizable co-sharing of office space solutions to clients to run their business without increasing massive start-up costs and overhead expenses.

The performance of all these Divisions is reviewed in the Directors' Report.

(d) Outlook

The COVID-19 outbreak has led to Work from Home concept and reduced the demand for office space, virtual offices, meeting rooms, co-working spaces and softened rentals and as a result affected the business support service segment. The same is expected to normalize during the current year; the outbreak of pandemic has somehow slowed down.

As a result of capacity building, the Vitrum Glass, belonging to the pharma sector, has performed well even in this pandemic. The Real Estate business has over taken the pandemic wave amazingly and successfully retained the performance. The opening up of real estate sector and cautious buyer sentiment may lead to an unprecedented increase in the unsold inventory in future.

The Vending services (Grabbit*) have been badly affected due to obvious reason of total restriction on public transport, offices, malls, multiplexes, theatres, airports and markets. The situation has improved now with normalization of pandemic. Further, there have been restrictions on import & export worldwide which led to reduction in profits of Empire Foods Division. The overall outlook seems to be very positive with the prediction of GDP growth of 7.2% by RBI. The Division-wise outlook and details are given in the Directors' Report.

(e) Risks and concerns

The Company is investing its funds only for the purposes of normal business activities and there are no financial risks except normal business risks which are managed by the prudent business and risk management practices. A fresh challenge looms – the upturn in the interest rate cycle, which is caused by hike in Repo rate by RBI and thereby increase the overall cost of borrowing for the Company. The Company is regularly taking adequate insurance policies for covering the risks to Company's properties.

(f) Internal control systems and their adequacy

Mr. R. C. Shah, Vice President is the Internal Auditor who is carrying out the internal audit functions of the Company. He regularly carries out the internal audit and review of internal control mechanisms prevailing in all the Divisions of the Company and submits the report to the Audit Committee of Board of Directors of the Company from time to time. Immediate corrective actions are taken on the recommendations of such reports. Division's operational performances are reviewed periodically by the senior management and appropriate policy decisions are taken from time to time.

(g) Discussion on financial performance with respect to operational performance

The Sr. General Manager-Accounts circulates daily drawing power statements to the management. The said statement discloses division-wise daily transactions of cash inflows / outflows, Loans / Advances, receivables positions etc. and required actions are taken immediately to bring the financial position in order so that no inconvenience in terms of liquidity is caused to any Division in carrying out its business activities smoothly.

(h) Material developments in Human Resources / Industrial Relations front, including number or people employed.

During the year under review, cordial relationships were maintained between the management and the employees. The Directors place on record their appreciation for the support and contribution from all the employees of the Company. The total numbers of people employed in the Company are shown in the Annexure to the Directors' Report.

2. Disclosure of Accounting Treatment:

Financial statements are prepared in accordance with the applicable Accounting Standards specified in terms of Sections 129 and 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 along with generally accepted accounting principles in India under the historical cost conversion on accrual basis. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule-III of the Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time. There are no significant changes (i.e. change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately preceding financial year) in key financial ratios.

C. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT:

1. Company's philosophy on code of Governance

In our view, Corporate Governance comprises of principles, processes and systems to be followed by the management to ensure accountability, transparency and fairness in all its transactions in the widest sense and to maximize value for shareholders. A good governance process, thus, should provide integrity, transparency and compliance with laws in letter and spirit in all dealings with Government, Customers, Suppliers, Employees and other stakeholders.

All Directors and Employees are bound by Code of Conduct and the associated standards of conduct that sets out the fundamental standards to be followed in all actions carried out on behalf of the Company.

2. Board of Directors

a. As at March 31, 2022 the composition and the category of the Directors is as under:

Category	Name of Directors
Promoter/ Executive Directors	Mr. Satish Chandra Malhotra, <i>Chairman</i> Mr. Ranjit Malhotra, <i>Managing Director</i> Mr. Dileep Malhotra, <i>Joint Managing Director</i> Mr. Kabir Malhotra, <i>Executive Director</i>
Independent Directors	Mr. Rajbir Singh Mr. Chandrakant Poonamchand Shah Mr. Subodh Chandra Mrs. Geetanjali Ram Naidu Dr. Anuja Mohe

Disclosure regarding brief profile of Directors as required under the Listing agreement entered into with BSE Limited is given below:

- 1) **Mr. S. C. Malhotra** is the Chairman of the Company since 3rd December, 1963. Before taking over Empire he was with Kohinoor Mills Division of Killick Industries Limited for six years as Chief Executive. He has substantially contributed to the growth of Empire. He has 69 years of experience and handles several corporate responsibilities. He is Director of Randil Trading Co. Pvt. Ltd.
He is the Promoter of the Company and holds 95,582 (1.59%) shares of the Company in his name as on March 31, 2022.
- 2) **Mr. Ranjit Malhotra** is an MBA from the University of Texas. He is the son of Mr. S. C. Malhotra, Chairman of the Company. Mr. Ranjit Malhotra joined Empire in April 10, 1981. He is on the Board of the Company as Whole-time Director designated as Vice-Chairman since October 1, 1998. He is instrumental in developing the property of the Company at Lower Parel and Vikhroli and giving the same on Leave & License basis to Multinational Companies and Banks. He is a Director of Randil Trading Co. Pvt. Ltd and Empire Technical Services Pvt. Ltd.
He is the Promoter of the Company and holds 9,68,403 (16.14%) shares of the Company in his name as on March 31, 2022.
- 3) **Mr. Dileep Malhotra** is an MBA from Le High University, USA. He is the son of Mr. S. C. Malhotra, Chairman of the Company. Mr. Dileep Malhotra joined Empire in November 28, 1991. He is on the Board of the Company as Whole-time Director designated as Joint Managing Director since October 1, 1999. He has substantially contributed for the development of the Agency business of the Company. He is a Director of Randil Trading Co. Pvt. Ltd and Empire Technical Services Pvt. Ltd. He is also the Chairman of the Risk Management Committee and Member of Corporate Social Responsibility of the Company.
He is the Promoter of the Company and holds 14,75,975 (24.60%) shares of the Company in his name as on March 31, 2022.

4) **Mr. Kabir Ranjit Malhotra** is aged 36 years. He has been working with the Company for almost 15 years and has gathered rich business experience. He is on the Board of the Company as Executive Director since October 1, 2020. He is a postgraduate in Management. His educational qualifications are as follows:

- a) Bachelor of Management Studies (BMS) - 2007- H.R College of Commerce & Economics, University of Mumbai.
- b) Master of Commerce (M.Com) - 2009- H.R College of College of Commerce & Economics, University of Mumbai.
- c) Master of Business Administration (MBA) – 2012 - Royal Dock's Business School, University of East London.

He is the son of Mr. Ranjit Malhotra, grandson of Mr. S C Malhotra, Chairman of the Company, and related to Mr. Dileep Malhotra, Joint Managing Director of the Company.

Directorship in other Companies: Randil Trading Company Pvt. Ltd.

He is the Chairman of the Corporate Social Responsibility Committee of the Company.

Number of shares held in Empire Industries Limited: 1,95,874 (3.26%) as on March 31, 2022.

5) **Mr. Rajbir Singh** is a Director of the Company since June 28, 2007. He has wide contacts with the key personnel in financial institutions and banks. He has vast experience in arranging funds for financing projects. He is a successful financial consultant having more than 30years'experience and well known in the field. He is a Director of Kelly Handerson Private Limited. He is a partner in Anandini Solutions LLP.

He is the Chairman of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and the Member of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and Risk Management Committee of the Company.

Mr. Singh holds 15 shares of the Company in his name as on March 31, 2022.

6) **Mr. Chandrakant Poonamchand Shah** is a Director of the Company since September 1, 2008. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee and Risk Management Committee of the Company.

He was a Joint Managing Director in Ramnord Research Laboratories Private Limited from 1972 to 1975 and continues to be a Director as on date. He has wide experience in Cotton Yarn Business.

He is a Director of Ramnord Research Laboratories Private Limited and Empress Tin Factory Private Limited.

Mr. Shah holds 2050 shares of the Company in his name as on March 31, 2022.

7) **Mr. Subodh Chandra** is a Director of the Company since April 30, 2012.

Mr. Subodh Chandra and his family controls L.H. Sugar Factories Limited, one of the biggest sugar mills in Uttar Pradesh along with huge power cogeneration. He has been Chairman of this Company. He has vast experience in Sugar Industry and Agricultural Industry. He is also a member of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Company.

Mr. Subodh Chandra holds 15 shares of the Company in his name as on March 31, 2022.

8) **Ms. Geetanjali Ram Naidu**, aged 52 years, has Bachelor degree in Science from D. G. Ruparel College Arts, Science and Commerce, Mumbai, Bachelor of Law from Government Law College, Mumbai and Master's in Human Resources Development And Research from Prin. L. N. Welingkar Institute of Management and Research. Geetanjali Naidu is an Immigration Lawyer and High Court Advocate practicing in Mumbai, India. She is the Founder of GN LEGAL ADVISOR, a Mumbai-based Immigration Law Firm. Ms. Naidu helps her clients through all stages of EBS Immigrant Investor Program (USA- Green Card), Ireland PR, Canada PR, European PR and Citizenship (Cyprus, Malta, Portugal, Spain, Greece) along with Saint Kitts & Nevis, Commonwealth of Dominica, Grenada, and Saint Lucia. Ms. Naidu's legal services include counseling for the Investor and their family members, analysis of all documents related to EBS and other countries. She specializes in preparing Source of Funds report for EBS clients, tax planning along with Chartered Accounts or CPA, checking the company related documents. She provides an efficient combination of advocacy and advisory role to her clients, has traveled widely and seen the most conceivable immigration issues faced by her clients. She has helped her clients decide which country to settle in and has been instrumental in shaping the lives of many, making their dreams come true. Ms. Naidu is very well respected throughout the immigration law community in India, U.S. and Europe. She is the admitted to the Bar Association of Maharashtra & Goa and has been awarded the "Certificate of Practice" from All India Bar Association.

Mrs. Geetanjali Ram Naidu is not holding any shares of the Company in her name as on March 31, 2022.

9) **Dr. Anuja Mohe**, aged 40 years, holds a Bachelors' degree in Commerce from University of Mumbai; is an Advanced Diploma Holder in Corporate Law, Mumbai and has accomplished her Post Graduate Diploma in Human Resource Management from Prin. L. N. Welingkar Institute of Management and Research, Mumbai. Dr. Anuja Mohe has also authored a well-received Research Paper for a prestigious institute at Mumbai for which she was awarded her degree in Doctor of Philosophy (PhD) from Indian Management School & Research Centre. She has been acting in the capacity of Corporate Support in the Compliance Division of a Leading Financial Service Company (NBFC) and has been associated with the transitioning NBFC for about 16 years.

She has been actively involved in management of Corporate Activities and has worked closely with various Industry Leaders for over a decade. She possesses impeccable expertise across domains of large-scale Project Management, Stakeholder Management and Employee Life Cycle Management. Dr. Anuja has gained valuable proficiencies that cut across diverse domains of Corporate Functions and her skill sets are well respected not only among her immediate stakeholders but also across the NBFC Group structure. She has played an influential and pivotal role by making critical contributions towards Onboarding, Orientation and Coordination related endeavours for various greenfield Business of the NBFC. Her strong persona has helped her build robust relationships across the NBFC Group networks and ensured gainful benefits and cooperation to the stakeholders. Dr. Anuja Mohe has also successfully managed high-profile visits by international delegations and safeguarded that these projects culminate into beneficial advantages. She has efficaciously managed numerous excursions across various overseas geographies including Europe, United Kingdom, United States, China, Middle East and South-East Asian countries. Her contributions have been awarded “Outstanding” recognition for over 10 consecutive years making her one of the most sought after and reliable professional for decisive deliverables.

Dr. Anuja Mohe is not holding any shares of the Company in her name as on March 31, 2022.

b. Attendance of each Director at the Board Meetings, last Annual General Meeting:

Name of the Director	Attendance Particulars	
	Board Meetings	Last AGM
S.C. Malhotra	4	Present
Ranjit Malhotra	4	Present
Dileep Malhotra	4	Present
Kabir Malhotra	4	Present
Rajbir Singh	4	Present
Chandrakant P Shah	4	Present
Subodh Chandra	4	Present
Geetanjali Ram Naidu	4	Present
Anuja Mohe*	2	Present

*Appointed w.e.f. 11.08.2021

c. Number of other Boards or Board Committees in which he/she is a member or Chairperson:

Name of the Director	Other Directorship	Committee Membership	Committee Chairmanship
S.C. Malhotra	1	--	--
Ranjit Malhotra	2	--	--
Dileep Malhotra	2	2	1
Kabir Malhotra	1	1	1
Rajbir Singh	1	5	3
Chandrakant P Shah	2	4	-
Subodh Chandra	-	3	-
Geetanjali Ram Naidu	-	-	-
Anuja Mohe*			

*Appointed w.e.f. 11.08.2021

d. Number of Board Meetings held and the dates on which held:

Four (4) Board Meetings were held on the following dates during the financial year.

(1) 23.06.2021 (2) 11.08.2021 (3) 29.10.2021 (4) 09.02.2022

3. Audit Committee

a. The terms of reference of this Committee are wide enough to cover the matters specified for Audit Committee under Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015 with Stock Exchange are as follows:

A. The Audit Committee shall act in accordance with the terms of reference specified in writing by the Board which shall, *inter alia*, include,—

- (1) Oversight of the listed entity's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible;
- (2) Recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the listed entity;
- (3) Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors;
- (4) Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditor's report thereon before submission to the board for approval, with particular reference to:

(a) Matters required to be included in the Director's responsibility statement to be included in the board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;

(b) Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;

(c) Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;

(d) Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;

(e) Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;

(f) Disclosure of any related party transactions;

(g) Modified opinion(s) in the draft audit report;

(5) Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval;

(6) Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the board to take up steps in this matter;

(7) Reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;

(8) Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the listed entity with related parties;

- (9) Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- (10) Valuation of undertakings or assets of the listed entity, wherever it is necessary;
- (11) Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- (12) Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy of the internal control systems;
- (13) Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- (14) Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on;
- (15) Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the board;
- (16) Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern.
- (17) To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors.
- (18) To review the functioning of the whistle blower mechanism.
- (19) Approval of appointment of chief financial officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate.
- (20) Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the audit committee.

B. The audit committee shall mandatorily review the following information:

- (1) Management discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- (2) Statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the audit committee), submitted by management;
- (3) Management letters / letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors;
- (4) Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses; and
- (5) the appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor shall be subject to review by the audit committee.
- (6) Statement of deviations:
 - (a) Quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1) of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
 - (b) Annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/prospectus/

notice in terms of Regulation 32(7) of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015

- b. The Audit Committee comprises of three Independent/ Non-Executive Directors as per details mentioned hereunder:

Sr. No.	Name of the Member
1.	Mr. Rajbir Singh -Chairperson
2.	Mr. Chandrakant Poonamchand Shah
3.	Mr. Subodh Chandra

Mr. Suhas Chandra Nanda, the Director Finance & Company Secretary acts as the Secretary of the Committee.

- c. During the year 4 meetings were held and the attendance is given below:

Sr. No.	Name of the Member	No. of Meetings Attended
1.	Mr. Rajbir Singh	4
2.	Mr. Chandrakant Poonamchand Shah	4
3.	Mr. Subodh Chandra	4

4. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

- a. The terms of reference of this Committee cover the matters specified for Nomination and Remuneration Committee in the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 are as follows:

- (1) Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the board of directors a policy relating to, the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;
- (2) Formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the board of directors;
- (3) Devising a policy on diversity of board of directors;
- (4) Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down and recommend to the board of directors their appointment and removal.
- (5) Whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors.

- b. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee (NRC) comprising of three independent Non-Executive Directors, viz., Mr. Rajbir Singh, Chairperson; Mr. Chandrakant Poonamchand Shah and Mr. Subodh Chandra. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee reviews the remuneration package of Executive Directors and Senior Executives of the Company.

- c. Attendance during the year: All members attended the Meeting held on 23rd June, 2021 and 11th August, 2021.

5. Remuneration of Directors:

Remuneration policy:

Remuneration to Whole-time Directors and Company's employees is decided after considering the following factors:

- (i) Restrictions specified in various Acts like Companies Act, Income Tax. Etc.
- (ii) Market trend for remuneration paid for similar positions.
- (iii) Performance of the person in the Company.
- (iv) Profits of the company.

Details of remuneration to Directors for the year:

The aggregate value of salary and perquisites paid for the financial year 2021-2022 to the Executive Directors is as follows:

Rs.in Lakh

Name	Salary	Perquisites	Total
Mr. S. C. Malhotra*	--	12.56	12.56
Mr. Ranjit Malhotra**	26.00	30.90	56.90
Mr. Dileep Malhotra**	24.00	12.96	36.96
Mr. Kabir Malhotra**	21.04	11.01	32.05
Total	71.04	67.43	138.47

The above amounts include Company's contribution to Provident Fund, perquisites and incentive to Executive Directors.

* Mr. S. C. Malhotra has voluntarily decided to forego his remuneration except perquisites part from 1st April, 2021 till the completion of his tenure. i.e. 31st October, 2023.

**Mr. Ranjit Malhotra, Mr. Dileep Malhotra and Mr. Kabir Malhotra have waived their 100 % Remuneration from 1st April, 2021 to 30th November, 2021.

The Company paid Sitting Fees to all Non-Executive Directors for attending Meetings of the Board as shown below:

S.No	Name of Directors	Sitting Fees (Rs.)
1.	Mr. Rajbir Singh	2,00,000/-
2.	Mr. C. P. Shah	2,00,000/-
3.	Mr. Subodh Chandra	2,00,000/-
4.	Mrs. Geetanjali R Naidu	2,00,000/-
5.	Dr. Anuja N. Mohe*	1,00,000/-

* Appointed w.e.f. 11.08.2021

No commission has been paid to any Non-Executive Director for the year ended March 31, 2022.

Shares held by Non-Executive Directors:

S.No	Name of Directors	Shares held
1.	Mr. Rajbir Singh	15
2.	Mr. C. P. Shah	2050
3.	Mr. Subodh Chandra	15
4.	Mrs. Geetanjali R Naidu	--
5.	Dr. Anuja N. Mohe	--

6. Stakeholders Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee comprises of three Independent/Non-Executive Directors as per details mentioned hereunder:

Sr. No.	Name of the Member
1.	Mr. Rajbir Singh - <i>Chairperson</i>
2.	Mr. Chandrakant Poonamchand Shah
3.	Mr. Subodh Chandra

(i)	Name of non-executive director heading the Committee:	Mr. Rajbir Singh
(ii)	Name and Designation of compliance officer:	Mr. Suhas Chandra Nanda, Director-Finance & Company Secretary.
(iii)	Number of shareholders' complaints received so far:	NIL (As on 31.03.2022)
(iv)	Number of complaints resolved to the satisfaction of shareholders:	NIL (As on 31.03.2022)
(v)	Number of pending complaints:	Nil (As on 31.03.2022)
(vi)	Attendance during the year:	Three members attended the Meeting held on 29 th October, 2021

7. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee comprises of following Directors:

Sr. No.	Name of the Member
1.	Mr. Kabir Malhotra - <i>Chairperson</i>
2.	Mr. Dileep Malhotra
3.	Mr. Rajbir Singh

Attendance during the year: All members attended the Meeting held on 23rd June, 2021, 11th August, 2021, 29th October, 2021 and 9th February 2022.

The Company has the CSR policy in place to carry out the activities in health and education as well as the KARO Trust which has been registered with Charity Commissioner, Mumbai and Ministry of Corporate Affairs for this purpose. The policy is put up on Company's website.

8. Risk Management Committee

Although, the requirement of constitution of the Risk Management Committee contained in Regulation 21 of the Listing Regulations was not applicable to the Company during the year under review, the Board of Directors has constituted the Risk Management Committee of the Board of Directors ('RMC') which comprises of following Directors:

Sr. No.	Name of the Member
1.	Mr. Dileep Malhotra - <i>Chairperson</i>
2.	Mr. Rajbir Singh
3.	Mr. Chandrakant Poonamchand Shah

Attendance during the year: All members attended the Meeting held on 9th February 2022.

As per the Section 177(4)(vii) of the Companies Act 2013, the Risk Management policy has been amended by the Risk management Committee in it's Meeting held on 9th February, 2022. The Risk Management policy has lays down guidelines and procedures to perform its activities according to the Risk Policy finalized by the Board indicating the development and implementation of Risk Management.

