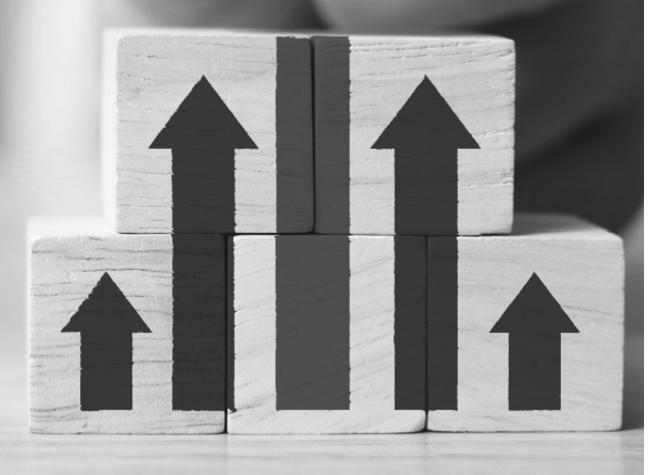
38th ANNUAL REPORT 2021-22



DREAM IT.
BELIEVE IT.
ACHIEVE IT.





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COMPANY INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Iftikharul Amin - Managing Director
Mr. Iqbal Ahsan - Jt. Managing Director
Mr. Imran Siddiqui - Whole-time Director
Mr. Arshad Khan - Whole-time Director
Mr. Mohd. Imran - Whole-time Director

Non-Executive Independent Directors

Mr. Aftab Ahmad Mr. Kumud Behari Seth Mr. P. K. Sinha Mrs.Sadia Kamal

Non-Executive Non-Independent Directors

Mr. Veqarul Amin - Director Mr.Y.S.Katiyar,- Director

Chief Financial Officer

Mohd.Imran

Company Secretary

R. K. Awasthi

Auditors

M/s Rajeev Prem & Associates. Chartered Accountants

Kanpur

Audit Committee

Mr. Kumud Bihari Seth - Chairman (Non-Executive Independent Director)

Mr Aftab Ahmad - Member

(Non-Executive Independent Director)

Mr.P.K.Sinha- Member

(Non-Executive Independent Director)

Nomination and Remuneration Committees

Mr.Aftab Ahmad - Chairman

(Non-Executive Independent Director)

Mr. Kumud Bihari Seth - Member
(Non-Executive Independent Director)

Mr.P.K.Sinha - Member

(Non-Executive Independent Director)

Shareholder's /Relationship Committee

Mr. P.K.Sinha - Chairman

(Non-Executive Independent Director)

Mr. Iftikharul Amin Mr. Iqbal Ahsan

Shareholder's / Investors' Grievance Committee

Mr. P.K.Sinha - Chairman

(Non-Executive Independent Director)

Mr. Iftikharul Amin Mr. Iqbal Ahsan

Bankers

State Bank of India, Overseas Branch, Kanpur

Plant Locations

a. Chrome Tannery : 187/170, J
b. Sole Tannery : (i) Mona Nag
: (ii) 187/170, J
c. Footwear Division : 169, Jaima

c. Footwear Division
d. Fashion Shoe Division
e. Safety Shoe Division
:

187/170, Jajmau Road, Kanpur – 208010 Mona Nagar, Jajmau, Kanpur – 208010 187/170, Jajmau Road, Kanpur – 208010

169, Jajmau, Kanpur – 208010 6, Akrampur, Unnao – 209801

Leather Technology Park, Banthar, Unnao, U.P.

Registered Office:

187/170, Jajmau Road, Kanpur 208010

Ph: 0512-7522000370,371-372 Fax: 0512-2460792, 2462227 Email: info@supertannery.com Website: www.supertannery.com Registrar and Share transfer Agent:

Kfin Technologies Ltd.

Selenium Tower-B"Plot No.31&32,Gachibowli, Financial District,Nanakramguda,Serilingampally

Hyderabad – 500032, Telangana, Ph: 40-6716 2222,3321 1000 Fax: 40-23311968, 23323041

Email: shivkumar.n @kfintech.com mailmanager@kfintech.com

38th Annual General Meeting to be held on Friday, the 30th September, 2022 at the Registered Office of the Company at 9:00 a.m.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the 38th Annual General Meeting of the members of Super Tannery Limited will be held on Friday the 30th September 2022 at 9:00 a.m. at 187/170, Jajmau Road, Kanpur-208 010, the registered office of the Company to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the Audited Profit & Loss Account for the year ended 31st March 2022 the Balance Sheet as on that date and the reports of Directors' and Auditors' thereon.
- 2. To Declare Dividend.
- 3. To appoint a director in place of Mr. Veqarul Amin, who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for reappointment.
- 4. To appoint a director in place of Mr. Yogendra Singh Katiyar, who retires by rotation and being eligible offers himself for re-appointment.
- 5. To -appoint M/S Kapoor Tandon & Company Chartered Accountants as Auditor in place of retiring Auditor M/S Rajeev Prem & Associates Chartered Accountants for a period of 5 years from the conclusion of this 38 AGM and fix their remuneration.

6. SPECIAL BUSINESS:

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED that pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013, and subject to approval of Members at the next Annual General Meeting Mr. Iftikharul Amin (holding DIN 00037424), be and is hereby reappointed as the Managing Director of the Company for a further period of 3 years w.e.f.30.09.2022 on the terms and conditions as approved by Nomination &Remuneration committee of the Board and the Board of Directors as mentioned in the draft of the agreement placed before the meeting duly initialed by the Chairperson for the purpose of identification and on the following terms and conditions.:

1. SALARY:

Rs 2,00,000/- per month with such annual increment as may be decided by the Board subject to maximum salary of Rs 200,000/- p.m.

2. COMMISSION:

1% of the net profits of the Company for each Financial Year computed in a manner laid down under the Companies Act, 2013 or 50% of annual salary or subject to maximum Rs 2,00,000/-, whichever is lower.

3. PERQUISITES:

The Managing Director shall be entitled to the following perquisites:

 Unfurnished accommodation, gas, electricity, water, furnishing, leave travel concession for self and family, medical reimbursement, club fee, medical and personal accidental insurance in accordance with the rules of the Company. The aforesaid will be restricted to Rs 5 lacs per annum. The perquisites shall be evaluated, for the purpose of above ceiling, as per Income Tax Rules, 1962.

- 2. Company's contribution to Provident Fund, Superannuation Fund or annuity fund will be restricted to the tax exemption limit and gratuity shall be payable as per the rules of the Company. These shall not be included in the computation of perguisites.
- 3. The Company will provide a car and telephone at his residence. The use of car for the purpose of Company's business and telephone at residence will not be considered as perquisites.

RESOLVED further that the Board of Director be and is hereby authorized to revise the remuneration of Mr.Iftikharul Amin, within the limits as specified in Schedule V of the Act in such manner as the Board may consider proper.

RESOLVED further that where in any financial year closing on or after 31st March 2022, the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate, the Company may pay to Mr.Iftikharul Amin, Managing Director remuneration by way of salary, perquisites and other allowances not exceeding the ceiling limit as specified under Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013, including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force."

7 To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED that pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013, and subject to approval of Members at the next Annual General Meeting Mr. Iqbal Ahsan, (holding DIN 00037445), be and is hereby reappointed as the Joint-Managing Director of the Company for a further period of 3 years w.e.f.30.09.2022 on the terms and conditions as approved by Nomination &Remuneration committee of the Board and the Board of Directors as mentioned in the draft of the agreement placed before the meeting duly initialed by the Chairperson for the purpose of identification and on the following terms and conditions.:

1 SALARY

Rs 2,00,000/- per month with such annual increment as may be decided by the Board subject to maximum salary of Rs 2,00,000/- p.m.

2. COMMISSION:

1% of the net profits of the Company for each Financial Year computed in a manner laid down under the Companies Act, 2013 or 50% of annual salary or subject to maximum Rs 200,000/-, whichever is lower.

3. PERQUISITES:

The Joint-Managing Director shall be entitled to the following perquisites:

 Unfurnished accommodation, gas, electricity, water, furnishing, leave travel concession for self and family, medical reimbursement, club fee, medical and personal accidental insurance in accordance with the rules of the Company.

The aforesaid will be restricted to Rs 5 lacs per annum. The perquisites shall be evaluated, for the purpose of above ceiling, as per Income Tax Rules, 1962.

- 2. Company's contribution to Provident Fund, Superannuation Fund or annuity fund will be restricted to the tax exemption limit and gratuity shall be payable as per the rules of the Company. These shall not be included in the computation of perquisites.
- The Company will provide a car and telephone at his residence. The use of car for the purpose of Company's business and telephone at residence will not be considered as perquisites.

RESOLVED further that the Board of Director be and is hereby authorized to revise the remuneration of Mr. Iqbal Ahsan, within the limits as specified in Schedule V of the Act in such manner as the Board may consider proper.

RESOLVED further that where in any financial year closing on or after 31st March 2022, the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate, the Company may pay to Mr.Iqbal Ahsan, Joint-Managing Director remuneration by way of salary, perquisites and other allowances not exceeding the ceiling limit as specified under Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013, including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force."

8. To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED that pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013, and subject to approval of Members at the next Annual General Meeting Mr. Imran Siddiqui, (holding DIN 00037552), be and is hereby reappointed as the Whole Time Director of the Company for a further period of 3years w.e.f.30.09.2022 on the terms and conditions as approved by Nomination & Remuneration committee of the Board and mentioned in the draft of the agreement placed before the Board meeting duly initialed by the Chairperson for the purpose of identification and on the following terms and conditions, Remuneration as mentioned in the explanatory statement annexed hereto.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorized to revise the remuneration of Mr. Imran Siddiqui, within the limits as specified in Schedule V of the Act in such manner as the Board may consider proper.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT where in any financial year closing on or after 31st March, 2022, the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate, the Company may pay to Mr Imran Siddiqui, Whole time director, remuneration by way of salary, perquisites and other allowances not exceeding the ceiling limit as specified under Part II of Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force."

9. To consider and if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED that pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013, and subject to approval of Members at the next Annual General Meeting Mr. Arshad Khan, (holding DIN 00037655), be and is hereby reappointed as the Whole Time Director of the Company for a further period of 3years w.e.f.30.09.2022 on the terms and conditions as approved by Nomination & Remuneration committee of the Board and mentioned in the draft of the agreement placed before the Board meeting duly initialed by the Chairperson for the purpose of identification and on the following terms and conditions, Remuneration as mentioned in the explanatory statement annexed hereto.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorized to revise the remuneration of Mr. Arshad Khan, within the limits as specified in Schedule V of the Act in such manner as the Board may consider proper.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT where in any financial year closing on or after 31st March, 2022, the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate, the Company may pay to Mr.Arshad Khan, Whole time director, remuneration by way of salary, perquisites and other allowances not exceeding the ceiling limit as specified under Part II of Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force."

10. Re-. Appointment of Mr. Mohd. Imran, Whole Time Director.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED that pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force) read with Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013, and subject to approval of Members at the next Annual General Meeting Mr. Mohd. Imran, (holding DIN 00037627), be and is hereby reappointed as the Whole Time Director of the Company for a further period of 3 years w.e.f.30.09.2022 on the terms and conditions as approved by Nomination & Remuneration committee of the Board as mentioned in the draft of the agreement placed before the Board meeting duly initialed by the Chairperson for the purpose of identification and on the following terms and conditions, Remuneration as mentioned in the explanatory statement annexed hereto.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorized to revise the remuneration of Mr. Mohd. Imran, within the limits as specified in Schedule V of theAct in such manner as the Board may consider proper.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT where in any financial year closing on or after 31st March, 2022, the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate, the Company may pay to Mr. Mohd. Imran, Whole time director, remuneration by way of salary, perquisites and other allowances not exceeding the ceiling limit as specified under Part II of Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013 including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force."

11. To consider and, if thought fit, to pass with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Section 181 of the Companies Act, 2013, consent of the members be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company to donate to charitable and other funds not directly related to the business of the Company or the welfare of its employees up to the extent of Rs. 30.00 lacs (Rupees thirty lacs only) during the financial year ending 31st March, 2023."

By Order of the Board of Directors for Super Tannery Limited R.K. Awasthi Company Secretary

Place: Kanpur Date: 13th Aug. 2022

NOTES:

- A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE MEETING IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE INSTEAD OF HIMSELF AND A PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. THE PROXY IN OREDR TO BE EFFECTIVE MUST BE DEPOSITED AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY NOT LESS THAN FORTY-EIGHT HOURS BEFORE THE COMMENCEMENT OF THE MEETING.
- Corporate members intending to send their authorized representative to attend the meeting are requested to send a certified copy of the Board Resolution authorizing their representative to attend and vote on their behalf at the meeting.
- ➤ The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of Special Businesses is annexed hereto.
- > The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company shall remain closed from 16 September to 30 September 2022 (both inclusive date).
- Members holding shares in identical order of names in more than one folio are requested to write to the Company, enclosing the Shares Certificate for consolidation of their holding into one folio.
- Members holding Shares in physical form are requested to notify the followings to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent to facilitate better services.
 - 1. Any change in their address under their signature clearly quoting, their folio numbers, old address along with the changed address with Pin code.
 - 2. Share certificate(s) held in multiple accounts in identical names or joint accounts in the same order of the names for consolidation of such shareholding into one account.
 - 3. Members holding shares in electronic form may inform any change in address to their Depository Participant.
- Members holding Shares in electronic form are requested to provide their Client-ID and DP-ID numbers at the meeting for easy identification.
- Members desirous of obtaining any information/clarification concerning the Accounts and Operation of the Company are requested to address their queries in writing to the Company Secretary at least seven days before the annual General Meeting, so that the desired information may be made available at the Annual general Meeting, if the Chairman permits to do so.
- The Shares of the Company are compulsorily tradable in demat form. With effect from April 1, 2019 except in case of request received for transmission or transposition of Securities. In view of this and to eliminate all risks associated with physical Shares and to ease of portfolio Management members holding shares in physical form are requested to consider converting their holding to dematerialized form. The equity Shares of the Company have been assigned ISIN INE460D01020. Members are requested to get their Shares dematerialized at the earliest to make them tradable.

Members are requested to note that, dividend if not in cashed for a consecutive period of 7 years from the date of transfer to unpaid Dividend Account of the Company, are liable to be transferred to the Investor Education and protection Fund ("IEPF" The shares in respect of such un claimed dividends are also liable to be transferred to the demat account of the IEPF Authority. In view of this Members/claimants are requested to claim their dividends from the Company, within the stipulated timeline, the dividend unpaid or unclaimed for the Financial Year 2014-15 may be claimed by the shareholders on or before 5th November 2022. Thereafter, such amount shall be transferred to the "Investor Education and Protection Fund". Kindly note that once the unclaimed or unpaid Dividend is transferred to "Investor Education and Protection Fund" no claim shall lie with the company in respect thereof. The Members whose unclaimed dividends/shares have been transferred to IEPF, may claim the same by making an application to the IEPF Authority, in Form No.

IEPF 5 available on www.iepf.gov.in. The Members/claimants can file only one consolidated claim in a Financial Year as per IEPF Rules.

As you may be aware Board of Directors of your Company at their meeting held on May 30, 2022, have declared a Dividend of Rs. 0.05/- per equity share (having a nominal value of Re. 01/- each) for the Financial Year 2021-22..

As you may be aware, in terms of the provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ('the Act'), as amended by the Finance Act, 2020, dividend declared, paid and distributed by a Company on or after 1st April, 2020 shall be taxable in the hands of the shareholders. The Company will, therefore, be required to deduct tax at source at the time of payment of the dividend at the applicable rates as per the provisions of the said act.

- Pursuant to Section 72 of the Companies Act, 2013 shareholders are entitled to make nomination in respect of share held by them in physical form. Shareholders desirous of making nomination are requested to send their request in the prescribed Form to the Registrar and Transfer Agents, M/s. KFin Technologies Limited, Hyderabad. Members holding shares in electronic mode are requested to consult/contact with their respective Depository Participant (DP) for availing nomination facility.
- Members are requested to notify immediately change in their address, PIN code, if any to company at its registered office by quoting their folio number.
- Members' proxies are requested to bring attendance slip duly completed for attending the meeting.
- Brief Resume of all Directors including those proposed to be appointed, nature of their expertise in specific functional areas, names of companies in which they hold Directorships and Memberships / Chairmanships and Relationships between Directors inter—se as stipulated under Regulation27 of the listing agreement with the Stock Exchanges in India, are provided in the report on Corporate Governance forming part of the Annual Report.
- Voting through electronic means:
- > The instructions for e-voting are as under:

PROCEDURE FOR REMOTE E-VOTING

- i. In compliance with the provisions of Section 108 of the Act, read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, as amended from time to time, Regulation 44 of the SEBI Listing Regulations and in terms of SEBI vide circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/ CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 in relation to e-Voting Facility Provided by Listed Entities, the Members are provided with the facility to cast their vote electronically, through the e-Voting services provided by KFintech, on all the resolutions set forth in this Notice. The instructions for e-Voting are given herein below.
- ii. However, in pursuant to SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on "e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies", e-Voting process has been enabled to all the individual demat account holders, by way of single login credential, through their demat accounts / websites of Depositories / DPs in order to increase the efficiency of the voting process.
- iii. Individual demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the e-Voting service provider (ESP) thereby not only facilitating seamless authentication but also ease and convenience of participating in e-Voting process. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and e-mail ID with their DPs to access e-Voting facility.
- iv. The remote e-Voting period commences 27.9.2022 (9.00AM) and ends 29.09.2022(5.00PM)
- v. The voting rights of Members shall be in proportion to their shares in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date. 23.09.2022
- vi. Any person holding shares in physical form and non-individual shareholders, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@Kfintech.com. However, if he / she is

already registered with KFintech for remote e-Voting then he /she can use his / her existing User ID and password for casting the vote.

- vii. In case of Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode and who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after sending of the Notice and holding shares as of the cut-off date may follow steps mentioned below under "Login method for remote e-Voting and or attending physical meeting for Individual shareholders holding securities in physical mode."
- viii. The details of the process and manner for remote e-Voting and -AGM are explained herein below:
 - **Step 1:** Access to Depositories e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.
 - **Step 2:** Access to KFintech e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

Details on Step 1 are mentioned below:

I. Login method for remote e-Voting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	 User already registered for IDeAS facility: Visit URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com Click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" under 'IDeAS' section. On the new page, enter User ID and Password. Post successful authentication, click on "Access to e-Voting" Click on company name or e-Voting service provider and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting the vote during the remote e-Voting period.
	 User not registered for IDeAS e-Services I. To register click on link: https://eservices.nsdl.com II. Select "Register Online for IDeAS" or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp III. Proceed with completing the required fields. IV. Follow steps given in points 1
	 3. Alternatively by directly accessing the e-Voting website of NSDL Open URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com/ Click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number held with NSDL), Password / OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. Post successful authentication, you will requested to select the name of the company and the e-Voting Service Provider name, i.e.KFintech. On successful selection, you will be redirected to KFintech e-Voting page for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	 Existing user who have opted for Easi / Easiest Visit URL: https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/home/login or URL: www.cdslindia.com Click on New System Myeasi Login with your registered user id and password. The user will see the e-Voting Menu. The Menu will have links of ESP i.e. KFintech e-Voting portal. Click on e-Voting service provider name to cast your vote.
	2. User not registered for Easi/Easiest I. Option to register is available at https://web.cdslindia.com/myeasi/Registration/EasiRegistration II. Proceed with completing the required fields. III. Follow the steps given in point 1
	 Alternatively, by directly accessing the e-Voting website of CDSL Visit URL: www.cdslindia.com Provide your demat Account Number and PAN No. System will authenticate user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be provided links for the respective ESP, i.e KFintech where the e- Voting is in progress.
Individual Shareholder login through their demat accounts / Website of Depository Participant	 I. You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your DP registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. II. Once logged-in, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL / CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. III. Click on options available against company name or e-Voting service provider – Kfintech and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of KFintech for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period without any further authentication.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID / Password are advised to use Forgot user ID and Forgot Password option available at respective websites.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login Type	Helpdesk Details
Securities held with NSDL	Please contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at toll free no.: 1800 1020 990 and 1800 22 44 30
Securities held with CDSL	Please contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 022-23058738 or 022-23058542-43

Details on Step 2 are mentioned below:

- II) Login method for e-Voting for shareholders other than Individual's shareholders holding securities in demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.
- (A) Members whose email IDs are registered with the Company/ Depository Participants (s), will receive an email from KFintech which will include details of E-Voting Event Number (EVEN), USER ID and password. They will have to follow the following process:

- i. Launch internet browser by typing the URL: https://evoting.kfintech.com
- ii. Enter the login credentials (i.e. User ID and password). In case of physical folio, User ID will be EVEN (E-Voting Event Number) xxxx, followed by folio number-In case of Demat account, User ID will be your DP ID and Client ID. However, if you are already registered with KFintech for e-voting, you can use your existing User ID and password for casting the vote.
- iii. After entering these details appropriately, click on "LOGIN".
- iv. You will now reach password change Menu wherein you are required to mandatorily change your password. The new password shall comprise of minimum 8 characters with at least one upper case (A- Z), one lower case (a-z), one numeric value (0-9) and a special character (@,#,\$, etc.,). The system will prompt you to change your password and update your contact details like mobile number, email ID etc. on first login. You may also enter a secret question and answer of your choice to retrieve your password in case you forget it. It is strongly recommended that you do not share your password with any other person and that you take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- v. You need to login again with the new credentials.
- vi. On successful login, the system will prompt you to select the "EVEN" i.e., '38 AGM" and click on "Submit"
- vii. On the voting page, enter the number of shares (which represents the number of votes) as on the Cut-off Date under "FOR/AGAINST" or alternatively, you may partially enter any number in "FOR" and partially "AGAINST" but the total number in "FOR/AGAINST" taken together shall not exceed your total shareholding as mentioned herein above. You may also choose the option ABSTAIN. If the Member does not indicate either "FOR" or "AGAINST" it will be treated as "ABSTAIN" and the shares held will not be counted under either head.
- viii. Members holding multiple folios/demat accounts shall choose the voting process separately for each folio/demat accounts.
- ix. Voting has to be done for each item of the notice separately. In case you do not desire to cast your vote on any specific item, it will be treated as abstained.
- x. You may then cast your vote by selecting an appropriate option and click on "Submit".
- xi. A confirmation box will be displayed. Click "OK" to confirm else "CANCEL" to modify. Once you have voted on the resolution (s), you will not be allowed to modify your vote. During the voting period, Members can login any number of times till they have voted on the Resolution(s).
- xii. Corporate/Institutional Members (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are also required to send scanned certified true copy (PDF Format) of the Board Resolution/Authority Letter etc., authorizing its representative to attend the AGM. Together with attested specimen signature(s) of the duly authorised representative(s), to the Scrutinizer at email id kn.shridhar@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@kfintech.com. The scanned image of the above-mentioned documents should be in the naming format "Corporate Name_Super Tannery Limited 38" AGM Even No."
- (B) Members whose email IDs are not registered with the Company/Depository Participants(s), and consequently the Annual Report, Notice of AGM and e-voting instructions cannot be serviced, will have to follow the following process:
 - i. Members who have not registered their email address and in consequence the Annual Report, Notice of AGM and e-voting instructions cannot be serviced, may temporarily get their email address and mobile number provided with KFintech, by accessing the link: https://ris.kfintech.com/clientservices/mobilereg/mobileemailreg.aspx. Members are requested to follow the process as guided to capture the email address and mobile number for sending the soft copy of the notice and e-voting instructions along with the User ID and Password. In case of any queries, member may write to einward.ris@kfintech.com
 - ii. Alternatively, member may send an e-mail request at the email id einward.ris@kfintech.com along with scanned copy of the signed copy of the request letter providing the email address, mobile number, self-attested PAN copy and Client Master copy in case of electronic folio and copy of share certificate in case of physical folio for sending the Annual report, Notice of AGM and the e-voting instructions.
 - i. The Members who have not cast their vote through remote e-voting shall be eligible to cast their vote through voting system available during the AGM.
 - ii. A Member can opt for only single mode of voting i.e., through Remote e-voting or voting at the AGM. If a Member casts votes by both modes, then voting done through Remote e-voting shall prevail and vote at the AGM shall be treated as invalid.

- In case of any query and/or grievance, in respect of voting by electronic means, Members may refer to the Help & Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) and E-voting user manual available at the download section of https://evoting.kfintech.com (KFintech Website) or contact at evoting@kfintech.com or call KFintech's toll free No. 1-800-309-4001 for any further clarifications.
- II. The Members, whose names appear in the Register of Members / list of Beneficial Owners as on 23.09.2022, being the cut-off date, are entitled to vote on the Resolutions set forth in this Notice. A person who is not a Member as on the cut-off date should treat this Notice for information purposes only. Once the vote on a resolution(s) is cast by the Member, the Member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently.
- III. In case a person has become a Member of the Company after dispatch of AGM Notice but on or before the cut-off date for E-voting, he/she may obtain the User ID and Password in the manner as mentioned below:
 - If the mobile number of the member is registered against Folio No./ DP ID Client ID, the member may send SMS: MYEPWD <space> E-Voting Event Number+Folio No. or DP ID Client ID to 9212993399
 - 1. Example for NSDL:
 - MYEPWD < SPACE > IN12345612345678
 - 3. Example for CDSL:
 - MYEPWD < SPACE > 1402345612345678
 - 5. Example for Physical:
 - MYEPWD < SPACE > XXXX1234567890
 - ii. If e-mail address or mobile number of the member is registered against Folio No. / DP ID Client ID, then on the home page of https://evoting.kfintech.com, the member may click "Forgot Password" and enter Folio No. or DP ID Client ID and PAN to generate a password.
 - iii. Members who may require any technical assistance or support before or during the AGM are requested to contact KFintech at toll free number 1-800-309-4001 or write to them at evoting@kfintech.com.
- IV. The results of the electronic voting shall be declared to the Stock Exchanges after the AGM. The results along with the Scrutinizer's Report, shall also be placed on the website of the Company.

EVEN (E Voting Event Number)	User ID	Password

By Order of the Board of Directors for Super Tannery Limited R.K. Awasthi Company Secretary

Place: Kanpur Date: 13th Aug. 2022

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT (Pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013)

ITEM No.:

Item No. 06 & 07

Mr. Iftikharul Amin was re- appointed as Managing Director in terms of resolution passed by the Board of Directors at its meeting and approved by the shareholders of the company at the Annual General Meeting on 30 September 2019 for a period of 3 years. The present term of office of Mr. 'Iftikharul Amin, as a Managing Director of the company will be expiring on 29.09.2022., Subject to Shareholders approval, and based on recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors, at their meeting held on 13.08.2022 have approved re-appointment of Mr. 'Iftikharul Amin, as Managing Director for a further period of 3 years from 30.09.2022.

Mr. Iqbal Ahsan, was re-appointed as Joint Managing Director in terms of resolution passed by the Board of Directors at its meeting and approved by the shareholders of the company at the Annual General Meeting on 30 September 2019 for a period of 3 years. The present term of office of Mr. Iqbal Ahsan, as Joint Managing Director of the company will be expiring on 29.09.2022., Subject to Shareholders approval, and based on recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors, at their meeting held on 13.08.2022 have approved re-appointment of the Joint Managing Director of the company for a further period of 3 years from 30.09.2022.

The main terms and conditions of re-appointment of Mr. Iftikharul Amin, Managing Director, Mr. Iqbal Ahsan, the Joint Managing Director of the Company are given in the notice.

The Board of Directors recommends the Ordinary resolutions set out in item no. 06&07 of the Notice for approval of the shareholders.

This may also be treated as an abstract of terms of re-appointment of Mr. Iftikharul Amin, Mr. Iqbal Ahsan, under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Mr. Iftikharul Amin, Mr. Iqbal Ahsan, the Directors seeking re-appointment and being relatives are interested in the resolutions.

Brief particulars of the Managing Directors and Joint Managing Director are being given in the report on Corporate Governance attached to Directors Report.

Item No. 8

The present term of office of Mr Imran Siddiqui, as a whole Time Director of the Company will be expiring on 29.09.2022 hence based on recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 13.08.2022 have approved the re-appointment of Mr.Imran Siddiqui subject to approval of Shareholders of the company, for a further period of 3 years w.e.f. 30.09.2022. The main terms and conditions of reappointment of Mr. Imran Siddiqui whole time Director of the Company are as under.

SALARY:

Rs 50,000/- per month with such annual increment as may be decided by the Board subject to maximum salary of Rs 55,000/- per month.

PERQUISITES:

The Whole time director shall be entitled to the following perquisites:

- 1. He shall be entitled to earned leave/Privilege leave on full pay and allowance as per rules of the company, but not more than forty-five days leaves for each completed year of services. Bonus as per the rules of the company will also be available to him.
- 2. Company's contribution to provident fund, superannuation fund or annuity fund will not be included in the computation of the ceiling on perquisites to the extent, these either singly or put together, are not taxable under the Income Tax Act, 1961, Gratuity payable shall not exceed half a month's salary for each completed year of service.
- 3. The Company will provide a car and telephone at his residence. However, provisions of car for the purpose of Company's business and telephone at residence will not be considered as perquisites. Personal long distance calls on telephone and use of car for private purpose shall be billed by the company.

Perquisites will be restricted to an amount equal to annual salary or maximum Rs. 150,000/- per annum whichever is less. The perquisites shall be evaluated, for the purpose of above ceiling, as per Income Tax Rules, 1962.

The terms and conditions of appointed of aforesaid Whole time Directors may be varied, altered or modified by the Board from time to time within the maximum limit laid down in Schedule V read with other applicable provisions of the Companies Act. 2013 or any amendments made hereinafter in this regard.

Where in any financial year during the currency of the tenure of the Whole time Directors the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate, the Company will pay remuneration to Whole time Directors by way of salary and perquisites as specified above as minimum remuneration, subject to compliance of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule V thereto including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

The Board of Directors recommends the resolutions set out in Item no.8 of the Notice, for approval of the Shareholders.

This may also be treated as an abstract of terms of re-appointment of Mr.Imran Siddiqui, under the provisions of Section 190 of the Companies Act, 2013.

Except Mr.Imran Siddiqui, none of Directors of the Company is in any way either directly or indirectly concerned or interested in the resolution except as a shareholder in general.

Brief particulars of Mr. Imran Siddiqui are being given in the Report on Corporate Governance attached with Director's Report.

Item No. 9

The present term of office of Mr.Arshad Khan, as a whole Time Director of the Company will be expiring on 29.09.2022 hence based on recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 13.08.2022 have approved the re-appointment of Mr.Arshad Khan, subject to the approval of the Shareholders of the company, for a further period of 3 years w.e.f. 30.09.2022. The main terms and conditions of re-appointment of Mr. Arshad Khan, whole time Director of the Company are as under.

SALARY:

Rs 25,000/- per month with such annual increment as may be decided by the Board subject to maximum salary of Rs 35,000/- per month.

PERQUISITES:

The Whole time director shall be entitled to the following perquisites:

1. He shall be entitled to earned leave/Privilege leave on full pay and allowance as per rules of the company, but not more than forty five days leaves for each completed year of services. Bonus as per the rules of the

- company will also be available to him.
- 2. Company's contribution to provident fund, superannuation fund or annuity fund will not be included in the computation of the ceiling on perquisites to the extent, these either singly or put together, are not taxable under the Income Tax Act, 1961, Gratuity payable shall not exceed half a month's salary for each completed year of service.
- 3. The Company will provide a car and telephone at his residence. However, provisions of car for the purpose of Company's business and telephone at residence will not be considered as perquisites. Personal long distance calls on telephone and use of car for private purpose shall be billed by the company.

Perquisites will be restricted to an amount equal to annual salary or maximum Rs 150,000/- per annum which ever is less. The perquisites shall be evaluated, for the purpose of above ceiling, as per Income Tax Rules, 1962.

The terms and conditions of appointed of aforesaid Whole time Directors may be varied, altered or modified by the Board from time to time within the maximum limit laid down in Schedule V read with other applicable provisions of the Companies Act. 2013 or any amendments made hereinafter in this regard.

Where in any financial year during the currency of the tenure of the Whole time Directors the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate, the Company will pay remuneration to Whole time Directors by way of salary and perquisites as specified above as minimum remuneration, subject to compliance of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule V thereto including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

The Board of Directors recommends the resolutions set out in Item no.9 of the Notice, for approval of the Shareholders.

This may also be treated as an abstract of terms of re-appointment of Mr. Arshad Khan under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Except Mr. Arshad Khan, none of Directors of the Company is in any way either directly or indirectly concerned or interested in the resolution except as a shareholder in general.

Brief particulars of Mr. Arshad Khan are being given in the Report on Corporate Governance attached with Director's Report.

Item No. 10

The present term of office of Mr.Mohd.Imran, as a whole Time Director of the Company will be expiring on 29.09.2022 hence based on recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 13.08.2022 have approved the re-appointment of Mr.Mohd.Imran, as a Whole Time Director subject to the approval of the Shareholders of the company, for a further period of 3 years w.e.f. 30.09.2022. The main terms and conditions of re-appointment of Mr. Mohd.Imran, whole time Director of the Company are as under.

SALARY:

Rs 30,000/- per month with such annual increment as may be decided by the Board subject to maximum salary of Rs 40,000/- per month.

PERQUISITES:

The Whole time director shall be entitled to the following perquisites:

1. He shall be entitled to earned leave/Privilege leave on full pay and allowance as per rules of the company, but not more than forty five days leaves for each completed year of services. Bonus as per the rules of the

- company will also be available to him.
- 2. Company's contribution to provident fund, superannuation fund or annuity fund will not be included in the computation of the ceiling on perquisites to the extent, these either singly or put together, are not taxable under the Income Tax Act, 1961, Gratuity payable shall not exceed half a month's salary for each completed year of service.
- 3. The Company will provide a car and telephone at his residence. However, provisions of car for the purpose of Company's business and telephone at residence will not be considered as perquisites. Personal long distance calls on telephone and use of car for private purpose shall be billed by the company.

Perquisites will be restricted to an amount equal to annual salary or `150,000/- per annum whichever is less. The perquisites shall be evaluated, for the purpose of above ceiling, as per Income Tax Rules, 1962.

The terms and conditions of aforesaid Whole time Directors may be varied, altered or modified by the Board from time to time within the maximum limit laid down in Schedule V read with other applicable provisions of the Companies Act. 2013 or any amendments made hereinafter in this regard.

Where in any financial year during the currency of the tenure of the Whole time Directors the Company has no profits or its profits are inadequate, the Company will pay remuneration to Whole time Directors by way of salary and perquisites as specified above as minimum remuneration, subject to compliance of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Schedule V thereto including any statutory modification or re-enactment thereof for the time being in force.

The Board of Directors recommends the resolutions set out in Item no.10 of the Notice, for approval of the Shareholders.

This may also be treated as an abstract of terms of re-appointment of Mr. Mohd. Imran as per the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Except Mr. Mohd. Imran, none of Directors of the Company is in any way either directly or indirectly concerned or interested in the resolution except as a shareholder in general.

Brief particulars of Mr. Mohd. Imran are being given in the Report on Corporate Governance attached with Director's Report.

Item No. 11

It has been the policy of the company to contribute in those charitable funds, which serve the society at large or for the welfare of its employees, whether such charitable institution are directly related or not with the business of the Company, the action of the Board is taken keeping in mind the responsibility that the Company owes to society as well as to full fill the requirement of CSR by way of promoting preventive health care, promoting education, including special education etc. Sometimes contribution so made exceed the limit prescribed by the section 181 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Board can not do such welfare work, beyond prescribed limit, without the approval of the members. The aggregate of such contribution during the year ending 31.03.2023 is likely to exceed the limit as prescribe by the Act. Therefore, your permission is requested.

The Directors recommend the resolution set out in item no 11 of the Notice for approval of members.

None of the Director of the Company in any way whether, directly or indirectly, except as trustee of trust which receive the fund, is interested or concerned in this resolution.

By Order of the Board of Directors for Super Tannery Limited R.K. Awasthi Company Secretary

Place: Kanpur Date: 13th Aug. 2022

DIRECTOR'S REPORT

Dear Shareholder,

The Directors of your Company have pleasure in presenting the 38th Annual Report on the business and operations of the Company together with Audited Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March 2022:

FINAN	CIAL RESULTS		Year ended 31.03.2022 Rs in lacs		Year ended 31.03.2021 Rs in lacs
PROF	TS·		113 111 1400		113 111 1400
	pefore Interest, Depreciation & extra-ordinary items		1705.93		1820.05
Less:	Interest	396.03		533.15	
	Depreciation	626.86		595.30	
	Exchange Fluctuation Loss/(gains)	00.00		30.34	
	Bad Debts written off	18.92	1041.81	68.39	1227.18
	Profit before tax		664.12		592.87
Less:	Provision for current tax	162.00		131.00	
	Provision for deferred tax	25.00)		(2.98)	
	Income Tax relating to earlier Years	<u>3.69</u>	<u>131.71</u>	(3.69)	<u>(84.74)</u>
	Profit after tax		402.92		461.16
Add:	Profit brought forward from previous year	2718.76		2242.16	
	Other Comprehensive Income	<u>17.89</u>		<u>14.81</u>	
			2736.65		2257.60
Profit a	available for appropriation		3139.57		<u>2718.76</u>

NOTE: Figures of the previous year have been re-grouped/re-arranged in order to make them comparable.

DIVIDEND:

The Board of Directors of your Company take pleasure to recommend a dividend of Rs.0.05(5%) per equity shares of Re.1/each for the year ended 31st March, 2022.subject to approval of shareholders at the ensuing Annual general Meeting. The dividend if approved, shall result in a payout of 13.41% current year profit available for appropriation. This makes the Management Investor friendly and creates more confidence to keep the Investors interest at heart.

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN:

The extract of Annual Return as provided under sub-section (3)of section 92 of the Companies Act,2013('the Act')in prescribed form MGT-9 is enclosed to this report.

OPERATIONAL REVIEW:

During the year under review, the income from operation of the company was Rs 22,259.18 lacs as against Rs 19,202.72 lacs during the last financial year, shows improvement in the operational income by Rs. 3056.46 lacs. The company overall growth is satisfactory despite recession in the market.

SUBSIDIARY COMPANIES:

The Company has Five subsidiaries namely: Super Corporation Limited, , Aarifi Tanners Limited, Secure Safety Limited, Super Tannery (UK) Limited and Super Italia s.r.l . The Financial statement including Consolidated Financial statement and separate statement in respect of each of its subsidiaries have also been placed on the website of the Company. A statement containing salient feature of the Financial Statement of subsidiaries/associates companies is forming part of Annual Financial statement. The Annual Accounts of the subsidiary companies will be kept open for inspection by any investor at the head office of the Company and the subsidiary concerned.

INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS:

During the period industrial relations have been extremely cordial. Employees' cooperation and co-ordination had

been an important factor in the growth of the organization.

FIXED DEPOSITS:

The Company has not accepted/renewed any deposit during the year under review, under the provisions of the Companies Act 2013 and the rules framed thereunder.

HUMAN RESOURCES MANAGEMENT:

Employees are vital to the Company. We have created a favorable work environment that encourages humble relationship. We have also set up a scalable recruitment and human resources management process, which enables us to attract and retain high caliber employees. The Company also has started with collaboration of UP Leather Industries Association a training center for recruiting trained labor's.

DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMAN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL ACT, 2013:

Your Company strongly believes in providing a safe and harassment free workplace for each and every individual working for the Company through various intervention and practices. It is the continuous endeavor of the Management of the Company to create and provide an environment to all its employees that is free from discrimination and harassment including Sexual harassment.

