

INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LTD.

Regd. Office: 302, Link Rose Building, Linking Road, Santacruz (West), Mumbai - 400054, India. Ph.: 022-26489142 / 47 / 48 • Fax No. 022-26489143 • CIN: L24100MH1980PLC023177

Email: info@indoborax.com • Website: www.indoborax.com

3rd September, 2020

To, BSE Ltd, Corporate Relationship Department, Phiroze Jeejebhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400 001

Dear Sir/Madam,

Ref: Code 524342

Sub: Notice of 39th Annual General Meeting and Annual Report 2019-20

Pursuant to Regulation 34(1) of Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulation 2015, (Listing Regulations), please find enclosed herewith Notice convening the 39th Annual General Meeting and Annual Report of the Company for the financial year 2019-20.

In compliance with General Circular Nos.14/2020, 17/2020 and 20/2020 dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020, respectively, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD1/CIR/P/2020/79 dated May 12, 2020 issued by SEBI, the Notice convening the AGM and the Annual Report of the Company for the financial year 2019-20 has been sent to all the members of the Company whose email addresses are registered with the Company or Depository Participant(s).

The AGM of the Company will be held on Saturday, September 26, 202'0, at 1.00 p.m. through Video Conferencing/ Other Audio Visual Means in accordance with the aforesaid circulars. The Notice of AGM along with the Annual Report for the financial year 2019-20 is also being made available on the website of the Company at www.indoborax.com.

This is for your information and appropriate dissemination.

Thanking you, For Indo Borax & Chemicals Ltd

Pravin Chavan Company Secretary

Encl.: As stated above





INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LTD.

39th **ANNUAL REPORT 2019-20**

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS

S.K. Jain : Chairman & Managing Director

Sajal Jain : Vice Chairman & Executive Director, CFO
Arun S. Sureka : Non-Executive and Independent Director
Narendra Kumar Mittal : Non-Executive and Independent Director
Govind R. Parmar : Non-Executive and Independent Director

Sreelekha Jain : Non-Executive Director Pravin Chavan : Company Secretary

Bankers : Syndicate Bank, Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd,

State Bank of India.

Auditors : Pulindra Patel & Co., Chartered Accountants

Registered Office : 302, Link Rose, Linking Road,

Santacruz (West), Mumbai – 400 054.

Works : Pithampur : Sector II, Pithampur Industrial Area,

Dist. Dhar (M.P.), Pin: 454 775

Registrar & Transfer Agent : Sharex Dynamics (India) Pvt. Ltd. C-101, 247-Park,

LBS Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai – 400 083

Subsidiary Company : Indoborax Infrastructure Pvt. Ltd.

(CIN-U45400MH2009PTC197583)

NOTICE OF 39TH ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE is hereby given that the Thirty Ninth (39th) Annual General Meeting of the members of Indo Borax & Chemicals Ltd. will be held on Saturday, 26th September, 2020 at 1.00 p.m. (IST) through Video Conferencing ('VC') facility or other audio visual means ('OAVM') to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements (including consolidated audited financial statements) of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020, together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon.
- 2. To declare a dividend of Rs. 2.00 per equity share for the financial year ended 31 st March, 2020.
- 3. To appoint a Director in place of Mrs. Sreelekha Jain, Director (DIN: 08057896) of the Company, who retires by rotation and, being eligible, offers herself for re-appointment.

SPECIAL BUSINESS:

4. Ratify the remuneration of the Cost Auditor for the financial year ending 31st March, 2021.

To consider and, if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution**:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof, for the time being in force), the remuneration, as recommended by the Audit Committee, payable during the financial year 2020-21 to M/s. B. F. Modi & Associates, Cost Accountants, (Membership No.6955, Firm Registration No. 100604) appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company, to conduct the audit of the cost records of the Company for the financial year ending 31st March, 2021, be paid the remuneration as set out in the explanatory statement annexed to the Notice convening this Meeting.

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorized to do all acts and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution and matters connected therewith or incidental thereto."

By Order of the Board of Directors INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LTD

Pravin Chavan Company Secretary

INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED

NOTES:

- 1. In view of Covid-19 pandemic, the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") has vide its General Circulars dated April 8, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 5, 2020, (Collectively referred to as MCA Circulars) permitted the holding of the Annual General Meeting ("AGM") through Video Conferencing (VC) facility or Other Audio Visual Means (OAVM), without the physical presence of the Members at a common venue. In compliance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations") and MCA circulars, the AGM of the Company is being held though VC/OAVM, on Saturday, 26th September, 2020 at 1.00 p.m. (IST).
- 2. Pursuant to the provisions of the Act, a Member entitled to attend and vote at the Annual General Meeting (AGM) is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf and the proxy need not be a member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held pursuant to the MCA circulars through VC/OAVM, the requirement of physical attendance of members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, in terms of the MCA Circulars, the facility for appointment of proxies by the members will not be available for this AGM and hence the proxy form, attendance slip and route map of AGM are not annexed to this notice.
- 3. Institutional/Corporate shareholders (i.e. other than individuals/HUF/NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy of its Board or governing body resolution/authorization etc. authorizing its representative to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM on its behalf and to vote through remote e-voting. The details about the same is given under note for Non-Individual shareholder and custodian under the head Instruction for shareholders under e-voting.
- 4. The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books will remain closed from Saturday, 19th September, 2020 to Saturday, 26th September, 2020 (both days inclusive), in connection with the ensuing AGM and the payment of dividend.
- 5. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their Shareholdings, as maintained under Section 170 and Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which Directors are interested as maintained under Section 189 of the Act, and all other documents referred to in the Notice will be available for inspection in electronic mode. Members can inspect the same by sending an email to compliance officer@indoborax.com. All the relevant documents referred to in the accompanying Notice calling the AGM are available on the website of the Company for inspection by the Members.
- 6. The dividend as recommended by the Board of Directors, if approved by the members at the AGM, payment of such dividend subject to deduction of tax at source will be paid after 30th September, 2020, as under:
 - a) To all beneficial owners in respect of shares held in electronic form as per the data as may be made available by the National Securities Depository Limited and the Central Depository Services (India) Limited as of the close of the business hours on 18th September, 2020;
 - b) To all shareholders in respect of shares held in physical form after giving effect to transfers in respect of complete and valid request lodged with the company on or before the close of business hours on 18th September, 2020.
- 7. The explanatory statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") setting out material facts concerning the business under Item Nos. 4 of the Notice, is annexed hereto. The relevant details, pursuant to Regulations 26(4) and 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, in respect of directors seeking appointment/re-appointment at this AGM are also annexed.
- 8. The requirement to place the matter relating to appointment of Statutory Auditors for ratification by members at every Annual General Meeting has been done away with vide notification dated 7th May, 2018, issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs. Accordingly no resolution is proposed for ratification of appointment of Statutory Auditors, who were appointed in the Annual General Meeting held on 19th August, 2017.
- 9. In support of Green Initiative announced by the Government of India, electronic copy of the Annual Report and this notice are being sent by e-mail to those shareholders whose e-mail addresses have been made available to the Company/Depository participants. Members may note that the Notice and Annual Report 2019-20 will also available on the Company's website www.indoborax.com and disseminated on the website of CDSL www.evotingindia.com. Members who have not registered their e-mail address are requested to register the same with their Depository Participants in the case shares are held by them in electronic form and with Sharex Dynamic (India) Private Limited, in case the shares are held by them in physical form.

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- 10. Members holding shares in physical mode are required to submit their Permanent Account Number (PAN) to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agents viz. Sharex Dynamic (India) Private Limited, C-101, 247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai - 400 083, as mandated by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) for every participants in securities market.
 - Members holding shares in electronic mode are requested to submit their PAN to their respective DPs with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts, as mandated by the SEBI for every participants in securities market.
- 11. The members are requested to update their email IDs, mobile numbers, bank details at link provided. The online link for updating above details is https://linkintime.co.in/emailreg/email-register.html.
- 12. In case of joint holders, the member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members of the Company will be entitled to vote.
- 13. The Company has transferred the unpaid or unclaimed dividends declared up to financial year 2011-12, from time to time on due dates, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) established by the Central Government. Pursuant to provisions of Investor Education and Protection Fund (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016, the Company has uploaded the details of unpaid and unclaimed amount lying with the Company as on 14th September, 2019 (the date of last Annual General Meeting) on the website of the Company.
 - Members are requested to note that, dividends if not encashed for a consecutive period of 7 years from the date of transfer to Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company, are liable to be transferred to the Investors Education and Protection Fund (IEPF). The shares in respect of such unclaimed dividends are also liable to be transferred to the demat account of the IEPF Authority. In view of this, members are requested to claim their dividends from the Company, within the stipulated timeline. The Members, whose unclaimed dividends/shares have been transferred to IEPF Authority, may claim the same by making an application to the IEPF Authority in web Form No. IEPF-5 available on www.iepf.gov.in. For details, please refer to corporate governance report which is a part of this Annual Report.
- 14. Pursuant to Finance Act, 2020, dividend income will be taxable in the hands of shareholders w. e. f. April 1, 2020 and the Company is required to deduct tax at source from dividend paid to shareholders at the prescribed rates. For the prescribed rates for the various categories, the shareholders are requested to refer to the Finance Act, 2020 amended thereof. The shareholders are requested to update their PAN with the Company/Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (in case of shares held in physical mode) and depositories (in case of shares held in demat mode). Shareholders are requested to note that in case their PAN is not registered, the tax will be deducted at higher rate i.e. 20%.
 - Resident individual shareholder with PAN and who is not liable to pay income tax can submit a yearly declaration in Form 15G/15H, to avail the benefit of non-deduction of tax at source be submitted at link https://linkintime.co.in/formsreg/submission-of-form-15g-15h.html. The shareholders can download Form 15G/15H, 10F from link https://www.linkintime.co.in/client-downloads.html
- 15. SEBI has decided that securities of listed companies can be transferred only in dematerialized form with effect from 1st April, 2019. In view of the above and to avail various benefits of dematerialization, members are advised to dematerialize shares that are held by them in physical form.
- 16. Members holding shares in electronic mode may note that bank particulars registered against their respective depository accounts will be used by the Company for payment of dividend. The Company or M/s. Sharex Dynamic (India) Private Limited, cannot act on any request received directly from the members holding shares in electronic form for any change of bank particulars or bank mandates. Such changes are to be advised only to the Depository Participants (DP) by the members.
- 17. Non Resident Indian members are requested to inform the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, immediately of any change in their residential status on return to India for permanent settlement, their bank account maintained in India with complete name, branch, account type, account number and address of the bank with pin code, IFSC and MICR Code, as applicable if such details were not furnished earlier.
- 18. Members seeking any information with regard to the accounts or any matter to be discussed at the AGM are requested to write to the Company atleast seven (7) days before the AGM through email at complianceoffier@indoborax.com.
- 19. Members holding shares in electronic mode are requested to intimate any change in their address or bank mandates to their DPs with whom they are maintaining their demat accounts. Members holding shares in physical mode are requested to advise any change in their address or bank mandates to the Registrar & Transfer Agent M/s. Sharex Dynamic (India) Private Limited.

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- 20. M/s. Manish Ghia & Associates, Company Secretaries, Mumbai has been appointed as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the e-voting process in fair and transparent manner.
 - The Scrutinizer shall, within a period of 48 hours from the conclusion of AGM, make a consolidated scrutinizer's report of the votes cast in favour or against, if any, and submit it to the Chairman or a person authorized by him in writing.
 - The result declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report shall be placed on the Company's website www.indoborax.com and on the website of CDSL immediately after the result is declared. The Company shall simultaneously forward the results to BSE Limited, where the shares of the Company are listed.

21. The instructions for shareholders for e-voting are as under:

- As you are aware, in view of the situation arising due to COVID-19 global pandemic, the general meetings
 of the companies shall be conducted as per the guidelines issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs
 (MCA) vide Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020, Circular No.17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and
 Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020. The forthcoming AGM will thus be held through video
 conferencing (VC) or other audio visual means (OAVM). Hence, Members can attend and participate in
 the ensuing AGM through VC/OAVM.
- 2. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), and MCA Circulars dated April 08, 2020, April 13, 2020 and May 05, 2020 the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
- 3. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to at least 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
- 4. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 5. Pursuant to MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 08, 2020, the facility to appoint proxy to attend and cast vote for the members is not available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
- 6. In line with the Ministry of Corporate Affairs (MCA) Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020, the Notice calling the AGM has been uploaded on the website of the Company at www.indoborax.com. The Notice can also be accessed from the website of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-Voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.
- 7. The AGM has been convened through VC/OAVM in compliance with applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 read with MCA Circular No. 14/2020 dated April 8, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 17/2020 dated April 13, 2020 and MCA Circular No. 20/2020 dated May 05, 2020.

THE INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR REMOTE E-VOTING ARE AS UNDER:

- (I) The voting period begins on 23rd September, 2020 (9:00 am IST) and ends on 25th September, 2020 (5:00 pm IST). During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date 19th September, 2020 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- (ii) Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.

- (iii) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
- (iv) Click on "Shareholders" module.
- (v) Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL:8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.

OR

Alternatively, if you are registered for CDSL's **EASI/EASIEST** e-services, you can log-in at https://www.cdslindia.com from ____ using your login credentials. Once you successfully log-in to CDSL's **EASI/EASIEST** e-services, click on **e-Voting** option and proceed directly to cast your vote electronically.

- (vi) Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
- (vii) If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u> and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
- (viii) If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

	For Shareholders holding shares in Demat Form and Physical Form
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)
	• Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company / Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company / RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details OR	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.
Date of Birth (DOB)	• If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company please enter the member id/folio number in the Dividend Bank details field as mentioned in

- (ix) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (x) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (xi) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (xii) Click on the EVSN for the relevant Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited on which you choose to vote.
- (xiii) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xiv) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xv) After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xvi) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xvii) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xviii) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.

(xix) Shareholders can also cast their vote using CDSL's mobile app "**m-Voting**". The m-Voting app can be downloaded from respective Store. Please follow the instructions as prompted by the mobile app while Remote Voting on your mobile.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHO'S EMAIL ADDRESSES ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE DEPOSITORIES FOR OBTAINING LOGIN CREDENTIALS FOR E-VOTING FOR THE RESOLUTIONS PROPOSED INTHIS NOTICE:

- 1. For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by uploading email to evoting@sharexindia.com
- For Demat shareholders, please provide Demat account details (CDSL-16 digit beneficiary ID or NSDL-16 digit DPID + CLID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account statement, PAN (self-attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to evoting@sharexindia.com.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGHVC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

- Shareholder will be provided with a facility to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM through the CDSL e-Voting system. Shareholders may access the same at https://www.evotingindia.com under shareholders/members login by using the remote e-voting credentials. The link for VC/OAVM will be available in shareholders/members login where the EVSN of Company will be displayed.
- 2. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- 3. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- 4. Please note that Participants connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 5. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request from their registered email address in advance at least 5 (five) days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at complianceoffier@indoborax.com. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 5 (five) days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at complianceoffier@indoborax.com. These queries will be replied to by the Company suitably by email. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of speakers depending on the availability of time for the AGM.
- 6. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING DURING THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:-

- 1. The procedure for e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
- 2. Only those shareholders, who are present at the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.
- 3. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.
- 4. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.

(xx) Note for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log
 on to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u> and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.



- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login should be mailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com and on approval of the accounts they would be able to cast their vote.
- A scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer at the email address viz: scrutinizer@mgconsulting.in, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the e-Voting System, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions ("FAQs") and e-voting manual available at www.evotingindia.com, under help section or write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact Mr. Nitin Kunder (022-23058738) or Mr. Mehboob Lakhani (022-23058543) or Mr. Rakesh Dalvi (022-23058542).

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Manager, (CDSL,) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call on 022-23058542/43.

STATEMENT PURSUANTTO SECTION 102 (1) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013.

As required under section 102 of the Companies Act, ("Act"), the following explanatory statement set out all material facts relating to the business under Item nos. 4 of the accompanying Notice:

Item No. 4

The Board, on the recommendation of Audit Committee, has approved the appointment and remuneration of the Cost Auditor M/s. B. F Modi & Associates, Cost Accountants (Firm Registration No. 100604) to conduct the audit of the cost records relating to a boron products & other chemicals of the Company for the financial year ending 31st March, 2021 with audit fees of Rs. 50,000/- plus goods and service tax as applicable and reimbursement of actual expenses as incurred by them in connection with the aforesaid audit.

In accordance with the provisions of Section 148 of the Act, read with Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors as recommended by the Audit Committee and approved by the Board of Directors, has to be ratified by the members of the Company.

Accordingly, consent of the members is sought for passing an Ordinary Resolution as set out at Item no. 4 of the Notice for ratification of the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditors for the financial year ended 31st March, 2021.

None of the Directors/Key Managerial Personnel of the Company/ their relatives are, in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in this resolution.

The Board recommends the resolution set forth in Item no. 4 for approval of Members.

By Order of the Board For Indo Borax & Chemicals Ltd

Pravin Chavan Company Secretary

Mumbai: 23rd July, 2020

Registered Office: 302, Link Rose, Linking Road, Santacruz (West), Mumbai – 400 054

Annexure to Notice dated 23rd July, 2020

In pursuance of the Regulations 26(4) & 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standards-2 issued by the ICSI, details of directors seeking appointment/ re-appointment at the ensuing Annual General Meeting are as follows:

Name	Mrs. Sreelekha Jain (DIN-08057896)
Date of Birth, Age	23-11-1969, 50 Yrs
Nationality	Indian
Date of appointment	14-02-2018
Designation	Non-Executive Director
Qualification	B. A.
Expertise in specific functional area	She is having seven years' experience in the field of sales and general administration
Directorships held other Public Companies	NIL
Chairperson of Board of Committees	NIL
Member of Board Committees	Stakeholders Relationship & Corporate Social Responsibility Committee
No. of meetings attended during the year	7 of 8
Shareholding in Company as on 31.03.2020	2,07,702
Remuneration Drawn during the year	Sitting Fees of Rs. 30,000/-
Disclosure of relationships between directors inter-se	Mrs. Sreelekha Jain, is a wife of Mr. Sajal Jain, Executive Director, CFO and daughter in law of Mr. S. K. Jain, Chairman & Managing Director



DIRECTORS' REPORT

To The Members of Indo Borax & Chemicals Ltd,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting 39th Annual Report of Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited along with the Audited Statement of Accounts for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020.

FINANCIAL RESULTS

The performance of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020 is summarized below:

(Rs. in lakhs)

Particulars	Standa	alone	Consolidated		
	31-3-2020	31-3-2019	31-3-2020	31-3-2019	
Revenue	11,525.48	12,834.88	11,525.48	12,834.88	
Other Income	548.09	537.98	509.38	550.73	
Total Income	12,073.57	13,372.86	12,034.86	13,385.61	
Profit before Depreciation & Taxation	2,412.06	2,548.22	2,372.88	2559.43	
Less: Depreciation	128.79	130.49	138.46	140.16	
Provision for Taxation	536.80	664.90	547.34	670.92	
Deferred Tax	-7.52	-5.17	-7.52	-5.17	
Profit after Depreciation & Taxation	1,753.99	1,758.00	1,694.60	1,753.52	
Other Comprehensive Income for the year	56.72	-8.20	56.72	-8.20	
Total Comprehensive Income for the	1,810.71	1,749.80	1,751.32	1,745.32	
year					
Balance brought forward from previous	10,377.60	8,860.84	10,482.03	8,969.75	
year					
Profit available for appropriation	12,188.31	10,610.64	12,233.35	10,715.07	
Less: Appropriations					
Dividend	48.14	48.14	48.14	48.14	
Tax on Dividend	-	9.90	9.97	9.90	
Transfer to General Reserve	175.00	175.00	175.00	175.00	
Balance carried to Balance Sheet	11,965.17	10,377.60	12,000.24	10,482.03	

COVID-19

In the last month of financial year 2019-20, the COVID-19 pandemic developed rapidly into a global crises, forcing governments to enforce lockdown of all economic activity. As far as company is concern our main focus shifted to ensuring the health and well-being of all the employees. Considering the health of the employees and as per guidelines of the government, local authorities the manufacturing activity close down from 24th March, 2020.

The Company restarted manufacturing facility in phased manner from 3rd May, 2020 pursuant to the receipt of the necessary permission from the government authorities. Company is adhering to the COVID 19 guidelines issued by the Government of India, the state government and local authorities.

As the business situation is very dynamic, the company is closely monitoring it. Though we do hope the business situation should normalize after 2nd quarter.



DIVIDEND

Based on the Company's performance, the Directors have recommended dividend of Rs. 2.00 per equity share of Rs. 10/- each on 32,09,000 Equity Shares, if approved by the members, would involve a cash outflow of Rs. 64.18 Lakhs.

TRANSFERTO RESERVES

During the year your company has transferred Rs. 175.00 Lakhs to General Reserve out of the amount available for appropriation and an amount of Rs. 11965.17 Lakhs is proposed to be retained in the profit and loss account.

