

Ref: TMT/csmr/rm/20220907/BSE/A-R Submission

Date: 07.09.2022

To
The Secretary,
Listing Department,
The BSE Limited,
Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,
Dalal Street,
Mumbai – 400 001

Dear Sir,

Sub: -Submission of Annual Report for the Financial Year - 2021-22

Ref: Regulation 34(1) of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015

Ref: Scrip ID: 522171

Pursuant to Regulation 34(1) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015, we are enclosing here with, Annual Report of the Company along with Notice of Annual General Meeting of the Company for the Financial Year 2021-22

This is for your information and records.

Thanking you.

For TMT (India) Limited

A V Ramana Murthy Chief Financial Officer





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#### CORPORATE INFORMATION

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Tumbalam Gooty Veera Prasad
 Mr. Bhim Shankaram Kanda
 Mr. Bondili Bala Prasad Singh
 Mrs. Sunitha Markonda
 Mr. Ambati Venkata Ramana Murthy
 Mr. Venu Krishna Kishore Babu Pasam
 Mr. Pankaj Kumar Rawat
 Mranaging Director
 Independent Director
 Chief Financial Officer
 Wholetime Director
 Company Secretary

**CIN** L99999TG1976PLC002002

ISIN INE182E01010

**REGISTERED OFFICE** A-28, 2nd Floor, Journalist

Colony, Road No.70, Jubilee Hills

Hyderabad, TG -500033

LISTED AT The BSE Ltd.

AUDITORS Venugopal & Chenoy

Chartered Accountants

4-1-889/16/2 Tilak Road, Abids, Hyderabad, Telangana - 500001

**REGISTRARS & SHARE TRANSFER** 

**AGENTS** 

M/s. Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Private Limited

12-10-167, Bharat Nagar, Hyderabad - 500018

#### **BANKERS**

- State Bank of India, MJJ Road Branch, Nampally, Hyderabad.
- Axis Bank Limited, CTO Extn. Counter, Nampally, Hyderabad.
- Citibank N.A., Hyderabad

45th Annual Report for the year 2021-22



#### NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE 45<sup>TH</sup> ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE MEMBERS OF TMT (INDIA) LIMITED WILL BE HELD ON FRIDAY, THE 30<sup>th</sup> SEPTEMBER, 2022 AT 03:00 PM AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY SITUATED AT A-28, 2<sup>nd</sup> FLOOR, JOURNALIST COLONY, ROAD NO.70, JUBILEE HILLS, HYDERABAD 500033, TELANGANA, IN, TO TRANSACT THE FOLLOWING BUSINESS:

#### ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Balance Sheet of the Company as at 31st March, 2022 and the Statement of Profit and Loss Account and Cash Flow Statement for the financial year ended on that date along with the Report of Directors and the Auditors thereon.
- To appoint a Director in the place of Mr.Venu Krishna Kishore Babu Pasam, who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment
- To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s) the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to provisions of Section 139 and 141 and 142 of Companies Act, 2013, Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 and other applicable provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and the consent of the shareholders of the Company be and is hereby accorded for reappointment of M/s. Venugopal & Chenoy, Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration No 004671S) as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a period of 5 years from the conclusion of 45<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the Company till the conclusion of 50th Annual General Meeting of the Company" on such remuneration as may be agreed upon between the Statutory Auditors and the Board of Directors of the Company in addition to actual out-of-pocket expenses incurred by them for the purpose of audit and the applicable taxes, be and is hereby approved

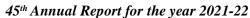
#### **SPECIAL BUSINESS:**

#### 4. Reappointment of Mr. T G Veera Prasad as Managing Director

To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification, the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 196, 197 and 203 read with Schedule V and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 ("including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force) and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and as recommended by Nomination Remuneration Committee, the consent of the Company be and is hereby accorded to the reappointment of Mr.Tumbalamgooty Veera Prasad (DIN: 01557951), as Managing Director of the Company for a period of five years commencing from 28th May, 2022 without remuneration and as per the terms and conditions as recommended by the nomination and remuneration committee and as set out in the explanatory statement annexed to the notice."

"RESOLVED FURTHER that the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorized to alter or vary the scope of remuneration of Tumbalamgooty Veera Prasad (DIN: 01557951), Managing Director including the monetary value thereof, to the extent recommended by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee from time to time as may be considered appropriate, subject to the overall limits specified by this resolution and the Companies Act, 2013."

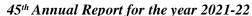




"RESOLVED FURTHER that any of the Directors of the Company be and are hereby authorised to do all necessary acts, deeds and things, which may be required to give effect to this resolution including filing of relevant returns with the Registrar of Companies."

BY THE ORDER OF THE BOARD For TMT (India) Limited

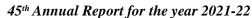
Place: Hyderabad Date: 13.08.2022 Sd/-T G Veera Prasad Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 01557951)





#### NOTES FOR MEMBERS:

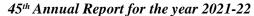
- Member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on a poll instead of him/her and such a proxy need not be a Member of the Company. A proxy shall not vote except on a poll. Proxies in order to be effective must be received at the Company's Registered Office not less than 48 hours before the meeting. A person cannot act as proxy for more than 50 members and holding in aggregate not more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company
- (2) Additional information in respect of Item No. 2 and 4 is annexed herewith as required under Regulation 36(3) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) and Secretarial Standards.
- (3) The Explanatory Statement as required under section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 is annexed hereto. Further, additional information with respect to Item No. 4 is also annexed hereto.
- (4) The Register of Members and Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from Saturday 24<sup>th</sup> September, 2022, to Friday 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2022 (both days inclusive).
- (5) Members / Proxies are requested to bring their copies of Annual Report with them for the Annual General Meeting and the attendance slip duly filled in for attending the Meeting. No copies of the Annual Report will be distributed at the meeting.
- (6) Members are requested to quote their Registered Folio No/ Client ID on all correspondence with the Company;
- (7) Members are requested to send all communication relating to shares to the Company's Registered Office situated at A-28, 2<sup>nd</sup> Floor, Journalist Colony, Road No.70, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad, TG- 500033;
- (8) Members holding shares in physical form are requested to immediately notify change in their address, if any, to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agents of the Company namely M/s. Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Private Limited having its Office at 12-10-167, Bharat Nagar, Hyderabad - 500018 quoting their folio Numbers;
- (9) To prevent fraudulent transactions, Members are advised to exercise due diligence and notify the Company of any change in address or demise of any member as soon as possible. Members are also advised not to leave their demat account(s) dormant for long. Periodic statement of holdings should be obtained from the concerned Depository Participant and holdings should be verified:
- (10) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) and Bank details by every participant in securities market. Members holding shares in electronic and physical form are, therefore, requested to submit the PAN and Bank details to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical form can submit their PAN and Bank details to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agents of the Company namely M/s. Venture Capital and Corporate Investments Private Limited having its Office at 12-10-167, Bharat Nagar, Hyderabad 500018 quoting their folio Numbers;
- (11) Members who hold shares in physical form can nominate a person in respect of all the shares held by them singly or jointly. Members who hold shares in single name are advised, in their





own interest to avail of the nomination facility. Members holding shares in dematerialized form may contact their respective depository participant(s) for recording nomination in respect of their shares;

- (12) The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has taken a "Green Initiative in the Corporate Governance" by allowing paperless compliances by companies and has issued circular stating that service of notice/documents including annual report can be sent by e-mail to its members. We fully support the Ministry's green initiative. Accordingly, the Members are requested to inform their e-mail addresses to the Company at its Registered Office;
- (13) Members holding shares in physical form in identical order of names in more than one folio are requested to send to the Company, the details of such folios together with the share certificates for consolidating their holding in one folio. A consolidated share certificate will be returned to such Members after making requisite changes thereon;
- (14) In case of joint holders attending the meeting, the Member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote;
- (15) SEBI has decided that securities of listed companies can be transferred only in dematerialised form. In view of the above and to avail various benefits of dematerialisation, Members are advised to dematerialise the shares held by them in physical form.
- (16) All the documents referred to in the Notice and explanatory statement will be available to the Members at the Registered Office of the Company between 10.30 A.M to 12.30 PM on all working days from the date hereof up to the date of the Meeting;
- (17) Members may also note that the Notice of the 45th Annual General Meeting and the Annual Report for 2021-22 will also be available on the Company's website at www.tmtindia.in for their download. The physical copies of the aforesaid documents will also be available at the Company's Registered Office for inspection during 10:30 A.M to 12:30 P.M on all working days till date of AGM. Even after registering for e-communication, members are entitled to receive such communication in physical form, upon making a request for the same, by post free of cost. For any communication, the Members may also send requests to the Company's email id: cstmtindia@gmail.com;
- (18) Members/Proxies should fill the attendance slip for attending the meeting and bring their attendance slip along with their copy of Annual Report to the meeting;
- (19) Corporate Members intending to send their authorized representatives to attend the meeting are requested to send to the Company a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorizing such a representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the meeting;
- (20) As per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 facility for making nominations is available for shareholders, in respect of the shares held by them. Nomination forms can be obtained from the Company.
- (21) Pursuant to Sections 101 and 136 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Rules framed thereunder, the Notice calling the Annual General Meeting along with the Annual Report 2021-22 would be sent by electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Depository or the Company/RTA. Members are requested to support this Green Initiative by registering/updating their e-mail addresses with the Depository Participant (in case of Shares





held in dematerialised form) or with RTA (in case of Shares held in physical form). For any communication, the Members may also send requests to the Company's email id: cstmtindia@gmail.com.

- 22. Members are requested to:-
- (a) intimate to RTA, changes, if any, in their registered addresses at an early date, in case of shares held in physical form;
- (b) intimate to the respective Depository Participant, changes, if any, in their registered addresses at an early date, in case of shares held in dematerialised form;
- (c) quote their folio numbers/Client ID/DP ID in all correspondence;
- (d) Consolidate their holdings into one folio in case they hold Shares under multiple folios in the identical order of names; and
- (e) register their Permanent Account Number (PAN) with their Depository Participants, in case of Shares held in dematerialised form and RTA/ Company, in case of Shares held in physical form, as directed by SEBI.

#### CDSL e-Voting System - For e-voting

a) In compliance with provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013, Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended by the Companies (Management and Administration) Amendment Rules, 2015 and Regulation 44(1) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Company is pleased to provide Members facility to exercise their right to vote on Resolutions proposed to be considered at the 45th Annual General Meeting (AGM) by electronic means and the business may be transacted through e-Voting Services. The facility of casting the votes by the Members using an electronic e-voting system from a place other than venue of the 45th Annual General Meeting (AGM) ("remote e-voting") will be provided by Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL).

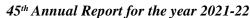
The facility for voting through polling paper shall be made available at the AGM and the members attending the meeting who have not cast their vote by remote e-voting shall be able to exercise their right at the meeting through ballot paper.

The members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the 45<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting (AGM) may also attend the 45<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting (AGM) but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again

In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.tmtindia.in. The Notice can also be accessed from the websites of the Stock Exchanges i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.

#### THE INTRUCTIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING

(i) The voting period begins on Tuesday, September 27<sup>th</sup> at 09:00hrs and ends on Thursday, September 29<sup>th</sup> at 17:00hrs. During this period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date i.e., Friday, 23<sup>rd</sup>





September, 2022 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.

- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- (iii) Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessiate registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

(iv) In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	1) Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The URL for users to login to Easi / Easiest are https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or visit www.cdslindia.com and click on Login icon and select New System Myeasi.
	<ol> <li>After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the e-voting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the e-voting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers i.e. CDSL/NSDL/KARVY/LINKINTIME, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.</li> <li>If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available</li> </ol>



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I	4)	Alternatively, the user can directly access e-voting page by providing Demat
I		Account Number and PAN No. from a e-voting link available on
I		www.cdslindia.com home page or click on https://evoting.cdslindia.com/
I		Evoting/EvotingLogin The system will authenticate the user by sending
I		OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After
I		successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-voting option where
I		the e-voting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of
I		all e-voting Service Providers.

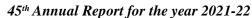
at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration.

#### Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL

- 1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-voting services. Click on "Access to e-voting" under e-voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
- 2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/ IdeasDirectReg.jsp
- 3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see evoting page. Click on company name or e-voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting

#### Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL

You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.





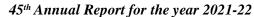
**Important note:** Members who who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at above mentioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.comor contact at 022- 23058738 and 22-23058542-43.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30.

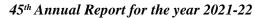
- Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.
  - 1) Shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
  - 2) Click on "Shareholders" module
  - 3) Now enter your User ID
    - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
    - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
    - Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
  - 4) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
  - 5) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
  - 6) If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

	For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)
	Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details OR Date of Birth (DOB)	<ul> <li>Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.</li> <li>If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in instruction (v).</li> </ul>





- VI. After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (vii) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (viii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (ix) Click on the EVSN for the relevant <Company Name> on which you choose to vote.
- (x) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xi) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xii) After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xiii) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xiv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xv) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- (xvi) Additional Facility for Non Individual Shareholders and Custodians For Remote Voting only.
  - Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
  - A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
  - After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
  - The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com
    and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
  - A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued
    in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the
    scrutinizer to verify the same.
  - Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; cstmtindia@gmail.com (designated email address by company), if they have voted from





individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022-23058738 and 022-23058542/43.

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL, ) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call on 022-23058542/43.

- 24. The voting rights of Members shall be in proportion to the shares held by them in the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on September, 23, 2022.
- 25. The Scrutinizer, after scrutinising the votes cast at the meeting through remote e-voting and during AGM will, not later than 48 hours from the conclusion of the Meeting, make a consolidated scrutinizer's report and submit the same to the Chairman. The results declared along with the consolidated scrutinizer's report shall be placed on the website of the Company www.tmtindia.in and on the website of CDSL www.cdslindia.com. The results shall simultaneously be communicated to the Stock Exchange.
- Route map showing directions to reach venue of 45<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting is attached to this Annual Report

BY THE ORDER OF THE BOARD For TMT (India) Limited

Sd/-T G Veera Prasad Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 01557951)

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### EXPLANATORY STATEMENT IN RESPECT OF THE SPECIAL BUSINESS PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013:

#### Item No. 3

M/s. Venugopal & Chenoy, Chartered Accountants, Hyderabad, (Firm Registration No. 004671S), were appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company at the 40<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting ('AGM') held on September 29, 2017 for a period of 5 years, up to the conclusion of 45th AGM. The first term of appointment M/s. Venugopal & Chenoy, Chartered Accountants shall expire at the conclusion of the current AGM. M/s. Venugopal & Chenoy, Chartered Accountants, being eligible for reappointment offer themselves for reappointment. Hence, the Board of Directors of the Company recommend reappointment of M/s. Venugopal & Chenoy, Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration No. 004671S) as Statutory Auditors of the Company. Based on the recommendations of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, it is hereby proposed to re-appoint M/s. Venugopal & Chenoy, Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration No. 004671S) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for the term of five consecutive years, who shall hold office from the conclusion of this AGM till the conclusion of the 50th AGM of the Company.