During the year ended 31 March 2022, no complaint pertaining to sexual harassment was received by the Company.

GLOBAL HEALTH PANDEMIC FROM COVID-19

The World Health Organization declared a global pandemic of the Novel Coronavirus disease (Covid-19) on February 11, 2020. In enforcing social distancing to contain the spread of the disease, To effectively respond and manage our operations through this crisis, the company triggered its business continuity management program, chaired by the Chief Operating Officer. In keeping with its employee-safety-first approach, the Company quickly instituted measures to trace all employees and be assured of their well-being.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

A statement of particulars of employees as specified under the Companies Act, 2013 as amended from time to time, is set out in the Annexure forming part of Directors' Report.

CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, and FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNING & OUTGO:

The particulars of Energy Conservation, Technology Absorption etc. pursuant to Section 134(3) (m) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are set out in the Annexure forming part of this Report.

SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS OR TRIBUNALS:

No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or Tribunals during the previous year which may impact the going concern status of the Company's Operation in the future.

WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY/VIGIL MECHANISIM:

To create enduring value for all stakeholders and ensure the highest level of honesty, and ethical behavior in all its operations, the Company has formulated a Vigil Mechanism named as SUPER Whistle Blower Policy' in addition to the existing code of conduct that governs the action of its employees. This Whistleblower policy aspires to encourage all employees to report suspected or actual occurrence(s) of illegal, Unethical or inappropriate events (behaviors or practices) that effect Company's interest/image. A copy of the Policy is available on the website of the Company and may be accessed through the web link www:htpp;//supertannery.com

DIRECTORS & KMP:

In terms of Article 125 of the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Veqarul Amin and Mr. Yogendra Singh Katiyar , Directors of the Company retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself

for his re-appointment. Brief resume of all the Directors, their expertise in specific functional areas and names of other companies in which Directorship held and the membership of committee of the Board as stipulated under the listing Agreement are given in corporate governance annexure, attached to this report.

DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

The Company has received declaration from all the Independent Directors of the Company confirming that they meet with the criteria of independence as prescribed under sub-section (6) of section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013.

POLICY ON DIRECTORS' APPOINTMENT AND REMUENRATION:

For the purpose of selection of any Director, the Nomination &Remuneration Committee identifies persons of integrity who posses' relevant expertise, experience and leadership qualities required for the position and also takes into consideration recommendation, if any received from any member of the Board. The Committee also ensures that the incumbent fulfills such other criteria with regard to age and other qualifications as laid down under the Companies Act,2013 or other applicable laws.

The Board has, on the recommendation of the Nomination & Remuneration Committee framed a policy for selection, appointment and remuneration of Directors & senior Management.

The Remuneration policy of the Company is disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms a part of the report.

FAMILIARISATION PROGRAMME FOR THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

In compliance with the requirements of Regulation 27 of the listing Agreement, the Company has put in place a Familiarization Programme for the Independent Directors to familiarize them with the Company, their roles rights responsibilities in the Company, nature of the Company in which Company operates, business model etc.

REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

Pursuant to Regulation 27 of the Listing Agreement, a report on Corporate Governance is given in Annexure to this report.

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to the requirement under Section 134(5) read with section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to Directors' Responsibility Statement, it is hereby confirmed:

- (i) That in the preparation of the annual accounts for the financial year ended 31st March 2022, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- (ii) That the Directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that were reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of afairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit or loss of the Company for that period;
- (iii) That the Directors have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (iv) That the Directors have prepared the accounts for the financial year ended 31st March 2022 on a going concern basis.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

In accordance with Accounting Standard AS-21 on Consolidated Financial Statements, your directors have pleasure in attaching the Consolidated Financial Statements which form part of Annual Reports and Accounts. These consolidated financial statements include accounts of Super Tannery (U.K.) Limited, Aarifi Tanners Limited, Super Corporation Limited Secure Safety Limited, and Super Italia s.r.l.

AUDITORS: M/s. Kapoor Tandon & Company Chartered Accountants, Kanpur (Registration No.000952C) have been appointed in place of M/S Rajeev Prem & Associates Chartered Accountants, Kanpur (Registration No 008905C) for a period of 5 years from the conclusion of 38th AGM to be held on 30.09.2022, subject to ratification of

their appointment at every Annual General Meeting and have confirmed their eligibility and willingness to accept the offer of Auditors, if ratified by the Members at the forth coming AGM. The Board of Directors recomm3end their appointment.

COSTAUDITOR:

As requires under the Companies (Cost Accounting Records) Rules 2011, the requirement of Cost Audit report does not applicable to the Company as per MCA circular. Hence no report was filed.

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS:

Pursuant to the provisions of section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company has appointed M/S K.N. Shridhar, & Associates, Company secretary Kanpur to undertake the secretarial Audit of the Company.

The Secretarial Audit Report is annexed herewith as "annexure B"

The Audit Report and the Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year 2021-22 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark by the Auditors.

LOANS, GURANTEES & INVESTMENTS:

The particulars of Loans, guarantees and investments have been disclosed in the financial statements.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

The policy on Related Party Transactions as approved by the Board is available on the website of the Company www.supertannery.com.

All contracts/arrangements entered by the Company during the previous financial year with the related parties were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. The Audit Committee and the Board of Directors reviewed the transaction (which are repetitive in nature) and the Audit Committee granted approval for such transactions.

The disclosures as required under AS-18 have been made in notes forming part of the standalone financial statement. The particulars of contracts or arrangements entered in to by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188of the companies Act, 2013 has been disclosed in Form No.AOC-2 which is annexed hereto.

AUDITORS' REPORT:

The comments of the Auditors in their Audit Report and reference to "Notes on Accounts" forming part of the Financial Results are self-explanatory and need no further comments.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT:

Your directors would like to express their gratitude and appreciation for the continued support and co-operation received from State Bank of India, Central & State Government Authorities, Regulatory Bodies, Stock Exchanges and Shareholders.

Your directors wish to place their deep sense of appreciation on record for the devoted services of the officers, staff and workers of the Company.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: KANPUR
Date: 13.08.2022

IFTIKHARULAMIN
Mohd.imran
Director (Finance) & CFO

ANNEXURE I TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT

Statement as required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 8 of the Companies(Accounts) Rules, 2014.

(a) Conservation of Energy:

- (1) Energy conservation measures taken:
 - Upgradation of power generation and distribution systems for long term energy savings. Special emphasis has been laid on boiler and steam generation.
- (2) Additional investments and proposal, if any, being implemented for reduction of consumption of energy: Introduction of energy saving devices and systems in process machines.
- (3) Impact of the measures at (1) & (2) above for the reduction of energy consumption and consequent impact on the cost of production of goods:
 - Energy conservation measures have helped in generation of required quantity of steam at a minimum cost which resulted in improving efficiencies and reduction in costs.
- (4) Total energy consumption and energy consumption per unit of production as per Form A of the Annexure in respect of industries specified in the Schedule thereto: Not Applicable

(b) Technology Absorption: Research and Development (R & D):

- (1) Specific area in which R & D carried out by the Company:
 - (a) New product development based on different raw hides/skins.
 - (b) Apart from production of safety footwear establishing standard products for fashion shoes/sandals.
- (2) Benefits derived as a result of the above R & D:
 - (a) Cost reduction and better unit realization.
 - (b) Better product acceptance.
- (3) Future plan of action:
 - To continue to invest in R & D for faster introduction of new products.
- (4) Expenditure on R & D:

	2021-22	2020-21
	(Rs in lacs)	(Rs in lacs)
(a) Capital	Ò000	`0000
(b) Recurring	2.18	1.79
(c) Total	2.18	1.79
(d) Total R & D Expenditure as % of turnover	0.01%	0.01%

Technology Absorption, Adoption And Innovation:

(1) Efforts, in brief, made towards technology absorption, adoption and innovation:

The Company is using indigenous technology and is developing in house technology and is not dependant on any outside technology / source.

- (2) Benefits derived as a result of the above efforts: Not Applicable
- (3) Incase of imported technology (Imported during the last 5 years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year):

(a)	Technology imported	}
(b)	Year of import	}
(c)	Has technology been fully absorbed?	Not Applicable
(d)	If not fully absorbed, areas where not taken place,	}
	reasons therefore and future plan of action	}

(c) FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO:

(1) Activities relating to exports, initiative taken to increase exports, development of new export markets or products and export plans:

On Export front, Company's performance is quite satisfactory and it is expected to be strong in the time to come.

(2) Total foreign exchange earned & used:

	2021-22	2020-21
	(Rs in lacs)	(Rs in lacs)
(a)Foreign exchange earned (FOB value of exports)	17,072.90	15,067.75
(b)Foreign exchange used	2,693.28	3,056.69

(d) STATEMENT OF PARTICULARS OF MANAGING AND JOINT MANAGING DIRECTORS FORMING PART OF THE DIRECTORS' REPORT:

Name	Designation	Gross Remuneration	Qualification	Experience (Years)	Date of Commencement of employment	Age (Years)	Particulars of previous employment
Mr. Iftikharul Amin	Managing Director	Rs. 24,00,000	Post Graduate	37	06.02.1984	64	Promoter
Mr. Iqbal Ahsan	Jt.Managing Director	Rs. 24,00,000	Graduate	33	21.12.1988	61	Promoter
Mr. Veqarul Amin	Director	00	Leather Technologist	31	01.01.1990	59	Promoter

Notes:

- 1. Mr. Iftikharul Amin, Mr. Iqbal Ahsan and Mr. Veqarul Amin being brothers are related to each other within the meaning of schedule IA of Companies Act, 2013.
- 2. Remuneration includes salary and perquisites as per rules of the company and recorded under the Income Tax Act, 1961.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: KANPUR
Date: 13.08.2022

IFTIKHARULAMIN
Managing Director
Whole Time Director

ANNEXURE –II TO THE DIRECTORS' REPORT REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

In accordance with the Regulation 17-to 27of (LODR) Regulation 2015 of the Listing Agreement with the Stock Exchanges in India (Regulation27) and some of the best practices followed internationally on Corporate Governance, the report containing the details of governance system and processes at Super Tannery Limited is as under:

Corporate Governance Philosophy

At Super Tannery Limited it is our belief that as we move closer towards our aspirations of becoming a global corporation our corporate governance standard must be globally benchmarked. That gives us confidence of having put in the right building blocks for future growth and ensuring that we achieve our ambitions in a prudent and sustainable manner.

Shareholders Communications

The Board recognizes the importance of two-way communication with shareholders for giving a balanced report of results & progress and responds to the questions and issues raised in a timely and consistent manner. Shareholders seeking information may contact the Company directly throughout the year. They also have an opportunity to ask questions in person at the Annual General Meeting. Shareholders can contact the company via dedicated shareholder contact points as provided with this report or through any of Investor Service Centre of the Company's Registrars and Transfer Agents. The company ensures that queries, complaints and suggestions are responded in a timely and consistent manner.

Role of Company Secretary in Overall Governance Process

The Company Secretary holds a key role in ensuring that the Board Procedures are followed and regularly reviewed. The Company Secretary ensures that all relevant information, details and documents are made available to the directors and senior management for effective decision making at the meeting. The Company Secretary is primarily responsible to ensure compliance with applicable statutory requirements and is the interface between the management and regulatory authorities for governance matters. All the Directors of the company have access to the advice and services of the Company Secretary.

Observance of the Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of the Company Secretaries of India

The Institute of the Company Secretaries of India (ICSI), one of the premier professional bodies in India, has issued Secretarial Standards on important aspects like Board Meetings, General Meeting, Payment of Dividend, Maintenance of Registers and records, Minutes of Meetings, Transmission of Shares and Debentures, Passing of Resolution By Circulation, Affixing of Common Seal, Forfeiture of Shares and Board's Report although these standards are recommendatory in nature, the Company substantially adheres to the standards voluntarily.

1. BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

- (i) The Board of Directors comprises a Managing Director, and Joint Managing Director five Executive and Six Non-Executive Directors. Out of 11 Directors Four directors are Independent and Non-executive Directors, Women director is Independent non-executive Chairperson and two is non-Independent and non-Executive directors.
- (ii) None of the directors on the Board is a member of more than 10 Committees or Chairman of more than 5 committees as specified in the regulation across all the Companies in which he/she is a director. Necessary disclosure about position in other public companies as on 3[†] March 2022 has been made by the Director.
- (iii) The names and categories of the Directors on the Board, their attendance at Board meetings held during the year and the number of Directorships and Committee Chairmanship/Membership held by them in other companies is given below. Other directorships do not include alternate directorship and directorship of private limited companies, Chairmanship/Membership of Board Committees included on Audit, Remuneration and Shareholder/Investors Grievances committees.
- (iv) The present strength of the Board is 11 comprises Five executive and Six non-executive directors. During the year 2021-22, the Board met 4 times (as against the minimum requirement of four meetings) on the following dates: 19th June, 7th August 2021,13th November,2021, and 12th Feb 2022, the maximum time gap between any two board meetings was not more than one hundred and twenty days.

The following table gives details of directors' attendance at the Board meetings and at the last Annual General Meeting, number of memberships held by director in the Board/Committees of various companies:

Name	Category	Attendance Particulars		Number of		ectorships
				Committee Me	Committee Member/Chairman	
		Board	Last AGM	Director-	Other	Committee
		Meetings		ships	Committee	Chairman
					Membership	
Iftikharul Amin	MD	3	Yes	5	1	
Iqbal Ahsan	JMD	3	Yes	5	1	
Veqarul Amin	NED-	4	Yes	3		
Imran Siddiqui	ED	4	Yes	2		
Arshad Khan	ED	4	YES			
Mohd. Imran	ED	4	YES	2		
Yogendra Singh Katiyar	ED	3	Yes			
Kumud Behari Seth	NED-I	4		1	3	1
P. K. Sinha	NED-I	2		1	3	1
Sadia Kamal	NED-1	4		2		
Aftab Ahmad	NED-I	4		2	3	1

MD-Managing Director; JMD-Joint Managing Director; ED-Executive Director; NED-I-Non-Executive Director –Independent.

None of the Director is member of more than 10 committees or Chairman of more than 5 committees across all companies in which he/she is Director. Brief resume of Directors seeking re-appointment, nature of their expertise in specific functional area, is given here under:

- a. Mr. Iftikharul Amin: Mr. Iftikharul Amin, Managing Director of the Company (64years), is a Post Graduate. He is named in Article of Association of the Company as First Director of the Company and appointed as Managing Director in 1989. Mr. Iftikharul Amin has been closely associated with the Company for over 36 years and is involved in the operation of the Company. He is having very good experience of leather and leather products. His services are required very much to steer the company smoothly. He is also director of the following companies:-
 - 1. Super Tannery (UK) Limited
 - 2. Aarifi Tanners Limited
 - 3. Amin Tannery Limited
 - 4. Super Corporation Limited
- b. Mr. Iqbal Ahsan: Mr. Iqbal Ahsan, Joint Managing Director (61 years), is a Graduate. He joined the Board of Super Tannery Limited as an Executive Director in 1988-89 and appointed as Joint Managing Director in 1993-94. Mr. Iqbal Ahsan has been closely associated with the Company for over 33 years and is involved in the operation of the Company. He is having very good experience of leather and leather products. His services are required very much to steer the company smoothly. He is also director of the following companies:-
 - 1. Super Tannery (UK) Limited
 - 2. Aarifi Tanners Limited
 - 3. Safety Solutions s.r.o.
 - 4. Amin Tannery Limited
 - 5. Super Corporation Limited
- c. Mr. Veqarul Amin: Mr. Veqarul Amin, (59 years), is a Qualified Leather Technologist. He joined the Board of Super Tannery Limited as Director (Technical) in 1990 and appointed as Joint Managing Director in 2001 to

January 1st 2019, the Company has changed his status as Non-Executive Non-Independent Director from the Joint Managing director liable to retire by rotation and being eligible for re-appointment. As director. Mr. Veqarul Amin has been closely associated with the Company for over 30 years and involve in the operation of the Company. He is having very good experience of leather and leather products. His services are required very much to steer the company smoothly. He is also director of the following companies: -

- 1. Industrial Infrastructure Services (I)
- 2. Amin Tannery Limited
- d. Mr. Imran Siddiqui: Mr. Imran Siddiqui, age about 64 years, is a chemical Engineer. He joined the Board of directors of the company in 1992-93 as an alternate director. His efficiency and capability enabled the company to appoint him as a whole time Director in 1998-99. Mr. Siddiqui has been associated with the company for over 40 years and closely involved in the operations of the company He is responsible for Human Resources Development, Legal, Administration, Information & Technology and Vegetable tanned Sole leather Production. He has vast experience and his services are required by the company to steer it smoothly. Mr. Imran Siddiqui is also Director in Secure Safety Limited formally known as Super Safety wears Limited..
- e. Mr. Arshad Khan: Mr. Arshad Khan, Age 58 years is a Graduate and has been associated with the Company for the last 27 years and closely involve in the export marketing of finished leather of Company. He was introduced in the Board in the year 2000 as Additional Director and was regularized at the 16 Annual General Meeting of the Company as a whole time Director. He has vast experience of export of leather and leather products. He has visited many countries for this purpose and gained rich experience. His service is required for steering the export of the company. Mr. Khan is not director of any other company.
- **f. Mr. Mohd. Imran:** Mr. Mohd. Imran (55 years) is a Chartered Accountant having experience in export, import, accounts, excise, customs and foreign trade matters. He is very initiative and closely associated with the company since long time. Mr. Mohd Imran is also director in Secure Safety Limited and Super Tannery (UK) Limited.
- g. Mr Mr. Yogendra Singh Katiyar Mr. Mr. Ypgendra Singh Katiyar, (45 years) is Msc-I and Administration of Civilians in EME was introduced in the Board of Director of the company in May 2015 as an additional Director of the Company. Mr. Y.S. Katiyar, is not a Director in any other Company. On January 1,2019 the Company has change his status as Non-Executive Non-Independent Director from the Whole Time Director liable to retire by rotation and being eligible for re-appointment. As director.

3. AUDIT COMMITTEE:

The Audit Committee consists of three Members - Mr. Kumud Behari Seth (Non-Executive Independent Director) acts as Chairman, Mr. Aftab Ahmad (Non-Executive Independent Director) member and Mr. P.K. Sinha (Non-Executive Independent Director) member of the committee. During the year 4 meetings were held one of which was before finalization of annual accounts. The said meetings were held on 19 June,2021 7 Aug.2021, 13th Nov. 2021, 12 February 2022. The meetings of the committee were attended by the members of the committee. Mr. Kumud Behari Seth has financial and accounting knowledge.

The meetings of Audit Committee were attended by the heads of accounts & finance and other respective functional heads and statutory auditors as invitees. Members held discussion with the statutory auditors during the meetings of the Committee and half yearly and annual audited financial accounts of the company were reviewed by the Audit Committee before consideration and approval by the Board. The Committee reviewed the internal control system also.

The terms of reference specified by the Board to the Audit Committee are as contained under Regulation 17-27 of (LODR) of the Listing Agreement. They are as follows:

- a. Oversight of the company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information.
- **b.** Recommending the appointment and removal of external auditors, fixation of audit fee and also approval for payment for any other services.
- **c.** Reviewing with management the annual financial statements before submission to the Board, (i) the going concern assumption (ii) compliance with accounting standards (iii) compliance with stock exchange and legal requirements concerning financial statements.
- **d.** Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit functions.
- e. Discussion with internal auditors any significant findings and follow-up there on.
- **f.** Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the internal auditors into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of internal control systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board.
- **g.** Discussion with external auditors before the audit commences nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern.

4. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

For better compliance of Corporate Governance, the Remuneration Committee of the Company has been designed to determine Company's policy on specific remuneration package of Executive Directors on the basis of their performance. The Remuneration and Commission decided by the Committee are paid in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013. The Composition of Remuneration Committee is as follows

Name		Status
Mr. Aftab Ahmad	(Non Executive Director - Independent)	Chairman
Mr. Kumud Behari Seth	(Non Executive Director - Independent)	Member
Mr. P.K.Sinha,	(Non Executive Director - Independent)	Member

Details of remuneration paid to Directors are given below

Ctane of formation paid to Birottore are given below .						
Name of Directo r	Salary	Sitting Fees	Total			
	including		(Rs ₹ in lacs)			
	perquisites					
Mr. Iftikharul Amin	24,00,000		24,00,000			
Mr. Iqbal Ahsan	24,00,000		24,00,000			
Mr. Veqarul Amin						
Mr. Imran Siddiqui	708000		708000			
Mr. Mohd. Imra n	394000		394000			
Mr. Arshad Khan	438000		438000			

The Non-Executive Directors are not pa id any remune ration.

5. SHAREHOLDERS'/INVESTORS' GRIEVANCE COMMITTEE:

The Company has constituted Shareholders' / Investors' Grievance Committee (the committee), comprising Mr.P.K.Sinha, Chairman, Mr. Iftikharul Amin and Mr. Iqbal Ahsan. The Committee, inter-alia, approves issue of duplicate certificates and reviews all matters connected with the securities transfer. The Committee also looks into redressing of Shareholders' / Investors' Complaints like transfer of shares, non-receipt of balance sheet, non-receipt of dividends etc. Mr R.K. Awasthi, the Company Secretary acts as a Secretary of the Committee as well as Compliance Officer. Total No. of complaints received and replied to the satisfaction of shareholders during the year was 77. No outstanding complaints were lying unresolved as on 31st March 2022. No investors' grievances are pending for a period exceeding one month with the Company.

CSR COMMITTEE:

The Company has constituted CSR Committee (the committee), comprising Mr. Kumud Behari Seth, Chairman, Mr. Mohd.Imran, and Mr. Iqbal Ahsan. The Committee, inter-alia, approves the CSR activities as run by the Company through its Amin Welfare Trust. Besides this it has been the policy of the Company to take up activities such as healthcare including preventive healthcare, education etc. During the year company has spend more than 2% of the average net profit of the Company through its Hospital and Schools. The basic aim of the Company CSR policy to improve the lives of the local Community.

6. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS:

During the last three years, following Annual General Meetings (AGM) & Extra Ordinary General Meeting (EGM) were held:

Year	Location	Date	Time
2018-19 (AGM)	187/170 Jajmau Kanpur	30.09.2019	9.00 A.M
2019-20(AGM)	187/170 Jajmau Kanpur	30.09.2020	9.00 A.M
2020-21(AGM)	187/170 Jajmau Kanpur	30.09.2021	9.00 A.M

7. DISCLOSURE:

(a) Disclosures on materially significant related party transactions i.e. transactions of the Company of material nature, with its promoters, the directors or the management, their subsidiaries or relatives etc. that may have potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large.

None of the transactions with any of the related parties were in conflict with the interest of the Company. All the related party transactions are negotiated on arms length basis and are only intended to safeguard the interest of the company. Wherever necessary, the related party transactions are disclosed in Notes to the Accounts, forming part of the Annual Report.

(b) Details of non-compliance by the Company, penalties and strictures imposed on the Company by Stock Exchange or SEBI or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years.

There were no instances of non-compliance of any matter related to the capital markets during the last three years.

8. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION:

Quarterly Results: The quarterly results were published in the `Financial Express (English), New Delhi and `Jansatta (Hindi), Kanpur. The Management Discussion and Analysis (M D & A) is a part of Annual Report.

9. INSIDER TRADING:

In accordance with Securities & Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulation 1992, as amended in February 2002, the Board of Directors of the company formulated the code of conduct for prevention of insider trading in shares of the company by its employees.

10. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION:

10.1: ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING: Date and Time 30th September 2022 at 9:00 a.m. Venue – 187/170, Jajmau, KANPUR-208 010.

10.2: FINANCIAL CALENDAR (1st April 2021 to 31st March 2022: (Tentative)

BOARD MEETINGS:

Results for the quarter ending 30.06.2021: 2rd week of August 2021 Results for the quarter ending 30.09.2021: 2rd week of November 2021 Results for the quarter ending 31.12.2021: 2rd week of February 2022

Results for the quarter ending 31.03.2022: Last week of May 2022 (as per Listing Agreement.)

- **10.3:** BOOK CLOSURE DATE/ record date: 16th September 2022 to 30th September 2022 (both days inclusive)
- 10.4: Dividend payment date: Credit/dispatch of divided between 1st October 2022 to 5th October 2022

10.5: (a) LISTING OF EQUITY SHARES ON STOCK EXCHANGES AT:

1. The Stock Exchange, Mumbai, Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, MUMBAI-400001.

NOTE: Annual Listing Fees for the year 2022-23 as applicable has been paid to the BSE.

(b) DEMAT ISIN NUMBERS IN NSDL & CDSL: Equity Shares INE460D01020

10.6: STOCK CODE: Trading in Mumbai Stock Exchange and Stock Code is 523842.

Performance of Company's Equity Share

Months	Company's Equity Share		
	High	Low	
April 2021	3.70	2.43	
May 2021	3.98	2.53	
June 2021	8.24	3.55	
July 2021	7.45	6.50	
August 2021	7.09	4.71	
September 2021	5.20	4.63	
October 2021	5.08	4.52	
November 2021	5.63	4.60	
December 2021	7.50	4.77	
January 2022	8.79	6.25	
February 2022	7.30	4.90	
March 2022	5.85	4.90	

10.7: REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT:

KFin Technologies Ltd.

Karvy Selenium Tower B", Plot No 31&32, Financial District, Nanakramguda, Gachibowli, HYDERABAD-500032 Telangana,India

Phone: 40-67162222, 33211000; Fax: 40-23420814

Email: shivkumar.in@kfintech.com

10.8: SHARE TRANSFER SYSTEM:

In compliance of SEBI Circular No.D&CC/FITTC/CIR-15/2002 dated 27th December 2002, your Company has appointed common agency to shareholders for all the work relating to share registry in terms of both physical and electronic at single point by our Registrar & Transfer Agent i.e. KFIN Technologies Ltd. (KTL.) Hyderabad. The share transfers, which are received in physical form, are processed and the share certificates returned within a period of 10 to 15 days from the date of receipt, subject to the documents being valid and complete in all respect.

10.9: SHARE HOLDING PATTERN AS ON 31.03.2022

S. No.	Description	Cases	Shares	% Equtiy
1	BANKS	1	3000	0.00
2	Clearing Mrmbers	11	84961	0.08
3	DIRECTORS AND THEIR RELATIVES	10	63461434	58.78
4	HUF	155	1221087	1.13
5	BODIES CORPORATES	43	3191246	2.96
6	NRI Non-Repatriation	38	163864	0.15
7	NON RESIDENT INDIANS	68	381159	0.35
8	RESIDENT INDIVIDUALS	12761	35779695	33.14
9	IEPF	1	3686914	3.41
	Total:	13088	107973360	100.00

10.10: Distribution Schedule as on 31st March 2022:

SUPER TANNERY LIMITED						
	DISTRIBUTION SCHEDULE AS ON 31/03/2022					
Sno	Category Cases % of Cases Amount		% Amount			
1	upto 1 - 5000	12102	92.57	13483925.00	12.48	
2	5001 - 10000	565	4.25	4081734.00	3.78	
3	10001 - 20000	222	1.67	3195455.00	2.95	
4	20001 - 30000	68	0.51	1707211.00	1.59	
5	30001 - 40000	17	0.13	618402.00	0.58	
6	40001 - 50000	23	0.17	1089698.00	1.00	
7	50001 - 100000	48	0.36	3468101.00	3.21	
8	100001 & ABOVE	43	0.32	80328834.00	74.41	
	Total:	13088	100.00	107973360.00	100.00	

10.11: DEMATERIALISATION OF SHARES AND LIQUIDITY:

The company has entered into agreement with NSDL and CDSL for the dematerialization of its equity shares. The equity shares of the company are frequently traded on the BSE. Approximately 91.14 % of the equity shares issued by the Company have been dematerialized up to 31st March 2022.

10.12: OUTSTANDING GDR/ADR/WARRANTS OR ANY CONVERTIBLE INSTRUMENTS, CONVERSION DATE AND LIKELY IMPACT ON EQUITY: NII

10.13: PLANT LOCATIONS:

(a) Chrome Tannery : 187/170, Jajmau Road, Kanpur-208 010 (b) Sole Tannery : (i) Mona Nagar, Jajmau, Kanpur-208 010. : (ii) 187/170, Jajmau Road, Kanpur – 208 010

(c) Fashion Shoe Division : 6, Akrampur, Unnao – 209 801 (d) Footwear Division : 169, Jajmau, Kanpur-208 010.

(e) Safety Shoe Division : Leather Technology Park, Banthar, Unnao, U.P.

10.14: ADDRESS FOR INVESTORS' CORRESPONDENCE:

Shareholders correspondence should be addressed to our Registrar & Transfer Agents at the address mentioned above. Shareholders may also contact Company Secretary at the Registered Office of the Company at:

187/170, Jajmau, Kanpur-208010

Phone: 0512-7522000371, 7522000372, 7522000373 Fax: 0152-2460792,

E-mail: share@supertannery.com; info@supertannery.com.

Website: www.supertannery.com

Shareholders holding shares in electronic mode should address all their correspondence to their respective Depository Participant.

11. CODE OF CONDUCT:

The Company has a code of conduct applicable to its Directors and senior management personnel.

Declaration as required under the Listing Agreement:

All Directors and senior management of the company have affirmed compliance with company's Code of Conduct for the financial year ended 31st March 2022.

Kanpur: 13.08.2022 IFTIKHARUL AMIN
Managing Director

12. NON-MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS:

The company has adopted non-mandatory requirements to the following extent Chairman of the Board – The Company does not have a Chairman. At every Board meeting, a Director is elected to preside over the meeting. The company has constituted Remuneration committee of the Board.

On behalf of the Board of Directors

Place: KANPUR
Date: 13.08.2022

IFTIKHARULAMIN
Mohd.IMRAN
Whole Time Director
Whole Time Director

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

Industry Structure and Development:

The Indian Leather Industry plays a significant role in the Indian Economy in view of its substantial export earnings, employment generation and growth opportunities. The export of leather and leather products has increased over past few years.

The Company is striving high to capture over Global Market in respect of Leather and Leather Products. The Company has taken various steps to promote company's products all over the world and it is being done in line with global trends to enhance scale, global competitiveness and financial flexibility and also to contribute towards achievement of company's objective and to increase revenue, production volume, market shares and shareholder's returns.

Your company in view of the competitive scenario has taken various steps to meet these challenges and also capitalize on budding opportunities available. The company is regularly carrying out detailed analysis of leather industry and has been making all possible efforts to understand the various minutiae of the emerging market scenario. The company has been investing considerable amount of funds on its Research & Development Programs in order to enrich and improve the quality of products.

Opportunities:

Company has gained reputation and established itself globally as Supplier of quality products. The company has demonstrated global competitiveness and has achieved international standards for the quality of its products and its immense capabilities provide massive opportunities in the foreign market. Company's overall strategy is to enhance shareholder value by receiving better returns through a long-term investment.

Threat:

The company is fully aware of the factors dictating competition and has been investing with the ups and downs through its various effective measures like cost optimization, competitive pricing, improved production process and enhanced customer satisfaction.

Even under difficult operating conditions, company has been consistently performing at its best. It is expected that company's sound policies, competitive cost position will enable the company to lead the market effectively.

To exist in the competitive market and improve the value of shareholder, company is consistently considering all the significant factors, which provide sharp edges that enable company to enhance the margin.

Out Look:

Company's maximum operational income is based on the margin on export of leather and leather products. As most of part of the earning is realized from Export, out look depends upon the global economic scenario, global demand and supply and International product prices. Above all the performance of your company largely depends on the Eximp policy of the Union Government. Looking at the overall development of the Indian economy and the efforts of the Central Government to achieve higher GDP, Board of directors of your company is very much optimistic to the future of the Company.

Risks and Concerns:

Although Your Company does not perceive any serious threat, still company is taking care against the risk of growing pressure of prices, foreign exchange rates variation, current and future litigation, working capital management, bad debts etc. Foreign exchange liabilities / revenues are mainly concerned with the company's operation. Regular monitoring of movement of foreign exchange rates is carried out and decisions are taken as to when outstanding are to be covered and payments are to be made. Working Capital requirement are to be kept at minimum level in order to maintain the lowest possible interest rate.

Company has strongly prepared itself to meet cutthroat competition in global market by adhering to international quality standards of its product.

In addition to above company has overall risk management strategy, follows such practices & policies that are

framework of efficient management to count the risk in advance.

Internal Control System and their Adequacy:

The company has made sufficient arrangement for internal control system and its monitoring for keeping proper record of the purchase of raw materials, stores, components, plant and machineries, equipment's and all other assets for production and sale of finished leather and leather products. The company has clearly fixed rules and responsibilities for all management personnel and all operational activities are well controlled. The system ensures authorization of all transactions, records and the reports correctly and properly through computerized system.

The Audit committee of the Company also re-examines adequacy of internal controls, systems of risk management policies adopted by the Company.

Company's Laws and Regulations are also reviewed by the internal Audit Team regularly from time to time and its report is submitted to the promoters and put up in every Board Meeting. In order to provide sufficient support for business promotion of the company, the finance and commercial functions have been properly set. The company takes into account from time to time and Analysis its progress in accordance with the Laws and Regulations set by the internal auditors and report to the Board in every Board Meeting in support of best practices for internal control, standard operating norms and guidelines are being issued. The Company also incorporates all financial operating, and information technology systems are also evaluated from time to time.

Environment and safety:

The Company feels its responsibility and is fully aware of the importance to achieving exhibiting healthy environmental performance by checking effect of its activities, product or services for the environment. The environment policy of the company fully complies with the environmental laws and prevention of water, air and noise pollution and all efforts are made for continual improvement in the environmental performance. The Company has also initiated focusing its attention on "Charter on Corporate Responsibility" under the policy of the Government of India. The Company takes all measure to save and minimize the environmental effect on air, water by strictly using and further sounding its environmental management system to meet its objective. The Company ensures providing safe work place, machines and safety control measures within the organization and a sense of safety consciousness is spread amongst all the workmen, employees and supervisors.

Industrial Relations and Human Resources Development:

The Company gives much importance to maintain good relations with its employees ensuring that employees feel valued and energetic in creating an atmosphere and culture so that they can maximize their contribution in increasing the growth and further development of the company, and in turn the Company thinks of individual growth of its employees for their dedicated participation in organizational development.

The company's priority is to reduce the employee's turnover ratio. The company's approach and efforts are to create congenial work environment for individual growth, which enable the development of whole organization. Relationship with the employees remains cordial through out the year. The company has a team of over 500 dedicated employees working towards the company's mission.

Discussion of Financial Performance with respect to Operational Performance:

Effective working management is regularly concentrating to reduce the cost of debt as much as possible. Prudent cash management endeavor to utilize the optimum Working Capital in order to reduce the interest cost and also to avoid the bottleneck of company's operation.

Research & Development

The company is committed to continue technological innovation, physical and chemical standardization and improvement to achieve high standards of product quality and customer satisfaction

Key factors that keep the company one step ahead:

- a. Extensive interaction with the latest technological developments.
- b. Presence in all major trade fairs, seminars and workshops for optimum knowledge up gradation.
- c. Well qualified and progressive workforce.
- d. Fully equipped Laboratory

The tannery units of the company work under guidance of a well-equipped laboratory conducting physical and chemical tests. It also has a pilot tannery to conduct trials of new leathers at a small scale before its implementation in bulk production. The laboratory has all the requisites to perform tests of leather as per EN, ISO and DIN standards. The company is amongst few companies which provide certification as per the REACH guidelines of European Chemicals Agency.

Design Studio: The footwear units of the company conduct their production as per the guidance of a newly built, state of the art designing cell, lead by well qualified shoe technologists and designers. Due to a rapid change in the product profile over the past few years, this studio was installed keeping in mind the ever-changing tests and preferences of the customers, while keeping time frame into consideration.

Quality Assurance: A major factor which keeps the company ahead is its obsession with total quality, which includes products of the highest standards, quick and efficient customer service, leading to complete customer satisfaction. Factors like these help the company to retain customers, some of them, for as long as 31 years.

Fair Participation

Asia Pacific Leather fair, Hong Kong Lineapelle, Bologna, Italy Moda, Birmingham, United Kindom All China Leather Exhibition, Shanghai, China A+A Fair, Dusseldorf, Germany Fimec Fair, Novo Hamburgo, Brazil

Cautionary Statement:

Statements in the Management Discussion & Analysis Report which seek to describe the company's objectives, projections estimates, expectations and predictions may be considered to be "forward looking statements" and are stated as required by applicable laws and regulations. Actual results could differ from those expressed or implied. Many factors including global and domestic demand-supply conditions, prices, raw materials availability, technological changes, changes in Government policies, tax laws and other statues may affect the actual results, which could be different from what the Directors' envisage in terms of future performance and out look.

REPORT ON CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Social Responsibility:

Super Tannery Limited (STL) believes in total commitment to society. The promoters of the company run an organization known as AMIN WELFARE TRUST (AWT) which follows the motto of "Promoting Hope in Life." This trust has taken up number of social causes in the field of EDUCATION & HEALTHCARE.

STL nurtures relationships across the entire range of stakeholders, which has the Company understand pertinent issues, develop businesses, enhance shareholder value and manage risks better. It is the relationship, trust and commitment to stake holder's interest and the warm reciprocal of the same by the stakeholders that make STL robust, resilient and sustainable. STL actively integrates shareholder goals with its own and then pursues them collaboratively.

STL's commitment towards excellence in Health, Safety and Environment Performance is one of the company's core values. The company is unwavering and its policy of, "safety of persons overrides all production targets", which drives all employees to continuously break new grounds in safety management for the benefit of the people, property, environment and the communities in which STL operates. This is the Company's responsibility as a global corporate citizen. The 'pursuit to achieve world class operational excellence' has been the key focus of the Company.

Healthcare:

AWT operates a hospital known as **Chaudhry Ehsan Kareem Hospital**, well equipped with the most modern machinery and infrastructure, in the industrial area of Jajmau, Kanpur City, providing healthcare facilities in a number of fields including Neurology, Vision, Endocrinology, Dentistry and Pre/Post Maternal Care.

STL has a program an initiative to promote healthy workplaces and reduce health and safety risks, has been instrumental in creative a culture of implementing health, safety and environment project on priority basis.

This performance has also helped the Company to improve its performance on the occupational health and safety front.

Education:

On 26th January 2010, AWT launched a state of art educational institution namely**Super International School** with the aim to provide world class education at affordable cost to the middle income group. The school is affiliated with the C.B.S.E board and is equipped with the latest infrastructure required for a healthy and constructive approach to education. To know more, please visit www.superinternationalschool.com

Environment

When the leather industry enough developed, the pollution of air and water increased and the stage reached where scientists started thinking on making better use or reuse of material which caused pollution keeping in mind the economical factor else no industrialist would accept the change.

Special emphasis has been laid on use of low waste technology with minimum possible expenditure and maximum quality production because it is natural for any industrialists to resist a change unless it is likely to give better quality production with least expenditure. Pollution is given the last priority by them whereas we give it the first priority.

At STL we are very much cautious about pollution. We have our own water treatment and chrome recovery plant in which we collect the drain water full of nickel, chromium and many more harmful substances. Our deep interest is in green and clean environment. The chrome is used in the processing of hides & skins in which 65% is consumed during the process while 35% goes waste. The presence of chrome in the discharged water of tanneries is hazardous for public health as its excessive use can cause severe skin diseases. To minimize the danger we have water treatment plant to purify water to its maximum possible level. We believe to contribute in safe and healthy environment. STL is an eco friendly tannery.

Health, Safety & Environment

We at STL are committed to provide a safe and healthy working environment for our employees by adopting a proactive approach. It is part of our work ethic to ensure that safety, health and environment safeguards are in place right from the inception to the execution stage. We accept the need for constant up gradation of safety & health standards commensurate with the rapid changing technology in production.