STATE OF COMPANY AFFAIRS

On standalone basis, sales for the financial year 2019-20 stood at Rs. 11,525.48 lakhs, lower by 10.20 % over the previous year sales of Rs. 12,834.88 Lakhs. Earnings before tax and depreciation was Rs.2,412.06 lakhs, which was lower by 5.34 % over EBTD of Rs. 2,548.22 Lakhs in 2018-19. The profit after tax for the year was Rs. 1,753.99 lakhs, which was lower by 0.23 % over the PAT of Rs. 1,758.00 lakhs in 2018-19.

On consolidated basis, sales for the financial year 2019-20 stood at Rs. 11,525.48 lakhs, lower by 10.20 % over the previous year of Rs. 12,834.88 lakhs. Earnings before tax and depreciation was Rs. 2,372.88 lakhs, which was lower by 7.29 % over EBTD of Rs. 2559.43 Lakhs in 2018-19. The profit after tax for the year was Rs. 1694.60 lakhs, which was lower by 3.36 % over the PAT of Rs. 1753.52 lakhs in 2018-19. During the year the production of boron products increased by 1.58% as compared to 30% increase in previous year.

SUBSIDIARY COMPANY

Company has only one wholly owned subsidiary, Indo Borax Infrastructure Private Limited. There are no associate companies or joint ventures companies within the meaning of Section 2(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"). There has been no material change in the nature of business of the subsidiary.

As pursuant to provision of Section 129(3) of the Act, a statement containing the salient features of financial statements of the Company's subsidiary in Form AOC-1 is attached to the financial statements of the Company.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The consolidated financial statements of the company and its subsidiary which form part of Annual Report have been prepared in accordance with section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013. Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020 along with report of the auditors thereon are attached herewith. Further, pursuant to the provisions of Section 136 of the Act, separate audited financial statement of the subsidiary is available on the website of the company www.Indoborax.com.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL

The details in respect of the internal financial control and their adequacy are included in Management Discussion & Analysis, which forms part of this report.

NUMBER OF MEETING OF THE BOARD

Eight meetings of the board were held during the year. For details of meetings of Board, please refer to the Corporate Governance Report, which is a part of this report.



COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

Details of all the committees along with their composition, name of the members, meetings held during the year and attendance are provided in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms a part of this Report.

RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Pursuant to Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the board of directors, to the best of their knowledge and ability, confirm that:

- (i) in the preparation of the annual accounts; the applicable accounting standards have been followed and there are no material departures;
- (ii) they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;
- (iii) they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (iv) they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- (v) they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and such internal financial controls are adequate and operating effectively.
- (vi) they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Mrs. Sreelekha Jain, retires by rotation and being eligible offer herself for re-appointment.

Pursuant to the provisions of section 149 the Companies Act, 2013 the Independent Directors have submitted declarations that each of them meet the criteria of independence prescribed under subsection (6) of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 16(1)(b) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. There has been no change in the circumstances affecting their status as independent directors of the Company.

During the year under review, the non-executive directors of the Company had no pecuniary relationship or transaction with the company other than sitting fees.

Pursuant to provisions of section 203 of the Act, the key managerial personnel of the company are Mr. S. K. Jain, Chairman and Managing Director, Mr. Sajal Jain, Chief Executive and Chief Financial Officer and Mr. Pravin Chavan, Company Secretary.

BOARD EVALUATION

The board of directors has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, board committees and individual directors pursuant to the provisions of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulation.

The performance of the Board was evaluated by the Board after seeking inputs from all the directors on the basis of criteria such as board composition and structure, effectiveness of board process, information and functioning etc. The performance of the committees was evaluated by the board after seeking inputs from committee members on the basis of criteria such as composition of committees, effectiveness of committee meetings etc.



In separate meeting of independent Directors, performance of the non-independent directors, performance of the board as a whole and the Chairman was evaluated, taking into account the views of the executive directors and non-executive directors.

Performance evaluation of independent directors was done by the entire board, excluding the independent director being evaluated.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The brief outline of the Corporate Social Responsibility Policy (CSR Policy) of the Company and initiatives undertaken by the Company on CSR activities during the year are set out in **Annexure I** of this report in the format prescribed in the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014. The details about the CSR committee, please refer to the Corporate Governance Report, which form part of this report. The CSR policy is available on the website of the company http://www.indoborax.com/CSR-Policy.php

VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has formulated whistle blower policy for Directors and employees to report their genuine concerns regarding unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct and Ethics Policy. The said mechanism also provides for adequate safeguard against victimization of persons who use such mechanism and makes provision for direct access to the chairman of the Audit Committee in the appropriate or exceptional cases. We affirm that no employee of the company was denied access to the Audit Committee. The Whistle Blower Policy have been disclosed on website of the Company at http://www.indoborax.com/Whistel-Blower-Policy.php

ENVIRONMENT HEALTH AND SAFETY, PROTECTION OF WOMEN ATWORKPLACE

The Company is conscious of the importance of environmentally clean and safe operations. Company conducts its operations in such manner so as to ensure safety of all concerned, compliances of environmental regulations and preservation of natural resources.

The company has adopted a policy on prevention, prohibition and redressal of Sexual harassment at workplace and has duly constituted an Internal Complaint Committee in line with the provisions of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder. During the year company has not received any complaints on sexual harassment. There have been no complaints in other areas.

PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

The information required under Section 197 of the Act read with Rule 5 (1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, are given below:

a) The ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company and percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary in the financial year:

Name of the Directors	Ratio of median remuneration	% increase in remuneration in the financial year	
Mr. Sushil Kumar Jain, Managing Director	47.02	-11.14	
Mr. Sajal Jain, Chief Executive & Chief Financial Officer	47.02	-11.14	
Mr. Pravin Chavan, Company Secretary	10.58	9.93	

Company has not paid any remuneration to non-executive directors except sitting fees.

INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED

- b) The percentage increase in the median remuneration of the employees in the financial year: 6.37%
- c) The number of permanent employees on the rolls of the company: 101
- d) Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration:

The average annual increase was around 8.28 %. However during the year, the total increase in employee benefits is approximately 2.65%.

During the year under review there was no such increment in the managerial salary, the commission which is based on % of profit have been decreased, which is directly linked with the performance of the company. During the year there is reduction in the managerial remuneration by 11.14%.

- e) Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company: The Company affirms remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the company.
- f) The statement containing names of top ten employees in terms of remuneration drawn and particulars of employees as required under Section 197(12) read with Rule 5(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is provided in annexure forming part of this report. Further, the report and the accounts are being sent to the members excluding the aforesaid annexure. In term of section 136 of the Act, the said annexure is open for inspection at the Registered Office of the Company. Any shareholder interested in obtaining a copy of the same may write to the Company Secretary.

POLICY ON DIRECTOR'S APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION AND OTHER DETAILS:

The Company's policy on directors appointment and remuneration and other matters provided in Section 178(3) of the Act, has been disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report, which forms part of the Directors Report.

PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

The particulars of loans, guarantees and investments have been disclosed in the financial statements.

TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

The information on the transactions with related parties pursuant to Section 134 (3)(h) of the Act read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are given in AOC-2 in Annexure II and same forms part of this report.

DELISTING OF SECURITIES

The Company had applied for delisting of shares from Kolkatta Stock Exchange in 2005-2006, however, till date the confirmation of delisting has not been received from Exchange.

ENERGY CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION AND FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

A. Conservation of Energy

- i) Energy Conservation Measures taken
- ii) Utilization of alternate source of energy
- iii) Capital Investment on energy conservation equipment.

The Company continues to lay special emphasis on conservation of energy and have taken measures like regular monitoring of consumption, reduction of transmission losses and up to date maintenance of systems.

B. Technology Absorption

1. Research & Development

The Company has no specific Research & Development Department. However in house quality control facilities are utilized for product and process improvement and updation.

2. Technology Absorption

The Company has not imported any new technology.

C. Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

a) Earnings: Nil

b) Outgo

Import of Raw Materials : Rs. 4955.24 lakhs
 Foreign Travel : Rs. 25.76 lakhs

- Others : nil

DEPOSITS FROM PUBLIC

The Company has not accepted any deposit from public falling within the ambit of section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 and as such, no amount on account of principal or interest on deposits from public was outstanding as on the date of Balance Sheet.

RISK MANAGEMENT

The Board of the company has formed a risk management committee to frame, implement and monitor the risk management plan for the company. The committee is responsible for reviewing the risk management plan and ensuring effectiveness. The audit committee has additional oversight in the areas of financial risk and controls. Major risks identified by the business and functions are systematically addressed through mitigating actions on a continuing basis.

The risk management policy has been covered in the management discussion and analysis, which forms part of this report.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

A separate detailed Corporate Governance Report and Certificate of Auditor of your Company regarding the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance as per SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements) Regulations 2015 are annexed to this report.

EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

As provided under section 92(3) of the Act, the extract of the Annual Return is given **Annexure-III** in the prescribed Form MGT-9, which forms part of this report. The same is available on the Company's website viz. www.indoborax.com.

DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS

As per SEBI Listing Regulations, the Corporate Governance Report with the Auditors Certificate thereon, and the Management Discussion and Analysis are attached, which form part of this Report.

The Company has devised proper system to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and that such systems are adequate and operating effectively.



STATUTORY AUDITORS

At the thirty sixth AGM held on 19th August, 2017 the members approved appointment of Pulindra Patel & Co., Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration No. 115187W) as Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold office for a period of five years from the conclusion of that AGM till the conclusion of forty-first AGM, subject to ratification of their appointment by Members at every AGM, if so required under the Act. The requirement to place the matter relating to appointment of auditors for ratification by members at every AGM has been done away by the Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017 with effect from 7th May, 2018. Accordingly, no resolution is being proposed for ratification of appointment of statutory auditors at the ensuing AGM and a note in respect of the same has been included in the Notice for this AGM.

COMMENTS OF AUDITOR'S REPORT AND SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

The auditor's report and the secretarial audit report do not contain any qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks. Secretarial Audit report is attached to this report.

COST AUDIT

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 148 (3) of the Companies Act, 2013, qualified Cost Auditors have been appointed to conduct cost audit for the year under review relating to the products manufactured by the Company.

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Your Directors thank to the clients, vendors, shareholders & bankers for their continued support during the year. Your Directors place on record their appreciation for the contribution made by employees at all levels. Your Company's growth has been possible due to their hard work, co-operation & support.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mumbai, S. K. Jain

July, 23, 2020 Chairman

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

The Directors present their report on the specified matters to the extent relevant or within limits that in their opinion are imposed by the company's own competitive position, as under:-

Industry structure and development

No reliable and published data is available specifically on boron products industry. As boron minerals and the lithium are not found in India, thus the basic inputs have to be essentially imported.

Opportunity, threats, risks and concerns

As, the basic input of boron minerals and lithium are imported, thus timely availability of basic inputs at competitive prices in desired quality, composition and quantities has been, continues to be and expected to remain a matter of concern, risk and threat. The company is continuously engaged in exploring and developing alternative sources for imported raw material to minimize the risk.

Segment wise or product-wise performance

The company is operating in a single reportable segment i.e. manufacturing and selling of Chemicals. The disclosures requirement of the Indian Accounting Standard (AS) 108 "operating Segment" notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rule, 2014 are not applicable.

Outlook

The domestic market for Boron products is expanding every year and the Company can sell more quantity, as its products are well known for its quality. In case of lithium the domestic market for lithium mainly depends on the grease manufacture and the future development of Lithium ion batteries.

Company has received the certification with Bureau of Indian Standard and is manufacture boric acid according to the relevant BIS standard.

Internal control system and their adequacy

The Company has proper and adequate systems of internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that all assets are safeguarded; prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting record, timely preparation of reliable financial disclosures, transactions are authorized and recorded correctly to ensure compliance with policies and statutes.

Internal control systems have been found to be adequate and commensurate with the size and nature of the business of the company and are reviewed from time to time for further improvement.

Discussion on financial performance with respect to operational performance

The net sales in current year stood at Rs. 11,525.48 Lakhs as compared to Rs. 12,834.88 Lakhs in previous year, which is lower by 10.20% due to lockdown in the month of March, 2020.

Human Resources Development & Management

The total permanent employees of the company are 101. There are no other reportable material developments in the matter of human resources and industrial relations, which were cordial throughout the year.

Risk and Concerns

The risk faced by the company are raw material risk, quality risk, competition risk, foreign exchange risk, realization risk, cost risk.

The risk management committee has mitigation plan against above risk. Company is continuously engaged in exploring and developing alternative sources of imported raw material to mitigate the raw material risk. Highest quality parameters are set for the production of the boron products, also ensure that there should be continuous supply of material to the customers which will mitigate the quality and competition risk. To mitigate the foreign exchange risk, company prefers to buy material on receipt of documents. If there is import of raw material on credit basis, the same are hedged.

ANNEXURE I TO DIRECTOR'S REPORT

1. A brief outline of Corporate Social Responsibility Policy:

Social and environment responsibility has always been at the forefront of Indo Borax & Chemicals Ltd.'s operating philosophy. We believe that to succeed, an organization must maintain highest standards of corporate behavior towards its employees, consumers and societies in which it operates. We are in the opinion that CSR underlines the objectives of bringing about difference and adding values in our stakeholder's lives.

Indo Borax's Corporate Social Responsibility Policy is rooted in the Company's core values of quality, reliability and trust guided by best practices, and driven by our aspiration for excellence in the overall performance of our business.

The CSR activities undertaken by the company within the broad framework of Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. The CSR activities carried out in F Y 2019-20 such as Supply of dialysis machine to public hospital, eradicating hunger by distribution of foods grains to poor and needy people and development of recreation-park consisting of handicraft shops, herbal gardens, Yoga center etc.

- 2. The composition of CSR committee: The CSR committee of the directors comprising of Mr. Arun Sureka, Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Sajal Jain, Mr. Govind Parmar and Mrs. Sreelekha Jain
- 3. Average net profit of the company for last three financial years for the purpose of computation of CSR: Rs. 1863.35 Lakhs
- 4. Prescribed CSR Expenditure (two percent of the amount as in item 3 above): Rs. 37.27 Lakhs
- 5. Details of CSR spent during the financial year:
 - a) Total amount to be spent for the financial year: Rs. 37.27 Lakhs
 - b) Amount unspent: NIL
 - c) Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year: Attached
- 6. In case the company has failed to spend the two per cent of the average net profit of the last three financial years or any part thereof, the company shall provide the reason for not spending the amount in its Board report:

During the year, Company has spent more than two percent of the average net profit of the last three financial years.

7. A responsibility statement of the CSR committee that the implementation and monitoring of CSR policy, is in compliance with CSR objectives and policy of the Company:

We hereby declare that implementation and monitoring of the CSR policy are in compliance with CSR objectives and policy of the Company.

Sajal Jain Arun Sureka

Executive Director Chairman, CSR Committee

 $5 \ (c). Details \ of amount spent \ on \ CSR \ activities \ during \ the \ financial \ year \ 2019-20 \quad (Rs. in Lakhs)$

Sr. No.	CSR project or activityidenti fied/	Sector in which the project is covered	Project or programs (1) Local Area or other (2) specify the State and district where project was undertaken	Amount outlay (budget) Project or programs wise	Amount Spent on the project or programs Sub Heads: 1. Direct Expenditu re on project 2. Overhead	Cumul ative expen diture upto the report ing period	Amount Spent direct or through Implem enting Agency
1.	Providing Dialysis Machine to Public Hospital	Health & Hygiene	Mumbai, Maharashtra	6.52	6.52	6.52	Implem enting agency
2.	Distribution of food grain to poor and needy people	Eradicating Hunger	Mumbai, Maharashtra	3.00	3.00	3.00	Implem enting agency
3.	Distribution of food grain to poor and needy people	Eradicating Hunger	Mumbai, Maharashtra	3.00	3.00	3.00	Implem enting agency
4.	Promoting, enhancing tourism, recreation and socio- cultural development	Social business Project	Rajasthan Nathdwara	25.00	25.00	25.00	Implem enting agency
	Total	Spending	on CSR	37.52	37.52	37.52	



ANNEXURE II TO DIRECTOR'S REPORT

FORM NO. AOC -2

[Pursuant to Clause (h) of sub-section (3) of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arms- length transactions under third proviso thereto.

1. Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis.

- Name of the related party and nature of relationship: Not Applicable
- ii. Nature of contracts or arrangements or transactions: Not Applicable
- iii. Duration of the contracts/arrangements or transactions: Not Applicable
- iv. Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including value: Not Applicable
- v. Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions: Not Applicable
- vi. Date of approval by the Board: Not Applicable
- vii. Amount paid as advance, if any: Not Applicable
- viii. Date on which special Resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188: Not Applicable

2. Details of material contracts or arrangements or transactions at arm's length basis.

There were no material contract or arrangement or transactions entered into during the year ended 31st March 2020 crossing materiality threshold of 10% of the annual consolidated turnover of the company. The details of contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis for the year ended 31st March, 2020 is as follows:

- i. Name of the related party and nature of relationship: Mr. Saumya Jain, is son of Mr. Sajal Jain, Executive Director and Mrs. Sreelekha Jain, Non-Executive Director and grandson of Mr. S.K. Jain, Chairman & Managing Director.
- ii. Nature of contracts or arrangements or transactions: Appointed as Business Development Manager
- iii. Duration of the contracts/arrangements or transactions: 1st October, 2019, ongoing.
- iv. Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including value: Rs. 46.80 lakhs
- v. Justification for entering into such contracts or arrangements or transactions: Not Applicable
- vi. Date of approval by the Board: 29th May 2019
- vii. Amount paid as advance, if any: Nil
- viii. Date on which special Resolution was passed in general meeting as required under first proviso to section 188: 14th September 2019.

Annexure III

Form No. MGT-9 **EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN**

As on financial year ended 31st March, 2020

[Pursuant to section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS

CIN L24100MH1980PLC023177 i)

Registration Date 23-09-1980 ii)

Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited iii) Name of the Company

Category/Sub-Category of the Company Public Company/Limited by Shares iv)

Address of the Registered office & Contact Details 302, Link Rose, Linking Road, V)

> Santacruz (West), Mumbai -400 054 Tel-2648 9142 Fax-2648 9143

vi) Whether Listed Company Yes

vii) Name, Address and contact details of Registrar and Sharex Dynamic (India) Pvt Ltd Transfer Agent, if any

C-101, 247, Park, LBS Marg,

Vikhorili West Mumbai-400083 Tel-2851 5606/44 Fax-2851 2885

II PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:

Sr. No.	Name and description of main products/service	•	
1	Boric/Boron Products & other Chemicals	202-Manufacture of other chemicals products	100.00%

III PARTICUALRS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES

r. Name and address of the company o.	CIN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associates	snares	Applicable Section
Indo Borax Infrastructure Private Limited 302, Link Rose, Linking Road, Santacruz (West), Mumbai -400 054	U45400MH2009PTC197583	Subsidiary	100%	2(87)(ii)

6

IV SHAREHOLDING PATTERN (Equity share capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

i) Category-wise share holding

Category of Shareholders	No of Share	es held at tl	ne beginning	of the year	No of Shares held at the end of the year				% change during the year #
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	
A Promoters									
l Indian									
a) Individuals/HUF	17,78,342	-	17,78,342	55.42	17,78,342	-	17,78,342	55.42	-
b) Central Govt. c) State Govt.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) State Govt. d) Bodies Corporate	-	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	
e) Banks/FI	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
f) Any Other (Specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-Total (A) (1):-	1778342	_	1778342	55.42	1778342	_	1778342	55.42	_
2 Foreign									
a) NRI-Individuals	-	_	_	-	_	-	-	_	-
b) Others-Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
c) Bodies Corporate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
d) Banks/FI	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e) Other (Specify)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-Total (A) (2):-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total shareholding of Promoter									
A= A(1)+A (2)	17,78,342	-	17,78,342	55.42	17,78,342	-	17,78,342	55.42	-
B Public Shareholding 1 Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
b) Banks/FI	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	-
c) Central Govt.	2,14,268	-	2,14,268	6.68	2,24,693	-	2,24,693	7.00	0.32
d) State Govt.	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
e) Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
f) Insurance Companies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
g) FIIs h) Foreign Venture Capital Funds	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Others (Specify)	_	_	_	-	-	-	_	_	-
Sub-Total (B) (1):-	2,14,268	-	2,14,268	6.68	2,24,693	-	2,24,693	7.00	0.32
2 Non- Institutional									
a) Bodies Corporates									
i) Indian	63,787	12,200	75,987	2.37	55,489	11,700	67,189	2.09	(0.27)
ii) Overseas	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	`-
b) Individuals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
i) Individuals shareholders									
holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1 Lakh	7,50,014	1,46,800	8,96,814	27.95	7,55,200	1,25,700	8,80,900	27.45	(0.50)
ii) Individuals shareholders	1,00,014	1,40,000	0,00,014	41.30	1,00,400	1,20,100	0,00,000	21.40	(0.50)
holding nominal share capital									
in excess of Rs. 1 Lakh	1,50,846	-	1,50,846	4.70	1,61,580	-	1,61,580	5.04	0.33
c) Others (Speficy)- Clearing Members	4,264	-	4,264	0.13	2,341	-	2,341	0.07	(0.06)
Others (Speficy)- NRI	77,079	11,400	88,479	2.76	84,555	9,400	93,955	2.93	0.17
Sub-Total (B) (2):-	10,45,990	1,70,400	12,16,390	37.91	10,59,165	1,46,800	12,05,965	37.58	(0.32)
Total Public shareholding		•	•						` /
B = B(1) + B(2)	12,60,258	1,70,400	14,30,658	44.58	12,83,858	1,46,800	14,30,658	44.58	-
C Shares held by custodian for									
GDRs & ADRs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Grand Total (A + B + C)	30,38,600	1,70,400	32,09,000	100.00	30,62,200	1,46,800	32,09,000	100.00	-



ii) Shareholding of Promoters

Sr. No.	Shareholders Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year			Shar er	% change during the year		
		No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company	% of shares pledged/ encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company	% of shares pledged/ encumbered to total shares	
1	Sushilkumar Naimkumar Jain	7,99,244	24.906	-	7,99,244	24.906	-	-
2	Sajal Sushilkumar Jain	6,06,496	18.900	-	6,06,496	18.900	-	-
3	Sreelekha Sajal Jain	2,07,702	6.472	-	2,07,702	6.472	-	-
4	Saumya Sajal Jain	28,000	0.873	-	28,000	0.873	-	-
5	Sushilkumar Naimkumar Jain-HUF	46,400	1.446	-	46,400	1.446	-	-
6	Sajal Sushilkumar Jain-HUF	90,500	2.820	-	90,500	2.820	-	-
	Total	17,78,342	55.417	-	17,78,342	55.417	-	-

iii) Change in promoters shareholding (Please specify, if there is no change)