None of the Directors or Key Managerial Personnel of the Company or their relatives are interested or concerned, financially or otherwise, in the resolution.

#### Item No. 4

Mr. T G Veera Prasad, Managing Director of the company is the founder promoter of the Company and has been leading the Company during its crisis. As per the terms of appointment the term of office of Mr. T G Veera Prasad expires on 28.05.2022 and hence the Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on 28.05.2022 on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration committee, approved the appointment of Mr. T G Veera Prasad as Managing Director of the Company for a period of five years w.e.f 28.05.2022.

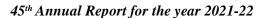
Pursuant to the provisions of Section 196 and 197 read with Schedule V of the Companies, Act, 2013 any such appointment and remuneration needs to be ratified by the members in their General Meeting.

Hence the Directors commend the Resolutions at Item No. 4 of the accompanying Notice for the approval of the Members of the Company.

Except for the appointee Director and their relatives, none of the other Directors or their relatives are interested in the resolution set out in item no. 4 of the notice.

BY THE ORDER OF THE BOARD For TMT (India) Limited

Sd/-T G Veera Prasad Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 01557951)





#### ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Information pursuant to 1.2.5 of the Secretarial Standard on General Meetings (SS- 2) regarding Director seeking appointment / re-appointment and

### (Pursuant to Regulation 36(3) SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure requirements) Regulation, 2015)

Name of the Director	Tumbalam Gooty Veera Prasad	Venu Krishna Kishore Babu Pasam
Date of Birth	05/07/1952	13/08/1965
Date of Appointment on the Board	08/09/2018	10/06/2020
Qualification, Experience & Expertise	B. Com with 41 years ofrich experience in variousfields like Mining, Chemicals, Transport, Engineering, LPG Cylindermanufacturing, Floricultureand many other areasHe was elected as ViceChairman, CII (Confederation of IndianIndustry), Andhra Pradesh in the year 1995 and servedas Chairman, CII, AndhraPradesh for the year 1996-97.He Played key role inreviving a large paperindustry in AndhraPradesh.	Mr Venu Krishna Kishore Babu Pasam, is a Post Graduate in law from Nagarjuna University and has P G Diploma in Industrial Relations and Personnel Management from Osmania University. He was a practicing advocate for 4 years before the Hon'ble High Court of AP, Industrial Tribunals and Labor Courts at Hyderabad and has 25+ years of extensive corporate experience in Service, Engineering, Telecom, Infrastructure, Real estate, Sports and Entertainment sectors. He worked with corporate giants like Reliance, GMR, TATA group of companies at various levels and has varied experience in Contract Management and handling corporate legal affairs with a proven ability to work cross functionally and multi-jurisdictionally providing comprehensive compliance and legal support whilst responding to a rapidly developing regulatory landscape.
Directorship in other companies (Excluding	M/s ARUNODAY LIFE SPACES PRIVATE LIMITED.	M/s ARUNODAY LIFE SPACES PRIVATE LIMITED
private limited compa- nies, foreign companies	M/s EODR DESIGN PRIVATE LIMITED.	
and section 25 Compa- nies	ELDORADO AVENUES PRIVATE LIMITED.	
Shareholding	6.50%	3.88%
Disclosures of relationship with other directors	NIL	NIL
Terms and Conditions of Appointment with details of Remuneration	Tumbalam Gooty Veera Prasad is proposed to be reappointed as Managing Director of the Company for a period of 5 Years, w.e.f 28.05.2022 without any remuneration	Venu Krishna Kishore Babu Pasam is being reappointed as Director retiring by rotation



45th Annual Report for the year 2021-22

Last drawn Remuneration, if any	NIL	Rs. 200,000 per month
No. of Board Meetings attended during the year	4	4

BY THE ORDER OF THE BOARD For TMT (India) Limited

Sd/-T G Veera Prasad Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 01557951)



#### **DIRECTORS' REPORT**

Your Directors hereby present the 45<sup>th</sup> Annual Report together with the Audited Accounts of the Company for the financial year ended 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022.

#### 1. FINANCIAL SUMMARY OR HIGHLIGHTS:

The financial highlights for the current year in comparison to the previous year are as under:

#### Amount in Lakhs

PARTICULARS	Current Year 2021-22	Previous year 2020-21
Total Revenue	43.55	15.30
Total Expenditure (before Financial Charges, Depreciation and Taxation)	158.71	382.96
Profit before Financial Charges, Depreciation and Taxation	(115.16)	(367.67)
Less: Depreciation	-	-
Less: Financial Charges	-	-
Profit Before Tax	(115.16)	(367.67)
Less: Provision for Tax & Deferred Tax	-	-
Profit After Tax	(115.16)	(367.67)
Net Loss/profit carried to Balance Sheet	(115.16)	(367.67)

During the financial year 2021-22, the Company has reported a total income of Rs.43.55 Lakhs as compared to Rs.15.30 Lakhs in the previous year resulting in a Loss of Rs.115.16 Lakhs compared to Loss of Rs. 367.67 Lakhs in the previous year.

#### 2. CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSNIESS:

There is no change in the nature of business of the Company.

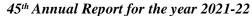
However, the Company has business operations in the civil contract works and the revenue of Rs. 43.55 Lakhs was generated out of the said business

#### 3. DIVIDEND:

In view of the accumulated losses, your Directors did not recommend any dividend for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022.

#### 4. TRANSFER TO RESERVES

Your Company did not transfer any amount to reserves during the period under review.





### 5. <u>DETAILS OF DIRECTORS OR KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL WHO WERE APPOINTED OR HAVE RESIGNED DURING THE YEAR:</u>

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013, Shri Mr. Venu Krishna Kishore Babu Pasam, Director of the Company retires by rotation and being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment.

During the period, Mrs. Sunitha Markonda has appointed as Independent Director of the Company for a period of 5 years w.e.f 30.06.2021 and the same was approved by the members in the 44<sup>th</sup> AGM of the Company held on 30<sup>th</sup> September, 2021. The term of appointment of Mr Tumbalam Gooty Veera Prasad, as Managing Director of the Company was expired on 28<sup>th</sup> May, 2022 and accordingly Board of Directors have approved his reappointment and a resolution proposing his appointment forms part of Notice of this AGM

Excepting above changes there are no changes in the office of Directors or office of Key Managerial Persons during the reporting period.

The details of various committees of the Board are given as Annexure - I and forms part of this report.

#### 6. POLICY ON DIRECTOR'S APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION AND OTHER DETAILS.

The Board has, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, framed a policy for selection and appointment of Directors and Senior Management personnel and fixes their remuneration. The detailed Nomination and Remuneration Policy is displayed on the Company's website viz. www.tmtindia.in.

### 7. COMPANIES WHICH HAVE BECOME OR CEASED TO BE ITS SUBSIDIARIES, JOINT VENTURES OR ASSOCIATE COMPANIES DURING THE YEAR:

This Company does not have any Subsidiaries, Associates or Joint Ventures.

#### 8. FIXED DEPOSITS:

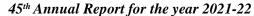
Your Company has not accepted any fixed deposits and as such no principal or interest was outstanding as on the date of the Balance sheet.

#### 9. STATUTORY AUDITORS:

The First term of appointment of the existing Auditors M/s Venugopal & Chenoy, Chartered Accountants, Hyderabad, expire at the conclusion of the 45<sup>th</sup> AGM. As per the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, they are eligible to be re-appointed and have expressed their willingness to be appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company due to professional occupancies.

Accordingly, Board of Directors of the Company propose their appointment for second term of 5 Years. Further the Notice convening the AGM contains a resolution for approval of members for reappointment of Statutory Auditors to hold office from the Conclusion of 45th Annual General meeting till Conclusion of 50th Annual General Meeting.

The Auditors' Report for F.Y. 2021-22 does not contain any qualifications. The Auditors' Report is enclosed with the Financial Statements in this Annual Report. The Statutory Auditors have not reported any incident of fraud to the Audit Committee of the Company under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, during the year under review.





#### 10. INTERNAL AUDITORS:

The Board of Directors based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee has appointed M/s. Sateesh & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Hyderabad, as the Internal Auditors for FY 2021-22.

#### 11. SECRETARIAL AUDIT:

Pursuant to provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Board has appointed M/s. P. S. Rao & Associates, Practicing Company Secretaries, to conduct Secretarial Audit for the financial year 2021-22. The Secretarial Audit Report, pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013, for the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2022 is given in Annexure II attached hereto and forms part of this Report.

#### 12. ANNUAL RETURN:

Copy of Annual Return of the Company is available on the website of the Company at www.tmtindia.in

#### 13. MEETINGS OF BOARD OF DIRECTORS

During the Financial year ended 31st March, 2022, Board of Directors met (4) Four times and gap between two Board meetings did not exceed 120 days.

30-06-2021   13-08-2021   13-11-2021   14-02-2022	30-06-2021	13-08-2021	13-11-2021	14-02-2022
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#### 14. DECLARATION GIVEN BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

All Independent Directors have given declarations that they meet the criteria of Independence as laid down under Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013.

The details of familiarization programme imparted to independent Directors is available at www.tmtindia.in

#### **Meeting of Independent Directors**

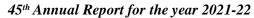
During the year under review, the Independent Directors met on 14<sup>th</sup> February, 2022 inter alia, to discuss:

- Evaluation of the performance of Non-Independent Directors and the Board of Directors as a whole:
- Evaluation of the performance of the Chairman of the Company, taking into account the views of the Executive and Non-Executive Directors.
- Evaluation of the quality, content and timelines of flow of information between the Management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties.

All the Independent Directors were present at the Meeting

#### 15. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS:

The details of Loans, Guarantees, Security provided and Investments made during the Financial Year ended March 31, 2022 is given in compliance with the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and the same is provided in the notes to financial statements.





#### 16. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES:

There were no contracts or arrangements with related parties as specified in section 188 (1) of the Act during the financial year 2021-22, except the transactions in the ordinary course of business and at arm's-length basis.

#### 17. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to sub-section (5) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and to the best of their knowledge and belief and according to the information and explanations obtained /received from the operating Management, your Directors make the following statement and confirm that

- (i) in the preparation of Annual Accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with the proper explanation relating to material departures, if any, there from;
- (ii) the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year the loss of the Company for that period
- (iii) the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities.
- (iv) the Directors have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis.
- (v) the Directors had laid down Internal Financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial Controls are adequate and were operating efficiently.
- (vi) the Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and Operating effectively.

#### 18. MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITMENTS:

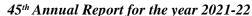
There are no material changes and commitments affecting the financial position of the Company have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of the report.

#### 19. RISK MANAGEMENT:

The Company has risk management mechanism in place which mitigates the risk at appropriate situations and there are no elements of risk, which in the opinion of Board of Directors may threaten the existence of the Company.

#### 20. VIGIL MECHANISM/ WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY:

Your Company believes in promoting a fair, transparent, ethical and professional work environment. The Board of Directors of the Company has established a Whistle Blower Policy & Vigil Mechanism in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 for reporting the genuine concerns or grievances or concerns of actual or suspected, fraud or violation of the Company's code of conduct. The said Mechanism is established for directors and employees to report their





concerns. The policy provides the procedure and other details required to be known for the purpose of reporting such grievances or concerns.

The details of the Whistle Blower Policy & Vigil Mechanism and other polices of the Company are posted on the website of the Company www.tmtindia.in.

#### 21. PERFORMANCE EVALUATION:

As mandated under the Companies Act, 2013, and the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the annual performance evaluation of the Directors individually vis-à-vis the Board and its committees have been carried out.

A structured questionnaire was prepared after taking into consideration inputs received from the Directors, covering various aspects of the Board's functioning such as adequacy of the composition of the Board and its Committees, Board culture, execution and performance of specific duties, obligations and governance.

A separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Directors including the Chairman of the Board, who were evaluated on parameters such as level of engagement and contribution, independence of judgments, safeguarding the interest of the Company and its minority shareholders etc.

The performance evaluation of the Independent Directors was carried out by the entire Board. The performance evaluation of the Chairman and the Non-Independent Directors was carried out by the Independent Directors. The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.

### 22. <u>ENERGY CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO</u>:

The details regarding Energy Conservation, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo as required by section 134(3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are given as **Annexure -III** and forms part of this report.

#### 23. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:

The information required pursuant to Section 197 read with Rule 5 of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 in respect of employees of the Company is herewith annexed as **Annexure-IV** to this report.

#### 24. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT:

Pursuant to the provisions of SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015, a report on Management Discussion& Analysis is herewith annexed as **Annexure -V** to this report.

#### 25. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

The Corporate Governance is not applicable to the Company as per SEBI Circular CIR/CFD/POLICY CELL/7/2014 dated 15th September, 2014 and as such this disclosure is not applicable.

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### 26. <u>DETAILS IN RESPECT OF ADEQUACY OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.</u>

The Company has in place proper and adequate internal control systems commensurate with the nature of its business, and size and complexity of its operations. Internal control systems comprising of policies and procedures designed to ensure reliability of financial reporting, timely feedback on achievement of operational and strategic goals, compliance with policies, procedure, applicable laws and regulations, and that all assets and resources are acquired are used economically.

### 27. <u>DETAILS ABOUT THE CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY POLICY DEVELOPED AND IMPLEMENTED BY THE COMPANY</u>:

The Company does not meet the Criteria as specified in Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 regarding Corporate Social Responsibility.

#### 28. SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS:

There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators/Courts which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

#### 29. MAINTENANCE OF COST RECORDS:

Company is not required to maintain cost records as specified by the Central Government under subsection (1) of section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.

### 30. <u>DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE</u> (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013:

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy.

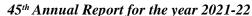
The following is a summary of sexual harassment complaints received and disposed off during the year:

- · No. of complaints received: Nil
- No. of complaints disposed of: Nil

#### 31. Insider Trading Regulations:

The Company has adopted an 'Code of Conduct to Regulate, Monitor and Report Trading by Insiders' ("the Code") in accordance with the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015 (The PIT Regulations).