Form No. MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

as on the financial year ended on 31.03.2022

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

i)	CIN:-	L19131UP1984PLC006421
ii)	Registration Date:-	6 TH FEB.1984
iii)	Name of the Company:	SUPER TANNERY LIMITED
iv)	Category / Sub-Category of the Company:	Company Limited by shares
v)	Address of the Registered office and contact details	187/170,Jajmau Road Kanpur-208010 Ph. : 0512-7522000370, 71, 72
vi)	Whether listed company	Yes
vii)	Name, Address and Contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent:	KFIN Technologies Ltd. Karvy selenium Towers B,Plot No 31,32,Gachibowli Financial District,Nanakramguda,Hyderabad-500032 A.P.

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

SI. No.	Name and Description of main products/ services	NIC Code of the product/ service	% to total turnover of the company
1	Finished Leather, Leather	2990	100
2	Shoes, Shoes Components & Others	2912	100

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

S.NO	NAME AND ADDRESS OF THE COMPANY	CIN/GLN	HOLDING/ SUBSIDIARY ASSOCIATE	% of shares held	Applicable Section
1	Super CorporationLtd. D-403,White House Defence Colony, Kanpur	U19112UP2013PL C061542	Subsidiary	52	129
2	Aarifi Tanners Ltd. 187/170 Jajmau Kanpur	U19112UP1996P LC019255	Subsidiary	82.52	129
3	Secure Safety Ltd.	UP1920UP2007 PLC032929	Subsidiary	63.29	129
4	Super Tannery (UK) Ltd.	N.A	Subsidiary	100	129
5	Super Italia s.r.l.	N.A	Subsidiary	100	129

IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

i) Category-wise Share Holding

Category of Shareholders	beginning of the year1st April 2021			No. of Shares held at the end of the year 31.03.2022				% Chan ge durin	
	Demat	Phys ical	Total	% of Tot al	Dem at	Phy sica I	Total	% of Total Shar es	
A. Promoter s (1) Indian	636346143	Nil	63461434	58.78	63461434	Nil	63461434	58.78	Nil
g) Individual/ HUF h) Central Govt i) State Govt (s) j) Bodies Corp. k) Banks / FI l) Any Other									
Sub-total (A) (1):- (2) Foreign	63461434	Nil	63461434	58.78	63461434	Nil	63461434	58.78	Nil

	1	l	l	1					
a) NRIs - Individuals b) Other - Individuals c) Bodies Corp. d) Banks / FI e) Any Other									
Sub-total (A) (2):-									
Total shareholdin g of Promoter (A) = (A)(1)+(A)(2)	63461434	Nil	63461434	58.78	63461434		63461434	58.78	Nil
B. Public Shareholdin g	34949876	9566050	44511926	41.22	34963876	9548050	44511926	41.22	NIL
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds b) Banks / FI c) Central Govt d) State Govt(s) e) Venture Capital Funds f) Insurance Companies g) FIIs h) Foreign Venture Capital									

Funds									
i) Others									
(specify)									
(Specify)									
Sub-total									
(B)(1):-									
2. Non-									
Institutio									
ns									
a) Bodies									
Corp.									
i) Indian									
ii) Overseas									
_									
b) Individuals									
1 T									
i) Individual									
shareholders									
holding									
nominal share									
capital upto									
Rs. 2 lakh									
ii) Individual									
shareholders									
holding									
nominal share									
capital in									
excess of Rs 2									
lakh									
c) Others									
(specify)									
Sub-total									
(B)(2):-									
(-)(-)-									
Total Public	34945876	0566050	44511006	41.00	24062976	0549050	44511006	41.22	
	343438/0	9200020	44511926	41.22	349038/6	9348030	44511926	41.22	00
Shareholding									
(B)=(B)(1)+									
(B)(2)									
C. Shares			00	00			00	00	00
held by									
Custodian for									
GDRs & ADRs									
Grand Total	98407310	9566050	107973360	100	98425310	9548050	107973360	100	00
	70107310	7500050	20,7,5500		70-123310	75-TOUSU	20,7,5500	100	
(A+B+C)									

(ii) **Shareholding of Promoters**

SI N o.	Sharehold er's Name				Share ho of the ye			
0.		No. of Shar es	%of Shares Pledged / encumbe red to total shares		No. of Shar es	% of tota I Sha res of the com	%of Shares Pledged / encumbe red to total shares	% chan ge in share holdi ng durin g the year
1	VEQARUL AMIN	17883900	16.56	7.09	17883900	16.56	7.09	00
2	IQBAL AHSAN	9142502	8.47	8.47	9142502	8.47	8.47	00
3	IFTIKARUL AMIN	9080432	8.41	8.41	9080432	8.41	8.41	00
4	MUBASHIRUL AMIN	4590000	4.25	00	4590000	4.25	00	00
5	UMAIRUL AMIN	4590000	4.25	00	4590000	4.25	00	00
6	TANVEERUL AMIN	4500000	4.17	00	4500000	4.17	00	00
7	FARHA FATIMA	4500000	4.17	00	4500000	4.17	00	00
8	SOPHIA AMIN	3458400	3.20	3.05	3458400	3.20	3.05	00
9	ISMAT IQBAL	3082800	2.86	2.86	3082800	2.86	2.86	00
10	RUMANA AMIN	2633400	2.44	00	2633400	2.44	00	00
	Total	63461434	58.78	29.87	63461434	58.78	29.87	00

(iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify, if there is no change) There is no change in Promoters, shareholding during the year.

SI. No.		Shareholding beginning of		Cumulative during the y	Shareholding rear
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company
	At the beginning of the year	No Change	No Change	No Change	No Change
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Promoters Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus/ sweat	No Change	No Change	No Change	No Change
	equity etc):				
	At the End of the year	No Change	No Change	No Change	No Change

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs):

SI.		1		Cumulative Shareholding		
No.		beginning of the year		during the year		
	Name	No. of shares	% of total shares of the	No. of % of total shares of the company		
			company			

1.	Investor Education and Protection Fund	36869 14	3.41	36869 14	3.41
2.	CRB Capital Markets Ltd	27540 00	2.55	27540 00	2.55
3.	SANGEETHAS	13588 90	1.26	13320 00	1.23
4.	Updes Kumar Kaushal	88300 0	0.82	11176 07	1.04
5.	Mahendra Giedhari Lal	90988	0.84	90988	0.84
6.	Updesh Kumar Kaushal	64776 9	0.60	64776 9	0.60
.7.	Gaurav Sawhney	44126 9	0.41	44126 9	0.41
8.	Shabbir Nazmuddin Paratha	43383	0.40	43383	0.40
9	Bharat Bhushan Sawhney	42908 2	0.40	42918 2	0.40
10.	Kishore Kumar Patni	14973 60	1.39	41611	0.39
	At the end of the year	As above	As above	As above	As above

Date wise Increase / Decrease in Share holding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):		
At the End of the year (or on the date of separation, if separated during the year)		

(v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel:

SI. No.		Shareholding beginning of		Cumulative during the y	Shareholding ear
	For Each	No. of	% of total	No. of	% of total shares
	of the	shares	shares of	shares	of the company
	Directors		the		
	and KMP		company		
	At the	36107034	33.44	36107034	33.44
	beginning of the year				
	Date wise				
	Increase /				
	Decrease in				
	Share				
	holding				
	during the				
	year				
	specifying				
	the reasons				
	for increase				
	/ decrease				
	(e.g.				
	allotment /				
	transfer /				
	bonus/				
	sweat				
	equity etc):				
	At the End	As above	As above	As above	As above
	of the year				

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment in lacs.

	Secured Loans excluding	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year	8166.55	00	00	8166.55
i) Principal Amount				
ii) Interest due but not paid iii) Interest accrued but not				

due				
Total (i+ii+iii)		00	00	00
Change in Indebtedness during the financial year				
· Addition	(191.83)			(191.83)
· Reduction	(226.00)			(226.00)
Net Change	(417.83)	00	00	(417.83)
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year i) Principal Amount	7748.72			7748.72
ii) Interest due but not paid				
iii) Interest accrued but not				
due				
Total (i+ii+iii)	7748.72	00	00	7748.72

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remun eration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager:

SI.	Particulars of	Name of I	MD/WTD/	Manager				Total
no	Remuneration							Amount
•		Iftikharul	Iqbal	Veqarul	Imran	Mohd.	Arshad	
		Amin,MD	Ahsan	Amin	Siddiqui	Imran	Khan	

1	Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Incometax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Incometax Act, 1961	2400000	2400000	00	708000	394000	438000	6340000
2.	Stock Option							
3.	Sweat Equity							
4.	Commission - as % of profit							
5.	Others, please							
	Total (A)	2400000	2400000	nil	708000	394000	438000	6340000
	Ceiling as per	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

B. Remun eration to other directors:

SI. no.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of Directors		Total Amount		
	3. Independent Directors	Nil				
	Fee for attending board committee meetingsCommissionOthers, please specify					
	Total (1)	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	

4. Other Non-Executive Directors					
Fee for attending board committee meetingsCommissionOthers, please specify					
Total (2)					
Total (B)=(1+2)					
Total Managerial					
Remuneration					
Overall Ceiling as per the Act	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD

SI.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Managerial Personnel			nel
no.	Remuneration	CEO	Company Secretary	CFO	Total
1.	Gross salary (a) Salary as per provisions contained in section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961 (b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961 (c) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961				256000
2.	Stock Option	00	00	00	
3.	Sweat Equity	00	00		
4.	Commission - as % of profit - others, specify	00	00		
5.	Others, please specify	00	00		
	Total				256000

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES:

Туре	Section of the Companies Act	Brief Description	Details of Penalty / Punishment/ Compounding fees imposed	Authority [RD / NCLT / COURT]	Appeal made, if any (give Details)		
A. COMPANY N.A							
Penalty							
Punishment							
Compounding							
B. DIRE	CTORS N.A						
Penalty							
Punishment							
Compounding							
C. OTH	ER OFFICERS	IN DEFAULT	N.A				
Penalty							
Punishment							
Compounding							

Form No. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2022.

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

The Members, SUPER TANNERY Limited 187/170, JAJAMU KANPUR UTTAR PRADESH.

We were appointed by the Board of Directors of the Super Tannery Limited (hereinafter called the Company) to conduct Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2022.

We have conducted the secretarial audit compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by Super Tannery Limited. (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts / statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on our verification, the Super Tannery Limited books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit,

We hereby report that in our opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 Complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute, books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2022 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder:
- (ii) The Securities contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 (SCRA) and the rules made thereunder:
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder:
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulation made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings:
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) regulation, 2011:
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992:
 - (c) The securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation, 2009 –Not applicable to the Company for the year under review;
 - (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Employee Stock Option Scheme and Employee Stock Purchase Scheme) Guidelines, 1999: Not applicable to the Company for the year under review;
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulation, 2008: **Not applicable to the Company for the year under review;**

SUPER TANNERY LIMITED =

- (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue And Share Transfer Agents) Regulation, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing With client: **Not applicable to the Company for the year under review**;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Share) Regulations,2009: **Not** applicable to the Company for the year under review;
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998: **Not** applicable to the Company for the year under review;
- (vi) (Mention the other laws as may be applicable specifically to the Company) N.A we have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:
 - (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India. The Company is maintaining Minutes Book as per the norms, but not as Stated in the SS-1 and SS-2, the company has been suggested to comply the standard viz. numbering of Minutes Book, whether they are Board Minutes, Committee Minutes or General Body Minutes.
 - (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (hereinafter called as "Listing Agreement):
 During the period the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. Mentioned above, to the extent applicable:

We further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors, Independent Directors and Woman Director. There is no change in the composition of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to convene the Board Meeting, agenda (detailed notes on agenda were sent, but sometime at least seven days in advance notice were not adhered), and a system for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through and recorded as part of the minutes, it was found that most of the time it was unanimous but the name of proposer and seconder were given in the Minutes book.

We further report that

The adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines to the extent applicable.

We further report that

On the basis of the questionnaire provided to the Company, during the audit period, on the basis of reply received from the various departments, it was concluded that the company has complied with the following laws applicable to the Company.

For example:

- (i) Water (prevention and control of pollution) Act, 1974;
- (ii) Air (prevention and control of pollution)Act, 1981;
- (iii) Environment Protection Act, 1986;
- (iv) Factories Act, 1948;
- (v) Industrial Disputes Act, 1947;
- (vi) Payment of Wages Act, 1936;

SUPER TANNERY LIMITED =

- (vii) The Minimum Wages Act, 1948;
- (viii) Employees State Insurance Act, 1948;
- (ix) The Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952;
- (x) The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965;
- (xi) The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972;
- (xii) The Sexual Harassment of Women at work place, (Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

Signature:

K.N.Shridhar. &Associates

Name of Company Secretary in Practice/Firm:

FCS No. 3882 C P No: 2612

Date: 13.08.2022 Place: Kanpur

Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement Containing Salient Features of the Financial Statement of Subsidiaries/Associate Companies/Joint Ventures

Part "A": Subsidiaries

(Information in respect of each subsidiary to be presented with amounts in Rs. In Lacs)

	Particulars		Details					
SI. No.	Name of the Subsidiary	S.T.U.K LTD	SECURE SAFETY LTD.	AARIFI TANNERS LTD.	SUPER CORPOR- ATION LTD.	SUPER ITALIA SRL		
1.	Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	31.03.2022	31.03.2022	31.03.2022	31.03.2022	31.03.2022		
2.	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	GBP	INR	INR	INR	EURO		
3.	Share capital	Rs.1.52	Rs.150.00	Rs.146.07	Rs.5.00	Rs.0.75		
4.	Reserves & surplus	Rs.(-) 345.73	Rs.(-) 27.13	Rs(-)13.38	Rs. (-) 0.07	Rs. (-) 38.25		
5.	Total assets	Rs. 8.13	Rs.113.30	Rs.10.68	Rs. 3.82	Rs. 38.30		
6.	Total Liabilities	Rs. 8.13	Rs. 113.30	Rs 10.68	Rs.3.82	Rs. 38.30		
7.	Investments	NIL	NIL	Rs.1.73	NIL	NIL		
8.	Turnover	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	Rs.625.54		
9.	Profit before taxation	Rs.64.47	Rs.(-) 0.53	Rs.3.71	Rs.0.10	Rs. (-) 13.52		
10.	Provision for taxation	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		
11.	Profit after taxation	Rs. 64.47	Rs.(-) 0.53	Rs.3.71	Rs.0.10	Rs. (-) 13.52		
12.	Proposed Dividend	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL		
13.	% of shareholding	100%	63.29%	82.52%	52%	100%		

Notes: The following information shall be furnished at the end of the statement:

- 1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operations
- 2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year.

Part "B": Associates and Joint Ventures

Statement pursuant to Section 129 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013 related to Associate Companies and Joint Ventures

Name of associates/Joint Ventures	NIL
Latest audited Balance Sheet Date	
Shares of Associate/Joint Ventures held by the company on the year end No.	
Amount of Investment in Associates/Joint Venture	
Extend of Holding%	
Description of how there is significant influence	
Reason why the associate/joint venture is not consolidated	
Net worth attributable to shareholding as per latest audited Balance Sheet	
Profit/Loss for the year	
Considered in Consolidation	
Not Considered in Consolidation	

- 1. Names of associates or joint ventures which are yet to commence operations.
- 2. Names of associates or joint ventures which have been liquidated or sold during the year.

Note: This Form is to be certified in the same manner in which the Balance Sheet is to be certified.

Form No. AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3)of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms length transactions under third proviso thereto

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions no	at arm's	: length basis:
--	----------	-----------------

- (a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship:
- (b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions:
- (c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions:
- (d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:
- (e) Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions
- (f) Date(s) of approval by the Board:
- (g) Amount paid as advances, if any:
- (h) Date on which the special resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188:

N.A

2. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

- (a) Name(s) of the related party and nature of relationship:
- (b) Nature of contracts/arrangements/transactions:
- (c) Duration of the contracts / arrangements/transactions:
- (d) Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any:
- (e) Date(s) of approval by the Board, if any:
- (f) Amount paid as advances, if any:

The Details has been given under the head notes to financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Iftikharul AminMohd. ImranR.K. AwasthiM.D.Director Finance &CFOCompany Secretary



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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

1. To the members of Super Tannery Limited

We have examined the compliance of conditions of corporate governance by Super Tannery Limited ("the Company"), for the year ended on March 31, 2022, as stipulated in regulation 17 to 27 and clause (b) to (i) of regulation 46(2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements)Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations").

2. Management's responsibility

The compliance of conditions of corporate governance is the responsibility of management. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control and procedures to ensure compliance with the conditions of corporate governance stipulated in the SEBI Listing Regulations.

3. Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is limited to examining the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of the corporate governance. It is neither audit nor expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

- 4. We have examined the books of accounts and other relevant records and documents maintained by the Company for the purpose of providing reasonable assurance on the compliance with corporate governance requirements by the Company.
- 5. We have carried out an examination of the relevant records of the Company in accordance with the Guidance Note on Certification of Corporate Governance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("theICAI"), the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, in so far as applicable for the purpose of this certificate and as per the Guidance Note on Reports or Certificates for Special Purpose issued by the ICAI which requires that we comply with the ethical requirements of the Code of Ethics issued by the ICAI.
- 6. We have complied with the relevant applicable requirements of the Standard on Quality Control (SQC) 1, Quality Control for Firms that Perform Audits and Reviews of Historical Financial Information, and Other Assurance and Related Services Engagements.

7. Opinion

Based on our examination of the relevant records and according to the information and explanation provided to us and representations provided by management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of corporate governance as specified in regulation 17 to 27, clause (b) to (i) of regulation46(2) and paragraphs C, D and E of Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations, as applicable during the year ended March 31, 2022.8. We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For **Rajeev Prem & Associates,** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 008905C

(Rajeev Kapoor) Partner M. No. 077827

UDIN: 22077827AQNRDQ6999

Place: Kanpur Date: August 13, 2022



Off.: 0512 - 2302412 Mob.: 09415051670 Office: 216, Kalpana Plaza 24/147-B, Birhana Road Kanpur-208 001 E-mail: carajeevkapoor@gmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To

The Members of Super Tannery Limited

Report on the Audit of Standalone Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **Super Tannery Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2022, and the standalone Statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income), the standalone Statement of Change in Equity and standalone Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "Standalone Financial Statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, thereof ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2022, its profit, total comprehensive income, change in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the ICAI's Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on the standalone Financial Statements.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Information Other than the standalone Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Management Discussion and Analysis, Board's Report including Annexures to Board's Report and Corporate Governance and Shareholder's information, but does not include the consolidated financial statements, standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibility of Management for the standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, including other comprehensive income, change in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and

SUPER TANNERY LIMITED

maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for
 our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud
 may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures
 made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether
 the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the
 economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative
 materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate
 the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.
- We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding
 independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our
 independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- Further to our comments in Annexure A, as required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The standalone balance sheet, the standalone statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the

- standalone statement of change in equity and the standalone statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as of March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B". Our report expresses an unmodified opinion on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting.
- (g) As required by Section 197(16) of the Act, we report that the Company has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements Refer Note no. 33 to the financial statements;
 - ii. the Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses; and
 - iii. there has been no delay in transferring amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.
 - v. (a) The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Company during the year is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act, as applicable.
 - (b) As stated in Note 12 (I) to the financial statements, the Board of Directors of the Company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The amount of dividend proposed is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act, as applicable.

For **Rajeev Prem & Associates,** Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 008905C

Place: Kanpur Date: 30.05.2022

(Rajeev Kapoor) Partner M. No. 077827

UDIN: 22077827ANNAUM2680

RAJEEV PREM & ASSOCIATES

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Annexure A to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 1 of our report of even date on standalone financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 of Super Tannery Limited)

In terms of the information and explanations sought by us and given by the company and the books of accounts and records examined by us in the normal course of audit and to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that:

- (i) (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of its property, plant and equipment and relevant details of right-to-use asset;
 - (B) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets;
 - (b) The Company has a program of physical verification of Property, Plant and Equipment and right-of-use assets so to cover all the assets once every three years which, in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. Pursuant to the program, certain Property, Plant and Equipment were due for verification during the year and were physically verified by the Management during the year. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) Title Deeds of immoveable properties as disclosed in the financial statements are held in the name of the company excepting the following properties {refer Note no. 50 (a)}:

Description of Property	Gross Carrying Value (Rupees)	Held in the Name of	Whether promoter, director or relative	Held Since	Reason for not being held in name of co.
Land No. 1363	24,722.00	Vegarul Amin	Director	14.08.2002	Though cost of land is paid by
Land No. 1362	99,892.00	Vegarul Amin	Director	14.08.2002	Company but due to oversight
Land No. 1417	1,05,453.00	Vegarul Amin	Director	14.08.2002	registration was done in the name of director.
Land No. 1416 & 1415	96,396.00	Vegarul Amin	Director	09.10.2002	name of director.
Land No. 1413 & 1414	2,05,820.00	Veqarul Amin	Director	01.01.2004	
Land No. 1364 & 1365	42,850.00	Vegarul Amin	Director	10.03.2004	
Land No. 1366	1,02,520.00	Iftikharul Amin	Director	14.09.2004	

- (d) The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant and Equipment and intangible assets during the year.
- (e) No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the Company as at March 31, 2022 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (as amended in 2016) and rules made thereunder.
- (ii) (a) The inventories of the Company have been physically verified by the management at reasonable interval during the year. In our opinion, the coverage and procedure of such verification is appropriate having regard to the size of the company and nature of its operation. No discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed on verification during the year when compared with books of account.
 - (b) As disclosed in note no. 50(e) to the financial statements, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rupees five crores in aggregate from banks during the year on the basis of security of current assets of the Company. The quarterly returns/ statements filed by the Company with such banks are not in agreement with the books of accounts of the Company and the details are as follows:

(Rs. in Lacs)

Quarter Ending	Value as per of Accounts	Values as per quarterly return/ statements filed with lenders	Difference	Reason	
June 30, 2021	12265.52	12,885.36	619.84	As explained, the differences are there,	
September 30, 2021 12366.12		12,913.59	547.47	because the statements filed with the lenders are based on financial statements	
December 31, 2021	11365.95	11,487.34	121.39	prepared on provisional basis and also because of exclusion of certain current	
March 31, 2022 11799.54		11,534.54	265.00	assets in the statements filed with the lenders	

- (iii) The company has made investments in, granted unsecured loans to companies, during the year, in respect of which:
 - (a). The Company has provided loan to two WOS and also to one subsidiary. The details are as under:

(Rs. in Lacs)

Name of the Company	Relationship	Loan/ Guarantee	Balance as at 31.03.2022	Maximum amount outstanding during the year
Super Tannery (U.K.) Ltd.	WOS	Loan	130.04	130.04
Secure Safety Ltd.	Subsidiary	Loan	12.49	12.49
Super Italia SRL	WOS	Loan	87.59	87.59
Total			230.12	230.12

- (b) In our opinion, the investments made and the terms and conditions of the grant of loans, during the year are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) As the loans are in the nature of demand loan, no schedule of repayment of principal and payment of interest has been specified.
- (d) In respect of loans granted by the Company, there is no overdue amount thereon as no demand has been raised by the company.
- (e) No loan granted by the Company which has fallen due during the year, has been renewed or extended or fresh loans granted to settle the overdues of existing loans given to the same parties.
- (f) The Company has granted loans to one of its promoter Mr. Iqbal Hasan in the nature of loans repayable on demand or without specifying any terms or period of repayment during the year.

(Rs. in Lacs)

Type of Borrower	Amount of loan advances in the nature of loan outstanding	Percentage to the total loans & advances in the nature of loan
Promoters 23.02		9.19

- (iv) The Company has complied with the provisions of Sections 185 and 186 of the Act in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees and securities, as applicable.
- (v) In our opinion, the Company has not accepted any deposit or an amount deemed to be deposit during the year within the meaning of Section 73 to Section 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with the Rules framed there under. Hence, paragraph 3(v) of the Order is not applicable.
- (vi) Having regard to the nature of the Company's business / activities, the maintenance of cost records has not been specified by the Central Government under section 148(1) of the Act. Accordingly reporting under clause (vi) of paragraph 3 of the Order is not applicable.
- (vii) (a) According to the books and records produced and examined by us, the Company is generally regular in depositing undisputed Statutory dues including Goods and Services Tax (GST), Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax, Cess and other material statutory dues as applicable with the appropriate authorities and no undisputed amount payable in respect of aforesaid statutory dues were outstanding as at March 31, 2022 for a period of more than six months from the date they become payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no dues of Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Duty of Customs, Duty of Excise, Value Added Tax and GST which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.
- (viii) The company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to a financial institution, bank, government or dues to debenture holders during the year.
- (ix) (a) The company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or other borrowings or on the payment of interest thereon to any lender during the year.
 - (b) The Company has not been declared willful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority
 - (c) The company has not availed any term loan during the year. Hence, paragraph 3(ix)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
 - (e) the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(e) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (f) The Company has not raised any loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries, JV or associate Company and hence reporting under clause 3(ix)(f) of the Order is not applicable.

SUPER TANNERY LIMITED =

- (x) (a) The company has not raised any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) No fraud by the company or any fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
 - (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
 - (c) We have taken into consideration the whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year (and upto the date of this report), while determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- (xii) The company is not a "Nidhi Company"; hence paragraph 3(xii) the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of Act where applicable and the details of such transactions have been disclosed in Note no.46 in the Standalone Financial Statements as required by the applicable Ind AS.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
 - (b) We have considered, the internal audit reports for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- (xv) In our opinion, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with directors or persons connected with him. Hence, paragraph 3(xv) the Order is not applicable.
- (xvi) (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
 - (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) The Company has fully spent the required amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) and there is no unspent CSR amount for the year requiring a transfer to a Fund specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act or special account in compliance with the provision of Sub-section (6) of Section 135 of the said Act. Accordingly, reporting under clause (xx) of the Order is not applicable for the year.

For **Rajeev Prem & Associates**, Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 008905C

Place: Kanpur Date: 30.05.2022

(Rajeev Kapoor) Partner M. No. 077827

UDIN: 22077827ANNAUM2680



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Annexure B to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to in paragraph 3(f) of our report of even date on the standalone financial statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2022 of **Super Tannery Limited**)

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Opinion

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements of Super Tannery Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2022 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting, and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI). These responsibilities include the design, implementation, and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For **Rajeev Prem & Associates**, Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 008905C

(Rajeev Kapoor) Partner M. No. 077827

UDIN: 22077827ANNAUM2680

Place: Kanpur Date: 30.05.2022

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Standalone	Dalamas		Manak	21	2022
Standalone	Balance	sneer as ar	viaren	.51.	

Particulars	Note No. As at Mar		1, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	
		Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
(a) Property, Plant, Equipment & Intangible Assets	2(a)		7,118.57		7,036.64
(b) Capital work-in-progress	2(d)		840.46		213.74
(c) Other Intangible assets	2(b)		6.91		6.13
(d) Financial Assets					
(i) Investments	3	302.49		296.76	
(ii) Loans	4	230.12		230.12	
(iii) Other Financial Assets	5	34.85	567.46	34.99	561.87
Current Assets					
(a) Inventories	6		6,473.87		7,863.22
(b) Financial Assets					
(i) Trade receivables	7	5,325.67		5,619.45	
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	8	297.53		183.61	
(iii) Bank Balances other than (ii) above	9	509.26		504.66	
(iv) Other Financial Assets	10	724.52	6,856.98	783.25	7,090.97
(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)		·			=
(d) Other current assets	11		1,176.40		1,016.24
TOTAL ASSETS			23,040.65		23,788.81
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
EQUITY					
(a) Equity Share Capital	12	1,079.73		1,079.73	
(b) Other Equity	13	7,936.64	9,016.37	7,569.82	8,649.55
LIABILITIES				.,	-,
Non current liabilities					
(a) Financial liabilities					
(i) Borrowings	14		53.73		279.73
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	15		713.47		470.68
(c) Other non-current liabilities	16		499.58		384.99
Current liabilities					
(a) Financial liabilities					
(i) Short term borrowings	17	7,694.99		8,011.53	
(ii) Trade payables	18	1,00		0,011.00	
(a) Total Outstanding Dues to micro and small	10				
enterprises		77.20		51.39	
(b) Total Outstanding Due to parties other than micro					
and small enterprises		3,265.07		4,212.75	
(iii) Other financial liabilities	19	848.48	11,885.74	874.23	13,149.90
(b) Other current liabilities	20	0.101.10	669.44		652.56
(c) Provisions	21		202.32		201.40
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			23,040.65		23,788.81
Significant Accounting Policies	1				
See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements					

As per our attached report of even date

For Rajeev Prem & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 008905C

Rajeev Kapoor Partner M. No. 077827

Place: Kanpur Date: 30.05.2022 For and on behalf of the Board

Mohd. Imran
Director (Finance) & CFO

Iftikharul Amin
Managing Director

R. K. Awasthi Company Secretary

SUPER TANNERY LIMITED ===

Standalone Statement of profit and loss for the year en	ed March 31, 2022
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Particulars	Note No.	2021-22	2021-22		2020-21	
		Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	
INCOME:						
Revenue from Operations						
(a) Sales / income from operations	22(a)	21,182.11		18,307.91		
(b) Other Operating Revenue	22(b)	935.57	22,117.68	777.59	19,085.50	
Other income	23		141.50		117.22	
Total Income			22,259.18		19,202.72	
EXPENSE:						
Cost of materials consumed	24		13,632.82		10,680.40	
Purchase of stock-in-trade	25		1,213.99		1,648.73	
Changes in inventories of finished goods,						
work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	26		940.88		905.21	
Employee Benefits Expenses	27		890.35		811.22	
Finance costs	28		396.03		533.15	
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	29		626.86		595.30	
Other Expenses	30		3,894.13		3,435.84	
Total Expenses			21,595.06	_	18,609.85	
Profit before Exceptional items and Tax			664.12		592.87	
Exceptional Items			-		-	
Profit before Tax			664.12		592.87	
Tax expense:						
1. Current Tax		162.00		131.00		
2. Deferred Tax		25.00		(2.98)		
3. Tax adjustment relating to earlier years						
Current Tax		(137.30)		63.26		
Deferred Tax		211.50	261.20	(59.57)	131.71	
Profit for the period			402.92		461.16	
Other comprehensive income (i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss	_					
(a) Re-measurements of the defined benefit pl		24.18		20.02		
(ii) Income tax related to items that will not be recla		(6.29)	17.89	(5.21)	14.81	
	ssince to profit of loss	(0.27)	-	(3.21)		
Total comprehensive income for the period			420.81		475.97	
Earnings per equity share	31					
(Face Value per Share Rs. 1/-)						
1. Basic			0.37		0.43	
2. Diluted			0.37		0.43	
Significant Accounting Policies	1					
San accompanying notes to the standalone financial st	totomonto					

See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements

As per our attached report of even date

For Rajeev Prem & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 008905C

Mohd. Imran
Director (Finance) & CFO

Iftikharul Amin Managing Director

Rajeev Kapoor Partner M. No. 077827

Place: Kanpur Date: 30.05.2022 R. K. Awasthi
Company Secretary

For and on behalf of the Board

SUPER TANNERY LIMITED =

Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2022

A. Equity Share Capital	
Particulars	Rs. in Lacs
Balance as at March 31, 2020	1,079.73
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	<u> </u>
Restated balance as at April 01, 2020	1,079.73
Changes in equity during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2021	1,079.73
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	
Restated balance as at April 01, 2021	1,079.73
Changes in equity during the year	<u>-</u> _
Balance as at March 31, 2022	1,079.73

B. Other Equity

Particulars	Reserve and Surplus			OCI - Other	Total	
	Capital	Securities	General	Retained		Other
	Reserve	Premium	Reserve	Earnings		Equity
Balance as at March 31, 2020	17.67	270.	18 4,563.2	1 2,242.79	-	7,093.85
Profit for the year				461.16	-	461.16
Other Comprehensive Income				14.81		14.81
Balance as at March 31, 2021	17.67	270.	18 4,563.2	21 2,718.76	-	7,569.82
Profit for the year				402.92		402.92
Dividend Paid			(53.9	9)		(53.99)
Other Comprehensive Income				17.89		17.89
Balance as at March 31, 2022	17.67	270.1	8 4,509.2	22 3,139.57	-	7,936.64

Significant Accounting Policies

See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements

For and on behalf of the Board As per our attached report of even date

For Rajeev Prem & Associates Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 008905C

Mohd. Imran Iftikharul Amin Director (Finance) & CFO Managing Director

Rajeev Kapoor Partner M. No. 077827

Place: Kanpur Date: 30.05.2022

SUPER TANNERY LIMITED =

ticulars	2021 - 22	2020 - 2
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lac
CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Profit before tax	664.12	592.87
Adjustments for :		
Depreciation/ Amortisation	626.86	595.30
Profit on Sale of Property, Plant & Equipments	(6.25)	(5.75
Loss on Sale of Property, Plant & Equipments	3.55	13.73
Interest income	(23.70)	(27.37
Accretion in Investment and Share of profit from LLP	(5.73)	(3.55
Finance Cost	284.57	412.25
Deferral of income on government grant	(74.26)	(54.13
Remeasurement of net defined benefit plans	24.18	20.02
Derivatives MtoM Provision	(10.45)	36.00
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,482.89	1,579.37
Changes in working capital:		
(Increase)/ Decrease in trade receivables	293.78	(1,931.59
(Increase)/ Decrease in inventories	1,389.35	745.69
(Increase)/ Decrease in other non current loan	-	-
(Increase)/ Decrease in other non financial asset	0.14	(0.3)
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current financial assets	58.73	(479.83
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current assets	(160.16)	(230.0)
Increase/ (Decrease) in non current liabilities	114.59	18.6
Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables	(921.87)	812.7:
Increase/ (Decrease) in other financial liabilities	(25.75)	19.7:
Increase/ (Decrease) in other current liabilities	16.88	(64.1)
Increase/ (Decrease) in Provisions	7.90	10.5
Cash generated from operations	2,256.48	480.6
Income taxes refunded / (paid), net	(134.66)	(58.32
Net cash generated from operating activities	2,121.82	422.3
CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Purchase of fixed assets	(1,156.68)	(1,413.5
Purchase of other intangible assets	(1.16)	<u>-</u>
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	11.94	19.64
Increase of non-current investments	-	_
Interest received	23.70	27.3
Other bank balances (Margin Money)	(4.60)	(16.30
Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities	(1,126.80)	(1,382.9
CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	,	
Proceeds/(repayment) from/of short-term loans	(316.54)	1,143.00
Proceeds/(repayment) from/of long-term loans	(226.00)	67.90
Finance costs paid	(284.57)	(412.2:
Dividend paid	(53.99)	-
Net cash used in financing activities	(881.10)	798.7
INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	113.92	(161.86
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	183.61	345.47
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	297.53	183.61
(refer Note No. 8 for break-up)	271.00	103.01
ificant Accounting Policies 1		
accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements		
per our attached report of even date	For and on behalf of the	ne Board
Rajeev Prem & Associates		
rtered Accountants		
n Registration No. 008905C	Mohd. Imran	Iftikharul Amin
	Director (Finance) & CFO	Managing Director

Rajeev Kapoor Partner M. No. 077827 Place: Kanpur Date: 30.05.2022

R. K. Awasthi
Company Secretary

Note 1:

A. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Super Tannery Limited ("the Company") is a public limited company having its registered office situated at 187/170 JAJMAU ROAD JAJMAU KANPUR was incorporated on 06.02.1984.

The principal activity of the Company is manufacturing and exports of Leather and leather footwear.

The Company's equity shares are listed at the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE).

The financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on May 30, 2022.

B. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act. In addition, the guidance notes/announcements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) are also applied except where compliance with other statutory promulgations require a different treatment.

2. Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention on accrual basis except for following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value amount:

- i) Certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments),
- ii) Defined benefit plans plan assets

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange of goods or services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

3. Operating Cycle for current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when it is:

- a) expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle,
- b) held primarily for the purpose of trading.
- c) expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- d) cash or cash equivalents unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

Aliability is classified as current when:

- a) it is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle.
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- c) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- d) there is no unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle of the Company, that is, the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalent is 12 months.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

4. Company's financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees, which is also its functional currency.

5. Critical estimate and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgements are:

• Employee benefits (estimation of defined benefit obligation)

Post-employment benefits represent obligations that will be settled in the future and require assumptions to project benefit obligations. Post-employment benefit accounting is intended to reflect the recognition of future benefit costs over the employee's approximate service period, based on the terms of the plans and the investment and funding decisions made. The accounting requires the Company to make assumptions regarding variables such as discount rate and salary growth rate. Changes in these key assumptions can have a significant impact on the defined benefit obligations.

• Estimation of expected useful lives of property, plant and equipment

Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of property, plant and equipment at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence that may change the utility of property, plant and equipment.

Contingencies

Legal proceedings covering a range of matters are pending against the Company. Due to the uncertainty inherent in such matters, it is often difficult to predict the final outcome. The cases and claims against the Company often raise difficult and complex factual and legal issues that are subject to many uncertainties and complexities, including but not limited to the facts and circumstances of each particular case/claim, the jurisdiction and the differences in applicable law. In the normal course of business, the Company consults with legal counsel and other experts on matters related to litigations. The Company accrues a liability when it is determined that an adverse outcome is probable and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In the event an adverse outcome is possible or an estimate is not determinable, the matter is disclosed.

Valuation of deferred tax assets

Deferred income tax expense is calculated based on the differences between the carrying value of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases that are considered temporary in nature. Valuation of deferred tax assets is dependent on management's assessment of future recoverability of the deferred benefit. Expected recoverability may result from expected taxable income in the future, planned transactions or planned optimising measures. Economic conditions may change and lead to a different conclusion regarding recoverability.

• Fair value measurements

When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the Balance Sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair values are measured using valuation techniques, including market multiples model (Market Approach) and Capitalisation method (Income Approach) which involve various judgements and assumptions.

• impairment of Property, plant and equipment, Right-of-use assets, intangible assets (other than goodwill) and Capital work-in-progress

The Company estimates the value in use of the cash generating unit (CGU) based on future cash flows after considering current economic conditions and trends, estimated future operating results and growth rates and anticipated future economic and regulatory conditions. The estimated cash flows are developed using internal forecasts. The cash flows are discounted using a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value.

For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period; they are recognised in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods

6. Property, plant and equipment (PPE)

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. For this purpose, cost includes deemed cost which represent the carrying value of property, plant and equipment recognised at 1st April 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments

arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Assets are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use.

Expenses incurred relating to project, including borrowing cost and net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre - operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work - in - Progress.

Spare parts are capitalized when they meet the definition of PPE, i.e., when the Company intends to use these during more than a period of 12 months.

7. Investment property

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Company, is classified as investment property. Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. For this purpose, cost includes deemed cost which represent the carrying value of property, plant and equipment recognised at 1st April 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets.

An item of property, plant and equipment or any significant part initially recognised of such item of property plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

8. Depreciation

Depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value. Depreciation has been provided on such cost of assets less their residual values on straight line method on the basis of estimated useful life of assets as prescribed in Schedule II of the Act.

Estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as estimated by the management is the same as prescribed in Schedule II and the same are as follows:

Factory buildings - 30 years

Non-factory buildings - 5 to 60 years

Railway sidings - 15 years

Plant and equipments - 15 years

Furniture and fixtures - 8 to 10 years

Computers (included under plant and equipments) - 3 years

Office equipments - 5 years

Vehicles - 8 to 10 years

Freehold land is not depreciated/amortised.