9. General Body Meetings

(a) Location and time for last 3 Annual General Meetings were as follows:

Year	Location	Date	Time
2018-2019	Hall of Culture, Ground Floor Nehru Centre, Worli, Mumbai 400018.	26.07.2019	3.00 P.M.
2019-2020	Through Video Conference	28.09.2020	3.00 P.M.
2020-2021	Through Video Conference	29.09.2021	3.00 P.M.

- (b) Whether any special resolutions passed in the previous AGM: Yes.
- (c) Whether any special resolution passed last year through postal ballot: No.
- (d) Person who conducted the postal ballot exercise: N.A.
- (e) Whether any special resolution is proposed to be conducted through postal ballot: No
- (f) Procedure for postal ballot: N.A.

10. Means of communication

- (a) Quarterly results: Advertisement in 'Free Press Journal' and 'Navshakti' within 48 hours of Board Meeting.
- (b) Newspapers wherein results normally published: Free Press Journal & Navshakti.
- (c) Any website, where displayed: www.empiremumbai.com
- (d) Whether it also displays official news releases: Yes
- (e) The presentations made to institutional investors or to the analysts: Only on request.

11. General Shareholder information

(a) Annual General Meeting for Financial Year 2021-2022:

Date: September 21, 2022

Time: 3.00 P.M.

Venue: In view of the massive outbreak of the COVID-19 pandemic, social distancing is a norm to be followed and pursuant to the Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020,

Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs followed by Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020, Circular No. 02/2021 dated January 13, 2021 and Circular No.02/2022 dated May 05, 2022 and all other relevant circulars issued from time to time, physical attendance of the Members to the Annual General Meeting (AGM) venue is not required and general meeting be held through video conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM, without the physical presence of members at a common venue. Deemed Venue of the meeting is Empire Complex, 414, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai 400013.

As required under Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard 2, particulars of Directors seeking re-appointment at this AGM are given in the Annexure to the Notice of this AGM.

- (b) Financial year : 2021-2022
- (c) Date of Book closure : Wednesday, September 14, 2022 to Wednesday, September 21, 2022 (both days inclusive)
- (d) Dividend Payment Date : 26th September, 2022
- (e) Listing on Stock Exchanges : BSE Limited, P J Tower, Dalal Street, Mumbai 400023
Annual listing fee is paid to BSE
- (f) Stock Code : 509525
- (g) Market Price Data: High, Low during each month in last financial year:

Month & Year	BSE		Sensex	
	High (Rs.)	Low (Rs.)	High	Low
April, 2021	659.20	605.10	50,375.77	47,204.50
May, 2021	721.05	620.00	52,013.22	48,028.07
June, 2021	920.00	667.00	53,126.73	51,450.58
July, 2021	998.20	849.40	53,290.81	51,802.73
August, 2021	925.00	682.00	57,625.26	52,804.08
September, 2021	860.00	705.00	60,412.32	57,263.90
October, 2021	830.00	733.60	62,245.43	58,551.14
November, 2021	795.00	700.00	61,036.56	56,382.93
December, 2021	745.00	667.30	59,203.37	55,132.68
January, 2022	839.00	682.00	61,475.15	56,409.63
February, 2022	793.00	600.55	59,618.51	54,383.20
March, 2022	660.00	568.00	58,890.92	52,260.82

(h) Performance in comparison to broad-based indices such as BSE Sensex.

(i) Registrar and Transfer Agents
M/s. Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd.,
S6 – 2 Pinnacle Business Park, Mahakali Caves road,
Next to Ahura Centre , Andheri (E), Mumbai 400093,
Maharashtra | India.
Board No : 022 – 62638200,
Email: info@bigshareonline.com
Website: www.bigshareonline.com

(j) Share Transfer System:
Transfers in respect of shares in physical form and other related issues are approved by the Chairman authorized by the Board and approvals are obtained at intervals not exceeding 15 days.

(k) Distribution of shareholding as on March 31, 2022:

Shareholding of Nominal value of	Shareholders Numbers	% of Total	Share Amount	% to Equity
Up to 5000	5498	95.0389	3369000	5.6150
5001 - 10000	148	2.5583	1090000	1.8167
10001 – 20000	68	1.1755	993380	1.6556
20001 – 30000	19	0.3284	446270	0.7438
30001 – 40000	13	0.2247	454030	0.7567
40001 – 50000	7	0.1210	325250	0.5421
50001 – 100000	13	0.2247	857660	1.4294
100001 and above	19	0.3284	52464390	87.4407
Total	5785	100	59999980	100

(l) Dematerialization of shares and liquidity
Dematerialisation of shares:

Mode of Holding	No. of Shares	%
NSDL	1141276	19.02
CDSL	4784577	79.74
Physical	74145	1.24
Total	5999998	100.00

Liquidity: The Company's Equity shares are traded on BSE Limited.

(m) Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any Convertible instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity: Not applicable.

(n) Plant Locations : Vitrum Glass, L.B.S. Marg, Vikhroli, Mumbai – 400 083.

(o) Address for correspondence:EMPIRE INDUSTRIES LIMITED
Secretarial Department
Empire Complex,
414, Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel,
Mumbai – 400 013
Telephone: 66555453 Fax: 24939143
Email: investor_relations@empiremumbai.com
Website: www.empiremumbai.com

(q) Credit Rating Obtained:

For Banking Facilities:

Facilities	Amount (Rs. Crore)	Rating
Long Term Bank Facilities – Cash Credit	122.97	CARE A; Negative (Single A; Outlook Negative)
Long Term Loan – Term Loan	111.57	CARE A; Negative (Single A; Outlook Negative)
Short Term Bank Facilities	110.00	CARE A1 (A One)
Total facilities	344.54	

For Fixed Deposit (FD) Programme:

Instrument	Amount (Rs. Crore)	Rating
Fixed Deposit Programme	86.00	CRISIL F A/ Stable [F A rating with stable outlook]

10. Other Disclosures:

- (a) There are no materially significant related party transactions that may have potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large;
- (b) There are no non-compliance by the Company, penalties, strictures imposed on the Company by stock exchange(s) or the Securities and Exchange Board or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years;
- (c) Company has put in place Vigil mechanism, whistle blower policy and posted on the Company's website, and affirm that no personnel has been denied access to the audit committee;
- (d) The Company has complied with all mandatory requirements.
- (e) The Company has no subsidiaries.

- (f) Requirement of policy on dealing with related party transactions on web-link shall be complied with.
- (g) Disclosure of commodity price risks and commodity hedging activities: Not applicable to our Company.
- (h) The codes of conduct applicable to all Directors and employees of the Company have been posted on the Company's website. For the year under review, all Directors and senior management personnel of the Company have confirmed their adherence to the provisions of the said codes.

Compliances

On obtaining confirmations from the Divisions of the Company, a declaration regarding compliance with the provisions of the various statutes is made by the Managing Director at Board Meetings. The Company Secretary, as Compliance Officer, ensures compliance with SEBI regulations and provisions of the Listing Agreements.

Cautionary Statement

Statements in the Management Discussion and Analysis describing Company's objectives, projections, expectations are within the meaning of relevant securities laws, rules and regulations. The actual results may differ materially from the projections, expectations. Important factors which could be reasons for such differences may be Government policy amendments in taxation laws and other economic developments within and/or outside India.

On Behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai

Date: 25/05/2022

S. C. MALHOTRA

Chairman

DIN: 00026704

ANNEXURE-A

ANNEXURE TO DIRECTORS' REPORT
Information pursuant to Section 134(8)(3) of the Companies Act, 2013:

VITRUM GLASS:

(A) Conservation of Energy -

(i) The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy:

- (a) The plant power Factor being sustained and consistently maintained during the year between 0.99 and 1.00 lagging
- (b) Plant achieved KWH is almost equal to KVAH by which continued consistent power billing tariff advantage being obtained.
- (c) Additional VFD's installed on prime movers to improve and optimize the utility and conserve energy.
- (d) Installation of LED Lights in place of conventional lights to improve the Plant illumination and process area
- (e) The Average energy consumption per unit of melt @ 170 TPD have been maintained.

(ii) The steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy:

Captive roof top solar system of 1000 Kw being worked out.

(iii) The capital investment on energy conservation equipment:

Enhancement of all round insulation of Glass melting Tank, efficient fuel controllers and combustion system, Implementing these above feathers the fuel consumption Unit of melt minimized.

(B) Technology Absorption -

(i) Completed on following fronts.

- (a) Accurate high speed precise process forming Parallel Shear mechanism installed and commissioned on three lines.
- (b) Updated Microprocessor based Electronic Timing Production forming Individual Section Machines installed on two lines.
- (c) Vacuum and Vertiflow system improved in improving forming process by upgrade of above overall average production capacity increased

(ii) The benefits derived like product improvement, Plant efficiency, cost reduction, product development and import substitution:

- (a) Shrinking Quality improved by installing new shrinking Tunnel Machine.
- (b) High speed packing line installed to address increased 25% productivity on line 3.
- (c) The quality and re sizing of packing inputs improved.
- (d) Lubricants quality improved in the process.

(iii) In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year): NIL

(iv) The expenditure incurred on Research and Development: Nil.

(C) Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

The Foreign Exchange earned in terms of actual inflows during the year and the Foreign Exchange outgo during the year in terms of actual outflows:

Foreign Exchange used Rs. 673.71 Lakh

Foreign Exchange earned Rs. 4172.76 Lakh

On Behalf of the Board of Directors

S. C. MALHOTRA
Chairman
DIN: 00026704

ANNEXURE- B**ANNUAL REPORT ON CSR ACTIVITIES (For FY 2021-22)***(To be annexed to Directors Report)***Brief outline on CSR Policy of the Company**

Empire Industries Limited (EIL) is a 120 years old Public Limited Company – a multi-faceted conglomerate with interests in diverse business and is associated with several international partners in some of the operating divisions. EIL is a well-diversified group of enterprises, whose manufacturing and marketing operations cover the area of Machine Tools, Industrial Equipment, Vending, Foods, Real Estate, Business Centers and Glass containers for Pharmaceuticals.

Through CSR, the company is taking an important step towards fulfilling the social and medical needs and bridging the gaps in society at large. The CSR of EIL is a continuous commitment to behave ethically while improving the quality of life of the members of the local community and society at large.

EIL established its own Trust / Foundation, KARO Trust, a non-profit organization registered under Bombay Public Trusts Act, 1950 in Mumbai to carry out CSR activities of the Company.

Vision

We envision a society filled with happy, healthy and virtuous individuals.

Mission

Our mission is to improve the health of the poor and under-privileged, save lives and uplift the moral fiber of the nation through education, especially value-based education.

Broad Areas of Focus

EIL has been evolved in various social initiatives over the years. These efforts have substantially enhanced the quality of life of the people. EIL's CSR focuses on the following areas:

- Health care (preventive and curative)
- Education with special focus on Value / Character Education.
- Malnutrition
- Water Hygiene and Sanitation (WASH)

All the above-mentioned areas would target the lesser privileged and lower income groups of the society, with special emphasis on children and young adults. EIL aims to address the issues of affordability and provide access to quality healthcare also aiming to increase the awareness of healthy living at schools, hospitals and at the community level.

The CSR Programs of EIL enables hospitals to expand its outreach and provide quality health care services to the poor and needy individuals faced with life threatening illnesses. The programs aim to associate and collaborate with various NGOs to strengthen its capacity to serve better and expand its outreach in health and education.

1. Composition of CSR Committee:

Sl. No.	Name of Director	Designation / Nature of Directorship	Number of meetings of CSR Committee held during the year	Number of meetings of CSR Committee attended during the year
1	Mr. Kabir Malhotra	Executive Director	4	4
2	Mr. Dileep Malhotra	Joint Managing Director	4	4
3	Mr. Rajbir Singh	Non Executive Independent Director	4	4

2. Provide the web-link where Composition of CSR committee, CSR Policy and CSR Projects approved by the board are disclosed on the website of the Company: http://www.empiremumbai.com/pdf/csr_policy.pdf
3. Provide the details of Impact assessment of CSR projects carried out in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 8 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, if applicable (attach the report): Not Applicable

4. Details of the amount available for set off in pursuance of sub-rule (3) of rule 7 of the Companies (Corporate Social responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 and amount required for set off for the financial year, if any: NIL

Sl. No.	Financial Year	Amount available for set-off from preceding financial years (in Rs)	Amount required to be set- off for the financial year, if any (in Rs)
1	NIL	NIL	NIL
	TOTAL		

5. Average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): Rs. 28,89,34,274.84/-
 6. a. Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5): Rs. 57,78,685.50/-
 b. Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years: NIL
 c. Amount required to be set off for the financial year, if any: NIL
 d. Total CSR obligation for the financial year (6a + 6b – 7c): Rs. 57,78,685.50/-
 7. a. CSR amount spent or unspent for the financial year:

Total Amount Spent for the Financial Year. (in Rs.)	Amount Unspent (in Rs.)				
	Total Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account as per section 135(6).		Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per second proviso to section 135(5).		
	Amount.	Date of transfer.	Name of the Fund	Amount.	Date of transfer.
Rs.95,36,925/-	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

b. Details of CSR amount spent against **ongoing projects** for the financial year:

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)		
Sl. No.	Name of the Project.	Item from the list of activities in Schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/ No)	Location of the project.		Project duration	Amount allocated for the project (in Rs.)	Amount spent in the current financial Year (in Rs.)	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account for the project as per Section 135(6) (in Rs.)	Mode of Implementation- Direct (Yes/ No)	Mode of Implementation – Through Implementing Agency	
				State.	District.						Name	CSR Registration number. (ROC)
1	KARO LIFE	Support to the hospital for patient care / nutrition / Infrastructural / equipment support to the hospital, medication and follow up support etc.	YES	Maharashtra Uttar Pradesh (Hospitals)	Mumbai, Pune, Thane, Satara, Aurangabad, Kolhapur Varanasi	Ongoing	85,34,852	85,34,852	NA	YES	KARO Trust	CSR00008234
2	KARO HOME	Free accommodation facility for the out of town female cancer patients.	YES	Maharashtra	Mumbai	Ongoing	7,12,073	7,12,073	NA	YES	KARO Trust	CSR00008234
	TOTAL						92,46,925	92,46,925				

c. Details of CSR amount spent against other than ongoing projects for the financial year: NA.

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Sl. No.	Name of the Project	Item from the list of activities in schedule VII to the Act.	Local area (Yes/ No).	Location of the project.	Amount spent for the project (in Rs.).	Mode of implementation - Direct (Yes/No).	Mode of implementation – Through implementing agency.
				State.			Name.
1.	NIL	NIL					NIL

d. Amount spent in Administrative Overheads: Rs. 2,90,000/-

e. Amount spent on Impact Assessment, if applicable: Not Applicable

f. Total amount spent for the Financial Year (8b +8c +8d+ 8e):

g. Excess amount for set off, if any:

Sl. No.	Particular	Amount (in Rs.)
(i)	Two percent of average net profit of the company as per section 135(5)	57,78,685.50
(ii)	Total amount spent for the Financial Year *	95,36,925.00
(iii)	Excess amount spent for the financial year [(ii)-(i)]	37,58,239.50
(iv)	Surplus arising out of the CSR projects or programmes or activities of the previous financial years, if any	--
(v)	Amount available for set off in succeeding financial years [(iii)-(iv)]	--

* Excess amount spent towards the carry forwarded amount received from previous year.

8. a. Details of Unspent CSR amount for the preceding three financial years : Not Applicable

Sl. No.	Preceding Financial Year.	Amount transferred to Unspent CSR Account under section 135 (6)(in Rs.)	Amount spent in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs.).	Amount transferred to any fund specified under Schedule VII as per section 135(6), if any.			Amount remaining to be spent in succeeding financial years. (in Rs.)
				Name of the Fund	Amount (in Rs.)	Date of transfer.	
1.							
2.							
3.							
	TOTAL						

b. Details of CSR amount spent in the financial year for ongoing projects of the preceding financial year(s): Not Applicable

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)	(9)
Sl. No.	Project ID.	Name of the Project.	Financial Year in which the project was commenced.	Project duration.	Total amount allocated for the project (in Rs.).	Amount spent on the project in the reporting Financial Year (in Rs.).	Cumulative amount spent at the end of reporting Financial Year. (in Rs.)	Status of the project - Completed /Ongoing.
1.								
2.								
3.								
	TOTAL							

9. In case of creation or acquisition of capital asset, furnish the details relating to the asset so created or acquired through CSR spent in the financial year :
(asset-wise details).
 - a. Date of creation or acquisition of the capital asset(s).
 - b. Amount of CSR spent for creation or acquisition of capital asset.
 - c. Details of the entity or public authority or beneficiary under whose name such capital asset is registered, their address etc.
 - d. Provide details of the capital asset(s) created or acquired (including complete address and location of the capital asset).
10. Specify the reason(s), if the company has failed to spend two per cent of the average net profit as per section 135(5): N.A.

DILEEP MALHOTRA

(Chairman CSR Committee Meeting)
DIN: 00027168

RAJIT MALHOTRA

(Managing Director)
DIN: 00026933

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 25, 2022

ANNEXURE C

**Disclosure pursuant to section 134 of the companies Act, 2013, read with companies
(Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014**

(1) Every listed company shall disclose in the Board's report-

(i) **the ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the company for the financial year;**

Name of the Director	RATIO
MR. S C MALHOTRA	2.17
MR. RANJIT MALHOTRA	9.84
MR. DILEEP MALHOTRA	6.39
MR. KABIR MALHOTRA	5.54

(ii) **the percentage increase in remuneration of each director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year;**

Name of Employee	Designation	% Increase
MR. S C MALHOTRA#	DIRECTOR ON BOARD	-19
MR. RANJIT MALHOTRA#	DIRECTOR ON BOARD	135
MR. DILEEP MALHOTRA#	DIRECTOR ON BOARD	159
MR. KABIR MALHOTRA#	DIRECTOR ON BOARD	127
MR. S C NANDA	DIRECTOR FINANCE & COMPANY SECRETARY	13
Mr. R C SHAH	VICE PRESIDENT	9
MR. YOGESH GROVER	DIRECTOR- EMPIRE FOODS	7
MR. S S PARMAR	DIRECTOR-VITRUM GLASS	16
MR. ANOOP K BHARGAVA	DIRECTOR- PROPERTY	10
MR. C K PRADHAN	DIRECTOR-COMMERCIAL	24
MR. N S L NARASIMHAN*	DIRECTOR-EQUIPMENT	28
MR. P. N. RAO*	DIRECTOR-MCAT	6
Mr. SUMIT NARESH GUPTA	SR. V. P. MARKETING	16
Mr. VITHOB SHABU SHET	SR. V. P. – COMMERCIAL	28

There was voluntary pay cut offered by the Promoter Directors during first eight months in financial year 2021-22.

* One time incentive paid during the year.

(iii) **the percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year;**

Percentage Increase 13%

(iv) **the number of permanent employees on the rolls of company;**

Permanent Employees Number 700

(v) **the explanation on the relationship between average increase in remuneration and company performance;**

The Revenue from Operations has increased from Rs.49,026 Lacs to Rs.54,404 Lacs i.e. by Rs.5378 Lacs and the Employees Benefits expenses increased from Rs. 9276 lacs to Rs.9981 lacs i.e. by Rs.705 Lacs.

(vi) **comparison of the remuneration of the Managerial Personnel against the performance of the company;**

The remuneration paid to the Managerial personnel during the year ended 31.03.2022 is Rs.2570 lacs as against company's Revenue from operations is increased from Rs.49,026 Lacs to Rs.54,404 Lacs i.e. by Rs.5378 Lacs

(vii) **variations in the market capitalisation of the company, price earnings ratio as at the closing date of the current financial year and previous financial year and percentage increase over decrease in the market quotations of the shares of the company in comparison to the rate at which the company came out with the last public offer in case of listed companies, and in case of unlisted companies, the variations in the net worth of the company as at the close of the current financial year and previous financial year;**

- The variations in the market capitalisation on 31.03.2022 as against 31.03.21 is -2.04%
- Price earnings ratio as on 31.03.2022 is 39.49 as against 22.01 as on 31.03.2021.
- Percentage increase in the market quotations as compared to public offer as 31.03.2022 is Nil, as no public offering was made.