The Code is applicable to Promoters, Member of Promoter's Group, all Directors and such Designated Employees who are expected to have access to unpublished price sensitive information relating to the Company. The Company Secretary is the Compliance Officer for monitoring adherence to the SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015.





The Company has also formulated 'The Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information (UPSI)' in compliance with the SEBI (PIT) Amendment Regulations, 2018. This Code is displayed on the Company's website viz. www.tmtindia.in

#### 32. ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS:

Your directors acknowledge the continued support from regulatory, government authorities, Bankers, staff and all the stake holders for their support and cooperation.

BY THE ORDER OF THE BOARD For TMT (India) Limited

Sd/-T G Veera Prasad Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 01557951)

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#### Annexure-I

#### **COMMITTEES OF DIRECTORS**

#### a. AUDIT COMMITTEE:

#### Brief description of terms of reference:

The Committee comprises of non-executive and independent Directors and has been formed to monitor and provide effective supervision of the financial control and reporting process. The terms of reference of the Committee covers the matters specified for Audit Committee as per section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. This inter-alia, include review of the financial reporting process, internal audit process, adequacy of internal control systems, management audit and risk management policies and also recommendation and appointment of the statutory auditors and their remuneration.

#### Composition:

S.No.	Name of the Director	Category	No. of meetings held during the year	No. of meetings attended
1.	Bondili Bala Prasad Singh	Chairman	4	4
2.	Markonda Sunitha	Member	4	4
3.	Bhim Shankaram Kanda	Member	4	4

The Chairman of the Audit Committee also attended the last Annual General Meeting of the Company. The Audit Committee meetings were held during the year under review on the following dates:

30-06-2021	13-08-2021	13-11-2021	14-02-2022
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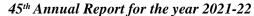
The necessary quorum was present at all the meetings.

#### Terms of reference

The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are as per SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, and Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and includes such other functions as may be assigned to it by the Board from time to time.

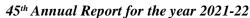
#### The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are as under:

- Oversight of Company's financial reporting process and disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statements are correct, sufficient and credible.
- Recommending to the Board, the appointment, re-appointment and if required, the replacement or removal of auditors and fixation of audit fee.
- Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by them.
- Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
- Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement to be included in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013
- changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same.
- Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management.
- Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit finding.





- Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements.
- Disclosure of any related party transactions.
- Review of draft Auditors Report, in particular qualifications / remarks / observations made by the Auditors on the financial statements.
- Management Discussion and Analysis of financial conditions and results of operations.
- Review of Statement of significant related party transactions submitted by the management.
- Review of management letters/letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the statutory auditors.
- Review of internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses.
- Review of appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Internal Auditor.
- Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the Board for approval.
- Review of the financial statements of subsidiary Companies.
- Review and monitor the auditor's independence, performance, and effectiveness of audit process.
- Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties.
- Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments.
- Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever necessary.
- Evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems.
- To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors.
- Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/ prospectus/ notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilization of proceeds of a public or rights issue and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter.
- Reviewing, with the management, performance of statutory and internal auditors, adequacy
  of the internal control systems.
- Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit.
- Discussion with internal auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on.
- Reviewing the risk management policies, practices and the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board.
- Discussion with statutory auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post audit discussion to ascertain any area of concerns.
- To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower Mechanism
- Approval of appointment / reappointment, remuneration of CFO (or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience & background, etc. of the candidate





- Carrying out any other function as may be mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee discharges its functions and obligations on regular basis and on the occurrence of the events.
- reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/investment by the holding company
  in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary,
  whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the
  date of coming into force of this provision.

#### b. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

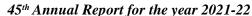
The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has been formed in compliance of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 comprising of 2 Independent Directors and 1 Non-Executive Director.

#### The terms of reference of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are as under:

- Formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees.
- Formulation of criteria for evaluation of Independent Directors and the Board. Devising a policy on Board diversity.
- Identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the Board the reappointment and removal.
- To recommend/review remuneration of Key Managerial Personnel based on their performance and defined assessment criteria.
- To decide on the elements of remuneration package of all the Key Managerial Personnel i.e. salary, benefits, bonus, stock options, pensions, etc.
- Recommendation of fee / compensation if any, to be paid to Non-Executive Directors, including Independent Directors of the Board.
- Payment / revision of remuneration payable to Managerial Personnel.
- While approving the remuneration, the committee shall take into account financial position of the Company, trend in the industry, qualification, experience and past performance of the appointee.
- The Committee shall be in a position to bring about objectivity in determining the remuneration package while striking the balance between the interest of the Company and shareholders.
- Any other functions / powers / duties as may be entrusted by the Board from time to time.

S.No.	Name of the Director	Category	No. of meetings held during the year	No. of meetings attended
1.	Bondili Bala Prasad Singh	Chairman	2	2
2.	Markonda Sunitha	Member	2	2
3.	Bhim Shankaram Kanda	Member	2	2

The Nomination and Remuneration committee met on 30.06.2021, 14.02.2022 in the FY 2021-2022.





#### c. STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

The composition of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee is as under:

Name of the Director	Nature of Directorship	
Bondili Bala Prasad Singh	Chairman	
Markonda Sunitha	Member	
Bhim Shankaram Kanda	Member	

The Committee reviews the security transfers / transmissions, process of dematerialization and the investors' grievances and the systems dealing with these issues.

In accordance with SEBI (Listing Obligation Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 the Board has authorized the Compliance Officer, to approve share transfers / transmissions and comply with other formalities in relation thereto.

All investor complaints, which cannot be settled at the level of the Compliance Officer, will be placed before the Committee for final settlement.

There were no complaints pending for redressal during the year under review.

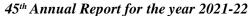
#### Terms of reference

The terms of reference of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee are as under:

- Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the Company including complaints related
  to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared
  dividends, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meetings etc.
- Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the Company in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent.
- Review of the various measures and initiatives taken by the Company for reducing the quantum
  of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/
  statutory notices by the shareholders of the company.

BY THE ORDER OF THE BOARD For TMT (India) Limited

Sd/-T G Veera Prasad Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 01557951)





Annexure- II

### Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

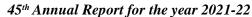
For The Financial Year Ended 31st March, 2022

To, The Members, TMT (India) Limited, A-28, 2nd Floor, Journalist Colony, Road No.70, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad, Telangana.

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s TMT (India) Limited, (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, We hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 has complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

- We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on 31<sup>st</sup> March, 2022 according to the provisions of:
  - (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
  - (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
  - (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
  - (iv) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
    - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
    - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015:
- Provisions of the following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') were not applicable to the Company under the financial year under report:-
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021





- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2018:
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; and
- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018;
- 3. We have also examined compliance with the applicable Listing Regulations entered into by the Company with BSE Limited

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

#### We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

We further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

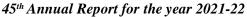
We further report that during the year under report, the Company has not undertaken any event / action having a major bearing on the Company's affairs in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines, standards, etc. referred to above viz.

> For P.S. Rao & Associates **Company Secretaries**

Sd/-Mohit Gurjar **Company Secretary** C.P. No.: 18644

UDIN: A020557D000793472

Date: 13.08.2022 Place: Hyderabad





'ANNEXURE A'

To, The Members, TMT (India) Limited Hyderabad

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

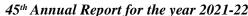
- Maintenance of of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- 2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- 4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor
  of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the
  Company.

For P.S. Rao & Associates Company Secretaries

Sd/-Mohit Gurjar Company Secretary C.P. No.: 18644

UDIN: A020557D000793472

Date: 13.08.2022 Place: Hyderabad





Annexure - III

### ENERGY CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

The details regarding Energy Conservation, Technology Absorption, Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo as required by section 134(3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are given as below.

#### A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY:

i. The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy:

The operations of the Company are not power intensive. However, it is very careful in using the power to reduce the cost of maintenance and conserve the resources.

ii. Steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy:

As the Company is not a power intensive Company, there are no requirements for utilizing of alternate sources of energy.

iii. The capital investment on energy conservation equipments:

The Company has not made any additional investments and has not proposed any amount for reduction of consumption of energy.

#### **B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION:**

(i) the efforts made towards technology absorption : NIL
 (ii) the benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, Product development or import substitution : NIL

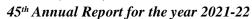
(iii) In case of imported technology (imported during the last 3 years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year), following information may be furnished:

(a) the details of technology imported :No technology imported during the last 3 years

(b) the year of import: NA(c) whether the technology been fully absorbed: NA

(d) if not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken : NA place, and the reasons thereof

(iv) the expenditure incurred on Research and Development : NIL





#### C) FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO:

Activities relating to exports and initiatives taken to increase export products, services and export plans Foreign Exchange earnings and outgo: (on receipts and payments basis)

		(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Foreign Exchange Earnings	NIL	NIL
Foreign Exchange Outgo	-	-

BY THE ORDER OF THE BOARD For TMT (India) Limited

Sd/-T G Veera Prasad Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 01557951)

45th Annual Report for the year 2021-22



Annexure-IV

#### Report on Managerial Remuneration

As per Section 197 of the Companies Act 2013
Read with Rule 5 of The Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

Details pertaining to remuneration as required under Section 197 (12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014

i) The percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary during the financial year 2021-22, ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2021-22:

Name of the Director/ Key Manga	Remuneration of Director KMP for the financial year 2021-22 (Rs.in Lakhs)	% increase in Remuneration in the Financial year 2021-22	Ratio of remuneration of each Director/to median remuneration of employees
T G V Prasad	NA	NA	NA
*Venu Kishore Babu Pasam	6.00	-75%	1
Pankaj Kumar Rawat	2.40	NIL	0.4
Ambati Venkata Ramana Murthy	7.94	5.06%	1.323

- ii) The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year: NIL
- iii) The number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company as at March 31, 2022
- iv) Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration: NIL
- v) The Company affirms that remuneration to the Directors and Key Managerial Personnel is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.
- vi) Statement of Particulars of Employees Pursuant to Provisions of Rule 5(2) of Section 197(12) of the Companies Act 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014.

There are no employees who are in receipt of remuneration more than Rs. One Crore and Two Lakh per annum or Rs. Eight Lakhs and Fifty Thousand per month

## TMT (India) Limited 45th Annual Report for the year 2021-22



### BY THE ORDER OF THE BOARD For TMT (India) Limited

Sd/-T G Veera Prasad Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 01557951)

45th Annual Report for the year 2021-22



Annexure-V

#### **MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS**

#### **OVERVIEW:**

The financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013, guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) and other statutory requirements. Our Management accepts responsibility for the integrity and objectivity of these financial statements, as well as for various estimates and judgments used therein. The estimates and judgments relating to the financial statements have been made on a prudent and reasonable basis, so that the financial statements reflect in a true and fair manner the form and substance of transactions and reasonably present our state of affairs, profits and cash flows for the year.

#### INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENT:

#### **ECONOMIC OVERVIEW:**

As the Ukraine conflict impacts the global GDP, India is projected to grow by 6.4 per cent in 2022, slower than the last year's 8.8 per cent but still the fastest-growing major economy, with higher inflationary pressures and uneven recovery of the labour market curbing private consumption and investment, according to a UN report.

The UN Department of Economic and Social Affairs said in its World Economic Situation and Prospects (WESP) report released on Wednesday that the war in Ukraine has upended the fragile economic recovery from the pandemic, triggering a devastating humanitarian crisis in Europe, increasing food and commodity prices and globally exacerbating inflationary pressures.

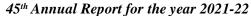
The global economy is now projected to grow by only 3.1 per cent in 2022, down from the 4.0 per cent growth forecast released in January 2022. Global inflation is projected to increase to 6.7 per cent in 2022, twice the average of 2.9 per cent during 2010-2020, with sharp rises in food and energy prices, it said.

The report said that the outlook in South Asia has deteriorated in recent months, against the backdrop of the ongoing conflict in Ukraine, and higher commodity prices and potential negative spillover effects from monetary tightening in the United States. The regional economic output is projected to expand by 5.5 per cent in 2022, which is 0.4 percentage points lower than the forecast released in January.

India, the largest economy in the region, is expected to grow by 6.4 per cent in 2022, well below the 8.8 per cent growth in 2021, as higher inflationary pressures and uneven recovery of the labour market will curb private consumption and investment, it said. For the fiscal year 2023, India's growth is forecast to be 6 percent.

Lead Author & Chief, Global Economic Monitoring Branch, Economic Analysis and Policy Division, United Nations Department of Economic and Social Affairs Hamid Rashid told reporters at the UN Headquarters that almost all regions in the world are affected by high inflation except for East Asia and South Asia. He said India in that sense is a little bit in a better position as it did not have to aggressively pursue monetary tightening compared to other countries in Latin America. Brazil has raised interest rates repeatedly.

India's projected growth for 2022 is 6.4 per cent, a downward adjustment of 0.3 per cent from January. We expect Indian recovery to remain strong in the near term, in the next year and two, but again we cannot completely discount the downside risk that would come from external channels. So that risk is still there, he said. The report added that higher prices and shortages of farming inputs including fertilisers





are likely to persist in the region, negatively impacting the agricultural sector in Bangladesh, India, Pakistan, and Sri Lanka.

This will probably result in weaker harvests and exert further upward pressures on food prices in the near term, the report said. It said along with higher energy prices, elevated prices of food will likely increase food insecurity across the region. Consumer price inflation in the region is expected to accelerate to 9.5 per cent in 2022, from 8.9 per cent in 2021.

The report also said that tighter external financial conditions will adversely affect regional growth prospects, especially for countries with high exposure to global capital markets facing debt distress or risks of debt default. The pandemic left many countries with large fiscal deficits and higher and unsustainable levels of public debt. Sri Lanka is currently facing a debt crisis and discussing a new IMF-supported programme to bring its economy out of the crisis, it said.

The downgrades in growth prospects are broad-based, including the world's largest economies the United States, China and the European Union and the majority of other developed and developing economies, it said. The growth prospects are weakening particularly in commodity-importing developing economies, driven by higher energy and food prices. The outlook is compounded by worsening food insecurity, especially in Africa, it added.

Growth forecasts for the United States, European Union and China have been revised downward, with the European Union registering the most significant downward revision. The European Union economy most directly hit by disruptions in the energy supply from the Russian Federation is now expected to grow by 2.7 per cent in 2022, down from 3.9 per cent expected in January.