Assets held under financial leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets or, wherever shorter, the term of relevant lease.

Depreciation is calculated on a pro rata basis except that, assets costing upto Rs. 5,000 each are fully depreciated in the year of purchase.

The estimated useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

9. Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated amortisation/depletion and impairment loss, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing costs, and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the intangible assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and

accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

Intangible assets being computer software is amortised on straight line method over the period of five years.

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangibles assets recognised as on April 1, 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of transition date.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

The amortisation expense on intangible assets is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

10. Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use.

Impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds recoverable amount.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognized impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased.

If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

11. Leases

Company as a Lessee

The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a define period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified assets, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contact involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

As a lessee, The Company recognises a right of use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right of use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right of use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right of use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right of use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right of use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. For leases with reasonably similar characteristics, the Company, on a lease by lease basis, may adopt either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the fixed payments, including insubstance fixed payments and lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option;

The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The Company has elected not to recognise right of use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Company applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date.

Company as a Lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Where the Company is a lessor under an operating lease, the asset is capitalised within property, plant and equipment and depreciated over its useful economic life. Payments received under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

12 Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower. The basis of determining the cost for various categories of inventory are as follows:

- (a) Raw materials, Chemicals, Components, stores & spares and Stock in Trade Cost includes cost of purchase (Net of recoverable taxes) and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on FIFO basis.
- (b) Stock in process and finished goods-Direct cost plus appropriate share of overheads.
- (c) Saleable Scrap/Waste/By products At estimated realisable value.
- (d) Inter unit gods transfer transfer price
- (e) Import Entitlement / Licences At estimated realisable/Utilisation value

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

13. Foreign Currencies

a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (INR/Rupees), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

b) Transaction and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded on initial recognition at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Any gains or losses arising due to differences in exchange rates at the time of translation or settlement are accounted for in the Statement of Profit & Loss either under the head foreign exchange fluctuation or interest cost, as the case may be, except those relating to long-term foreign currency monetary items.

14. Investment in Subsidiaries and Associates

Investment in associates and other related parties are carried at cost less accumulated impairment, if any.

15. Fair Value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market which can be accessed by the Company for the asset or liability.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each

reporting period.

16. Financial Assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent measurement is determined with reference to the classification of the respective financial assets. Based on the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset, the Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit and loss.

Debt instruments at amortised cost

Debt instruments such as trade and other receivables, security deposits and loans given are measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss.

Debt instruments at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI).

Debt instruments at Fair value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments excluding investments in subsidiary and associate companies. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

After initial measurement, any fair value changes including any interest income, foreign exchange gain and losses, impairment losses and other net gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

De-recognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's Balance Sheet) when

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to
 pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement;
 and either:
- The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

On de-recognition, any gains or losses on all debt instruments (other than debt instruments measured at FVOCI) and equity instruments (measured at FVTPL) are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Gains and losses in respect of debt instruments measured at FVOCI and that are accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss on de-recognition. Gains or losses on equity instruments measured at FVOCI that are recognised and accumulated in OCI are not reclassified to profit or loss on de-recognition.

17. Impairment of financial assets

The Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities,

deposits, trade receivables and bank balance.

b) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

In case of other assets (listed as a) above), the company determines if there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the financial asset since initial recognition. If the credit risk of such assets has not increased significantly, an amount equal to 12-month ECL is measured and recognized as loss allowance. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, an amount equal to lifetime ECL is measured and recognized as loss allowance.

18. Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, and derivative financial instruments.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind-AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk is recognized in OCI. These gains/ losses are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss. However, the company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities classified and measured at amortised cost such as loans and borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction cost incurred. After initial recognition, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective interest rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss. Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

19. Derivative financial instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to manage the commodity price risk and exposure on account of fluctuation in interest rate and foreign exchange rates. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently measured at fair value with changes being recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken through profit and loss.

20. Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any differences between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in Profit or loss over the period of the borrowing using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facilities will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the drawdown occurs.

The borrowings are removed from the Balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid including any noncash asset transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other gains/(losses).

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of

the liability of at least 12 months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the financial statement for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of the breach.

21. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

Borrowing costs, allocated to and utilised for qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction/development of the qualifying asset upto the date of capitalisation of such asset is added to the cost of the assets.

Interest income earned on temporary investment of specific borrowing pending expenditure on qualifying asset is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

22. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the standalone balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company, or the counterparty.

23. Claims

Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts are disclosed after a careful evaluation of the facts and legal aspects of the matter involved.

24. Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Capital Commitments

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are possible obligations whose existence will only be confirmed by future events not wholly within the control of the Company, or present obligations where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Contingent assets are not recognised but disclosed when the inflow of economic benefits is probable. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, but it is recognised as an asset.

25. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with.

A government grant that becomes receivable as compensation for expenses or losses incurred in previous period(s). Such a grant is recognised in profit or loss of the period in which it becomes receivable.

Government grants shall be recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Company recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Government grants related to assets are presented in the balance sheet as deferred income and is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the related assets or other relevant basis.

Government grants by way of financial assistance on the basis of certain qualifying criteria are recognised as they become receivable.

In the unlikely event that a grant previously recognised is ultimately not received, it is treated as a change in estimate and the amount cumulatively recognised is expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

26. Revenue Recognition

Sale of Goods and services

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised goods to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when (a) control is transferred to the customer, which is mainly upon delivery in case of domestic sales and on issuance of Shipping Bill in case of export sales.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of returns, rebates and discounts to customers.

Revenue from the sale of goods excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties, such as Goods & Services Tax (GST).

Interest Income

Interest income is accrued on using on a time basis by the effective interest rate with reference to the principal outstanding.

Dividend Income

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established.

Export Incentives

Export Incentives are recognised when certainty of receipt is established.

Insurance Claim

Insurance claims are accounted for on the basis of claims admitted / expected to be admitted and to the extent that the amount recoverable can be measured reliably and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

OtherIncome

Other income is accounted for on accrual basis except where the receipt of income is uncertain and in such case it is accounted for on receipt basis.

27. Employee benefits

The Company makes contributions to both defined benefit and defined contribution schemes which are mainly administered through/by duly constituted and approved Trusts and the Government.

Defined Contribution Scheme

In case of provident fund administered through Regional Provident Fund Commissioner, the Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund.

In case of members of constituted and approved trusts, the Company recognises contribution payable to such trusts as an expense including any shortfall in interest between the amount of interest realised by the investment and the interest payable to members at the rate declared by the Government of India.

The Company's contributions paid / payable during the year to provident fund administered through Approved Trust, Regional Provident Fund Commissioner, Superannuation Fund and Employees' State Insurance Corporation are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as an expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to contributions.

Defined Benefit Scheme

Gratuity: Cost of providing the Benefit is determined on an actuarial basis at the end of the year and charged to Statement of Profit and Loss. The cost of providing these benefits is determined by independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Re-measurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses and the effect of the asset ceiling, (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and return on plan assets), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. It is included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Leave encashment: Leave balance as at the end of the calendar year is encashed and balance leaves earned thereafter to the extent not availed by the employees are provided in the accounts.

28. Research and Development Expenditure

Expenditure on research of revenue nature is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss and that of capital nature is capitalized as fixed assets.

29. Taxes on Income

Current tax is the amount of tax payable determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and provisions of the Income Tax Act. 1961 and other applicable tax laws.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Balance sheet and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and are accounted for using the

liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward tax losses and allowances to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, carry forward tax losses and allowances can be utilised. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the applicable tax rates. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are off set, and presented as net.

Current and deferred taxes relating to items directly recognised in reserves are recognised in reserves and not in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an deferred tax asset in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

30. Dividend Distribution

Dividends paid (including income tax thereon) is recognised in the period in which the interim dividends are approved by the Board of Directors, or in respect of the final dividend when approved by shareholders.

31. Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows statement is prepared as per the Indirect Method specified in Ind AS 7 on Cash Flows. Cash and cash equivalents (including bank balances) shown in statement of cash flows exclude item which are not available for general use on the date of balance sheet.

32. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post-tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post-tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. average market value of the outstanding shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for share splits / reverse share splits and bonus shares, as appropriate.

33. Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in consistent manner with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) of the Company. The CODM is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the Company.

34. Recent Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)

(a) Recent accounting pronouncements which are not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. MCA vide notification dated March 23, 2022 has amended certain accounting standards (Ind AS) effective from April 1, 2022. Those amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the company in current or future reporting periods.

(b) Note on COVID-19

The Company has made detailed assessments of COVID-19 the pandemic on recoverability and carrying values of its assets comprising property, plant and equipment, inventories, receivables and other current assets as at the balance sheet date and on the basis of evaluation, has concluded that no adjustment is required in the financial statements and it will not have any material impact on Going Concern assumption. The Company is taking all the necessary steps and precautionary measures to ensure smooth functioning of its operations and to ensure the safety and well-being of all its employees. Given the criticalities associated with nature, condition and duration of COVID-19, the impact assessment on the Company's financial statements will be continuously made and provided for as required.

2. a) Property, plant and equipment

(Rs. In lacs)

Property, plant and equipment					(RS. III IaCS)					
Particulars	Land Freehold	Factory building	Plant & Equipment	Electric Installation & Fittings	Computers	Office Equipments	Furniture & Fixtures	Vehicle	Total	C. Capital work in progress
Gross carrying value*										
As at March 31, 2020	229.11	2,070.40	5,262.58	180.73	38.85	58.73	147.94	477.11	8,465.45	165.08
Additions	-	210.46	1,032.13	24.85	8.96	6.28	13.28	141.69	1,437.65	48.67
Deletions	-	-	(39.68)	-	-	-	-	(40.65)	(80.33)	(0.01)
As at March 31, 2021	229.11	2,280.86	6,255.03	205.58	47.81	65.01	161.22	578.15	9,822.77	213.74
Additions	92.09	7.28	398.84				16.33	15.42	529.96	627.47
IndAs Adjustments	-	-	188.85						188.85	
Deletions	-	-	(54.72)	-	-	-	-	(27.01)	(81.73)	(0.75)
As at March 31, 2022	321.20	2,288.14	6,788.00	205.58	47.81	65.01	177.55	566.56	10,459.85	840.46
Accumulated Depreciation*										
As at March 31, 2020	-	212.38	1,557.49	89.85	37.94	28.73	65.09	237.05	2,228.53	
Additions	-	63.59	409.66	13.93	1.66	10.33	20.62	75.17	594.96	
Deletions	-	-	(18.66)	-	-	-	-	(18.70)	(37.36)	
As at March 31, 2021	-	275.97	1,948.49	103.78	39.60	39.06	85.71	293.52	2,786.13	
Additions	-	63.24	437.64				21.04	72.27	594.19	
IndAs Adjustments			32.29						32.29	
Deletions	-	-	(57.56)	-	-	-	-	(13.77)	(71.33)	
As at March 31, 2022	-	339.21	2,342.20	103.78	39.60	39.06	106.75	352.02	3,341.28	
Net Carrying amount										
As at March 31, 2020	229.11	1,858.02	3,705.09	90.88	0.91	30.00	82.85	240.06	6,236.92	165.08
As at March 31, 2021	229.11	2,004.89	4,306.54	101.80	8.21	25.95	75.51	284.63	7,036.64	213.74
As at March 31, 2022	321.20	1,948.93	4,445.80	101.80	8.21	25.95	70.80	214.54	7,118.57	840.46

2. b) Other Intangible assets

Particulars	Computer Software	Website Development	Trademark	TOTAL
	(Rs. In lacs)	(Rs. In lacs)	(Rs. In lacs)	(Rs. In lacs)
Gross carrying value*				
As at March 31, 2020	5.70	0.41	1.41	7.52
Additions		-	-	
Deletions	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2021	5.70	0.41	1.41	7.52
Additions	-	-	1.16	1.16
Deletions	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	5.70	0.41	2.57	8.68
Accumulated Depreciation *				
As at March 31, 2020	0.24	0.30	0.51	1.05
Additions	0.14	0.10	0.10	0.34
Deletions	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2021	0.38	0.40	0.61	1.39
Additions	-	-	0.38	0.38
Deletions	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2022	0.38	0.40	0.99	1.77
Net Carrying amount		•	•	•
As at March 31, 2020	5.46	0.11	0.90	6.47
As at March 31, 2021	5.32	0.01	0.80	6.13
As at March 31, 2022	5.32	0.01	1.58	6.91

^{*}At deemed cost as per IND-AS 101.

2. c) (i) Assets given as security for borrowings

All the items of Property, Plant and Equipment of the Company have been given to lenders as security for various borrowing facilities

(ii) The management has carried out an exercise of identifying the asset that may have been impaired, during the year, in respect of each cash generating unit. On the basis of review carried out by the management, there was no impairment loss on fixed assets during the year.

2. d) Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP)

(Rs. In lacs)

(a) Ageing schedule for Capital-work-	n progress	As at March 31, 2	2022				As	at March 31, 2	021	
Particulars		Amount in CWIP for a period of				Amount in CWIP for a period of			f	Total
	Less than 1	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3		Less than 1	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3	
	year			years		year			years	
(i) Projects in progress	677.80	-	162.66	-	840.46		98.47	ı	115.27	213.74
(ii) Projects temporarily suspended					-					-
Total	677.80		162.66		840.46		98.47		115.27	213.74

(b) CWIP, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan:

NIL

NIL

NIL

Notes forming part of the Standalone I	Financial Statements for the	vear ended March 31, 2022

3 Financial Assets: Investments - Non Current Particulars		As at March	31, 2022	As at M	arch 31, 2021
		lo. of hares	Rs. in Lacs	No. of Shares	Rs. in Lac
			TO III 2000	Dimito	TO M 200
Equity Shares Unquoted A. INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES					
(i) SUPER TANNERY (U.K.) LIMITED					
Ordinary Shares of GBP 1 each fully paid up		2,100	1.52	2,100	1.53
(ii) AARIFI TANNERS LIMITED					
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up		12,05,366	164.24	12,05,366	164.2
(iii) SUPER CORPORATION LIMITED					
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up		26,000	2.60	26,000	2.6
(iv) SECURE SAFETY LIMITED Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up		9,49,300	94.93	9,49,300	94.9
(v) Super Italia SRL		5,15,500	71.55	2,12,300	71.7
Ordinary Shares of Euro 1/- each fully paid up		990	0.75	990	0.7
Total - A		_	264.04	_	264.0
S. OTHERS (i) SUPERHOUSE OVERSEAS LIMITED					
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid		5,000	0.50	5,000	0.5
(ii) AL-BARR FINANCE HOUSE LIMITED					
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid		20,000	2.00	20,000	2.0
(iii) SVIT PRONEXT MACHINES PRIVATE LIMITED		0.500	1.47	8.500	1.3
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid (iv) INDUSTRIAL INFRASTRUCTURE SERVICES (INDIA) LIMITED		8,500	1.47	8,500	1.3
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid		8,000	0.74	8,000	0.7
(v) KANPUR UNNAO LEATHER CLUSTER DEVELOPMENT CO. LTD.				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid		75,000	7.50	75,000	7.5
(vi) LEATHER CLUSTER DEVELOPMENT					
Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid		10,000	1.00	10,000	1.0
(vii) JAJMAU TANNERY EFFLUENT TREATMENT ASSOCIATION Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid		26,200	2.62	26,200	2.6
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
Total - B		_	15.83	-	15.7
2. INVESTMENT IN PARTNERSHIP/LLP FIRM (i) BOVINI FRILLS LLP					
15% in the capital of the LLP			0.75		0.7
Share of Reserves and Surplus of the LLP			21.35		15.7
Total - C		_	22.10	_	16.4
quity Shares Quoted				_	
(i) Superhouse Ltd. Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid		5,200	0.52	5,200	0.5
Total - D		_	0.52	_	0.5
Total (A+B+C+D)		_	302.49	_	296.7
Aggregate Book Value of Quoted Investments			0.52		0.5
Market Value of Quoted Investments			8.48		6.4
Aggregate Book Value of Unquoted Investments			279.87		279.7
Aggregate provision for diminution in value of Investments			0.03		0.0
etails of Partners, Capital and Profit Sharing Ratio in LLP	Profit			R	Rs. In Lacs
iame of Partners	Sharing Ratio		Capital as on 31.03.2022		Capital as on 31.03.2021
1 Mr. Shahbhaz Khan	55%		2.75		2.7
2 Super Tannery Limited	15%		0.75		0.7
3 Mr. Iftikharul Amin	15%		0.75		0.73
4 Mr. Iqbal Ahsan	15%		0.75		0.7

Less: Impairment Loss Allowance (ECL)

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Particulars	As:	at March 31, 2022	_	As at March 31, 202
		Rs. in Lacs		Rs. in Lac
Loans and Advances				
to Subsidiaries				
Secured Considered Good	-		-	
Unsecured Considered Good	230.12		230.12	
Unsecured which have significant increase in credit risk			-	
Unsecured credit impaired	-		-	
(refer Note no. 35 for details)		230.12		230.
Total	_	230.12	=	230.
5 Other Financial Assets - Non Current				
Particulars	As	at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 202
		Rs. in Lacs		Rs. in Lac
Unsecured Considered Good				
Security Deposits		34.85		34.9
Total		34.85	-	34.9
6 Inventories (At cost or net realisable value whichever is lower)				
6 Inventories (At cost or net realisable value whichever is lower) Particulars	As	at March 31, 2022		
	As	at March 31, 2022 Rs. in Lacs		
Particulars	As	Rs. in Lacs		Rs. in La
Particulars Raw Materials	As:	Rs. in Lacs		Rs. in La
Particulars Raw Materials Work in Progress	As :	Rs. in Lacs 1,239.50 2,293.09		Rs. in La 1,710. 3,201.
Particulars Raw Materials Work in Progress Finished Goods	As:	Rs. in Lacs 1,239.50 2,293.09 1,379.08		Rs. in La 1,710. 3,201. 1,410.
Particulars Raw Materials Work in Progress	As	Rs. in Lacs 1,239.50 2,293.09		Rs. in La 1,710.: 3,201.: 1,410.: 1,421.:
Raw Materials Work in Progress Finished Goods Chemical, Components and spare parts	As	Rs. in Lacs 1,239.50 2,293.09 1,379.08 1,443.69		Rs. in La 1,710. 3,201. 1,410. 1,421. 120.
Raw Materials Work in Progress Finished Goods Chemical, Components and spare parts Waste & Scrap	As	Rs. in Lacs 1,239.50 2,293.09 1,379.08 1,443.69 118.51		Rs. in La 1,710. 3,201. 1,410. 1,421. 120.
Raw Materials Work in Progress Finished Goods Chemical, Components and spare parts Waste & Scrap Total (a) All the Inventories have been hypothecated as security for various working facilities from banks.	As	Rs. in Lacs 1,239.50 2,293.09 1,379.08 1,443.69 118.51		Rs. in La 1,710.2 3,201.3 1,410.0 1,421.4 120.0
Raw Materials Work in Progress Finished Goods Chemical, Components and spare parts Waste & Scrap Total (a) All the Inventories have been hypothecated as security for various working facilities from banks. (b) During the year Rs. Nil was recognised as expense towards write-down of inventory.	As at March 3	Rs. in Lacs 1,239.50 2,293.09 1,379.08 1,443.69 118.51 6,473.87	As at N	As at March 31, 200 Rs. in La 1,710.2 3,201.3 1,410.0 1,421.4 120.0 7,863.2
Raw Materials Work in Progress Finished Goods Chemical, Components and spare parts Waste & Scrap Total (a) All the Inventories have been hypothecated as security for various working facilities from banks. (b) During the year Rs. Nil was recognised as expense towards write-down of inventory. Financial Assets - Current: Trade Receivable	_	Rs. in Lacs 1,239.50 2,293.09 1,379.08 1,443.69 118.51 6,473.87	As at W Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Le 1,710. 3,201. 1,410. 1,421. 120. 7,863.
Raw Materials Work in Progress Finished Goods Chemical, Components and spare parts Waste & Scrap Total (a) All the Inventories have been hypothecated as security for various working facilities from banks. (b) During the year Rs. Nil was recognised as expense towards write-down of inventory. 7 Financial Assets - Current: Trade Receivable Particulars	As at March 3	Rs. in Lacs 1,239.50 2,293.09 1,379.08 1,443.69 118.51 6,473.87		Rs. in La 1,710: 3,201. 1,410. 1,421. 120. 7,863.
Raw Materials Work in Progress Finished Goods Chemical, Components and spare parts Waste & Scrap Total (a) All the Inventories have been hypothecated as security for various working facilities from banks. (b) During the year Rs. Nil was recognised as expense towards write-down of inventory. Financial Assets - Current: Trade Receivable Particulars Secured Considered Good	As at March 3 Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs 1,239.50 2,293.09 1,379.08 1,443.69 118.51 6,473.87	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Le 1,710. 3,201. 1,410. 1,421. 120. 7,863.
Raw Materials Work in Progress Finished Goods Chemical, Components and spare parts Waste & Scrap Total (a) All the Inventories have been hypothecated as security for various working facilities from banks. (b) During the year Rs. Nil was recognised as expense towards write-down of inventory. Financial Assets - Current: Trade Receivable	As at March 3	Rs. in Lacs 1,239.50 2,293.09 1,379.08 1,443.69 118.51 6,473.87		Rs. in La 1,710.: 3,201.: 1,410.: 1,421.: 120.: 7,863.: farch 31, 2021

(a) All the Trade Receivables have been hypothecated as security for various working facilities from banks.

Total

Particulars	Not Due			Total			
		Less than	6 months	1 year -	2 year -	More than	
		6 months	- 1 year	2 year	3 year	3 years	
As at March 31, 2022							
Undisputed Trade Receivables							
(i) Considered Good	181.66	4,611.79	405.48	15.06	0.37	111.31	5,325.67
(ii) Which have significant increase in credit risk		87.12	0.21	1.67	0.07	6.04	95.11
(iii) Credit impaired		(87.12)	(0.21)	(1.67)	(0.07)	(6.04)	(95.11
Disputed Trade Receivables							
(i) Considered Good							
(ii) Which have significant increase in credit risk							
(iii) Credit impaired							
Total	181.66	4,611.79	405.48	15.06	0.37	111.31	5,325.67
As at March 31, 2021							
Undisputed Trade Receivables							
(i) Considered Good		4,422.82	1,043.45	27	0.39	125.79	5,619.45
(ii) Which have significant increase in credit risk		56.34	0.13	1.08	0.05	3.91	61.51
(iii) Credit impaired		(56.34)	(0.13)	(1.08)	(0.05)	(3.91)	(61.51
Disputed Trade Receivables		•					
(i) Considered Good							
(ii) Which have significant increase in credit risk							
(iii) Credit impaired							
Total	-	4,422.82	1,043,45	27.00	0.39	125.79	5,619.45

5,680.96 61.51

5,619.45

5,420.78

95.11 **5,325.67**

9 Financial Assets Currents Cash and Cash Equivalents				
8 Financial Assets - Current: Cash and Cash Equivalents Particulars	As at Mar	ch 31, 2022	As at 1	March 31, 2021
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Balances with banks				
on current accounts	284.19		166.37	
on EEFC account	3.85		4.92	
		288.04		171.29
Cash on hand	-	9.49	_	12.32
Total	=	297.53	=	183.61
9 Financial Assets - Current: Bank Balances other than cash and cash equivalents				
Particulars		ch 31, 2022		March 31, 2021
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Margin money deposits (restricted, held as lien against bank guarantees)		500.16		495.65
Earmarked balances with banks - unclaimed Dividend		9.10		9.01
Total	-	509.26	-	504.66
10 Other Current Financial Assets				
Particulars		As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021
		Rs. in Lacs		Rs. in Lacs
Unsecured Considered Good				
Export Incentive Receivable		506.62		380.49
Other Claims Receivable		0.96		12.15
Balance with Govt/Revenue authority		216.94		390.61
Total	-	724.52	-	783.25
	_			
11 Other Current Assets				
Particulars		As at March 31, 2022 Rs. in Lacs		As at March 31, 2021 Rs. in Lacs
Unsecured Considered Good		KS. III Lacs		KS. III Lacs
Advances to Trade Creditors		900.34		847.14
Advances to Trade Cleditors Advance recoverable in cash or kind or for value to be received		250,40		158.66
Prepaid expenses		25.66		10.44
Total	-	1,176.40	-	1,016.24
12 Equity Share Capital	-		•	
Particulars	As at Mar	ch 31, 2022	As at I	March 31, 2021
	No. of		No. of	
	Shares	Rs. in Lacs	Shares	Rs. in Lacs
Authorised Equity Shares of Rupee 1/-each	1100,00,000	1,100.00	1100,00,000	1,100.00
Issued				
Equity Shares of Rupee 1/-each	1079,73,360	1,079.73	1079,73,360	1,079.73
Subscribed and fully paid-up				
Equity Shares of Rupee 1/-each	1079,73,360	1,079.73	1079,73,360	1,079.73
Total	-	1,079.73	-	1,079.73
		1,017.13		

As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
No. of Shares	Rs. in Lacs	No. of Shares	Rs. in Lacs
1079,73,360	1,079.73	1079,73,360	1,079.73
=	-	-	-
1079,73,360	1,079.73	1079,73,360	1,079.73
	No. of Shares	No. of Shares Rs. in Lacs 1079,73,360 1,079.73	No. of Shares Rs. in Lacs No. of Shares 1079,73,360 1,079.73 1079,73,360

(B) Detail of Shares held by the promoters:

		As at March 31,2022		As at Marc	h 31,2021	Changes during the year	
S.	Name of the Promoter	No. of	% of Shares	No. of	% of Shares	Changes du	ring the year
No.		Shares	held	Shares	held	No of shares	%
1	VEQUARUL AMIN	178,83,900	16.56%	178,83,900	16.56%	-	-
2	IQBAL AHSAN	91,42,502	8.47%	91,42,502	8.47%	-	-
3	IFTIKHARUL AMIN	90,80,432	8.41%	90,80,432	8.41%	-	=
4	MUBASHIRUL AMIN	45,90,000	4.25%	45,90,000	4.25%	-	-
5	UMAIRUL AMIN	45,90,000	4.25%	45,90,000	4.25%	-	-
6	TANVEERUL AMIN	45,00,000	4.17%	45,00,000	4.17%	-	-
7	FARHA FATIMA	45,00,000	4.17%	45,00,000	4.17%	-	-
8	SOPHIA AMIN	34,58,400	3.20%	34,58,400	3.20%	-	-
9	ISMAT IQBAL	30,82,800	2.86%	30,82,800	2.86%	-	-
10	RUMANA AMIN	26,33,400	2.44%	26,33,400	2.44%	-	-
	Total -	634,61,434	58.78%	634,61,434	58.78%	-	-

		As at March 31,2021	As at March 31,2021			Changes du	ring the year
S.	Name of the Promoter	No. of	% of Shares	No. of	% of Shares	Changes du	ring the year
No.		Shares	held	Shares	held	No of shares	%
1	VEQUARUL AMIN	178,83,900	16.56%	178,83,900	16.56%	-	-
2	IQBAL AHSAN	91,42,502	8.47%	91,42,502	8.47%	-	-
3	IFTIKHARUL AMIN	90,80,432	8.41%	90,80,432	8.41%	-	-
4	MUBASHIRUL AMIN	45,90,000	4.25%	45,90,000	4.25%	-	-
5	UMAIRUL AMIN	45,90,000	4.25%	45,90,000	4.25%	-	-
6	TANVEERUL AMIN	45,00,000	4.17%	45,00,000	4.17%	-	-
7	FARHA FATIMA	45,00,000	4.17%	45,00,000	4.17%	-	-
8	SOPHIA AMIN	34,58,400	3.20%	34,58,400	3.20%	-	-
9	ISMAT IQBAL	30,82,800	2.86%	30,82,800	2.86%	-	-
10	RUMANA AMIN	26,33,400	2.44%	26,33,400	2.44%	-	-
	Total -	634,61,434	58.78%	634,61,434	58.78%	-	-

(B) Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Re. 1 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(C) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

	Shareholder's Name	As at March 3	As at March 31, 2022		h 31, 2021	
		No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares	%	
(a)	Mr. Veqarul Amin	178,83,900	16.56%	178,83,900	16.56%	
(b)	Mr. Iqbal Ahsan	91,42,502	8.47%	91,42,502	8.47%	
(c)	Mr. Iftikharul Amin	90,80,432	8.41%	90,80,432	8.41%	

	2021-22 (No. of Shares)	2020-21 (No. of Shares)
(D) Equity Shares allotted as fully paid pursuant to contract(s) without payment	NIL	NIL
(E) Equity Shares allotted as fully paid up Bonus Shares during the immediately	NIL	NIL
(F) Equity shares buy-back in immediately preceding five years	NIL	NIL
(G) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding company and/or their subsidiaries/	NIL	NIL

(H) The Board of Directors of the Company has recommended a final dividend of Re. 0.05 per equity share (5%) face value of Re.1 each for the year ended March 31, 2022, subject to the approval of Shareholders.

13 Other equity

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022 Rs. in Lacs	As at March 31, 2021 Rs. in Lacs
(a) Capital Reserve	17.67	17.67
(b) Securities Premium	270.18	270.18
(c) General Reserve	4,509.22	4,563.21
(d) Retained Earnings	3,139.57	2,718.76
Total	7,936.64	7,569.82
(A) Capital Reserve		

It represent the gain of capital nature which mainly include the excess of value of net assets acquired over consideration paid by the company for business combination in earlier years.

(B) Securities Premium

Securities premium reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares and is utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

(C) General Reserve

Mandatory transfer to general reserve is not required under the Companies Act, 2013.

(D) Retained Earnings

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends paid or other distributions out of reserves to shareholders.

Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

14 Financial Liabilities - Non-current: Borrowings As at March 31, 2021 Particulars As at March 31, 2022 Rs. in Lacs Rs. in Lacs Secured Rupee loans Term loans from banks - INR 181.77 53.73 Vehicle Term loans from banks - INR 97.96 53.73 279.73 Total

Repayment terms:

- (a) Secured rupee term loans from banks: Structured
- (b) The classification of loans between current liabilities and non -current liabilities continues based on repayment schedule under respective agreements as no loans have been recalled due to non compliance of conditions under any of the loan agreements.
- (c) Interest rates: Loans availed from banks in INR carry interest rate ranging from % 10.05% to 11.65 % (March 31, 2021: 10.05% to 11.65%) for term loans.
- (e) Scheduled repayments: Contractual repayments in case of loans from banks (including Current maturities disclosed under other Current financial liabilities:

benedured repayments: constant and repayments in case or round from balling (including current materials and	rosed under other current immiesti intomies.	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Upto three years	115.65	339.63
Between three to five years	6.15	64.81
Over five years	-	-

Refer note 39(b) (II) & (III) on Interest rate risk and Liquidity Risk respectively.

Security details:-

Term Loan other than Vehicle Loans

Aforesaid Term Loans are secured by hypothecation/mortgage of company's moveable and im-moveable properties. Further secured by the personal guarantee of promoter Directors of the company and Aarifi tanners Ltd. which is the subsidiary of the company.

Vehicle Loans

Secured by hypothecation of vehicle financed.

15 Deferred tax liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liability		
Borrowings measured at amortized cost		
On difference between book balance and tax balance of fixed assets	667.43	501.76
On MtoM valuation of derivatives and other items	139.25	78.13
	806.68	579.89
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets	<u></u>	·
Expenses allowable on payment basis and other items	93.21	109.21
Total Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets	93.21	109.21
Net Deferred Tax Liability	713.47	470.68
16 Other Non-current Liabilities		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Deferred Revenue		
Govt Grant under IDLS	135.09	175.36
EPCG Obligations	364.49	209.63
Total	499.58	384.99

- (a) Government Grant under IDLS, the deferred grant income is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of asset on which such grant is received subject to compliance of other terms & conditions of the scheme.
- (b) Under EPCG scheme, the Company is committed to export prescribed times of the duty saved on import of capital goods over a specified period of time apart from maintaining average export growth. In case such commitments are not met, the Company would be required to pay the duty saved along with interest to the regulatory authorities. The deferred grant income is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the related performance obligations are fulfilled.

17 Financial Liabilities - Current: Short term Borrowings				
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Secured				<u>.</u>
Working Capital Loan from banks				
Rupee Loans				
(i) Cash Credit	430.48		338.53	
(ii) Packing Credit	4,542.88		5,144.67	
(iii) Advance against bills sent for collection	1,822.56		2,012.19	
	·	6,795.92		7,495.39
Current maturities of long term borrowings		68.07		124.71
Other Short term Borrowings				
Foreign Currency loan				
(i) Stand by line of Credit(SBLC)		831.00		391.43
Total		7,694.99		8,011.53
Amount of default as on the Balance Sheet date:				-
(a) Repayment of loan		NIL		NIL
(b) Interest on Loan		NIL		NIL

Working Capital Loans are primarily secured by hypothecation of present and future Current Assets and Actionable Claims (viz. Inventories, trade receivable / book debts, outstanding monies, receivable claims, bills and materials in transit).

These are further collaterally secured by extension of charge over moveable and immoveable properties of the company.

Further secured by personal guarantee of promoter director(s) of the company and Aarifi tanners ltd. which is the subsidiary of the company.

- (B) Stand by Line of Credit(SBLC) are primarily secured by hypothecation of Plant and machinery and raw material and are further secured by personal guarantee of promoter director(s) of the company and Aarifi tanners ltd. which is the subsidiary of the company.
- (C) Rate of Interest Working capital credit facilities carry interest rates ranging from 7.20% to 8.45%.

18 Financial Liabilities - Current: Trade Payable

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022 Rs. in Lacs	As at March 31, 2021 Rs. in Lacs
(a) Total Outstanding Dues to micro and small enterprises (refer note below)	77.20	51.39
(b) Total Outstanding Due to parties other than micro and small enterprises Total	3,265.07	4,212.75

Particulars	Not Due	Oı	utstanding from due d	ate/date of transaction		Total
		Less than 1 year	1 year - 2 year	2 year - 3 year	More than 3 years	
As at March 31, 2022				·		
Undisputed Dues						
(i) MSME (Micro and Small Entities)	67.49	9.71				77.2
(ii) Others	1794.68	1,329.43	78.02	44.56	18.38	3265.07
Disputed Dues						
(i) MSME (Micro and Small Entities)	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,862.17	1,339.14	78.02	44.56	18.38	3,342.27
As at March 31, 2022						
Undisputed Dues						
 MSME (Micro and Small Entities) 	34.14	17.25	-	-	-	51.39
(ii) Others	2,544.93	1,467.98	120.96	58.08	20.80	4,212.75
Disputed Dues						-
(i) MSME (Micro and Small Entities)	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	2,579.07	1,485.23	120.96	58.08	20.80	4,264.14

Note: The company has requested confirmation from Suppliers regarding their registration (filling of Memorandum) under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (the MSMED Act). According to the information available with the company, the following disclosures has been made in respect of dues to Micro and Small Enterprises:

	Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
		Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
(a)	Principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of the year		
	Principal Amount	77.20	51.39
	Interest due on above	0.38	2.26
(b)	Amount of interest paid by the company in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, along with the amount of the payment made to the	•	
	supplier beyond the appointed day during the year	NIL	NIL
(c)	Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day		
	during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act	NIL	NIL
(d)	the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year	4.54	4.16
(e `	the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are		
(-,	actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act	NIII	NIII.
		NIL	NIL

According from banks 1906	19 Financial Liabilities - Current: Other Financial Liabilities			
10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Particulars			As at March 31, 202 Rs. in Lac
Colorina Information 1900	b) Rook overdraft from banks			8.4
Total Septembries Septem				9.0
Regresses fivided amounts either ort claimed or legen in heparate in accordance with Section 126 of the Companies Act, 2013 As at March 31, 2022 As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2023 As at March 31, 2022 As at March 31, 2023 As at Mar	d) Other Liabilities	708.52		856.7
Marchan Marc	Total	848.48		874.2
As al March 31, 2022	Represents dividend amounts either not claimed or kept in abeyance in accordance with Section 126 of the Companies Act, 2013			
Advance from customers 134.27 134	20 Other Current Liabilities			
National against also of fixed assets 1906 1907 19	articulars			As at March 31, 202 Rs. in Lac
Comment Liabilities: Provisions Total To	a) Advance from customers	324.29		323.4
Current Liabilities: Provisions	b) Advance against sale of fixed assets	319.60		293.1
Current Liabilities Provisions	(c) MTM valuation on forward cover	25.55		36.0
As al Marcia 31, 2022 As al Marcia 31, 2022 As al Marcia 31, 2022 Re interest incentive provision for fundity provision for	Total	669.44		652.5
Pervision for Gratuity	21 Current Liabilities: Provisions			
Provision for Canataly Provision for Canada Provision Provisi				As at March 31, 202 Rs. in Lac
Provision for taxistrion Total T				
Revenue from operations				183.1 18.2
22 Revenue from operations				201.4
State Stat	10	202102		2011
Sales Income from operations Rs. in Lack Rs. in La				
17,405.79 15,251.40 16,000 15,251.40 16,000 1			Rs. in Lacs	2020 - 21 Rs. in Lac
(ii) Sacks (Export) 334,71 00 2.899,60 (iii) Sales (Indigenous) 2.899,60 (refer Note (c) below for break-up) 21,182,11 18. 18. 21,182,11	a) Sales / Income from operations			
(iii) Sales (Indigenous) (refer Note (c) below for break-up) (refer Note (c) below for break-up) (21,182.11 18, (21,182.11) (b) Other operating revenue (Export Incentives (refer Note (d) below for break-up) (35.57) 935.57 Revenue from operations (gross) 22,117.68 19, (21,17.68) c) Breakup of Sales (Finished Leather (including Split) (10,476.53) 10, (17.58) 10, (17.58) Leather Shoe and components (10,464.53) 7. (18.56) 7. (18.56) Action of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 8. (18.56) Soles forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 8. (18.56) Action of their operating revenue 2. (18.18) 1. (18.56) Export incentives 2. (18.18) 1. (18.56) Other export incentives/licences 2. (18.18) 1. (18.56) 23 Other Income 2. (18.18) 2. (18.18) 24 Other Income 2. (18.18) 1. (18.56) 25 Other Income 2. (18.18) 1. (18.56) 26 Other Income 2. (18.18) 1. (18.56) 27 Other Income 2. (18.18) 2. (18.18) 28 Other Income 2. (18.18) 2. (18.18) </td <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>				
18, 18,				
(b) Other operating revenue Export Incentives (refer Note (d) below for break-up) 935.57 Revenue from operations (gross) 22,117.68 19,		. 21 182 11	2,899.60	. 18,307.9
Revenue from operations (gross) 22,117,68 19,		21,102111		10,50715
Column C	Export Incentives {refer Note (d) below for break-up}	935.57		777.5
Finished Leather (including Split)	Revenue from operations (gross)	22,117.68		19,085.5
Finished Leather (including Split)	c). Preskup of Saler			
Leather Shoe and components		10,717.58		10,458.3
Solutes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022				7,849.5
Details of other operating revenue Export Incentives Duty Draw Back G78.18 Duty Draw Back Other export incentives/licences Duty Draw Back	Total	21,182.11		18,307.9
Export Incentives	lotes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022			
Duty Draw Back Other export incentives/licences 257.39	Details of other operating revenue			
Other export incentives/licences 257.39 Total 257.39 23 Other Income 2021-22 2 articulars 2021-22 2 4 Interest income 5 nom Fixed Deposit with Banks 23.70 5 Profit on Sale of Property Plant & Equipments 6.25 5 Miscellaneous Income 31.55 6 Deferred revenue on EPCG & IDLS Subsidy 74.26 6 Liabilities/provisions no longer required 5.63 7 Share of profit from the LLP 5.63 8 Accretion in Investment 0.11		:		_
Total 935.57				568.6 208.9
23 Other Income articulars 2021-22 Rs. in Lacs Rs. i 1 Interest income - from Fixed Deposit with Banks - from Fixed Deposit				777.5
Interest income				
Rs. in Lacs				
- from Fixed Deposit with Banks 23.70 Profit on Sale of Property Plant & Equipments 6.25 Miscellaneous Income 31.55 Deferred revenue on EPCG & IDLS Subsidy 74.26 Liabilities/provisions no longer required - 5.63 Accretion in Investment 0.11	articulars			2020-2 Rs. in Lac
- from Fixed Deposit with Banks 23.70 - froft on Sale of Property Plant & Equipments 6.25 - Miscellaneous Income 31.55 - Deferred revenue on EPCG & IDLS Subsidy 74.26 - Liabilities/provisions no longer required - 5.63 - Share of profit from the LLP 5.63 - Accretion in Investment 0.11	n) Interest income			
Miscellaneous Income 31.55 Deferred revenue on EPCG & IDLS Subsidy 74.26 Liabilities/provisions no longer required 5.63 Accretion in Investment 0.11		23.70		27.3
Deferred revenue on EPCG & IDLS Subsidy 74.26	p) Profit on Sale of Property Plant & Equipments			5.7
El Liabilities/provisions no longer required Share of profit from the LLP Accretion in Investment Share of profit from the LLP 1.63 0.11				25.5
f) Share of profit from the LLP 5.63 g) Accretion in Investment 0.11				54.1
g) Accretion in Investment 0.11				0.8 3.3
Total 141.50				0.1
10131 191.59	Total	141 50		117.3
	Lotal	141.50		117.2