Sr. No			olding at the ng of the year		ding at the the year
		No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company
	At the beginning of the year	17,78,342	55.42	17,78,342	55.42
	Date wise increase/decrease in Promoters sharehlding during the year specifying the reasons for increase or decrese (e.g. allotment/transfer/bonus/ sweat equity etc.	-	ı	-	-
	At the end of the year	17,78,342	55.42	17,78,342	55.42

iv) Shareholding pattern of top ten shareholders (Other than directors, Promoters and holders of ADRs and GDRs):

Sr.	Name	Sharehol	lding	Date	Increase	Reason	Cumn	nulative
No		No. of	% of total		/Decrese in		No. of	% of total
		Shares at the	shares		Shareholding		Shares	shares
		beginning	of the					of the
		(01/04/19)/	company					company
		End of the year						
		(31/03/20)						
1	Investors	2,14,268	6.677	01-04-2019			2,14,268	6.677
	Education &			10-05-2019	(200)	Transfer	2,14,068	6.671
	Protection			21-06-2019	(300)	Transfer	2,13,768	6.662
	Fund Authority,			25-10-2019	11,525	Transfer	2,25,293	7.021
	MCA			01-11-2019	200	Transfer	2,25,493	7.027
				31-01-2020	(300)	Transfer	2,25,193	7.018
				27-03-2020	(500)	Transfer	2,24,693	7.002
		2,24,693	7.002	31-03-2020	-		2,24,693	7.002

1	•
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2										_
12-04-2019	2	Rajiv Garg	61,600	1.920	01-04-2019	-		61,600	1.920	
Record 10-08-2019 100							Buy	-	1.927	
Record 1.981 1.406.2019 1.00 1.981 1.984					12-04-2019	557	Buy	62,400	1.945	
14-06-2019							_	-		
1.962 2.106.2019 2.50 Buy 62.950 1.962 1.962 1.962 1.962 1.962 1.962 1.962 1.962 1.962 1.962 1.963 1.963 1.963 1.962 1.962 1.962 1.962 1.962 1.963 1.963 1.963 1.963 1.963 1.962 1							_	-		
Second Color							Buy	-		
19-07-2019							_	-		
Record R							_	-		
Buy 63,700 1.985 2.308-2019 300 Buy 64,000 1.994 31-03-2020 - 64,000 1.994 31-03-2020 - 64,000 1.994 31-03-2020 - 64,000 1.994 31-03-2020 - 64,000 1.994 31-03-2020 - 64,000 1.994 31-03-2020 - No Change 43,568 1.358 31-03-2020 - No Change 25,654 0.759 0.559							_	-		
Second Prabhuraj Samura							_	-		
Second Color							-	-		
3 Anushri			64.000	1 004		300	виу	-		
Anand Jain		π 1 ·				-				1
Anju	3		-			-	No Change	•		
Anand Jain						-	No Change			┨
September Sept	4	-	17,245	0.537		-		-		
Second		Anand Jain					- 1	-		
5 Dr Ramesh Chimanlal 18,000 0.561 01-04-2019 (75) Sold (17,925) 0.559 Chimanlal Shah 17,925 0.589 31-03-2020 - 17,925 0.589 Prabhuraj Shankar 13,300 0.414 01-04-2019 - 13,300 0.420 Hiremath 13,500 0.421 31-03-2020 - Buy 13,500 0.421 T Deepa Prabhuraj Hiremath 12,121 0.378 01-04-2019 - No Change 12,121 0.348 Hiremath 12,121 0.378 31-03-2020 - No Change 12,121 0.348 Hiremath 12,121 0.378 31-03-2020 - No Change 12,121 0.348 Shares & Stock Brokers 12,101 0.374 01-04-2019 - 12,000 0.374 Pvt Ltd 12,000 0.374 31-03-2020 - No Change 12,100 0.374 10,000 0.374 31-03-2020 - 12,000 0.374			05.054	0.700		5,769	Buy	-		
Chimanlal Shah 17,925 0.559 31-03-2020 - 17,925 0.559 5.559			25,654	0.799		-		25,654		4
Shah 17,925 0.559 31-03-2020 - 17,925 0.559	5		18,000	0.561		-		-		
B						(75)	Sold	-		
Shankar Hiremath 13,500 0.421 31-12-2019 25 Buy 13,475 0.420 13,1500 0.421 31-12-2019 25 Buy 13,500 0.421 31,500 0.378 31-03-2020 -		Shah	17,925	0.559	31-03-2020	-		17,925	0.559	1
Hiremath 13,500 0.421 31-03-2020 25 Buy 13,500 0.421 31-03-2020 13,500 0.421 31,500 0.421 31-03-2020 13,500 0.421 31,500 0.378 31,003-2020 -	6	Prabhuraj	13,300	0.414	01-04-2019	-		13,300	0.382	
Taylor T		Shankar			04-10-2019	175	Buy	13,475	0.420	
Toleopa Prabhuraj 12,121		Hiremath			13-12-2019	25	Buy	13,500	0.421	
Hiremath 12,121 0.378 31-03-2020 - No Change 12,121 0.378			13,500	0.421	31-03-2020			13,500	0.421	
B P Suryakant Shares & Stock Brokers Pvt Ltd	7	Deepa Prabhuraj	12,121	0.378	01-04-2019	-		12,121	0.348	
Shares & Stock Brokers Shores & Stock Brokers Pvt Ltd Stock Brokers 22-11-2019 50 Buy 12,050 0.376 22-11-2019 50 Buy 12,100 0.377 29-11-2019 (100) Sold 12,000 0.374 14-02-2020 11 Buy 12,011 0.374 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000		Hiremath	12,121	0.378	31-03-2020	-	No Change	12,121	0.378	
Shares & Stock Brokers Shores & Stock Brokers Pvt Ltd Stock Brokers 22-11-2019 50 Buy 12,050 0.376 22-11-2019 50 Buy 12,100 0.377 29-11-2019 (100) Sold 12,000 0.374 14-02-2020 11 Buy 12,011 0.374 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000 12,000	8	P Suryakant	12,000	0.374	01-04-2019	-		12,000	0.374	1
Pvt Ltd Pvt Ltd 29-11-2019 (100) Sold 12,000 0.374 14-02-2020 11 Buy 12,011 0.374 21-02-2020 (11) Sold 12,000 0.374 12,000 0.374 31-03-2020 - 10,433 0.300 Toraskar 10,433 0.325 01-04-2019 - 10,433 0.325 Rohan 6,850 0.213 01-04-2019 243 Buy 7,093 0.221 Rohan Anirudha Seolekar 26-04-2019 53 Buy 7,146 0.223 26-04-2019 434 Buy 7,580 0.236 26-04-2019 434 Buy 7,580 0.236 03-05-2019 193 Buy 7,773 0.242 10-05-2019 727 Buy 8,500 0.265 17-05-2019 200 Buy 8,700 0.271 14-06-2019 300 Buy 9,000 0.280 21-06-2019 279 Buy 9,279 0.289 29-06-2019 323 Buy 9,602 0.299 29-06-2019 323 Buy 10,000 0.312 10,000 0.312 31-03-2020 10,000 0.312 11 Bijal 9,000 0.280 01-04-2019 9,000 0.280					15-11-2019	50	Buy	12,050	0.376	
14-02-2020		Stock Brokers			22-11-2019	50	_	12,100	0.377	
12,000		Pvt Ltd			29-11-2019	(100)	Sold	12,000	0.374	
Deenar Krishnarao					14-02-2020	11	Buy	12,011	0.374	
9 Deenar Krishnarao Toraskar 10,433 0.325 01-04-2019 - No Change 10,433 0.300 10,433 0.325 01-04-2019 No Change 10,433 0.325 01-04-2019 No Change 10,433 0.325 01-04-2019 Significant 10,433 0.300 0.325 01-04-2019 Significant 10,433 0.300 No Change 10,433 0.325 01-04-2019 Significant 10,433 0.300 No Change 10,433 0.325 01-04-2019 Significant 10,433 0.325 No Change 10,434					21-02-2020	(11)	Sold	12,000	0.374	
Toraskar 10,433 0.325 31-03-2020 No Change 10,433 0.325 10 Rohan 6,850 0.213 01-04-2019 243 Buy 7,093 0.221 Seolekar 12-04-2019 53 Buy 7,146 0.223 26-04-2019 434 Buy 7,580 0.236 03-05-2019 193 Buy 7,773 0.242 10-05-2019 727 Buy 8,500 0.265 17-05-2019 200 Buy 8,700 0.271 14-06-2019 300 Buy 9,000 0.280 21-06-2019 279 Buy 9,279 0.289 29-06-2019 323 Buy 9,602 0.299 29-06-2019 398 Buy 10,000 0.312 10,000 0.312 10,000 0.280 10,000 0.312 1 18 Bijal 9,000 0.280 01-04-2019 9,000 0.280			12,000	0.374	31-03-2020	-		12,000	0.374	
10 Rohan Anirudha Seolekar 12-04-2019	9	Deenar Krishnarao	10,433	0.325	01-04-2019	-		10,433	0.300	
Anirudha Seolekar Anirudha Seol		Toraskar	10,433	0.325	31-03-2020		No Change	10,433	0.325	1
Seolekar 12-04-2019 53 Buy 7,146 0.223 26-04-2019 434 Buy 7,580 0.236 03-05-2019 193 Buy 7,773 0.242 10-05-2019 727 Buy 8,500 0.265 17-05-2019 200 Buy 8,700 0.271 14-06-2019 300 Buy 9,000 0.280 21-06-2019 279 Buy 9,279 0.289 29-06-2019 323 Buy 9,602 0.299 26-07-2019 398 Buy 10,000 0.312 11 Bijal 9,000 0.280 01-04-2019 9,000 0.280	10		6,850	0.213	01-04-2019			6,850		
26-04-2019 434 Buy 7,580 0.236 03-05-2019 193 Buy 7,773 0.242 10-05-2019 727 Buy 8,500 0.265 17-05-2019 200 Buy 8,700 0.271 14-06-2019 300 Buy 9,000 0.280 21-06-2019 279 Buy 9,279 0.289 29-06-2019 323 Buy 9,602 0.299 26-07-2019 398 Buy 10,000 0.312 10,000 0.312 31-03-2020 9,000 0.280					05-04-2019	243	Buy	7,093	0.221	
03-05-2019 193 Buy 7,773 0.242 10-05-2019 727 Buy 8,500 0.265 17-05-2019 200 Buy 8,700 0.271 14-06-2019 300 Buy 9,000 0.280 21-06-2019 279 Buy 9,279 0.289 29-06-2019 323 Buy 9,602 0.299 26-07-2019 398 Buy 10,000 0.312 10,000 0.312 31-03-2020 10,000 0.312 11 Bijal 9,000 0.280 01-04-2019 9,000 0.280		Seolekar					_	-		l
10-05-2019 727 Buy 8,500 0.265 17-05-2019 200 Buy 8,700 0.271 14-06-2019 300 Buy 9,000 0.280 21-06-2019 279 Buy 9,279 0.289 29-06-2019 323 Buy 9,602 0.299 26-07-2019 398 Buy 10,000 0.312 10,000 0.312 31-03-2020 10,000 0.312							_	-		
17-05-2019 200 Buy 8,700 0.271 14-06-2019 300 Buy 9,000 0.280 21-06-2019 279 Buy 9,279 0.289 29-06-2019 323 Buy 9,602 0.299 26-07-2019 398 Buy 10,000 0.312 10,000 0.312 31-03-2020 10,000 0.312 11 Bijal 9,000 0.280 01-04-2019 9,000 0.280							_	-		
14-06-2019 300 Buy 9,000 0.280 21-06-2019 279 Buy 9,279 0.289 29-06-2019 323 Buy 9,602 0.299 26-07-2019 398 Buy 10,000 0.312 10,000 0.312 31-03-2020 10,000 0.312							_			I
21-06-2019 279 Buy 9,279 0.289 29-06-2019 323 Buy 9,602 0.299 26-07-2019 398 Buy 10,000 0.312 10,000 0.312 31-03-2020 9,000 0.312							_			
29-06-2019 323 Buy 9,602 0.299 26-07-2019 398 Buy 10,000 0.312 10,000 0.312 31-03-2020 10,000 0.312 11 Bijal 9,000 0.280 01-04-2019 9,000 0.280							_	-		
26-07-2019 398 Buy 10,000 0.312 10,000 0.312 11 Bijal 9,000 0.280 01-04-2019 9,000 0.280							_	-		
10,000 0.312 31-03-2020 10,000 0.312 11 Bijal 9,000 0.280 01-04-2019 9,000 0.280							_	-		
11 Bijal 9,000 0.280 01-04-2019 9,000 0.280				<u> </u>		398	Buy	-		
			10,000	0.312	31-03-2020			10,000	0.312	-
Suresh Dalal 9,000 0.280 31-03-2020 No Change 9,000 0.280	11		•							
		Suresh Dalal	9,000	0.280	31-03-2020		No Change	9,000	0.280]

v) Shareholding of Director & Key Managerial Personnel

Sr.	Name	Sharehol	ding	Date	Increase	Reason	Cumm	ulative
No		No. of Shares at the beginning (01/04/19)/ End of the year (31/03/20)	% of total shares of the company		/ Decrese in Shareholing		No. of Shares	% of total shares of the company
1	Sushil Kumar Jain Chairman & Managing Director	7,99,244	24.91	01-04-2019 31-03-2020		Nil Movement during the year	7,99,244 7,99,244	24.906 24.906
2	Sajal Jain Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer	6,06,496	18.90	01-04-2019 31-03-2020	-	Nil Movement during the year	6,06,496	18.900
4	Sreelekha Jain Non Executive Director	2,07,702	6.47	01-04-2019 31-03-2020	-	Nil Movement during the year	2,07,702	6.472
5	Arun Sureka Non Executive Director	50	0.002	01-04-2019 31-03-2020	-	Nil Movement during the year	- 50	0.00
6	Narendra Kumar Mittal Non Executive Director	-	-	01-04-2019 31-03-2020	-	Nil Holding	-	-
7	Govind Parmar Non Executive Director	- -	-	01-04-2019 31-03-2020	-	Nil Holding	-	-
8	Pravin Chavan Company Secretary	10	0.001	01-04-2019 31-03-2020	-	Nil Movement during the year	- 10	0.00

V INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the company including interest outstading/accrued but not due for payment

Amount In Lakhs

				Amount in Lakns.
	Secured Loan	Unsecured	Deposits	Total
	excluding deposit	Loans		Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of				
the financial year (01/04/2019)				
i) Principal Amount	-	-	-	-
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i + ii + iii)	ı	ı	-	-
Change in indebtedness				
during the financial year				
Addition	-	-	-	-
Deduction	-	-	-	-
Net Change	-	-	-	-
Indebtedness at the end of the				
financial year (31/03/2020)				
i) Principal Amount	-	-	-	-
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-			
Total (i + ii + iii)	-	-	-	-

VI REMUNERATION TO DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole Time Director

Amount In Lakhs.

Sr. No	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of the	MD/WTD	Total Amount
		S K Jain	Sajal Jain #	
1	Gross Salary a) Salary as per provisions contained in Section 17(1) of Income Tax Act, 1961	33.60	33.60	67.20
	b) Value of perquisites under section 17(2) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 c) Profit in liew of salary under section	5.11	1.84	6.95
2	17(3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	-	-	-
3	Stock Option Sweat Equity Commission	-	-	-
	-as % of profit -others	80.52	83.79	164.31
5	Others	-	-	-
	Total (A)	119.23	119.23	238.46
	Ceiling as per Act	10% of Ne Section 198 o	t Profit calcul f the Compar	ated as per nies Act, 2013

[#] Mr. Sajal Jain, is a Whole Time Director and Chief Financial Officer of the company

B Remuneration to other Directors:

Amount In Lakhs.

Sr.	Particulars of Remuneration		Name of the	e Directors		Total		
No.		Amount						
		Arun Sureka	N K Mittal	Govind	Sreelekha			
				Parmar	Jain			
1	Indipendent Directors							
	- Fees for attending board/							
	Committee Meetings	0.54	0.39	0.57		1.50		
	- Commission	-	-	-	-	-		
	- Others	-	-	-	-	-		
	Total (1)	0.54	0.39	0.57	-	1.50		
2	Other Non-Executive Director							
	- Fees for attending board/							
	Committee Meetings	-	-	-	0.30	0.30		
	- Commission	-	-	-	-	-		
	- Others	-	-	-	-	-		
	Total (2)	-	-	-	0.30	0.30		
	Total $(B) = (1) + (2)$	0.54 0.39 0.57 0.30 1.80						
	Ceiling as per Act	The sitting fees paid to above diretors is within the limits prescribed						
		under section 1	97 of the Comp	panies Act, 20	013			

C Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/WTD

Amount In Lakhs.

Sr. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Key Manageria Pravin C (Company S	havan	Total Amount
1	Gross Salary			
a)	Salary as per provisions contained			
	in section $17(1)$ of the Income Tax			
	Act, 1961	25.36		25.36
b)	Value of perquisites $u/s 17(2)$ of the			
	Income Tax Act, 1961	2.39		2.39
c)	Profits in lieu of salary u/s 17(3) of			
	the Income Tax Act, 1961	-		-
2	Stock Option	-		-
3	Sweat Equity	-		-
4	Commission			
	- As percentage of Profit	-		-
	-other, specify	-		-
5	Others, Specify	-		-
	Total	27.75		27.75

VII PENALTIES/PUNISHMENT/COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES

There were no penalties/punishment/compounding of offences for the year ending 31st March, 2020



REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

1. COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company's philosophy is to conduct its affairs in a manner which is transparent, clear and evident to those having dealings with or having a stake in the Company, namely shareholders, lenders, creditors and employees. The Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance is thus concerned with the ethics and values of the Company and its Directors, who are expected to act in the best interest of the Company and remain accountable to shareholders and other beneficiaries for their action.

The Company is in compliance with the requirements stipulated under SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosures Requirements) Regulation, 2015, ("SEBI Listing Regulations") as applicable, with regard to Corporate Governance.

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board of Directors comprises of Chairman cum Managing Director, Vice Chairman cum Executive Director and four Non-Executive Directors of which three are Independent Directors. Since the Chairman is executive, the Board's composition meets with the stipulated requirement of at least half of the board comprising Independent Directors.

Independent Directors are non-executive directors as defined under Regulation 16(1) (b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 149(6) of the Act. The maximum tenure of the independent directors is in compliance with the Act. All the independent directors have confirmed that they meet the criteria of independence as mentioned under regulation 16 (1) (b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and Section 149(6) of the Act.

During the year a separate meeting of the independent directors was held inter-alia to review the performance of the non-independent directors and the board as a whole.

During the financial year 2019-20 the Board of Directors met 8 times on the following dates: 29-May-2019, 13-Aug-2019, 14-Sep-2019, 04-Nov-2019, 11-Nov-2019,6-Dec-2019, 13-Feb-2020 and 12-Mar-2020.