The United States economy is expected to grow by 2.6 per cent in 2022 and 1.8 per cent next year, while China is expected to grow by 4.5 per cent in 2022 and 5.2 per cent in 2023. The developing countries, as a group, are projected to grow by 4.1 per cent in 2022, down from 6.7 per cent in 2021, the report said.

The war in Ukraine in all its dimensions is setting in motion a crisis that is also devastating global energy markets, disrupting financial systems and exacerbating extreme vulnerabilities for the developing world, UN Secretary-General Antonio Guterres said. We need quick and decisive action to ensure a steady flow of food and energy in open markets, by lifting export restrictions, allocating surpluses and reserves to those who need them, and addressing food price increases to calm market volatility, he said

Source: https://www.business-standard.com/article/current-affairs/india-retains-top-spot-as-fastest-growing-major-economy-un-report-122051900021\_1.html

#### **OPERATIONS:**

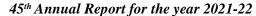
The Operations of the Company are at minimal scales and the management is actively working towards bagging new orders for execution and is evaluating all the possibilities of bringing back the glory of the Company with good order book and generation of sizable revenues.

#### **FUTURE OUTLOOK:**

The management is successful in scouting for new orders and markets. In the coming years, the management will strive to identify and produce distinct varieties of products to cater to the needs of overseas markets.

#### **OPPORTUNITIES & THREATS**

**Strength:** Huge demand for natural agro products produced in India in foreign countries, providing high export potential.





**Weakness:** The necessity of any product is mostly unpredictable and in this connection needs to be purchased in bulk quantity whenever it is available, requiring heavy capital investments in stocks.

**Opportunities:** We are a historical Company having vast amount of experience which will enable us to execute any orders received by the Company.

**Threats:** The business of the Company is exposed to normal industry threats.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND ITS ADEQUACY

The philosophy we have with regard to internal control systems and their adequacy has been formulation of effective systems and their strict implementation to ensure that assets and interests of the Company are safeguarded; checks and balances are in place to determine the accuracy and reliability of accounting data. The Company has a well defined organization structure with clear functional authority, limits for approval of all transactions. The Company has a strong reporting system, which evaluates and forewarns the management on issues related to compliance. Company updates its internal control system from time to time, enabling it to monitor employee adherence to internal procedures and external regulatory guidelines.

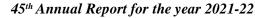
#### FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE:

(Rs in Lacs)

		( 113 III Lacs)
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Total Income	42.40	15.30
Total Expenses	158.71	382.96
Profit Before Taxation	(115.16)	(367.67)
Profit after Tax	(115.16)	(367.67)
Earnings per Equity share - Basic & Diluted	(1.78)	(7.30)

#### **KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS:**

S. No	Particulars	2021-22	2020-21	Change as a %	Reason for change
1	Debtors Turnover	1.19	0.23	408%	Increase in sales and reduction in Debtors
2	Inventory Turnover	2.05	0.72	184%	Increase in Turnover without any increase inventories holdings
3	Debt to Equity Ratio	-1.45	-1.76	-17%	NA
4	Interest Coverage Ratio	0	-	-	NA
5	Current Ratio	7.47	31.16	-76%	Reduction in receivables lead to overall reduction in value of Current Assets
6	Operating Profit Margin	-2.72	-24.04	-89%	Increase in sales and reduction in Other expenses
7	Net Profit Margin	-207.67	-2,403.78	-91%	Increase in sales and reduction in Other expenses
8	Return on Net Worth	0.29	-1.18	-125%	Increase in sales and reduction in Other expenses





#### PERSONNEL:

Human wealth is the ultimate wealth for any industry. The Company recognizes this fact and understands that employees are one of the most important sources for sustained growth of any business. Quality personnel delivering their optimum potential for the organization is the key differentiator. The Company maintained good relations with its employees and there was no unrest in the Company at any point of time.

Industrial relations in the organization continued to be cordial and progressive.

#### **HEALTH AND SAFETY:**

The Company places considerable emphasis on health and safety throughout its operation and displays commitment to ensure the high standards being maintained in compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

#### FORWARD LOOKING / CAUTIONARY STATEMENT:

Certain statements in the Management Discussion & Analysis Report detailing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates, expectations or predictions may be forward looking statements within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. These statements being based on certain assumptions and expectation of future event, actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the Company's operations include economic conditions affecting domestic demand supply conditions, finish goods prices, changes in Government Regulations and Tax regime etc. The Company assumes no responsibility to publicly amend, modify or revise any forward looking statements on the basis of subsequent developments, information or events.

> BY THE ORDER OF THE BOARD For TMT (India) Limited

Sd/-T G Veera Prasad Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 01557951)

Place: Hyderabad Date: 13.08.2022



45th Annual Report for the year 2021-22

#### **DECLARATION OF COMPLIANCE OF CODE OF CONDUCT:**

TMT (India) Limited has adopted a Code of Business Conduct and Ethics (the Code) which applies to all the employees and Directors of the Company. Under the Code, it is the responsibility of all the employees and directors to familiarize themselves with the code and comply with its standards.

I hereby certify that the Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct of the Company for the year 2021-22.

BY THE ORDER OF THE BOARD For TMT (India) Limited

Sd/-T G Veera Prasad Chairman & Managing Director (DIN: 01557951)

Place: Hyderabad Date: 13.08.2022

45th Annual Report for the year 2021-22



#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT**

To The Members of TMT (India) Limited Hyderabad

#### Report on the Audit of the Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the standaloneInd AS financial statements of **TMT (INDIA) LIMITED** ("the Company"), which comprises the balance sheet as at 31<sup>st</sup> March 2022, and the statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as "Ind AS financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, its profit (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

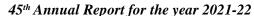
Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of mostsignificance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Accuracy of recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosures of revenues and other related balances in view of adoption of Ind AS 115 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (new revenue accounting standard) Principal Audit Procedures We assessed the Company's process to identify the impact of adoption of the new revenue accounting standard. Our audit approach consisted testing of the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls and substantive testing as follows: The application of the new revenue accounting standard involves

#### Auditor's response

Principal Audit Procedures: We assessed the Company's process to identify the impact of adoption of the new revenue accounting standard. Our audit approach consisted testing of the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls and substantive testing as follows: The application of the new revenue accounting standard involves certain key judgments relating to identification of distinct performance obligations, determination of transaction price of the identified performance obligations, the appropriateness of the basis used to measure revenue recognised over a period.





certain key judgments relating to identification of distinct performance obligations, determination of transaction price of the identified performance obligations, the appropriateness of the basis used to measure revenue recognised over a period. Additionally, new revenue accounting standard contains disclosures which involves collation of information in respect of disaggregated revenue and periods over which the remaining performance obligations will be satisfied subsequent to the balance sheet date.

Additionally, Evaluated the design of internal controls relating to implementation of the new revenue accounting standard. Selected a sample of continuing and new contracts, and tested the operating effectiveness of the internal control, relating to identification of the distinct performance obligations and determination of transaction price. Performed analytical procedures reasonableness of revenues disclosed by type and service offerings. We reviewed the collation of information and the logic of the report generated from the budgeting system used to prepare the disclosure relating to the periods over which the remaining performance obligations will be satisfied subsequent to the balance sheet date.

#### Other Information:

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexure to Board's Report, Business Responsibility Report, Corporate Governance and Shareholder's Information, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

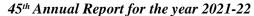
In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information; we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.





#### Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

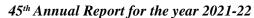
As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also
  responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial
  controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness
  of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.



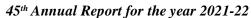


#### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure A, a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
- In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
- 3. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- In our opinion, the aforesaid Standalone Financial Statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended;
- 5. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act;
- With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".
- In our opinion, managerial remuneration for the year ended March 31, 2022 has been provided/ paid by the Company to their directors in accordance with the requirements of section 197 of the Act, as amendedread with Schedule V of the Act.
- 8. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - There no pending litigations which impacts on companies financial position in its financial statements;
  - The company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
  - There were no amounts, required to be transferred to the InvestorEducation and Protection Fund by the Company.
  - d. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, other than as disclosed in the notes to the accounts:
    - (i) no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;





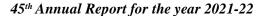
- (ii) no funds have been received by the company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries; and
- (iii) Based on audit procedures which we considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to their notice that has caused them to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) contain any material mis-statement.
- e. Dividend declared/paid during the year has been made/ provided by the Company in compliance with Section 123 of the Act.

For VENUGOPAL & CHENOY. CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS, FRN: 004671S

Sd/-(P.V.SRI HARI) **Partner** Membership No.021961

UDIN: 22021961AJWUTH7431

Place: Hyderabad Date: 30.05.2022

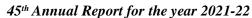




#### Annexure "A" to the Auditors' Report

The Annexure A referred to in our Independent Auditor's Report to the members of the Company on the Standalone financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2022, we report that:

- (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment, Capital work-in-progress and relevant details of right-of-use of assets.
  - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible Assets
  - (b) The Company has a regular programme of physical verification of its fixed assets by which fixed assets are verified during the year. In accordance with this programme, fixed assets were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, this periodicity of physical verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company does not held any immovable properties. Consequently, clauses 3(i)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
  - (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not revalued its Property, Plant and Equipment (including Right of Use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year.
  - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no proceedings have been initiated or are pending against the Company for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and rules made thereunder.
- ii. In respect of Inventories:
  - (a) (A) The inventories have been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable.
    - (B) The coverage and procedures of physical verification of inventories followed by the management are reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the Company and the nature of its business.
    - (C) The Company has maintained proper records of the said stocks. As explained to us, there were no material discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to the book records.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company does not have any working capital limits in excess of Rs.5 crores, in aggregate, at points of time during the year, from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. Hence, paragraph 2(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- iii. During the year, the Company has not granted any loans secured or unsecured to parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Act. Hence, paragraph 3(iii) of the Order is not applicable.
- iv. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has complied with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Act, with respect to the loans, investments, guarantees and securities.
- v. The Company has not accepted any deposits, within the meaning of provisions of sections 73 to 76 or any other relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under.
- vi. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not required to maintain Cost records under Central Government under sub-section (1) of the section 148 of the Act.
- vii. In respect of statutory dues:
  - a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of examination of the records of the Company, amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of account in respect of

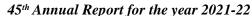




undisputed statutory dues including provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, Goods and service tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues have been regularly deposited during the year by the Company with the appropriate authorities.

According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts are payable in respect of income tax, Goods and services tax, duty of customs, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31 March 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

- b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no disputed dues of Sales tax, Service tax, Duty of Custom and Duty of Excise which have not been deposited on March 31, 2022.
- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of examination of the records, there were no transactions which are not recorded in the books of account have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- ix. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of examination of the records, the company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans along with interest to the Banks.
  - (b) The company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender:
  - (c) To the best of our knowledge and belief, in our opinion, during the year company has not availed any term loans availed. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
  - (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or Associates.
  - (f) The Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries or associates.
- x. (a) The Company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loans during the year. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (x) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) During the year the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of sharesor convertible debentures (full or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause (x)(b) of Order is not applicable.
- xi. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, no material fraud by the company or on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and up to the date of this report.
  - (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, there were no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year and upto the date of this report.
- xii. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with sections 177





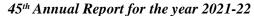
and 188 of the Act where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards;

- xiv. (a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
  - (b) We have considered the internal audit reports issued to the Company during the year.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and hence provisions of Section192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, The Company is not required to be registered undersection 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a),(b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable
  - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, The Company does not have any Core Investment Company as part of the group and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- xvii. According to the information and explanations given to us, the unit has incurred cash losses of Rs. 115.16 lakhs in the financial year and Rs. 367.67 lakhs in the immediately preceding financial year
- xviii. As we are the continuing auditor of this Company, paragraph 3(xviii) is not applicable.
- xix. On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within aperiod of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- xx. (a) Corporate Social Responsibility is not applicable to the company for the FY 2021-22. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
  - (b) In respect of ongoing projects, the Company does not have any unspent Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) amount as at the end of the financial year. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xx)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- xxi. The Company is not required to prepare consolidated financial statements and reporting under clause 3(xxi) of the Order is not applicable.

For VENUGOPAL & CHENOY, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS, FRN: 004671S

Sd/-( P.V.SRI HARI ) Partner Membership No.021961 UDIN: 22021961AJWUTH7431

Place: Hyderabad Date: 30.05.2022





## Annexure - "B" to the Auditors' Report

# Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of M/s. TMT (INDIA) LIMITED ("the Company") as of 31 March 2022 in conjunction with our audit of Ind AS financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

#### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

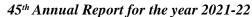
Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are





recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For VENUGOPAL & CHENOY, CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS, FRN: 004671S

Sd/-( P.V.SRI HARI ) Partner Membership No.021961 UDIN: 22021961AJWUTH7431

Place: Hyderabad Date: 30.05.2022

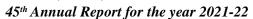
# 45th Annual Report for the year 2021-22



## BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH, 2022

(Amount in RS.)

PARTICULARS	Note No.	As per March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
ASSETS			
Non-current assets			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	7	1,85,079	1,70,797
(b) Capital work-in-progress		-	-
(c) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments	8	41,56,901	17,07,485
(d) Deferred tax Assets (net)		-	-
(e) Other non-current Assets		-	-
Current Assets			
(a) Inventories	9	20,73,444	20,73,444
(b) Financial Assets			
(i) Investments		-	-
(ii) Trade Receivables	10	9,29,089	61,99,482
(iii) Cash & Cash Equivalents	11	13,51,054	21,32,888
(iv) Loans	12	1,15,75,788	1,19,82,528
(c) Current Tax Assets		-	-
(d) Other Current Assets		-	-
Total		2,02,71,355	2,42,66,624
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
(a) Equity Share Capital	1	4,95,38,000	4,95,38,000
(b) Other Equity	2	(8,94,94,935)	(8,06,88,984)
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings	3	5,80,96,865	5,46,99,164
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)		-	-
(c) Other non-current liabilities		-	-
Current liabilities			
(a) Financial Liabilities			
(i) Borrowings		-	-
(ii) Trade payables		-	-
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterpriese		-	-
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro	_	4	
and small enterpriese	4	14,13,844	
(b) Other current liabilities	5	6,42,481	7,18,443
(c) Provisions	6	75,100	-
(d) Current Tax Liabilities		-	-
Total Equity and Liabilities		2,02,71,355	2,42,66,624





As per our report of even date attached

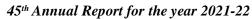
For Venugopal & Chenoy Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 004671S For and on behalf of the Board of TMT (India) Limited

Sd/-CA P.V. Sri Hari Partner M.No.021961 UDIN: 22021961AJWUTH7431 Sd/-(TG Veera Prasad) Managing Director DIN: 01557951 Sd/-(Venu Krishna Kishore Babu Pasam) Whole time Director

DIN: 06734586

Sd/-(Ambati Venkata Ramana Murthy) CFO Sd/-(Pankaj Kumar Rawat) Company Secretary

Place: Hyderabad Date: 30.05.2022





## Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022

(Amount in RS.)