24 Cost of material consumed Particulars	2021	-22	2020-21	
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Raw Material consumed	107.65		1.42.01	
(a) Raw Hide for sole (c) Raw Hide for chrome	197.65		143.01 2,996.47	
(d) Wet Blue Leather Chrome	4,155.07 361.09		2,996.47	
(e) Upper for safety shoes	1,576.97		947.48	
(f) Finish leather for shoe upper and shoes	1,855.19		1,578.53	
(g) Others	13.05		104.26	
Raw Material consumed	15.05	8,159.02	104.20	5,976.69
Chemicals consumed		3,352.83		3,054.9
Stores & Spares consumed		2,120.97		1,648.73
Stores & Spares Communication		2,120157		2,010112
Total	=	13,632.82	-	10,680.40
25 Purchase of stock in trade Particulars		2021-22		2020-21
		Rs. in Lacs		Rs. in Lacs
(a) Finished Leather (including Split) (b) Shoe Upper		921.60 292.39		634.10 1,014.63
	<u> </u>		-	
Total	=	1,213.99	=	1,648.73
26 Increase/decrease in Inventories				
Particulars	2021			2020-21
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Inventories at the commencement of the year				
Finished Goods	1,410.08		2,158.70	
Work in process	3,201.39		3,382.71	
Waste & Scrap	120.09		95.36	
TOTAL 'A'	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4,731.56		5,636.77
Inventories at the end of the year				
Finished Goods	1,379.08		1,410.08	
Work in process	2,293.09		3,201.39	
Waste & Scrap	118.51		120.09	
TOTAL 'B'	·	3,790.68		4,731.56
Decrease/(Increase) in Stocks (A-B)	_	940.88	-	905.21
27 Employee benefit expense		2021 22		2020-21
Particulars		2021-22 Rs. in Lacs		Rs. in Lacs
Salary and Bonus		665.78		605.91
Directors Remuneration		63.39		63.21
Contribution to Provident and other funds		74.93		62.77
Contribution to Gratuity Fund		48.63		45.53
Workmen and Staff Welfare expenses		37.62		33.80
Total	=	890.35	-	811.22
28 Finance cost	_		•	
Particulars		2021-22		2020-21
		Rs. in Lacs		Rs. in Lacs
Interest on		0.04		2.50
- Term Loan		0.94		2.70
- Others	_	283.63	-	409.55
Paul Charges		284.57		412.25
Bank Charges Foreign Bank Charges		97.28 14.18		106.20 14.70
Total	_	396.03	-	533.15
29. Depreciation and Amortisation Expenses Particulars		2021-22		2020-21
· uccanio		Rs. in Lacs		Rs. in Lacs
Depreciation/Amortisation on Tangible Assets		626.48		594.96
Amortisation of Intangible assets		0.38		0.34
Total	=	626.86	-	595.30

 $\underline{\textbf{Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022}\\$

articulars	2021	2021-22 2020		0-21
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Manufacturing Expenses				
Job Work Charges	1,179.58		982.10	
Power and Fuel	579.12		525.73	
Pollution Control Expenses	63.51		146.34	
Repairs and Maintenance				
- Building	18.43		28.33	
- Machinery	88.58		122.75	
	<u> </u>	1,929.22		1,805.2
elling and Distribution Expenses				
Freight, Handling and Other Sales and Distribution Expenses	1,231.70		818.00	
Commission on Sale	110.39		157.55	
Advertisement and Publicity	2.99		5.12	
Bad Debts - Provision/write off	18.92		68.39	
Expected credit loss	33.60		32.53	
Zipetted treat 1650		1,397.60	02100	1,081.5
Stablishment Expenses		1,000,000		1,00110
Rent	17.56		11.66	
Rates and Taxes	46.74		38.80	
Insurance	25.74		26.20	
E.C.G.C Premium	85.35		90.34	
Communication cost	27.26		19.02	
Travelling and Conveyance	121.52		66.76	
Repairs and Maintenance - Others	59.98		47.03	
Printing and Stationery	10.26		9.88	
Legal and Professional Charges	62.32		42.44	
Auditor's Remuneration {refer Note (a) below}	3.30		3.20	
Miscellaneous Expenses	82.06		121.63	
Research & Development Expenses	2.18		1.79	
	9.20		18.74	
CSR Expenditure				
Subscription and Donation	10.29		7.44	
Loss on Sale of Property Plant & Equipments	3.55		13.73	
Exchange Fluctuation		_	30.34	
		567.31		549.0
	_			
Total	_	3,894.13		3,435.8
(a) Auditor's remuneration comprises:				
As auditor	<u> </u>	3.30		3.2
Total	_	3.30		3.20
Particulars		2021-22		2020-21
		Rs. in Lacs		Rs. in L
31. Earning per share (EPS)				
() P (C) (1 (P T T)		102.02		4.0
(a) Profit for the year (Rs. In Lacs)		402.92		461
(b) Weighted average number of equity shares for the purpose of		1079,73,360)	1079,73,
of calculation of Basic and Diluted EPS				
(c) Nominal value of equity shares (Rupees)		1.00)	1
(d) EPS- Basic and diluted (Rupees per share)		0.37	,	0
(u) Et 3- Basic and united (Rupees per share)				
(d) Li 3- Basic and diluted (Rupees per share)				
(b) 113- basic and diffice (Rupees per share)				
Particulars			2021-22 Po in Leas	2020-21
			2021-22 Rs. in Lacs	2020-21 Rs. in Lacs
Particulars				
Particulars 32. Capital and other commitments i. Estimated value of contracts remaining to be executed on capital			Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Particulars 32. Capital and other commitments i. Estimated value of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances)			Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Particulars 32. Capital and other commitments i. Estimated value of contracts remaining to be executed on capital			Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Particulars 32. Capital and other commitments i. Estimated value of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances)			Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Particulars 32. Capital and other commitments i. Estimated value of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) ii. Other Commitments 33. Contingent liabilities			Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Particulars 32. Capital and other commitments i. Estimated value of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) ii. Other Commitments 33. Contingent liabilities (i) Contingent Liabilities in respect of:			Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Particulars 32. Capital and other commitments i. Estimated value of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) ii. Other Commitments 33. Contingent liabilities (i) Contingent Liabilities in respect of: (a) Letter of Credit opened and outstanding			131.35 NIL	Rs. in Lacs
Particulars 32. Capital and other commitments i. Estimated value of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) ii. Other Commitments 33. Contingent liabilities (i) Contingent Liabilities in respect of:			Rs. in Lacs	
Particulars 32. Capital and other commitments i. Estimated value of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account (net of advances) ii. Other Commitments 33. Contingent liabilities (i) Contingent Liabilities in respect of: (a) Letter of Credit opened and outstanding			131.35 NIL	Rs. in Lacs 3'

India. The Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit and ESI schemes.

The only obligation of the company with respect to such retirement and other benefit plan is to make the specified contributions.

The Company has recognized the following amounts in the Income Statement during the year under 'Contribution to staff provident and other funds' (refer note 27)

		Rs. in Lacs
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Employer's contribution to PF and FPF	59.45	47.97
Employer's contribution to ESIC	15.48	14.80
Total	74.93	62.77

(b) Defined Benefit Plan

The employees Gratuity Fund Scheme, which is a defined benefit plan, is managed by the trust maintained with LIC. The present value of obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation using Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

surian lana	Rs. in Lacs Gratuity (Funded) Gratuity (Fu				
articulars	Gi	31-03-2022		Gratuity (Funded 31-03-202	
A) Movements in present value of defined benefit obligation					
Obligations as at beginning of the year		305.93		294.27	
Current service cost Interest cost		34.62 20.80		34.13 19.42	
Curtailment cost/(credit)		20.80		19.44	
Settlement cost/(credit)		-		- -	
Current service contribution- employee		-		-	
Past Service Cost		-		-	
Plan amendment		-		-	
Acquisitions		-		-	
Remeasurement {or Actuarial (gain)/Loss} arising from		-		=	
- change in demographic assumption - change in financial assumption		(6.99)		(4.4	
- experience variance		(16.94)		(15.5)	
- others		-		-	
Benefits paid		(12.00)		(21.8	
Present value of defined benefit obligation as at end of the year		325.42		305.9	
3) Movements in the fair value of plan assets					
Fair value of plan assets at beginning of the year		122.76		121.6	
Investment Income		8.35		8.0	
Return on plan assets, excluding amount recognised in net Interest expense		0.25		(0.0)	
Actual contributions by the employer		15.00		15.0	
Actuarial gain/loss on plan assets		-		-	
Fund transferred		-		-	
Employee contribution		(12.00)		(21.8	
Benefits paid Fair value of plan assets as at end of the year		(12.00) 134.36		122.7	
Amount recognized in the balance sheet		225.42		205 (
Present value of defined benefit obligation as at end of the year		325.42		305.9	
Fair value of plan assets as at end of the year Funded status {Surplus/(deficit)}		134.36 (191.06)		122.3 (183.1	
Effect of balance sheet asset limit		(191.00)		(103.1	
Unrecognised past service cost		-			
Net asset/(liability) recognised in balance sheet		(191.06)		(183.1	
Net asset/(liability) recognised in balance sheet at beginning of the year		(183.17)		(172.6	
Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss		47.08		45.5	
Expense recognised in Other Comprehensive Income		(24.18)		(20.0	
Actual contributions by the employer		15.00		15.0	
Net acquisition/business combination		-		-	
Net asset/(liability) recognised in balance sheet at end of the year		(191.07)		(183.1	
Amounts recognized in the statement of profit and loss					
Current service cost		34.62		34.1	
Interest cost		12.46		11.4	
Loss/(gain) on settlement Past service cost		-		-	
Total		47.08	_	45.5	
1000					
Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income					
Actuarial (gain) / loss due to					
- change in demographic assumption		- (6.00)		-	
- change in financial assumption - experience variance		(6.99) (16.94)		(4.4 (15.5	
- experience variance - others		(10.54)		(13.3	
Return on plan assets, excluding amount recognised in net Interest expense		(0.25)		0.0	
Remeasurement (or actuarial (gain)/loss) arising due to asset ceiling		` '			
Total		(24.18)		(20.0	
) Category of plan assets					
Funds managed by Insurer	100.00%		100.00%		
Sensitivity analysis					
DBO on base assumptions		325.42		305.9	
A. Discount Rate					
1. Effect due to 1.00% increase in discount rate	-6.43%	304.49	-6.64%	285.6	
2. Effect due to 1.00% decrease in discount rate	7.61%	350.18	7.86%	329.9	
B. Salary Escalation Rate Effect due to 1.00% increase in salary escalation rate	6.86%	347.73	7.08%	327.5	
Effect due to 1.00% increase in salary escalation rate Effect due to 1.00% decrease in salary escalation rate	-5.95%	347.73	-6.16%	327.5 287.0	
C. Withdrawal Rate	3.9370	500.05	3.107u	207.0	
1. Effect due to 50% increase in withdrawal rate	-0.18%	324.84	-0.51%	304.3	
		226.01	0.56%	307.6	
2. Effect due to 50% decrease in withdrawal rate	0.18%	326.01	0.5070	507.0	
Effect due to 50% decrease in withdrawal rate Mortality Rate Effect due to 10% increase in mortality rate	0.18%	326.01	-0.06%	305.7	

(H) Risk Exposure - Asset Volatility

The plan liabilities are calculated using a discount rate set with reference to bond yields; if plan assets underperform this yield, this will create a deficit. Most of the plan asset investments is in fixed income securities with high grades and in government securities.

These are subject to interest rate risk and the fund manages interest rate risk derivatives to minimize risk to an acceptable level. A portion of the funds are invested in equity securities and in alternative investments % which have low correlation with equity securities.

The equity securities are expected to earn a return in excess of the discount rate and contribute to the plan deficit.

(I) Actuarial assumptions

Actuarial valuation as at the year-end was done in respect of the aforesaid defined benefit plans based on the following assumptions:

i) General assumptions

- Discount rate (per annum) 7.10% 6.80% 2.00% 2.00% - Withdrawal rate 2.00% 2.00% 8.50% 8.50%

- ii) Mortality rates considered are as per the published rates in the India Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ultimate.
- iii) Leave policy: Leave balance as at the valuation date and each subsequent year following the valuation date to the extent not availed by the employee accumulated up to 31st December 2021 is available for encashment.
- iv) The discount rate should be based upon the market yields available on Government bonds at the accounting date with a term that matches that of the liabilities.
- v) The expected rate of return on plan assets is based on market expectation, at the beginning of the year, for returns over entire life of the related obligation.
- vi) The assumption of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, takes account of inflation, seniority, promotion, supply and demand and other relevant factors.
- vii) Liability on account of long term absences has been actuarially valued as per Projected Unit Credit Method.
- viii) Short term compensated absences have been provided on actual basis.

(J) Defined benefit liability and employer contributions:

i) Expected contributions to post-employment benefit plans in next year

ii) The weighted average duration of the defined benefit

		Rs. in Lacs
Period	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
1 Year	109.56	100.32
2 to 5 Years	75.11	68.09
6 to 10 Years	101.66	101.11
More Than 10 Years	377.21	340.22
Total	663.54	609.74

35. Disclosure as per clause 34(3) and 53(f) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 and Section 186 (4) of the Companies Act, 2013:

(a) Loans to subsidiaries:

(Rs. In Lacs)

NIL

NIL

Double to substantion							(No. III Edes)
	Name of the company	Relationship		Amount outstanding s on March 31		Maximum amount outstanding at an	ny time during the year
				2022	2021	2022	2021
	Super Tannery (U.K) Ltd	Subsidiary		130.04	130.04	130.04	130.04
	Secure safety limited	Subsidiary		12.49	12.49	12.49	12.49
	Super Italia SRL	Subsidiary		87.59	87.59	87.59	87.59

The aforesaid advances has been given to meet the working capital requirements and the same has been utilised for the same purposes.

b) Investments:

refer Note No. 3 (A)

c) Guarantee given

The company has not given any corporate guarantee, for securing the credit facility.

d) Security provided:

The company has not provided any other security to/for any of its subsidiaries and associates.

36. Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

In pursuance of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and CSR Policy of the Company it is required to spend two percent of the average net profits for the three immediately preceding financial years towards CSR activities.

Since the company has earned profits in previous years, gross amount required to be spent by the company towards CSR activities during the year is Rs. 9.20 Lacs.

The amount recognised as expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss on CSR related activities is Rs. 9.20 Lacs (previous year: Rs. 18.74 Lacs) detailed as under:

Rs. In Lacs

Particulars	2021-22				2020-21	
	Paid	Yet to be paid	Total	Paid	Yet to be paid	Total
CSR Expenditure	9.20	-	9.20	18.74		18.74
Total	9.20	-	9.20	18.74		18.74

37. Expenditure on Research and Development

		Rs. In Lacs
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Revenue Expenditure	2.18	1.79
Total	2.18	1.79

38. Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 116 "Leases":

(a) Where the company is Lessor

The company has not entered into any Lease arrangements.

(b) Where the company is Lessee

The company has not entered into any Lease arrangements.

39. Financial Instruments

(i) Capital Management

The Company's capital management is intended to create value for shareholders by facilitating the meeting of long-term and short-term goals of the Company.

The Company determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual operating plans and long-term product and other strategic investment plans. The funding requirements are met through equity and other long-term/short-term borrowings. The Company's policy is aimed at combination of short-term and long-term borrowings.

The Company monitors the capital structure on the basis of total debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the Company

The capital structure of the company consists of debt, which includes the borrowings including temporary overdrawn balance, cash and cash equivalents including short term bank deposits, equity comprising issued capital, reserves and non-controlling interests. The gearing ratio for the year is as under:

(Rs.	In	Lacs)	

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Debt	7,748.72	8,291.26
Less: Cash and cash equivalent	297.53	183.61
Net debt (A)	7,451.19	8,107.65
Total equity (B)	9,016.37	8,649.55
Debt Equity Ratio (A/B)	0.83	0.94

(ii) Categories of financial instruments

Calculation of Fair Values

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values of financial instruments

- a) The fair values of investment in quoted investment in equity shares is based on the current bid price of respective investment as at the Balance Sheet date.
- b) The fair value of the long-term borrowings carrying floating-rate of interest is not impacted due to interest rate changes and will not be significantly different from their carrying amounts as there is no significant change in the under-lying credit risk of the Company (since the date of inception of the loans).
- c) The fair value of loans from banks and other financial indebtedness as well as other non current financial liabilities is estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates currently available for debt or similar terms and remaining maturities.
- d) Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other financial assets, trade payables, and other financial liabilities have fair values that approximate to their carrying amounts due to their short-

(Rs. In Lacs)

Particulars	As at Ma	rch 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	
	Carrying value	Fair value	Carrying valu	Fair value
Financial Assets				
Financial assets measured at fair value				
Investments measured at				
i. Fair value through other comprehensive income		301.97		296.24
ii. Fair value through profit and loss		0.52		0.52
Financial assets measured at amortized cost				
Trade Receivables	5,325.67		5,619.45	
Cash and cash equivalents	297.53		183.61	
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	509.26		504.66	
Other financial assets	724.52		783.25	
Total	6,856.98	302.49	7,090.97	296.76
Financial Liabilities				
Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost				
Borrowings	7,816.79		8,415.97	
Trade payables	3,265.07		4,212.75	
Other financial liabilities	848.48		874.23	
Total	11,930.34	-	13,502.95	-

(iii)

Income, expenses, gains or losses on financial instruments		Rs. In Lacs
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Financial assets measured at amortized cost		
Allowances for doubtful receivables	(33.60)	(32.53)
Financial assets measured at fair value through Profit and Loss	0.11	0.19
Financial assets measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income	-	-

Fair value measurements recognized in the balance sheet:

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- -Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- -Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- -Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

(iii) Financial risk management objectives:

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of loan from banks and financial institutions, and trade payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to raise finance for the Company's operations. The Company has various financial assets such as trade receivables, cash and short term deposits, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from Company's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The Board of Directors review and agree policies for managing each of these risks.

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances. The maximum exposure to credit risk in case of all the financial instruments covered below is restricted to their respective carrying amount.

Customer credit is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policies, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Trade receivables are noninterest bearing and are generally on 90 days credit term. Credit limits are established for all customers based on internal rating criteria. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored.

The Company measures the expected credit loss of trade receivables based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates. Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience and past trends.

Expected credit loss assessment for customers:

The company is making provisions on trade receivables based on Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model. The reconciliation of ECL is as follows:

(Rs. In Lacs)

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Impairment loss as per ECL recognised/(reversed)	33.60	32.53
Additional Provision/write off	18.92	68.39
Amount debited to Profit and Loss	52.52	100.92

Other financial assets

The Company maintains exposure in cash and cash equivalents, term deposits with banks and derivative contracts.

The Company held cash and cash equivalents of Rs. 297.53 Lacs at March 31, 2022 (March 31, 2021: Rs. 183.61 Lacs). Cash and cash equivalents are held with reputable and credit-worthy banks.

Individual risk limits are set for each counter-party based on financial position, credit rating and past experience. Credit limits and concentration of exposures are actively monitored by the Management of the Company.

Other than trade and other receivables, the Company has no other financial assets that are past due but not impaired

(b) Market risk:

Market Risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk.

(I) Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on account of its operating and financing activities. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee. Company's exposure is mainly denominated in USD, GBP and Euro. The exchange rates have changed substantially in recent periods and may continue to fluctuate substantially in the future. The Company has put in place a Financial Risk Management Policy to Identify the most effective and efficient ways of managing the currency risks. The Company uses derivative instruments (mainly foreign exchange forward contracts) to mitigate the risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rate.

The Company do not use derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

(II) Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is measured by using the cash flow sensitivity for changes in variable interest rates. Any movement in the reference rates could have an impact on the Company's cash flows as well as costs. The Company also uses a mix of interest rate sensitive financial instruments to manage the liquidity and fund requirements for its day to day operations like short-term loans.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis:

As at March 31, 2022 interest bearing financial liability (secured loan from banks) stood at Rs. 7748.72 Lacs, was subject to variable interest rates. Increase/decrease of 50 basis points in interest rates at the balance sheet date would result in decrease/increase in profit before tax of Rs. 38.74 Lacs.

The risk estimates provided assume a parallel shift of 50 basis points interest rate. This calculation also assumes that the change occurs at the balance sheet date and has been calculated based on risk exposures outstanding as at that date. The period end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the period.

This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant.

Fair value of financial instruments:

All financial assets are initially recognized at fair value of consideration paid. Subsequently, financial assets are carried at fair value or amortized cost less impairment. Where non – derivative financial assets are carried at fair value, gains and losses on re- measurement are recognized directly in equity unless the financial assets have been designated as being held at fair value through profit or loss, in which case the gains and losses are recognized directly in the standalone statement of profit and loss. Financial assets are designated as being held at fair value through profit or loss when it is necessary to reduce measurement inconsistency for related assets and liabilities. All financial liabilities other than derivatives are initially recognized at fair value of consideration received net of transaction costs as appropriate (initial cost) and subsequently carried at amortized cost.

(III) Liquidity risk:

The Company follows a Conservative policy of ensuring sufficient liquidity at all times through a strategy of profitable growth, efficient liquidity at all times through a strategy of profitable growth, efficient working capital management as well as prudent capital expenditure. The Company has a overdraft facility with banks to support any temporary funding requirements.

The Company believes that current cash and cash equivalents, tied up borrowing lines and cash flow that is generated from operations is sufficient to meet requirements. Accordingly, liquidity risk is perceived to be low.

Liquidity table:

Liquidity tables drawn up based on the cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay is disclosed at Note no. 49.

(IV) Other price risk:

The Company is not exposed to any significant equity price risks arising from equity investments, as on 31st March 2022. Equity investments are held for strategic rather than trading purposes. The Company does not actively trade these investments.

(V) Equity price sensitivity analysis

There is no exposure to equity price risks as at the reporting date or as at the previous reporting date.

40. Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 27 "Separate Financial Statements"

Investments in following subsidiaries and associates is accounted at cost:

s.	Name of Subsidiary company/		As at Ma	rch 31, 2022	As at	March 31, 2021
No.	Associate Company	Principal Place	Effective	Effective	Effective	Effective
		Of Business	proportion of	proportion of	proportion of	proportion of
		OT BUSINESS	ownership	voting power	ownership	voting power
			interest (%)	interest (%)	interest (%)	interest (%)
(A)	Wholly Owned Subsidiaries (Foreign)					
i.	Super Tannery (U.K.) Ltd.	UK	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
ii.	Super Italia SRL	Italy	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
(B)	Subsidiaries (India)					
i.	Aarifi Tanners Limited	India	82.52%	82.52%	82.52%	82.52%
ii.	Super Corporation Limited	India	52.00%	52.00%	52.00%	52.00%
iii.	Secure Safety Limited	India	63.29%	63.29%	63.29%	63.29%

41. There is no amount due and outstanding to be credited to Investor Education & Protection Fund as at March 31, 2022.

42. Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent assets":

The company has recognised contingent liabilities as disclosed in Note 33 above and as such no provision is required to be made. No provision was outstanding as at the beginning and at the end of the year.

$43. \ \ Disclosure\ pursuant\ to\ Ind\ AS\ 105\ "Non-current\ assets\ held\ for\ sale\ and\ discontinued\ operations":$

There are no such asset held for sale and discontinued operations on 31 March 2022.

44. Tax Expenses

Amounts recognized in profit and loss				(Rs. In Lacs)
Particulars	2021-22	2	2020-21	
Current tax expense				
Current year	162.00		131.00	
Changes in estimates relating to prior years	74.20		3.69	
		236.20	-	134.69
Deferred tax expense	25.00		(2.98)	
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	-		-	
Recognition of previously unrecognized tax losses	-		-	
		25.00	-	(2.98
Tax expense recognized in the income statement		261.20	-	131.71

(b)	Amounts recognized in other comprehensive income		(Rs. In Lacs)
	Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
	Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss		
	- Remeasurements of the defined benefit plans	24.18	20.02
	Tax Expense/(Benefit)	(6.29)	(5.21)
	Net of Tax	17.89	14.81

(c) (i) Unused tax losses for which no deferred tax asset is recognised in the Balance Sheet
(ii) Unrecognised deductible temporary differences for which no deferred tax asset is recognised in Balance Sheet
NIL

(d) Components of deferred tax (assets) and liabilities recognised in Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit or Loss:

Components of deferred tax (assets) and habilities recognised in Balance Sheet and Statemen	t of Profit of Los	SS:				
Particulars	Balance Sheet as at Statement of Profit & Loss					
	31-03-2022	31-03-2021	31-03-2020	2021-22	2020-21	
Difference between book balance and tax balance of fixed assets	667.43	486.70	578.2	180.73	(91.50)	
On MtoM valuation of derivatives and other items	139.25	93.19	83.45	46.06	9.74	
Others	(93.21)	(109.21)	-133.63	16.00	24.42	
Net Deferred Tax (asset) liability	713.47	470.68	528.02			
Deferred Tax expense/(income)				242.79	(57.34)	
- Recognised in Statement of Profit & Loss				236.50	(62.55)	
- Recognised in Other Comprehensive Income				6.29	5.21	

(e) Reconciliation of deferred Tax (Asset) Liability

Reconcination of deletted Tax (Asset) Elability		
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Opening Balances	470.68	528.02
Tax (income)/expense during the period recognised in:		
- Statement of Profit and Loss in Profit or Loss section	236.50	(62.55)
- Statement of Profit and Loss under OCI section	6.29	5.21
Closing Balances	713.47	470.68

45. Financial Statements of the subsidiary companies and related detailed information will be made available to the investors, of the company and subsidiary companies, seeking such information. The financial statements of the subsidiary companies are also kept at Registered Office of the company and that of subsidiary companies for inspection of investors of the company and subsidiary companies.

46. Disclosure of related parties/related party transactions/balances pursuant to Ind AS 24 "Related Party Disclosures"

- (A) Name of Related Parties and nature of relationship
- i. Related parties over which control exist (Subsidiaries)
- a) Super Tannery (U.K.) Ltd.
- b) Super Italia SRL
- c) Aarifi Tanners Ltd
- ii. Joint Ventures
- **iii.** Key Management Personnel (KMP) & Relatives: a) Mr. Iftikharul Amin –Managing Director
- b) Mr. Iqbal Ahsan Director
- c) Mr. Veqarul Amin- Non Executive and Non Independent Director
- d) Mr. Imran Siddiqui Whole time Director
- e) Mr. Arshad Khan Whole time Director
- f) Mr. Mohd Imran Whole time Director
- g) Mr. R. K. Awasthi Company Secretary
- iv Others: Enterprise over which KMP or relatives of KMP are able to exercise significant influence:
- a) Amin Tannery Ltd
- b) Banthar Industrial Pollution Control Company

- h) Mr. Y S Katiyar Non Executive Independent Director
- i) Mr. Mubashirul Amin (Son of Mr. Iqbal Ahsan)
- j) Mr. Tanveerul Amin (Son of Mr. Iftikharul Amin)
- k) Mr. Khalid Sayeed (Brother of Mr. Imran Siddiqui)
- l) Mr. Umairul Amin (Son of Mr. Iqbal Ahsan)
- m) Mr. Ahmad Faraz Amin (Son of Mr. Iftikharul Amin)
- c) Industrial Infrastructure Services (I) Ltd

d) Bovini Frills LLP

d)

e)

NIL

(B) (i) Disclosure of related party transactions during the year (in ordinary course of business at arm	length	i price)	Summary:
--	--------	----------	----------

Transactions	Subsidiarie	S	Asso	ciates	Other rel	ated parties	KMP and I	Relatives
	As at / for the yea	r ended	As at / for th	e year ended	As at / for t	he year ended	As at / for the	year ender
	31.03.22	31.03.21	31.03.22	31.03.21	31.03.22	31.03.21	31.03.22	31.03.21
Purchases of materials / finished goods	-	-	-	-	415.33	382.19	-	-
Sale of materials / finished goods	847.38	1,178.11	-	-	238.82	125.93	-	-
Services (Job Work)	-	-	-	-	3.36	6.30	-	-
Donation	-	-	-	-	10.46	18.74	-	-
Rent received	-	-	-	-	0.72	0.72	-	-
Remuneration/sitting fee	-	-	-	-	-	-	120.29	100.52
Receivables (Net)	783.17	437.35	-	-	231.96	26.57	-	-
Payables (Trade payable & other liabilities)	12.24	16.42	-	-	48.50	122.09	17.63	14.12
Loans and Advances	230.12	230.12	-	-	0.06	1.89	23.02	-
Investments refer Note No. 3								

(B) (ii) Detail of related party transactions during the year (in ordinary course of business at arm length price)

Name of related party & Transactions	Subsidiarie			ciates		ated parties	KMP and	
	As at / for the year	r ended	As at / for th	ne year ended	As at / for t	he year ended	As at / for the	year end
	31.03.22	31.03.21	31.03.22	31.03.21	31.03.22	31.03.21	31.03.22	31.03.21
Purchases of materials / finished goods								
Amin Tannery Ltd.	-	-	-	-	410.93	382.19	-	-
Bovini Frills LLP	-	=	=	-	4.40	-	-	-
_	=	=	-	-	415.33	382.19	-	-
Sale of materials / finished goods								
Amin Tannery Ltd.	-	-	-	-	205.66	46.66	-	-
Super Italia SRL	847.38	1,178.11	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bovini Frills LLP	-	=	=	-	33.16	79.27	-	-
	847.38	1,178.11	-	-	238.82	125.93	-	-
Services (Job Work)								
Amin Tannery Ltd.	-	-	-	-	3.32	6.30	-	-
Industrial Infrastructures Services (India)	-	-	-	-	0.04	-	-	-
Bovini Frills LLP	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
	-	-	-	-	3.36	6.30	-	-
Remuneration/sitting fee								
Mr. Iftikharul Amin	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.00	24.00
Mr. Iqbal Ahsan	-	-	-	-	-	-	24.00	24.21
Mr. Imran Siddique	-	-	-	-	-	-	7.08	7.06
Mr. Arshad Khan	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.38	3.94
Mr. Mohd Imran	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.94	3.99
Mr. Mubashirul Amin	-	-	-	-	-	-	18.34	12.51
Mr. Ahmad Faraz Amin	-	-	-	-	-	-	4.70	3.52
Mr. Tanveerul Amin	-	-	-	-	-	-	15.54	12.16
Mr. Khalid Sayeed	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.68	1.68
Mr. Umairul Amin	-	-	-	-	-	-	14.07	4.87
Mr. R K Awasthi	-	=	=	-	=	-	2.56	2.58
	=	_	_	_	_	_	120.29	100.52

Main Welfare Trust		Donation								
Rent received Bovini Frills LLP			_	_	-	_	10.46	18.74	_	-
Roy in Frills LLP			-	-	-	-			-	_
Rent paid		Rent received								
Rent paid Arifi Tamers limited Arifi Ta		Bovini Frills LLP	-	-	-	-	0.72	0.72	-	-
Arifi Tanners limited 3.60			-	-	-	-	0.72	0.72	-	-
CC		Rent paid								
C		Arifi Tanners limited	3.60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General Super Corporation Lid. 0.02 0.28 -			3.60	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
General Super Corporation Lid. 0.02 0.28 -	(C)	Outstanding balances with related parties:								
Super Tannery UK Ltd	(i)	Receivables (Net)								
Super Tannery UK Ltd		Super Corporation Ltd.	0.02	0.28	-	_	=	_	-	_
Aarifi Tanners Ltd. 0.81 0.81 - <td></td> <td></td> <td>55.05</td> <td>68.60</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>_</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td>			55.05	68.60	-	-	_	-	-	-
Amin Tannery Ltd		Super Italia SRL	727.29	367.66	-	-	-	-	-	-
Bovini Frills LLP		Aarifi Tanners Ltd.	0.81	0.81	-	-	_	-	-	-
Payables (Trade payable & other liabilities) Payables (Trade payables & other liabilities) Payables (Payables (Payables & other liabilities) Payables (Payable		Amin Tannery Ltd	-	-	-	-	202.29	3.47	-	-
Payables (Trade payable & other liabilities) Bovini Frills LLP		Bovini Frills LLP	-	-	-	-	29.68	23.10	-	-
Bovini Frills LLP			783.17	437.35	-	-	231.96	26.57	-	-
Amin Tannery Ltd - 47.38 122.09 - - Amin Welfare Trust 0.18 4.36 -	(ii)	Payables (Trade payable & other liabilities)								
Amin Welfare Trust -		Bovini Frills LLP	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-
Aarifi Tanners Ltd.		Amin Tannery Ltd	-	-	-	_	47.38	122.09	-	-
Secure safety Limited 12.06 12.06 -		Amin Welfare Trust	-	-			1.11	_	-	-
Mr. Iftikharul Amin - - - - 2.00 2.00 Mr. Iqbal Ahsan - - - - - 2.00 2.02 Mr. Imran Siddique - - - - - 1.38 1.38 Mr. Arshad Khan - - - - - 0.88 0.58 Mr. Mohd Imran - - - - - 0.43 0.64 Mr. Mubashirul Amin - - - - - 0.85 0.73 Mr. Ahmad Faraz Amin - - - - - 0.85 0.73 Mr. Tanveerul Amin - - - - - 0.85 0.73 Mr. Wu Chairul Amin - - - - - 0.29 2.88 Mr. Khalid Sayeed - - - - - 0.33 0.44 Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - <td< td=""><td></td><td>Aarifi Tanners Ltd.</td><td>0.18</td><td>4.36</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>_</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></td<>		Aarifi Tanners Ltd.	0.18	4.36	-	-	-	_	-	-
Mr. Iqbal Ahsan - - - - 2.00 2.02 Mr. Imran Siddique - - - - - 1.38 1.38 Mr. Arshad Khan - - - - - 0.88 0.58 Mr. Mohad Imran - - - - - 0.43 0.64 Mr. Mubashirul Amin - - - - - 0.85 0.73 Mr. Tanveerul Amin - - - - 0.85 0.73 0.43 Mr. Khalid Sayeed - - - - - 0.38 0.44 Mr. Umairul Amin - - - - - 0.38 0.44 Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - - 0.43 0.69 Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - - - 0.43 0.69 Super Italia SRL 87.59 87.59 - <t< td=""><td></td><td>Secure safety Limited</td><td>12.06</td><td>12.06</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>-</td><td>_</td><td>-</td><td>-</td></t<>		Secure safety Limited	12.06	12.06	-	-	-	_	-	-
Mr. Imran Siddique - - - - - 1.38 1.38 Mr. Arshad Khan - - - - - 0.88 0.58 Mr. Mohd Imran - - - - - 0.43 0.64 Mr. Mubashirul Amin - - - - - 0.65 0.73 Mr. Ahmad Faraz Amin - - - - - 0.65 0.73 Mr. Tanveerul Amin - - - - - 0.38 0.44 Mr. Washid Sayeed - - - - - 0.38 0.44 Mr. Umairul Amin - - - - - 0.38 0.44 Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - - 0.43 0.69 Win R K Awasthi - - - - - - 0.43 0.69 Super Italia SRL 87.59 87.59 <		Mr. Iftikharul Amin	-	-	-	-	-	_	2.00	2.00
Mr. Arshad Khan - - - - - 0.88 0.58 Mr. Mohd Imran - - - - - 0.43 0.64 Mr. Mubashirul Amin - - - - - - 3.63 1.83 Mr. Ahmad Faraz Amin - - - - - - 0.75 0.73 0.73 Mr. Tanveerul Amin - - - - - - 2.91 2.88 0.44 Mr. Umairul Amin - - - - - - - 0.38 0.44 Mr. Umairul Amin - - - - - - - 0.38 0.44 Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - - - - 0.43 0.69 Win R K Awasthi - - - - - - - - - - - - -		Mr. Iqbal Ahsan	-	-	-	-	-	_	2.00	2.02
Mr. Mohd Imran - - - - - 0.43 0.64 Mr. Mubashirul Amin - - - - - 3.63 1.83 Mr. Ahmad Faraz Amin - - - - - 0.85 0.73 Mr. Tanveerul Amin - - - - - - 2.91 2.88 Mr. Khalid Sayeed - - - - - - 0.38 0.44 Mr. Umairul Amin - - - - - - - 0.38 0.44 Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - - - - 0.43 0.69 Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - - - - - 0.43 0.69 Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		Mr. Imran Siddique	-	-	-	-	-	_	1.38	1.38
Mr. Mubashirul Amin - - - - - 3.63 1.83 Mr. Ahmad Faraz Amin - - - - - 0.85 0.73 Mr. Tanveerul Amin - - - - - 2.91 2.88 Mr. Khalid Sayeed - - - - - 0.38 0.44 Mr. Umairul Amin - - - - - - 0.33 0.69 Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - - - 0.43 0.69 Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - - - 0.43 0.69 Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - - - - - - 0.43 0.69 Will Be Mass - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		Mr. Arshad Khan	-	-	-	-	-	_	0.88	0.58
Mr. Ahmad Faraz Amin - - - - - 0.85 0.73 Mr. Tanveerul Amin - - - - - 2.91 2.88 Mr. Khalid Sayeed - - - - - 0.38 0.44 Mr. Umairul Amin - - - - - - 2.75 0.93 Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - - - 0.43 0.69 (iii) Loans and Advances -		Mr. Mohd Imran	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.43	0.64
Mr. Tanveerul Amin - - - - - 2.91 2.88 Mr. Khalid Sayeed - - - - - 0.38 0.44 Mr. Umairul Amin - - - - - - 2.75 0.93 Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - - 0.43 0.69 (iii) Loans and Advances Super Italia SRL 87.59 87.59 - <td></td> <td>Mr. Mubashirul Amin</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>3.63</td> <td>1.83</td>		Mr. Mubashirul Amin	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.63	1.83
Mr. Khalid Sayeed - - - - - 0.38 0.44 Mr. Umairul Amin - - - - - - 2.75 0.93 Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - - - 0.43 0.69 12.44 16.42 - - 48.50 122.09 17.63 14.12 Cipin Sand Advances Super Italia SRL 87.59 87.59 -		Mr. Ahmad Faraz Amin	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.85	0.73
Mr. Umairul Amin - - - - - - 2.75 0.93 Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - - - - 0.43 0.69 Viii Loans and Advances - - - 48.50 122.09 17.63 14.12 Super Italia SRL 87.59 87.59 - </td <td></td> <td>Mr. Tanveerul Amin</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>2.91</td> <td>2.88</td>		Mr. Tanveerul Amin	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.91	2.88
Mr. R K Awasthi - - - - - - 0.43 0.69 Loans and Advances Loans and Advances 87.59 87.59 87.59 -		Mr. Khalid Sayeed	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.38	0.44
12.24 16.42 - - 48.50 12.09 17.63 14.12 16.12 17.63 14.12 17.63 14.12 17.63 14.12 17.63 17		Mr. Umairul Amin	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.75	0.93
Loans and Advances Super Italia SRL 87.59 87.59 -		Mr. R K Awasthi	-	-	-	-	-	-	0.43	0.69
Super Italia SRL 87.59 87.59 - </td <td></td> <td></td> <td>12.24</td> <td>16.42</td> <td>-</td> <td>-</td> <td>48.50</td> <td>122.09</td> <td>17.63</td> <td>14.12</td>			12.24	16.42	-	-	48.50	122.09	17.63	14.12
Secure safety Limited 12.49 12.49 - - - - - - Super Tannery UK 130.04 130.04 -	(iii)									
Super Tannery UK 130.04 130.04 - - - - - - Amin Welfare Trust - - - - 0.06 1.89 Iqbal Ahsan - - - - - - - 23.02 -			87.59	87.59	-	-	-	-	-	-
Amin Welfare Trust - - - - 0.06 1.89 Iqbal Ahsan - - - - - - - 23.02 -			12.49	12.49	-	-	-	-	-	-
Iqbal Ahsan 23.02 -			130.04	130.04	-	-	-	-	-	-
			-	-	-	-	0.06	1.89		
230.12 230.12 0.06 1.89 23.02 -		Iqbal Ahsan			-	-				
		<u></u>	230.12	230.12	-	-	0.06	1.89	23.02	

⁽D) No amount has been written off/back or provided as doubtful debts during the year in respect of related parties.