Attendance of each Director at the Board Meetings and last Annual General Meeting:

Name of	Relationship	Category*	Designati	No. of	Atten	No. of Director	No. of
Director	with other		on	Board	dance	ships in other	Chairma
	Directors			Meetings	at last	Boards	nship/Me
				Attended	AGM	(Excluding	mbershi
						alternate	p in other
						Directorship	Board
						and private	Committ
						companies) **	ees
Mr. S. K.	Father of Mr.	Promoter	Chairman	7	Yes	Nil	Nil
Jain	Sajal Jain &	& E.D	&				
	father in law		Managing				
	of Mrs.		Director				
	Sreelekha						
	Jain						
Mr. Sajal	Son of Mr. S.	E.D	Vice-	7	Yes	Nil	Nil
Jain	K. Jain. &		Chairman				
	husband of		&				
	Mrs.		Executive				
	Sreelekha		Director,				
	Jain		CFO				

INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED

Mrs.	Wife of Mr.	N.E.D.	Director	7	Yes	Nil	Nil
Sreelekha	Sajal Jain &						
Jain	daughter-in-						
	law of Mr. S.						
	K. Jain						
Mr. Arun	None	I & N.E.D	Director	8	Yes	Nil	Nil
Sureka							
Mr. N. K.	None	I & N.E.D	Director	7	Yes	Nil	Nil
Mittal							
Mr. G. R.	None	I & N.E.D	Director	8	Yes	Nil	Nil
Parmar							

- *E.D. Executive Director, N.E.D Non Executive Director, I Independent
- ** Includes the Public Company and Foreign Company but exclude Private and Section 8 Company.
- The directors familiarization program imparted to Independent Directors are available on the website of the company www.indoborax.com
- Details of equity shares of the Company held by the Directors as on 31st March, 2020 are given below:

Mr. S. K. Jain	Mr. Arun Sureka	Mrs. Sreelekha Jain	Mr. Sajal Jain
7,99,244	50	2,07,702	6,06,496

- The gap between two meetings did not exceed one hundred and twenty days.
- The terms and conditions of appointment of the Independent Directors are disclosed on the website of the Company.

• Code of Conduct

The Board has laid down a code of conduct of Business and Ethics for Board Members and Senior Management staff of the company and the same is available on company's website. The Board Members and Senior Management staff have affirmed compliance with the said code of conduct.

3. Audit Committee:

- a) The audit committee of the Company is constituted in line with the provisions of Regulation 18 of SEBI Listing Regulations, read with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- b) The terms of reference of the audit committee are broadly as under:
 - Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statements are correct.
 - Approval of payment to statutory auditors for any other services rendered by the statutory auditors.
 - Reviewing, with the management, the annual financial statements and auditors report thereon before submission to the board for approval.
 - Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly financial statements before submission to the board for approval.
 - Approval or any subsequent modification or transactions of the company with related party.
 - Evaluation of internal financial controls.
 - Establish a vigil mechanism for directors and employees to report genuine concerns in such manner as may be prescribed.

- Review the information required as per SEBI Listing Regulations.
- c) The composition of Audit Committee and the details of the meeting attended by the Directors are given below:

Name of Member	Designation	No. of Committee meetings held	Attendance
Mr. Arun Sureka	Chairman	6	6
Mr. Narendra K. Mittal	Member	6	5
Mr. Govind Parmar	Member	6	6
Mr. Sajal Jain	Member	6	6

During the year under review, Audit Committee met 6 times on the following dates: 29-May-2019, 13-Aug-2019, 14-Sept-2019, 04-Nov-2019, 11-Nov-2019 and 13-Feb-2020.

4. Nomination and Remuneration Committee:

- i. Pursuant to Section 178 (1) of the Companies Act, 2013, the company has the Nomination and Remuneration Committee.
- ii. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee comprised of three independent directors' viz. Mr. Arun Sureka (Chairman), Mr. N. K. Mittal (Member) and Mr. Govind Parmar (Member).

Name of Member	Designation	No. of Committee meetings held	Attendance
Mr. Arun Sureka	Chairman	1	1
Mr. Narendra K. Mittal	Member	1	-
Mr. Govind Parmar	Member	1	1

Nomination and Remuneration Committee met once on 13-Feb-2020.

- iii. The broad terms of the role of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee are as under:
 - 1. Recommend to the Board its composition, the set up and composition of the committees.
 - 2. Recommend to board a policy relating to the remuneration of the directors, key managerial and senior managerial personnel.
 - 3. Formulate criteria for evaluation of every director's performance
 - 4. Devising policy on board diversity.
 - 5. Recommend to the board appointment, removal of Director, KMP and Senior Management Personnel.
 - 6. Succession planning for replacing Key Executives and overseeing.
 - 7. Any other matter as board may decide from time to time.
- iv. Performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors:

The performance evaluation criteria for independent directors is determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The evaluation of Directors carried out on the basis of factors like participation and contribution by director, commitment, effective deployment of knowledge and expertise, relationship with stakeholders, integrity and confidentiality and independence of judgment and behavior.

v. Remuneration Policy:

The remuneration policy of the company enable to attract, retain and motivate employees to achieve results.

The non-executive directors (including independent directors) will receive remuneration by way of fees for attending meeting of boards or committee thereof, as decided by the committee from time to time subject to the limits defined under the Companies Act, 2013 and rules.



The remuneration of the Managing Director & Executive Director are determine by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, comprising of three independent directors. The commission payable to Managing Director & Executive Director is directly linked with the performance of the company. The commission payable to them is governed by the member's resolution. The commission is payable after approval of the accounts by shareholders in the Annual General Meeting.

The Company does not have any Employee Stock Option Scheme.

Annual Remuneration payable to employees comprises two parts-salary component and bonus component based on the extent of achievement of the individuals and the performance of the business unit.

vi. Directors' Remuneration during 2019-20

(Rs. In Lakhs)

Name of Director	Salary & HRA		Commi ssion	Meeting Fees	Total	Service Contract, Notice Period, Severance Fees
Mr. S. K. Jain	33.60	5.11	80.52	Nil	119.23	Contractual-retirement by rotation
Mr. Sajal Jain	33.60	1.84	83.79	Nil	119.23	Contractual-retirement by rotation*
Mrs. Sreelekha Jain				0.30	0.30	Retirement by Rotation
Mr. Arun Sureka				0.54	0.54	-
Mr. N. K. Mittal				0.39	0.39	1
Mr. G. R. Parmar				0.57	0.57	-

- 1. The Company has taken Group Gratuity Policy and contribution for the Managing Director& Executive Director, is not separately determined hence not included above.
- 2. Service contract of the Managing Directories for 5 years w.e.f. 01.04.2017, which may be terminated by six months' notice by either side. Service contract for Executive Director is also for 5 years w.e.f. 26.05.2018, which may be terminated by six months' notice by either side.
- 3. Mrs. Sreelekha Jain, Director, retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offer herself for re-appointment.

5. Stakeholders Relationship Committee:

Pursuant to Section 178(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 20 of SEBI Listing Regulation, the company has formed "Stakeholders Relationship Committee". The Committee specifically looks into the redressal of Shareholders / Investors Grievances, if any, like grievances not addressed or Non-receipt of Annual Report/dividend warrants etc. and other related issues.

The composition of Shareholders' Grievances Committee and the details of the meeting attended by the Directors are given below:

Name of Member	Designation	No. of Committee meetings held	Attendance
Narendra K. Mittal	Chairman	1	-
Arun Sureka	Member	1	1
Sreelekha Jain	Member	1	1

During the year under review, the Committee met 1 time on following date: 13-Feb-2020. At the year-end there were no grievances pending against company.

- Number of Complaints received during the year ended 31.03.2020 –7, Number of Complaints not resolved up to 31st March 2020 Nil, Number of Share Transfers pending as on 31.03.2020 –Nil, Number of Share Transfers pending for more than 30 days as on 31.03.2020 Nil
- Name & Designation of Compliance Officer

 Mr. Pravin Chavan-Company Secretary & Compliance
 Officer

6. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee:

Pursuant to Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, committee was formed by the Board of Directors as "Corporate Social Responsibility Committee".

The composition of Corporate Social Responsibility Committee and the details of the meeting attended by the Directors are given below:

Name of Member	Designation	No. of Committee meetings held	Attendance
Arun Sureka	Chairman	2	2
Govind Parmar	Member	2	2
Sajal Jain	Member	2	2
Sreelekha Jain	Member	2	2

During the year under review, the Committee met 2 times on following dates: 04-Nov-2019 and on 13-Feb-2020.

7. General Body Meetings:

a) Annual General Meeting

The last three Annual General Meetings were held as under:

Financial Year	Date	Time	Venue	No. of Special Resolutions
2016-17	19.08.2017	1.00 p.m.	S.N.D.T. University Juhu, Mumbai	NIL
2017-18	25.08.2018	1.00 p.m.	S.N.D.T. University Juhu, Mumbai	1
2018-19	14.09.2019	1.00 p.m.	S.N.D.T. University Juhu, Mumbai	4

b) Postal Ballot

During the year company has not passed any resolution through Postal Ballot.

8. Other Disclosures:

- i. There were no transactions of material nature with the Promoters, Directors or the Management, subsidiaries or relatives etc. that may have potential conflict with the interest of the Company at large. For details of related party transactions refer financial accounts.
- ii. There were no instances of non-compliance nor have any penalties, strictures been imposed by Stock Exchange or SEBI or any other statutory authority during the last three years on any matter related to Capital markets.
- iii. The board has approved a policy for related party transactions which has been uploaded on the Company's website http://www.indoborax.com/images/IBCL-RPT-Policy-01-04-2019.pdf. The related party transactions have been approved by the Audit Committee.
- iv. The Whistle Blower policy is in place, and it is hereby affirmed that no personnel has been denied access to the audit committee. The said policy has been uploaded on the website of the company.
- v. The Company has also adopted Policy on determination of material subsidiary, which has been uploaded on the Company's website http://www.indoborax.com/images/pdf/Policy-on-Determination-of-Materialily-for-disclosure-of-events-or-information-1st-April-2019.pdfThe Company has complied with the mandatory requirements. It has fulfilled the following discretionary requirements as prescribed in Schedule II of Part E of the SEBI Listing Regulations:
 - 1. The auditor's report on statutory financial statements of the company are unmodified.
 - 2. Separate posts of Chairperson and Chief Executive Officer: The office of Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the company are held by different individuals.

INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED

vi. The company has adopted a policy on determination of materiality for disclosures.

vii. The members of the board and senior management personnel have affirmed compliance with the code of conduct applicable to them. The certificate by the Chief Executive and the Managing Director is part of this report.

9. <u>Declaration regarding compliance by board members and senior management personnel with the Company's Code of conduct:</u>

The members of the board and senior management personnel have affirmed the compliance with Code applicable to them during the year ended 31st March, 2020. The annual report of the Company contains a certificate by the Managing Director and CEO in terms of SEBI Listing Regulations on the compliance declarations received from Independent Directors, Non-executive Directors and Senior Management.

10. Means of Communication:

The Company communicates with its shareholders on an annual basis through the Annual Report. The quarterly, half-yearly, nine monthly and yearly results are published in newspaper –Free Press Journal in English language & in Navshakti in Marathi.

- No presentations have been made to institutional investors or to the analysts.
- The Management Discussion and Analysis Report forms part of Directors Report.

As required, information relating to quarterly financial results, shareholding pattern etc. were provided to BSE Ltd and is available on website www.indoborax.com&www.bseindia.com

11. General Information for Shareholder:

a. Annual General Meeting

The Company is conducting meeting through VC/OAVM pursuant to the MCA circular dated May 5, 2020 and as such there is no requirement to have a venue for the AGM. For details please refer notice of this AGM.

b. Record Date/Book Closure date : 19th September, 2020 to 26th September, 2020

(both days inclusive)

c. Dividend payment Date : Dividend, if declared, shall be paid/credited on or

after 30thSeptember, 2020

d. Listing on Stock Exchanges : BSE Ltd, (BSE) Mumbai,

(The Kolkatta Stock Exchange Ltd. -Delisting confirmation from The Kolkatta Stock Exchange

is still awaited)

e. Stock Code : 524342 - BSE Limited.

f. Depositories: NSDL and CDSLg. ISIN No.: INE803D01013

h. Listing Fees for 2019-20 : Paid for the BSE Ltd.

I. Custodial Fees to Depositories : Annual Custody fees for the financial year 2020-21

paid to NSDL &CDSL.

j. Corporate Identity Number : L24100MH1980PLC023177

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k. Monthly high / low price at The Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd. (Financial Year 2019-20):

Month	High (Rs)	Low (Rs)	BSE Sensex High	BSE Sensex Low
April -2019	428.15	391.85	39,275.64	38,564.88
May-2019	426.25	375.10	39,831.97	37,090.82
June-2019	441.30	385.40	40,267.62	38,960.79
July-2019	424.70	351.20	39,908.06	37,397.24
August-2019	385.80	339.75	37,641.27	36,472.93
September-2019	401.85	357.05	39,097.14	36,093.47
October-2019	387.60	355.80	40,129.05	37,531.98
November-2019	388.95	340.60	41,130.17	40,116.06
December-2019	366.55	322.80	41,681.54	40,239.88
January-2020	385.20	346.90	41,952.63	40,676.63
February-2020	363.70	315.05	41,565.90	38,297.29
March-2020	324.65	153.70	38,623.70	25,981.24

1. Registrar and Transfer (R&T) Agents:

Sharex Dynamic (India) Pvt. Ltd, C-101, 247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli (W), Mumbai – 400 083, Ph. +91-22-28515606/28515644, E-mail: support@sharexindia.com

m. Share Transfer System:

Presently, fortnightly cycle is followed for processing physical transfer requests and Share transfers. The directors or designated officers are authorized severally to approve transfers, which are noted at subsequent Board Meeting. The company obtains from a Company Secretary in Practice, half-yearly certificate of compliance with the share transfer formalities as required under listing regulation and file a copy of the said certificate with Stock Exchange.

n. Dematerialization of Shares:

As on 31-Mar-2020, 30,62,200 equity shares representing 95.43% of the Company's paid-up equity share capital is held in electronic form.

During the year under review, the Company's equity shares have been actively traded on BSE Limited.

o. Distribution of Shareholding as on 31-Mar-2020: Shareholding Pattern as on 31-Mar-2020

Number of equity shares held		No. of Share holders	%	No. Of Shares	%	
1	-	100	3216	70.19	180809	5.63
101	-	200	600	13.09	105938	3.30
201	-	500	444	9.69	161748	5.04
501	-	1000	169	3.69	127050	3.96
1001	-	5000	110	2.40	241825	7.54
5001	-	10000	28	0.61	189394	5.90
10001	-	100000	11	0.24	364101	11.35
100001	&	Above	4	0.09	1838135	57.28
Total			4582	100.00	3209000	100.00
In Physical Form					146800	4.57
In Electronic Form					3062200	95.43

Sr. No.	Category of Holders	No. of Shares	% to Total Shares
1	Indian Promoters	17,78,342	55.42
2	Non- Residents/FIIs/ OCBs	93,955	2.93
3	Other Corporate Bodies	67,189	2.09
4	Indian Public	10,42,480	32.49
5	Clearing Members	2,341	0.07
6	IEPF Account	2,24,693	7.00
	Total	32,09,000	100.00



p. Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any Convertible instruments:

The Company has not issued any GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any Convertible instruments.

q. Location of Plant Facilities:

Plant locations: Plot No. 43 to 46, 47A, 48, 48A, Industrial Estate, Sector II, Pithampur-454 775. (M.P.)

r. Address for Correspondence:

Pravin Chavan

Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Indo Borax & Chemicals Ltd., 302, Link Rose, Linking Road, Santacruz (West), Mumbai - 400 054,

Ph No: +91-22-26489142; Fax No. +91-22-26489143

Email: compliance of ficer@indoborax.com

s. Unclaimed Dividend Amounts:

Pursuant to Section 124 and 125 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("IEPF Rules"), dividends, if not claimed for a consecutive period of 7 years from the date of transfer to Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company, are liable to be transferred to the Investors Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF").

Further, all the shares in respect of which dividend has remained unclaimed for seven consecutive years or more from the date of transfer to unpaid dividend account shall also be transferred to IEPF Authority. The said requirement does not apply to shares in respect of which there is a specific order of Court, Tribunal or statutory authority, restraining any transfer of shares.

In the interest of shareholders, the Company send notices to the shareholders to claim their dividend in order to avoid transfer of dividend/shares to IEPF Authority. Notices in this regard also published in the newspapers and the details of unclaimed dividend and shareholders whose shares are liable to be transferred to the IEPF Authority, are uploaded on the Company's website.

In light of aforesaid provisions, the company has during the year under review, transferred to IEPF the unclaimed dividends, outstanding for seven consecutive years. Further, shares of the Company in respect of which dividend has not been claimed for seven consecutive years or more, have also been transferred to the demat account of IEPF Authority.

The details of unclaimed dividend and shares transferred to IEPF during the year 2019-20 are as follows:

Financial Year	Amount of unclaimed dividend transferred (Rs. In Lakhs)	Number of shares transferred	
2011-12	6.06	11925	

The members who have a claim on above dividends and shares may claim the same from IEPF Authority by submitting an online application in the prescribed Form No. IEPF-5 available on the website of www.iepf.gov.in and sending a physical copy of the same, duly signed to the Company, along with requisite documents enumerated in the Form No. IEPF-5. No claims shall lie against the Company in respect of the dividend/shares so transferred. The Members/claimants can file only one consolidated claim in a financial year as per the IEPF Rules.



Information in respect of various outstanding dividends and the date by which they can be claimed by the shareholder from the Company are as follows:

Financial Year	Amount outstanding as on 31.03.2020 (Rs. in Lakhs)	Due for transfer to IEPF on
2012-2013	7.18	25/09/2020
2013-2014	5.56	31/10/2021
2014-2015	4.59	25/09/2022
2015-2016	4.67	16/09/2023
2016-2017	4.48	22/09/2024
2017-2018	1.66	27/09/2025
2018-2019	1.23	18/10/2026

Members who have not encashed their dividend warrants pertaining to the aforesaid years may approach the company/its registrar, for obtaining payments thereof at least 20 days before they are due for transfer to the said fund.

t. Disclosures with respect to demat suspense account/unclaimed suspense account: There are no shares in any demat suspense account or unclaimed suspense account.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Mumbai July 23, 2020 S. K. Jain

Managing Director

(INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED

To, The Members Of INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LTD., 302, Link Rose, Linking Road, Santacruz (West), MUMBAI – 400 054.

It is hereby certified and confirmed that as provided in SEBI Listing Regulations with the stock exchange, the Board members and the Senior Management personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance with the Code of conduct of the Company for the financial year ended 31st March, 2020.

For INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LTD

(S.K. Jain) Managing Director

Mumbai July 23, 2020

The Board of Directors Indo Borax & Chemicals Ltd., 302, Link Rose, Linking Road, Santacruz (West), Mumbai – 400 054

CEO /CFO CERTIFICATION

We hereby certify that:

- We have reviewed financial statements and the cash flow statement for the year ended 31stMarch,2020 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief;
 - These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
 - II) These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- b. No transaction are entered into by the company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- c. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls over financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems pertaining to financial reporting of the Company and have disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
- d. We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee:
 - Significant changes, if any in internal control over financial reporting during the year.
 - II) Significant changes, if any in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
 - III) There are no instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware.

S.K.JAIN (Managing Director)

SAJAL JAIN
(Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer)

Mumbai, July 23, 2020



CERTIFICATE BY A COMPANY SECRETARY IN PRACTICE

[Pursuant to clause (i) of Point No. (10) of Para C of Schedule V of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015]

We have examined the following documents:

- i) Declaration of concern or interests as required under section 164 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act');
- ii) Disclosure of concern or interests as required under Section 184 of the Act;

As submitted by the Directors of Indo Borax & Chemicals Ltd ('the Company') bearing CIN: L24100MH1980PLC023177 and having its registered office at 302, Link Rose, Linking Road, Santacruz (West), Mumbai -400 054, to the Board of Directors of the Company ("the Board) for the Financial Year 2019-20. We have considered non-disqualification to include non-debarment by Regulatory/Statutory Authorities.

It is the responsibility of Directors to submit relevant documents with complete and accurate information in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

Based on our examination of relevant documents made available to us by the Company and such other verifications carried out by us as deemed necessary and to the extent possible, in our opinion and to the best of our information and knowledge and according to the explanations provided by the Company, its officers and authorised representatives, we certify that as on date of this Certificate, none of the Directors on the Board of Company, as listed hereunder have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of the Company by Securities and Exchange Board of India/Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such statutory authority.

Sr. No.	Name of the Directors	Directors Identification Number
01	Mr. Sushil Kumar Jain	00292549
02	Mr. Sajal Jain	00314855
03	Mr. Sreelekha Jain	08057896
04	Mr. Arun Sureka	00148145
05	Mr. Narendra K. Mittal	00314916
06	Mr. GovindParmar	03556411

This Certificate has been issued as the request of the Company to make disclosure in its Corporate Governance Report of the Financial Year ended 31st March, 2020.