(viii) average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration;

The average percentile increase in the salaries of employees other than Managerial personnel in the last financial year is 13% and the percentile increased in the managerial remuneration is 15%

(ix) **comparison of the each remuneration of the Managerial Personnel against the performance of the company;**

Sr. No	1	2	3		4	5=2/4*100
Name of Employee	Division	Remuneration	Revenue From Operations Rs. Lacs		Difference in Revenue	% Increase/ Decrease
		in Lakh	2021-2022	2020-2021		
S C Malhotra	Corporate	363	54404	49026	5378	7%
Ranjit Malhotra						
Dileep Malhotra						
Kabir Malhotra						
Suhas Chandra Nanda						
R C Shah	Empire Food	268	11574	17653	-6079	-4%
Yogesh Grover						
S S Parmar						
Vithob Shabu Shet						
Sumit Naresh Gupta	Vitrum Glass	565	21108	14634	6474	9%
C K Pradhan						
N S L Narasimhan						
P N Rao	MCAT/MFTM	444	2824	1901	923	48%
Anoop K Bhargava	Centrum	142	8218	3112	5106	3%

(x) **the key parameters for any variable component of remuneration availed by the directors;**

The variable component of the remuneration availed by the directors is only perquisites paid according to the terms of the appointment.

(xi) **the ratio of the remuneration of the highest paid director to that of the employees who are not directors but receive remuneration in excess of the highest paid director during the year; and**

The Ratio of Highest remuneration paid to an employee who is not a director to highest remuneration paid to Director is 8.45.

(xii) **Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company.**

We here by affirm that the remuneration paid to the Directors and Employees is as remuneration policy of the Company.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

S. C. MALHOTRA
Chairman
DIN: 00026704

Place: Mumbai
Date: 25/05/2022

ANNEXURE - D

ANNEXURE TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

(a)	Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship	There were no transactions not at arm's length basis
(b)	Nature of contracts/arrangements/ transactions	
(c)	Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transactions	
(d)	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	
(e)	Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions	
(f)	Date(s) of approval by the Board	
(g)	Amount paid as advances, if any:	
(h)	Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188.	

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

Sr. No.	Name(s) of related party	Relationship	Nature of contracts/ arrangements /transactions	Duration of the contracts / arrangements / transactions	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:	Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:	Amount paid as advances, if any: Rs. in Lakhs.
	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)	(e)	(f)	(g)
1	Randil Trading Co. Pvt. Ltd.	Significant influence	Rent Received	From 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Per mutual agreement.	Not applicable	2.57
2	Empire Technical Services Pvt. Ltd.	Significant influence	Rent Received	From 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Per mutual agreement.	Not applicable	13.01
3	Mr. S. C. Malhotra – Chairman	Key Managerial Personnel	Managerial Remuneration	From 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Per mutual agreement.	Not applicable	12.80
4	Mr. Ranjit Malhotra-Vice Chairman	Key Managerial Personnel	Managerial Remuneration	From 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Per mutual agreement.	Not applicable	60.96
5	Mr. Dileep Malhotra-Jt. Mg. Director	Key Managerial Personnel	Managerial Remuneration	From 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Per mutual agreement.	Not applicable	39.95
6	Mr. Kabir Malhotra-Executive Director	Key Managerial Personnel	Managerial Remuneration	From 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Per mutual agreement.	Not applicable	34.57
7	Ms. Anjali Malhotra	Relative of Promoter Director	Salary	From 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Per mutual agreement.	Not applicable	30.00
8	Mr. Ranjit Malhotra	Key Managerial Personnel	Interest Paid on Unsecured Loan	From 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Per mutual agreement.	Not applicable	16.31



9	Mr. Dileep Malhotra	Key Managerial Personnel	Interest Paid on Unsecured Loan	From 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Per mutual agreement.	Not applicable	3.35
10	Mrs. Uma Ranjit Malhotra	Relative of Promoter Director	Interest Paid on Unsecured Loan	From 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Per mutual agreement.	Not applicable	0.71
11	Mr. Ranjit Malhotra	Key Managerial Personnel	Unsecured Loan & Interest accrued as on 31.03.2022	From 01.04.2021 to 31.03.2022	Per mutual agreement.	Not applicable	110.27

On Behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 25, 2022

S. C. MALHOTRA
Chairman
DIN: 00026704



Certification by Chief Executive Officer(CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) pursuant to Regulation 17(8) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

We, Mr. Satish Chandra Malhotra, Chairman and Mr. Suhas Chandra Nanda, Director Finance & Company Secretary, in our capacity as Chief Executive Officer (CEO) and Chief Financial Officer (CFO) respectively of the Company hereby certify that –

- A. We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended March 31, 2022 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
 - (1) These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - (2) These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- B. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- C. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- D. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee that -
 - (1) No significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
 - (2) No significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - (3) No instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

For EMPIRE INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Place: Mumbai,
Date: 25/05/2022

S. C. MALHOTRA
Chairman
(DIN: 00026704)

SUHAS CHANDRA NANDA
Director Finance &
Company Secretary
(M. NO. 13703)

Declaration by the Managing Director pursuant to Regulation 34(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 regarding compliance with Code of Conduct

In accordance with to Regulation 34(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, I hereby confirm that, all the Directors and the Senior Management personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct, as applicable to them, for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2022.

For EMPIRE INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Place: Mumbai,
Date: 25/05/2022

S. C. MALHOTRA
Chairman
(DIN: 00026704)



DEEPA GUPTA
COMPANY SECRETARY

Address:- 405, B Wing, Preksha Building, Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Marg, Hindu Colony, Dadar East, Mumbai 400 014.

Mob: 09322697460 Email: deepaguptacs@gmail.com

CERTIFICATE FOR CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To the Members of

Empire Industries Limited

I have examined the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance by Empire Industries Limited ('the Company') for the year ended on March 31, 2022, as stipulated under Regulations 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) of sub- regulation (2) of Regulation 46 and para C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations").

The compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My examination was limited to the review of procedures and implementation thereof, as adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanations given to me, and the representations made by the Directors and the Management and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Securities and Exchange Board of India warranted due to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, I certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the SEBI Listing Regulations for the year ended on March 31, 2022.

I further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

DEEPA GUPTA
Practicing Company Secretary
ACS NO.: 20860
CP No.: 8168

PR: 2027/2022
UDIN: A020860D000371793

Place: Mumbai
Date: 25/05/2022

DEEPA GUPTA
COMPANY SECRETARY

Address:- 405, B Wing, Preksha Building, Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Marg, Hindu Colony, Dadar East, Mumbai 400 014.

Mob: 09322697460 Email: deepaguptacs@gmail.com

CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To

The Members of

EMPIRE INDUSTRIES LIMITED

414 Senapati Bapat Marg,
Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directorsof Empire Industries Limited having CIN: L17120MH1900PLC000176 and having registered office at 414 Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013 and (hereinafter referred to as the Company), produced before me by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub clause 10(i) of the **Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015**.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal (www.mca.gov.in)as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company & its officers, I hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the Financial Year ending on 31stMarch, 2022 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs, or any such other Statutory Authority.

Ensuring the eligibility of for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

PR: 2027/2022
UDIN: A020860D000371793
Place: Mumbai
Date: 25/05/2022

DEEPA GUPTA
ACS NO.: 20860
CP No.: 8168

Form No. MR-3
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH 2022

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
Empire Industries Limited
414, Senapati Bapat Road,
Lower Parel, Mumbai 400013

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Empire Industries Limited (hereinafter called the company)**. Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Empire Industries Limited's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit the explanations and clarifications given to me and the representations made by the Management and considering the relaxations granted by The Ministry of Corporate Affairs and The Securities and Exchange Board of India warranted due to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March 2022 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **Empire Industries Limited ("the Company")** for the financial year ended on 31st March 2022 according to the provisions of:

- (1) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (2) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (3) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (4) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings; (Provisions of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings are not applicable during the audit period).
- (5) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 (not applicable during the audit period);
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014 (not applicable during the audit period);
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008 (not applicable during the audit period);
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; (not applicable to the Company during the audit period);
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009 (not applicable during the audit period); and
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998 (not applicable during the audit period);
 - (i) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015.

The management has identified and confirmed the following laws as specifically applicable to the Company:

- (6) Factories Act, 1948
- (7) Environment Protection Act, 1986 and other environmental laws
- (8) The Hazardous Wastes (Management, Handling and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2008
- (9) MIDC Revised Development Control Regulations, 2009
- (10) Food Safety and Standards Act, 2006 and Food Safety Standards Regulations (FSSR), 2011
- (11) The Real Estate (Regulation and Development) Act, 2016 and as amended from time to time.



I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (a) Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (b) The Listing Agreement entered into by the Company with BSE Limited (BSE) and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015;

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, etc. mentioned above.

I further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors, Independent Directors and Woman Director. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were generally carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All the decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings are carried out unanimously and recorded in the minutes of the meetings.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period, there were no instances of:

- (i) Public/Right/Preferential issue of shares / debentures/sweat equity, etc.
- (ii) Redemption / buy-back of securities.
- (iii) Merger / amalgamation / reconstruction, etc.
- (iv) Foreign technical collaborations.

PR: 2027/2022
UDIN: A020860D000371793
Place: Mumbai
Date: 25/05/2022

DEEPA GUPTA
ACS NO.: 20860
CP No.: 8168

‘Annexure A’

To,
The Members,
Empire Industries Limited
414, Senapati Bapat Road,
Lower Parel, Mumbai 400013

My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on audit.
2. I have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the process and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for my opinion.
3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, I have obtained the Management Representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The Compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

PR: 2027/2022
UDIN: A020860D000371793
Place: Mumbai
Date: 25/05/2022

DEEPA GUPTA
ACS NO.: 20860
CP No.: 8168

Annexure to the Report of Board of Directors

Business Responsibility Report

SECTION A – GENERAL INFORMATION

1	Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Company	L17120MH1900PLC000176
2	Name of the Company	EMPIRE INDUSTRIES LIMITED
3	Registered Address	Empire Complex, 414 Senapati Bapat Marg, Lower Parel, Mumbai 400013.
4	Website	www.empiremumbai.com
5	E-mail id	email@empiresecretarial.com
6	Financial Year reported	April 1, 2021 to March 31, 2022
7	Sector(s) that the Company is engaged in (industrial code-wise)	Amber Glass Bottles
8	List three key products/services that the Company manufactures/ provides (as in balance sheet).	23103 Amber Glass Bottles 68100 Real estate activities with own or leased property 47990 Other retail sale not in stores, stalls or markets 64990 Other financial service activities 74909 Other professional, scientific and technical activities n.e.c.
9	Total number of locations where business activity is undertaken by the Company-	
	(i) Number of International Locations	Nil
	(ii) Number of National Locations	The Company's businesses and operations are spread across the country. Details of plant locations are provided in the section 'Shareholder Information', in the Report and Accounts.
10	Markets served by the Company	The Company's products and services are available nationally and several products are exported.

SECTION B – FINANCIAL DETAILS

1	Paid up Capital	₹ 599.99 Lakhs
2	Total Turnover	₹ 55,440.70 Lakhs
3	Total profit after taxes	₹ 2369.36 Lakhs
4	Total Spending on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)	₹ 95.37 Lakhs
	As percentage of Profit after taxes:	2.44 %
5	List of activities in which expenditure in 4 above has been incurred	Please refer to CSR Annual Report which forms part of this Annual Report.

SECTION C – OTHER DETAILS

1	Does the Company have any Subsidiary Company/ Companies?	No
2	Do the Subsidiary Company/ Companies participate in the Business Responsibility (BR) initiatives of the parent company? If yes, then indicate the number of such subsidiary Company(ies)?	Not Applicable
3	Do any other entity/entities (e.g. suppliers, distributors etc.) that the Company does business with, participate in the BR initiatives of the Company? If yes, then indicate the percentage of such entity/ entities? [Less than 30%, 30-60%, More than 60%]	EIL is mindful of its duties as a responsible organisation and extends its Business Responsibility throughout its value chain. Providing a safe and healthy work environment for colleagues, contractors, visitors, business partners and stakeholders is a business priority and is linked with EIL's core values. In order to increase awareness on sustainable business practices, the organisation uses number of initiatives to engage with suppliers and vendors who are critical to its operations. Empire uses the 'Creating Optimal and Responsible Environment' (CORE) platform to sensitise our supply chain about the benefits of health & safety and the environment and encourage them to carry out sustainable business practices. As a part of the organisation's endeavour to forge stronger relationships across its value chain, periodic suppliers' meets are organised by the Company. Currently, less than 30% of our vendors and suppliers participate in our BR initiatives and we constantly strive to extend this across our supply chain.

SECTION D: BR INFORMATION

1. DETAILS OF DIRECTOR/DIRECTORS RESPONSIBLE FOR BR

(a) Details of the Director/Director responsible for implementation of the Business Responsibility policy/policies:		
Name	Designation	DIN
Mr. Dileep Malhotra	Jt. Managing Director	00027168
(b) Details of the Business Responsibility Head: DIN (if applicable) : NA Name: Mr. Suhas Chandra Nanda Designation Head: Director Finance & Company Secretary. Telephone number: 022 66555453 E-mail ID: scnanda@empiremumbai.com		
2. PRINCIPLE-WISE (AS PER NVGs) BR POLICY / POLICIES		

The National Voluntary Guidelines provide the following nine principles.

Principle 1: Ethics, Transparency and Accountability [P1]

Principle 6: Environment [P6]

Principle 2: Products Lifecycle Sustainability [P2]

Principle 7: Policy Advocacy [P7]

Principle 3: Employees' Well-being [P3]

Principle 8: Inclusive Growth [P8]

Principle 4: Stakeholder Engagement [P4]

Principle 9: Customer Value [P9]

Principle 5: Human Rights [P5]

Details of compliance (Reply in Y/N)

Sr. No.	Questions	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8	P9	
1	Do you have policy/policies for...	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
2	Has the policy been formulated in consultation with the relevant stakeholders?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
		All the policies have been formulated in consultation with the Management of the Company.									
3	Does the policy conform to any national / international standards? If yes, specify?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
		The policies are in line with the applicable national and international standards and compliant with the principles of the National Voluntary Guidelines (NVG) issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs.									
4	Has the policy been approved by the Board. If yes, has it been signed by MD/owner/CEO/ appropriate Board Director?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
		All the policies relating to the 9 principles of the NVG have been approved by the Board and have been signed by the Chairman.									
5	Does the Company have a specified Committee of the Board/Director/Official to oversee the implementation of the policy?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
		EIL's Joint Managing Director is responsible for implementation of BR policies and Company Secretary to oversee the BR performance.									
6.	Indicate the link for the policy to be viewed online	The link to view the policies online is: https://www.empiremumbai.com/investors									
7	Has the policy been formally communicated to all relevant internal and external stakeholders?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
8	Does the Company have in-house structure to implement the policy/policies?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
9	Does the Company have a grievance redressal mechanism related to the policy/policies to address stakeholders' grievances related to the policy/ policies?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	
		The queries relating to BR polices can be sent to scnanda@empiremumbai.com									
10	Has the Company carried out independent audit/ evaluation of the working of this policy by an internal or external agency?	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	

(a) If answer to the question at serial number 1 against any principle, is 'No', please explain why: **Not Applicable**

3. GOVERNANCE RELATED TO BR

a) Indicate the frequency with which the Board of Directors, Committee of the Board or CEO assess the BR performance of the Company.

Within 3 months, 3-6 months, Annually, More than 1 year.

The BR performance of EIL is reviewed annually by the Board of Directors.

b) Does the Company publish a BR or a Sustainability Report? What is the hyperlink for viewing this report? How frequently it is published?

Yes, Pursuant to Regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (as amended from time-to-time), the Company publishes a Business Responsibility Report as an Annexure to the Board's Report on an annual basis. Business Responsibility Report of the Company is available on the website of the company viz. <http://www.empiremumbai.com/investors>.

SECTION E: PRINCIPLE-WISE PERFORMANCE

Principle 1: Business should conduct and govern themselves with ethics, transparency and accountability

Ethics, Transparency, Accountability

Ethics, transparency and personal accountability form the core values of the Company. It focuses on high standards of corporate governance, in the conduct of its business. It has zero-tolerance for bribery and corruption and strives to build and maintain relationships with its lenders, borrowers, shareholders and other stakeholders in a fair, transparent and professional manner.

The Company adheres to all applicable governmental and regulatory rules in order to ensure complete transparency and accountability in all business practices. Any breaches of Company guidelines are viewed very seriously by Management, who ensures that appropriate disciplinary action is taken. The Company has constituted various committees such as: Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Corporate Social Responsibility Committee, Risk Management Committee. These committees meet periodically to supervise, review and advise on the relevant/respective matters. The Company is committed to conducting all aspects of its business in keeping with the highest legal and ethical standards and expects all employees and other persons acting on its behalf to uphold this commitment. In accordance with this commitment, the Company has adopted Anti-Corruption Compliance Policy, which is applicable to all directors, officers, employees, agents, representatives and other associated persons of the Company. In brief, the Company will not tolerate bribery, kickbacks, or corruption of any kind, directly or through third parties, whether or not explicitly prohibited by this Policy or by law. Company Personnel are not permitted to give or offer anything of value (including gifts, hospitality, or entertainment) to anyone for the purpose of improperly obtaining or retaining a business advantage. Similarly, Company Personnel may not solicit or accept such improper payments.

Code of Conduct

With the objective of enhancing the standards of governance, the Company has formulated and adopted Code of Conduct & Ethics for its Board Members and Senior Management team. The Code is placed on the website of the Company, which provides for ethical, transparent and accountable behaviour by its Directors and Senior Management team. The Company lays utmost importance on integrity while recruiting employees. The Employee Code of Conduct provides the framework within which the Company expects its business operations to be carried out and lays down the standards and principles, to be followed by all its employees. Failure to comply with the Code leads to disciplinary action, including dismissal from the services of the Company. All employees are handed over a copy of the Employee Code of Conduct on their first day of joining the Company, as a part of the employee joining kit. Additionally, the contents of the Code of Conduct are also shared in detail with the employees through a specific module that forms part of the HR session during the employee induction training programme. The Company has also formulated and adopted various other codes and policies including Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information, policy on Protection of Women Against Sexual Harassment at Workplace, Code of Conduct for Prevention of Insider Trading etc., in terms of laws applicable to its business, which are applicable to all its employees / directors for enforcement of ethical conduct from a governance, regulatory and risk management perspective. The Code of Conduct and other policies adopted by the Company applies to the employees of the Company. In addition, the Company has a Whistle Blower Policy through which the Company seeks to provide a mechanism for its employees, directors, vendors or customers to disclose any unethical and/or improper practice(s) suspected to be taking place in the Company for appropriate action and reporting. Further, no employee was denied access to the Audit Committee and all disclosures are reported to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The Code of Conduct and the Whistle Blower Policy are uploaded on the Company's website <http://www.empiremumbai.com/investors>.

Stakeholder Complaints

The Company is committed to providing effective and prompt service to all its stakeholders. The central operations team along with the call centre records and redresses grievances and feedback from customers. Complaints and grievances are addressed in a time-bound manner. Regular analysis of customer issues is conducted and where required corrective measures are taken in the Company's processes. Designated customer care personnel are responsible for ensuring efficient and effective resolution of complaints within the prescribed turnaround time. All complaints are centrally monitored at the Head Office by the Operations head and/or customer care team. The Company has in-built grievance redressal and escalation mechanism wherein complaints are escalated to the level of Head Customer Care and Operations/Business/Sales Head(s).

The Company has not yet received any incidence / complaint of Whistle Blower or code of conduct & ethics. During the year 2021-2022, the Company received NIL complaints during the respective quarters. Customer complaints are addressed in the normal course of business by a dedicated team of Customer Care Services personnel. The Company submits a periodic status of complaints received, redressed and outstanding from its stakeholders along with the nature of complaints and their mode of redressal to the Board constituted Stakeholders Relationship Committee and the statement of all such complaints and their status are also placed before Board.

Principle 2: Businesses should provide goods and services that are safe and contribute to sustainability throughout their life cycle

Given the nature of our business, the Company could consider three “products”. One “product” is a unit developed by the Company for sale and the other is the completed building which is leased. The Company inter alia, has implemented solid waste management technology to re-cycle house garbage into manure used for horticulture. The Company has commissioned state of the art sewage treatment plants which treat and re-cycle waste water for reusing in horticulture and toilets. The Company disposes some of the construction waste as a scrap to get them recycled and re-use the same in construction works. The Company is generally using Aerated Concrete blocks (ACC) instead of clay burnt bricks in “product” construction thus preventing the depletion of soil strata.