47. Remuneration to Whole Time Directors

. ,	maneration to 17 note 1 mic Directors		
Part	ticulars	2021-22	2020-21
(a)	Short Term Employee Benefits (Salary)	62.72	62.36
(b)	Contribution to defined contribution plan (PF)	0.67_	0.85
	Total	63.39	63.21

$\textbf{48.} \quad \textbf{(a)} \quad \textbf{Foreign Currency Exposure hedged and un-hedged as at the balance sheet date is as under:} \\$

(Foreign Currency amount in Lacs)

PARTICULARS	USD		EURO		GBP		STG	
	31.03.22	31.03.21	31.03.22	31.03.21	31.03.22	31.03.21	31.03.22	31.03.21
Debtors	35.39	46.22	17.99	14.51	2.68	2.20		-
Creditors	2.50	5.05	0.10	9.60	-	-	-	-
Other Payables	2.52	2.68	0.0756	0.08	*	0.04		0.06
Advances	0.73	0.77	0.74	0.65	-0.14	-		-
Cash & Bank Balance	0.02	0.06	0.03	*		-		-
Letter of Credit	2.70	4.63		7.20		-		-

^{*}represents less than 0.01 Lacs

(b) Derivative Instrument Outstanding (Forward Contract for hedging)

(Foreign Currency amount in Lacs)

,	_ Delivery of incurations of distances (1 of ward constant for near gang)		(I OI OI GI		icum in Each,
	PARTICULARS	USD	/ INR	EUR	O / INR
		2021-22	2020-21	2021-22	2020-21
	Against exports	33.75	27.85	-	3.93

⁽E) Key Managerial Personnel are entitled to post-employment benefits and other long term employee benefits recognized as per Ind AS 19 - 'Employee Benefits' in the financial statements. As these employee benefits are lump sum amounts provided on the basis of actuarial valuation, the same is not included above.

- 49. Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements".
 - (a) Current liabilities and borrowings expected to be recovered within twelve months and after twelve months from the reporting date:

Particulars	As at M	arch 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021			
	Within	After	Total	Within	After	Total
	twelve	twelve		twelve	twelve	
	months	months		months	months	
Borrowings	7,694.99	53.73	7,748.72	8,011.53	279.73	8,291.26
Trade and other payables	3,201.31	140.96	3,342.27	4,064.30	199.84	4,264.14
Other financial liabilities	848.48	-	848.48	874.23	-	874.23

(b) Current assets expected to be settled within twelve months and after twelve months from the reporting date:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022			As at March 31, 2021		
	Within	After	Total	Within	After	Total
	twelve	twelve		twelve	twelve	
	months	months		months	months	
Inventories	6,473.87	-	6,473.87	7,863.22	-	7,863.22
Trade Receivable	5,198.93	126.74	5,325.67	5,466.27	153.18	5,619.45
Other Financial Assets	724.52	-	724.52	783.25	-	783.25
Other Current Assets	1,176.40	=	1,176.40	1,016.24	-	1,016.24

50. Additional Regulatory Information

Additional Regulatory Information pursuant to Clause 6L of General Instructions for preparation of Balance Sheet as given in Part I of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, are given hereunder to the extent relevant and other than those given elsewhere in any other notes to the Financial Statements.

(a) <u>Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company</u>

Details of immovable properties held in the name of directors of the company -

Relevant line item in the balance sheet	Description of item of property	Gross Carrying value	Title deed held in the name of the company	Whether title deedholder is a promoter, director or relative^ of promoter* /director or employee of promoter/director	Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company
Property, Plant and Equipment	Land No. 1363		No	Director	14.08.2002	
	Land No. 1362		No	Director	14.08.2002	
	Land No. 1417		No	Director	14.08.2002	Though cost of land is paid
	Land No. 1416 & 1415		No	Director	09.10.2002	by Company but due to oversight registration was
	Land No. 1413 & 1414		No	Director	01.01.2004	done in the name of director.
	Land No. 1364 & 1365		No	Director	10.03.2004	done in the name of director.
	Land No. 1366		No	Director	14.09.2004	

(b) Fair Value of Investment Property

The Company do not have any Investment property.

(c) Revaluation of Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Assets

The Company has not revalued any of its Property, Plant & Equipment and Intangible Asset, during the year.

(d) Details of Benami Property held

The company do not have any Benami Property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under

(e) Borrowings from banks or financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets

The Company has a Working Capital limit of Rs 10,357 Lacs from Consortium of SBI comprising of Fund-based limits of Rs. 8,527 Lacs and non-fund-based limits of Rs 1,830 Lacs. For the said facility, the Company has submitted Stock and debtors statement to the bank on monthly basis as also the Quarterly

Information Statements. The difference between value as per books of accounts and as per quarterly statements submitted with lenders are as under:

(Rs. In Lacs)

Quarter ending	Value as per Books of Accounts			Reason for Difference
	Books of Accounts	with lenders		
June 30, 2021	12265.52	12,885.36	(619.84)	The differences are
September 30, 2021	12366.12	12,913.59	(547.47)	there, because the
December 31, 2021	11365.95	11,487.34	(121.39)	statements filed with
March 31, 2022	11799.54	11,534.54		the lenders are based or
June 30, 2020	12645.85	12,915.45		financial statements
September 30, 2020	12752.36	14,675.46		prepared on provisional
December 31, 2020	13988.32	14,194.68	(206.36)	basis.
March 31, 2021	13,482.67	13,176.31	306.36	

(f) Wilful Defaulter

The Company has not been declared as a willful defaulter by any lender who has powers to declare a company as a willful defaulter at any time during the financial year or after the end of reporting period but before the date when the financial statements are approved.

(g) Relationship with Struck off Companies

The company has no transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

(h) Registration of charges or satisfaction thereof with Registrar of Companies

There is no charges or satisfaction thereof yet to be registered with Registrar of Companies beyond the statutory period as on the date of Balance Sheet.

(i) Compliance with number of layers of companies

There is no non-compliance of provisions regarding the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

(j) The Company has granted loans and advances in the nature of Loans to one of its promoters Mr.Iqbal Ahsan which is repayable on demand: Disclosure on loans/advance to Directors/KMP/Related Parties

Type of Borrower	advances in the nature of loan	Percentage to the total loans & advances in the nature of loan
Promoters	23.02	9.19%

(k) The Company has not received any funds from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded i. Directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate ii. Provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.

(1) Undisclosed income

The Company does not have any transactions which is not recorded in the books of accounts but has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in

(m) Details of Crypto Currency or Virtual Currency

The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the year.

(n) Compliance with approved Scheme(s) of Arrangements

During the year, no Scheme of Arrangements has been approved by the Competent Authority in terms of sections 230 to 237 of the Companies Act, 2013.

(o) Ratios

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022		Year ended Marc	h 31, 2021	Variance a	nd Reason
	Numerator	Ratio	Numerator	Ratio	Variance	Reason
	Denominator		Denominator			
	Rs. In Lacs		Rs. In Lacs			
(a) Current Ratio (in times)	14,507.25		15,970.43			
Current assets / Current liabilities	12,757.50	1.14	14,003.86	1.14	-0.29%	N.A.
(b) Debt-Equity Ratio (in times)	7,748.72		8,291.26			
Total Debt / Shareholder's Equity	9,016.37	0.86	8,649.55	0.96	-10.35%	N.A.
(c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in time	1,311.65		1,476.69			
Earnings available for Debt service / De	827.11	1.59	Nil	N.A.	N.A.	N.A.
(d) Return on Equity Ratio (in %	402.92		461.16			
[Net Profits after taxes - Preference	8,832.96	4.56%	8,411.57	5.48%	-16.80%	N.A.
(e) Inventory turnover ratio (in times)	22,117.68		19,085.50			
Sales/ Average Inventory	7,168.55	3.09	8,236.07	2.32	33.14%	Note: 01
(f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio (in ti	22,117.68		19,085.50			
Net Credit Sales/ Average Accounts	5,472.56	4.04	4,653.66	4.10	-1.45%	N.A.
(g) Trade payables turnover ratio (in tim	14,384.16		12,474.04			
Net Credit Purchases/ Average Trade	3,803.21	3.78	3,857.77	3.23	16.97%	N.A.
(h) Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	22,117.68		19,085.50			
Net Sales/ Working Capital	1,749.75	12.64	1,966.57	9.70	30.25%	Note: o2
(i) Net profit ratio (in %)	402.92		461.16			
Net Profit/ Net Sales	22,117.68	1.82%	19,085.50	2.42%	-24.61%	N.A.
(j) Return on capital employed (ROCE) (i	687.49		873.41			
Earning before interest and taxes/	10,283.15	6.69%	9,784.95	8.93%	-25.10%	Note: o3
(k) Return on investment (in %)	5.74		3.55			
Income generated from invested	299.63	1.92%	294.98	1.20%	59.18%	Note: o4

- o1 Increase in revenue from operation has resulted in improvement in Inventory turnover ratio.
- o2 Increase in revenue from operation has resulted in improvement in aforesaid ratio.
- o3 Increase in Operating & Administrative Expenses has resulted in poor earnings. Which has resulted in decrease in aforesaid ratios.
- 04 Due to increase in profit of LLP, it has resulted in improvement of aforesaid ratio.
- 51. The Company has made detailed assessments of COVID-19 the pandemic on recoverability and carrying values of its assets comprising property, plant and equipment, inventories, receivables and other current assets as at the balance sheet date and on the basis of evaluation, has concluded that no material adjustments are required in the financial statements and it will not have any material impact on Going Concern assumption. The Company is taking all the necessary steps and precautionary measures to ensure smooth functioning of its operations and to ensure the safety and well-being of all its employees. Given the criticalities associated with nature, condition and duration of COVID-19, the impact assessment on the Company's financial statements will be continuously made and provided for as required.

52. Reclassification as per amendments in Schedule III of the Act

- (a) Security deposits amounting to Rs. 34.85 lacs (March 31, 2021: Rs. 34.99 lacs) have been reclassified from "Other Non Current Assets" (Note no. 5) to "Other financial assets" under Non-current financial assets (Note no. 5).
- (b) Current Maturity of Long Term Borrowings amounting to Rs. 68.07 lacs (March 31, 2021: Rs.124.71 lacs) have been reclassified from Other financial liabilities under the head current liabilities (Note no. 19) to Borrowings under Current Liabilities (Note no. 17).
- 53. Figures of the previous year have been regrouped/rearranged wherever required in order to make them comparable with those of current year. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupees in lacs.

As per our attached report of even date

For Rajeev Prem & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 008905C

For and on behalf of the Board

Rajeev Kapoor Partner M. No. 077827

ner Mohd Imran
No. 077827 **Director(Finance) & CFO**

Iftikharul Amin

Managing Director

Place: Kanpur Date: 30.05.2022

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET AS AT MARCH 31, 2022



Off.: 0512 - 2302412 Mob.: 09415051670 Office: 216, Kalpana Plaza 24/147-B, Birhana Road Kanpur-208 001

E-mail: carajeevkapoor@gmail.com

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

То

The Members of Super Tannery Limited

Report on the Audit of Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **Super Tannery Limited** (the "Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group") and its associates, which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at March 31, 2022, and the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries as were audited by the other auditors, as referred to below in other matters paragraph, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2022, of its consolidated profit and other comprehensive income, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its associate companies in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the provisions of the Act. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditors' Report Thereon

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's annual report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed and based on the work done/ audit reports of other auditors, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated state of affairs, consolidated profit and other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of each company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated

financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of each company to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group is responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each company.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and
 perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our
 opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may
 involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(f) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Holding Company and such companies incorporated in India which are its subsidiary companies have adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures
 made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of consolidated financial statements and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the appropriateness of this assumption. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group (Company and its subsidiaries) as well as its associates to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of such entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of financial information of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion. Our responsibilities in this regard are further described in para (a) of the section titled 'Other Matters' in this audit report.

We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us along with the consideration of audit reports of the other auditors referred to in sub-paragraph (a) of the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters.

We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Other Matters

- (a) We did not audit the financial statements of three subsidiaries, whose financial statements (before eliminating inter-company balances) reflect total assets of Rs. 357.57 Lacs as at March 31, 2022, total revenues (before eliminating inter-company transactions) of Rs. 4.43 Lacs and net cash outflows amounting to Rs. 1.02 Lacs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Holding Company's management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries is based solely on the audit reports of other auditors.
- (b) We did not audit the financial statements/financial information of two subsidiaries, whose financial statements (before eliminating intercompany balances) reflect total assets of Rs. 522.60 Lacs as at March 31, 2022, total revenues (before eliminating intercompany transactions) of Rs. 734.48 Lacs and net cash outflows amounting to Rs. 81.60 Lacs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the

consolidated financial statements. These unaudited financial statements have been furnished to us by the Holding Company's Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, is based solely on such unaudited financial statements. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the Holding Company's Management, these financial statements are not material to the Group.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements/financial information certified by the Holding Company's Management.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of such subsidiaries as were audited by other auditors, as noted in the 'Other Matters' paragraph, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
 - c) The consolidated balance sheet, the consolidated statement of profit and loss (including other comprehensive income), the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Ind AS specified under Section 133 of the Act.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as of March 31, 2022 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on March 31, 2022 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
 - g) As required by Section 197(16) of the Act, based on our audit and on consideration of the report of the statutory auditors of such subsidiaries and associates incorporated in India not audited by us, the remuneration paid during the current year by holding company, its subsidiaries / associates incorporated in India is in accordance with the provisions of and limits laid down under Section 197 of the Act.
 - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us and based on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on separate financial statements of the subsidiaries, as noted in the Other Matters' paragraph:
 - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations as at March 31, 2022 on the consolidated financial position of the Group. Refer Note 32 to the consolidated financial statements.
 - ii. The Group companies incorporated in India did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company or its subsidiary companies incorporated in India during the year ended March 31, 2022.
 - iv. (a) The Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiaries and associate companies which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and associate companies respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company or any of such subsidiaries and associate companies to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company or any of such subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities and associate companies ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.:
 - (b) The Managements of Holding Company and its subsidiaries and associate companies which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiaries and associate companies respectively that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company or any of such subsidiaries from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company or any of such subsidiaries, jointly controlled entities and associate companies shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
 - (c) Based on the audit procedures, that has been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, performed by us and those performed by the auditors of the subsidiaries and associate companies which are companies incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, nothing has come to our or other auditor's notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) as provided under (a) and (b) above contain any material misstatement.
 - v. (a) The final dividend proposed in the previous year, declared and paid by the Holding Company during the year is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act, as applicable. No dividend is paid by its subsidiary companies and associate companies incorporated in India.

(b) As stated in Note 12 (I) to the consolidated financial statements, the Board of Directors of the holding company have proposed final dividend for the year which is subject to the approval of the members at the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The amount of dividend proposed is in accordance with Section 123 of the Act, as applicable.

For **Rajeev Prem & Associates**, Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 008905C

Place: Kanpur Date: 30.05.2022 (Rajeev Kapoor) Partner M. No. 077827

UDIN: 22077827ANNAXV1153

RAJEEV PREM & ASSOCIATES

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ANNEXURE A TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

{Referred to in paragraph 2(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirement section' of our report of even date on the consolidated financial statements of **Super Tannery Limited (the Holding Company)** for the financial year ended March 31, 2022}

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

Opinion

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of **Super Tannery Limited** ("the Holding Company") as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and such companies incorporated in India under the Companies Act, 2013 which are its subsidiary companies, as of that date.

In our opinion, the Holding Company and such companies incorporated in India which are its subsidiary companies have, in all material respects, adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2022, based on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by such companies considering the essential components of such internal controls stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "Guidance Note").

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements based on the criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act").

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of the internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors of the relevant subsidiary companies incorporated in India in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial controls with Reference to consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to subsidiaries companies incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such companies. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

For **Rajeev Prem & Associates**, Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 008905C

Place: Kanpur Date: 30.05.2022

> (Rajeev Kapoor) Partner M. No. 077827

UDIN: 22077827ANNAXV1153

Particulars	Note				rch 31, 2021	
	No.	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	
ASSETS						
Non-current assets						
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment	2 (a)		7,333.34		7,251.37	
(b) Capital work-in-progress	2 (e)		840.46		213.74	
(c) Goodwill	2 (b)		43.70		43.70	
(d) Other Intangible assets	2 (c)		6.91		6.13	
(e) Financial Assets						
(i) Investments	3	40.18		34.45		
(ii) Loans	4	338.15	378.33	338.02	. 372.47	
(iii) Other Financial Assets	5		37.50		35.12	
Current Assets						
(a) Inventories	6		6,766.94		8,045.60	
(b) Financial Assets						
(i) Trade receivables	7	4,976.17		5,387.04		
(ii) Cash and cash equivalents	8	352.28		309.40		
(iii) Bank Balances other than (ii) above	9	509.26		504.66		
(iv) Other Financial Assets	10	745.33	6,583.04	787.47	6,988.57	
(c) Current Tax Assets (Net)					· <u>-</u>	
(d) Other current assets	11		1,221.66		1,052.28	
TOTAL ASSETS			23,211.88	=	24,008.98	
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES						
EQUITY						
(a) Equity Share Capital	12	1,079.73		1,079.73		
(b) Other Equity	13	7,512.32		7,091.78		
Equity attributable to the owners of the company			8,592.05		8,171.51	
Non Controlling Interest			64.58		64.09	
TOTAL EQUITY			8,656.63		8,235.60	
LIABILITIES						
Non current liabilities						
(a) Financial liabilities						
(i) Borrowings	14		53.73		279.73	
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (net)	15		714.56		471.77	
(c) Other non-current liabilities	16		499.58		384.99	
Current liabilities						
(a) Financial liabilities						
(i) Borrowings	17	7,694.99		8,011.53		
(ii) Trade payables	18					
(a) Total Outstanding Dues to micro and small		77.20		51.39		
(b) Total Outstanding Due to parties other than		3,607.20		4,662.79		
(iii) Other financial liabilities	19	850.38	12,229.77	952.45	13,678.16	
(b) Other current liabilities	20		855.25		757.31	
(c) Provisions	21		202.36		201.42	
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			23,211.88	- =	24,008.98	
			-			

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

As per our attached report of even date

For Rajeev Prem & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 008905C

Mohd. Imran
Director (Finance) & CFO

For and on behalf of the Board

Iftikharul Amin Managing Director

Rajeev Kapoor Partner M. No. 077827

Place: Kanpur Date: 30.05.2022

Consolidated State	mont of Duofit and l	occ for the ricer	ended March 31, 2022

Particulars	Note No.	20.	21-22	202	0-21
		Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
DICOME.					
INCOME: Revenue from Operations					
*	22(a)	21,159.73		18,339.79	
	* *	935.57			
(b) Other Operating Revenue	22(b)	933.37	22.005.20	777.59	10 117 20
Total Revenue from operations	22		22,095.30		19,117.38
Other income	23		254.87		117.82
Total Income			22,350.17	• •	19,235.20
EXPENSE:					
Cost of materials consumed	24		13,632.82		10,680.40
Purchase of stock-in-trade	25		1,213.99		1,648.73
Changes in inventories of finished goods,			-,=		2,010110
work-in-progress and stock-in-trade	26		830.19		797.62
Employee Benefits Expenses	27		920.75		833.70
Finance costs	28		396,98		535.15
Depreciation and Amortization Expenses	20		626.86		595.51
Other Expenses	29		4,010.23		3,536.48
				_	
Total Expenses			21,631.82	•	18,627.59
Profit before Exceptional items and Tax			718.35		607.61
Exceptional Items			-		-
Profit before Tax			718.35		607.61
Tax expense:					
Current Tax		162.03		131.03	
Deferred Tax		25.00		(2.98)	
3. Tax adjustment relating to earlier years		74.19		3.69	
			261.22		131.74
Profit for the period			457.13		475.87
Profit/(Loss) transfer to Minority Interest			(0.49)		0.27
			456.64		476.14
Other comprehensive income	1				
(i) Items that will not be reclassified to profit		24.10		20.02	
Re-measurements of the defined benefit p		24.18	4=00	20.02	
(ii) Income tax related to items that will not be	e reclassified to profit or loss	(6.29)	17.89	(5.21)	14.81
Total comprehensive income for the period			474.53		490.95
Earnings per equity share	30				
(Face Value per Share Rs. 1/-)					
1. Basic			0.42		0.44
2. Diluted			0.42		0.44
Significant Accounting Policies	1				
See accompanying notes to the consolidated fin	ancial statements				
As per our attached report of even date		For and on behalf of	of the Board		
E. D. i Duran & A i . t					
For Rajeev Prem & Associates					
Chartered Accountants					

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 008905C

Mohd. Imran
Director (Finance) & CFO

Iftikharul Amin Managing Director

Rajeev Kapoor Partner M. No. 077827

Place: Kanpur Date: 30.05.2022

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2022

A. Equity Share Capital

Particulars	Rs. in Lacs
Balance as at March 31, 2020	1,079.73
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	· •
Restated balance as at April 01, 2020	1,079.73
Changes in equity during the year	-
Balance as at March 31, 2021	1,079.73
Changes in Equity Share Capital due to prior period errors	<u>-</u>
Restated balance as at April 01, 2021	1,079.73
Changes in equity during the year	<u>-</u>
Balance as at March 31, 2022	1,079.73

B. Other Equity					Rs. in Lacs
Particulars		Reserves at	nd Surplus		Total
	Capital	Securities	General	Retained	Other
	Reserve	Premium	Reserve	Earnings	Equity
Balance as at April 01, 2020	29.59	270.18	4,563.21	1,737.85	6,600.83
Profit for the year	-	-	-	476.14	476.14
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	14.81	14.81
Balance as at March 31, 2021	29.59	270.18	4,563.21	2,228.80	7,091.78
Profit for the year	-	-	-	456.64	456.64
Dividend Paid			(53.99)		(53.99)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	17.89	17.89
Balance as at March 31, 2022	29.59	270.18	4,509.22	2,703.33	7,512.32

Significant Accounting Policies

1

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

As per our attached report of even date For and on behalf of the Board

For Rajeev Prem & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 008905C

Mohd. Imran
Director (Finance) & CFO

Iftikharul Amin Managing Director

Rajeev Kapoor Partner M. No. 077827

Place: Kanpur Date: 30.05.2022

Concolidated	Ctatamant of	Cook Flores	for the recen	onded Manch 21	2022
Consolidated	Statement of	Cash Flows	for the year	ended March 31	, 2022

Particulars	Note	2021-22	2020-21	
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	No.	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	
Net Profit before tax		718.35	607.61	
Adjustments for :				
Depreciation/ Amortisation		626.86	595.51	
(Profit)/Loss on Sale of Property, Plant & Equipments		(2.70)	13.73	
Interest income		(27.27)	(27.37)	
Finance Cost		284.58	412.25	
Deferral of income on government grant		(74.26)	(54.13)	
Remeasurement of net defined benefit plans		24.18	20.02	
Share of profit from firm		(5.63)	(3.36)	
Derivatives of MTM Provision		(10.45)	12.34	
Operating profit before working capital changes		1,533.66	1,576.60	
Adjustment for (increase)/decrease in operating assets		-,	-,-,-,-	
(Increase)/ Decrease in trade receivables		410.87	-1,759.03	
(Increase)/ Decrease in inventories		1,278.66	638.10	
(Increase)/ Decrease in other non current loans / assets		(0.13)	(192.04)	
(Increase)/ Decrease in other non current financial assets		(2.38)	2.50	
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current financial assets		42.14	(468.39)	
(Increase)/ Decrease in other current assets		(169.38)	(257.32)	
(Increase)/ Decrease in one current liabilities		114.59	18.61	
Increase/ (Decrease) in trade payables		(1,029.78)	945.85	
Increase/ (Decrease) in other financial liabilities		(102.07)	181.00	
Increase/ (Decrease) in other current liabilities		97.94	(65.27)	
Increase/ (Decrease) in Provisions		0.94	28.76	
Cash generated from operations		2,175.06	649.37	
Income taxes refunded / (paid), net		(134.69)	(31.13)	
Net cash generated from operating activities		2,040.37	618.24	
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Purchase of Property Plant & Equipments		(1,156.72)	(1,413.58)	
Purchase of other intangible assets		(1.16)	(1,113.30)	
Proceeds from sale of PPE		11.94	19.64	
Purchase of non current investments		-	(3.56)	
Adjustment on consolidation		6.89	-3.79	
Interest received		27.27	27.37	
Other bank balances (Margin Money & others)		(4.60)	1.15	
Net cash (used in) / generated from investing activities		(1,116.38)	(1,372.77)	
-		(1,110.30)	(1,372.77)	
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		(22(,00))	(57.75)	
Repayment of long-term loans (Net)		(226.00)	(56.75)	
Proceeds/(repayment) from/of working capital loans		(316.54)	1,143.00	
Finance costs paid		(284.58)	(412.25)	
Dividend Paid		(53.99)	-	
Net cash used in financing activities		(881.11)	674.00	
INCREASE / (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		42.88	(80.53)	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		309.40	389.93	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year		352.28	309.40	
(refer Note No. 8 for break-up)				
Significant Accounting Policies	1			
See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements				
As per our attached report of even date	For	r and on behalf of the Board		
For Raieev Prem & Associates				

For Rajeev Prem & Associates Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 008905C

Mohd. Imran
Director (Finance) & CFO

Iftikharul Amin Managing Director

Rajeev Kapoor Partner M. No. 077827

Place: Kanpur Date: 30.05.2022

Notes forming part of consolidated financial statement for the year ended March 31, 2021

Note 1:

A. CORPORATE INFORMATION

The consolidated financial statements comprise financial statements of Super Tannery Limited (the company/parent company) and its subsidiaries (collectively, "the Group") for the year ended March 31, 2022. Group is primarily engaged in the business of manufacturing and trading of Leather and Leather Goods.

The Company is a public limited company having its registered office situated at 187/170, Jajmau Road, Kanpur – 208010 (UP). The Company's equity shares are listed at the Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE)

The financial statements were approved for issue in accordance with a resolution of the directors on May 30,2022.

B. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Statement of compliance

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under the Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and other relevant provisions of the Act. In addition, the guidance notes/announcements issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI) are also applied except where compliance with other statutory promulgations require a different treatment.

2. Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost convention on accrual basis except for following assets and liabilities which have been measured at fair value amount:

- i) Certain financial assets and liabilities (including derivative instruments),
- ii) Defined benefit plans plan assets

Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange of goods or services.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date, regardless of whether that price is directly observable or estimated using another valuation technique.

3. Consolidation procedure

- (i) The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries. For this purpose, an entity which is, directly or indirectly, controlled by the Parent Company is treated as subsidiary. The Parent Company together with its subsidiaries constitute the Group. Control exists when the Parent Company, directly or indirectly, has power over the investee, is exposed to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to use its power to affect its returns.
- (ii) Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Parent Company, directly or indirectly, obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Parent Company, directly or indirectly, loses control of the subsidiary. Income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed off during the year are included in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss from the date the Parent Company, directly or indirectly, gains control until the date when the Parent Company, directly or indirectly, ceases to control the subsidiary.
- (iii) The consolidated financial statements of the Group combines financial statements of the Parent Company and its subsidiaries line-by-line by adding together the like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. All intra-group assets, liabilities, income, expenses and except unrealised profits/losses on intra-group transactions are eliminated on consolidation. The accounting policies of subsidiaries have been harmonized, to the extent possible, to ensure the consistency with the policies adopted by the Parent Company. The consolidated financial statements have been presented to the extent possible, in the same manner as Parent Company's standalone financial statements.
- (iv) Non-controlling interest represents that part of the total comprehensive income and net assets of subsidiaries attributable to interests which are not owned, directly or indirectly, by the Parent Company.
- (v) In case of foreign subsidiaries, revenue items are consolidated at the average rate prevailing during the year. All assets (except fixed assets and share capital) and liabilities are converted at the rates prevailing at the end of the year. Exchange differences arising on consolidation is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Investments in 100% foreign subsidiaries have been eliminated with the corresponding Share Capital and Share Premium, if any, of the subsidiary company.
- (vi) In case of associates, where the company directly or indirectly through subsidiaries holds more than 20% of equity (i.e. where the Group has significant influence), investments are accounted for using equity method except where the associate operates under severe long-term restrictions that significantly impair its ability to transfer funds to the parent Company.
- (vii) The difference between the cost of investment in the subsidiary/associates, over the net assets of the subsidiary/associates is recognized in the consolidated financial statements as goodwill or capital reserve, as the case may be.
- (viii) An investment in associate is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter to recognize the Group's share of profit or loss and other comprehensive income of associate.
- (ix) As far as possible, the consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances and are presented in the same manner as the Company's separate financial statements.

4. Operating Cycle for current and non-current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the Balance Sheet based on current/non-current classification.

An asset is classified as current when it is:

a) expected to be realised or intended to be sold or consumed in the normal operating cycle,

- b) held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- c) expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- d) cash or cash equivalents unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when:

- a) it is expected to be settled in the normal operating cycle,
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- c) it is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- d) there is no unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle of the Company, that is, the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalent is 12 months.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current.

5. Financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees, which is also its functional currency. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupees in lacs.

6. Critical estimate and Judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of the accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the year. Actual results could differ from those estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

The areas involving critical estimates or judgements are:

- Employee benefits (estimation of defined benefit obligation)
 - Post-employment benefits represent obligations that will be settled in the future and require assumptions to project benefit obligations. Post-employment benefit accounting is intended to reflect the recognition of future benefit costs over the employee's approximate service period, based on the terms of the plans and the investment and funding decisions made. The accounting requires the Company to make assumptions regarding variables such as discount rate and salary growth rate. Changes in these key assumptions can have a significant impact on the defined benefit obligations.
- Estimation of expected useful lives of property, plant and equipment
 Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of property, plant and equipment at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence that may change the utility of property, plant and equipment.
- Contingencies
 - Legal proceedings covering a range of matters are pending against the Company. Due to the uncertainty inherent in such matters, it is often difficult to predict the final outcome. The cases and claims against the Company often raise difficult and complex factual and legal issues that are subject to many uncertainties and complexities, including but not limited to the facts and circumstances of each particular case/claim, the jurisdiction and the differences in applicable law. In the normal course of business, the Company consults with legal counsel and other experts on matters related to litigations. The Company accrues a liability when it is determined that an adverse outcome is probable and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. In the event an adverse outcome is possible or an estimate is not determinable, the matter is disclosed.
- · Valuation of deferred tax assets
 - Deferred income tax expense is calculated based on the differences between the carrying value of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and their respective tax bases that are considered temporary in nature. Valuation of deferred tax assets is dependent on management's assessment of future recoverability of the deferred benefit. Expected recoverability may result from expected taxable income in the future, planned transactions or planned optimising measures. Economic conditions may change and lead to a different conclusion regarding recoverability.
- Fair value measurements
 - When the fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the Balance Sheet cannot be measured based on quoted prices in active markets, their fair values are measured using valuation techniques, including market multiples model (Market Approach) and Capitalisation method (Income Approach) which involve various judgements and assumptions.
- impairment of Property, plant and equipment, Right-of-use assets, intangible assets (other than goodwill) and Capital work-in-progress
 - The Company estimates the value in use of the cash generating unit (CGU) based on future cash flows after considering current economic conditions and trends, estimated future operating results and growth rates and anticipated future economic and regulatory conditions. The estimated cash flows are developed using internal forecasts. The cash flows are discounted using a suitable discount rate in order to calculate the present value.

For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period; they are recognised in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

7. Property, plant and equipment (PPE)

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. For this purpose, cost includes deemed cost which represent the carrying value of

property, plant and equipment recognised at 1st April 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Assets are classified to the appropriate categories of property, plant and equipment when completed and ready for intended use.

Expenses incurred relating to project, including borrowing cost and net of income earned during the project development stage prior to its intended use, are considered as pre - operative expenses and disclosed under Capital Work - in - Progress.

Spare parts are capitalized when they meet the definition of PPE, i.e., when the Company intends to use these during more than a period of 12 months.

8. Investment property

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the Company, is classified as investment property. Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, if any. For this purpose, cost includes deemed cost which represent the carrying value of property, plant and equipment recognised at 1st April 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing cost and any cost directly attributable to bringing the assets to its working condition for its intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the assets.

An item of property, plant and equipment or any significant part initially recognised of such item of property plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

9. Depreciation

Depreciable amount for assets is the cost of an asset, or other amount substituted for cost, less its estimated residual value. Depreciation has been provided on such cost of assets less their residual values on straight line method on the basis of estimated useful life of assets as prescribed in Schedule II of the Act. However, in case of foreign Wholly Owned Subsidiary (WOS) the depreciation (including on Investment property) or amortisation is accounted for in accordance with the relevant statute / applicable accounting standard of the country.

Freehold land is not depreciated/amortised.

Assets held under financial leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets or, wherever shorter, the term of relevant lease.

Depreciation is calculated on a pro rata basis except that, assets costing upto Rs. 5,000 each are fully depreciated in the year of purchase.

The estimated useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

10. Intangible Assets

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition net of recoverable taxes, trade discount and rebates less accumulated amortisation/depletion and impairment loss, if any. Such cost includes purchase price, borrowing costs, and any cost directly attributable to bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use, net charges on foreign exchange contracts and adjustments arising from exchange rate variations attributable to the intangible assets.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the entity and the cost can be measured reliably.

Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses if any

Gains or losses arising from derecognition of an intangible asset are measured as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised. Intangible assets being computer software is amortised on straight line method over the period of five years.

The Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all of its intangibles assets recognised as on April 1, 2016 measured as per the previous GAAP and use that carrying value as its deemed cost as of transition date.

The amortisation period and the amortisation method for an intangible asset are reviewed at least at the end of each reporting period and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

The amortisation expense on intangible assets is recognised in the statement of profit and loss unless such expenditure forms part of carrying value of another asset.

11. Impairment of tangible and intangible assets other than goodwill

The Company assesses, at each reporting date, whether there is an indication that an asset may be impaired. If any indication exists, or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. An asset's recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's or cash-generating unit's (CGU) fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use. Impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of an asset exceeds recoverable amount.

For assets excluding goodwill, an assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is an indication that previously recognized impairment losses no longer exist or have decreased.

If such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's or CGU's recoverable amount. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed. The reversal is limited so that the carrying amount of the asset does not exceed its recoverable amount, nor exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined, net of depreciation, had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset in prior years.

12. Leases

Company as a Lessee

The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a define period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified assets, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contact involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

As a lessee, The Company recognises a right of use asset and a lease liability at the lease commencement date. The right of use asset is initially measured at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for any lease payments made at or before the commencement date, plus any initial direct costs incurred and an estimate of costs to dismantle and remove the underlying asset or to restore the underlying asset or the site on which it is located, less any lease incentives received.

The right of use asset is subsequently depreciated using the straight-line method from the commencement date to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right of use asset or the end of the lease term. The estimated useful lives of right of use assets are determined on the same basis as those of property and equipment. In addition, the right of use asset is periodically reduced by impairment losses, if any, and adjusted for certain remeasurements of the lease liability.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments that are not paid at the commencement date, discounted using the interest rate implicit in the lease or, if that rate cannot be readily determined, the Company's incremental borrowing rate. For leases with reasonably similar characteristics, the Company, on a lease by lease basis, may adopt either the incremental borrowing rate specific to the lease or the incremental borrowing rate for the portfolio as a whole.

Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability comprise the fixed payments, including in-substance fixed payments and lease payments in an optional renewal period if the Company is reasonably certain to exercise an extension option; The lease liability is measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

The Company has elected not to recognise right of use assets and lease liabilities for short-term leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less and leases of low-value assets. The Company recognises the lease payments associated with these leases as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. The Company applied a single discount rate to a portfolio of leases of similar assets in similar economic environment with a similar end date.

Company as a Lessor

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Where the Company is a lessor under an operating lease, the asset is capitalised within property, plant and equipment and depreciated over its useful economic life. Payments received under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

13. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower. The basis of determining the cost for various categories of inventory are as follows:

- (a) Raw materials, Chemicals, Components, stores & spares and Stock in Trade Cost includes cost of purchase (Net of recoverable taxes) and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Cost is determined on FIFO basis. (b) Stock in process and finished goods- Direct cost plus appropriate share of overheads.
- (c) Saleable Scrap/Waste/By products At estimated realisable value.
- (d) Inter group goods transfer transfer price
- (e) Import Entitlement / Licences At estimated realisable / Utilisation value

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

14. Foreign Currencies

a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupee (INR/Rupees), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

b) Transaction and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded on initial recognition at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Any gains or losses arising due to differences in exchange rates at the time of translation or settlement are accounted for in the Statement of Profit & Loss either under the head foreign exchange fluctuation or interest cost, as the case may be, except those relating to long-term foreign currency monetary items.

Investment in overseas Wholly Owned Subsidiaries are carried in Balance Sheet at the rates prevailing on the dates of transaction.

15. Fair Value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- · In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market which can be accessed by the Company for the asset or liability.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

16. Financial Assets

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets are recognised initially at fair value plus, in the case of financial assets not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Purchases or sales of financial assets that require delivery of assets within a time frame established by regulation or convention in the market place (regular way trades) are recognised on the trade date, i.e., the date that the Company commits to purchase or sell the asset.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent measurement is determined with reference to the classification of the respective financial assets. Based on the business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset, the Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit and loss.

Debt instruments at amortised cost

Debt instruments such as trade and other receivables, security deposits and loans given are measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI)
 on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance income in the profit or loss. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the profit or loss.

Debt instruments at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI)

A 'debt instrument' is classified as at the FVTOCI if both of the following criteria are met:

- The objective of the business model is achieved both by collecting contractual cash flows and selling the financial assets, and
- The asset's contractual cash flows represent SPPI.