For Prasad Parab & Associates

Company Secretaries

Prasad Parab

Proprietor

ACS: 25324

COP: 10235

UDIN - A025324B00059311



Secretarial Audit Report

For the Financial Year Ended 31st March, 2020

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No. 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,

The Members of Indo Borax & Chemicals Ltd CIN: L24100MH1980PLC023177

302, Link Rose, Linking Road, Santacruz (West), Mumbai 400054

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited** (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the Company has, during the audit period ended on 31st March, 2020, complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited ("**The Company**") for the period ended on 31st March, 2020 according to the provisions of:

- I. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the Rules made thereunder;
- II. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the Rules made thereunder;
- III. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- IV. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the Rules and Regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- V. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') to the extent applicable to the Company:
 - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 1992;
 - c. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents)
 Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client; and
 - d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 1998; (not applicable to the company as there was no reportable event during the financial year under review)
 - e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED

VI. Other laws specifically applicable to the company namely:

- 1. Water (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1974;
- 2. Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act, 1981;
- 3. Indian Boiler Act, 1923 and rules issued thereunder;
- 4. The Electricity Act, 2003 and rules issued thereunder.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to Meeting of Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2).
- ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with the BSE Limited read with the SEBI (Listing Obligation and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, Listing Agreements etc. mentioned above.

I further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive and Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. Adequate notice was given to all Directors at least seven days in advance to schedule the Board Meeting. Agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarification on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Decisions at the Board Meetings, as represented by the management, were taken unanimously. I further report that as per the explanations given to me and the representations made by the management and relied upon by me there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

For Prasad Parab & Associates
Company Secretaries

Prasad Parab

FCS No. 25324, CP No. 10235

UDIN: A025324B000496564

Mumbai, 23rd July, 2020

This Report is to be read with my letter of even date which is annexed as **Annexure A** and forms an integral part of this report.



Annexure A to Secretarial Auditors' Report

To,

The members,
Indo Borax & Chemicals Ltd
CIN: L24100MH1980PLC023177

302, Link Rose, Linking Road, Santacruz (West), Mumbai 400054

My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

Maintenance of Secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the Company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.

I have followed the audit practices and process as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the Secretarial records. The verifications was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in Secretarial records. I believe that the process and practices, I followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.

Wherever required, I have obtained the Management representation about the Compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.

The Compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of the management. My examinations was limited to the verification of procedure on test basis.

The Secretarial Audit Report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the company.

For Prasad Parab & Associates
Company Secretaries

Mumbai 23rd July, 2020 Prasad Parab Proprietor

FCS No. 25324, CP No. 10235

UDIN: A025324B000496564



CORPORATE GOVERNANCE COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE

To the Members of Indo Borax & Chemicals Ltd.

We have examined the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance by Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited. ('the Company') for the year ended on March 31,2020, as stipulated under Regulations 17 to 27, clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 and para C, D and E of Schedule V of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations").

The compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our examination was limited to the review of procedures and implementation thereof, as adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and the representations made by the Directors and the Management and considering the relaxations granted by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and Securities and Exchange Board of India warranted due to the spread of the COVID-19 pandemic, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the SEBI Listing Regulations for the year ended on March 31, 2020.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

> For Pulindra Patel & Co. Chartered Accountants (Firm's Registration No.115187W)

Pulindra Patel Proprietor Membership No. 048991 UDIN No. 20048991AAAAFX3701

Place: Mumbai Date: 23rd July, 2020



Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the standalone financial statements of INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED ("the Company") which comprises the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss, (including Other Comprehensive Income), statement of changes in Equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid Ind AS financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, and its total comprehensive income (comprising of profit and other comprehensive income), its cash flows and the changes in equity for the year ended on that date.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit matter:

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Other Information:

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements:

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("The Act") with respect to the preparation of these Ind AS standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, (including Other Comprehensive Income), changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified in the companies (Indian Accounting Standard) rules 2015 (as amended) under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the



Ind AS financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the Ind AS financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also

- (i) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (ii) Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls
- (iii) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures in the standalone financial statements made by the Management.
- (iv) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the company to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the Stand alone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (v) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the Standalone consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, the auditor determines those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. In accordance with the requirements of SA 701, the auditor describes these matters in the auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in

INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED

extremely rare circumstances, the auditor determines that a matter should not be communicated in the auditor's report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the Annexure "A" statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- c. The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, (including other comprehensive income) and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
- e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
- g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i) The company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31st March, 2020 on its financial position in its Ind AS financial position in its standalone financial statements refer Note 37 to the Ind AS financial statements.
 - ii) The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivate contracts as at 31st March, 2020.
 - iii) There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection fund by the company during the year ended 31st March, 2020.

For Pulindra Patel & Co. Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 115187W

Place: Mumbai

Date: 23rd July,2020

Pulindra Patel

Proprietor

Membership No.: 048991

UDIN No.: 20048991AAAAFG8439

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Annexure (A) to the independent Auditor's Report

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditor's Report of even date to the members of INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED on the standalone financial statements for the year ended 31st March, 2020]

- 1. (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets.
 - (b) All fixed assets have been physically verified by the management in a phased periodical manner, which in our opinion is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets. According to the information and explanations given to us, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
 - (c) As per the information and explanations given to us, the immovable properties owned by the company are held in the name of the company. In respect of immovable property taken on lease and disclosed as fixed assets in standalone financial statements, the lease agreement is in the name of the Company.
- The Inventories have been physically verified during the year by the management. In our opinion, frequency of verification of inventory is reasonable. There are no material discrepancies noticed by the management.
- 3. According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not granted any loans secured or unsecured to companies, firms Limited Liability Partnerships or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act. Accordingly, the provisions of clause 3(iii) (a), (b,) and (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company and hence not commented upon.
- As per the information and explanations provided to us, there is no loans, investments, guarantees and securities given by the company to which provisions of section 185 of the Companies Act, 2013 do not apply.
- 5. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposits from the public within the provisions of Section 73 to 76 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed there under.
- 6. We have broadly reviewed the cost records maintained by the Company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 prescribed by the Central Government under sub-section (1) of Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 and are of the opinion that prima facie the prescribed cost records have been so made and maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- 7. a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the examination of the books of account, the Company has been regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Investor Education and Protection Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income-tax, Sales-tax, Service tax, Value Added Tax Customs Duty, Excise Duty, and other statutory dues applicable to it with the appropriate authorities.
 - b) According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Provident Fund, Investor Education and Protection Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income tax, Sales tax, Service tax, Customs Duty, Excise Duty and other undisputed statutory dues were outstanding, at the year end for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

According to the records of the Company, disputed commercial claim not deposited on account of dispute are as follows:

Name of Statute /	Amount in Rs.	Period to which the	Forum where dispute is
Description	In Lacs	amount relates	pending
Commercial Claim	9.02	1992-93	Bombay High Court

INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED

- 8. Based on our audit procedures and on the information and explanations given by the management, we are of the opinion that the company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings to banks. The Company does not have any borrowings by way of debentures.
- 9. The Company has not raised money by way of initial public offer including debt instruments during the year and did not have any term loans outstanding during the year.
- 10. During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practice in India, and according to the information and explanations given by the management, we report that no fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company by its officers or employees has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
- 11. As per the information and explanations given to us the managerial remuneration has been paid or provided in accordance with the requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of section 197 read with schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 12. As per the information and explanations given to us the company is not a Nidhi Company.
- 13. As per the information and explanations given to us the company all transactions with the related parties are in compliance with section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 where applicable and details have been disclosed in the Standalone Financial Statements, etc., as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- 14. As per the information and explanations given to us, the company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year review.
- 15. As per the information and explanations given to us, the company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with the directors or persons connected with him.
- 16. As per the information and explanations given to us, the company is not required to get it registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934.

For Pulindra Patel & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No.: 115187W

Pulindra Patel
Proprietor

Membership No.: 048991

UDIN No.: 20048991AAAAFG8439

Place: Mumbai Date: 23rd July,2020



ANNEXURE 'B'TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

REFERRED TO IN PARAGRAPH 1(F) OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited (the "Company") as at and for the year ended 31 March 2020, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting of the Company as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI).

These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of internal financial controls and both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence, we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our adverse audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting:

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31,2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Pulindra Patel & Co.
Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 115187W

Pulindra Patel

Proprietor

Membership No.: 048991

UDIN No.: 20048991AAAAFG8439

Place : Mumbai

Date: 23rd July, 2020

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Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited Standalone balance sheet as at March 31, 2020

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
ASSETS	11010	135 at Maich 31, 2020	713 at 111a1CH 31, 2017
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	1	1,486.13	1,926.24
Capital work-in-progress	1	108.52	112.14
Investment in Properties	2	3,065.57	3,065.57
Investment in Properties Investments in Subsidiaries	3	101.93	101.93
Financial Assets	3	101.93	101.93
i. Investments	3(a)	14.22	27.48
ii. Loans	3(a) 4	2,151.98	856.76
iii. Other Financial Assets	5	37.63	33.24
Total non-current assets		6,965.98	6,123.36
Current assets			
Inventories	6	1,035.39	1,166.12
Financial assets			
i. Investments	7	1,784.71	3,713.59
ii. Trade receivables	8	803.50	936.15
iii. Cash and cash equivalents	9	3,961.06	61.84
iv. Bank balances other than (iii) above	10	36.11	35.65
v. Loans	11	5.98	4.20
Other current assets	12	242.20	1,075.67
Total current assets		7,868.95	6,993.22
Total assets		14,834.93	13,116.58
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	13	320.90	320.90
Other equity	14	13,477.88	11,715.31
Total equity		13,798.78	12,036.21
LIABILITIES			
Non-current liabilities			
Other Financial Liabilities	15	73.80	75.75
Deferred Tax Liabilities	16	120.89	134.59
Total non-current liabilities	10	194.69	210.34
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
i. Trade payables	17		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	1 /	5.07	0.21
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and		277.10	191.30
small enterprises		2//.10	191.30
ii. Other financial liabilities	10	418 52	<i>551</i> 10
Provisions	18 19	418.52	554.18 124.34
	19	140.77	
Total liabilities		841.46	870.03
Total equity and liabilities		14,834.93	13,116.58

Notes 1 to 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

As per attached report of even date.

For Pulindra Patel & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 115187W

Pulindra Patel Proprietor Membership No. 048991

Place: Mumbai Date: 23rd July, 2020 For and on behalf of the Board Directors Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited

S. K. Jain

Chairman & Managing Director

Sajal Jain

Executive Director & CFO

Sreelekha Jain

Director

Govind Parmar

Director

Arun Sureka Director

Pravin ChavanCompany Secretary

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Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited Standalone statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2020

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Continuing operations	11010	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2017
	20	11 505 40	12 024 00
Revenue from operations	20	11,525.48	12,834.88
Other income	21	548.09	537.98
Total income		12,073.57	13,372.86
Expenses			
Cost of raw materials and components consumed	22	6,770.64	7,936.97
Purchase of traded goods	23	10.40	19.49
(Increase)/decrease in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and traded good	s 24	(47.23)	143.81
Employee benefit expenses	25	737.21	718.17
Finance Cost	26	0.14	0.45
Depreciation and amortisation expense	1	128.79	130.49
Other expenses	27	2,190.35	2,005.75
Total expenses		9,790.30	10,955.13
Profit before exceptional items and tax		2,283.27	2,417.73
Exceptional items		-	-
Profit before tax		2,283.27	2,417.73
Income tax expense			
- Current tax	28	536.80	664.90
- Deferred tax	28	(7.52)	(5.17)
Total tax expense/(credit)		529.28	659.73
Profit from continuing operations		1,753.99	1,758.00
Profit for the year		1,753.99	1,758.00

Standalone statement of other comprehensive income for the year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars		Note	Year ended March 31, 2020
Tax relating to above			
a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss		50.55	(8.20)
b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To		6.17	-
		56.72	(8.20)
OCI for the year		56.72	(8.20)
Total comprehensive income for the year	_	1810.71	1749.80
Earnings per share	29		
Basic		54.66	54.78
Diluted		54.66	54.78

The above statement of profit and loss should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Notes 1 to 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

As per attached report of even date.

For Pulindra Patel & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 115187W

For and on behalf of the Board Directors

Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited

S.K.Jain

Sajal Jain

Pulindra Patel
Proprietor

Sreelekha Jain

Membership No. 048991 Director Director

Place : MumbaiGovind ParmarPravin ChavanDate : 23rd July, 2020DirectorCompany Secretary

Chairman & Managing Director

Executive Director & CFO

Arun Sureka



Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited Cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March, 2020

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Profit before tax	Particulars		As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019
Adjustments for:	A Cash flow from	n operating activities :			
Depreciation and amortization for the year (Profit)/Loss on sale of Investment (Net) (91.80) (0.77) (Profit)/Loss on sale of Investment (Net) (91.80) (0.77) (105.80) (105.65) (105.65) (105.80) (105.65) (105.80) (105.65) (105.80) (105.65) (105.80) (105.65) (105.80) (105.8	Profit before ta	x		2,283.27	2,417.73
Profiti/Loss on sale of Investment (Net)	Adjustments f	or:	-		-
Net unrealised foreign exchange (gain) loss (59,91) (169,65) Net (profit)/loss on disposal of property, plant and Dividend received (133,39) (121,08) Interest Income (86,97) (60,81) Finance cost 0,14 0,45 Operating profit before working capital changes 2,040,13 2,194,52 Adjustments for: 2 2,040,13 2,194,52 Decrease/Increase in inventories 130,73 (162,41) Decrease/(increase) in ono-current financial assets (2,25) (0,14) Decrease/(increase) in onther current assets 833,46 36,65 Increase in trade receivables 192,56 110,52 Increase in trade receivables 192,56 110,52 Increase in current financial liabilities (155,66) 62,82 Increase in one-current financial liabilities (195) - Increase in other provisions 13,25 30,96 Increase in other provisions 13,25 (171,20) 50,64 Cash generated from operating activities (544,40) (766,57) Net cash generated from operating activ	Depreciation as	nd amortization for the year	128.79		130.49
Net (profit)/loss on disposal of property, plant and (133.39) (121.08) (121.08) (121.08) (121.08) (121.08) (121.08) (121.08) (121.08) (121.08) (121.08) (121.08) (123.21)	(Profit)/Loss or	sale of Investment (Net)	(91.80))	(0.77)
Dividend received (133.39) (121.08) Interest Income (86.97) (60.81) Finance cost (0.14) (243.14) (223.21) (223	Net unrealised	foreign exchange (gain)/ loss	(59.91))	(169.65)
Interest Income	Net (profit)/loss	s on disposal of property, plant and	-		(1.84)
Finance cost 0.14 0.45 Operating profit before working capital changes 2,040.13 2,23.21) Adjustments for: 2,040.13 2,194.52 Decrease/Increase in inventories 130.73 (162.41) Decrease/(increase) in one-current financial assets (1,292.00) 9.63 Decrease/(increase) in other current assets 833.46 36.65 Increase in trade recivables 192.56 110.52 Increase in trade payables 90.66 (127.39) Increase in incrent financial liabilities (135.66) 62.82 Increase in one-current financial liabilities (1,95) - Increase in other provisions 13.25 (171.20) 50.64 Cash generated from operating activities (1,95) - Increase in other provisions 13.25 (171.20) 50.64 Cash generated from operating activities (344.40) (766.57) Net cash generated from operating activities (344.40) (544.40) (766.57) Net cash flow from investing activities (30.68) (43.64) (43.64)	Dividend receiv	ved	(133.39)	(121.08)
Cash generated from operating activities Cash generated from operating activities Cash flow from investing activities Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of property, plant and equipment Purchase of investments in subsidiary Purchase of investments Cash flow from financing activities Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year (Cash and cash equivalents at the cash of cash act cash equivalents at the beginning of the year (Cash and cash equivalents at the cash of cash page 13, 26, 17, 37, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 17, 1	Interest Income	;	(86.97))	(60.81)
Decrating profit before working capital changes 2,040.13 2,194.52 Adjustments for:	Finance cost		0.14		0.45
Net cash generated from operating activities 1,324.53 1,478.59				(243.14)	(223.21)
Decrease/Increase in inventories	Operating pro	fit before working capital changes		2,040.13	2,194.52
Decrease/(increase) in non-current financial assets (1,292.00) Decrease/(increase) in current financial assets (2.25) (0.14) (0.14) Decrease/(increase) in other current assets 833.46 36.65 Increase in trade receivables 192.56 110.52 Increase in trade payables 90.66 (127.39) Increase in current financial liabilities (135.66) 62.82 Increase in on-current financial liabilities (1.95)	Adjustments f	or:			
Decrease/(increase) in current financial assets (2.25) (0.14) Decrease/(increase) in other current assets 833.46 36.65 Increase in trade receivables 192.56 110.52 Increase in trade payables 90.66 (127.39) Increase in current financial liabilities (135.66) 62.82 Increase in non-current financial liabilities (1.95)	Decrease/Increase	ase in inventories	130.73		(162.41)
Decrease/(increase) in other current assets 833.46 10.55 Increase in trade receivables 192.56 110.52 Increase in trade payables 90.66 (127.39) Increase in current financial liabilities (135.66) 62.82 Increase in ourrent financial liabilities (135.66) 62.82 Increase in onn-current financial liabilities (1.95)	Decrease/(incre	ease) in non-current financial assets	(1,292.00)	99.63
Increase in trade receivables 192.56 110.52 Increase in trade payables 90.66 (127.39) Increase in current financial liabilities (135.66) 62.82 Increase in non-current financial liabilities (1.95)	Decrease/(incre	ease) in current financial assets	(2.25))	(0.14)
Increase in trade payables 90.66 (127.39) Increase in current financial liabilities (135.66) 62.82 Increase in non-current financial liabilities (1.95)	Decrease/(incre	ease) in other current assets	833.46		36.65
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Increase in other provisions	Increase in non	-current financial liabilities	(1.95)	-
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Note: Cash & Cash equivalent excluded Rs. 1.75 Lakhs given as bank guarantee, which was included in previous years. As per attached report of even date.

Notes 1 to 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For and on behalf of the Board Directors Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited

As per attached report of even date.

For Pulindra Patel & Co., Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 115187W

Pulindra Patel
Proprietor
Membership No. 048991
Place: Mumbai

Place: Mumbai Date: 23rd July, 2020 S.K.Jain Sajal Jain

Chairman & Managing Director Executive Director & CFO

Sreelekha JainArun SurekaDirectorDirector

Govind ParmarPravin ChavanDirectorCompany Secretary



Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL: (Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise) **Particulars** Note No. of shares **Amount** Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares Equity share of Rs. 10 each Balance as at 31 March 2019 13 3209000 320.90 Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year Balance as at 31 March 2020 13 3209000 320.90

B. OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	Reserve & Surplus					
	Capital Redemption Reserve	Share Forfeiture Account	General Reseve	Retained Earning	Total	
Balance as at 31 March 2018	27.20	1.39	1,134.11	8,860.84	10,023.54	
Profit for the year	-	-	-	1,758.00	1,758.00	
Transfer from Surplus in Profit and Loss Account	-	-	175.00	-	175.00	
Transfer to General Reserve	-	-	-	(175.00)	(175.00)	
Other comprehensive income		-	-	(8.20)	(8.20)	
Total comprehensive income	27.20	1.39	1,309.11	10,435.64	11,773.34	
Dividends distributed to equity shareholders	-	-	-	(48.14)	(48.14)	
Corporate dividend tax on dividend paid to Equity Shareholders	-	-	-	(9.89)	(9.89)	
Balance as at 31 March 2019	27.20	1.39	1,309.11	10,377.60	11,715.31	
Profit for the year	-	-	-	1,753.99	1,753.99	
Transfer from Surplus in Profit and Loss Account	-	-	175.00	-	175.00	
Transfer to General Reserve	-	-	-	(175.00)	(175.00)	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	50.55	50.55	
Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To	-	-	-			
Profit Or Loss				6.18	6.18	
Total comprehensive income	27.20	1.39	1,484.11	12,013.32	13,526.02	
Dividends distributed to equity shareholders	-	-	-	(48.14)	(48.14)	
Balance as at 31 March 2020	27.20	1.39	1,484.11	11,965.18	13,477.88	

a) Capital Redemption Reserve

The Company has recognised Capital Redemption Reserve on buyback of equity shares from its retained earnings. The amount in Capital Redemption Reserve is equal to nominal amount of the equity shares bought back.

b) Share Forfeiture Account

Amount originally received on 19000 equity shares, inclusive of share premium on forfeiture of shares transferred to Share Forfeiture Account.

c) General Reserves

As per the Companies Act 2013, the requirement to transfer profits to general reserve is not mandatory. However, Company has transfer Rs. 175.00 Lakhs to general reserve.

Notes 1 to 44 $\,$ form an integral part of these financial statements.

As per attached report of even date.