Environmental Standards

The Company continuously aims to reduce the impact on environment by optimizing the usage of various resources. The Company works at minimizing its carbon footprint and there is particular focus on reduced resource usage. The Company has been able to reduce energy consumption by using star rated appliances where possible and also through the replacement of CFL lights with LED lights. Monitoring resource usage, improved process efficiency, reduced waste generation and disposal costs have also supported the cause.

The Company has in place an Environmental Management Systems (EMS) that helps assess the environmental cost of the Company’s services and activities, and seeks to reduce or eliminate the negative impact and increase their positive effects. The Company continues to explore collaboration with contractors/partners that ensure conservation of energy and resources. On this front, the Company promotes the use of innovative technologies such as green buildings and other energy efficient measures for construction of their projects.

Resource Savings

The Company has undertaken initiatives and energy efficient measures at its office premises such as use of LED light fittings, provision of centralized waste collection, etc. At most of its offices across India, the CFL light fitting have been replaced by LED light fittings to conserve energy. The Company promotes the use of electronic means of communication with its shareholders by sending electronic communication for confirmation of payments and other similar purposes. The Company also encourages the use of electronic mode of communications to and from all its stakeholders. Soft copies of the annual report(s) along with the notice convening the Annual General Meeting(s) were sent to its shareholders so as to minimize the usage of paper.

Principle 3: Businesses should promote the well-being of all employees Equitable Employment

The Company’s employee strength, at group level, as on March 31, 2022 was around 700, out of which 48 were women, the male : female ratio was 15:1. The Company has always advocated a business environment that favours the concept of equal employment opportunities for all without any discrimination with respect to caste, creed, gender, race, religion, disability or sexual orientation. The Company provides a workplace environment that is safe, hygienic, and humane which upholds the dignity of its employees. The Company does not employ child labour directly or indirectly in any of its offices/projects.

Enabling a Gender Friendly & safe Workplace

For the Company, safety of its employees is of paramount importance and as a good corporate citizen; it is committed to ensuring safety of all its employees at the workplace. The Company has zero tolerance towards sexual harassment at the workplace and has adopted a policy on prevention, prohibition and redressal of sexual harassment at workplace and has constituted an internal complaints committee in line with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder.

Policies for Employee Grievances

The Company believes in smooth and effective communication to ensure better flow of information and understanding amongst its employees. Any employee, irrespective of hierarchy, has free access to the members of senior management for sharing creative ideas, suggestions or even personal grievances. The Company has strengthened its vigil mechanism by adopting the Whistle Blower Policy which is applicable to its directors, employees and other stakeholders. The said policy which has been uploaded on Company’s website and also communicated to all its employees aims to promote good governance, instil faith and empower all stakeholders to fearlessly voice their concerns.

Gender Inclusion

The Company ensures that a gender inclusive environment is provided. To create an inclusive work culture for women, the awareness for the same is spread through special workshops and seminars. Wherever required, women employees have been provided with laptops with the view that they can work from home in case of an emergency and also for the reason that they do not work late. On various occasions and specifically on International Women’s Day, health check-up camps and self-defence training sessions for all women employees are organized.

Work-Life Balance

The Company’s policies are structured around promoting work-life balance which ensures improved employee productivity at work.

Employee Engagement

The Company strongly believes that highly engaged employees are high on productivity and therefore, in order to keep the motivation and the employee engagement levels high, it is necessary to constantly engage them in activities that motivate them. In line with this philosophy, the Company encourages its employees to regularly participate in sports, picnics, outings, get-togethers and team building programmes.

Development of Employees

The Company believes in the all-round development of its employees. Job specific knowledge gaps, skills and attitudes are identified during the performance appraisal process. Through constant learning and development, the Company ensures that its employees are adequately trained in functional and behavioural skills to sustain high standards of service. The Company nominates its employees for self-development and leadership programmes for further enhancing their competencies and skill sets. Learning and development needs are also identified on the basis of internal audit reports as well as customer feedback. On-the-job training, job rotation or training through various programmes – internal, external are offered to employees to upgrade their competencies.

Mentoring Program

The mentoring programme formulated by the Company ensures that all new employees integrate into its working culture and value systems. Such a programme helps new entrants understand and blend with its existing employees in a seamless manner.

Principle 4: Businesses should respect the interests of, and be responsive towards all stakeholders, especially those who are disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized Corporate Social Responsibility

The Company strives to approach its CSR activities with the goal to identify and work across a range of social initiatives that have a long-term sustainable impact. The Company has endeavoured to choose projects keeping in mind the Human Development Index norms which address human resource development in areas of Sanitation, Health and Education etc. The details of CSR activities undertaken by the Company are provided in the Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Activities which forms part of this Annual Report.

Employee Welfare & Participation

To encourage employees to maintain and lead a healthy life, employees' family get togethers, sports events and medical check-ups were organised across various branches and corporate office. Also Company organises free covid vaccination camps for its employees and their spouses.

Principle 5: Businesses should respect and promote human rights

Human Rights

The Company complies and adheres to all the human rights laws and guidelines of the Constitution of India, national laws and policies. The Company treats all its stakeholders and customers with dignity, respect and due understanding for mutual beneficial relationships. The Company takes care to be just, patient and understanding while dealing with delinquent customers. The Company has put in place an internal culture work ethics where delinquent customers are treated with fairness. Customers who have difficulty in making regular payments are counselled patiently and given sufficient opportunities to recover from difficulties. Employee training programmes lay emphasis on this aspect. Any complaints and grievances pertaining to behavioural issues are attended to personally by senior officers and managers.

Principle 6: Businesses should respect, protect and make efforts to restore the environment

Green Initiatives

The Company promotes ecological sustainability and green initiatives, adopts energy saving mechanisms, by encouraging its employees, customers and all its other stakeholders to use electronic medium of communication and to reduce usage of papers as far as possible.

Principle 7: Businesses, when engaged in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a responsible manner

The Company recognises that the real estate and infrastructure industry plays an important role in the Indian economy as this industry is the second largest employment generator after agriculture. The Company will continue to support and advocate for the further development of industry. The Company continues to make various recommendations/representations before various regulators, forums and associations relevant to further growth of Industry in the country e.g. strict compliance with RERA Regulations.

Principle 8: Businesses should support inclusive growth and equitable development

As a committed corporate citizen, the Company has promoted and undertaken various social welfare initiatives for promoting Sanitation, Health Education etc. Details of CSR activities undertaken by the Company are provided in the Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Activities which forms part of this Annual Report.



Principle 9: Businesses should engage with and provide value to their customers and consumers in a responsible manner

Customer Relationship Enhancement and Managing System

The Company is committed to providing effective and prompt service to all its stakeholders. It has in place, a central operation team to record and redresses the grievances/feedback from its customers which helps in ensuring standard operating procedure and maintaining high quality service standards. All complaints are monitored at the Head Office by its Operations team. The Company has in-built grievance redressal and escalation mechanism wherein complaints are escalated to the level of Head Customer Care and Operations/Business/Sales Head(s). The company aims to reduce the number of grievances, attain the operational excellence and ensures continuous improvement by doing periodical root-cause analysis (RCA) of all the received grievances.

Transparent Communication

The Company strives to ensure that transparent, correct and relevant information, pertaining to its products and services, is disseminated through its advertising material and the information displayed on the digital platforms owned by the Company. The Company encourages responsible and responsive communication towards all its stakeholders be it customers, media, investors, analysts, regulatory authorities, vendors and other stakeholders. The Company is a strong proponent of true and fair advertising and as such, discourages all kinds of means and activities that are unethical, abusive, derogatory or anti- competitive. All the communication material released by the Company adheres to the mandated regulatory requirements. The Company has complied with all the advertising norms applicable to the Company.

The important product attributes relevant information about the projects, fees and charges, and other important notifications like most important terms & conditions are displayed prominently in each of the Company office. This information is available on the Company's website as well. The Company is extending its presence to various social and digital platforms to engage and connect with existing customers and also to reach out to newer audiences through constant communication, which is in consonance with its brand values and the prescribed regulatory framework. The performance and financials of the Company are disclosed to BSE for information to all its stakeholders and on its website as per Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

On Behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: Mumbai
Date: 25.05.2022

S. C. MALHOTRA
Chairman
DIN: 00026704

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT
TO THE MEMBERS OF EMPIRE INDUSTRIES LIMITED
REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Empire Industries Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2022, the statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the statement of Changes in Equity and the statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, and its profit, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the financial statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Assessment of litigations and related disclosure of contingent liabilities

[Refer to Note 2.10 to the financial statements- "Use of assumptions judgements and estimates - Critical accounting judgements – Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets", Note 33 to the Financial Statements – "Contingent liabilities"].

As at March 31, 2022, the Company has exposures towards litigations relating to various matters as set out in the aforesaid

Notes. Significant management judgement is required to assess such matters to determine the probability of occurrence of material outflow of economic resources and whether a provision should be recognised or a disclosure should be made. The management judgement is also supported with legal advice in certain cases as considered appropriate.

As the ultimate outcome of the matters are uncertain and the positions taken by the management are based on the application of their best judgement, related legal advice including those relating to interpretation of laws/regulations, it is considered to be a Key Audit Matter.

How are audit addressed the key audit matter

Our audit procedures included the following:

- We understood, assessed and tested the design and operating effectiveness of key controls surrounding assessment of litigations relating to the relevant laws and regulations;
- We inquired with the management for recent developments and the status of the material litigations which were reviewed and noted by the Audit Committee;
- We performed our assessment on a test basis on the underlying calculations supporting the contingent liabilities/other significant litigations disclosed in the Financial Statements;
- We used auditor's experts/specialists to gain an understanding and to evaluate the disputed tax matters;
- We considered external legal opinions, where relevant, obtained by management;
- We evaluated management's assessments by understanding precedents set in similar cases and assessed the reliability of the management's past estimates/judgements;
- We evaluated management's assessment around those matters that are not disclosed or not considered as contingent liability, as the probability of material outflow is considered to be remote by the management; and
- We assessed the adequacy of the Company's disclosures.

Based on the above work performed, the assessment in respect of litigations and related disclosures relating to contingent liabilities/other significant litigations in the Financial Statements is considered to be reasonable.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholders Information but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so,

consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The Company's Management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit / loss, total comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management and board of directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the board of directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditors' Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control

- Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management and board of directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management and board of directors use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report On Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. (A) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Cash Flow Statement and the Statement of Changes in Equity dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of accounts.
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act.
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- (B) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended: In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the remuneration paid / provided by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of section 197 of the Act.
- (C) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, as amended in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - a) The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigation on its financial position as at 31st March, 2022 in its financial statements – Refer Note No. 48 to the financial statements.
 - b) The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
 - c) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2022.

d) (i) The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall:

- directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(ii) The management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any persons or entities, including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall:

- directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or
- provide any guarantee, security or the like from or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries

(iii) Based on such audit procedures as considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause(i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014 contain any material misstatement.

(iv) The dividend declared and paid during the year by the Company is in Compliance with Section 123 of the Act.

For A.T. Jain & Co. Chartered Accountants
(Firm Registration No. 103886W)

Sushil Jain
Partner Membership No.: 033809
UDIN: 22033809AMEUXL1673

Place: Mumbai
Date: 25th May 2022

Annexure A to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Financial Statements of EMPIRE INDUSTRIES LIMITED

(Referred to in paragraph 1 under the section "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" section of our report of even date)

With reference to the annexure referred to in the Independent Auditors' Report to the members of company on the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022, we report that :

1. a) A) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant and Equipment.
- B) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its Property, Plant and Equipment by which all property, plant and equipment are verified in a phased manner. In accordance with this programme, certain property, plant and equipment were verified during the year. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. No material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
- c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other

than immovable properties where the Company is the lessee and the leases agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the Company as at the balance sheet date.

- d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
- e) According to information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder.
2. a) The inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and procedures and coverage as followed by management were appropriate. No discrepancies were noticed on verification between the physical stocks and the book records that were more than 10% in the aggregate of each class of inventory.
- b) During the year, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores, in aggregate, from banks on the basis of security of current assets. The Company has filed quarterly returns or statements with such banks, which are in agreement with the books of account other than those as set out as below:

Name of the Bank	Aggregate working capital limits sanctioned (Rs. Lakhs)	Nature of Current Asset offered as Security	Quarter ended	Amount disclosed as per quarterly return/ statement (Rs. Lakhs)	Amount as per books of account (Rs. Lakhs)	Difference (Rs. Lakhs)
Yes Bank	4000	Inventory and Trade Receivable of domestic business of Food Division	June 30, 2021	3803.92	3806.62	2.70
			September 30, 2021	2867.97	2860.25	7.72
			December 31, 2021	3846.49	3939.68	93.19
			March 31, 2022	4018.33	4041.81	23.48
Citi Bank	7000	Inventory and Trade Receivable of Prawn Export business of Foods division	June 30, 2021	722.96	722.94	0.02
			September 30, 2021	531.76	535.35	3.59
			December 31, 2021	379.13	381.73	2.60
			March 31, 2022	Not applicable as fully repaid		
Indian Bank and Consortium of banks	1297	Inventory and Trade Receivables of Vitrum Glass Division and EMT Division	June 30, 2021	8403.19	8316.63	86.56
			September 30, 2021	8049.69	7909.73	139.96
			December 31, 2021	8460.32	8129.97	330.35
			March 31, 2022	8316.86	8316.86	-

3. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made investments in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to companies, firms, limited liability partnership or any other parties during the year.
4. The company has not granted any loans, guarantees or security and has not made investments to which the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 apply.
5. The Company has accepted deposits from the public. The directives issued by Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of section 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act and the Rules framed there under, where applicable, have been complied with.

6. Pursuant to the rules made by the Central Government of India, the Company is required to maintain cost records as specified under Section 148(1) of the Act in respect of its products. We have broadly reviewed the same and are of the opinion that, *prima facie*, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. We have not, however, made a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.

7. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records maintained by the company, the company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance,

income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, goods and service tax, custom duty, excise duty, cess and other statutory dues where applicable.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts in respect of the aforesaid statutory dues were in arrears, as at 31st March, 2022, for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the details of the aforesaid statutory dues as at 31st March 2022 which have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities on account of any dispute are given below

Name of Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs. in lakhs)	Period to which it Relates	Forum where dispute is Pending
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT / CST dues	58.81 (Note 1)	F.Y. 2009-10	Jt. Commissioner of Sales Tax (A)
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT / CST dues	13.10	F.Y. 2014-15	Maharashtra Sales Tax Tribunal
MP VAT Act, 2002	VAT dues	42.31 (Note 2)	F.Y. 2013-14	Madhya Pradesh High Court
MP VAT Act, 2002	VAT dues	487.78 (Note 2)	F.Y. 2014-15	Madhya Pradesh High Court
Entry Tax Act, 1976	Entry tax	7.14 (Note 2)	F.Y. 2013-14	Madhya Pradesh High Court
Entry Tax Act, 1976	Entry tax	77.89 (Note 2)	F.Y. 2014-15	Madhya Pradesh High Court

[Note 1: Total demand of Rs. 83.51 Lakhs less amount deposited in dispute of Rs. 25.00 Lakhs

Note 2: Total demand of Rs. 791.84 Lakhs less amount deposited in dispute of Rs. 197.96 Lakh]

8. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not surrendered or disclosed any transactions, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.

9. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender. Therefore, the provisions of Clause 3(ix)(a) of the Order are not applicable to the company.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or government authority.

c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the management, term loans were applied for the purpose for which the loans were obtained.

d) According to information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the balance sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short - term basis have been used for long term purposes by the Company.

e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries, associates or joint ventures as defined under the Act.

f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, joint ventures or associate companies (as defined under the Act).

10. a) The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.

b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the company examined by us, the company has not made any private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partially or optionally convertible) during the year and therefore, provision of clause 3(x)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the company

11. a) Based on examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, considering the principles of materiality outlined in Standards on Auditing, we report that no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of the audit.
- b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Act has been filed by the auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- c) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practices in India, and according to the information and explanations given to us, and as represented to us by the management, no whistleblower complaints have been received during the year by the Company. Accordingly, reporting under Clause 3(xi)(c) of said Order are not applicable to the company.
12. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions of Clause 3(xii)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
13. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the transactions with related parties are in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable, and the details of the related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
14. a) Based on information and explanations provided to us and our audit procedures, in our opinion, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
- b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.
15. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Act, are not applicable to the Company
16. a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (b) The Company has not conducted non-banking financial/ housing finance activities during the year. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (c) The Company is not a Core Investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by the Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable
- d) Based on the information and explanations provided by the management of the company, the Group does not have any CIC which are part of the Group. We have not, however, separately evaluated whether the information provided by the management is accurate and complete. Accordingly, the reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company
17. The Company has not incurred any cash losses in the current financial year or in the immediately preceding financial year.
18. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable.
19. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by Company as and when they fall due.
20. The Company has during the year spent the amount of Corporate Social Responsibility as required under subsection (5) of Section 135 of the Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
21. The reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable in respect of audit of the Financial Statements. Accordingly, no comment in respect of the said clause has been included in this report.

**For A.T. Jain & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Nos. 103886W**

**S.T. Jain
Partner
Membership No. 033809
UDIN: 22033809AMEUXL1673**

**Place: Mumbai
Date: 25th May 2022**

Annexure B to the Independent Auditor's Report of even date on the Financial Statements of EMPIRE INDUSTRIES LIMITED**Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the aforesaid Financial Statement under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")****(Referred to in the paragraph 2(A)(f) under 'Report on other Legal and Regulatory Requirement' section of our report of even date)**

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Empire Industries Limited ('the Company') as of March 31st, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management and the board of directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on "the internal financial control with reference to financial statement criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note". These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system with reference to financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the criteria for internal financial control with reference to financial statements established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For A.T. Jain & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm's Registration No.103886W

S. T. Jain
Partner
Membership no. 033809
UDIN: 22033809AMEUXL1673

Place: Mumbai
Date: 25th May 2022



Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2022

	Notes	As at 31-Mar-2022	(₹ in lakhs) As at 31-Mar-2021
ASSETS			
1) Non-current Assets			
Fixed Assets			
a) Property, plant and equipment	3 A	34,200.42	27,963.87
b) Capital Work-in-Progress	3 B	899.73	7,465.00
c) Right-of-use Assets		895.49	2,336.13
d) Intangible Assets	4	71.55	42.98
e) Financial assets			
i) Trade Receivables	5	768.66	797.14
ii) Loans	6	124.23	113.60
iii) Other Financial Assets	7	759.87	707.80
f) Other Non-Current Assets	8	556.40	621.31
		<u>38,276.35</u>	<u>40,047.83</u>
2) Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	9	10,829.97	13,312.22
(b) Financial assets			
i) Trade receivables	10	12,351.67	8,644.43
ii) Cash and cash equivalents	11	4,868.91	4,280.56
iii) Other bank balances	12	390.75	542.12
iv) Loans and Advances	13	157.03	149.07
v) Other Financial Assets	14	211.16	222.96
(c) Current Tax Assets (net)		2,331.27	1,757.96
(d) Other Current Assets	15	1,261.47	2,344.37
		<u>32,402.23</u>	<u>31,253.69</u>
Total		<u>70,678.58</u>	<u>71,301.52</u>
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
a) Equity Share Capital	16	600.00	600.00
b) Other Equity		<u>24,970.55</u>	<u>24,104.15</u>
		<u>25,570.55</u>	<u>24,704.15</u>
1) Non Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	17	13,612.21	13,519.91
(i.a)Lease liability		841.05	2,534.16
(ii) Trade Payables - Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises & small enterprises			-
(iii) Trade Payables - Total outstanding dues of creditors			
other than micro enterprises & small enterprises		74.59	75.83
(iv) Other Financial Liabilities	18	5,036.07	4,032.94
(b) Provisions	19	3,315.32	2,236.58
(c) Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net)		1,406.99	1,260.70
(d) Other Non-Current Liabilities	20	2,036.21	1,833.76
		<u>26,322.44</u>	<u>25,493.88</u>
2) Current Liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	21	8,515.79	9,621.57
(i.a)Lease liability		193.68	221.29
(ii) Trade Payables - Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises & small enterprises			-
(iii) Trade Payables - Total outstanding dues of creditors			
other than micro enterprises & small enterprises	22	1,747.90	1,799.47
(iv) Other Financial Liabilities	23	1,208.17	2,907.72
(b) Other Current Liabilities	24	3,447.59	3,161.54
(c) Provisions	25	3,672.46	3,391.90
		<u>18,785.59</u>	<u>21,103.49</u>
Total		<u>70,678.58</u>	<u>71,301.52</u>