Debt instruments included within the FVTOCI category are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value. Fair value movements are recognized in the other comprehensive income (OCI).

Debt instruments at Fair value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

FVTPL is a residual category for debt instruments excluding investments in subsidiary and associate companies. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. After initial measurement, any fair value changes including any interest income, foreign exchange gain and losses, impairment losses and other net gains and losses are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Equity investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the company decides to classify the same either as at FVTOCI or FVTPL. The company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Profit or loss.

De-recognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's Balance Sheet) when

- The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or
- The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received
 cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:
- The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control
 of the asset.

On de-recognition, any gains or losses on all debt instruments (other than debt instruments measured at FVOCI) and equity instruments (measured at FVTPL) are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Gains and losses in respect of debt instruments measured at FVOCI and that are accumulated in OCI are reclassified to profit or loss on de-recognition. Gains or losses on equity instruments measured at FVOCI that are recognised and accumulated in OCI are not reclassified to profit or loss on derecognition.

17. Impairment of financial assets

The Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on the following financial assets and credit risk exposure:

- a) Financial assets that are debt instruments, and are measured at amortised cost e.g., loans, debt securities, deposits, trade receivables and bank balance.
- b) Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

In case of other assets (listed as a) above), the company determines if there has been a significant increase in credit risk of the

financial asset since initial recognition. If the credit risk of such assets has not increased significantly, an amount equal to 12-month ECL is measured and recognized as loss allowance. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, an amount equal to lifetime ECL is measured and recognized as loss allowance.

18. Financial Liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade and other payables, loans and borrowings including bank overdrafts, and derivative financial instruments.

Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial Liabilities at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL)

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit or loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind-AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk is recognized in OCI. These gains/ losses are not subsequently transferred to profit or loss. However, the company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

Financial Liabilities at amortised cost

Financial liabilities classified and measured at amortised cost such as loans and borrowings are initially recognized at fair value, net of transaction cost incurred. After initial recognition, financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective interest rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process.

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit or loss.

19. Derivative financial instruments

The Company uses derivative financial instruments to manage the commodity price risk and exposure on account of fluctuation in interest rate and foreign exchange rates. Such derivative financial instruments are initially recognized at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently measured at fair value with changes being recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative.

Any gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of derivatives are taken through profit and loss.

20. Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any differences between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in Profit or loss over the period of the borrowing using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facilities will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the drawdown occurs.

The borrowings are removed from the Balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid including any noncash asset transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other gains/(losses).

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability of at least 12 months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the financial statement for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of the breach.

21. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

Borrowing costs, allocated to and utilised for qualifying assets, pertaining to the period from commencement of activities relating to construction/development of the qualifying asset upto the date of capitalisation of such asset is added to the cost of the assets.

Interest income earned on temporary investment of specific borrowing pending expenditure on qualifying asset is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they occur.

22. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the standalone balance sheet if there is a

currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the company, or the counterparty.

23. Claims

Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts are disclosed after a careful evaluation of the facts and legal aspects of the matter involved.

24. Provisions, Contingent liabilities and Capital Commitments

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are reviewed at each balance sheet date and are adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are possible obligations whose existence will only be confirmed by future events not wholly within the control of the Company, or present obligations where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required, or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability. Information on contingent liability is disclosed in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

Contingent assets are not recognised but disclosed when the inflow of economic benefits is probable. However, when the realisation of income is virtually certain, then the related asset is no longer a contingent asset, but it is recognised as an asset.

25. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised where there is reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and all attached conditions will be complied with.

A government grant that becomes receivable as compensation for expenses or losses incurred in previous period(s). Such a grant is recognised in profit or loss of the period in which it becomes receivable.

Government grants shall be recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the Company recognises as expenses the related costs for which the grants are intended to compensate.

Government grants related to assets are presented in the balance sheet as deferred income and is recognised in profit or loss on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the related assets or other relevant basis.

Government grants by way of financial assistance on the basis of certain qualifying criteria are recognised as they become receivable.

In the unlikely event that a grant previously recognised is ultimately not received, it is treated as a change in estimate and the amount cumulatively recognised is expensed in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

26. Revenue Recognition

Sale of Goods and services

Revenue is recognised upon transfer of control of promised goods to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration which the Company expects to receive in exchange for those goods.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when (a) control is transferred to the customer, which is mainly upon delivery in case of domestic sales and on issuance of Shipping Bill in case of export sales.

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of returns, rebates and discounts to customers.

Revenue from the sale of goods excludes amounts collected on behalf of third parties, such as Goods & Services Tax (GST).

Interest Income

Interest income is accrued on using on a time basis by the effective interest rate with reference to the principal outstanding.

Dividend Income

Dividend income from investments is recognised when the shareholder's right to receive payment has been established.

Export Incentives

Export Incentives are recognised when certainty of receipt is established.

Insurance Claim

Insurance claims are accounted for on the basis of claims admitted / expected to be admitted and to the extent that the amount recoverable can be measured reliably and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.

Other Income

Other income is accounted for on accrual basis except where the receipt of income is uncertain ans in such cases it is accounted for on receipt basis.

27. Employee benefits

The Company makes contributions to both defined benefit and defined contribution schemes which are mainly administered through/by duly constituted and approved Trusts and the Government.

Defined Contribution Scheme

In case of provident fund administered through Regional Provident Fund Commissioner, the Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund.

In case of members of constituted and approved trusts, the Company recognises contribution payable to such trusts as an expense including any shortfall in interest between the amount of interest realised by the investment and the interest payable to members at the rate declared by the Government of India.

The Company's contributions paid / payable during the year to provident fund administered through Approved Trust, Regional Provident Fund Commissioner, Superannuation Fund and Employees' State Insurance Corporation are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss as an expense when employees have rendered services entitling them to contributions.

Defined Benefit Scheme

Gratuity: Cost of providing the Benefit is determined on an actuarial basis at the end of the year and charged to Statement of Profit and Loss. The cost of providing these benefits is determined by independent actuary using the projected unit credit method.

Re-measurements, comprising of actuarial gains and losses and the effect of the asset ceiling, (excluding amounts included in net interest on the net defined benefit liability and return on plan assets), are recognised immediately in the balance sheet with a corresponding debit or credit to retained earnings through other comprehensive income in the period in which they occur. It is included in retained earnings in the statement of changes in equity and in the balance sheet.

Leave encashment: Accrued Leaves are encashed annually at the end of the calendar year and not accumulated. Provision for the same is done on the basis of leaves accrued as at the end of the reporting period.

28. Research and Development Expenditure

Expenditure on research of revenue nature is charged to Statement of Profit and Loss and that of capital nature is capitalized as fixed assets.

29. Taxes on Income

Current tax is the amount of tax payable determined in accordance with the applicable tax rates and provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961 and other applicable tax laws.

Deferred tax is recognised on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the Balance sheet and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit and are accounted for using the liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences, carry forward tax losses and allowances to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences, carry forward tax losses and allowances can be utilised. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the applicable tax rates. Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are off set, and presented as net.

Current and deferred taxes relating to items directly recognised in reserves are recognised in reserves and not in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Minimum Alternate Tax (MAT) paid in accordance with the tax laws, which gives future economic benefits in the form of adjustment to future income tax liability, is considered as an asset if there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax. Accordingly, MAT is recognised as an deferred tax asset in the Balance Sheet when it is probable that future economic benefit associated with it will flow to the Company.

30. Dividend Distribution

Dividends paid (including income tax thereon) is recognised in the period in which the interim dividends are approved by the Board of Directors, or in respect of the final dividend when approved by shareholders.

31. Cash Flow Statement

Cash flows statement is prepared as per the Indirect Method specified in Ind AS 7 on Cash Flows. Cash and cash equivalents (including bank balances) shown in statement of cash flows exclude item which are not available for general use on the date of balance sheet.

32. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post-tax effect of extraordinary items, if

any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit / (loss) after tax (including the post-tax effect of extraordinary items, if any) as adjusted for dividend, interest and other charges to expense or income (net of any attributable taxes) relating to the dilutive potential equity shares, by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and the weighted average number of equity shares which could have been issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

Potential equity shares are deemed to be dilutive only if their conversion to equity shares would decrease the net profit per share from continuing ordinary operations. Potential dilutive equity shares are deemed to be converted as at the beginning of the period, unless they have been issued at a later date. The dilutive potential equity shares are adjusted for the proceeds receivable had the shares been actually issued at fair value (i.e. average market value of the outstanding shares). Dilutive potential equity shares are determined independently for each period presented. The number of equity shares and potentially dilutive equity shares are adjusted for share splits / reverse share splits and bonus shares, as appropriate.

33. Segment Reporting

Operating segments are reported in consistent manner with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) of the Company. The CODM is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the Company.

34. Recent Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)

Recent accounting pronouncements which are not yet effective

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards. MCA vide notification dated March 23, 2022 has amended certain accounting standards (Ind AS) effective from April 1, 2022. Those amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the company in current or future reporting periods.

Note on COVID-19

The Company has made detailed assessments of COVID-19 the pandemic on recoverability and carrying values of its assets comprising property, plant and equipment, inventories, receivables and other current assets as at the balance sheet date and on the basis of evaluation, has concluded that no adjustment is required in the financial statements and it will not have any material impact on Going Concern assumption. The Company is taking all the necessary steps and precautionary measures to ensure smooth functioning of its operations and to ensure the safety and well-being of all its employees. Given the criticalities associated with nature, condition and duration of COVID-19, the impact assessment on the Company's financial statements will be continuously made and provided for as required.

2 (a) Property, plant and equipment

(Rs. In lacs)

Particulars	Land Freehold	Factory building	Plant & Machinery	Electric Installation & Fittings	Computer	Office Equipment	Furniture & Fixtures	Vehicle	Total	Capital WIP
Gross carrying value										
As at March 31, 2020	77.19	2,381.42	5,282.69	196.16	42.27	64.82	150.26	481.19	8,676.00	165.08
Additions		210.46	1,033.44	24.85	8.96	6.28	13.28	141.69	1,438.96	48.67
IndAs Adjustments	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Adjustment/(Deletions)			(39.68)					(40.65)	(80.33)	(0.01)
As at March 31, 2021	77.19	2,591.88	6,276.45	221.01	51.23	71.10	163.54	582.23	10,034.63	213.74
Additions	92.09	7.28	398.88				16.33	15.42	530.00	627.47
IndAs Adjustments	_	-	188.85	-	-	-	-	-	188.85	
Adjustment/(Deletions)			(54.72)					(27.01)	(81.73)	(0.75)
As at March 31, 2022	169.28	2,599.16	6,809.46	221.01	51.23	71.10	179.87	570.64	10,671.75	840.46
Accumulated										
Depreciation/Amortisation										
As at March 31, 2020	-	221.61	1,552.09	94.67	38.14	28.75	65.96	224.23	2,225.45	
Depreciation for the year	-	63.59	409.87	13.93	1.66	10.33	20.62	75.17	595.17	
IndAs Adjustments			-						-	
Adjustment/(Deletions)			(18.66)					(18.70)	(37.36)	
As at March 31, 2021	-	285.20	1,943.30	108.60	39.80	39.08	86.58	280.70	2,783.26	
Depreciation for the year	-	63.24	437.64				21.04	72.27	594.19	
IndAs Adjustments	Ī I		32.29						32.29	
Adjustment/(Deletions)			(57.56)					(13.77)	(71.33)	
As at March 31, 2022	-	348.44	2,355.67	108.60	39.80	39.08	107.62	339.20	3,338.41	
Net Carrying amount										
As at March 31, 2020	77.19	2,159.81	3,730.60	101.49	4.13	36.07	84.30	256.96	6,450.55	165.08
As at March 31, 2021	77.19	2,306.68	4,333.15	112.41	4.12	32.02	76.96	301.53	7,251.37	213.74
As at March 31, 2022	169.28	2,250.72	4,453.79	112.41	11.43	32.02	72.25	231.44	7,333.34	840.46

(b) Goodwill - Goodwill on Consolidation

(Rs. In lacs)

	(its: iii ides)
Particulars	
Carrying value	
As at March 31, 2021	43.70
Addition during the year	-
As at March 31, 2022	43.70

(c) Other Intangible assets

Particulars	Computer Software	Website	Trademark	TOTAL	
	(Rs. In lacs)	(Rs. In lacs)	(Rs. In lacs)	(Rs. In lacs)	
Gross carrying value					
As at March 31, 2020	5.80	0.41	1.41	7.62	
Additions	-	-	-	-	
Adjustment/(Deletions)	-	-	ı	-	
Deletions	-			-	
As at March 31, 2021	5.80	0.41	1.41	7.62	
Additions	-	-	1.16	1.16	
Adjustment/(Deletions)	-	-	-	-	
Deletions	-			-	
As at March 31, 2022	5.80	0.41	2.57	8.78	
Accumulated Depreciation				-	
As at March 31, 2020	0.34	0.30	0.51	1.15	
Depreciation for the year	0.14	0.10	0.10	0.34	
Adjustment/(Deletions)	-			-	
As at March 31, 2021	0.48	0.40	0.61	1.49	
Depreciation for the year	-	-	0.38	0.38	
Adjustment/(Deletions)	-			-	
As at March 31, 2022	0.48	0.40	0.99	1.87	
Net Carrying amount					
As at March 31, 2020	5.46	0.11	0.90	6.47	
As at March 31, 2021	5.32	0.01	0.80	6.13	
As at March 31, 2022	5.32	0.01	1.58	6.91	

(d) Assets given as security for borrowings

(ii) The management has carried out an exercise of identifying the asset that may have been impaired, during the year, in respect of each cash generating unit. On the basis of review carried out by the management, there was no impairment loss on fixed assets during the year.

(e) Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP)

(Rs. In lacs)

										(113. 111 1463
(a) Ageing schedule for Capital-work-in pr	geing schedule for Capital-work-in pr As at March 31, 2022 As at March 31, 2021			As at March 31, 2022			21			
Particulars	Į.	Amount in CWIP for a period of			Total	Amount in CWIP for a period of			F	Total
	Less than 1	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3		Less than 1	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than 3	
	year			years		year			years	
(i) Projects in progress	677.80	=	162.66	=	840.46	-	98.47	=	115.27	213.74
(ii) Projects temporarily suspended	-		-	-	•		-	-	-	-
Total	677.80	1	162.66	-	840.46	-	98.47	-	115.27	213.74

CWIP, whose completion is overdue or has exceeded its cost compared to its original plan:	NIL	NIL
(f) Intangible assets under development (Intangible CWIP)	NIL	NIL

⁽i) All the items of Property, Plant and Equipment of the Company have been given to lenders as security for various borrowing facilities.

SUPER TANNERY LIMITED
Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

Particulars		As at March 31, 2022 Rs. in Lacs	As at March 31, 2021 Rs. in Lacs
Equity Shares Unquoted			
. OTHERS			
(i) SUPERHOUSE OVERSEAS LIMITED 5,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully pa	id	0.50	0.50
(ii) AL-BARR FINANCE HOUSE LIMITED			
20,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully p		2.00	2.00
(iii) SVIT PRONEXT MACHINES PRIVATE L 8,500 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully pa		1.47	1.33
(iv) INDUSTRIAL INFRASTRUCTURE SERV			
25,200 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully p (v) KANPUR UNNAO LEATHER CLUSTER I		2.47	2.50
75,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully p		7.50	7.50
(vi) LEATHER CLUSTER DEVELOPMENT 10,000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully p	aid	1.00	1.00
(vii) JAJMAU TANNERY EFFLUENT TREATM	MENT ASSOCIATION		
26,200 (Nil) Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each f	ully paid	2.62	2.62
Total - A		17.56	17.45
quity Shares Quoted			
 (i) Superhouse Limited 5,200 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully pa 	id	0.52	0.52
5,200 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each fully pu			
Total - B		0.52	0.52
vestment in Partnership Firm			
Bovini Frills LLP			
15% in the capital of the LLP Share of Reserves and Surplus of the LLP		0.75 21.35	0.75 15.73
Share of Reserves and Surplus of the LLF		21.55	15.75
Total - C		22.10	16.48
Total (A+B+C)		40.18	34.45
Aggregate Book Value of Quoted Investments Market Value of Quoted Investments		0.52 8.48	0.52 6.40
Aggregate Book Value of Unquoted Investments		17.56	17.45
Details of Partners, Capital and Profit Sharing Ratio	s in LLP	17.50	
etans of Farthers, Capital and Front Sharing Rand	Profit Sharing	Capital as on	Rs. In Lacs Capital as on
Jame of Partners	Ratio	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
1 Mr. Shahbhaz Khan	55% 15%	2.75	2.75
2 Super Tannery Limited 3 Mr. Iftikharul Amin	15%	0.75 0.75	0.75 0.75
4 Mr. Iqbal Ahsan	15%	0.75	0.75
4 Financial Assets: Loans - Non Current Particulars		As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
ranculais		Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Unsecured Considered Good		220.15	220.0
Loans & Advances		338.15	338.0
Total		338.15	338.0
5 Other Financial Assets- Non Current			
Particulars		As at March 31, 2022 Rs. in Lacs	As at March 31, 2021 Rs. in Lacs
Unsecured Considered Good		KS. III Edes	KS. III Eacs
Preliminary Expenses		-	0.1
Security Deposits		37.50	34.99
Total		37.50	35.1
6 Inventories (At cost or net realisable value whi	ichover is lower)		
Particulars	tellevel is lower)	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
		Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Raw Materials		1,239.50	1,710.2
Work in Progress		2,293.09	3,201.39
Finished Goods		1,672.15	1,592.4
Chemical, Components, Stores and spares		1,443.69	1,421.4
Waste & Scrap		118.51	120.0
Total		6,766.94	8,045.60
Total			

7	Financial Ass	ets - Current	Trade R	eccivable

Particulars	As at Ma	rch 31, 2022	As at Ma	rch 31, 2021
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
(a) Secured Considered Good	<u>-</u>		_	
(b) Unsecured Considered Good	4,976.17		5,387.04	
(c) Unsecured which have significant increase in credit risk	_		-	
(d) Unsecured credit impaired	95.11		61.51	_
		5,071.2	28	5,448.55
Less: Impairment loss allowance (ECL)		95.	11	61.51
Total		4,976.	17	5,387.04

(a) All the Trade Receivables have been hypothecated as security for various working facilities from banks.

Particulars	Not Due		Outstanding	from due date/date o	f transaction		Total
		Less than	6 months	1 year -	2 year -	More than	
		6 months	- 1 year	2 year	3 year	3 years	
As at March 31, 2022							
Undisputed Trade Receivables							
(i) Considered Good	181.66	4,262.29	405.48	15.06	0.37	111.31	4,976.17
(ii) Which have significant increase in							
credit risk	-	87.12	0.21	1.67	0.07	6.04	95.11
(iii) Credit impaired	-	(87.12)	(0.21)	(1.67)	(0.07)	(6.04)	(95.11)
Disputed Trade Receivables							
(i) Considered Good	-						
(ii) Which have significant increase in							
credit risk	-						
(iii) Credit impaired	-						
Total	181.66	4,262.29	405.48	15.06	0.37	111.31	4,976.17
As at March 31, 2021							
Undisputed Trade Receivables							
(i) Considered Good	-	4,190.41	1,043.45	27.00	0.39	125.79	5,387.04
(ii) Which have significant increase in							
credit risk	-	56.34	0.13	1.08	0.05	3.91	61.51
(iii) Credit impaired	-	(56.34)	(0.13)	(1.08)	(0.05)	(3.91)	(61.51)
Disputed Trade Receivables							
(i) Considered Good							
(ii) Which have significant increase in							
credit risk							
(iii) Credit impaired							
Total	-	4,190.41	1,043.45	27.00	0.39	125.79	5,387.04

As at March 31, 2022

1,221.66

As at March 31, 2021

1,052.28

_ 8	Financial Assets - Current: Cash and Cash Equivalents
Part	culars

Total

	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Balances with banks		
on current accounts	332.39	278.22
on EEFC accounts	3.85	4.92
on fixed deposit	6.29	<u>-</u>
Cheques and Draft on Hand/Remittance in Transit	<u>-</u>	_
Cash on hand	9.75	26.26
Total	352.28	309.40
9 Financial Assets - Current: Bank Balances other than cash and cash equivalents		·
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Margin money deposits	500.16	495.65
(restricted, held as lien against bank guarantees/LCs)		
Earmarked balances with banks - unclaimed Dividend	9.10	9.01
Total	509.26	504.66
10 Other Current Financial Assets		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Unsecured considered good		
Export Incentive Receivable	506.62	380.49
Other Claims Receivable	0.96	12.15
Balance with Govt/Revenue authority	237.75	394.83
Total	745.33	787.47
11 Other Current Assets		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Unsecured considered good		
Advances to Trade Creditors	900.34	847.14
Advance recoverable in cash or kind or for value to be received	295.66	194.70
Prepaid expenses	25.66	10.44

12 Equity Share Capital

Particulars	As at Ma	rch 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021		
	No. of		No. of		
	Shares	Rs. in Lacs	Shares	Rs. in Lacs	
Authorised Equity Shares of Rs. 1/-each	1100,00,000	1,100.00	1100,00,000	1,100.00	
Issued Equity Shares of Rs. 1/-each	1079,73,360	1,079.73	1079,73,360	1,079.73	
Subscribed and fully paid-up Equity Shares of Rs. 1/-each	1079,73,360	1,079.73	1079,73,360	1,079.73	
Total		1,079.73		1,079.73	

(A) Reconciliation of the number of equity shares and share capital

Particulars	As at Mar	As at March 31, 2022		As at March 31, 2021	
	No. of		No. of		
	Shares	Rs. in Lacs	Shares	Rs. in Lacs	
Subscribed and fully paid-up equity shares					
Outstanding at the beginning of the year	1079,73,360	1,079.73	1079,73,360	1,079.73	
Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-	
Outstanding at the end of the year	1079,73,360	1,079.73	1079,73,360	1,079.73	

(B) Detail of Shares held by the promoters:

	As at March	1 31,2022	As at March	31,2021	Changes during	the year
S. Name of the Promoter	No. of	% of Shares	No. of	% of Shares	Changes during	the year
No.	Shares	held	Shares	held	No of shares	%
1 VEQUARUL AMIN	178,83,900.00	16.56%	178,83,900.00	16.56%	-	0.00%
2 IQBAL AHSAN	91,42,502.00	8.47%	91,42,502.00	8.47%	-	0.00%
3 IFTIKHARUL AMIN	90,80,432.00	8.41%	90,80,432.00	8.41%	-	0.00%
4 MUBASHIRUL AMIN	45,90,000.00	4.25%	45,90,000.00	4.25%	-	0.00%
5 UMAIRUL AMIN	45,90,000.00	4.25%	45,90,000.00	4.25%	-	0.00%
6 TANVEERUL AMIN	45,00,000.00	4.17%	45,00,000.00	4.17%	-	0.00%
7 FARHA FATIMA	45,00,000.00	4.17%	45,00,000.00	4.17%	-	0.00%
8 SOPHIA AMIN	34,58,400.00	3.20%	34,58,400.00	3.20%	-	0.00%
9 ISMAT IQBAL	30,82,800.00	2.86%	30,82,800.00	2.86%	-	0.00%
10 RUMANA AMIN	26,33,400.00	2.44%	26,33,400.00	2.44%	-	0.00%
TOTAL	634,61,434.00	58.78%	634,61,434.00	58.78%	-	0.00%

	As at March	131,2021	As at March	31,2020	Changes during	g the year
S. Name of the Promoter	No. of	% of Shares	No. of	% of Shares	Changes during	g the year
No.	Shares	held	Shares	held	No of shares	%
1 VEQUARUL AMIN	178,83,900.00	16.56%	178,83,900.00	16.56%	-	0.00%
2 IQBAL AHSAN	91,42,502.00	8.47%	91,42,502.00	8.47%	-	0.00%
3 IFTIKARUL AMIN	90,80,432.00	8.41%	90,80,432.00	8.41%	-	0.00%
4 MUBASHIRUL AMIN	45,90,000.00	4.25%	45,90,000.00	4.25%	-	0.00%
5 UMAIRUL AMIN	45,90,000.00	4.25%	45,90,000.00	4.25%	-	0.00%
6 TANVEERUL AMIN	45,00,000.00	4.17%	45,00,000.00	4.17%	-	0.00%
7 FARHA FATIMA	45,00,000.00	4.17%	45,00,000.00	4.17%	-	0.00%
8 SOPHIA AMIN	34,58,400.00	3.20%	34,58,400.00	3.20%	-	0.00%
9 ISMAT IQBAL	30,82,800.00	2.86%	30,82,800.00	2.86%	-	0.00%
10 RUMANA AMIN	26,33,400.00	2.44%	26,33,400.00	2.44%	-	0.00%
TOTAL	634,61,434.00	58.78%	634,61,434.00	58.78%	-	0.00%

(B) Terms and rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 1 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

(C) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company

Particulars		As at March	31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	
		No. of		No. of	
		Shares	%	Shares	%
(a) Mr. Veqarul Amin		178,83,900	16.56%	178,83,900	16.56%
(b) Mr. Iqbal Ahsan		91,42,502	8.47%	91,42,502	8.47%
(c) Mr. Iftikharul Amin		90,80,432	8.41%	90,80,432	8.41%
			2021-22		2020-21
			(No. of Shares)		(No. of Shares)
(D) Equity Shares allotted as fully paid pursua the immediately preceding five years	nt to contract(s) without payment being received in cash during		NIL		NIL
(E) Equity Shares allotted as fully paid up Bon	us Shares during the immediately preceding five years		NIL		NIL
(F) Equity shares buy-back in immediately pre-	ceding five years		NIL		NIL
(G) Shares held by holding/ultimate holding co	mpany and/or their subsidiaries/ associates		NIL		NIL

(H) The Board of Directors of the Company has recommended a final dividend of Re. 0.05 per equity share (5%) face value of Re.1 each for the year ended March 31, 2022, subject to the approval of Shareholders.

13 Other equity

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	
Capital Reserve	29,59	29.59	
Securities Premium	270.18	270.18	
General Reserve	4,509.22	4,563.21	
Retained Earnings	2,703.33	2,228.80	
		·	
Total	7,512.32	7,091.78	

(A) Capital Reserve

It represent the gain of capital nature which mainly include the excess of value of net assets acquired over consideration paid by the company for business combination in earlier years.

(B) Securities Premium

Securities premium is used to record the premium on issue of shares. This reserve is utilized in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

(C) General Reserve

The Company has transferred a portion of the net profit of the Company before declaring dividend to general reserve pursuant to the earlier provisions of Companies Act, 1956. Mandatory transfer to general reserve is not required under the Companies Act, 2013.

(D) Retained Earnings

Retained earnings are the profits that the Company has earned till date, less any transfers to general reserve, dividends paid or other distributions out of reserves to shareholders.

14 Financial Liabilities - Non-current: Borrowings

As at March 31, 2022 Rs. in Lacs	As at March 31, 2021 Rs. in Lacs
	181.77
53.73	97.96
53.73	279.73
NIL	NIL
NIL	NIL
	S3.73 53.73 NIL

Repayment terms:

- (a) The classification of loans between current liabilities and non -current liabilities continues based on repayment schedule under respective agreements as no loans have been recalled due to non compliance of conditions under any of the loan agreements.
- (b) Scheduled repayments: Contractual repayments in case of loans from banks (including Current maturities disclosed under other Current financial liabilities:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Upto three years	115.65	339.63
Between three to five years	6.15	64.81
Over five years		=

Refer note 39(b) (II) & (III) on Interest rate risk and Liquidity Risk respectively.

Security details:-

Term Loan other than Vehicle Loans

Aforesaid Term Loans are secured by hypothecation/mortgage of company's moveable and im-moveable properties. Further secured by the personal guarantee of promoter Directors of the company and Aarifi tanners Ltd. which is the subsidiary of the company

(c) Secured by hypothecation of vehicle financed and are repayable in 36 to 60 Equated Monthly Instalments (EMIs)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021	
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liability			
Borrowings measured at amortized cost			
On difference between book balance and tax balance of fixed assets	668.52	502.85	
On MtoM valuation of derivatives and other items	139.25	78.13	
Total Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liability	807.77	580.98	
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets			
Expenses allowable on payment basis and other items	93.21	109.21	
Total Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets	93.21	109.21	
Net Deferred Tax Liability	714.56	471.77	

16 Other Non-current Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022 Rs. in Lacs	As at March 31, 2021 Rs. in Lacs	
Deferred Revenue			
Govt Grant under IDLS	135.09	175.36	
EPCG Obligations	364.49	209.63	
Total	499.58	384.99	

- (a) Government Grant under IDLS, the deferred grant income is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss on a systematic basis over the useful life of asset on which such grant is received subject to compliance of other terms & conditions of the scheme.
- (b) Under EPCG scheme, the Company is committed to export prescribed times of the duty saved on import of capital goods over a specified period of time apart from maintaining average export growth. In case such commitments are not met, the Company would be required to pay the duty saved along with interest to the regulatory authorities. The deferred grant income is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss on a systematic basis over the periods in which the related performance obligations are fulfilled.

Particulars	As at Mar	rch 31, 2022	As at Mare	ch 31, 2021
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs
Secured				
Working Capital Loan From Banks				
Rupee Loans				
(a) Cash Credit	430.48		338.53	
(b) Packing Credit	4,542.88		5,144.67	
(c) Advance against bills sent on collection	1,822.56	6,795.92	2,012.19	7,495.39
Other Short term Borrowings				
Foreign Currency loan				
(i) Stand by line of Credit(SBLC)		831.00		391.4
Current maturities of long term borrowings		68.07		124.71
Total		7,694.99	<u>=</u>	8,011.53
Amount of default as on the Balance Sheet date:			3	
(a) Repayment of loan		NIL		NIL
(b) Interest on Loan		NIL		NIL

(A) Security

Working Capital Loans are primarily secured by hypothecation of present and future Current Assets and Actionable Claims (viz. Inventories, trade receivable / book debts, outstanding monies, receivable claims, bills and materials in transit).

These are further collaterally secured by extension of charge over moveable and immoveable properties of the company. Further secured by personal guarantee of promoter director(s) of the company and Aarifi tanners ltd. which is the subsidiary of the company.

(B) Stand by Line of Credit(SBLC) are primarily secured by hypothecation of Plant and machinery and raw material and are further secured by personal guarantee of promoter director(s) of the company and Aarifi tanners ltd. which is the subsidiary of the company.

(C) Rate of Interest

Working capital credit facilities carry interest rates ranging from 7.20% to 8.45%.

18 Financial Liabilities - Current: Trade Payable

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022 Rs. in Lacs	As at March 31, 2021 Rs. in Lacs
(a) Total Outstanding Dues to micro and small enterprises (refer note below)(b) Total Outstanding Due to parties other than micro and small enterprises	77.20 3,607.20	51.39 4,662.79
Total	3,684.40	4,714.18

Trade Payable ageing Schedule:

Particulars	Not Due	0	Outstanding from due date/date of transaction			Total
		Less than	1 - 2 years	2 - 3 years	More than	
		- 1 year			3 years	
As at March 31, 2022						
Undiputed Dues						
(i) MSME (Micro and Small Entities)	67.49	9.71	-	-	-	77.20
(ii) Others	1,794.68	1,671.56	78.02	44.56	18.38	3,607.20
Diputed Dues						
(i) MSME (Micro and Small Entities)	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	-	-	ı	ı	-	-
Total	1,862.17	1,681.27	78.02	44.56	18.38	3,684.40
As at March 31, 2021						
Undiputed Dues						
(i) MSME (Micro and Small Entities)	34.14	17.25	-	-	-	51.39
(ii) Others	2,544.93	1,918.02	120.96	58.08	20.80	4,662.79
Diputed Dues						
(i) MSME (Micro and Small Entities)	-	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Others	-	ı	•	•	-	-
Total	2,579.07	1,935.27	120.96	58.08	20.80	4,714.18

Note: The company has requested confirmation from Suppliers regarding their registration (filling of Memorandum) under the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006 (the MSMED Act). According to the information available with the company, the following disclosures has been made in respect of dues to Micro and Small Enterprises:

	Particulars	As at March, 2022 Rs. in Lacs	As at March, 2021 Rs. in Lacs
(a)	Principal amount and interest due thereon remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of the year Principal Amount Interest due on above	77.20 0.38	51.39 2.26
(b)	Amount of interest paid by the company in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the year	NIL	NIL
(c)	Amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act	NIL	NIL
(d)	the amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of the year	4.54	4.16
(e)	the amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act	NIL	NIL

19 Financial Liabilities - Current: Other Financial Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022 Rs. in Lacs	As at March 31, 2021 Rs. in Lacs	
	KS. III Lacs	Ks. III Lacs	
(a) Book overdraft from banks	131.25	8.49	
(b) Unclaimed Dividend*	9.10	9.01	
(c) Other Liabilities	710.03	934.95	
Total	850.38	952.45	

^{*} Represents dividend amounts either not claimed or kept in abeyance in accordance with Section 126 of the Companies Act, 2013

20 Other Current Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2022 Rs. in Lacs	As at March 31, 2021 Rs. in Lacs
(a) Advance from customers (b) Advance against sale of fixed assets (c) M-to-M valuation on forward cover (d) Rent in Advance	410.10 419.60 25.55	323.45 393.10 36.01 4.75
Total	855.25	757.31

SUPER TANNERY LIMITED
Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

21 Current Liabilities: Provisions				
Particulars		As at March 31, 2022 Rs. in Lacs	As at Marc	th 31, 2021 Rs. in Lacs
Provision for Gratuity		191.07		183.17
Provision for current tax		11.29		18.25
Total		202.36	•	201.42
22 Revenue from operations				
Particulars	202 Rs. in Lacs	1 - 22	2020	- 21 Rs. in Lacs
	RS. III Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Ks. III Lacs
(a) Sales / Income from operations (i) Sales (Export & Overseas)	17,405.79		15,251.40	
(ii) Exchange Fluctuation on Sales (Export)	304.42		156.91	
(iii) Sales (Indigenous)	3,449.52		2,931.48	
{refer Note (c) below for break-up} (b) Other operating revenue		21,159.73		18,339.79
Export Incentives {refer Note (d) below for break-up}		935.57		777.59
Revenue from operations (gross)		22,095.30		19,117.38
Revenue from operations (gross)		22,093.30	ı	19,117.30
Particulars		2021-22		2020-21
		Rs. in Lacs		Rs. in Lacs
(c) Breakup of Sales				
Finished Leather Leather Shoe and components		10,695.20 10,464.53		10,458.35 7,692.32
Others		10,404.55		189.12
Total		21,159.73	•	18,339.79
(d) Details of other operating revenue				
Export Incentives				
Duty Draw Back / ROSL		678.18		568.69
licences/Entitlements Total		257.39 935.57	-	208.90 777.59
Total		755.51	•	111.35
23 Other Income Particulars		2021-22		2020-21
Lationals		Rs. in Lacs		Rs. in Lacs
Interest income				
- from Fixed Deposit with Banks		24.09		27.37
Profit on Sale of Property, Plant & Equipments Deferred revenue on EPCG & IDLS Subsidy		6.25 74.26		5.75 54.13
Liabilities/provisions no longer required		/4.20 -		0.83
Exchange Fluctuation		-		0.60
Miscellaneous Income		144.53		25.59
Share of profit from the firm Accretion in Investment		5.63 0.11		3.36 0.19
			_	
Total		254.87	- -	117.82
24 Cost of material consumed				
Particulars	Rs. in Lacs	21-22 Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	0-21 Rs. in Lacs
	Ks. III Duco	ro. III Euco	NS. III Edes	res. III Euros
Raw Material consumed	107.65		142.01	
(a) Raw Hide for sole (b) Raw Hide for chrome	197.65 4,155.07		143.01 2,996.47	
(c) Wet Blue Leather Chrome	361.09		206.94	
(d) Upper for safety shoes	1,576.97		947.48	
(e) Finish leather for shoe upper and shoes	1,855.19		1,578.53	
(f) Others Raw Material consumed	13.05	8,159.02	104.25	5,976.69
Chemicals consumed		3,352.83		3,054.98
Stores & Spares consumed		2,120.97		1,648.73
Total		13,632.82	i	10,680.40
25 Purchase of stock in trade				
Particulars		2021-22		2020-21
		Rs. in Lacs		Rs. in Lacs
(a) Finished Leather (including Split)		921.60		634.10
(b) Shoe Upper		292.39	_	1,014.63
Total		1,213.99	<u> </u>	1,648.73

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

26 Increase/decrease in Inventories					
Particulars				20-21	
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	
Inventories at the commencement of the year					
Finished Goods	1,592.46		2,233.49		
Work in process	3,201.39		3,382.71		
Scrap	120.09		95.36		
TOTAL 'A'		4,913.94		5,711.56	
Inventories at the end of the year					
Finished Goods	1,672.15		1,592.46		
Work in process	2,293.09		3,201.39		
Scrap	118.51		120.09		
TOTAL 'B'		4,083.75		4,913.94	
Decrease/(Increase) in Stocks (A-B)		830.19	-	797.62	
			=		
27 Employee benefit expense					
Particulars		2021-22		2020-21	
		Rs. in Lacs		Rs. in Lacs	
Salary, Wages and Bonus		696.18		628.39	
Directors Remuneration		63.39		63.21	
Contribution to Provident and other funds		74.93		62.77	
Contribution to Gratuity Fund		48.63		45.5	
Workmen and Staff Welfare expenses		37.62		33.80	
Total		920.75	=	833.70	
28 Finance cost					
Particulars		2021-22		2020-21	
		Rs. in Lacs		Rs. in Lacs	
Interest on					
- Term Loan		0.94		2.70	
- Others		283.64		409.55	
		284.58		412.25	
Bank Charges		98.22		108.20	
Foreign Bank Charges		14.18	_	14.70	
Total		396.98	_	535.15	

29 Other expenses Particulars	2021	2021-22		2020-21	
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	
Manufacturing Expenses					
Job Work Charges	1,179.58		982.10		
Power and Fuel	579.12		525.73		
Effluent Treatment Expenses	63.51		146.34		
Repairs and Maintenance	03.31		140.54		
- Building	18.43		28.33		
- Machinery	88.58		122.75		
Machinery		1,929.22	122.73	1,805.25	
Selling and Distribution Expenses		,		,	
Freight, Handling and Other Sales and Distribution Expenses	1,256.71		818.00		
Commission on Sale	114.87		169.50		
Advertisement and Publicity	2.99		5.12		
Expected Credit Loss	33.60		32.53		
Bad Debts - Provision/write off	62.25	_	68.39		
		1,470.42		1,093.54	
Establishment Expenses					
Rent	28.04		22.77		
Rates and Taxes	47.52		39.76		
Insurance	28.41		27.90		
E.C.G.C Premium	85.35		90.34		
Communication cost	27.26		19.02		
Travelling and Conveyance	121.52		66.76		
Repairs and Maintenance - Others	60.08		47.16		
Printing and Stationery	10.26		9.88		
Legal and Professional Charges	68.25		47.19		
Auditor's Remuneration {refer Note (a) below}	3.62		3.49		
Miscellaneous Expenses	84.70		187.60		
Research & Development Expenses	2.18		1.79		
Exchange Difference	20.36		34.12		
Charity and Donation	10.29		7.44		
Loss on Sale of Property, Plant & Equipments	3.55		13.73		
Corporate Social Responsibility Expenses	9.20	<u>-</u>	18.74		
		610.59		637.69	
Total	- -	4,010.23	=	3,536.48	
(a) Auditor's remuneration comprises:					
As auditor		3.62		3.49	
As auditor		5.02		5.77	
Total	- =	3.62	=	3.49	
Particulars		21-22		0-21	
	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	Rs. in Lacs	
30 Earning per share (EPS)					
(a) Profit for the year (Rs. In Lacs)(b) Weighted average number of equity shares for the purpose of		457.13		475.8	
of calculation of Basic and Diluted EPS		1079,73,360		1079,73,36	
(c) Nominal value of equity shares (Rupees)		1.00		1.0	
(d) EPS- Basic and diluted (Rupees per share)		0.42		0.4	
31 Capital and other commitments					
i. Estimated value of contracts remaining to be executed on capital					
account (net of advances)		131.35		39.7	
ii. Other Commitments		131.33 NIL		39.7 NI	
n. Other Communicates		NIL		NI	
32 Contingent liabilities					
(i) Contingent Liabilities in respect of:					
(a) Letter of Credit opened and outstanding		1,064.64		972.4	
(b) Claims against the company not acknowledged as debt		NIL		NI	
()					

33 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 19 "Employee Benefits":

The employees of the Company are members of a state-managed retirement benefit plans namely Provident fund and Pension and Employee State Insurance (ESI) operated by the Government of India. The Company is required to contribute a specified percentage of payroll costs to the retirement benefit and ESI schemes.