For Pulindra Patel & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 115187W

Pulindra Patel Proprietor

Membership No. 048991

Place: Mumbai

Date: 23rd July, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board Directors Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited

S.K.Jain Sajal Jain

Chairman & Managing Director Executive Director & CFO

Sreelekha JainArun SurekaDirectorDirector

Govind Parmar Pravin Chavan
Director Company Secretary



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Corporate Information

Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited (the Company) is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India. The registered office is at 302, Link Rose, Linking Road, Santacruz (West), Mumbai - 400054. The Company is engaged in manufacturing of Boron products and Lithium.

Significant accounting policies

a) General information and Compliance with Ind AS:

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as the 'Ind AS') as notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs pursuant to section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 of the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016.

The financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the financial statements, including the preparation of the opening Ind AS Balance Sheet as at 1st April, 2016 being the 'date of transition to Ind AS'. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out in the Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

The financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2020 were approved for issue in accordance with the resolution of the Board of Directors on 23rd July, 2020.

b) Current versus non current classification

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non-current classification. An asset is classified as current when it is:

- i. Expected to be realised or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- ii. Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- iii. Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv. Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

A liability is classified as current when:

- I. It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- ii. It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii. It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv. There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non current assets and liabilities.

c) Property, Plant and Equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalisation criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation and useful lives):

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on straight line method on assets located in Factory premises. The company has followed written-down value method of providing depreciation with respect to assets located at Head Office. The Depreciation is computed on the basis of useful lives (as set out below) prescribed in Schedule II the Act: The amortisation period and the amortisation method for finite-life intangible assets is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

b

Description of Asset	Estimated useful life (in years)
Office Building	60
Factory Building	30
Plant and equipment	20
Office equipment	5
Computers	3
Electric installation	10
Furniture and fixtures	10
Vehicles	8

Leasehold improvements have been amortised over the estimated useful life of the assets or the period of lease, whichever is lower. The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

Material items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and service equipment are classified as PPE when they meet the definition of PPE as specified in Ind AS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment.

Transition to Ind AS

On transition to Ind AS, the Company has elected to continue with the carrying value of all its property, plant and equipment recognised as at 1st April, 2016 measured as per the provisions of previous GAAP and use that carrying value as the deemed cost of property, plant and equipment.

d) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication based on internal/external factors, that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount and the reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. All assets are subsequently reassessed for indications that an impairment loss previously recognised may no longer exist. An impairment loss is reversed if the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount.

The impairrment losses and reversals are recognised in statement of profit and loss.

e) Investments in Subsidiary:

Investments in subsidiary is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. On disposal of investments in subsidiary, the difference between net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

f) Financial instruments

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted for transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

i) Financial instruments at amortised cost – the financial instrument is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding. After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. All the debt instruments of the company are measured at amortised



Trade Receivables and Loans:

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequently, these assets are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate (EIR) method net of any expected credit losses. The EIR is the rate that discounts estimated future cash income through the expected life of financial instrument.

Mutual Funds, Equity investment, bonds and other financial instruments:

Mutual Funds, Equity investment, bonds and other financial instruments in the scope of Ind As 109 are measured at fair value through profit and loss account (FVOCI).

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities is also adjusted. These liabilities are classified as amortised cost.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. These liabilities include borrowings.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

g) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. When estimating the cash flows, the Company is required to consider.

- i. All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life
- ii. Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the

Trade receivables

The Company applies approach permitted by Ind AS 109, financial instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of receivables.

Other financial assets

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, impairment loss is provided.

h) Inventories

Raw Material: Lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined on first in first out ('FIFO') basis.

Work in progress, are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of work in progress and manufactured finished goods comprises direct material, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing these inventories to their present location and condition.

Finished goods: Lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined on FIFO basis, includes direct material and labour expenses and appropriate proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal capacity for manufactured goods. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs of necessary to make the sale.

i) Foreign Currency Translation

Initial recognition

The Company's financial statements are presented in INR, which is also the Company's functional currency. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Measurement at the balance sheet date

Foreign currency monetary items of the Company, outstanding at the balance sheet date are restated at the year-end rates. Non-monetary items which are carried at historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the

Treatment of exchange difference

Exchange differences that arise on settlement of monetary items or on reporting at each balance sheet date of the Company's monetary items at the closing rate are recognised as income or expenses in the period

j) Income taxes:

Tax expense recognised in statement of profit and loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax not recognised in Other Comprehensive Income ('OCI') or directly in equity.

Current income-tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Incometax Act. Current income-tax relating to items recognised outside statement of profit and loss (either in OCI or in equity). The company has provided the current tax as per the announcement by The Government of India, on September 20, 2019, vide the Taxation Laws (Amendment) Ordinance 2019, inserted a new Section 115BAA in the Income Tax Act, 1961, which provides an option to the Company for paying Income Tax at reduced rates as per the provisions/conditions defined in the said section.

Deferred income-tax is calculated using the liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised in full for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that the underlying tax loss, unused tax credits or deductible temporary difference will be utilised against future taxable income. This is assessed based on the Company's forecast of future operating results, adjusted for significant non-taxable income and expenses and specific limits on the use of any unused tax loss or credit. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside statement of profit and loss is recognised outside statement of profit and loss (either in OCI or in equity).

k) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, demand deposits with banks/corporations and short-term highly liquid investments (original maturity less than 3 months) that are readily convertible into known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

1) Post-employment, long term and short term employee benefits

i) Short Term Employee Benefits:

All employee benefits payable within twelve months of receiving employee services are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits include salaries and wages, bonus and ex-gratia.

ii) Defined contribution plans

Employee benefits in the form of contribution to Provident Fund managed by Government authorities, Employees State Insurance Corporation and Labour Welfare Fund are considered as defined contribution plan and the contributions are charged to the Profit and Loss Account of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due.

iii) Defined benefit plans

Retirement benefit in the form of Gratuity benefit is considered as defined benefit obligation and is provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation.

iv) Gratuity

The Company has an obligation towards gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. The plan provides for payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment. Vesting occurs upon completion of given years of service. The company makes contribution to employees group gratuity fund established by Life Insurance Corporation of India. Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the Profit and Loss account in the period in which they arise.



m) Operating expenses

Operating expenses are recognised in profit or loss upon utilisation of the service or as incurred.

n) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisitions, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred and reported in finance costs.

o) Fair value measurement

The Company measures financial instruments, at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- i. In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- ii. In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

p) Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events, and when a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material.

Contingent liability is disclosed for:

- i. Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Company or
- ii. Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognized. However, when inflow of economic benefit is probable, related asset is disclosed.

q) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events including a bonus issue.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

r) Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the Company's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the related disclosures.

Significant management judgements and estimates

The following are significant management judgements and estimates in applying the accounting policies of the Company that have the most significant effect on the financial statements.

Recognition of deferred tax assets – The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilised.

Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets – The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

Recoverability of advances/receivables – At each balance sheet date, based on historical default rates observed over expected life, the management assesses the expected credit loss on outstanding receivables and advances.

Defined benefit obligation (DBO) – Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, medical cost trends, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

Fair value measurements – Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments

INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED

(where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. Management uses the best information available. Estimated fair values may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date.

Useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets – Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets. Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence.

s) Revenue recognition

Sales of goods

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of manufactured goods, traded goods and related services.

The core principle of Ind AS 115 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

Revenue is recognized on satisfaction of performance obligation upon transfer of control of products to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration the Company expects to receive in exchange for those products.

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligation in contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Under Ind AS 115, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. The Company has completed its evaluation of the possible impact of Ind AS 115 and has adopted the standard from 1st April, 2018.

Interest Income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

Dividend

Dividends are recognised at the time the right to receive the payment is established.

t) Segment Information

The managing committee is considered to be the 'Chief Operating Decision Maker' (CODM) as defined in IND AS 108. The Operating Segment is the level at which discrete financial information is available. The CODM allocates resources and assess performance at this level. The Company has one operating segment i.e. Chemical Manufacturing which includes Boron Products and Lithium Hydroxide.

u) Accounting for Lease:

Company as a lessee:

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of lowvalue assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

As per Ind A S 116, the lessee needs to recognise depreciation on rights of use assets and finance costs on lease liabilities in the statement of profit and loss. There will not be any material effect of the said implemention of Ind As 116 to the Company. The Lease charges paid on yearly basis and charged to revenue account.

Company as a lessor:

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

v) Government Grants

Government grants / subsidies received towards specific fixed assets have been deducted from the gross value of the concerned fixed assets. Capital Subsidies under MP MSME Protsahan Scheme, 2017 is recognised to the extent the claims are accepted and settled.



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 1 - Property, plant and equipment

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	Buildings	Furniture fixture and office-equipments	Plant and machinery	Office equipments	Vehicles	Leased Land	Total	Capital work-in- progress
Gross block								
As at March 31, 2019	1,112.96	135.89	1,676.24	73.37	269.01	10.06	3,277.53	112.14
Additions	-	10.07	8.24	1.56	14.44	-	34.30	-
Deduction *	-	-	345.62	-	-	-	345.62	3.62
As at March 31, 2020	1,112.96	145.96	1,338.87	74.92	283.44	10.06	2,966.21	108.52
Particulars	Buildings	Furniture fixture and office- equipments	Plant and machinery	Office equipments	Vehicles	Leased Land	Total	Capital work-in- progress
Accumulated depreciation								
As at March 31, 2019	296.31	98.40	668.66	53.36	234.56	-	1,351.29	-
Depreciation charge during the year	40.57	11.48	57.41	7.69	11.65	-	128.79	-
Deduction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2020	336.88	109.88	726.07	61.04	246.20	-	1,480.08	-
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2020 Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2019	776.08 816.65	36.08 37.48	612.80 1,007.58	13.88 20.01	37.24 34.45	10.06 10.06	1,486.13 1,926.24	108.52 112.14

^{*} Note: During the year District Industrial Center, Pithampur (Madya Pradesh) had sancationed and approved Rs. 345.62 Lakhs Industrial Investment Subsidy, same has been deducted from the cost of plant & machinery.

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Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited
Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year
ended 31st March 2020

Note 2 - Investment property	(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherw				
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019			
Gross block					
Opening gross carrying amount	3,065.57	3,065.57			
Closing gross carrying amount	3,065.57	3,065.57			
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2020	3,065.57				
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2019	3,065.57	3,065.57			
(i) Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss for inve-	stment properties				
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019			
Rental income	134.88	138.00			
Direct operating expenses for property that generated rental income	(10.80)	(10.19)			
Direct operating expenses for property that did not generate rental income	(25.23)	(20.68)			
Profit from investment properties before	98.85	107.14			
depreciation	70.03	107.14			
Depreciation	-	-			
Profit from investment properties	98.85	107.14			

(ii) Leasing arrangements

Minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating leases of investment properties are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Within 1 year	92.00	69.00
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	182.00	-
Later than 5 years	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>
Total	274.00	69.00

(iii) Fair value of investment property as on 31st March, 2020 is Rs. 3642.00 Lakhs (PY 3825.00 Lakhs)

The company obtains independent valuations for its investment in properties. The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar properties. Where such information is not available, the company consider information from a variety of sources including:

The fair values of investment in properties have been determined by Independent Valuer H. Mehta & Associates. The main inputs used are the rental growth rates, expected vacancy rates, terminal yields and discount rates based on comparable transactions and industry data. All resulting fair value estimates for investment properties are included in level 3.

^{*} current prices in an active market for properties of different nature or recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, adjusted to reflect those differences.

^{*} discounted cash flow projections based on reliable estimates of future cash flows.

^{*} capitalised income projections based upon a propertys estimated net market income, and a capitalisation rate derived from an analysis of market evidence.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 3 - Non-current investments

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	No. Of Share/Bond Unit	As at March 31, 2020	No. Of Share/ Bond Unit	As at March 31, 2019
A) Investments in subsidiaries :				*
Unquoted				
In Equity Instruments at cost, fully paid-up				
Indoborax Infrastructure Private Limited	10,000	101.93	10,000	101.93
Total		101.93		101.93
Note 3(a) - NON CURRENT INVESTMENTS				
Other Equity Instruments:				
Unquoted, fully paid up				
Reliance Media Works Ltd	675	4.	675	-
Investment in Equity Instruments				
Quoted, fully paid up				
At Fair value through OCI				
Central Bank of India Ltd	3,200	0.39	3,200	1.17
Jaiprakash Associates Limited	4,500	0.05	4,500	0.25
Jindal Steel & Power Limited	300	0.25	300	0.54
Kamanwala Industries Limited	57,395	2.51	57,395	5.95
L & T Limited	900	7.27	900	12.46
National Thermal Power Limited	3,600	3.03	3,600	4.87
Nagarjuna Constructions Company Limited	1,500	0.28	1,500	1.69
Punj Lloyd Limited	4,000	0.03	4,000	0.08
Reliance Comminucation Limited	2,000	0.01	2,000	0.08
Unity Projects Limited	2,000	0.01	2,000	0.02
Investement in Debentures - fully paid up		1		
Unquoted,				
At Fair value through OCI			<i>f</i>	
NTPC Ltd, Non Convertible Debentures	3,000	0.39	3,000	0.38
Total		14.22		27.48
Aggregate amount of quoted investments		14.22		27.48
Aggregate market value of listed and quoted investments		14.22		27.48
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments		101.93		101.93
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investment	S	0.03	-	0.03

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 4 - Long term loans and advances	(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwis		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Loans- Intercorporate Deposits			
Inter Corporate Deposits	1,735.11	668.33	
Advances recoverable in cash or kind		-	
Unsecured, considered good	330.31	105.95	
Other loans and advances, unsecured, considered	good		
Advance income-tax(net of provision for taxation)	37.51	29.91	
Loans to employees	49.05	52.57	
	86.56	82.48	
Total	2,151.98	856.76	
Note 5 - Other Non Current Financial Assets			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Unsecured, considered good			
Security Deposits	37.63	33.24	
Total	37.63	33.24	
Note 6 - Inventories			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Raw materials (Refer note 22)	866.88	1,052.40	
Stock in Process	17.77	24.54	
Finished goods	85.37	31.37	
Stock of Consumable Stores & Spare parts (at cost)	65.37	57.81	
Total	1,035.39	1,166.12	

Note 7 -	Current	invectmente

Note 7 - Current investments	(Ame	(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated o		
	No. Of	As at	No. Of	As at
Particulars	Share/Bond	March 31,	Share/Bond	March 31,
	Unit	2020	Unit	2019
Investment in Mutual Fund - fully paid up				
Unquoted				
At Fair value through OCI		1		
SBI Magnum Low Duration Fund Growth	60,530.835	1,575.51	-	-
ICICI Prudential Liquid Fund-Direct Plan Dividend	2,08,975.493	209.20	37,08,120	3,713.59
Total		1,784.71		3,713.59
Aggregate amount of quoted investments		1,784.71		3,713.59
Aggregate market value of listed and quoted investmen	its	1,784.71		3,713.59
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments		-		-
Aggregate Provision for Impairment in the Value of In	vestments	_		-

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 8 - Trade receivables	(Amounts are in lakhs unle	ss stated otherwise)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the da	ate	
they are due for payment		
Unsecured, considered good	2.13	1.21
Doubtful		-
	2.13	1.21
Other receivables	801.37	934.94
Total	803.50	936.15

Note 9 - Cash and cash equivalents

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Cash on hand	1.58	1.28
Bank balances		
- Current Account	3,959.48	60.56
Total	3,961.06	61.84

Note 10 - Other bank balances

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Margin money deposits	6.75	1.75
Unclaimed dividend account (refer note a below)	29.36	33.90
Total	36.11	35.65

Note: Not due for deposit to the Investors Education and Protection Fund

Note 11 - Short term loans and advances

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Loans to Employees	5.98	4.20	
Total	5.98	4.20	

Note 12 - Other current assets

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Prepaid expenses	24.29	14.32
Balance with govt authorities	1.00	1.79
Advances to Suppliers	50.08	942.07
Others	166.66	117.43
Interest Receivable	0.18	0.06
Total	242.20	1,075.67

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 13 - Share capital and other equity

Share capital	(Amounts are in lakhs	s unless stated otherwise)
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Authorised shares		
6000000 Equity Shares of Rs 10/- each	600.00	600.00
(Previous Year 6000000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each)		
Issued, subscribed shares		
3500000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each		
(Previous year 3500000 Equity Shares)	350.00	350.00
	350.00	350.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares		
3209000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each		
(Previous year 3209000 Equity Shares)	320.90	320.90
	320.90	320.90

(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period

Equity Shares	Nos.	INR in La	khs
Balance as at 31st March 2019	32	09000	320.90
Changes during the period		-	-
Balance as at 31st March 2020	32	209000	320.90

(b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

During last five years no shares were alloted without payment being received in cash or as bonus shares, however company were bought back and extinguished 2,72,000 equity shares during the financial year 2014-15.

Amount originally received on foreited shares Rs. 1,39,350/- (Inclusive of share premium) included in Reserve & Surplus

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

(as per t	he register of	f members o	f the Co	mpany are	as under)	:-
	The state of the s	-C				

Name of the shareholder	As at Ma	rch 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019		
	Nos. of Shares	% holding in the class	Nos. of Shares	% holding in the class	
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid			Tarles.		
Mr. S.K.Jain	799244	24.91	799244	24.91	
Mr. Sajal Jain	606496	18.90	606496	18.90	
Mrs. Sreelekha Jain	207702	6.47	207702	6.47	
Note 14 - Other Equity					
Reserves and Surplus			As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Capital Redemption Reserve			27.20	27.20	
Balance Brought Forward			27.20	27.20	
Share Forfeiture Account					
Balance Brought Forward			1.39	1.39	
			1.39	1.39	
General Reserve					
Balance Brought Forward			1,309.11	1,134.11	
Transfer from Surplus in Profit and Loss Account		4.	175.00	175.00	
			1,484.11	1,309.1	
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss					
Balance as per the last financial statements			10,377.61	8,860.84	
Profit for the year			1,810.71	1,749.80	
Less: Appropriations					
Dividend distributed on equity shares			(48.14)	(48.14)	
Tax on equity dividend			-	(9.89)	
Transfer to General Reserve			(175.00)	(175.00)	
Closing Balance		_	11,965.18	10,377.61	
TOTAL			13,477.88	11,715.31	

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Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explan	atory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020
Note 15 Other pan augrent financial liabilities	(A mounts are in lakes unless stated otherwise)

Note 15 - Other non-current financial liabilities	(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019		
Leased Deposits	73.80	75.75		
Total	73.80	75.75		

Note 16 - Deferred tax liabilities

110 110 1111111111111111111111111111111	As at March 31, 2019
120.89	134.59
120.89	134.59
	120.89

Note 17 - Trade payables

Particulars As at	March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (Refer Note below).	5.07	0.21
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	277.10	191.30
Total	282.17	191.51

a) DETAILS OF DUES TO MICRO, MEDIUM AND SMALL ENTERPRISES: As at March 31, 2020 As at March 31, 2019

(i)	The	pri	incipal	amount	and the	e interest	due	thereon	(to	be	shown	separately)	remaining
ur	paid	to a	any su	pplier as a	at the en	d of each	acco	ounting y	ear.				

Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises	5.07	0.09
Interest due on above	0.002	0.11
ii) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section 16 of the l	Micro Small and	

Nil

Nil

- (ii) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section 16 of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act,2006, along with the amounts of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.

 iii) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which
- the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.

 Nil

 Nil

 Nil

 Nave been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development Act,2006.
- iv) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.
 0.12
 v) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding year,
 Nil

until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the Micro Small and Media Enterprise Development Act,2006.

Note 18 - Other current financial liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
a) Statutory dues payable	150.08	215.19
b) Salaries due to director	165.97	177.92
c) Advance received from clients	64.25	60.42
e) Other Liabilities	8.87	66.75
d) Unclaimed Dividend	29.36	33.90
Total	418.52	554.18

Note 19 - Short term provisions

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Provision for gratuity (net) (Refer Note 24)	139.27	122.84
Provision for Tax (Net)	1.50	1.50
Total	140.77	124.34

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Expla	natory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020
Note 20 Revenue from operations	(Amounts are in lakks unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Operating Income:		
Manufactured goods	11,511.56	12,809.92
Traded goods	13.92	24.96
Sale of products comprises:	11,525.48	12,834.88
Manufactured goods		
Sales of Boron Product & other chemicals	11,511.56	12,809.92
Traded goods		
Ulexite & other chemicals	13.92	24.96
	11,525.48	12,834.88
Note 21 - Other income		
	A . M . 1 21	1 . 37 . 1 21

Note 21 - Other income		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Dividend income from investments	48.88	0.34
Dividend on Mutual Fund	84.51	120.75
Interest received	86.93	60.78
Interest received on Debenture	0.03	0.03
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Investments	91.80	0.77
Net gain on foreign currency transactions and translation	59.91	169.65
Profit on Sale of Assets		1.84
Sale of Scraps	6.92	
Rent & Facility Charges	169.06	176.08
Sundry Balances w/back	0.05	7.74
Total	548.09	537.98

Note 22 - Cost of materials consumed

Particulars	As at March 31 2020	
Opening Stock	1,052.40	755.78
Add: Purchases		
Ulexite	4,960.74	5,210.37
Sulphuric Acid	574.72	948.43
Lithium	999.41	2,037.78
Others	50.25	37.01
	7,637.52	8,989.37
Less: Closing Stock	866.88	1,052.40
Total	6,770.64	7,936.97
(a) Raw Materials Consumed Comprise:		
Ulexite	5,111.10	4,948.77
Sulphuric Acid	576.63	950.47
Lithium	1,033.97	2,002.08
Others	48.94	35.64

(b) Value of imported raw materials consumed and the value of all indigenous raw materials similarly consumed and the percentage of each to the total consumption.