Summary of significant accounting policies

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

As per our report of even date

S. C. MALHOTRA (DIN : 00026704)
RANJIT MALHOTRA (DIN : 00026933)
DILEEP MALHOTRA (DIN : 00027168)
KABIR MALHOTRA (DIN : 07019714)

Chairman
Vice Chairman & Managing Director
Joint Managing Director
Executive Director

for A. T. JAIN & CO.
Chartered Accountants
FRN 103886W

RAJBIR SINGH (DIN: 00826402)
C. P. SHAH (DIN: 00450394)
SUBODH CHANDRA (DIN: 02076844)
GEETANJALI R NAIDU (DIN: 08713727)
ANUJA N. MOHE (DIN : 09263246)

Directors

S. T. JAIN
Partner Membership No.33809

S. C. NANDA

Director Finance & Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai
Date: May 25, 2022

Mumbai, May 25, 2022



Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31st March, 2022

	Notes	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
INCOME			
I Revenue from operations	26	54,403.62	49,026.13
II Other income	27	1,037.08	2,333.13
III Total Revenue (I + II)		55,440.70	51,359.26
EXPENSES:			
Cost of Materials Consumed	28	6,880.40	14,203.82
Cost of Projects		4,487.32	2,042.03
Purchases of Stock-in-trade		10,108.15	4,648.19
Changes in inventories of Finished Goods and Stock-in-trade	29	1,033.68	4,157.75
Employee benefit expense	30	9,981.32	9,276.32
Finance cost	31	2,705.45	3,484.83
Depreciation and amortisation expense	3 & 4	1,465.75	1,904.53
Other expense	32	16,015.51	10,372.17
Total Expenses (IV)		52,677.58	50,089.64
V Profit / (Loss) before exceptional and tax (III - IV)		2,763.12	1,269.62
VI Exceptional items		-	-
VII Profit / (Loss) before tax (V-VI)		2,763.12	1,269.62
VIII Tax Expenses			
- Current tax		247.47	65.42
- Deferred tax	33	146.29	(116.59)
		393.76	(51.17)
IX Profit/ (loss) for the period from continuing operations (VII-VIII)		2,369.36	1,320.79
X Profit/ (loss) from discontinued operations		-	-
XI Tax expense of discontinued operations		-	-
XII Profit/ (loss) from discounting operations (after tax) (X-XI)		-	-
XIII Profit/ (loss) for the period (IX+XII)		2,369.36	1,320.79
XIV Other comprehensive income			
A (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability/ asset		(1,111.76)	12.22
(ii) Income tax relating to items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		-	-
		(1,111.76)	12.22
XV Total comprehensive income for the period (XIII+XIV)		1,257.60	1,333.01
XVI Earnings per equity share (for continuing operations)	34		
a) Basic		39.49	22.01
b) Diluted		39.49	22.01
Earnings per equity share (for discontinued operations)			
a) Basic		-	-
b) Diluted		-	-
XVII Earnings per equity share (for discontinued & continuing operations)			
a) Basic		39.49	22.01
b) Diluted		39.49	22.01

As per our report of even date

S. C. MALHOTRA (DIN : 00026704)
RANJIT MALHOTRA (DIN : 00026933)
DILEEP MALHOTRA (DIN : 00027168)
KABIR MALHOTRA (DIN : 07019714)

Chairman
Vice Chairman & Managing Director
Joint Managing Director
Executive Director

for A. T. JAIN & CO.
Chartered Accountants
FRN 103886W

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ANUJA N. MOHE (DIN : 09263246)

Directors

S. T. JAIN
Partner Membership No.33809

S. C. NANDA

Director Finance & Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai
Date: May 25, 2022

Mumbai, May 25, 2022

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIVE ACTIVITIES		
Profit/(Loss) before tax	2,763.12	1,269.62
Non-cash adjustments to reconcile profit/(loss) before tax to net cash flows		
Depreciation / Amortisation	1,465.75	1,904.53
Loss/(profit) on sale/discard of Property Plant and Equipment	47.51	10.85
Bad Debts and Impairment allowances for trade receivables	541.97	1.39
Interest Income	(632.36)	(400.12)
Write back of loan from Directors	-	(1,400.00)
Stock Write off	1.69	12.50
Finance Cost	2,705.45	3,484.82
Ind As adjustment on account of notional expense/income	(450.78)	-
Liability no longer required written back	-	-
Provision for Gratuity/Leave encashment on actuarial basis	247.54	351.20
Operating Profit before exceptional items and working capital changes	6,689.89	5,234.79
Less : Exceptional items	-	-
Profit on sale of investment in subsidiary	-	-
Operating Profit before working capital changes	6,689.89	5,234.79
Movement in working capital :		
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables and Other Liabilities	(469.21)	(2,488.34)
Decrease/(Increase) in Trade Receivables	(2,583.34)	2,807.96
Decrease/(Increase) in Inventories	2,469.74	4,933.07
Decrease/(Increase) in Loans and Advances	(42.76)	(13.05)
Cash generated from/(used in) Operations	6,064.32	10,474.43
Direct taxes (paid)/Refunds (net)	(786.29)	(158.46)
Net Cash Flow from/(used in) Operating activities (A)	5,278.03	10,315.97
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of Property Plant and Equipment, Intangible assets, Capital Work in Progress and Capital Advances	(979.55)	(844.72)
Proceeds from sale of Property Plant and Equipment	84.25	103.78
Proceeds from sale of investment in subsidiary	-	-
Sale/(Purchase) of current investment	-	-
Redemption /(Investment) in bank deposits with maturity more than 3 months	-	-
Interest received	662.34	291.51
Dividend received from Non Current Investments	-	-

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31ST MARCH, 2022

(₹ in lakhs)

Net Cash Flow from /(used in) Investing activities (B)	(232.96)	(449.43)
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from borrowings	1,209.61	1,945.26
Repayment of borrowings	(2,260.84)	(6,492.51)
Dividend paid	(391.20)	
Interest paid	(2,734.21)	(3,288.67)
Repayment of Lease liability	(280.08)	(363.97)
Net Cash Flow from /(used in) Financing activities (C)	(4,456.72)	(8,199.89)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	588.35	1,666.65
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	4,280.56	2,613.91
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	4,868.91	4,280.56
Components of Cash and Cash equivalents		
Balances with banks :		
In current accounts	1,461.30	1,240.42
In deposit accounts (With original maturity of less than 3 months)	3,303.18	3,014.02
Cheques, draft on hand	85.00	0.00
Cash in hand	19.43	26.12
Margin Money Deposits maturing within one year		
Balance in unclaimed Dividend Account		
Total cash and cash equivalents	4,868.91	4,280.56

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date

S. C. MALHOTRA (DIN : 00026704)
RANJIT MALHOTRA (DIN : 00026933)
DILEEP MALHOTRA (DIN : 00027168)
KABIR MALHOTRA (DIN : 07019714)

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GEETANJALI R NAIDU (DIN: 08713727)
ANUJA N. MOHE (DIN : 09263246)

Directors

Place : Mumbai
Date: May 25, 2022

S. C. NANDA

Director Finance & Company Secretary

Mumbai, May 25, 2022

Notes forming part of the financial statements

(₹ in lakhs)

A : Equity Share Capital

1. For the year ended 31st March, 2022

Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the current year	Balance at the end of the current reporting period
600.00	-	600.00	-	600.00

2. For the year ended 31st March, 2021

Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	Restated balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in Equity Share Capital during the current year	Balance at the end of the current reporting period
600.00	-	600.00	-	600.00

B : Other Equity

1. For the year ended 31st March, 2022

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Other Comprehensive Income	Total
	Securities Premium	Capital Reserve	General Reserve		
Balance as at 1st April, 2021	13.33	65.97	24,161.83	(136.98)	24,104.15
Add : Profit/ (Loss) for the period	-	-	2369.36	(1111.76)	1,257.60
Less : Final Dividend (including dividend distribution tax)	-	-	(391.20)	-	(391.20)
Balance as at 31st March, 2022	13.33	65.97	26,139.99	(1,248.74)	24,970.55

2. For the year ended 31st March, 2021

Particulars	Reserves and Surplus			Other Comprehensive Income	Total
	Securities Premium	Capital Reserve	General Reserve		
Balance as at 1st April, 2020	13.33	65.97	22,841.04	(149.20)	22,771.14
Add : Profit/ (Loss) for the period	-	-	1320.79	12.22	1,333.01
Balance as at 31st March, 2021	13.33	65.97	24,161.83	(136.98)	24,104.15

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION:

Empire Industries Limited (the Company) having domicile presence in the state of Maharashtra, India, has been incorporated under Companies Act in year 1900. It is engaged in the business of manufacture of container glass, trading in frozen foods, indenting and property development. The company's shares are listed and publicly traded on the BSE Limited (BSE).

The consolidated financial statements have been recommended for approval by the audit committee and is approved and adopted by the board in their meeting held on 25th May-2022.

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES:

2.1 Basis of Preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) under the historical cost convention on the accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair values. The Ind AS are prescribed under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended.

Accounting policies have been consistently applied except where a newly issued Indian accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard require a change in accounting policy hitherto in use.

The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees ('INR') and all values are rounded to the nearest lakh, except otherwise indicated.

2.2 Use of Assumptions Judgments and Estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions. These estimates, judgments and assumptions affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. The application of accounting policies that require critical accounting estimates involving complex and subjective judgments and the use of assumptions in these financial statements have been disclosed below. Actual results could differ from those estimates. Appropriate changes in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Changes in estimates are reflected in the financial statements in the period in which changes are made and, if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

Critical accounting estimates

(a) Revenue Recognition

The Company uses the percentage-of-completion method in accounting for its fixed-price contracts. Use of the percentage-of-completion method requires the Company to estimate the efforts or costs expended to date as a proportion of the total efforts or costs to be expended. Efforts or costs expended have been used to measure progress towards completion as there is a direct relationship between input and productivity.

Further, the Company uses significant judgments while determining the transaction price allocated to performance obligations using the expected cost plus margin approach.

Provisions for estimated losses, if any, on uncompleted contracts are recorded in the period in which such losses become probable based on the expected contract estimates at the reporting date.

(b) Impairment of non-financial assets:

The Company assesses at each reporting date whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or CGU's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. It is determined for an individual asset, unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or groups of assets. Where the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. In determining fair value less costs of disposal, recent market transactions are taken into account. If no such transactions can be identified, an appropriate valuation model is used.

(c) Defined benefit plans:

The cost of the defined benefit plan and other post-employment benefits and the present value of such obligation are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases, mortality rates and attrition rate. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

(d) Impairment of financial assets:

The impairment provisions for financial assets are based on assumptions about risk of default and expected loss rates. The Company uses judgement in making these assumptions and selecting the inputs to the impairment calculation based on Company's past history, existing market conditions as well as forward looking estimates at the end of each reporting period.

(e) Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Company. The charge in respect of periodic depreciation is derived after determining an estimate of an asset's expected useful life and the expected residual value at the end of its life. The useful lives and residual values of Company's assets are determined by the management at the time the asset is acquired and reviewed periodically, including at each financial year end. The lives are based on historical experience with similar assets as well as anticipation of future events, which may impact their life, such as changes in technology.

(f) For Measurement of Right to use and lease liability:

The Company evaluates if an arrangement qualifies to be a lease as per the requirement of Ind. AS 116, Identification of a lease requires significant judgment. The Company uses significant judgment in assessing the lease term (including anticipated renewals) and the applicable discount rate . The Company determines the lease term as the non cancellable period of a lease together with both periods covered by an option to extend the lease if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise that option. and period covered by an option to terminate the lease if the Company is reasonably certain not to exercise that option .In assessing whether the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an option to terminate a lease , it considers all relevant facts and circumstances that create an economic incentive for the Company to exercise the option to extend the lease , or not to exercise the option to terminate the lease . The Company revises the lease term if there is a change in the non-cancellable period of a lease . The discount rate is generally based on the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease being evaluated or for a portfolio of lease with similar characteristics.

2.3 Revenue Recognition

The Company has revenue recognition policies for its various operating segments that are appropriate to the nature of each business. The revenues are recognized when the general revenue recognition criteria given in Ind AS 115 are met.

The Company derives revenue primarily from business of manufacturer of container glass, trading in frozen foods, indenting and real estate. The company has adopted Ind AS 115, Revenue from contracts with customer, effective April 1, 2018, on a modified retrospective basis, applying the standard to all contracts that are not completed as such date. The adoption of Ind AS 115 did not have any significant financial impact and accordingly, no adjustment are made to the amount recognized in the financial statement. The adoption has resulted in changes to accounting policies and mandated certain disclosures. Revenue is recognized upon transfer of control of promised products or services to customer in an amount that reflects the consideration we expect to receive in exchange for those products or services. Arrangement with customer for manufacturer of container glass, trading in frozen foods, indenting and real estate are either on a fixed-price fixed-timeframe or on a time-and-material basis. Revenue from fixed price, fixed timeframe contracts, where the performance obligation are satisfied overtime and where there is no uncertainty to measurement or collectability of consideration, is recognized as per the percentage of completion method. When there is uncertainty as to measurement or ultimate collectability, revenue recognition is postponed until such uncertainty is resolved. Efforts or costs expended have been used to measure progress towards completion as there is a direct relationship between input and productivity. Revenue in excess of invoicing are classified as contracts assets (Which we refer as unbilled revenue) while invoicing in excess of revenue are classified as contract liabilities (Which we refer to as unearned revenues).

Manufacturing and Trading Division

a) Revenues from sales and services are recognized on transfer of all significant risks and rewards of ownerships to the customers

and are net of sales returns and taxes. Scrap sale is accounted upon sale.

Indenting Division

- a) Foreign commission is recognized on shipment of goods by foreign principals. Local commission is accounted on accrual basis.
- b) Revenue from engineering consultancy services and business support services are recognized as and when services are rendered.

Revenue recognition on Property Development

- a) Income from property development is recognized on the transfer of all significant risks and rewards of ownership to the buyers and it is not unreasonable to expect ultimate collection and no significant uncertainty exists regarding the amount of consideration. However, if at the time of transfer substantial acts are yet to be performed under the contract, revenue is recognized on proportionate basis as the acts are being performed and monies received i.e. on the percentage of completion method on achieving at least 25 percent of physical progress of project and receipt of 10% of the sales consideration. The percentage of completion is stated on the basis of physical measurement of work actually completed as at the balance sheet date and certified by the Architect. As the long-term contracts necessarily extend beyond one year, revision in costs and revenues estimated during the course of the contract are reflected in the accounting period in which the facts requiring the revision become known.
- b) Determination of revenues under the percentage of completion method necessarily involves making estimates by the Company, some of which are of technical nature, concerning, where relevant, the percentage of completion, costs to completion, the expected revenues from the project and the foreseeable losses to completion.

Contract modifications are accounted for when additions, deletions or changes are approved either to the contract scope or contract price. The accounting for modifications of contracts involves assessing whether the services added to an existing contract are distinct and whether the pricing is at the standalone selling price. Services added that are not distinct are accounted for on a cumulative catch up basis, while those that are distinct are accounted for prospectively, either as a separate contract, if the additional services are priced at the standalone selling price, or as a termination of the existing contract and creation of a new contract if not priced at the standalone selling price.

The Company presents revenues net of indirect taxes in its statement of Profit and loss.

Performance obligations and remaining performance obligations

The remaining performing obligation disclosure provides the aggregate amount of the transaction price yet to be recognized as at the end of the reporting period and an explanation as to when the company expects to recognize these amounts in revenue. Applying the practical expedient as given in Ind AS 115, the

company has not disclosed the remaining performance obligation related disclosures for contracts where the revenue recognized corresponds directly with the value to the customer of the entity's performance completed to date, typically those contracts where invoicing is on time and material basis. Remaining performance obligation estimates are subject to change and affected by several factors including terminations, changes in the scope of contracts, periodic revalidations, adjustments for revenues that has not materialized and adjustments for currency.

2.4 Taxes on Income:

Taxes on Income comprises of current tax and deferred tax. Current tax and deferred tax are recognized in profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax expense is also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current Tax:

Current tax for current and prior periods is recognized at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the tax authorities, using the tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Taxable income differs from 'profit before tax' as reported on the statement of profit and loss because of items of income or expenses that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible.

Deferred tax:

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for all temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realized.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured using tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date and are expected to apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are expected to be recovered or settled. The effect of changes in tax rates on deferred income tax assets and liabilities is recognized as income or expense in the period that includes the enactment or the substantive enactment date. A deferred tax asset is recognized to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences and tax losses can be utilized.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset if a legally enforceable right exists to set off current tax assets against current income tax liabilities and the deferred taxes relate to the same taxable entity and the same taxation authority.

The break-up of the major components of the deferred tax assets and liabilities as at balance sheet date has been arrived at after setting off deferred tax assets and liabilities where the Company have a legally enforceable right to set-off assets against liabilities

and where such assets and liabilities relate to taxes on income levied by the same governing taxation laws.

2.5 Property, Plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment represent a significant proportion of the asset base of the Company.

Property, plant and equipment are stated at original cost net of tax / duty credit availed, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost of an asset companies of cost of acquisition or construction and includes, where applicable, inward freight, duties and taxes, installation expenses, professional fees, borrowing costs, initial estimates of the cost of dismantling, cost of replacing parts of the property, plant and equipments and other costs directly attributable to the bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the intended manner and purposes. When significant parts of property, plant and equipment are required to be replaced at intervals, the Company derecognizes the replaced part and recognizes the new part with its own associated useful life and it is depreciated accordingly. Likewise, when a major inspection is performed, its cost is recognized in the carrying amount of the plant and equipment as a replacement if the recognition criteria are satisfied. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognized in the statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Capital work in progress includes machinery to be installed, construction and erection materials, borrowing costs, unallocated pre-operative and other expenditures directly attributable towards construction and erection of the assets.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as "Capital Advances" under other non-current assets. Subsequent expenditures relating to property, plant and equipment is capitalized only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with these will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Property, plant and equipment are eliminated from financial statement on disposal. Gains or losses arising from disposal of property, plant and equipment are recognized in the statement of profit and loss in the year of occurrence.

The assets' residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Depreciation on PPE commences when the assets are ready for their intended use.

- Depreciation has been provided under Straight Line Method on Buildings and Flats, Plant and Machinery and Furnace and on other assets under the Written Down Value Method at the rates specified as per Schedule II of Companies Act, 2013. Depreciation on the additions to assets or where any assets has been sold or discarded, is calculated on a Pro-rata basis from the date of such additions up to the date of such sale or discards as the case may be.

Asset	Useful lives (estimated by the management) (Years)
Building	60

Plants and Equipments	3-15
Furniture and fixture	10
Office equipment	3-6
Vehicles	8-10
Furnace	15

Lease hold improvements and premium on lease hold land is amortized over the period of lease.

2.6 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are recognized when it is probable that the future economic benefits that are attributable to the assets will flow to the Company and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably. Intangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Internally generated intangibles, excluding capitalized development costs, are not capitalized and the related expenditure is reflected in profit and loss in the period in which the expenditure is incurred.

The useful lives of intangible assets are assessed as either finite or indefinite. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period. Changes in the expected useful life or the expected pattern of consumption of future economic benefits embodied in the asset are considered to modify the amortization period or method, as appropriate, and are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortized over the estimated useful economic life of the assets by using straight line method and assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired.

Intangible assets are amortized as follows:

Sr. No.	Nature of asset	Estimated Useful Life
1.	Software	3 Years

Gains or losses arising from de - recognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognized in the statement of profit and loss when the asset is derecognized.

2.7 Inventories

- Stock of raw materials, packing materials and stores & spares are valued at weighted average cost.
- Cost comprises purchase cost, duties, taxes (other than those subsequently recoverable from tax authorities) and all other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition. Damaged, unserviceable and inert stocks are suitably written down.
- Work-in-Progress is valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises cost of land. Materials, services, overheads related to projects under construction and apportioned borrowing costs.
- Traded goods and finished goods are valued at lower of cost or market value / contracted price.

Goods and materials in transit are valued at actual cost incurred up to the date of balance sheet.

2.8 Financial instruments

(i) Financial assets:

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognized initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset except in the case of financial assets recorded at fair value through Profit and Loss.

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as financial assets measured at fair value or as financial assets measured at amortized cost.

Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement financial assets are classified in two broad categories:

- Financial assets at fair value
- Financial assets at amortized cost

Where assets are measured at fair value, gains and losses are either recognized entirely in the statement of profit and loss (i.e. fair value through profit or loss), or recognized in other comprehensive income (i.e. fair value through other comprehensive income).

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at amortized cost (net of any write down for impairment) unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

- Business model test:** The objective of the Company's business model is to hold the financial asset to collect the contractual cash flows (rather than to sell the instrument prior to its contractual maturity to realise its fair value changes).
- Cash flow characteristics test:** The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

A financial asset that meets the following two conditions is measured at fair value through other comprehensive income unless the asset is designated at fair value through profit or loss under the fair value option.

- Business model test:** The financial asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets.
- Cash flow characteristics test:** The contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Even if an instrument meets the two requirements to be measured at amortized cost or fair value through other comprehensive income, a financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss if doing so eliminates or significantly reduces a

measurement or recognition inconsistency (sometimes referred to as an ‘accounting mismatch’) that would otherwise arise from measuring assets or liabilities or recognizing the gains and losses on them on different bases.

All other financial asset is measured at fair value through profit or loss.

All equity investments are measured at fair value in the balance sheet, with value changes recognized in the statement of profit and loss, except for those equity investments for which the entity has elected to present value changes in ‘other comprehensive income’.

If an equity investment is not held for trading, an irrevocable election is made at initial recognition to measure it at fair value through other comprehensive income with only dividend income recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

De - recognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognized (i.e. removed from the Company’s statement of financial position) when:

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a ‘pass-through’ arrangement and either
 - (a) the Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
 - (b) the Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

When the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from an asset or has entered into a pass-through arrangement, it evaluates if and to what extent it has retained the risks and rewards of ownership. When it has neither transferred nor retained substantially all of the risks and rewards of the asset, nor transferred control of the asset, the Company continues to recognize the transferred asset to the extent of the Company’s continuing involvement. In that case, the Company also recognizes an associated liability. The transferred asset and the associated liability are measured on a basis that reflects the rights and obligations that the Company has retained.

Continuing involvement that takes the form of a guarantee over the transferred asset is measured at the lower of the original carrying amount of the asset and the maximum amount of consideration that the Company could be required to repay.

(ii) Financial liabilities:

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company’s financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, and derivative financial instruments.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied.

Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the EIR method.

Gains and losses are recognized in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process.

Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

De - recognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the statement of profit and loss.

(iii) Offsetting of financial instruments:

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

2.9 Impairment of Asset:

An asset is treated as impaired when the carrying cost of asset exceeds its recoverable value. An impairment loss is recognized in the statement of profit and loss, whenever the carrying amount of assets either belonging to Cash Generating Unit (CGU) or otherwise exceeds recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of assets fair value less cost of disposal and its value in use. The impairment loss recognized in prior accounting year is reversed if there has been a change in the estimate of recoverable amount. In such cases the carrying amount of the asset is increased to the lower of its recoverable amount and the carrying amount that have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset in prior years.

Impairment of financial assets

The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognized is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss.

2.10 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent assets

A provision is recognized if, as a result of a past event, the company has a present legal or constructive obligation that is reasonably estimable, and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. Provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. Provisions are not recognized for future operating losses. Provisions are determined based on the best estimate required to settle the obligation at the balance sheet date.

A contingent liability is disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is remote. Contingent assets are not recognized in financial statements since this may result in the recognition of income that may never be realized. However, when the realization of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is not a contingent asset and its recognition is appropriate.

A contingent asset is disclosed, where an inflow of economic benefits is probable.

2.11 Foreign Currency Transactions:

Functional currency

The functional currency of the company is Indian Rupees ('INR'). These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees and the all values are rounded to the nearest Lakh, except otherwise indicated.

Transactions and translations

Foreign-currency denominated monetary assets and liabilities are translated into the relevant functional currency at exchange rates in effect at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of transactions. Gains and losses, if any, at the year-end in respect of monetary assets

and monetary liabilities not covered by the forward contracts are transferred to Profit & Loss Account except for Long Term Foreign Currency Monetary Items. Transaction gains or losses realized upon settlement of foreign currency transactions are included in determining net profit for the period in which the transaction is settled.

Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at fair value are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary assets and non-monetary liabilities denominated in a foreign currency and measured at historical cost are translated at the exchange rate prevalent at the date of the transaction.

Revenue, expense and cash-flow items denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the relevant functional currencies using the exchange rate in effect on the date of the transaction.

2.12 Borrowing Cost

Borrowing cost comprises of interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of the funds. All borrowing costs are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss using the effective interest method except to the extent attributable to qualifying Property Plant and Equipment (PPE) which are capitalized to the cost of the related assets. A qualifying PPE is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

2.13 Earnings per equity share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjust the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and

-the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as at the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any share splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected

2.14 Employee Benefit

All employee benefits payable wholly within twelve months rendering services are classified as short term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages, short-term compensated absences, performance incentives etc., and the expected cost of bonus, ex-gratia are recognized during the period in which the employee renders related service.

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit plans are recognized as an expense when employees have rendered the service entitling them to the contribution.

The cost of providing benefits under the defined benefit plan is determined using the projected unit credit method with actuarial valuations being carried out at each balance sheet date, which recognizes each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measure each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

Remeasurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the asset ceiling, excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and the return on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability), are recognized immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Remeasurements are not reclassified to the statement of profit and loss in subsequent periods.

Net interest is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net defined benefit liability or asset.

The Company recognizes the following changes in the net defined benefit obligation under employee benefit expenses in the statement of profit and loss.

- Service costs comprising current service costs, past-service costs, gains and losses on curtailments and non-routine settlements,
- Net interest expense or income.

Long-term employee benefits

Compensated absences which are not expected to occur within twelve months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related services are recognised as a liability at the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the balance sheet date.

Termination benefits

Termination benefits are recognized as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

2.15 Cash flow Statement

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit for the period is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

2.16 Cash and cash equivalents:

All highly liquid financial instruments, which are readily convertible into determinable amounts of cash and which are subject to insignificant risk of change in value and are having original maturities of three months or less from the date of purchase, are considered as cash equivalents. Cash and cash equivalents includes balances with banks which are unrestricted for withdrawal and usage.

2.17 Lease

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. That is, if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

Company as a lessee

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognizes lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-to use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

i) Right of use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying assets is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost. Less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognized. initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the lease term and the estimated use full lives of the assets.

If ownership of the Leased asset transfers to the Company at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset. The right-of-use assets are also subject to impairment. Refer to the accounting policies in section Impairment of non-financial assets.

ii) Lease Liability

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognized as expenses (unless they are incurred to produce inventories) in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement

date because the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is re-measured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments (i.e. change in future payments resulting from a change in an index or rate used to determine such lease payments) or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

iii) Short-term leases and lease of low-value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term lease (i.e. those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option), it also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to lease that are considered to be low value. Lease payment on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognized as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Company as a lessor

leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognized as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

2.18 Exceptional Items

Certain occasions, the size, type or incidence of an item of income or expense, pertaining to the ordinary activities of the Company is such that its disclosure improves the understanding of the performance of the Company, such income or expense is classified as an exceptional item and accordingly, disclosed in the notes accompanying to the financial statements.

2.19 Current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- It is held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

A liability is current when:

It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle.

It is held primarily for the purpose of trading,

It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period. Or

There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

Deferred tax assets/liabilities are classified as non-current.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	GROSS BLOCK			DEPRECIATION			NET BLOCK		
	As at 31-Mar-2021	Additions during the Year	Deductions/ Decapitalized during the Year	As at 31-Mar-2022	As at 31-Mar-2021	Depreciation for the Year	Deduction during the Year	As at 31-Mar-2022	As at 31-Mar-2022
NOTE 3A : Property, Plant & Equipment									
Freehold Land	18.97	-	-	18.97	-	-	-	-	18.97
Buildings	20,163.53	6,601.82	-	26765.35	3,352.29	348.23	-	23064.83	16,811.25
Leasehold Improvements	579.30	3.34	23.09	559.55	300.88	51.45	8.35	343.98	215.57
Plant & Equipment	10,196.13	140.31	125.72	10210.72	2,285.93	499.61	78.42	2,707.12	7503.60
Furniture & Fixtures	1,508.75	472.46	7.87	1973.34	1,311.32	51.98	7.42	1,355.88	617.46
Vehicles	1,078.95	270.01	218.63	1130.33	787.32	108.58	158.92	736.98	393.35
Office Equipment	1,980.94	133.51	52.18	2062.27	1,760.86	87.04	48.87	1,799.03	263.24
Furnaces	2,603.43	15.34	-	2618.77	383.79	111.58	-	495.37	2123.40
Moulds and Castings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,219.65
TOTAL	38,130.00	7,636.79	427.49	45339.30	10,182.39	1,258.47	301.98	11,138.88	34200.42
NOTE 3B : Capital Work-in-Progress									
NOTE 4 : Intangible Assets	7,465.01	711.45	7,276.73	899.73	-	-	-	899.73	7,465.00
Software	346.30	29.39	-	375.69	287.06	17.08	-	304.14	71.55
TOTAL	346.30	29.39	-	375.69	287.06	17.08	-	304.14	71.55
GRAND TOTAL	45,941.31	8,377.63	7,704.22	46,614.72	10,469.45	1,275.55	301.98	11,443.02	35,171.70
									35,471.85

3.1. a Building includes Rs.2850 Being the value of 37 Shares of Rs.50/- Each.

1) West Nandanvan Co-op. Hsg Soc. Ltd. 2) Tara Apartment, 3) Vipul Co-op. Hsg Soc. Ltd. 4) Tahnee Heights Co-Op HSG Soc Ltd.

3.1. b Capital work in progress includes the acquisition/commissioning cost of assets under expansion/ acquisition and pending commissioning Projects under which tangible fixed assets are not ready for intended use and other capital work-in-progress are carried at cost, comprising direct cost, related incidental expenses and attributable borrowing costs. Expenditure of revenue nature related to such acquisition / expansion is also treated as Capital work-in-progress and capitalised along with the asset on completion of the expansion project or otherwise on commencement of commercial use of the asset.

Ageing Schedule for Capital WIP:-

CWP	Amount in CWP for a period of			Total
	Less than 1 year	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	
Projects in progress	13.40	-	-	886.33
Projects temporarily suspended	-	-	-	-

The projects are expected to be completed within next one year.

3.1. c Rs. 196.30 Lakhs (2020-21 Rs. 278.35 Lakhs) of borrowing costs has been capitalised during the year on qualifying assets under construction .
The capitalisation interest rate 2021-2022 @ 6.75 % and (2020-21 : 7.35 %)

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

Note 5 : Trade Receivables

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
(1) Trade receivable		
Trade Receivable considered good - Unsecured	768.66	797.14
Trade Receivable-credit impaired	3.86	4.01
Less : Allowances for credit losses	(3.86)	(4.01)
	768.66	797.14

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payments 2021-2022

Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 to 2 Year	2 to 3 Years	More Than 3 Years	Total
A. Non -Curretn Assets						
Trade Receivables						
(i) Undisputed Trade receivable - considerde good	0	0	69.29	62.58	636.79	772.52
(ii) Un disputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increase in credit risk						
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivable credit impaired						
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good						
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk						
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables-credit impaired						
Less: Allowance for credit loss						3.86
Total	-	-	69.29	62.58	636.79	768.66

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payments 2020-2021

Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 to 2 Year	2 to 3 Years	More Than 3 Years	Total
A. Non -Curretn Assets						
Trade Receivables						
(i) Undisputed Trade receivable - considerde good	515.33	0	154.77	-	127.04	801.15
(ii) Un disputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increase in credit risk						
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivable credit impaired						
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good						
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk						
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables-credit impaired						
Less: Allowance for credit loss						4.01
Total	515.33	-	154.77	-	127.04	797.14

Note 6 : Loans

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
At amortised cost Unsecured, Considered good		
Loan to Employees	124.23	113.60
	124.23	113.60

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022
Note 7 : Other Financial Assets

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	₹ in lakhs
Security Deposits	496.52	484.68	
Margin Money Deposits (maturing after one year)	263.35	223.12	
	759.87	707.80	

Note 8 : Other Non-Current Assets

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	₹ in lakhs
Capital Advance	0.00	121.33	
Advances Other than Capital Advances			
Advances to Employees	4.20	7.34	
Tender Deposits	12.55	10.92	
Balance with government authorities	132.52	100.81	
Prepaid Expenses	393.62	317.41	
Other Receivables (SAD Receivables)	13.51	63.50	
	556.40	621.31	

Note 9 : Inventories (Valued at lower of cost or Net Realisable Value)

(Value taken and certified by the management)

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	₹ in lakhs
Raw Materials	154.02	209.24	
Work in Progress	6267.06	7742.65	
Finished Goods	982.37	2799.23	
Stores and Spares	990.41	891.68	
Liquid Fuel & Petrol	85.02	42.66	
Stock-in-trade	2351.09	1626.76	
	10829.97	13312.22	

9.1 Inventories of Stores and Spare Parts include certain slow moving, non-moving and obsolete items towards obsolescence of such slow moving, non-moving and obsolete items is carried in the books and the management is of the opinion that the same is adequate.

Note 10 : Trade Receivables

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021	₹ in lakhs
(1) Trade receivable			
Trade Receivable Considered Good - Unsecured	12,351.67	8,644.43	
Trade Receivable - credit impaired	16.76	17.12	
Less : Allowances for credit losses	(16.76)	(17.12)	
	12351.67	8644.43	

10.1 The accounts of some of the customers are pending reconciliation / confirmation.

10.2 There are no customers who represent more than 10% of the total balance of trade receivables as at the end of the reporting period.

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payments 2021-2022

Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 to 2 Year	2 to 3 Years	More Than 3 Years	Total
B. Current Assets						
Trade Receivables						
(i) Undisputed Trade receivable - considerde good	9479.72	1931.45	252.01	252.36	436.13	12368.43
(ii) Un disputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increase in credit risk						
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivable credit impaired						
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good						
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk						
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables-credit impaired						
Less: Allowance for credit loss						16.76
Total	9479.72	1931.45	252.01	252.36	436.13	12351.67

Outstanding for following periods from due date of payments 2020-2021

Particulars	Less than 6 Months	6 Months to 1 Year	1 to 2 Year	2 to 3 Years	More Than 3 Years	Total
A. Non -Current Assets						
Trade Receivables						
(i) Undisputed Trade receivable - considerde good	6461.23	410.11	719.99	357	696.10	8661.55
(ii) Un disputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increase in credit risk						
(iii) Undisputed Trade Receivable credit impaired						
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables- considered good						
(v) Disputed Trade Receivables which have significant increase in credit risk						
(vi) Disputed Trade Receivables-credit impaired						
Less: Allowance for credit loss						17.12
Total	6461.23	410.11	719.99	357.00	696.10	8644.43

Note 11 : Cash and Cash Equivalents (As certified by the management)

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Balances with banks :		
In Current accounts	1461.30	1226.96
In Cash Credit Accounts	-	13.46
In Deposit accounts	3303.18	3014.02
Cheques on hand	85.00	-
Cash in Hand	19.43	26.12
	4868.91	4280.56

11.1 Balance with banks on unpaid dividend account represents monies that can be utilised only to pay dividend to equity shareholders against dividend warrants issued to them.

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

Note 12 : Bank Balances Other Than above (As certified by the management)		₹ in lakhs
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Earmarked balances with bank - Unclaimed dividend	85.20	101.47
Margin Money Deposits maturing within one year	305.55	440.65
	390.75	542.12

Note 13 : Loans

Particulars		₹ in lakhs
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
At Amortised Cost		
Unsecured, Considered good		
Loans to Employee	148.94	139.17
Loans and Advances to Employees	8.09	9.90
	157.03	149.07

Note 14 : Other Financial Assets

Particulars		₹ in lakhs
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Security deposits	211.16	222.96
	211.16	222.96

Note 15 : Others Current Assets

Particulars		₹ in lakhs
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Advances other than Capital Advances	72.38	1.91
Advance against Expenses	9.86	8.72
Advance to Suppliers	177.64	248.97
Others		
Interest accrue on fixed deposits	139.37	169.35
Tander deposits	30.48	30.86
Other receivables	1.82	6.72
Deposits with insurance Company	128.35	120.74
Balance with government authorities	253.38	852.65
Adjustment of Coins	(0.02)	(0.02)
Miscellaneous Receivables	15.28	498.39
Sundry Recoverable	14.43	58.15
Pre-paid Expenses	418.50	347.93
	1261.47	2344.37

Note 16 : Equity Share Capital

Particulars		₹ in lakhs
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Authorised Capital		
15000000 (Previous Year : 15,000,000)	1500.00	1500.00
Equity shares of Rs.10/- each	1500.00	1500.00
50000 (Previous Year 50,000)	50.00	50.00
Cumulative Redeemable Preference shares of Rs.100/- each	1550.00	1550.00
Total	1550.00	1550.00

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up

5999998 (Previous Year 5,999,999)

Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each, fully paid up	600.00	600.00
Total	600.00	600.00

(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting year ₹ in lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2022		31st March, 2021	
	Number of Shares	Amount	Number of Shares	Amount
Shares outstandings at the beginning of the year	59,99,998	600.00	59,99,998	600.00
Outstanding at the end of the year	59,99,998	600.00	59,99,998	600.00

(b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs.10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company ₹ in lakhs

Particulars	31st March, 2022		31st March, 2021	
	Number of Shares Held	% of Holding	Number of Shares Held	% of Holding
Dileep Malhotra	1,475,975	24.60%	1,475,975	24.60%
Randil Trading Co. Pvt. Ltd	1,111,990	18.53%	1,111,990	18.53%
Ranjit Malhotra	968,403	16.14%	968,403	16.14%
Life Insurance Corporation of India	633,355	10.56%	653,953	10.90%

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

Note 17 : Borrowings ₹ in lakhs

Particulars

At Amortised Cost

Secured Loans

a) Term Loans

From Banks 8612.55 9695.53

Unsecured Loans

b) Deposits 4999.66 3824.38

c) Loan from Directors

d) Other Loans

13612.21 13519.91

17.1 The borrowings from banks on Cash Credit account are secured by hypothecation of Stocks and Book Debts and Second charge on the property of Glass Bottle Division and personal guarantees given by Chairman, Vice-Chairman and Jt. MD for entire amount. The term loan from Kotak Mahindra Bank is secured by assignment of lease rentals receivables from some of the licencees of the Company's properties situated at Vikhroli, Mumbai together with first charge on properties leased to AMPA Orthodontics Pvt. Ltd ,TATA Unistore, Zee Entertainment , Black & Veatch at Empire Plaza II, Vikhroli and personal guarantees given by Chairman and Vice-Chairman for entire amount.

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

17.2 Repayment details of Term Loans from a Financial Institution at unamortised cost outstanding as on 31st March 2022.
areas follows :

₹ in lakhs

Financial Year	Effective Interest : 6.75 to 10.65	Total
2022-2023	1604.08	1604.08
2023-2024	1691.98	1691.98
2024-2025	1694.72	1694.72
2025-2026	1736.35	1736.35
2026-2027	1439.98	1439.98
2027-2028	409.28	409.28
2028-2029	209.27	209.27
2029-2030	209.27	209.27
2030-2031	209.27	209.27
2031-2032	209.27	209.27
2032-2033	209.27	209.27
2033-2034	209.27	209.27
2034-2035	209.27	209.27
2035-2036	209.26	209.26
Total	10250.54	10250.54

Note 18 : Other Non Current Financial Liabilities

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
At Amortised Cost		
Security Deposits	5036.07	4032.94
	5036.07	4032.94

Note 19 :Provisions for Employee Benefits

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Provision for Gratuity	1773.72	1292.56
Provision for Leave Encashment	1541.60	944.02
	3315.32	2236.58

19.1 The provision for employee benefits includes gratuity and vested long service leave entitlements accrued and compensation claim payable to employees which are payable as per the terms of the appointment. For other disclosures refer Note.

Note 20 : Other Non Current Liabilities

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Other Liabilities		
Income Received in Advance	1460.82	1254.22
Advance received from Customers	0.97	2.74
Deposit for cars from Employees	9.58	9.58
Trade Deposits	278.05	275.31
Sundry Deposits	286.79	291.91

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

	2036.21	1833.76
	₹ in lakhs	
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Note 21 : Borrowing		
Particulars		
(a) Secured Loans Repayable on Demand		
(i) Loan from Banks	1514.16	1711.19
(ii) Cash Credit	391.11	537.21
(iii) Current Maturities of Long Term Debt	1606.50	1568.84
Un-secured		
(b) Deposits	4894.02	5387.33
(c) Loan from Directors	110.00	417.00
(d) Other Loans	8515.79	9621.57

21.1 The borrowings from banks on Cash Credit account are secured by hypothecation of Stocks and Book Debts and Second charge on the property of Glass Bottle Division and personal guarantees given by Chairman and Vice-Chairman for entire amount.