Income	PARTICULARS	Note No	As on March 31, 2022	As on March 31, 31.03.2021
13			2022	31.03.2021
ii) Other Income (1)  Expenses  i) Cost of material consumed ii) Purchase of Stock in Trade iii) Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock in trade and work in progress iv) Employees' Benefit Expenses vi) Depreciation & Amortization Expenses vii) Ctar Expenses vii) Ctar Expenses vii) Ctar Expenses vii) Ctar Expenses viii) C				
Total Income (I)  Expenses  i) Cost of material consumed ii) Purchase of Stock in Trade iii) Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock in trade and work in progress iv) Employees' Benefit Expenses vi) Depreciation & Amortization Expenses vii) Other Expenses Total expenses (II)  Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (I-II) Exceptional Items-expenses/(income)  Profit/(loss) Before Tax Tax Expenses - Current Tax - Adjustments relating to prior periods - Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense  Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect  Income Tax effect Total Other Comprehensive Income en of tax (B) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  43,54,754  515,29,532  4,18,533  - 16,46,800 28,44,000 - 11,718 - 18,718 - 18,7178 - 18,727,74 - 18,733 - 18,44,000 - 18,44,000 - 18,44,000 - 18,44,000 - 18,44,000 - 18,44,000 - 18,44,000 - 18,44,000 - 18,44,000 - 18,44,000 - 18,58,70,704 - 18,58,733 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,533 - 18,418,53 - 18,418,53 - 1	,		l ''	15,29,531
Expenses i) Cost of material consumed ii) Purchase of Stock in Trade iii) Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock in trade and work in progress iv) Employees' Benefit Expenses vi) Depreciation & Amortization Expenses vii) Other Expenses Vi) Depreciation & Amortization Expenses vii) Other Expenses Ito 11,718 -	/	14		- 45 20 522
ii) Cost of material consumed ii) Purchase of Stock in Trade iii) Purchase of Stock in Trade and work in progress iv) Employees' Benefit Expenses iv) Employees' Benefit Expenses iv) Depreciation & Amortization Expenses vii) Other Expenses vii) Other Expenses Total expenses (II)  Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (I-II) Exceptional Items-expense/(income)  Profit/(loss) Before Tax Tax Expenses - Current Tax - Adjustments relating to prior periods - Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense Profit/(loss) for the Year (A) Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through Other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  15 16,46,800 28,44,000 11,7718 - 14,78,703 11,718 - 14,2,12,186 3,50,33,647 1,58,70,704 3,82,96,180 (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647) - (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647) - (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)			43,34,734	15,29,532
iii) Purchase of Stock in Trade iii) Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock in trade and work in progress iv) Employees' Benefit Expenses v) Employees' Benefit Expenses v) Employees' Benefit Expenses v) Permance Cost v) Depreciation & Amortization Expenses vii) Other Expenses Total expenses (II)  Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (I-II) Exceptional Items-expense/(income)  Profit/(loss) Before Tax Tax Expenses - Current Tax - Adjustments relating to prior periods - Deferred Tax  Total Tax Expense  Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect  ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  - 4,18,533  15 16,46,800 28,44,000 11,71,718			_	_
and work in progress iv) Employees' Benefit Expenses v) Finance Cost v) Depreciation & Amortization Expenses vii) Other Expenses Total expenses (II)  Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (I-II) Exceptional Items-expense/(income)  Profit/(loss) Before Tax Tax Expenses - Current Tax - Adjustments relating to prior periods - Deferred Tax  Total Tax Expense Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect  ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  15 16,46,800 28,44,000  11,718	,		-	4,18,533
iv) Employees' Benefit Expenses v) Finance Cost vi) Depreciation & Amortization Expenses vii) Other Expenses Total expenses (II)  Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (I-II) Exceptional Items-expense/(income)  Profit/(loss) Before Tax Tax Expenses - Current Tax - Adjustments relating to prior periods - Deferred Tax  Total Tax Expense  Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)	iii) Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock in trade			, ,
vi) Pepreciation & Amortization Expenses vii) Other Expenses vii) Other Expenses (II)  Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (I-II) Exceptional Items-expense/(income)  Profit/(loss) Before Tax Tax Expenses - Current Tax - Adjustments relating to prior periods - Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense  Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)	and work in progress		-	-
vi) Depreciation & Amortization Expenses vii) Other Expenses Total expenses (II)  Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (I-II) Exceptional Items-expense/(income)  Profit/(loss) Before Tax Tax Expenses - Current Tax - Adjustments relating to prior periods - Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense  Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)	, , ,	15	16,46,800	28,44,000
vii) Other Expenses Total expenses (III)  Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (I-II) Exceptional Items-expense/(income)  Profit/(loss) Before Tax Tax Expenses - Current Tax - Adjustments relating to prior periods - Deferred Tax Total Tax Expense  Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect  ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  16 1,42,12,186 3,50,33,647  1,58,70,704 3,82,96,180  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)	l '		-	-
Total expenses (II)  Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (I-II)     Exceptional Items-expense/(income)  Profit/(loss) Before Tax  Tax Expenses - Current Tax - Adjustments relating to prior periods - Deferred Tax  Total Tax Expense  Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  1,58,70,704 3,82,96,180  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	4.0		
Profit/(loss) before exceptional items and tax (I-II)    Exceptional Items-expense/(income)  Profit/(loss) Before Tax  Tax Expenses - Current Tax - Adjustments relating to prior periods - Deferred Tax  Total Tax Expense  Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B)  Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)		16		
Exceptional Items-expense/(income)  Profit/(loss) Before Tax  Tax Expenses - Current Tax - Adjustments relating to prior periods - Deferred Tax  Total Tax Expense  Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect  ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B)  Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)	Total expenses (II)		1,58,70,704	3,82,96,180
Profit/(loss) Before Tax  Tax Expenses - Current Tax - Adjustments relating to prior periods - Deferred Tax  Total Tax Expense  Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B)  Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)			(1,15,15,950)	(3,67,66,647)
Tax Expenses - Current Tax - Adjustments relating to prior periods - Deferred Tax  Total Tax Expense  Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B)  Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  (1,15,15,950) (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)	Exceptional Items-expense/(income)		-	
- Current Tax - Adjustments relating to prior periods - Deferred Tax  Total Tax Expense  Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  - Current Tax			(1,15,15,950)	(3,67,66,647)
- Adjustments relating to prior periods - Deferred Tax  Total Tax Expense  Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)	•			
- Deferred Tax  Total Tax Expense  Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:  - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans  - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:  - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B)  Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  (27,10,000 6,17,500)  (3,67,66,647)			-	-
Total Tax Expense  Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:  Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income Income Tax effect ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:  Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging instruments in a cash flow hedge Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  27,10,000 6,17,500 6,17,500 6,17,500 6,17,500 6,17,500 6,17,500 6,17,500	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		-	-
Profit/(loss) for the Year (A)  Other Comprehensive Income i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:  - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect  ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:  - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B)  Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  (1,15,15,950) (3,67,66,647)  27,10,000 6,17,500 6,17,500 6,17,500 6,17,500 6,17,500 6,17,500			_	-
Other Comprehensive Income  i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:  - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans  - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income  - Income Tax effect  ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:  - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income  - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging  - instruments in a cash flow hedge  - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B)  Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  (88,05,950) (3,61,49,147)	·		-	-
i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:  - Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect  ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:  - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B)  Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)			(1,15,15,950)	(3,67,66,647)
- Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans - Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect  ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  27,10,000 6,17,500 27,10,000 6,17,500 (88,05,950) (3,61,49,147)	•			
- Equity Instruments through other comprehensive income - Income Tax effect  ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss: - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B) Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  27,10,000 6,17,500  27,10,000 6,17,500	, <i>,</i>		-	-
- Income Tax effect  ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:  - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income  - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging  - instruments in a cash flow hedge  - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B)  Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  (88,05,950) (3,61,49,147)	<u>'</u>		07.40.000	0.47.500
ii) Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss:  - Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B)  Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  (88,05,950)  (3,61,49,147)	, ,		27,10,000	6,17,500
- Debt Instruments through Other Comprehensive Income - The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B)  Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  (88,05,950)  (3,61,49,147)				
- The effective portion of gains and loss on hedging - instruments in a cash flow hedge - Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B)  Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  (88,05,950)  (3,61,49,147)	,			
- Income Tax effect  Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B)  Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  (88,05,950) (3,61,49,147)				
Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B)  Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)  27,10,000 6,17,500 (88,05,950) (3,61,49,147)	- instruments in a cash flow hedge			
Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B) (88,05,950) (3,61,49,147)	- Income Tax effect			
	Total Other Comprehensive Income net of tax (B)		27,10,000	6,17,500
Earnings per equity share : Basic & Diluted	Total Comprehensive Income for the year (A) + (B)		(88,05,950)	(3,61,49,147)
	Earnings per equity share : Basic & Diluted			

As per our report of even date attached

For Venugopal & Chenoy Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 004671S

> Sd/-CA P.V. Sri Hari Partner M.No.021961

UDIN: 22021961AJWUTH7431

Place: Hyderabad Date: 30.05.2022 For and on behalf of the Board of TMT (India) Limited

Sd/-(TG Veera Prasad) Managing Director DIN: 01557951

Sd/-(Ambati Venkata Ramana Murthy) CFO Sd/-(Venu Krishna Kishore Babu Pasam) Whole time Director DIN: 06734586

> Sd/-(Pankaj Kumar Rawat) Company Secretary

# 45th Annual Report for the year 2021-22



## Cash flow statement for the year ended on 31st March, 2022

(Amount in RS.)

DADTICUL ADC	1	For the	(Amount in RS.,
PARTICULARS		For the year ended 31.03.2022	For the year ended 31.03.2021
A. Cash from operating activities			
Net loss before tax		(1,15,15,950)	(3,67,66,647)
Adjustments:			
Add/(Less): Non Operating Items			
Depreciation		11,718	-
Interest Received			
Profit on sale of Investments			
Investment Expenses		-	-
Loss on Sale of Tangible Assets		-	-
Provision for Investments		-	-
Operating loss before working capital changes		(1,15,04,232)	(3,67,66,647)
Change in Inventories		-	-
Change in non current assets		-	-
Change in Short term Loans		4,06,740	4,23,94,216
Change in trade receivables		52,70,393	6,50,151
Change in other current assets		-	(1,13,892)
Change in Trade Payables		14,13,844	
Change in other current liabilities		(864)	(81,98,719)
Cash (used in)/generated from operations		(44,14,119)	(20,34,892)
Income taxes paid		-	-
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities	(A)	(44,14,119)	(20,34,892)
B. Cash flows from investing activities:			
Proceeds from sale of Investments - India Reit		2,60,584	_
Purchases of Tangible assets		(26,000)	_
Interest received		(==,===)	-
Net cash used in investing activities	(B)	2,34,584	_
C. Cash flows from financing activities	` ´		
Increase / (Decrease) in Borrowings		33,97,700	36,00,000
Finance charges paid		-	-
Net cash from financing activities	(C)	33,97,700	36,00,000
Net Increase/decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(A+B+C)		15,65,108
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	\( \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	21,32,888	5,67,780
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		13,51,053	21,32,888

As per our report of even date attached

For Venugopal & Chenoy **Chartered Accountants** Firm Regn. No. 004671S

For and on behalf of the Board of TMT (India) Limited

Sd/-CA P.V. Sri Hari Partner M.No.021961 UDIN: 22021961AJWUTH7431

Sd/-(TG Veera Prasad) **Managing Director** DIN: 01557951

Sd/-(Venu Krishna Kishore Babu Pasam) Whole time Director

Sd/-(Ambati Venkata Ramana Murthy)

Sd/-(Pankaj Kumar Rawat) **Company Secretary** 

DIN: 06734586

Place: Hyderabad Date: 30.05.2022 CFO



TMT (India) Limited 45th Annual Report for the year 2021-22

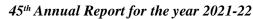
Statement of Changes in Equity:

A. Equity Share Capital								
Balance at the beginning of the reporting period		Changes in equity share capital during the year	y share e year	Balance at the end of the reporting period	end of th period	Φ		
4,95,38,000		0		4,95,38,000	000't			
B. Other Equity as at March 31, 2022	31, 2022							
		Reserves and Surplus	nd Surplus	10	Debt instru-	Equity instru-	Other items	
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	State Subsidy	Retained Earnings	ments through OCI	ments through OCI	of OCI	Total
Balance as at 1.04.2021	11,20,32,590	2,31,99,142	1,00,000	-21,67,33,216	•	7,12,500	-	-8,06,88,984
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	-	-	1	-	1	ı	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	1	-1,15,15,950.22	ı	27,10,000	ı	-88,05,950
Dividend and DDT	•	ı	1	1	1	-	1	•
Unamortized premium on forward contract	-	-	1	•	ı	ı	•	-
Transfer to retained earnings	-	-	ī	-	1	-	1	-
Re-measurments of defined benefit plans								
Any other changes	-	•	-	-	-	-	1	-
Balance as at 31.03.2022	11,20,32,590	2,31,99,142 1,00,000	1,00,000	-22,82,49,167	-	34,22,500	-	-8,94,94,935





B. Other Equity as at March	March 31, 2021							
		Reserves and Surplus	d Surplu	S	Debt instru-	Equity instru-	Other	
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	State Subsidy	Retained Earnings	ments through OCI	ments through OCI	oci oci	Total
Balance as at 01.04.2020	11,20,32,590	2,31,99,142	1,00,000	2,31,99,142 1,00,000 -17,99,66,568.6	1	9,65,000	ı	-4,36,69,837
Changes in accounting policy or prior period errors	ı	ı	ı	1	1	1		
Total comprehensive income for the year	1	1	1	-3,67,66,647.07	ı	-2,52,500	1	-3,70,19,147
Dividend and DDT	1	1	-	1	1	ī	1	1
Unamortized premium on forward contract	ı	ı	ı	1	1	1	1	ı
Transfer to retained earnings	1	1	-	-	ı	1		1
Re-measurments of defined benefit plans								
Any other changes	1	1	1	ı	ı	1		1
Balance as at 31.03.2021	11,20,32,590 2,31,99,142 1,00,000	2,31,99,142	1,00,000	-21,67,33,216	ı	7,12,500	1	-8,06,88,984





#### **NOTE - 1 : SHARE CAPITAL**

Description	Figures end March 3	of	en	s at the d of 31, 2021
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Authorised:				
1,00,00,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each		10,00,00,000		10,00,00,000
Total: Issued, Subscribed & Paid up: 49,53,800 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each,		10,00,00,000		10,00,00,000
fully paid up Less: Allotment money unpaid		4,95,38,000		4,95,38,000
Total:		4,95,38,000		4,95,38,000

#### Additional Notes:

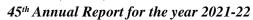
- [1] No shares were issued during the current year. Hence, there is no change in number of shares outstanding as at the beginning and as at the end of the reporting period.
- [2] The details of shares in the Company held by each shareholder holding more than 5% shares.