Particulars	As at March 31,		As at March 31,	
	2020	%	2019	%
Raw Materials				
(i) Imported	6,155.35	90.91	6,970.35	87.82
(ii) Indigenous	615.29	9.09	966.62	12.18
	6,770.64	100.00	7,936.97	100.00



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 23 - Purchase of Traded goods

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Ulexite & others	10.40	19.49
	10.40	19.49

Note 24 - (Increase)/Decrease in inventories

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Inventories at the beginning of the year		
Finished goods	31.37	187.22
Work-in-progress	24.54	12.50
	55.91	199.72
Inventories at the end of the year		
Finished goods	85.37	31.37
Work-in-progress	17.77	24.54
	103.14	55.91
	(47.23)	143.81

Note 25 - Employee benefit expenses

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Salaries, Wages, Bonus & Ex-gratia	676.10	622.64
Contribution to E.S.I.C.	4.08	5.30
Contribution to Provident Fund	34.67	29.16
Provision / Contribution to Group Gratuity and LIC	11.24	25.58
Workmen & Staff Welfare expenses	11.12	35.49
Total	737.21	718.17

(a) As per Accounting Standard 15 "Employee benefits", the disclosures as defined in the Accounting Standard are given below:

Defined Contribution Plan:

Contribution to Provident Fund is Rs. 34.67 Lakhs/- (Previous Year Rs. 29.16 Lakhs), ESIC and Labour Welfare Fund Includes Rs. 4.08 Lakhs- (Previous Year Rs. 5.30 Lakhs).

Defined Benefit Plan:

Gratuity and Leave Encashment:

The Company makes partly annual contribution to the Employees' Group Gratuity-cum-Life Assurance Scheme of the Life Insurance Corporation of India, a funded benefit plan for qualifying employees. The scheme provides for lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days service for each completed year of service or part thereof depending on the date of joining. The benefit vests after five years of continuous service.

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(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Assumptions	Gratuity		re in lakhs unless si Leave Enc	
	Non Funded Non Funded		Non Funded Non Funde	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the prese	ent value of the defin	ned benefit Obligati	on:	
Present Value of obligation as at beginning of year	122.84	82.25	17.80	14.63
Current service cost	10.59	8.55	6.50	4.26
Prior service cost	-	17.64	-	-
Interest cost	8.22	6.37	0.95	0.83
Actuarial (gain) / loss	2.36	8.04	6.92	6.01
Benefits paid	(4.74)	2	(7.62)	(7.92)
Present Value of obligation as at end of the year	139.27	122.84	24.54	17.80
Change in Plan assets				
Plan assets at period beginning, at fair value	105.90	79.93	-	-
Expected return on plan assets	7.57	6.98		4
Actuarial (gain) / loss	(0.81)	(1.60)		-
Contribution	14.92	20.59	7.62	7.92
Benefits paid	(4.74)		(7.62)	(7.92)
Fair value of Plan assets at end of the year	122.84	105.90	-	-
Fair Value of Plan Assets				
Fair Value of plan assets at beginning of year	105.90	79.93	Ų.	
Actual return on plan assets	6.76	5.39	-	-
Contributions	14.92	20.59	7.62	7.92
Benefits paid	(4.74)	-	(7.62)	(7.92)
Fair Value of plan assets at the end of year	122.84	105.90	-	- '
Funded status	-	-		
Excess of Actual over estimated return	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
The Amounts to be recognized in the balance sheet and staprofit and loss	atements of			
Present value of obligations as at the end of year	139.27	122.84	24.54	17.80
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	122.84	105.90	_	-
Funded status				
Net asset/(liability) recognized in balance sheet	16.43	16.94	24.54	17.80
Expenses for the year				
Current service cost	10.59	8.55	6.50	4.26
Prior service cost	_	17.64		-
Interest cost on benefit obligation	8.22	6.37	0.95	0.83
Expected return on plan assets	(7.57)	(6.98)		-
Net actuarial (gain)/loss recognised in the year	-	-	6.92	6.01
Total Expenses Recognised in the Profit and Loss Account	11.24	25.57	14.37	11.09
Remeasurement effects recognized in other Comprehensive	e Income			
Acturial (gain)/Losses due to Demographic Assumption cha		(1.49)	1	-
Acturial (gain)/Losses due to Financial Assumption changes		(0.23)	-	1
Actuarial (Gain)/Losses due to Experience on DBO	(3.75)	9.76		-
Return on Plan Asets (Greater)/ Less than Discount rate	0.81	1.60		1 - 2
Return on Fian Asets (Greater)/ Less than Discount rate				
Net actuarial (gain)/loss recognised in the year		7		

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Assumptions	Gratuity	Leave End	ashment	
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Discount Rate	6.82%	7.74%	6.82%	7.74%
Employee Turnover	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Salary Escalation	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Mortality		Indian Assured Live	s Mortality (2012-1	4) Ultimate

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion, and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

Note 26 - Net finance costs	(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated other		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Interest on Working Capital	0.10	0.21	
Other Interest	0.04	0.24	
Total	0.14	0.45	

Note 27 - Other expenses

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Stores, Spares and Packing	264.90	172.12
Power & Fuel	545.44	562.62
Repairs & Maintenance (Building)	39.07	3.63
Machinery & Electrical Repairs	100.69	67.77
Water Charges	14.61	13.64
Factory Expenses	335.89	342.10
Insurance Charges	10.02	5.92
Repairs-Others	14.62	5.12
Rent and Other Charges	87.76	70.29
Excise Duty	2.42	5.92
Rates & Taxes	3.45	5.28
Donation	11.00	0.05
Freight, Coolie & Cartage	38.64	35.49
Commission and Brokerage	356.93	367.73
Corporate Social Responsibility Contribution	37.52	30.65
Travelling and conveyance	69.84	56.22
Telephone charges	5.47	7.15
Printing & Stationery	3.82	3.43
Directors Sitting Fees	1.80	1.80
Vehicle Expenses	23.91	22.44
Auditors' Remuneration	16.04	12.94
Legal and Professional charges	67.37	70.46
Bank Charges	5.61	6.60
Sales Tax	0.32	0.20
Advertisement & Sales Promotion	112.49	113.90
General Expenses	23.14	22.28
Total	2,190.35	2,005.75

Consumable Stores & Spares and Packing:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
a) Imported	-	-
b) Indigenous	264.90	172.12

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

MILLA	20	Tamatian	
rvote	40	 Taxation 	1

-Income tax expense	(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)	
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Current tax		- / - /
Current tax on profits for the year	536.80	664.90
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	<u>-</u>	-
Total current tax expense	536.80	664.90
Deferred tax		
(Decrease)/increase in deferred tax liabilities	(7.52)	(5.17)
Total deferred tax expense/(benefit)	(7.52)	(5.17)
Income tax expense	529.28	659.73
The reconciliation of estimated income tax expenses at Indian statutory income statement of profit & loss is as follows Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Profit before taxes	2,283.27	2,417.73
Indian statutory income tax rate	22.17	29.12
Expected income tax expenses	506.20	
Tax effect of adjustments to reconcile expected income tax expense to reported		704.04
		704.04
income tax expense Income exempt from tax	(29.57)	704.04 (35.80)

Note 29 - Earning Per Share:

Total Income tax expenses

Tax on income at different rate

Tax exemptions

Others (net)

Expenses Disallowed

Particular	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Profit after Tax	1,753.99	1,758.00
No. of shares outstanding	3209000	3209000
Weighted Average No. of shares + potential shares o/s	3209000	3209000
Earning per share (Basic)	54.66	54.78
Earning per share (Diluted)	54.66	54.78
N 40 WI OCK O CLE D :		

Note 30 - Value Of Imports On C.I.F. Basis:

Particular	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Raw Materials	4,955.24	6,136.65

Note 31 - Expenditure In Foreign Currency:

Particular	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
1. Foreign Travels	25.76	7.47
2. Others	F.	0.66

Note 32 - Remuneration to Auditors:

Particular	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
As Auditors	14.54	11.44
Other Services	1.50	1.50
Total	16.04	12.94

(4.47)

71.46

(75.50)

659.73

(10.76)

62.89

31.51

(30.99)

529.28



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Details of transactions between the Company and its related parties are disclosed below:

Note 33 - Details of Related parties transactions are as under:

a) List of related parties and relationship where control exists or with whom transactions were entered into:

Subsidiary

Indoborax Infrastructure Private Limited

Key Management Personnel

Mr. S. K.Jain, Chairman and Managing Director

Mr. Sajal Jain, Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer

Relative of Key Management Personnel

Mr. Saumya Jain, Business Development Manager

b) Transactions during the year with related parties:

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Sr. Particulars	Subsidiary Company		Key Management Personnel		Relatives of key Managerial Person	
	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19
Dividemd Received: Indoborax Infrastrucutre Private Ltd Payments to & provision for Directors'	48.50	-	-	٠	-	
remuneration				7.		
Mr.S.K.Jain		-	119.23	131.65	-	
Mr. Sajal Jain	-	-	119.23	131.84	-	
Salary to Relative			-	-	-	
Mr. Saumya Jain	-	-	-	-	46.80	26.25
	Dividemd Received: Indoborax Infrastrucutre Private Ltd Payments to & provision for Directors' remuneration Mr.S.K.Jain Mr. Sajal Jain Salary to Relative	Dividemd Received: Indoborax Infrastrucutre Private Ltd Payments to & provision for Directors' remuneration Mr.S.K.Jain Mr. Sajal Jain Salary to Relative	Subsidiary Company 2019-20 2018-19 Dividemd Received: Indoborax Infrastrucutre Private Ltd Payments to & provision for Directors' remuneration Mr.S.K.Jain Mr. Sajal Jain Salary to Relative	Subsidiary Company Rey Man Perso 2019-20 2018-19 2019-20 Dividemd Received: Indoborax Infrastrucutre Private Ltd 48.50 Payments to & provision for Directors' remuneration Mr.S.K.Jain Mr. Sajal Jain Salary to Relative Subsidiary Company Rey Man Perso 1019-20 1	Subsidiary Company Rey Management Personnel	Subsidiary Company Relative Management Personnel Relative Manageria

c) Outstanding at year end

Sr.	Particulars	Subsidiary Company		Key Management Personnel		Relatives of key Managerial Person	
		2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19
1	Outstanding Loan given Indo Boraxinfrastructure Pvt Ltd			-	-		
2	Outstanding Payables Mr.S.K.Jain			81.59	76.53		
	Mr. Sajal Jain	2	-	84.37	101.39	-	-
	Mr. Saumya Jain	-	-	-	-	8.28	0.97



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 34 - Financial instruments

I) Fair values hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs). Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring fair value measurements

As at 31 March 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Investments at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income				
Shares	14.22	-	101.93	116.15
Mutual funds	1,784.71	-	-	1,784.71
Other	-	-	0.03	0.03
Total financial assets	1,798.93		101.96	1,900.89
As at 31 March 2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets	-	-	-	-
Investments at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income				
Shares	27.48		101.93	129.40
Mutual funds	3,713.59	-	-	3,713.59
Other	-	-	0.03	0.03
Total financial assets	3,741.07	-	101.96	3,843.03

(ii) Valuation process and technique used to determine fair value

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

The use of quoted market prices for investments in shares and mutual funds.

b

Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 35 - Financial Risk Management:

i) Financial Instruments by Cartagory:

Particulars	As at N	March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019		
r articular s	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	FVTOCI	Amortised Cost	
Financial assets :					
Investments					
mutual funds Shares and Bond	1,798.92	-	3,741.07	-	
Loans					
to others	-	385.34	<u>-</u>	162.72	
to other body corporates		1,735.11	1.4	668.33	
Trade receivables		803.50	-	936.15	
Security deposits	-	37.63	-	33.24	
Cash and cash equivalents	-	3,961.06	-	61.84	
Unclaimed dividend account		29.36	-	33.90	
Total	1,798.92	6,952.00	3,741.07	1,896.18	
Financial Liabilities				7-72	
Borrowings	0.00	-	-	-	
Trade payables	-	282.17	-	191.51	
Other financial liabilities	-	492.32	-	629.93	
Total	-	774.49	-	821.44	

a) The carrying value of trade receivables, securities deposits, insurance claim receivable, loans given, cash and bank balances and other financial assets recorded at amortised cost, is considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value. The carrying value of borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost is considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value.

ii) risk management

The Company's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements:

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, derivative financial instruments, financial assets measured at amortised cost	Aging analysis	Bank deposits, diversification of asset base, credit limits and collateral.
Liquidity risk	Borrowings and other liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities
Market risk - foreign exchange	Recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee (Rs.)	Cash flow forecasting sensitivity analysis	Material bought on receipt of documents, if material bought on credit same are hedged.
Market risk - interest rate	Borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity analysis	Mix of borrowings taken at fixed and floating rates
Market risk - Ulexite, Lithium & other raw material prices	Payables linked to ulexite prices	Sensitivity analysis	The ulexite and other raw material is purchase at the prevailing price from suppliers.
Market risk - security price	Investments in equity, Mutual fund	Sensitivity analysis	Portfolio diversification



A) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or pay amounts due to the Company causing financial loss. It arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and financial institutions, security deposits, loans given and principally from credit exposures to customers relating to outstanding receivables. The Company's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at reporting date.

The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties, identified either individually or by the Company, and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. Where available at reasonable cost, external credit ratings and/or reports on customers and other counterparties are obtained and used. The Company's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

In respect of trade and other receivables, the Company is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any company of counterparties having similar characteristics. Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers in various parts of India. The Company has very limited history of customer default, and considers the credit quality of trade receivables that are not past due or impaired to be good.

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, mutual funds, bank deposits, loans and derivative financial instruments is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable organisations with high quality external credit ratings.

Company provides for expected credit losses on financial assets by assessing individual financial instruments for expectation of any credit losses. Since the assets have very low credit risk, and are for varied natures and purpose, there is no trend that the company can draws to apply consistently to entire population. For such financial assets, the Company's policy is to provides for 12 month expected credit losses upon initial recognition and provides for lifetime expected credit losses upon significant increase in credit risk. The Company does not have any expected loss based impairment recognised on such assets considering their low credit risk nature, though incurred loss provisions are disclosed under each sub-category of such financial assets.

Detail of trade receivables that are past due is given below:

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

	((
Particulars	As at 31-Mar-20	As at 31-Mar-19			
Not due	549.09	757.85			
0-30 days past due	229.95	157.37			
31-60 days past due	4.55	10.53			
61-90 days past due	14.25	2.27			
More than	5.66	8.12			
*rounded off to nil					
	803.50	936.15			

B) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. Due to the nature of the business, the Company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed facilities.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Company takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates. In addition, the Company's liquidity management policy involves projecting cash flows in major currencies and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these, monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements and maintaining debt financing plans.

Financing arrangements

The Company had obtained credit facility of Rs. 1175 Lakhs from Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd, however the same has not been utilized.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying amounts as the impact of discounting is not significant.

Contractual maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Company's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying amounts as the impact of discounting is not significant.

31-Mar-20	Payable on demand	Less than 1 year	Less than 1-2 year	Less than 2-3 year	More than 3 year	Total
Borrowings	-		-	-	-	-
Trade payable	276.12				6.05	282.17
Other financial liabilities	93.61	324.91	-	-	-	418.52
Total	369.74	324.91	-		6.05	700.70

31-Mar-19	Payable on demand	Less than 1 year	Less than 1-2 year	Less than 2-3 year	More than 3 year	Total
Borrowings			-	-	-	-
Trade payable	180.19	-	-	_	11.31	191.51
Other financial liabilities	94.32	459.86	-	-	-	554.18
Total	274.52	459.86	-	-	11.31	745.69

C) Market risk - foreign exchange

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, primarily with respect to US Dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises from recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency. The Company, as per its overall strategy imports raw materials on the basis of market demand. The Company does not use forward contracts and swaps for speculative purposes.

Sensitivity

The sensitivity to profit or loss from changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from financial instruments denominated in USD. In case of a reasonably possible change in INR/USD exchange rates of \pm 0 (previous year \pm 0) at the reporting date, keeping all other variables constant, there would have been an impact on profits of INR 80.59 Lakhs (previous year INR 240.29 Lakhs).

D) Interest rate risk

i) Liabilities

The Company's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. At 31 March 2020, the Company is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates.

Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the Company to interest rate risk: (Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Variable rate borrowing		07	
Fixed rate borrowing	¥	-	
Total Borrowings		-	

Sensitivity

The sensitivity to profit or loss in case of a reasonably possible change in interest rates of +/- 50 basis points (previous year: +/- 50 basis points), keeping all other variables constant, would have resulted in an impact on profits by INR 0.008 Lakhs (Previous year INR 0.002 Lakhs)

ii) Assets

The Company's financial assets are carried at amortised cost and are at fixed rate only. They are, therefore, not subject to interest rate risk since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.



E) Price risk

Exposure from investments in mutual funds:

The Company's exposure to price risk arises from investments in mutual funds held by the Company and classified in the balance sheet as fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in mutual funds, the Company invest only in liquid Funds.

Sensitivity

The sensitivity to profit or loss in case of an increase in price of the instrument by 5% keeping all other variables constant would have resulted in an impact on profits by 374.11 Lakhs (previous year INR 541.04 Lakhs).

Exposure from trade payables:

Company generally import on adavance payment or on payment at the time of receipt documents. If there is any transaction of imports on credit basis, then such transaction is hedged.

Note 36 - Capital Management:

The Company's capital management objectives are: to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, to provide an adequate return to shareholders. The company monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity less cash and cash equivalents as presented on the face of balance sheet.

The Management assesses the Company's capital requirements in order to maintain an efficient overall financing structure while avoiding excessive leverage. This takes into account the subordination levels of the Company's various classes of debt. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in the economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets.

The company monitors the capital on the basis of following ratios:

1. Equity Ratio

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

rticulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
al equity	13,798.78	12,036.21	
al assets	14,834.93	13,116.58	
uity Ratio	92.47%	91.15%	
uity Ratio	92.47%		

2. Debt Equity Ratio

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Net debts		
Total equity	13,798.78	12,036.21
Debt Equity Ratio	0.00%	0.00%



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

37 Note 37 - Commitment and Contingent Liabilty:

- a) In 1992, STC of India Ltd had claimed for Rs. 9.03 Lakhs towards price difference & others, against this, Honourable Bombay High Court ordered Company to give bank quarantee of Rs. 1.65 Lakhs (Previous year Rs. 1.65 Lakhs)
- b) Balance instalment towards work in progress of Rs. 2086.06 Lakhs, payable on the basis of various stages of completion of project over the period of five years.

38 Note 38 - Corporate Social Reponsibility:

The Company has incurred INR 37.52 lakhs (previous year INR 30.65 Lakhs) towards Social Responsibility activities. It is included in in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Further, no amount has been spent on construction / acquisition of an asset of the Company and the entire amount has been spent in cash. The amount required to be spent under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the year 2020 is INR 37.27 lakhs i.e. 2% of average net profits for last three financial years, calculated as per Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013.

39 All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Companys normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current non current classification of assets and liabilities.

40 Transition of Ind As 116:

Company as a lessee:

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of lowvalue assets. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

As per Ind A S 116, the lessee needs to recognise depreciation on rights of use assets and finance costs on lease liabilities in the statement of profit and loss. There will not be any material effect of the said implemention of Ind As 116 to the Company. The Company has not enetered into any lease agreement.

Company as a lessor:

Leases in which the Company does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

41 COVID- 19 effects and assessment:

The COVID-19 pandemic is rapidly spreading throughout the world. The operations of the company were impacted, due to shutdown of plants and offices following lockdown as per directives from the Government of India.

The Company has resumed operations in a phased manner as per directives from the Government of India. The Company has evaluated impact of this pandemic on its business operations and financial position and based on its review of current indicators of future economic conditions, there is no major significant impact on its financial statements as at 31st March, 2020.

However, the impact assessment of COVID-19 is a continuing process given the uncertainties associated with its nature and duration and accordingly the impact may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements. The Comapnay will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

42 Post reporting date events

The company has acquired a Residential Flat at Mumbai for Rs 4130 Lakhs on 17th July, 2020, looking at the stressed real estate market and with a view to make profit in long run.

43 Authorization of Financial Statements

The standalone financial statement for the year ended 31 March 2020 (including comparatives) were approved by the Board of Directors on 23rd July, 2020.