	₹ in lakhs	
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Particulars		
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	1747.90	1799.47
	1747.90	1799.47

22.1 There are no Micro Small & Medium Enterprises to whom the Company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at 31st March, 2022. This information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

22.2 Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 60 to 90 day terms.

DETAILS OF TRADE PAYABLE AND AGING AS OF 31-03-2022

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payments				
	Less than 1 Year	1 - 2 Year	2 - 3 Year	More than 3 Years	Total
A- Non Current Liabilities					
Trade Payables					
(I) MSME					
(ii) Others	74.59				74.59
(iii) Disputed dues- MSME					
(iv) Disputed dues- Others					
Total	74.59	0.00	0.00	0.00	74.59
B- Current Liabilities					
Trade Payables					
(I) MSME					0.00
(ii) Others	1637.02	22.31	24.23	64.34	1747.90
(iii) Disputed dues- MSME					0.00
(iv) Disputed dues- Others					0.00
Total	1637.02	22.31	24.23	64.34	1747.90

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022
DETAILS OF TRADE PAYABLE AND AGING AS OF 31-03-2021

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payments				
	Less than 1 Year	1 - 2 Year	2 - 3 Year	More than 3 Years	Total
A- Non Current Liabilities					
Trade Payables					
(I) MSME					
(ii) Others	75.83				75.83
(iii) Disputed dues- MSME					
(iv) Disputed dues- Others					
Total	75.83	0.00	0.00	0.00	75.83
B- Current Liabilities					
Trade Payables					
(I) MSME					0.00
(ii) Others	1704.59	11.31	22.23	61.34	1799.47
(iii) Disputed dues- MSME					0.00
(iv) Disputed dues- Others					0.00
Total	1704.59	11.31	22.23	61.34	1799.47

Note 23 : Other Financial Liabilities

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
(a) Interest Accrued	276.84	305.59
(b) Unpaid dividends	85.20	101.47
(c) Unpaid matured deposits and interest accrued thereon	189.86	227.60
(d) Security Deposits	656.27	2273.06
	1208.17	2907.72

23.1 Investor Education and Protection Fund is credited by the amount of unclaimed dividend / unclaimed matured fixed deposits after seven years from the due date.

Note 24 : Other Current Liabilities

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Other payables		
Statutory Dues	459.26	479.55
Other Payables	316.80	93.56
Sundry Creditors for Supply of Goods & Services	295.97	141.28
Sundry Creditors for Capital Goods	1.62	1.59
Advance from customer	991.31	1118.48
Sundry Payable	7.19	6.78
Security Deposits	9.50	9.50
Liability for Expenses	273.19	527.01
Other Payables Employees	513.44	511.21
Trade Deposits & Advances	279.72	259.24
Income Received in Advance	4.02	7.54
Provision for Doubtful Debts	289.76	-
Un Earned Revenue	5.81	5.80

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

	3447.59	3161.54
<hr/>		
Note 25 : Provisions		₹ in lakhs
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Provision for Employee Benefits	3672.46	3391.91
	3672.46	3391.91

25.1 The provision for employee benefits includes gratuity and vested long service leave entitlements accrued and compensation claim payable to employees which are payable as per the terms of the appointment. For other disclosures.

Note 26 : Revenue from Operations

		₹ in lakhs
<hr/>		
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Sale of Products		
Sale of Products	33699.03	32361.65
Sale of Service	1678.87	953.63
Sale of Flats	7341.87	2946.60
Other Operating Revenue	11683.85	12764.25
Revenue from Operations	54403.62	49026.13

26.1 Sale of goods excluding GST collected from customer.

26.2 Particulars of Sale of Products

		₹ in lakhs
<hr/>		
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Manufactured Goods		
Glass Bottles	21016.64	14466.85
Food Products	11640.37	16875.54
Machine Tools & Industrial Equipments	1042.01	1019.26
	33699.02	32361.65

26.3 Particulars of Other Operating Revenue

		₹ in lakhs
<hr/>		
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Business Support Service, Consultancy and Commission		
Property Rent	4303.38	3169.63
Advertising , Branding and Operating Income	7247.64	8562.57
Business Centre Service	307.93	343.49
Property Income	511.40	495.85
Others	7341.87	2946.60
	992.36	1146.34

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

	20704.58	16664.48
	₹ in lakhs	
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
From Loans and Advances given (Carried at amortized cost)	37.53	2.66
From Others (Carried at Book Value)	594.83	397.47
	632.36	400.13
Other Non Operating income		
Surplus on Sale of Fixed Assets	20.69	16.29
Rent received	0.00	39.80
Miscellaneous Income	94.93	1750.78
Credit Balance written back	0.74	0.03
Surplus on Loans/ advances given/repaid (net)	13.15	12.09
Gain of Exchange rate difference	121.55	110.94
Insurance Claims	14.66	3.07
Sale of Duty Credit Script	139.00	0.00
	404.72	1933.00
	1037.08	2333.13
Note 28. Cost of Materials Consumed		
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Raw Materials Consumed	4563.94	10352.27
Stores & Spares, Packing Materials, Refractories, Moulds & Castings Consumed	2316.46	3851.55
	6880.40	14203.82
Cost of Project	4487.32	2042.03
	11367.72	16245.85
28.1 Cost of Materials Consumed		
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Imported	850.85	759.80
Indigenous	3713.09	9592.47
	4563.94	10352.27
Chemicals	1225.45	1012.65
Silica Sand	457.09	380.62
Cullets	2881.40	2506.66
Food Product	-	6452.34
	4563.94	10352.27
28.2 Components & Spare Parts Consumed		
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Imported	6.85	26.52
Indigenous	1869.92	3889.08
	1876.77	3915.60

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

Note 29. Changes in inventories of Finished Goods and Stock- in- Trade

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	₹ in lakhs As at 31st March, 2021
Closing Stock		
Stock at close-Finished Goods	982.37	2827.70
Stock at Commencement- Finished Goods	2827.70	6795.67
	1845.33	3967.97
Stock at Close - Traded Goods	2479.67	1668.03
Stock at Commencement -Traded Goods	1668.02	1857.81
Increase / (Decrease) in Traded Goods	(811.65)	189.78
	1,033.68	4,157.75

Note 30. Employee Benefits Expenses

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	₹ in lakhs As at 31st March, 2021
Salaries, Wages, Bonus, Gratuity & Allowances	8505.60	7921.12
Contribution to Provident & Superannuation Fund	722.94	650.18
Staff Welfare Expenses	752.78	705.02
Total	9981.32	9276.32

Note 31. Finance Costs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	₹ in lakhs As at 31st March, 2021
Interest Expense	2510.69	3306.31
Other borrowing Costs	194.76	178.52
Interest on Security Deposits	2705.45	3484.83

Note 32. Other Expenses

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	₹ in lakhs As at 31st March, 2021
Repairs to Machinery	161.65	142.22
Repairs to Building	161.66	259.27
Other Repairs	429.92	380.11
Power & Fuel	4147.61	2899.08
Rent paid	138.94	105.94
Rates and Taxes	3173.16	694.21
Insurance Premium	161.02	186.79
Discount, Commission and Brokerage	392.15	622.44
Conducting Charges		38.69
Electricity Charges	183.42	152.50
Vehicle Expenses	315.62	293.01
Carriage Outward and Steamer Freight	2720.63	1489.16
Professional and Legal Charges	922.84	929.88
Travelling Expenses (Foreign)	2.07	15.03
Travelling Expenses (Local)	145.94	107.53
Telephone, Trunk calls, Telex and Internet Charges	65.34	72.97
Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Activities	58.00	79.00
Local Delivery Charges	194.06	219.03

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

Storage Expenses	333.19	364.69
Bad Debts written off	249.11	13.58
Sales Promotion	297.62	167.23
Water Charges	151.23	92.21
Operating Expenses	119.41	75.55
General Expenses	482.38	266.50
Miscellaneous Expenses	1008.54	705.55
	16015.51	10372.17

31. DEFERRED TAX LIABILITY (NET)

₹ in lakhs

a) Amount recognized in Financial Statements	As at 31st March, 2022	Current Year Change/ (Credit) P/L	As at 31st March, 2021	Current Year Change/ (Credit) P/L
Particulars				
Deferred Tax Liabilities (Net):				
Related to Fixed Assets	3,279.15	362.85	2,916.30	104.44
Deferred Tax Assets:				
Disallowance under the Income Tax Act, 1961	1,872.16	344.73	1,527.43	(92.86)
Tax Losses	-	(128.17)	128.17	(128.17)
Net Deferred Tax Liability/ Assets	1,406.99	146.29	1,388.87	(116.59)

b) Reconciliation of Tax Expenses/ (Income)

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Profit/ (Loss) before Tax	2,763.12	1269.62
Applicable Tax Rate	25.63%	25.63%
Expected Income Tax Expenses (i)	708.05	325.34
Add/(Less):		
Tax effect of Allowed/Disallowed Expenses as per Income Tax Act,1961	57.14	(49.59)
Excess Provision for Tax for earlier years	-	(65.42)
Tax effect on Income from House Property	(367.91)	(405.65)
Deferred Tax on losses	-	128.17
Others	(3.52)	15.98
Subtotal (ii)	(314.29)	(376.51)
Income Tax Expense/(Income) to Statement of Profit & Loss [i+ii]	393.76	(51.17)

The Company's weighted average tax rate for the year ended March 31, 2022 is 14.25% and March 31, 2021 is Nil.

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

32. EARNINGS PER SHARE (EPS)

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Particulars		
1. Face Value per equity share in Rupees	10.00	10.00
2. Weighted Average number of equity shares outstanding	59,99,998	59,99,998
3. Net (Loss) as per Profit and Loss Account (Continuing Operation) Rupees in Lakhs	2369.36	1320.79
4. Weighted Average earning per share from continuing operation. (Basic and Diluted) in Rupees	39.49	22.01
5. Net Profit/ (Loss) as per Profit and Loss Account (Discontinued Operation) Rupees in Lakhs	-	-
6. Weighted Average earning per share from discontinuing operation (Basic and Diluted) in Rupees	-	-
7. Net (Loss) as per Profit and Loss Account (Continuing and Discontinued Operation) Rupees in Lakhs	2369.36	1320.79
8. Weighted Average earning per share continuing and discontinuing operation (Basic and Diluted) in Rupees	39.49	22.01

Note 33. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

₹ in lakhs

Name of Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (Rs. in lakhs)	Period to which it Relates	Forum where dispute is Pending
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT / CST dues	58.81 (Note 1)	F.Y. 2009-10	Jt. Commissioner of Sales Tax (A)
MVAT Act, 2002	VAT / CST dues	13.1	F.Y. 2014-15	Maharashtra Sales Tax Tribunal
MP VAT Act, 2002	VAT dues	42.31 (Note 2)	F.Y. 2013-14	Madhya Pradesh High Court
MP VAT Act, 2002	VAT dues	487.78 (Note 2)	F.Y. 2014-15	Madhya Pradesh High Court
Entry Tax Act, 1976	Entry tax	7.14 (Note 2)	F.Y. 2013-14	Madhya Pradesh High Court
Entry Tax Act, 1976	Entry tax	77.89 (Note 2)	F.Y. 2014-15	Madhya Pradesh High Court

Note 1: Total demand of Rs. 83.51 Lakhs less amount deposited in dispute of Rs. 25.00 Lakhs

Note 2: Total demand of Rs. 791.84 Lakhs less amount deposited in dispute of Rs. 197.96 Lakh

In the Financial Year 2015-16, the Investigation Branch of the Sales Tax Department had carried out survey action in the Company's premises. The company has paid Rs. 25 Lakhs as against demand of Rs. 86.81 lakhs for the period from April, 2012 to November, 2015. The Company has contested for the entire amount paid at appropriate forum.

The dispute on account of liability under MP VAT Act and Entry Tax Act is on account of classification of goods under respective Act

NOTE 34 : Corporate Social Responsibility Expenditure

As per the Companies Act, 2013, amount required to be spent by the Company on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities during the year was Rs. 58.00 lacs, (2020-21 Rs. 79.00 lacs) . During the year ended March 31, 2022 the amount approved by the Board to be spent on CSR activities and was spent 58.00 lacs (2020-21 Rs. 79.00 spent) meeting the applicability threshold, needs to spend at least 2% of its average net profit for the immediately preceding three financial years on corporate social responsibility (CSR) activities. The main focus areas for CSR activities are health care, education, malnutrition and water hygiene and sanitation. A CSR committee has been formed by the company as per the Act to oversee and execute the company's CSR policy.

Gross amount spent by the company during the year is` 58.00 lakhs (Previous year ` 79.00 lakhs).

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

NOTE 35 : Revenue from Contracts with Customers (Ind AS 115):

The Company measures the revenues at fair value of the consideration received or receivable after taking into account the amount of any discount or rebates allowed to the customers. The Company presents revenues net of indirect taxes collected in its statement of profit and loss.

Disaggregate Revenue information	₹ in lakhs	
Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Revenue		
Manufacturing	21,107.57	14,633.62
Trading, Business Support Service, Consultancy and Commission	17,318.48	22,718.17
Property Development	8,218.52	3,111.77
Others	7,759.04	8,562.57
Total Revenue from Operations	54,403.61	49,026.13

NOTE 36 : Payment To Auditors*

Particulars	₹ in lakhs	
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
a) Statutory Audit Fees	13.50	13.50
b) Certification and Consultation Fees	1.15	2.38
	14.65	15.88

*Exclusive of Goods and Service Tax.

NOTE 37 : Details of dues to Micro & small enterprises as MSMED act, 2006

There are no Micro Small & Medium Enterprises to whom the Company owes dues, which are outstanding for more than 45 days as at 31st March, 2021. This information as required to be disclosed under the Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company

NOTE 38: Right-of-use assets / Building

Particulars	₹ in lakhs	
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Cost		
Balance as at 1st April,2021	3243.92	3134.04
Addition	19.13	109.88
Deletion	(1978.55)	0.00
Balance as at 31st March,2022	1284.50	3243.92
Amortisation		
Balance as at 1st April 2021	907.80	524.79
Charges for the year	190.19	383.01
Deletion	(708.98)	0.00
Balance as at 31st March 2022	389.01	907.80
Net book value as at 31st March 2022	895.49	2336.13

Note: 38.1 The company has adopted Ind-AS, 116 Leases and applied the standard to all lease contracts approach for transitioning existing on the date of initial application i.e. 1st April 2019 , The company has used the modified retrospective approach to transitioning to Ind-AS, 116 with right-of -use asset recognised at an amount equal to the lease liability adjusted for any prepayments/accruals recognized in the balance sheet immediately before the date of initial application.

At the commencement date of a lease , the Company has recognised a liability to make lease payments (i.e.the lease liability) and an asset representing the right-of-use the underlying asset during the lease term (i.e.the right-of-use asset). The company has separately recognised the interest expenses on the lease liability and the depreciation expense on the right-of-use asset.

The operating leases recorded on the balance sheet following implementation of Ind-AS 116 are principally in respect of leasehold asset representing right-of-use as per contracts excluding low value assets and short term leases 12month or less.

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

Leases previously accounted for as operating leases

The company recognised right-of-use assets and lease liabilities for those leases previously classified as operating leases, using term of non cancellable intention to extend except for short-term leases and lease of low value assets. The right-of-use assets for most leases were recognised based on the carrying amount as if the standard had always been applied, apart from the use of incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application. In some leases, the right of use assets were recognised based on the amount equal to the lease liabilities, adjusted for any related prepaid and accrued lease payments previously recognised. Lease liabilities were recognised based on the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the incremental borrowing rate at the date of initial application.

The company has also applied the available practical expedients wherein it:

- * Used a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases with reasonably similar characteristics
- * Relied on its assessment of whether leases are onerous immediately before the date of initial application.
- * Applied the short-term leases exemptions to leases term that ends within 12 months at the date of initial application.
- * Excluded the initial direct costs from the measurement of the right-of-use asset at the date of initial application
- * Used hindsight in determining the lease term when the contract contains option to extend or terminate the lease

Lease Liability

Particulars	₹ in lakhs	
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Opening	2755.45	2914.82
Net Recognised/ (Derecognised) during the year	(1587.08)	109.91
Repaid during the year	(133.64)	(269.28)
Closing	1034.73	2755.45
Non Current	841.05	2534.16
Current	193.68	221.29

The following are the amounts recognised in statement of profit and loss

Particulars	₹ in lakhs	
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Amortisation expenses of right-of-use of assets	190.19	383.01
Interest expenses on lease liabilities	98.19	227.33
Expense relating to short-term leases (including other expenses)	138.94	105.94
Total	427.32	716.28

The company had total cash outflow for leases of Rs. (31st March 2022 Rs. 133.64 and 31st March 2021 Rs. 269.28)

Note 39 : Notes to Accounts stock and trade receivable .

The quarterly returns or statements filed by the Company for working capital limits with such banks and financial institutions are in agreement with the books of account of the Company except for statements filed for quarters during the year ended March 31, 2022, where differences were noted between the amount as per books of account for respective quarters and amount as per reported in the quarterly statements. The differences were in case of Debtors amounting to ₹ 48.01 lacs (amount reported ₹ 8424.68 lacs vs amount as per books of account ₹ 8472.69 lacs), ₹ 50.04 lacs (amount reported ₹ 7060.99 lacs vs amount per books of account ₹ 7111.03 lacs), ₹ 4.12 lacs (amount reported ₹ 7766.65 lacs vs amount per books of account ₹ 7762.43 lacs) and ₹ 0.04 lacs (amount reported ₹ 8438.95 lacs vs amount per books ₹ 8438.99 lacs) for the quarter ended 30, June 2021, September 30, 2021 December 31, 2021 and March, 31 2022 respectively, Further, Creditors had a difference of ₹ 134.56 lacs (amount reported ₹ 5464.37 vs amount as per books of account ₹ 5329.78 lacs for the quarter ended June 30 2021, ₹ 185.76 lacs (amount reported ₹ 4067.23 lacs vs amount per books of account ₹ 3881.47 lacs) for the quarter ended September, 30, 2021 September 30, 2021, ₹ 175.53 lacs (amount reported ₹ 4459.78 lacs vs amount per books of account ₹ 4284.25 lacs) for the quarter ended December 31, 2021 respectively, ₹ 0.01 lacs (amount reported ₹ 4545.74 lacs vs amount per books of account ₹ 4545.75 lacs) for the quarter ended 31st March 2022 marginal differences are found.

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022
Note 40 : Post Retirement Benefit Plans
Defined Benefits Plan - Gratuity

Particulars	₹ in lakhs	
	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
I Changes in present value of obligation		
POV at beginning of period	3,725.08	3,129.94
Interest cost	165.86	141.82
Current service cost	261.33	252.99
Past service cost- (non vested benefits)	-	-
Past service cost- (vested benefits)	-	-
Transfer in Liability		
Transfer out Liability		
Benefits Paid	(320.08)	(249.55)
Benefits Paid By The Company	-	-
Contribution by plan participants	-	-
Business combinations	-	-
Curtailments	-	-
Settlements	-	-
Actuarial (Gain)/ Loss on obligation	229.84	449.86
PVO at end of period	4,062.05	3,725.08
II Interest Expenses		
Interest Cost	165.86	141.82
III Fair Value of Plan Asset		
Fair value of Plan Assets at the beginning	-	-
Interest income	-	-
IV Net Liability		
POV at beginning of period	3,725.08	3,129.94
Fair value of the assets at beginning report	-	-
Net Liability	3,725.08	3,129.94
V Net Interest		
Interest Expenses	165.86	141.82
Interest Income	-	-
Net Interest	165.86	141.82
VI Actual return on plan assets		
Less interest income included above	-	-
Return on plan assets excluding interest income	-	-
VII Actuarial (Gain)/loss on obligation		
Due to demographic assumptions*	-	-
Due to financial Assumptions	(120.83)	(2.62)
Due to Experience	350.67	452.49
Total Actuarial (Gain)/loss	229.84	449.86

*This figure does not reflect interrelationship between demographic assumptions and financial assumptions when a limit is applied on the benefit, the effect will be shown as an experience.