Name of the Shareholder	Financial Year 2021-	-22 (31st March,2022)	Financial Year 202	0-21 (31st March,2021)
	% of Shareholding	No. of Shares	% of Shareholding	No. of Shares
TG Naga Aruna Kumari	29	14,29,200	29	14,29,200
TG Veera Prasad	7	3,21,800	7	3,21,800
Naag Rohit	14	7,00,000	14	7,00,000

[3] The Company has one class of Equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10/- per share. Each shareholder is eligible for one vote for each share held. The dividend proposed, if any, by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation, the shareholders are eligible to receive the remaining assets of the company after distribution of all preferential amounts, in proportion to their shareholding.

#### NOTE - 2: RESERVES & SURPLUS

Description	Figures end March 3	of	Figures at the end of March 31, 2021	
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
a) Capital Reserve as per the last balance sheet		11,20,32,590		11,20,32,590
b) Securities Premium		2,31,99,142		2,31,99,142
c) State Subsidy		1,00,000		1,00,000
d) Surplus in Profit & Loss Account:				
Opening Balance	(21,67,33,217)		(21,55,14,325)	
Add: Profit/(Loss) for the year	(1,15,15,950)		(12,18,891)	
		(22,82,49,167)		(21,67,33,216)
e) Other Comprehensive Income(OCI)				
As per last Balance Sheet	7,12,500		9,65,000	
Add:Movementin OCI (Net) during the year	27,10,000		(2,52,500)	
		34,22,500		7,12,500
Total:		(8,94,94,935)		(8,06,88,984)





#### NOTE - 3 : LONG TERM BORROWINGS

Description	Figures end March 3	of	en	es at the ad of 31, 2021
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Loans from Related Parties Unsecured Loans from Related Parties		5,80,96,864		5,46,99,164
Total Additional Notes:		5,80,96,864		5,46,99,164
Secured Unsecured				

#### **NOTE - 4: TRADE PAYABLES**

Description	Figures end March 3	of	en	s at the d of 31, 2021
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Trade Payables  (a) Total outstanding dues of micro and small enterpriese  (b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro and small enterpriese		14,13,844		
Total:		14,13,844		-

## **NOTE - 5 : OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES**

Description	Figures end March 3	of	en	s at the d of 31, 2021
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Advances from related parties		89,576		74,83,252
Employees Salaries, Recoveries & Contributions to PF,ESI, Etc.				
Sundry Creditor for Expenses		-		
Statutory dues towards Sales Tax /GST & TDS		32,699		76,897
Other Payables		74,650		3,07,024
Remunaration to Directors		50,000		1,70,000
Retention Money Payable to SDPPL				74,947
Salaries & Wages Payable to Staff		1,28,150		
Sateesh & Asociates		11,800		
Sree devi PrimeProjects LLP				
Other Laibility		3,45,180		
		6,42,479		7,18,443





#### **NOTE - 6 : SHORT TERM PROVISIONS**

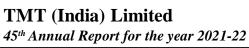
Description	Figures end March 3°	of	en	s at the d of 31, 2021
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Provision for Audit Fee		75,000		-
Provision for Expenses		100		
Total:		75,100		-

## **NOTE - 8: NON CURRENT INVESTMENTS**

Description	Figures end March 3	of	en	s at the d of 31, 2021
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Quoted Investments:				
a) 50,000 Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each Fully paid in M/s Sree Rayalaseema Alkalies & Allied Chemicals Ltd	24,57,500		14,65,000	
Add: Revaluation to fair value	14,65,000		(2,52,500)	
		39,22,500		12,12,500
Unquoted Investments:				
b) Shares and Units/Bonds				
vi. India Reit Fund Scheme IV - Citi Bank	2,34,401		4,94,985	
		2,34,401		4,94,985
Total:		41,56,901		17,07,485
Secured, Considered good				
Unsecured, Considered good		41,56,901		17,07,485
Doubtful				

## NOTE - 9: INVENTORIES

	Figures end March 3	of	en	s at the d of 31, 2021
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Finished Goods		20,73,444		20,73,444
Work-in-Proces		-		-
Raw Materials, Stores & Spares		-		-
Total		20,73,444		20,73,444

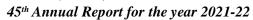




Note No - 7 Fixed Assets

Amount in

			GROSS	GROSS BLOCK		DE	<b>DEPRECIATION BLOCK</b>	TION BL	OCK	NET B	NET BLOCK
S. No.	Particulars	As at 01.04.2021	Additions	Deletions	As at 31.03.2021	Up to 31.03.2021	For the year	Deletions		Up to As at 31.03.2022	As at 31.03.2022
_	Plant & Machinery	2200530.00	0	0	2200530	2090503	0	0	2090503	110027	110027
7	Furniture & Fixtures	248635.00	0	0	248635	236204	0	0	236204	12431	12431
3	Vehicles	1127938.00	0	0	1127938	1079599		0	1079599	48339	48339
4	Office Equipment	0.00	26000	0	26000		11718	0	11718	14282	0
	TOTAL:	3577103.00	26000	0	3603103	3406306	11718	0	3418024	185079	170797
5	Capital WIP				-					-	1
	GRAND TOTAL:	3577103.00	26000	0	3603103	3406306	0	0	3418024	185079	170797





#### **NOTE - 10 : TRADE RECEIVABLES**

	Figures end March 3	of	en	s at the d of 31, 2021
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months		9,29,089		61,99,482
Others		-		-
Total		9,29,089		61,99,482
Notes:				
Particulars of Trade Receivables:				
Debtor Secured- Good		-		-
Debtor Unsecured- Good		9,29,089		61,99,482
Debtor with significant increase in Credit Risk		-		-
Debtor with Credit Impairment		-		-

## NOTE - 11 : CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS

	Figures end March 3	of	en	s at the d of 31, 2021
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Balances with Banks:				
- In Current Accounts		12,67,349		20,49,184
Cash on hand		83,704		83,704
Total		13,51,054		21,32,888

## NOTE - 12 : SHORT TERM LOANS & ADVANCES

	Figures end March 3	of	en	s at the d of 31, 2021
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Advance Income Tax & TDS (Net of provision)		78,976		32,454
Corporate Loans & Advances		-		-
Advances to Suppliers/Contractors		1,02,18,574		1,04,82,873
Advances to Employees		22,333		3,78,270
Other advances		75,619		-
Advances to Director				
Input GST (Claimed & Unclaimed)		11,80,287		10,88,931
Total:		1,15,75,788		1,19,82,528
Secured, Considered good		-		-
Unsecured, Considered good		1,03,95,502		1,08,93,597
Doubtful		-		-



28,44,000

1,176 4,13,936

## 45th Annual Report for the year 2021-22

NOTE - 13: REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS	<b>UE FROM</b>	OPERATI	SNO						
Description	Figures at the end March 31, 2022	Figures at the end of Fi March 31, 2022	Figures at Dec 3	Figures at the end of Dec 31, 2021	Figures at Sep 30	Figures at the end of Sep 30, 2021	Figures a	Figures at the end of June 30, 2021	
Sales		42,40,276		42,40,276		37,80,201		31,89,850	

42,40,276

TOTAL:

Amount in

Figures at the end of March 31, 2021 15,29,531

15,29,531

NOTE - 14: OTHER INCOME	RINCOME								Ā	Amount in
Description	Figures at the end of March 31, 2022	the end of 1, 2022	Figures at Dec 3	Figures at the end of Dec 31, 2021	Figures at the end of Sep 30, 2021	the end of 1, 2021	Figures at June 3	Figures at the end of June 30, 2021	Figures at the end of March 31, 2021	he end of 1, 2021
Interest Income from India Reit Fund Other Income		1,13,101								
TOTAL:	1,14,478									
NOTE - 15: EMPLO	OYEE BENEFIT EXPENSES	EFIT EXP	ENSES						Ā	Amount in
Description	Figures at the end of March 31, 2022	the end of 1, 2022	Figures at Dec 3	Figures at the end of Dec 31, 2021	Figures at Sep 30	Figures at the end of Sep 30, 2021	Figures at June 3	Figures at the end of June 30, 2021	Figures at the end of March 31, 2021	he end of 1, 2021
Remunaration /Directors Salaries, Wages & Bonus Staff Welfare Expenses		5,50,000		4,50,000 7,75,350		3,00,000		1,50,000 2,58,450 4,310		19,40,000 9,04,000





Amount in

# **NOTE -16: OTHER EXPENSES**

Description	Figures at March	Figures at the end of March 31, 2022	Figures a Dec	Figures at the end of Dec 31, 2021	Figures at the end of Sep 30, 2021	the end of , 2021	Figures a June	Figures at the end of June 30, 2021	Figures at the end of March 31, 2021	he end of 1, 2021
Work Contract Expenses		41,55,471		41,55,471		37,04,597		31,26,053		10,80,408
Other Direct Overheads										
Insurance		48,511		48,511		48,511		45,135		46,626
Rates & Taxes		2,170		1,490		540		140		16,000
Auditors Remuneration										
As Auditors	000'06		35,400		23,600		11,800		83,600	
As Tax Auditors	1	000'06		35,400	•	23,600	•	11,800	1	83,600
Interest Expenses		2,963		2,213		6,815		2,983		7,455
Travelling expenses		58,854		•		•		•		•
Advertisement Charges		24,220		18,940		13,660		•		33,860
Postage, Telephone & Telex		29,070		220		•		•		•
Printing & Stationery		3,04,008		1,50,308		1,50,308		308		2,89,313
Bank Charges & Commission		1,534		1,180		826		472		1,475
Legal & Professional Fees		6,78,784		5,79,005		2,97,005		40,720		600' 77'9
Listing Fee		3,21,998		46,998		3,13,000		3,13,000		3,05,000
Repairs & Maintenance		•		•		1		,		•
Miscellaneous expenses		4,67,168		3,19,494		50,230		33,086		3,24,92,901
Investment Expenses		18,421								
Bad Debts Writeoff A/c		80,09,014								
TOTAL:		1,42,12,186		53,68,348		46,09,092		32,73,698		3,50,33,647

45th Annual Report for the year 2021-22



#### TMT (INDIA) LIMITED

#### Notes to Accounts for the year ended March 31, 2022

#### Note: 17 - Accounting Policies under Ind AS:

#### (A) Significant Accounting Policies

#### 1. Statement of Compliance and basis of preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India vide Notification dated February 16, 2015. Accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements. The Financial Statements are prepared under historical cost convention from the books of accounts maintained under accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value and in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

#### 2. Application of Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS)

All Listed companies are required to adopt Ind AS.

All amounts included in the financial statements are reported in of Indian rupees (Rupees in) except number of equity shares and per share data, unless otherwise stated.

#### 3. Use of estimates and judgment

The preparation of financial statements requires judgments, estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/materialised.

#### 4. Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, the national currency of India, which is the functional currency of the Company.

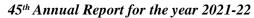
#### 5. Revenue Recognition

#### i) Trading Income

Revenue from the sale of goods is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns and allowances, trade discount and volume rebates. Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, it is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the entity, the associated costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably and there is no continuing management involvement with the goods. The point of transfer of risks and rewards depends upon the terms of the contract of sale with individual customers.

#### ii) Other Operating Revenue

The income relating to the core activities of the company which are not included in revenue from sales/services for e.g. dispatch earned, subsidy, claims against losses on trade





transactions, interest on credit sales and trade related advances (other than on overdue) etc., which are derived based on the terms of related trade agreements with business associates or schemes on related trade, are accounted for under 'Other Operating Revenue'.

#### iii) Claims

Claims are recognized in the Statement of Profit & Loss (Net of any payable) on accrual basis including receivables from Govt. towards subsidy, cash incentives, reimbursement of losses etc, when it is not unreasonable to expect ultimate collection. Claims recognized but subsequently becoming doubtful are provided for through Statement of Profit and Loss. Insurance claims are accounted upon being accepted by the insurance company.

#### iv) Service Income

When the outcome of a transaction involving the rendering of services can be estimated reliably, revenue associated with the transaction shall be recognized by reference to the stage of completion (Percentage of Completion Method) of the transaction at the end of the reporting period. The outcome of a transaction can be estimated reliably when all the following conditions are satisfied:-

- a) The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- b) It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company;
- c) The stage of completion of the transaction can be measured reliably; Costs incurred for the transaction and to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

#### v) Dividend and interest income

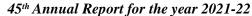
Dividend income from investments is recognized when the Company's right to receive payment is established and it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transactions will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.

Interest income is recognised on a time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and the effective interest rate, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset.

#### vi) Revenue Recognition on Actual Realization

Revenue is recognized on accrual basis except in the following items which are accounted for on actual realization since realizability of such items is uncertain, in accordance with the provisions of Ind AS-115:

- a) Duty credit / exemption under various promotional schemes of EXIM policy in force, Tax credit, refund of custom duty on account of survey shortage, and refund of income-tax/service tax / sales-tax /VAT and interest thereon etc.
- b) Decrees pending for execution/contested dues and interest thereon, if any:
- c) Interest on overdue recoverable where realizability is uncertain.
- d) Liquidated damages on suppliers/underwriters.





#### 6. Property, Plant and Equipment

All Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE) are stated at carrying value in accordance with previous GAAP, which is used as deemed cost on the date of transition to Ind AS using the exemption granted under Ind AS 101.

The cost of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognized as an asset if, and only if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The cost of an item of PPE is the cash price equivalent at the recognition date. The cost of an item of PPE comprises:

- Purchase price, including import duties and non-refundable purchase taxes, after deducting trade discounts and rebates.
- Costs directly attributable to bringing the PPE to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.
- iii) The initial estimate of the costs of dismantling and removing the item and restoring the site on which it is located, the obligation for which the company incurs either when the PPE is acquired or as a consequence of having used the PPE during a particular period for purposes other than to produce inventories during that period.