The only obligation of the company with respect to such retirement and other benefit plan is to make the specified contributions.

The Company has recognized the following amounts in the Income Statement during the year under 'Contribution to staff provident and other funds' (refer note 27)

The Company has recognized the following amounts in the Income Statement during the year under 'Contrib	oution to staff provident and other funds' (refer note 27)	Rs. in Lacs
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Employer's contribution to PF and FPF	59.45	47.97
Employer's contribution to ESIC	15.48	14.80
Total	74.93	62.77

(b) Defined Benefit Plan

The employees Gratuity Fund Scheme, which is a defined benefit plan, is managed by the trust maintained with LIC. The present value of obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation using Projected Unit Credit Method, which recognises each period of service as giving rise to additional unit of employee benefit entitlement and measures each unit separately to build up the final obligation.

Parti	eulars	Gratuity (Fu March 31,		Gratuity (F March 31	
(4)	Movements in present value of defined benefit obligation	maion 31,			,
(A)	Obligations as at beginning of the year		305.93		294.27
	Current service cost		34.62		34.13
	Interest cost		20.80		19.42
	Current service contribution- employee		-		-
	Past Service Cost		-		_
	Plan amendment		=		-
	Remeasurement {or Actuarial (gain)/Loss} arising from		-		-
	- change in demographic assumption		-		
	- change in financial assumption		(6.99)		(4.48)
	- experience variance		(16.94)		(15.58)
	- others		-		-
	Benefits paid		(12.00)		(21.83)
	Present value of defined benefit obligation as at end of the year		325.42		305.93
B)	Movements in the fair value of plan assets				
	Fair value of plan assets at beginning of the year		122.76		121.60
	Investment Income		8.35		8.03
	Return on plan assets, excluding amount recognised in net Interest expense		0.25		(0.04)
	Actual contributions by the employer		15.00		15.00
	Employee contribution		-		-
	Benefits paid		(12.00)		(21.83)
	Fair value of plan assets as at end of the year		134.36		122.76
(C)	Amount recognized in the balance sheet				
. /	Present value of defined benefit obligation as at end of the year		325.42		305.93
	Fair value of plan assets as at end of the year		134.36		122.76
	Funded status {Surplus/(deficit)}		(191.06)		(183.17)
	Effect of balance sheet asset limit		- ′		` <u>-</u> ′
	Unrecognised past service cost		-		-
	Net asset/(liability) recognised in balance sheet		(191.06)		(183.17)
	Net asset/(liability) recognised in balance sheet at beginning of the year		(183.17)		(172.66)
	Expense recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss		47.08		45.53
	Expense recognised in Other Comprehensive Income		(24.18)		(20.02)
	Actual contributions by the employer		15.00		15.00
	Net acquisition/business combination		-		-
	Net asset/(liability) recognised in balance sheet at end of the year		(191.07)		(183.17)
					, ,
(D)	Amounts recognized in the statement of profit and loss		24.62		24.12
	Current service cost		34.62		34.13
	Interest cost		12.46		11.40
	Loss/(gain) on settlement		-		-
	Past service cost				45.52
	Total		47.08		45.53
(E)	Amounts recognised in other comprehensive income				
	Actuarial (gain) / loss due to				
	- change in demographic assumption		-		
	- change in financial assumption		(6.99)		-4.48
	- experience variance		(16.94)		-15.58
	- others		-		-
	Return on plan assets, excluding amount recognised in net Interest expense		(0.25)		0.04
	Remeasurement (or actuarial (gain)/loss) arising due to asset ceiling Total		(24.18)		(20,02)
			(24.10)		(20.02)
(F)	Category of plan assets Funds managed by Insurer	100%		100%	
(C)	Sensitivity analysis				
(U)	DBO on base assumptions		325.42		305.93
	A. Discount Rate		323.72		303.73
	1. Effect due to 1.00% increase in discount rate	-6.43%	304.49	-6.64%	285.62
	2. Effect due to 1.00% decrease in discount rate	7.61%	350.18	7.86%	329.97
	B. Salary Escalation Rate				
	1. Effect due to 1.00% increase in salary escalation rate	6.86%	347.73	7.08%	327.59
	2. Effect due to 1.00% decrease in salary escalation rate	-5.95%	306.05	-6.16%	287.07
	C. Withdrawal Rate				
		-0.18%	324.84	-0.51%	304.36
	1. Effect due to 50% increase in withdrawal rate				
	1. Effect due to 50% increase in withdrawal rate 2. Effect due to 50% decrease in withdrawal rate	0.18%	326.01	0.56%	307.64
				0.56%	307.64
	2. Effect due to 50% decrease in withdrawal rate			0.56% -0.07% 0.07%	307.64 305.73 306.14

(H) Risk Exposure - Asset Volatility

The plan liabilities are calculated using a discount rate set with reference to bond yields; if plan assets underperform this yield, this will create a deficit. Most of the plan asset investments is in fixed income securities with high grades and in government securities.

These are subject to interest rate risk and the fund manages interest rate risk derivatives to minimize risk to an acceptable level. A portion of the funds are invested in equity securities and in alternative investments % which have low correlation with equity securities.

The equity securities are expected to earn a return in excess of the discount rate and contribute to the plan deficit.

Actuarial assumptions

Actuarial valuation as at the year-end was done in respect of the aforesaid defined benefit plans based on the following assumptions:

7.10%	6.80%
2.00%	2.00%
8.50%	8.50%
	2.00%

- ii) Mortality rates considered are as per the published rates in the India Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ultimate.
- iii) Leave encashment: Leave balance as at the end of the calendar year is encashed and balance leaves earned thereafter to the extent not availed by the employees are provided in the
- iv) The discount rate should be based upon the market yields available on Government bonds at the accounting date with a term that matches that of the liabilities.
- v) The expected rate of return on plan assets is based on market expectation, at the beginning of the year, for returns over entire life of the related obligation.
- vi) The assumption of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, takes account of inflation, seniority, promotion, supply and demand and other relevant factors.
- vii) Liability on account of long term absences has been actuarially valued as per Projected Unit Credit Method.
- viii) Short term compensated absences have been provided on actual basis.
- (J) Defined benefit liability and employer contributions:
 - i) Expected contributions to post-employment benefit plans in next year

NIL

NIL

ii) The weighted average duration of the defined benefit obligation is 13 years. The expected maturity analysis of undiscounted gratuity benefits is as follows:

		Rs. in Lacs
Period	31.03.2022	31.03.2021
1 Year	109.56	100.32
2 to 5 Years	75.11	68.09
6 to 10 Years	101.66	101.11
More Than 10 Years	377.21	340.22
Total	663.54	609.74

34 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 108 "Operating Segment"

The company is operating mainly in single segment i.e.. Leather and leather products; hence no disclosure is required in terms of Ind AS 108.

35 Expenditure on Research and Development

		Rs. In Lacs
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Revenue Expenditure	2.18	1.79
Total	2.18	1.79

36 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 116 "Leases":

Where the company is Lessor

The company has not entered into any Lease arrangements.

(b) Where the company is Lessee

The company has not entered into any Lease arrangements

37 Financial Instruments

(i) Capital Management

The Company's capital management is intended to create value for shareholders by facilitating the meeting of long-term and short-term goals of the Company.

The Company determines the amount of capital required on the basis of annual operating plans and long-term product and other strategic investment plans. The funding requirements are met through equity and other long-term/short-term borrowings. The Company's policy is aimed at combination of short-term and long-term borrowings.

The Company monitors the capital structure on the basis of total debt to equity ratio and maturity profile of the overall debt portfolio of the Company.

The capital structure of the company consists of debt, which includes the borrowings including temporary overdrawn balance, cash and cash equivalents including short term bank deposits, equity comprising issued capital, reserves and non-controlling interests. The gearing ratio for the year is as under:

		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2022	As at March 31, 2021
Debt	7,748.72	8,291.26
Less: Cash and cash equivalent	352.28	309.40
Net debt (A)	7,396.44	7,981.86
Total equity (B)	8,656.63	8,235.60
Debt Equity Ratio (A/B)	0.85	0.97

(ii) Categories of financial instruments

Calculation of Fair Values

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values of financial instruments:

Particulars

Total

Borrowings

Trade payables

Financial Liabilities

Other financial liabilities

Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2022

- a) The fair values of investment in quoted investment in equity shares is based on the current bid price of respective investment as at the Balance Sheet date
- b) The fair value of the long-term borrowings carrying floating-rate of interest is not impacted due to interest rate changes and will not be significantly different from their carrying amounts as there is no significant change in the under-lying credit risk of the Company (since the date of inception of the loans).
- c) The fair value of loans from banks and other financial indebtedness as well as other non current financial liabilities is estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates currently available for debt or similar terms and remaining maturities.
- d) Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, other financial assets, trade payables, and other financial liabilities have fair values that approximate to their carrying amounts due to their short-term nature.

As at March 31, 2022 As at March 31, 2021 Carrying value Fair value Fair value Carrying value Financial Assets Financial assets measured at fair value Investments measured at Fair value through other comprehensive income 17.56 17.45 ii. Fair value through profit and loss 0.52 0.52 Financial assets measured at amortized cost Trade Receivables 4,976.17 5.387.04 Cash and cash equivalents 352.28 309 40 Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents 509.26 504.66 Other financial assets 745.33 787.47

6,583.04

7.748.72

3,684.40

850.38

18.0

8.291.26

4,714.18

12,283.50 13,957.89 (iii) Income, expenses, gains or losses on financial instruments Rs. In Lacs Particulars For the year ended For the year ended March 31, 2022 March 31, 2021 Financial assets measured at amortized cost (32.53) Allowances for doubtful receivables (33.60)Financial assets measured at fair value through Profit and Loss 0.11 0.19 Financial assets measured at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income

Fair value measurements recognized in the balance sheet:

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost

The following table provides an analysis of financial instruments that are measured subsequent to initial recognition at fair value, grouped into Levels 1 to 3 based on the degree to which the fair value is observable.

- -Level 1 fair value measurements are those derived from quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- -Level 2 fair value measurements are those derived from inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- -Level 3 fair value measurements are those derived from valuation techniques that include inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

(iv) Financial risk management objectives:

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise of loan from banks and financial institutions, and trade payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to raise finance for the Company's operations. The Company has various financial assets such as trade receivables, cash and short term deposits, which arise directly from its operations.

The main risks arising from Company's financial instruments are foreign currency risk, credit risk, market risk, interest rate risk and liquidity risk. The Board of Directors review and agree policies for managing each of these risks.

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances. The maximum exposure to credit risk in case of all the financial instruments covered below is restricted to their respective carrying amount.

Customer credit is managed by each business unit subject to the Company's established policies, procedures and control relating to customer credit risk management. Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on 90 days credit term. Credit limits are established for all customers based on internal rating criteria. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly

The Company measures the expected credit loss of trade receivables based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates. Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience and past trends.

Expected credit loss assessment for customers:

The company is making provisions on trade receivables based on Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model. The reconciliation of ECL is as follows:

		(Rs. In Lakhs)
Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
Impairment loss as per ECL recognised/(reversed)	33.60	32.53
Additional Provision / write off	62.25	68.39
Amount debited to Profit and Loss	95.85	100.92

Other financial assets

The Company maintains exposure in cash and cash equivalents, term deposits with banks and derivative contracts.

The Company held cash and cash equivalents of Rs. 352.28 Lacs at March 31, 2022 (March 31, 2021: Rs. 309.34 Lacs). Cash and cash equivalents are held with reputable and creditworthy banks.

Individual risk limits are set for each counter-party based on financial position, credit rating and past experience. Credit limits and concentration of exposures are actively monitored by the Management of the Company.

Other than trade and other receivables, the Company has no other financial assets that are past due but not impaired

(b) Market risk

Market Risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and price risk.

(I) Foreign currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on account of its operating and financing activities. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee. Company's exposure is mainly denominated in USD, GBP and Euro. The exchange rates have changed substantially in recent periods and may continue to fluctuate substantially in the future. The Company has put in place a Financial Risk Management Policy to Identify the most effective and efficient ways of managing the currency risks. The Company uses derivative instruments (mainly foreign exchange forward contracts) to mitigate the risk of changes in foreign currency exchange rate.

The Company do not use derivative financial instruments for trading or speculative purposes.

(II) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is measured by using the eash flow sensitivity for changes in variable interest rates. Any movement in the reference rates could have an impact on the Company's cash flows as well as costs. The Company also uses a mix of interest rate sensitive financial instruments to manage the liquidity and fund requirements for its day to day operations like short-term loans.

Interest rate sensitivity analysis:

As at March 31, 2022 interest bearing financial liability (secured loan from banks) stood at Rs. 7748.72 Lacs, was subject to variable interest rates. Increase/decrease of 50 basis points in interest rates at the balance sheet date would result in decrease/increase in profit before tax of Rs. 38.74 Lacs.

The risk estimates provided assume a parallel shift of 50 basis points interest rate. This calculation also assumes that the change occurs at the balance sheet date and has been calculated based on risk exposures outstanding as at that date. The period end balances are not necessarily representative of the average debt outstanding during the period.

This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular foreign currency rates, remain constant.

Fair value of financial instruments:

All financial assets are initially recognized at fair value of consideration paid. Subsequently, financial assets are carried at fair value or amortized cost less impairment. Where non derivative financial assets are carried at fair value, gains and losses on re-measurement are recognized directly in equity unless the financial assets have been designated as being held at fair value through profit or loss, in which case the gains and losses are recognized directly in the consolidated statement of profit and loss. Financial assets are designated as being held at fair value through profit or loss when it is necessary to reduce measurement inconsistency for related assets and liabilities. All financial liabilities other than derivatives are initially recognized at fair value of consideration received net of transaction costs as appropriate (initial cost) and subsequently carried at amortized cost.

(III) Liquidity risk:

The Company follows a Conservative policy of ensuring sufficient liquidity at all times through a strategy of profitable growth, efficient liquidity at all times through a strategy of profitable growth, efficient working capital management as well as prudent capital expenditure. The Company has a overdraft facility with banks to support any temporary funding requirements.

The Company believes that current cash and cash equivalents, tied up borrowing lines and cash flow that is generated from operations is sufficient to meet requirements. Accordingly, liquidity risk is perceived to be low.

Liquidity table

Liquidity tables drawn up based on the cash flows of financial liabilities based on the earliest date on which the Company can be required to pay is disclosed at Note no. 43.

(V) Other price risk:

The Company is not exposed to any significant equity price risks arising from equity investments, as on 31st March 2022. Equity investments are held for strategic rather than trading purposes. The Company does not actively trade these investments.

(Vi) Equity price sensitivity analysis:

There is no exposure to equity price risks as at the reporting date or as at the previous reporting date.

38 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 37 "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent assets":

The company has recognised contingent liabilities as disclosed in Note 32 above and as such no provision is required to be made. No provision was outstanding as at the beginning and at the end of the year.

39 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 105 "Non-current assets held for sale and discontinued operations":

There are no such asset held for sale and discontinued operations as on March 31, 2022.

40 Disclosure of related parties/related party transactions/balances pursuant to Ind AS 24 "Related Party Disclosures"

(A) Name of Related Parties and nature of relationship

i. Joint Ventures

Nil Nil

ii. Associates with whom transactions were carried out during the yea

iii. Key Management Personnel (KMP) & Relatives

a) Mr. Iftikharul Amin –Managing Directo

b) Mr. Iqbal Ahsan - Director

c) Mr. Vequarul Amin- Non Executive and Non Independent Directo

d) Mr. Imran Siddiqui – Whole time Director e) Mr. Arshad Khan - Whole time Director f) Mr. Mohd Imran – Whole time Director

m) Mr. Ahmad Faraz Ahmad (Son of Mr. Iftikharul Amin)

g) Mr. R. K. Awasthi - Company Secretary

h) Mr. Y S Katiyar - Non Executive and Independent Directo

i) Mr. Mubashirul Amin (Son of Mr. Iqbal Ahsan j) Mr. Tanveerul Amin (Son of Mr. Iftikharul Amin)

k) Mr. Khailid Sayeed (Brother of Mr. Imran Siddiqui)

l) Mr. Umairul Amin (Son of Mr. Iqbal Ahsan)

iv. Others: Enterprise over which KMP or relatives of KMP are able to exercise significant influenc

a) Amin Tannery Ltc

b) Amin Colonizers & Devlopers Ltc

d) e)

c) Banthar Industrial Pollution Control Compan

(B) (i) Disclosure of related party transactions during the year (in ordinary course of business at arm lenghth price) Summar

Transactions		Asso	ociates	Other related p	parties	KMP and Relatives	
		As at / for the year ended		As at / for the ye	ar ended	As at / for the year ended	
		31.3.22	31.3.21	31.3.22	31.3.21	31.3.22	31.3.21
Purchases of materials / finished good:		-	-	415.33	382.19	-	-
Sale of materials / finished good		-	-	238.82	125.93	-	-
Services (Job work)		-	-	3.36	6.30	-	-
Donation		-	-	10.46	18.74	-	-
Rent received		-	-	0.72	0.72	-	-
Remuneration/sitting fee		-	-	-	-	120.29	100.52
Receivables (Net)		-	-	231.69	26.57	-	-
Payables (Trade payable & other liabilities		-	-	48.50	122.09	17.63	14.12
Loans and Advances		-	-	0.06	1.89	23.02	-
<u>Investments</u>	refer Note No. 3						

Name of related party & Transaction:	Asso	ociates	Other related p	parties	KMP and Relatives As at / for the year ended	
	As at / for t	he year ended	As at / for the ye	ar ended		
	31.3.22	31.3.21	31.3.22	31.3.21	31.3.22	31.3.21
Purchases of materials / finished good:						
Amin Tannery Ltc	=	-	410.93	382.19	-	-
Bovini Frills LLF	-	-	4.40	-	-	-
		-	415.33	382.19	-	-
Sale of materials / finished good						
Amin Tannery Ltc	_	_	205.66	46.66	-	_
Bovini Frills LLF	_	_	33.16	79.27	-	_
	-	-	238.82	125.93	-	-
Services (Job Work)	-					
Amin Tannery Ltc	_	_	3.32	6.30	-	_
Industrial Infrastructures Services (India	-	-	0.04		-	-
		-	3.36	6.30	-	-
<u>Donation</u>	-					
Amin Welfare Trust	-	-	10.46	18.74	-	-
	-	-	10.46	18.74	-	-
Rent received						
Bovini Frills LLF	-	-	0.72	0.72	_	-
			0.72	0.72	-	-

Name of related party & Transaction:	Ass	ociates	Other relate	d parties	KMP and Relatives		
• •	31.3.22	31.3.21	31.3.22	31.3.21	31.3.22	31.3.21	
Remuneration/sitting fee							
Mr. Iftikharul Amir	-	-	-	-	24.00	24.0	
Mr. Iqbal Ahsan	-	-	-	-	24.00	24.2	
Mr. Imran Siddique	-	-	-	-	7.08	7.0	
Mr.Arshad Khan	-	-	-	-	4.38	3.9	
Mr. Mohd Imran	-	-	-	-	3.94	3.9	
Mr. Mubashirul Amin	-	-	_	-	18.34	12.5	
Mr. Ahmad Faraz Amin	-	-	-	-	4.70	3.5	
Mr. Tanveerul Amir	-	-	-	-	15.54	12.1	
Mr. Khalid Sayeed	-	-	_	-	1.68	1.6	
Mr. Umairul Amin	-	-	_	-	14.07	4.8	
Mr. R.K. Awasthi	-	-	-	-	2.56	2.5	
		-	-		120.29	100.5	
Outstanding balances with related parties:							
Receivables (Net)							
Amin Tannery Ltc	-	-	202.01	3.47	-	_	
Bovini Frills LLF	-	-	29.68	23.10	-	_	
	-	-	231.69	26.57	-	-	

Name of related party & Transactions			Od t-r - t		KMP and Relatives	
name of related party & Transaction:		ociates	Other related p			
	31.3.22	31.3.21	31.3.22	31.3.21	31.3.22	31.3.21
Payables (Trade payable & other liabilities						
Amin Tannery Ltc	-	-	47.38	122.09	-	-
Amin Welfare Trust	=	-	1.11	-	-	-
Mr. Iftikharul Amir	=	-	-	-	2.00	2.0
Mr. Iqbal Ahsan	=	-	-	-	2.00	2.0
Mr. Imran Siddique	=	-	-	-	1.38	1.3
Mr.Arshad Khan	=	-	-	-	0.88	0.5
Mr. Mohd Imran	=	-	-	_	0.43	0.6
Mr. Mubashirul Amin	=	-	-	-	3.63	1.8
Mr.Ahmad Faraz Amin	=	-	-	-	0.85	0.7
Mr. Tanveerul Amir	=	-	-	-	2.91	2.8
Mr. Khalid Sayeed	=	-	-	-	0.38	0.4
Mr. Umairul Amir	=	-	-	_	2.75	0.9
Mr. R.K. Awasthi	=	-	-	_	0.43	0.6
	-	-	48.50	122.09	17.63	14.1
Loans and Advances	<u></u>					
Amin Welfare Trust	=	-	0.06	1.89	-	_
Iqbal Ahsan	=	-	-	-	23.02	-
	-	-	0.06	1.89	23.02	-

(D) No amount has been written off/back or provided as doubtful debts during the year in respect of related partic

(E) Key Managerial Personnel are entitled to post-employment benefits and other long term employee benefits recognized as per Ind AS 19 - 'Employee Benefits' in the financial statements. As these employee benefits are lump sum amounts provided on the basis of actuarial valuation, the same is not included above.

41 Remuneration to Whole Time Directors

Particulars	2021-22	2020-21
(a) Short Term Employee Benefits (Salay	62.72	62.36
(b) Contribution to defined contribution plan (PF	0.67	0.85
Total	63.39	63.21

42 Additional information pursuant to Schedule III to the Act for the year ended March 31, 2022 of enterprises consolidated as subsidiary

Name of the company	Net Assets i.e. total asset	ts minus total	Share in	Profit or (Loss)	Share in Other Com	prehensive Income	Share in Total Co	mprehensive
	As % of consolidated	Amount	As % of	Amount (Rs. In Lacs)		Amount (Rs. In		Amount
	net assets	(Rs. In Lacs)	consolidated		As % of	Lacs)	As % of	(Rs. In Lacs)
			profit or loss		consolidated other		consolidated total	
			-		comprehensi ve		comprehensive	
					income		income	
Parent Company								
Super Tannery Limited	104.16%	9,016.37	88.24%	402.92	100.00%	17.89	88.68%	420.81
Subsidiaries - Foreigr								
Super Tannery (U.K.) Ltd.	-3.99%	(345.73)	14.12%	64.47	-	-	13.59%	64.47
Super Itallia SRL	-0.44%	(38.25)	-2.96%	-13.52	-	-	-2.85%	-13.52
Subsidiaries - Domestic								-
Aarifi Tanners Ltc	-0.15%	(13.38)	0.81%	3.71	_	-	0.78%	3.71
Secure Safety Ltd	-0.31%	(27.13)	-0.12%	(0.53)			-0.11%	(0.53)
Super Corporation Limited	0.00%	-0.07	0.02%	0.08	_	-	0.02%	0.08
Total Subsidiaries	99,25%	8,591.81	100.11%	457.13	100%	17.89	100.10%	475.02
Non controlling interest in all the subsidiaries	0.75%	64.58	0.11%	0.49	0%	-	0.10%	0.49
Total	100.00%	8,656.39	100%	457.62	100%	17.89	100%	475.51

43 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements".

(a) Current liabilities expected to be settled within twelve months and after twelve months from the reporting da

						IX8	In Lacs	
Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2022			As at March 31, 2021			
	No.	Within After Total		Within	After	Total		
		twelve	twelve		twelve	twelve		
		months	months		months	months		
Borrowings		7,694.99	53.73	7,748.72	8,011.53	279.73	8,291.26	
Trade and other payables		3,543.44	140.96	3,684.40	4,514.34	199.84	4,714.18	
Other financial liabilities		850.38	-	850.38	952.45	-	952.45	

(b) Current assets expected to be recovered within twelve months and after twelve months from the reporting dat

						Rs	in Lacs
Particulars	Note		As at March 31,	2022	As	at March 31, 2021	
	No.	Within	After	Total	Within	After	Total
		twelve	twelve		twelve	twelve	
		months	months		months	months	
Inventories		6,766.94	-	6,766.94	8,045.60	-	8,045.60
Trade Receivable		4,849.43	126.74	4,976.17	5,233.86	153.18	5,387.04
Other Financial Assets		745.33	_	745.33	787.47	-	787.47
Other Current Assets		1,221.66	-	1,221.66	1,052.28	-	1,052.28

- 43 Disclosure pursuant to Ind AS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements"
 - (a) Current liabilities expected to be settled within twelve months and after twelve months from the reporting date:

						R	s in Lacs
Note		As at Ma	rch 31, 2022	A	s at March 31, 2021		
No.	Within		After	Total	Within	After	Total
	twelve		twelve		twelve	twelve	
	months		months		months	months	
		7,694.99	53.73	7,748.72	8,011.53	279.73	8,291.26
		3,543.44	140.96	3,684.40	4,514.34	199.84	4,714.18
		850.38	-	850.38	952.45	-	952.45
		Note No. Within twelve	Note As at Ma No. Within twelve months 7,694.99 3,543.44	Note Within After twelve months 7,694.99 53.73 3,543.44 14.96	No. Within After Total twelve twelve months months 5,543,44 140,96 3,684,40	Note As at March 31, 2022 A No. Within After Total Within twelve twelve months 7,694.99 53.73 7,748.72 8,011.53 3,343.44 140.96 3,684.40 4,514.34	Note As at March 31, 2022 As at March 31, 2021

(b) Current assets expected to be recovered within twelve months and after twelve months from the reporting date:

						F	Rs in Lacs	
Particulars	Note		As at March 31, 2022		A	As at March 31, 2021		
	No.	Within	After	Total	Within	After	Total	
		twelve	twelve		twelve	twelve		
		months	months		months	months		
Inventories		6,7	66.94 -	6,766.94	8,045.60	-	8,045.60	
Trade Receivable		4,8	49.43 126.74	4,976.17	5,233.86	153.18	5,387.04	
Other Financial Assets		7	45.33	745.33	787.47	-	787.47	
Other Current Assets		1,2	21.66 -	1,221.66	1,052.28	-	1,052.28	

44 Additional Regulatory Information

(b

Additional Regulatory Information pursuant to Clause 6L of General Instructions for preparation of Balance Sheet as given in Part I of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, are given hereunder to the extent relevant and other than those given elsewhere in any other notes to the Financial Statements.

(a) <u>Title deeds of Immovable Property not held in name of the Company</u>
Details of immovable properties held in the name of directors of the company -

Relevant line item in the balance sheet	Description of item of property	Gross Carrying value	Title deed held in the name of the company		Property held since which date	Reason for not being held in the name of the company
Property, Plant and Equipment	Land No. 1363		No	Director	14.08.2002	
	Land No. 1362		No	Director	14.08.2002	Though cost of land
	Land No. 1417		No	Director	14.08.2002	is paid by Company
	Land No. 1416 & 1415		No	Director	09.10.2002	but due to oversight
	Land No. 1413 & 1414		No	Director	01.01.2004	registration was done
	Land No. 1364 & 1365		No	Director	10.03.2004	in the name of
	Land No. 1366		No	Director	14.09.2004	director.

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2022		Year ended March 31, 202	1	Variance and Reason	
	Numerator	Ratio	Numerator	Ratio	Variance	Reason
	Denominator		Denominator			
	Rs. In Lacs		Rs. In Lacs			
a) Current Ratio (in times)	14,571.64	1.10	16,086.45	1.10	0%	N. A
Current assets / Current liabilities	13,287.38		14,636.89			
b) Debt-Equity Ratio (in times)	7,748.72	0.90	8,291.26	1.01	-11.09%	N. A
Total Debt / Shareholder's Equity	8,656.63		8,235.60			
c) Debt Service Coverage Ratio (in times)	1,365.38	1.65	1,491.67	N. A	N. A	N. A
Earnings available for Debt service / Debt service	827.12		Nil			
d) Return on Equity Ratio (in %)	456.64	0.05	476.14	0.06	-9.31%	N. A
[Net Profits after taxes - Preference Dividend (if any)] / Average	8,381.78		7,926.04			
e) Inventory turnover ratio (in times)	22,095.30	2.98	19,117.38	2.29	30.53%	Note: 01
Sales/ Average Inventory	7,406.27		8,364.65			
f) Trade Receivables turnover ratio (in times)	22,095.30	4.26	19,117.38	4.24	0.54%	N. A
Net Credit Sales/ Average Accounts Receivable	5,181.61		4,507.53			
g) Trade payables turnover ratio (in times)	14,384.16	3.43	12,474.04	2.95	16.17%	N. A
Net Credit Purchases/ Average Trade Payables	4,199.29		4,230.42			
h) Net capital turnover ratio (in times)	22,095.30	17.20	19,117.38	13.19	30.45%	Note: o2
Net Sales/ Working Capital	1,284.26		1,449.57			
i) Net profit ratio (in %)	456.64	0.02	476.14	0.02	-17.02%	N. A
Net Profit/ Net Sales	22,095.30		19,117.38			
j) Return on capital employed (ROCE) (in %)	741.22	0.07	888.39	0.09	-21.21%	N. A
Earning before interest and taxes/ Capital Employed	9,924.50		9,372.10			
k) Return on investment (in %)	5.74	0.15	3.55	0.11	41.58%	Note: o3
Income generated from invested funds/Average	37.32		32.68			

- Increase in revenue from operation has resulted in improvement in Inventory turnover ratio.
- o2 Increase in revenue from operation has resulted in improvement in aforesaid ratio.
 o3 Due to increase in profit of LLP, it has resulted in improvement of aforesaid ratio.
- 45 The Company has made detailed assessments of the recoverability and carrying values of its assets comprising property, plant and equipment, inventories, receivables and other current assets as at the balance sheet date and on the basis of evaluation, has concluded that no material adjustments are required in the financial statements and it will not have any material impact on Going Concern assumption. The Company is taking all the necessary steps and precautionary measures to ensure smooth functioning of its operations and to ensure the safety and well-being of all its employees. Given the criticalities associated with nature, condition and duration of COVID-19, the impact assessment on the Company's financial statements will be continuously made and provided for as required.

- 46 Reclassification as per amendments in Schedule III of the Act
 (a) Security deposits amounting to Rs. 37.50 lacs (March 31, 2021: Rs. 34.99 lacs) have been reclassified from "Other Non Current Assets" (Note no. 5) to "Other financial assets" under Non-current financial assets (Note no. 5).
 - Current Maturity of Long Term Borrowings amounting to Rs. 68.07 lacs (March 31, 2021: Rs. 124.71 lacs) have been reclassified from Other financial liabilities under the head current liabilities (Note no. 19) to Borrowings under Current Liabilities (Note no. 17).
- 47 Figures of the previous year have been regrouped/rearranged wherever required in order to make them comparable with those of current year. Figures have been rounded off to the nearest rupees in lacs

As per our attached report of even date For and on behalf of the Board

For Rajeev Prem & Associates Firm Registration No. 008905C

Mohd. Imran Director (Finance) & CFO

Iftikharul Amin Managing Director

Rajeev Kapoor Partner M. No. 077827

R. K. Awasthi Company Secretary

Place: Kanpur Date: 30.05.2022

CIN:L19131UP1984PLC006421 Regd. Office: 187/170, Jajmau Kanpur-208010

Please complete the attendance slip and hand it over at the entrance of Meeting Hall and also bring your copy of the enclosed Annual Report.

ATTENDANCE SLIP

nereby record my presence	at the 38 th Annual General Meeting of the company held on 30th	September 2022.
Regd. Folio No.	DP ID*	
No.of shares	Client ID*	
Name of the Share holde	(in block letters)	
Signature of the shareho	ler or proxy ing shares in electronic form.	
Applicable for investors no	ing snares in electronic form.	
	SUPER TANNERY LIMITED CIN:L19131UP1984PLC006421 Regd. Office :187/170,Jajmau Kanpur-208010	

PROXY FORM / FORM NO:MGT-II

(Pursuant to section105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rule,2014).

Name of the member(s): Registered Address		e-mail Id: Folio No/* Client Id: *DP Id:						
I/We, being the member(s) ofofshares of Super Tannery Limited, hereby appoint:								
1	of	having e-mail idor	failing him					
2	of	having e-mail id or	failing him					
3	of	having e-mail Id						
and whose signature(s) are appended below as my/our proxy to attend and vote (on a poll) for me/us and on my/ our behalf at the								
38th Annual General Meeting of the Company, to be held on Friday, September 30 2022 at 09.A.M. at 187/170 Jajmau, Kanpur,								
208010 and at any adjournment thereof in respect of such resolutions as are indicated below:								

CLIDED	TANIFIC	INMITER
SHEEK	TANNERY	

	the box below:	s indicated in	manner a	in the	to vote in	above Proxy	I wish my al	**
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Resolutions	For	Against
ORDINARY BUSINESS		
Adoption of Audited Balance Sheet and Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022 together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors.		
2. Declaration of Dividend		
3. Re-appointment of Mr. Veqarul Amin, who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.		
 Re-appointment of Mr. Yogendra Singh Katiyari, who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment. 		
5. Appointment of M/s Kapoor Tandon & Co (Registration No.000952C). in place of M/S Rejeev Prem & Associates Chartered Accountants (Registration No (008905C) as auditors of the Company for a period of 5 years, and fix their remuneration		
SPECIAL BUSINESS (Special / Ordinary Resolutions)		
6. Re-appointment of Mr. Iftikharul Amin as Managing Director for a period of 3 years		
7. Re-appointment of Mr. Iqbal Ahsan as Joint Managing Director for a period of 3 years.		
8. Re-appointment of Mr. Imran Siddiqui as Whole Time Director for a period of 3 years.		
9. Re-appointment of Mr. Arshad Khan as Whole Time Director for a period of 3 years.		
10. Re-appointment of Mr. Mohd.Imran as Whole Time Director for a period of 3 years.		
11. Donation to charitable and other funds not directly related to the business of the Company.		
pplicable for investors holding shares in electronic form.		
gnedday of2022		Affix
Signature of Shareh	older	Stamp
Signature of first proxy holder Signature of second proxy holder Signature of the	nird proxy holder	

NOTE:

This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting.

A Proxy need not be a member of the Company.

A person can act as a proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty and holding in the aggregate not more than 10% of the total

share capital of the Company carrying voting rights. A member holding more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights may appoint a single person as proxy and such person shall not act as a proxy for any other person of shareholder.

This is only optional. Please put a 'X' in the appropriate column against the resolutions indicated in the Box. If you leave the 'For' or 'Against' column blank against any or all the resolutions, your Proxy will be entitled to vote in the manner as he/she thinks appropriate.

Appointing a proxy does not prevent a member from attending the meeting in person if he so wishes.

In the case of joint holders, the signature of any one holder will be sufficient, but names of all the joint holders should be stated.

CIN: L19131 UP 1984 PLC 006421

Registered Office: 187/170, Jajmau Road, KANPUR - 208 010. Phone No.: 7522000370, 371, 372 Fax No.: 91-512-2460792 Website: www.supertannery.com E-mail: share@supertannery.com

BALLOT FORM

- Name and Registered address of the Sole/First named Shareholder (In block letters)
- 2. Name of the Joint Holders, if any
- 3. Registered Folio No./DP ID No* (*Applicable to investors holding Shares in Demat Form)
- 4. Number of Equity Shares held
- 5. I/We hereby exercise my /Our Vote(s) in respect of the following resolutions to be passed at the 38th Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on Friday, 30th September, 2022for the business stated in the notice dated 13th August, 2022 by sending my/our assent or dissent to the said Resolution by placing the (X) at the appropriate box below.

	Please mention No. of Shares		
Resolutions No.	For	Against	Abstain
ORDINARY BUSINESS			
Adoption of Audited Balance Sheet and Statement of			
Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2022 together			
with the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors'			
thereon.			
2. Declaration of Dividend.			
3. Re-appointment of Mr. Vegarul Amin, who retires by			
rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.			
4. Re-Appointment of Mr. Yogendra Singh Katiyar, who retires by			
rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.			
5. Appointment of M/S Kapoor Tandon & Company			
Chartered Accountants kanpur in place of M/s Rajeev			
Prem& Associates Chartered Accountants as			
Auditor of the Company and fix their remuneration.			
SPECIAL BUSINESS:			
6.Re-appointment of Mr.Iftikharul Amin as Man aging			
Director for a period of 3 years.			
7. Re-appointment of Mr . Iqbal Ahsan as Joint Managing			
Director for a period of 3 years.			
8. Re-appointment of Mr. Imran Siddiqui as Whole Time			
Director for a period of 3 years.			
9. Re-appointment o f Mr. Mohd Imran as Whole Time			
Director for a period of 3 years.			
10. Re-appointment of Mr. Arshad Khan as Whole Time			
Director for a period of 3 years.			

11. Donation to charitable and other funds not directly		
related to the business of the Company.		

Place- Kanpur Date.30.09.2022

Signature of Shareholder

Note:

- 1. This form should be completed and signed by the members. In case of Joint holding this form should be completed and signed (as per the specimen signature(s) registered with the Company) by the first named member and his absence, by the next name member. Unsigned ballot form will be rejected.
- 2. The Vote may be accorded by recording the assent in column'For'or dissent in column' AGAINST' by placing an X mark in the appropriate Column.
- 3. In case of Shares held by Companies, Trust, Society, etc.the duly completed ballot Form should be accompanied by a certified copy of Board resolution.
- 4. The Scrutinizers decision of the validity of the ballot form shall be final.
- 5. The Company is also offering e-voting facility as an alternate, for all the members to enable them to cast their vote electronically instead of dispatching physical ballot form. The detailed procedure of e-voting is sent to you along with notice of this Annual General Meeting.
- 6. If a member has opted for e-voting, then he/she should not vote by physical ballot also and vice-versa. However, in case members cast their vote both via physical Ballot and e-voting then voting through e-voting shall prevail and voting done by physical ballot be treated as invalid.
- 7. A member desiring to exercise vote by physical ballot may complete this ballot form and send it to the Scrutinizer Mr.K.N.Shridhar &Assocites 111&108, Chandralok Complex Birhana Road Kanpur 208001.
- 8. Members may please note to bring copy of this ballot form to the meeting hall if they are coming to attend the Annual General Meeting personally.

^{*}Applicable for investors holding shares in electronic form.

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BOOK POST

If Undelivered, Please return to : **SUPER TANNERY LIMITED** 187/170, Jajmau Road, Kanpur-208010