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
VIII Fair value of Plan Assets		
Opening Fair value of Plan Asset	-	-
Adjustment to Opening Fair value of Plan asset	-	-
Return on Plan Assets excl. interest income	-	-
Interest Income	-	-
Contributions by Employer	320.08	249.55
Contributions by Employee	-	-
Benefit Paid	(320.08)	(249.55)
Fair value of Plan Asset at end	-	-
IX Past Service Cost Recognised		
Past service cost- (non vested benefits)	-	-
Past service cost- (vested benefits)	-	-
Average remaining future service till vesting of the benefit	-	-
Recognised past service cost- non vested benefit	-	-
Recognised past service cost- vested benefit	-	-
Unrecognised past service cost- non vested benefit	-	-
X Amount to be recognized in the balance sheet and		
Statement of profit & loss account		
PVO at end of period	4,062.04	3,725.08
Fair value of Plan Assets at end of period	-	-
Funded Status	(4,062.04)	(3,725.05)
Net Asset/(Liability) recognized in the balance sheet	(4,062.04)	(3,725.08)
XI Expenses recognized in the statement of P & L A/C		
Current service cost	261.33	252.99
Net interest	165.86	141.82
Past service cost- (non vested benefits)	-	-
Past service cost- (vested benefits)	-	-
Curtailment Effect	-	-
Settlement Effect	-	-
Unrecognised past service cost- non vested benefit	-	-
Expense recognized in the statement of P & L A/C	427.20	394.82
XII Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)		
Actuarial (Gain)/loss recognized for the period	229.84	449.86
Asset limit effect	-	-
Return on Plan Assets excluding net interest	-	-
Unrecognized Actuarial (Gain)/loss from previous period	-	-
Total Actuarial (Gain)/loss recognized in (OCI)	229.84	449.86

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
XIII Movements in the Liability recognized in Balance Sheet		
Opening net Liability	3,725.08	3,129.94
Adjustment to opening balance	-	-
Expenses as above	427.20	394.82
Contribution paid	(320.08)	(249.55)
Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	229.84	449.86
Closing Net Liability	4,062.04	3,725.08
XIV Schedule III of the Companies Act 2013		
Current Liability	2,289.95	2,064.91
Non- Current Liability	1,772.09	1,660.16
XV Projected Service Cost 31 Mar 2023	275.23	261.34
XVI Asset information	Target Allocation	-
Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	-
Gratuity Fund	-	-
Debt Security- Government Bond	-	-
Equity Securities- Corporate debt Securities	-	-
Other Insurance Contract	-	-
Property	-	-
Total Itemized Assets	-	-
XVII Assumption as at		
Mortality	IALM(2012-14)Ult.	IALM(2012-14)Ult.
Interest / Discount rate	7.05%	6.16%
Rate of increase in compensation	7.00%	7.00%
Annual increase in healthcare cost	-	-
Future changes in maximum state healthcare benefits	-	-
Expected average remaining service	9.56	9.72
Employee Attrition rate (past service (PS)	PS: 0 to 42: 4%	PS: 0 to 42: 4%

XVIII Sensitivity Analysis

	DR: Discount rate		ER: Salary Escalation rate	
	PVO DR + 1%	PVO DR - 1%	PVO DR + 1%	PVO DR - 1%
PVO	3,941.53	4,198.80	4,194.97	3,943.12

XIX Expected Payout

Year	Expected outgo first	Expected outgo second	Expected outgo third	Expected outgo fourth	Expected outgo fifth	Expected outgo six to ten years
Payouts	2,289.95	263.51	222.00	137.79	138.62	1,014.23

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

XX Asset Liability Comparisons

Year	31.03.2018	31.03.2019	31.03.2020	31.03.2021	31.03.2022
PVO at end of period	2,799.98	2,967.68	3,129.94	3,725.08	4,062.04
Plan Assets	-	-		-	-
Surplus/ (Deficit)	(2,799.98)	(2,967.68)	(3,129.94)	(3,725.08)	(4,062.04)
Experience adjustment on plan assets	-	-		-	-

Weighted average remaining duration of Defined Benefit Obligation 3.27

XXI Narrations

1 Analysis of Defined Benefit Obligations

The number of members under the scheme have decreased by 0.13%

The total salary has increased by 8.28% during the accounting period.

The resultant liability at the end of the period over the beginning of the period has increased by 9.05%.

2 Expected rate of return basis

Scheme is not funded EORA is not applicable

3 Description of plan Assets and Reimbursement conditions: Not Applicable

4 Investment / Interest Risk

Since the scheme is unfunded the company is not exposed to investment / interest risk.

5 Longevity Risk

The company is not exposed to risk of the employees living longer as the benefit under the scheme ceases on the employee separating from the employer for any Reason.

6 Salary Escalation Rate

The salary escalation rate has remain unchanged and hence there is no change in liability resulting in no actuarial gain or loss due to change in salary escalation rate

7 Discount Rate

The discount rate has increased from 6.16% to 7.05% and hence there is a decrease in liability leading to actuarial gain due to change in discount rate.

Note 41: Related Party Disclosures (As identified by the Management).

a) Related Party Relationship.

i) Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)

- Mr. Satish Chandra Malhotra - Chairman and Managing Director
- Mr. Ranjit Malhotra - Vice Chairman & Managing Director
- Mr. Dileep Malhotra - Jt. Managing Director
- Mr. Kabir Malhotra - Executive Director
- Mr. Suhas C. Nanda - Director Finance & Company Secretary

ii) Relatives of KMP

- Mrs. Uma Malhotra
- Ms. Anjali Malhotra

iii) Entities Controlled by KMP

- Randil Trading Company Pvt. Ltd.
- Empire Technical Services Pvt. Ltd.

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022
b) Related Party Transactions
i. Aggregate amount of Transactions with related party

Nature of Transaction	Name of the Related Party	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Rent Received	Randil Trading Co. Pvt. Ltd.	2.57	2.57
Rent Received	Empire Technical Services Pvt. Ltd.	13.01	13.01

ii. Aggregate amount of Transactions with Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives

Nature of Transactions	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel:		
Mr. S. C. Malhotra	12.80	15.56
Mr. Ranjit Malhotra	60.96	24.24
Mr. Dileep Malhotra	39.95	14.25
Mr. Kabir Malhotra	34.57	9.96
Mr. S. C. Nanda	130.38	99.76
Salary to relatives of Key Managerial Personnel:		
Ms. Anjali Malhotra	30.00	29.25
Interest paid on Fixed Deposits:		
Mr. S. C. Malhotra	-	24.18
Mr. Ranjit Malhotra	16.31	27.45
Mr. Dileep Malhotra	3.35	52.60
Mrs. Uma Malhotra	0.71	5.93
Fixed Deposits & Interest outstanding:		
Mr. S. C. Malhotra	-	-
Mr. Ranjit Malhotra	110.27	288.16
Mr. Dileep Malhotra	0.00	100.79
Mrs. Uma Malhotra	0.00	33.75

NOTE 42: Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

The Company's financial risk management is an integral part of how to plan and execute its business strategies. The Company's financial risk management policy is set by the Management Board. Market Risk is the risk of loss of future earning, fair values or future cash flow that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, equity prices and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market Risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investment and deposits, foreign currency receivables, payables and loans and borrowings. The Company manages market risk through its finance department, which evaluate and exercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management. The activities of this department include management of cash resources, implementing hedging strategies for foreign currency exposures, borrowing strategies, and ensuring compliance with market risk limits and policies.

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Exposure to interest rate risk

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Floating Rate Borrowings	13612.21	13512.76
Interest rate sensitivity	-	-

A change of 1% in interest rates would have following impact on profit before tax

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Floating Rate Borrowings	(136.12)	(135.12)
Interest rate sensitivity	136.12	135.12

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

Foreign Currency Risk

The Company is not exposed to significant foreign currency risk as at the respective reporting dates.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity Risk is defined as the risk that the Company will not be able to settle or meet its obligations on time or at a reasonable price. The Company's finance department is responsible for liquidity, funding as well as settlement management. In addition, processes and policies related to such risks are overseen by senior management. Management monitors the Company's net liquidity through rolling forecasts on the basis of expected cash flows.

Repayment of Borrowings as per below

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at	
	31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
Within the next 12 months	3,511.87	3,817.24
Between 2 to 5 years	6,563.05	6,247.88
5 years and above	2,089.41	3,547.09

Credit Risk

Credit risk arises from the possibility that counter party may not be able to settle their obligation as agreed. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses the financial reliability of customers, taking in to account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. Individual risk limit are set accordingly. The company considers the possibility of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis throughout each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the company compares the risk of a default occurring on the asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition.

Raw Material and Fuel Price Risk

The company is impacted by the price volatility of certain commodities like raw materials, packing materials and fuel. The Company is impacted by the price volatility of Fuels like Gas, Furnace Oil, etc. To minimize the risk related to fuel price change, the Company uses alternate fuel based on their market prices. The Company swaps and uses alternate fuels based on the cost of energy efficiency and, hence, quantification of sensitivity is not practical. To mitigate the volatility in market price of major raw materials, the company has entered into fixed price contract.

Note 43 : Capital Risk Management

The Company aims to manage its capital efficiently so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern and to optimize returns to our shareholders. The capital structure of the Company is based on management's judgement of the appropriate balance of key elements in order to meet its strategic and day-to-day needs. We consider the amount of capital in proportion to risk and manage the capital structure in light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. The Company may take appropriate steps in order to maintain, or if necessary adjust, its capital structure.

Note 44 : Fair Value Measurement

Financial Instrument by category and hierarchy The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest. The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs.

The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

1. Fair value of cash and short-term deposits, trade and other short term receivables, trade payables, other current liabilities, short term loans from banks and other financial institutions approximate their carrying amounts largely due to short term maturities of these instruments.
2. Financial instruments with fixed and variable interest rates are evaluated by the Company based on parameters such as interest rates and individual credit worthiness of the counterparty. Based on this evaluation, allowances are taken to account for expected losses of these receivables. Accordingly, fair value of such instruments is not materially different from their carrying amounts.

The fair values for Non-Current borrowings, loans and security deposits were calculated based on cash flows discounted using a current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counter party credit risk.

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

The Company uses the following hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1: quoted (unadjusted) prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Level 2: other techniques for which all inputs which have a significant effect on the recorded fair value are observable, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: techniques which use inputs that have a significant effect on the recorded fair value that are not based on observable market data.

₹ in lakhs

Particular	Fair Value			
	Carrying Amount as at 31st 2022	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets at Amortised cost				
Trade receivables	13,120.33	-	-	13,120.33
Cash and cash equivalents	4,868.91	-	-	-
Other bank balances	390.75	-	-	-
Loans and Advances	281.26	-	-	281.26
Total	18,661.25	-	-	13,401.59
Financial Liabilities at Amortised cost				
Long Term Borrowings	13,612.21	-	-	13,612.21
Short Term Borrowings	6,909.29	-	-	6,909.29
Trade payables	1,822.49	-	-	1,822.49
Lease Liability	1,034.73	-	-	1,034.73
Other financial liabilities	6,244.24	-	-	6,244.24
Total	29,622.96	-	-	29,622.96

₹ in lakhs

Particular	Fair Value			
	Carrying Amount as at 31st 2021	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial Assets at Amortised cost				
Trade receivables	9,441.57	-	-	9,441.57
Cash and cash equivalents	4,280.56	-	-	-
Other bank balances	542.12	-	-	-
Loans and Advances	325.87	-	-	394.36
Total	14,590.12	-	-	11,992.43
Financial Liabilities at Amortised cost				
Long Term Borrowings	13,519.91	-	-	13,519.91
Short Term Borrowings	8,052.73	-	-	8,052.73
Trade payables	1,875.30	-	-	1,875.30
Lease Liability	2,755.44	-	-	2,755.44
Other financial liabilities	8,509.50	-	-	8,509.50
Total	34,712.88	-	-	34,712.88

During the reporting period ending 31st March 2022 and 31st March 2021, there were no transfer between Level 1 and Level 2 fair value measurement.

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

Note 45: Operating Segments:

DISCLOSURES AS REQUIRED BY INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARD (Ind AS) 108 OPERATING SEGMENTS

Identifications of Segments :

The chief operational decision maker monitors the operating results of its Business segment separately for the purpose of making decision about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on profit or loss and is measured consistently with profit or loss in the standalone financial statements, Operating segment have been identified on the basis of nature of products and other quantitative criteria specified in the Ind AS 108.

Segment revenue and results:

The expenses and income which are not directly attributable to any business segment are shown as unallocable expenditure & income.

Segment assets and Liabilities:

Segment assets include all operating assets used by the operating segment and mainly consist of property, plant and equipments, trade receivables, Inventory and other operating assets. Segment liabilities primarily includes trade payable and other liabilities. Common assets and liabilities which can not be allocated to any of the business segment are shown as unallocable assets / liabilities.

	2021-2022 (Rs. In Lakhs)			2020-2021 (Rs. In Lakhs)		
	External	Inter -Segment	Total	External	Inter - Segment	Total
REVENUE						
Manufacturing	21,107.57	-	21,107.57	14,633.62	-	14,633.62
Trading, Business Support Service, Consultancy and Commission	17,829.89	-	17,829.89	22,718.17	-	22,718.17
Property Development	8,218.52	-	8,218.52	3,111.77	-	3,111.77
Others	7,247.64	-	7,247.64	8,562.57	-	8,562.57
Total Revenue	54,403.62	-	54,403.62	49,026.13	-	49,026.13
Less : Inter segment revenue						
Revenue from operations	54,403.62	-	54,403.62	49,026.13	-	49,026.13
RESULT						
Segment Result	-			-		
Manufacturing	1,069.45	-	1,069.45	1,255.42	-	1,255.42
Trading, Business Support Service, Consultancy and Commission	(3,318.78)	-	(3,318.78)	(4,275.27)	-	(4,275.27)
Property Development	1,530.43	-	1,530.43	50.31	-	50.31
Others	5,150.39	-	5,150.39	5,390.86	-	5,390.86
Total Result	4,431.49	-	4,431.49	2,421.32	-	2,421.32
Unallocable items :						
Less : Finance Cost	2,705.45	-	2,705.45	3,484.83	-	3,484.83
Add : Other Income	1,037.08	-	1,037.08	2,333.13	-	2,333.13
Profit before Tax	2,763.12	-	2,763.12	1,269.62	-	1,269.62
Un-allocated Expenditure						
Net of un-allocated Income	1,037.08	-	1,037.08	2,333.13	-	2,333.13
Finance Cost	2,705.45	-	2,705.45	3,484.83	-	3,484.83
Interest Income	632.36	-	632.36	400.13	-	400.13
Profit before Taxation	2,763.12	-	2,763.12	1,269.62	-	1,269.62
Provision for Taxation	393.76	-	393.76	(51.17)	-	(51.17)
Net Profit	2,369.36	-	2,369.36	1,320.79	-	1,320.79
Other comprehensive income	(1,111.76)	-	(1,111.76)	12.22	-	12.22
	1,257.60		1,257.60	1,333.01		1,333.01

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

Other information	Segment Assets		Segment Liabilities	
	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21
Manufacturing	15,609.36	16,311.23	7,447.07	8,002.91
Trading, Business Support Service, Consultancy and Commission	11,454.72	14,206.77	6,021.84	7,141.75
Property Development	12,014.51	10,857.37	1,539.21	1,573.62
Others	31,599.99	29,926.15	30,099.91	29,879.09
	70,678.58	71,301.52	45,108.03	46,597.37

Non Cash Expenses other than depreciation

Geographical Segment

	Capital Expenditure		Depreciation	
	2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21
Manufacturing	15,609.60	16,311.23	520.38	496.91
Trading, Business Support Service, Consultancy and Commission	11,454.74	14,206.77	503.53	964.09
Capital Work-in-Progress	899.73	7,465.00	-	-
Others	31,599.99	29,926.15	441.84	443.52
	59,564.06	67,909.15	1,465.75	1,904.52

₹ in lakhs

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022		As at 31st March, 2021
Revenue by geographical market			
India	47,188.43		30,806.52
Outside India	7,215.19		18,219.61
	54,403.62		49,026.13
Segment Assets			
India	70,678.58		71,301.52
Outside India		-	-
Capital Expenditure			
India	8,377.63		1,411.66
Outside India		-	-

- a) The management has identified following main business segments:
 - Manufacturing - comprising of manufacturing glass bottles, Trading, Business Support Service, Consultancy, Commission and Property development.
- b) Segment Revenue in each of the above domestic business segments primarily include Sales & service, commission income in respect segments.
 - Segment Revenue comprises of:
 - Sales, Commission, Property Development, Property Rent and other Operating Income
 - Other income excluding income from investments
- c) The Segment revenue in the geographical segments considered for the disclosure are as follows:
 - Domestic - comprising of sales to customers located within India and earnings in India.
 - International - comprising of sales to customers located outside India and Business support services, consultancy and commission.
- d) Segment Revenue, Results, Assets and Liabilities include the respective amounts identifiable to each of the segments and amounts allocated on a reasonable basis.

Note 46: During the year, the Company have paid an amount of Rs. 1870 Lakhs as additional customs duty claimed by the Supplier for previous period and an amount of Rs. 664.36 Lakhs as GST liability as assessed and determined by the statutory authorities.

Notes on Financial Statements for the Year ended 31st March, 2022

Note 47: Financial Ratios

The ratios as per the latest amendment to Schedule III are as below:

Particulars	As at 31st March, 2022	As at 31st March, 2021
1. Current ratio (Total current assets/Current liabilities) [Current liabilities: Total current liabilities - Current maturities of non current borrowings and lease obligations]	1.91	1.62
2. Debt equity ratio [Total debt: Non-current borrowings + Current borrowings + Non-current and current lease liabilities – Cash and cash equivalents - Other balances with banks (including non-current earmarked balances)]	0.70	0.85
3. Debt Service Coverage Ratio (#) (Earnings available for debt service/ Debt Service) Earning for Debt Service = Net Profit after taxes + Non-cash operating expenses like depreciation and other amortizations + Net finance charges + other adjustments like loss on sale of Fixed assets etc. [Net finance charges: Finance costs (excluding interest on current borrowings) - Interest income – Dividend income from current investments - Net gain/(loss) on sale of current investments] Debt service = Net finance charges + Scheduled principal repayments of noncurrent borrowings and lease obligations)	1.58	1.08
4. Return on Equity (ROE) % (*) (Profit after tax (PAT)/Average Equity) [Equity: Equity share capital + Other equity]	9%	5%
5. Inventory Turnover Ratio (*) Sales/ Average Inventory	6.45	4.15
6. Trade receivables turnover ratio Sales/ Avg. Accounts Receivable	5.18	5.00
7. Trade payables turnover ratio (*) Purchases / Average Trade Payables	12.11	8.28
8. Net capital turnover ratio Sales/ Working Capital Working Capital =Total current assets-Current liabilities [Current liabilities: Total current liabilities - Current maturities of non-current borrowings and lease obligations]	3.53	4.11
9. Net Profit Ratio (*) Net profit after tax/Sales	4.36%	2.69%
10. Return on capital employed EBIT/ Capital Employed EBIT= Profit before taxes +/-(-) Exceptional items + Net finance charges] [Net finance charges: Finance costs - Interest income -) Capital Employed: Equity share capital + Other equity + Non current borrowings + Current borrowings + Current maturities of long-term debt and leases + Deferred tax liabilities]	10.54%	8.87%

(#) Due to repayment of borrowings for Empire Foods - Export Division being shut down.

(*) The increase in profitability and turnover is especially due to better performance of Property development business and reduction of Interest cost due to repayment of borrowings.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Notes to Financial Statements

The notes are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date

S. C. MALHOTRA (DIN : 00026704)
RANJIT MALHOTRA (DIN : 00026933)
DILEEP MALHOTRA (DIN : 00027168)
KABIR MALHOTRA (DIN : 07019714)

Chairman
Vice Chairman & Managing Director
Joint Managing Director
Executive Director

for A. T. JAIN & CO.
Chartered Accountants
FRN 103886W

RAJBIR SINGH (DIN: 00826402)
C. P. SHAH (DIN: 00450394)
SUBODH CHANDRA (DIN: 02076844)
GEETANJALI R NAIDU (DIN: 08713727)
ANUJA N. MOHE (DIN : 09263246)

Directors

S. T. JAIN
Partner Membership No.33809

S. C. NANDA

Director Finance & Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai
Date: May 25, 2022

Mumbai, May 25, 2022