The carrying value of assets held by the company has fallen below the residual value and hence no depreciation has been charged.

#### 7. Non-Current Assets Held for Sale

The company classifies a non-current asset (or disposal group of assets) as held for sale if its carrying amount will be recovered principally through a sale transaction rather than through continuing use. The non-current asset (or disposal group) classified as held for sale is measured at the lower of its carrying amount and the fair value less costs to sell.

#### 8. Depreciation

The carrying value of assets held by the company has fallen below the residual value and hence no depreciation has been charged.

#### 9. Borrowing Costs

The Company capitalizes borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of qualifying asset as a part of the cost of the asset.

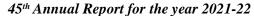
The Company recognizes other borrowing costs as an expense in the period in which it incurs them.

A qualifying asset is an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

#### 10. Foreign currencies

Transactions in currencies other than the functional currency are recognized at the rates of exchange prevailing at the dates of the transactions.

At the end of each reporting period, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated at the rates prevailing at that date. Non-monetary items carried at fair value that are





denominated in foreign currencies are re-translated at the rates prevailing at the date when the fair value was determined. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are not re-translated.

Foreign currency monetary items (except overdue recoverable where realizability is uncertain) are converted using the closing rate as defined in the Ind AS-21. Non-monetary items are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. The exchange difference gain/loss is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 11. Inventory

Inventories are valued at lower of cost or net realizable value.

Basis of determination of cost remain as follows: First in first out basis

#### 12. Provisions

Provisions are recognized when the company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

#### 13. Contingent Liabilities / Assets

#### **Contingent Liabilities**

Contingent liabilities are not recognized but disclosed in Notes to the Accounts when the company has possible obligation due to past events and existence of the obligation depends upon occurrence or non-occurrence of future events not wholly within the control of the company.

Contingent liabilities are assessed continuously to determine whether outflow of economic resources have become probable. If the outflow becomes probable then relative provision is recognized in the financial statements.

Where an entity is jointly and severally liable for an obligation, the part of the obligation that is expected to be met by other parties is treated as a contingent liability. The entity recognises a provision for the part of the obligation for which an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits is probable, except in the extremely rare circumstances where no reliable estimate can be made.

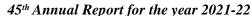
#### Contingent Assets

Contingent Assets are not recognized in the financial statements. Such contingent assets are assessed continuously and are disclosed in Notes when the inflow of economic benefits becomes probable. If it's virtually certain that inflow of economic benefits will arise then such assets and the relative income will be recognized in the financial statements.

#### 14. Leases

Assets held under lease, in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to lessee are classified as finance leases. Other leases are classified as operating leases. The company normally enters into operating leases which are accounted for as under:-

 Rental income from operating leases is recognized on a straight-line basis over the term of the relevant lease.





(ii) Where the company is a lessee, operating lease payments are recognized as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### 15. Employee benefits

- i. Provision for gratuity, leave encashment/availment and long service benefits i.e. service award, compassionate gratuity and employees' family benefit scheme is made on the basis of actuarial valuation using the projected unit credit method. Re-measurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses, the effect of the changes to the asset ceiling (if applicable) and the return on plan assets (excluding interest), is reflected immediately in the statement of financial position with a charge or credit recognized in other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. Re-measurement recognized in other comprehensive income is reflected immediately in retained earnings and will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit or Loss.
- ii. Provision for post-retirement medical benefit is made on defined contribution basis.
- iii. Provident fund contribution is made to Provident Fund Trust on accrual basis.
- iv. Payment of Ex-gratia and Notice pay on Voluntary Retirement are charged to revenue in the year incurred.
- v. Short-term employee benefit obligations:

Short-term employee benefit obligations are measured on an undiscounted basis and are recorded as expense as the related service is provided. A liability is recognized for the amount expected to be paid under PLI / PRP Scheme, if the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation to pay this amount as a result of past service provided by the employee and the obligation can be estimated reliably.

#### 16. Taxation

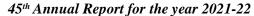
Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### **Current tax**

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from 'profit before tax' as reported in the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income/ statement of profit or loss because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

#### **Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognized on temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Such deferred tax assets and liabilities are not recognized





if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the taxable profit nor the accounting profit. In addition, deferred tax liabilities are not recognized if the temporary difference arises from the initial recognition of goodwill.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax liabilities and assets are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realized, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current and deferred tax are recognized in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax are also recognized in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively. Where current tax or deferred tax arises from the initial accounting for a business combination, the tax effect is included in the accounting for the business combination.

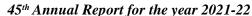
#### 17. Impairment

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalue amount, in which case the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease.

Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted.

When an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or a cashgenerating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

At the end of each reporting period, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible, intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, The Company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. When a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identifiedIntangible assets with indefinite useful lives and intangible assets not yet available for use are tested for impairment at least annually, and whenever there is an indication that the asset may be impaired.





#### Impairment of financial assets:

Financial assets, other than those at Fair Value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL), are assessed for indicators of impairment at the end of each reporting period. Financial assets are considered to be impaired when there is objective evidence that, as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the financial asset, the estimated future cash flows of the investment have been affected. For Available for Sale (AFS) equity investments, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered to be objective evidence of impairment.

For all other financial assets, objective evidence of impairment could include:

- i. Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or counterparty;
- ii. Breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- iii. It becoming probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or financial re-organization; or the disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties

For certain categories of financial assets, such as trade receivables, assets are assessed for impairment on individual basis. Objective evidence of impairment for a portfolio of receivables could include company's past experience of collecting payments, an increase in the number of delayed payments in the portfolio past the average credit period of zero days, as well as observable changes in national or local economic conditions that correlate with default on receivables.

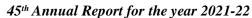
For financial assets that are carried at cost, the amount of impairment loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of the estimated future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset. Such impairment loss will not be reversed in subsequent periods

The carrying amount of the financial asset is reduced by the impairment loss directly for all financial assets with the exception of trade receivables; such impairment loss is reduced through the use of an allowance account for respective financial asset. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited against the allowance account. Changes in the carrying amount of the allowance account are recognized in profit or loss.

For financial assets measured at amortised cost, if, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognized, the previously recognized impairment loss is reversed through profit or loss to the extent that the carrying amount of the investment at the date the impairment is reversed does not exceed what the amortised cost would have been had the impairment not been recognized.

#### De-recognition of financial assets

The Company de-recognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or when it transfers the financial asset and substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to another party. If the Company neither transfers nor retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership and continues to control the transferred





asset, The Company recognises its retained interest in the asset and an associated liability for amounts it may have to pay. If the Company retains substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of a transferred financial asset, the Company continues to recognise the financial asset and also recognises a collateralised borrowing for the proceeds received.

On de-recognition of a financial asset in its entirety, the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the sum of the consideration received and receivable and the cumulative gain or loss that had been recognized in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity is recognized in profit or loss.

#### 18. Earnings per share

A basic earnings per equity is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. Diluted earnings per equity share is computed by dividing the net profit attributable to the equity holders of the company by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per equity share and also the weighted average number of equity shares that could have been issued upon conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the equity shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. the average market value of the outstanding equity shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are deemed converted as of the beginning of the period, unless issued at a later date. Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented.

The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted retrospectively for all periods presented for any shares splits and bonus shares issues including for changes effected prior to the approval of the financial statements by the Board of Directors.

#### 19. Discontinued operations

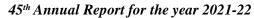
A discontinued operation is a component of the Company's business that represents a separate line of business that has been disposed off or is held for sale, or is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to resale. Classification as a discontinued operation occurs upon the earlier of disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held for sale.

#### 20. Financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments consist of:

- financial assets, which include cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, unbilled revenues, finance lease receivables, employee and other advances, investments in equity and debt securities and eligible current and non-current assets;
- financial liabilities, which include long and short-term loans and borrowings, bank overdrafts, trade payables, eligible current and non-current liabilities.

Non derivative financial instruments are recognized initially at fair value including any directly attributable transaction costs. Financial assets are derecognized when substantial risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset have been transferred. In cases where substantial risks and rewards of ownership of the financial assets are neither transferred nor retained, financial assets are derecognized only when the Company has not retained control over the financial asset.





Subsequent to initial recognition, nonderivative financial instruments are measured as described below:

#### a) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purposes of the cash flow statement, cash and cash equivalents include cash in hand, at banks and demand deposits with banks, net of outstanding bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and are considered part of the Company's cash management system. In the statement of financial position, bank overdrafts are presented under borrowings within current liabilities.

b) Investments in liquid mutual funds, equity securities (other than Subsidiaries, Joint Venture and Associates) are valued at their fair value. These investments are measured at fair value and changes therein, other than impairment losses, are recognized in other comprehensive income and presented within equity, net of taxes. The impairment losses, if any, are reclassified from equity into statement of income. When an available for sale financial asset is derecognized, the related cumulative gain or loss recognized in equity is transferred to the statement of income.

#### c) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are presented as current assets, except for those maturing later than 12 months after the reporting date which are presented as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are initially recognized at fair value plus directly attributable transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses. Loans and receivables comprise trade receivables, unbilled revenues and other assets.

The company estimates the un-collectability of accounts receivable by analyzing historical payment patterns, customer concentrations, customer credit-worthiness and current economic trends. If the financial condition of a customer deteriorates, additional allowances may be required.

#### d) Trade and other payables

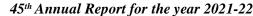
Trade and other payables are initially recognized at fair value, and subsequently carried at amortized cost using the effective interest method. For these financial instruments, the carrying amounts approximate fair value due to the short term maturity of these instruments.

#### 21. Segment Information.

The company has only one reportable business segment, which is supply of designs and drawings and operates in a single business segment. Accordingly, the amounts appearing in the financial statements relate to the company's single business segment.

#### 22. Prior Period Errors

Errors of material amount relating to prior period(s) are disclosed by a note with nature of prior period errors, amount of correction of each such prior period presented retrospectively, to the extent practicable along with change in basic and diluted earnings per share. However, where retrospective restatement is not practicable for a particular period then the circumstances that





lead to the existence of that condition and the description of how and from where the error is corrected are disclosed in Notes to Accounts.

#### (B) Notes to the Financial Statements

#### 1. General Information

The company has closed down the operations of Palmarosa cultivation and extraction of essential oil.

The Company has also closed down the trading operations of Garcinia, Curcumin and essential oils

The Main Objects of the Company were changeduring the last year, incorporating the object of executing civil jobs. The Company could secure some civil works from the Indian Railways through its civil contractor M/s KEC International Limited. The ordered civil works were carried out by the Company through a sub-contractor M/s Sree Devi Prime Projects LLP and revenue also generated during the year of reporting.

#### 2. Basis of preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India vide Notification dated February 16, 2015. Accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements. The Financial Statements are prepared under historical cost convention from the books of accounts maintained under accrual basis except for certain financial instruments which are measured at fair value and in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.

These financial statements are presented in Indian rupees, the national currency of India, which is the functional currency of the Company. All amounts included in the financial statements are reported in Indian rupees (in Rupees) except number of equity shares and per share data, unless otherwise stated.

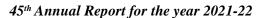
The accounting policies have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

#### 3. Use of estimates and judgment

The preparation of financial statements requires judgments, estimates and assumptions to be made that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognized in the period in which the results are known/materialised

#### 4. Commitments

- (a) <u>Capital Commitments</u>: Estimated amount of contracts including foreign currency contracts net of advances remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for is NIL (P.Y- NIL).
- (b) Other Commitments: Estimated amount of contracts including foreign currency contracts net of advances remaining to be executed on account of external projects and not provided for is NIL (P.Y. NIL).





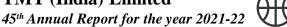
#### 5. Financial Instruments- Fair Values and Risk Management

#### a. Financial Instruments by Categories

The following tables show the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities by categories. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

#### (Amount in lakhs as of March 31, 2022)

Particulars	Cost	Financial assets/ liabilities at FVTPL	Financial assets/ liabilities at fair value through OCI	Total carrying value	Total fair value
Assets:					
Investments in Equity Shares-Quoted & Unquoted	39.23	-	2.34	41.57	41.57
Cash & Cash Equivalents (Ref Note No. 11 )	13.51	-	-	13.51	13.51
Trade Receivable (Ref Note No. 10)	9.29	-	-	9.29	9.29
Loans to (Ref Note No. 12)	103.96	-	-	103.96	103.96
Security Deposits (Ref Note No.9)	-	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Assets (Ref Note No.)	-	-	-	-	-
Total	165.99		2.34	168.33	168.33
Liabilities:					
Trade Payable (Ref Note No.4)	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings (Ref Note No 3)	580.97	-	-	580.97	580.97
Other Financial Liabilities (Ref Note No.)	-	-	-	-	-
Total	580.97			580.97	580.97

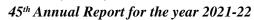


#### (Amount in lakhs as of March 31, 2021)

Particulars	Cost	Financial assets/ liabilities at FVTPL	Financial assets/ liabilities at fair value through OCI	Total carrying value	Total fair value
Assets:					
Investments in Equity Shares - Quoted & Unquoted	12.12	-	4.95	17.07	17.07
Cash & Cash Equivalents (Ref Note No. 11 )	21.33	-	-	21.33	21.33
Trade Receivable (Ref Note No. 10 )	61.99	-	-	61.99	61.99
Loans to (Ref Note No. 12)	108.94	-	-	108.94	108.94
Security Deposits (Ref Note No.9)	-	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Assets (Ref Note No.)	-	-	-	-	-
Total	204.38	-	4.95	209.33	209.33
Liabilities:					
Trade Payable (Ref Note No.4)	-	-	-	-	-
Borrowings (Ref Note No 3)	546.99	-	-	546.99	546.99
Other Financial Liabilities (Ref Note No.)	-	-	-	-	-
Total	546.99			546.99	546.99

#### b. Fair Value Hierarchy

- Level 1 Level 1 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets.
- Level 2 Level 2 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using inputs other than
  quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either
  directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 Level 3 hierarchy includes financial instruments measured using inputs that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

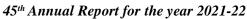




The following tables present fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

(Amount in lakhs as at March 31, 2022)

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Valuation Technique and key inputs	Significant unobserv- able inputs
Financial Assets:						
Investments in Equity Shares	41.57	-	-	41.57	Measured at FVTOCI	-
Others (specify nature)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivatives designated as hedges	-	1	-	1	-	-
Foreign exchange forward contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	41.57	-	-	41.57	-	-
Financial Liabilities:	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivatives designated as hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange forward contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Specify nature	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-		-	-	-





## (Amount in lakhs as at March 31, 2021)

Particulars	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Valuation Technique and key inputs	Significant unobserv- able inputs
Financial Assets:						
Investments in Equity Shares	17.07	-	-	17.07	Measured at FVTOCI	-
Others (specify nature)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Derivatives designated as hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange forward contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	17.07	-	-	17.07	-	-
Financial Liabilities:	-		-	-	-	-
Derivatives designated as hedges	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign exchange forward contracts	-	-	-	-	-	-
Specify nature	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	-	-	-

### 6. Financial risk management

The company's activities expose it to the following financial risks:

Market risk (see (a));

Credit risk (see (b)); and

Liquidity risk (see (c)).

The company has not arranged funds that have any interest rate risk.

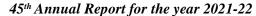
#### a) Market risk

#### i. Foreign Exchange Risk

The company does not deal with import and export transactions and hence foreign exchange risk is not applicable to the Company.

#### ii. Price Risk

The company's exposure to price risk arise as the investments held by the company are classified in balance sheet at fair value through other comprehensive income.





As of March 31, 2022, every increase or decrease of the respective equity prices would impact other component of equity by approximately INR 27.10 INR 6.18 (in Lakhs) respectively. It has no impact on profit or loss.

#### b) Credit Risk

Credit risk refers to the risk of default on its obligation by a counterparty resulting in a financial loss. The maximum exposure to the credit risk at the reporting date is primarily from trade receivables. Accordingly, credit risk from trade receivables has been separately evaluated from all other financial assets in the following paragraphs.

#### Trade Receivables:

The company has outstanding trade receivables amounting to INR 9.29, INR 61.99 (in lakhs) as of March 31, 2022, and March 31, 2021, respectively. Trade receivables are typically unsecured and are derived from revenue earned from customers.

#### Credit risk exposure:

An analysis of age of trade receivables at each reporting date is summarized as follows:

#### (As at 31st March 2022, Amount in Rs)

Particulars	Gross amount	Impairment	Carrying Value
Not past due	-	-	-
Past due less than 30 days	-	-	-
Past due more than 30 days but not more than 60 days	-	-	-
Past due more than 60 days but not more than 90 days	-	-	-
Past due more than 90 days but not more than 120 days	-	-	-
Past due more than 120 days	9,29,089	-	9,29,089
Total	9,29,089	-	9,29,089

#### (As at 31st March 2021, Amount in Rs)

Particulars	Gross amount	Impairment	Carrying Value
Not past due	-	-	-
Past due less than 30 days	-	-	-
Past due more than 30 days but not more than 60 days	-	-	-
Past due more than 60 days but not more than 90 days	-	-	-
Past due more than 90 days but not more than 120 days	-	-	-
Past due more than 120 days	61,99,482	-	61,99,482
Total	61,99,482	-	61,99,482





Trade receivables are generally considered credit impaired after 120 days past due, unless the amount is considered receivable, when recoverability is considered doubtful based on the recovery analysis performed by the company for individual trade receivables.

With regard to trade receivable on certain transactions, the company has equivalent trade payables to associate suppliers which are payable on realization of trade receivables. Such trade receivables are considered not impaired though past due.

#### Financial assets:

Credit risk relating to cash and cash equivalents is considered negligible because our counterparties are banks. There will be no credit risk related to employee loans as they are adjusted against their salaries.

#### a) Liquidity Risk

Our liquidity needs are monitored on the basis of monthly and yearly projections. The company's principal sources of liquidity are cash and cash equivalents, cash generated from operations and availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due.

Due to the dynamic nature of underlying businesses, the company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines.

Short term liquidity requirements consists mainly of sundry creditors, expense payable, employee dues arising during the normal course of business as of each reporting date. The company maintains sufficient balance in cash and cash equivalents to meet short term liquidity requirements.

The company assesses long term liquidity requirements on a periodical basis and manages them through internal accruals and committed credit lines.

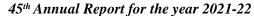
The table below provides details regarding the contractual maturities of non-derivative financial liabilities.

#### (Amount in Rs as of March 31,2022)

Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Trade Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short term borrowings (cash credit)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long Term Borrowings	-	-	-	3,40,96,865	2,40,00,000	5,80,96,865
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	3,40,96,865	2,40,00,000	5,80,96,865

#### (Amount in Rs as of March 31,2021)

Particulars	Less than 6 months	6 months to 1 year	1-3 years	3-5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Trade Payables	-	-	-	-	-	-
Short term borrowings (cash credit)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Long Term Borrowings	-	-	-	3,06,99,164	2,40,00,000	5,46,99,164
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	-	-	-	3,06,99,164	2,40,00,000	5,46,99,164





- 7. Disclosure in respect of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)-21 "The Effects of changes in Foreign Exchange Rates"
  - The company had not entered into any foreign currency transactions during the year.
- 8. Disclosure in respect of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)-23 "Borrowing Costs"

  The amount capitalized with Property, Plant & Equipment as borrowing cost is RS.NIL and NIL for the year ended March 31, 2022.
- 9. Disclosure in respect of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)-36 "Impairment of assets" During the year, the company assessed the impairment loss of assets and ECL debited to Profit & Loss is NIL (P.Y. NIL)
- 10. Disclosure in respect of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)-20 "Accounting for Government Grants and Disclosure of Government Assistance"
  - The Company did not receive any Government Grants during the year and Previous year.
- 11. Disclosure in respect of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)-19 "Employee Benefits"

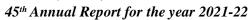
  The company has not provided for any employee benefits during the year.
- 12. Disclosure in respect of Indian Accounting Standard 24 "Related Parties Disclosures"

  The following are the transactions of the related parties, which are related on account of shareholding by the Directors, key managerial personnel and their relatives, viz., Sri. T G Veera Prasad, Managing Director and his relatives and Associate Company M/s Dreamland Distillers Private Limited (formerly Demerara Distillers Private Limited).

#### Related party transactions:

Enterprises in which Key Managerial Personnel has significant influence (Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Dreamland Distillers Private Limited		
Balance at the beginning of the year	Nil	75.75
Additions for the year	Nil	Nil
Reductions for the year	Nil	75.75
Balance as at the year end	Nil	Nil
Prauna Agro Industries		
Balance at the beginning of the year	Nil	1.19(Dr)
Additions for the year	Nil	Nil
Reductions for the year	Nil	1.19(Cr)
Balance as at the year end	Nil	Nil
Arunoday Life Spaces Pvt., Ltd.,		
Balance at the beginning of the year	0.01(Cr)	2.17(Dr)
Additions for the year	0.60 (Dr)	Nil
Reductions for the year	0.61 (Cr)	2.18 (Cr)
Balance as at the year end	0.02 (Cr)	0.01 (Cr)





## **Key Managerial Personnel:**

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Sri TG Veera Prasad		
Remuneration	NIL	NIL
Sundry Creditors		
Amount during the year	NIL	NIL
Balance as on	NIL	NIL
Sri AV Ramana Murthy (CFO)		
Remuneration	7.94	7.44
Balance as on	NIL	3.61

## Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2022	31 <sup>st</sup> March, 2021
Sundry Creditors		
TGN Aruna Kumari		
Amount during the year	NIL	NIL
Balance as on	NIL	NIL

## Unsecured loans taken:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	31st March, 2022	31st March, 2021
Sri TG Veera Prasad		
Amount during the year	NII	31.32
Balance as on	271.32	271.32
Smt.TG Naga Aruna Kumari		
Amount during the year	33.98	36.00
Balance as on	309.64	275.67





#### 13. Disclosure in respect of Indian Accounting standard (Ind AS) 116 "Leases"

The company does not have any lease arrangements during the year.

#### 14. Disclosure in respect of Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)-33 "Earnings Per Share(EPS)"

#### a) Basic EPS

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of basic EPS and Basic EPS is as follows:

#### (Amount in Rs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021
Earnings used in calculation of basic earnings per share(A)	(1,15,15,950)	(3,67,66,647)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share(B)	49,53,800	49,53,800
Basic EPS(A/B)	(2.32)	(7.421)

#### b) Diluted EPS

The earnings and weighted average number of ordinary shares used in the calculation of Diluted EPS is as follows:

#### (Amount in Rs)

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2022	For the year ended March 31, 2021
Earnings used in calculation of basic earnings per share(A)	(1,15,15,950)	(3,67,66,647)
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of basic earnings per share(B)	49,53,800	49,53,800
Basic EPS(A/B)	(2.32)	(7.421)

#### 15. Approval of financial statements

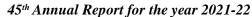
The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorized for issue on 30-05-2022.





#### **Ratio Analysis** 16.

SI. No.	Ratio Type	Ratio
1	Current Asset Ratio	7.47
2	Debt Equity Ratio	-1.45
3	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	-
4	Return on Equity Ratio	0.29
5	Inventory Turnover Ratio	2.05
6	Trade Receivable Turnover Ratio	1.19
7	Trade Payable Turnover Ratio	0.00
8	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	0.31
9	Net Profit Ratio	-207.67
10	Return on Capital Employed	-0.49
11	Return on Investment	-





#### 17. Details of Additional Regulatory Information

#### i) Details of immovable properties

(Rs. in Lakhs)

Relevant line item in the Balance sheet	Description of item of property	Gross carrying value (Rs. in Lakhs)	Title deeds held in the name of	Whether title deed holder is a promoter, director or relative# of promoter*/ director or employee of promoter/ director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the Unit
PPE	Land- Free Hold Land	-	-		-	-
	Lease hold Land	-	-	-	-	-
	Building:	-	-		-	-
	Non Factory Building	-	-		-	-
	Factory Building	-			-	
Investment property	Land	-	-	-	-	-
	Building	-	-	-	-	-
Non current asset held for sale	Land	-	-	-	-	-
	Building	-	-	-	-	-
Others		-	-	-	-	-

**<sup>18.</sup>** The order to have better presentation the previous year's figures have been re-casted/restated/reclassified, wherever necessary, to conform to current year's classification.

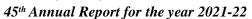
As per our report of even date attached

For Venugopal & Chenoy Chartered Accountants Firm Regn. No. 004671S For and on behalf of the Board of TMT (India) Limited

Sd/-CA P.V. Sri Hari Partner M.No.021961 UDIN: 22021961AJWUTH7431 Sd/-(TG Veera Prasad) Managing Director DIN: 01557951 Sd/-(Venu Krishna Kishore Babu Pasam) Whole time Director DIN: 06734586

(Ambati Venkata Ramana Murthy) CFO (Pankaj Kumar Rawat) Company Secretary

Place: Hyderabad Date: 30.05.2022





#### FORM NO. MGT - 11 PROXY FORM

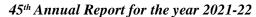
[Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

CIN		: L99999TG1976PLC002002			
Nam	ne of the Company	: TMT (INDIA) LIMITED			
Nam Reg Ema	istered Office ne of the Member(s) istered Address nil ID o No. /Client ID	: A-28, 2nd Floor, Journalist Colony, Road No.70, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad, TG- 500033 : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :			
DP I					
We, 1.	NameAddress:	of			
۷.		E-man rd			
3.					
		Or failing him			
to be	held on Friday, Septemb d No.70, Jubilee Hills, Hy w: Adoption of Statement	d vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/our behalf at the 45th Annual General Meeting of the Company per 30, 2022, at 3.00 PM. at the registered office of the Company at A-28, 2nd Floor, Journalist Colony yderabad, TG-500033and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated to f Profit and Loss, Balance Sheet, Cash Flow Statement, Reports of Board of Directors and ended March 31, 2022.			
2.					
3.	<ol> <li>Reappointment of M/s. Venugopal &amp; Chenoy, Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration No 0047541S) as Statutory Auditors of the Company</li> </ol>				
4.	Reappointment of Mr.	T G Veera Prasad as Managing Director			
		Affix Revenue Stamp			
Sign	ed this	Day of 2022.			
-	ature of shareholder				
Sian	ature of Proxy holder(s	s) ————			

Note: This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company, not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the Meeting.



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#### TMT (INDIA) LIMITED

A-28, 2nd Floor, Journalist Colony, Road No.70, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad, TG-500033 CIN: L99999TG1976PLC002002

#### ATTENDANCE SLIP

(Please present this slip at the Meeting venue)

I hereby record my presence at the 45<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting of the members of the Company to be held on Friday, September 30, 2022, at 3.00 PM. at the registered office of the Company at A-28, 2nd Floor, Journalist Colony, Road No.70, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad, TG-500033.

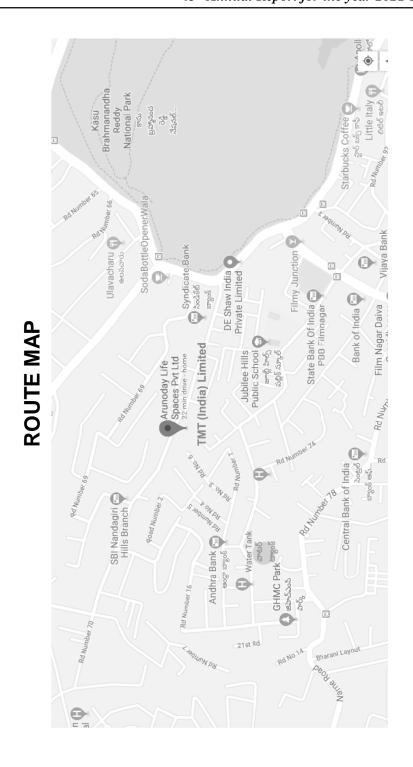
Notes Observed along attending the great flow in a great and the great and the great along the great and the great along the great and the great and the great along the great and the great and the great along the	- 0-
No. of shares held	
Folio No./ Client ID	
(In block letters)	
Shareholders/Proxy's full name	
Shareholders/Proxy's Signature	

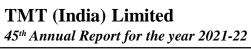
**Note:** Shareholders attending the meeting in person or by proxy are required to complete the attendance slip and hand it over at the entrance of the meeting hall.

# 45th Annual Report for the year 2021-22

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<u>NOTE</u>			

## **BOOK-POST**

If undelivered please return to:



Regd Off: A-28, 2nd Floor, Journalist Colony, Road No.70, Jubilee Hills, Hyderabad, TG -500033