44 The previous year's figures have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary to make in compliance with the current financial year.

Notes 1 to 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Pulindra Patel & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 115187W

Pulindra Patel

Proprietor

Membership No. 048991 Place: Mumbai

Date : 23rd July, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board Directors Indo Borax & Chemicals Ltd

S.K.Jain Sajal Jain

Chairman & Managing Director Executive Director

& CFO

Sreelekha Jain Arun Sureka
Director Director

Govind Parmar Pravin Chavan
Director Company Secretary



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED (hereinafter referred to as the 'Holding Company'') and its subsidiaries (Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020, and the consolidated statement of Profit and Loss, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated cash flows Statement for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies (hereinafter referred to as "the consolidated financial statements"). In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of their consolidated state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, of consolidated profit/loss, consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by ICAI, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit matter:

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to communicate in our report.

Other Information

The Holding Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Holding Company's annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed and based on the work done/ audit report of other auditors, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's and Board of Directors' Responsibilities for the Consolidated Financial Statements:

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its Associates and Jointly controlled entities in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates and jointly controlled entities are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or

INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED

error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates and jointly controlled entities are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associates and jointly controlled entities to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associates and jointly controlled entities are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group and of its associates and jointly controlled entities.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (i) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (ii) Obtain an understanding of internal controls relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on whether the Company has in place an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and the operating effectiveness of such controls
- (iii) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management
- (iv) Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (v) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the Ind AS financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- (vi) Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED



We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, the auditor determines those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. In accordance with the requirements of SA 701, the auditor describes these matters in the auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, the auditor determines that a matter should not be communicated in the auditor's report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors.
- (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e)On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as **on 31**st March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary company, incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies, its associate companies and jointly controlled companies incorporated in India is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group, its associates and jointly controlled entities Refer Note 38 to the consolidated financial statements.
 - ii. Provision has been made in the consolidated financial statements, as required under the applicable law or accounting standards, for material foreseeable losses, if any, on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiary company, incorporated in India.

For Pulindra Patel & CO. Chartered Accountants FRN No. 115187W

Pulindra Patel Proprietor Membership No.048991

UDIN No.: 20048991AAAAFH6664

Place: Mumbai Date: 23rd July, 2020



ANNEXURE 'A' TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF INDO BORAX & CHEMICALS LIMITED

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2020, We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiary company, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding company, its subsidiary company, which is the company incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (ICAI)".] These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing, prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls system over financial reporting of the Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and



(3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Holding Company, its subsidiary companies, and its associate companies which are companies incorporated in India have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For Pulindra Patel & CO. Chartered Accountants FRN No. 115187W

Place: Mumbai Date: 23rd July, 2020 **Pulindra Patel**

Proprietor Membership No.048991

UDIN No. 20048991AAAAFH6664

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Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited Consolidated balance sheet as at March 31, 2020

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

	(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated o				
Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019		
ASSETS					
Non-current assets					
Property, plant and equipment	1	1,486.13	1,926.24		
Capital work-in-progress	1	108.52	112.14		
Investment in Properties	2	3,065.57	3,065.57		
Other intangible assets	3	-	9.67		
Financial Assets					
i. Investments	4	14.22	27.48		
ii. Loans	5	2,150.28	862.70		
iii. Other Financial Assets	6	39.45	35.07		
Total non-current assets		6,864.17	6,038.87		
Current assets	_				
Inventories	7	1,035.39	1,166.12		
Financial assets					
i. Investments	8	1,784.71	3,713.59		
ii. Trade receivables	9	807.75	940.40		
iii. Cash and cash equivalents	10	4,095.40	250.96		
iv. Bank balances other than (iii) above	11	36.11	35.65		
v. Loans	12	5.98	5.01		
Other current assets	13	246.27	1,079.50		
Total current assets		8,011.61	7,191.23		
Total assets		14,875.78	13,230.10		
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Equity					
Equity share capital	14	320.90	320.90		
Other equity	15	13,512.95	11,819.74		
Equity attributable to owners of Indo Borax & Chemicals Limit		13,833.85	12,140.64		
Non-controlling interests		-	-		
Total equity		13,833.85	12,140.64		
LIABILITIES					
Non-current liabilities					
Other Financial Liabilities	1.6	73.80	75.75		
	16 17	120.89	75.75		
Deferred Tax Liabilities Total non-current liabilities	1 /	120.89 194.69	134.59 210.34		
		194.09	210.34		
Current liabilities					
Financial liabilities					
i. Trade payables					
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises	18	5.07	0.21		
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises		277.44	194.22		
and small enterprises					
ii. Other financial liabilities	19	421.61	559.93		
Provisions	20	143.12	124.76		
Total liabilities		847.24	879.12		
Total equity and liabilities		14,875.78	13,230.10		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			10,200.10		

Notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

As per attached report of even date.

For Pulindra Patel & Co.,

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 115187W

Pulindra Patel

Proprietor

Membership No. 048991

Place: Mumbai

Date: 23rd July, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board Directors

Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited

S.K.Jain

Chairman & Managing Director

Sreelekha Jain

Director

Pravin Chavan

Company Secretary

Sajal Jain

Executive Director & CFO

Arun Sureka Director

- . . - -

Govind Parmar

Director



Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited Consolidated statement of profit and loss for the year ended March 31, 2020

		`	ns unless stated otherwise)
Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 202	0 As at March 31, 2019
Continuing operations			
Revenue from operations	21	11,525.48	12,834.88
Other income	22	509.38	550.73
Total income		12,034.86	13,385.61
Expenses		,	- 7
Cost of raw materials and components consumed	23	6,770.64	7,936.97
Purchase of Traded goods	24	10.40	19.49
(Increase)/decrease in inventories of finished goods	, work-		
in-progress and traded goods	25	(47.23)	143.81
Employee benefit expenses	26	737.21	718.17
Finance Cost	27	0.14	1.27
Depreciation and amortisation expense	1	138.46	140.16
Other expenses	28	2,190.82	2,006.48
Total expenses		9,800.44	10,966.35
Profit before exceptional items and tax		2,234.42	2,419.26
Exceptional items		-	, -
Profit before tax		2,234.42	2,419.26
Income tax expense		,	,
- Current tax	29	547.34	670.92
- Deferred tax	29	(7.52)	(5.17)
Total tax expense/(credit)		539.82	665.75
Profit from continuing operations			
From from continuing operations		1,694.60	1,753.51
Profit for the year		1,694.60	1,753.51
Profit for the year	income for t	1,694.60	1,753.51
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive	income for t	1,694.60	1,753.51
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss	income for t	1,694.60	1,753.51
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above		1,694.60 he year ended March	1,753.51 31, 2020
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or		1,694.60 he year ended March	1,753.51
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be		1,694.60 he year ended March	1,753.51 31, 2020
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or		1,694.60 he year ended March 50.54 6.18	1,753.51 31, 2020 (8.20)
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss		1,694.60 he year ended March 50.54 6.18	1,753.51 31, 2020 (8.20)
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be		1,694.60 he year ended March 50.54 6.18	1,753.51 31, 2020 (8.20)
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss		1,694.60 he year ended March 50.54 6.18	1,753.51 31, 2020 (8.20) - (8.20)
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss OCI for the year		1,694.60 he year ended March 50.54 6.18 56.72 56.72	1,753.51 31, 2020 (8.20) - (8.20) (8.20)
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss OCI for the year Total comprehensive income for the year	Loss	1,694.60 he year ended March 50.54 6.18 56.72 56.72	1,753.51 31, 2020 (8.20) - (8.20) (8.20)
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss OCI for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Earnings per share	Loss	1,694.60 he year ended March 50.54 6.18 56.72 56.72 1,751.32	1,753.51 31, 2020 (8.20) (8.20) (8.20) (8.20)
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss OCI for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Earnings per share Basic	Loss 30	1,694.60 he year ended March 50.54 6.18 56.72 56.72 1,751.32	1,753.51 31, 2020 (8.20) (8.20) (8.20) 1,745.31 54.64 54.64
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss OCI for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Earnings per share Basic Diluted	Loss 30 ad in conjunc	1,694.60 he year ended March 50.54 6.18 56.72 56.72 1,751.32 52.81 52.81 tion with the accompar	1,753.51 31, 2020 (8.20) (8.20) (8.20) 1,745.31 54.64 54.64
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss OCI for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Earnings per share Basic Diluted The above statement of profit and loss should be recommendated.	Loss 30 ad in conjunc	1,694.60 he year ended March 50.54 6.18 56.72 56.72 1,751.32 52.81 52.81 tion with the accompar	1,753.51 31, 2020 (8.20) (8.20) (8.20) (8.20) 1,745.31 54.64 54.64 sying notes.
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss OCI for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Earnings per share Basic Diluted The above statement of profit and loss should be real Notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these final As per attached report of even date. For Pulindra Patel & Co.,	30 ad in conjunction and in statem For and on Indo Boras	1,694.60 he year ended March 50.54 6.18 56.72 56.72 1,751.32 52.81 52.81 tion with the accomparents.	1,753.51 31, 2020 (8.20) (8.20) (8.20) 1,745.31 54.64 54.64 sying notes.
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss OCI for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Earnings per share Basic Diluted The above statement of profit and loss should be reconstructed to 45 form an integral part of these finates As per attached report of even date. For Pulindra Patel & Co., Chartered Accountants	30 ad in conjunctorial statem For and on Indo Borat S.K.Jain	1,694.60 he year ended March 50.54 6.18 56.72 56.72 1,751.32 52.81 52.81 tion with the accomparents. behalf of the Board I	1,753.51 31, 2020 (8.20) (8.20) (8.20) 1,745.31 54.64 54.64 sying notes. Directors d Sajal Jain
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss OCI for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Earnings per share Basic Diluted The above statement of profit and loss should be real notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these final As per attached report of even date. For Pulindra Patel & Co., Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 115187W	30 ad in conjunction cial statem For and on Indo Borat S.K.Jain Chairman &	1,694.60 he year ended March 50.54 6.18 56.72 56.72 1,751.32 52.81 52.81 tion with the accomparents. behalf of the Board I	1,753.51 31, 2020 (8.20) (8.20) (8.20) (8.20) 1,745.31 54.64 54.64 54.64 Sajal Jain Executive Director & CFO
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss OCI for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Earnings per share Basic Diluted The above statement of profit and loss should be rea Notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these fina As per attached report of even date. For Pulindra Patel & Co., Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 115187W Pulindra Patel Proprietor	30 ad in conjunctorial statem For and on Indo Borat S.K.Jain	1,694.60 he year ended March 50.54 6.18 56.72 56.72 1,751.32 52.81 52.81 tion with the accomparents. behalf of the Board I	1,753.51 31, 2020 (8.20) (8.20) (8.20) 1,745.31 54.64 54.64 sying notes. Directors d Sajal Jain
Profit for the year Consolidated statement of other comprehensive Items that will be reclassified to profit or loss Tax relating to above a) Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or b) Income Tax Relating To Items That Will Not Be Reclassified To Profit Or Loss OCI for the year Total comprehensive income for the year Earnings per share Basic Diluted The above statement of profit and loss should be real Notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these final As per attached report of even date. For Pulindra Patel & Co., Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No. 115187W Pulindra Patel	ad in conjunction and in conjunction statem For and on Indo Boras S.K.Jain Chairman & Sreelekha.	1,694.60 he year ended March 50.54 6.18 56.72 56.72 1,751.32 52.81 52.81 tion with the accomparents. behalf of the Board I & & Chemicals Limite & Managing Director Jain	1,753.51 31, 2020 (8.20) (8.20) (8.20) (8.20) 1,745.31 54.64 54.64 sying notes. Directors d Sajal Jain Executive Director & CFC Arun Sureka

Cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March, 2020 (Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

_		A 4 M 1 21 2020	(Amounts are in lakhs un	
	articulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
A	Cash flow from operating activities:		2 22 4 12	A 440.55
	Profit before tax		2,234.42	2,419.26
	Adjustments for:			
	Depreciation and amortization for the year	138.46		140.16
	(Profit)/Loss on sale of Investment (Net)	(91.80)		(0.77)
	Net unrealised foreign exchange (gain)/ loss	(59.91)		(169.65)
	Net (profit)/loss on disposal of property, plant and	-		(1.84)
	Dividend received	(84.89)		(121.08)
	Interest Income	(96.75)		(73.57)
	Finance cost	0.14		1.27
		<u>-</u>	(194.75)	(225.48)
	Operating profit before working capital changes		2,039.67	2,193.79
	Adjustments for:			
	Decrease/Increase in inventories	130.73		(162.41)
	Decrease/(increase) in non-current financial assets	(1,291.97)		63.78
	Decrease/(increase) in current financial assets	(1.43)		(0.17)
	Decrease/(increase) in other current assets	833.20		73.23
	Increase in trade receivables	192.56		110.52
	Increase in trade payables	88.08		(126.91)
	Increase in current financial liabilities	(138.32)		62.55
	Increase in non-current financial liabilities	(1.95)		_
	Increase in other provisions	13.25		30.96
	•		(175.85)	51.55
	Cash generated from operating activities	-	1,863.82	2,245.33
	Income Tax Paid (net)	(545.38)		(770.46)
	· ,		(545.38)	(770.46)
	Net cash generated from operating activities	-	1,318.44	1,474.87
В	Cash flow from investing activities:	-	,	
	Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(30.68)		(43.64)
	Proceeds from government subsity	345.62		
	Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equip	ment -		2.04
	Purchase of Investments	(14,563.74)		(6,393.51)
	Proceeds from redemption of investments, net	16,651.41		4,615.77
	Interest received	96.75		73.57
	Dividend received	84.89		121.08
	Net cash used in investing activities	005	2,584.25	(1,624.69)
\mathbf{C}	Cash flow from financing activities:		2,00 1120	(1,02 1105)
	(Repayment)/proceeds of short term borrowings, ne	t -	_	_
	Interest paid	(0.14)	_	(1.27)
	Dividends Paid (including Dividend Distribution Ta		_	(58.03)
	Net cash generated from financing activities	(36.11)	(58.25)	(59.30)
	Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	-	3,844.44	(209.12)
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	ear	250.96	460.08
	Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year		4,095.40	250.96
	Cash and cash equivalents at the chu of the year		4,073.40	230.90

Note: Cash & Cash equivalent excluded Rs. 1.75 Lakhs given as bank guarantee, which was included in previous year. As per attached report of even date.

S.K.Jain

Notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

As per attached report of even date. For and on behalf of the Board Directors

For Pulindra Patel & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 115187W

Proprietor Membership No. 048991 Place: Mumbai

Pulindra Patel

Date : 23rd July, 2020

Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited

Chairman & Managing, Executive Director & CFO

Sreelekha Jain Arun Sureka

Director Director

Pravin Chavan Govind Parmar

Sajal Jain

Company Secretary Director

Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL:

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

	(
Particulars	Note	No. of shares	Amount			
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares						
Equity share of Rs. 10 each						
Balance as at 1 April 2019	14	3209000	320.90			
			_			
	14	3209000	320.90			
Changes in Equity Share Capital during the year						
Balance as at 31 March 2020	14	3209000	320.90			
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

B. OTHER EQUITY

Particulars Reserve & Surplus					
	Capital Redemption Reserve	Share Forfeiture Account	General Reseve	Retained Earning	Total
Balance as at 1 April 2018	27.20	1.39	1,134.11	8,969.75	10,132.46
Profit for the year	-	-	-	1,753.51	1,753.51
Trasfer from Surplus in Profit and Loss Account	-	-	175.00	-	175.00
Transfer to General Reserve	-	-	-	(175.00)	(175.00)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	(8.20)	(8.20)
Total comprehensive income	27.20	1.39	1,309.11	10,540.06	11,877.77
Dividends distributed to equity shareholders	-	-	-	(48.14)	(48.14)
Corporate dividend tax on dividend paid to Equity Shareholder	s	-	-	(9.89)	(9.89)
Balance as at 31 March 2019	27.20	1.39	1,309.11	10,482.03	11,819.74
Profit for the year	_	-	-	1,694.60	1,694.60
Trasfer from Surplus in Profit and Loss Account	-	-	175.00	-	175.00
Transfer to General Reserve	-	-	-	(175.00)	(175.00)
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	50.54	50.54
Income tax telating to ttems that will tot be reclassified to profit	t or -	-	-		
loss				6.18	6.18
Total comprehensive income	27.20	1.39	1,484.11	12,058.36	13,571.06
Dividends distributed to equity shareholders	-	-	-	(48.14)	(48.14)
Corporate dividend tax on dividend paid to Equity Shareholder	s -		_	(9.97)	(9.97)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	27.20	1.39	1,484.11	12,000.25	13,512.95

a) Capital Redemption Reserve

The Company has recognised Capital Redemption Reserve on buyback of equity shares from its retained earnings. The amount in Capital Redemption Reserve is equal to nominal amount of the equity shares bought back.

b) Share Forfeiture Account

Amount originally received on 19000 equity shares, inclusive of share premium on forfeiture of shares transferred to Share Forfeiture Account.

c) General Reserves

The Company created general reserve in earlier years pursuant to the provisions of the Companies Act wherein certain percentage of profits were required to be transferred to general reserve before declaring dividends. As per the Companies Act 2013, the requirement to transfer profits to general reserve is not mandatory. General reserve is a free reserve available to the Company.

Notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

As per attached report of even date. For Pulindra Patel & Co.,

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 115187W

Pulindra Patel

Proprietor

Membership No. 048991

Place: Mumbai

Date: 23rd July, 2020

For and on behalf of the Board Directors
Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited

S.K.Jain

Chairman & Managing Director

Sreelekha Jain

Director

Pravin Chavan

Company Secretary

Sajal Jain

Executive Director & CFO

Arun Sureka Director

Govind Parmar

Director



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020 Corporate Information

Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited (the Company) is a public limited company incorporated and domiciled in India. Its shares are listed on Stock Exchange in India. It has formed its subsidiary Indoborax Infrastructure Private Limited. The registered office is at 302, Link Rose, Linking Road, Santacruz (West), Mumbai - 400054. The Company is engaged in manufacturing of Boron products and Lithium.

The Consolidated accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2020 were consolidated on the basis of audited accounts presented by the subsidiary Indoborax Infrastructure Private Limited.

a) General information and Compliance with Ind AS:

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the parent company and its subsidiary (hereinafter referred as group)

Name of the Subsidiary	Principle activities	Country of Incorporation	Proportion of ownership interest in (%)		
		incorporation	2019-20	2018-19	
Indoborax Infrastructure Private	Builders and	India	100%	100%	
Limited	Developers				

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Ind AS notified by the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Amendment Rules, 2016. Accordingly, the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2020 are the Group's Ind AS consolidated financial statements. For periods up to and including the year ended 31 March 2020, the Group prepared its consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting standards notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 (the 'Act'), read together with paragraph 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 (Indian GAAP).

Overall Consideration

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using the significant accounting policies and measurement bases summarised below. These were used throughout all periods presented in the financial statements, except where the Group has applied certain accounting.

Basis of preparation

The Consolidated financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies are applied consistently to all the periods presented in the Consolidated financial statements. All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non current as per the Group normal operating cycle and other criteria as set out in the Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Group has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current or non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

Subsidiary entity where the group exercise or controls 100% of its total share capital. The net assets and results of acquired businesses are included in the consolidated financial statements from their respective dates of acquisition, being the date on which the Group obtains control.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of consolidated financial statements are consistent with those of previous year. The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary have been combined on a line-by- line basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses, after eliminating intra group balances, intra group transactions and the unrealised profits/losses, unless cost/revenue cannot be recovered.

b) Current versus non current classification

The Group presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/ non-current classification. An asset is classified as current when it is:

- i. Expected to be realised or intended to sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- ii. Held primarily for the purpose of trading,
- iii. Expected to be realised within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv. Cash or cash equivalent unless restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.



A liability is classified as current when:

- i. It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle
- ii. It is held primarily for the purpose of trading
- iii. It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- iv. There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

The operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are classified as non-current assets and liabilities.

c) Property, Plant and Equipment:

Property, plant and equipment are stated at their cost of acquisition. The cost comprises purchase price, borrowing cost if capitalisation criteria are met and directly attributable cost of bringing the asset to its working condition for the intended use. Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company. All other repair and maintenance costs are recognised in statement of profit and loss as incurred.

Subsequent measurement (depreciation and useful lives):

Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on straight line method on assets located in Factory premises. The company has followed written-down value method of providing depreciation with respect to assets located at Head Office. The Depreciation is computed on the basis of useful lives (as set out below) prescribed in Schedule II the Act: The amortisation period and the amortisation method for finite-life intangible assets is reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Description of Asset	Estimated useful life (in years)
Office Building	60
Factory Building	30
Plant and equipment	20
Office equipment	5
Computers	3
Electric installation	10
Furniture and fixtures	10
Vehicles	8

Leasehold improvements have been amortised over the estimated useful life of the assets or the period of lease, whichever is lower. The residual values, useful lives and method of depreciation are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate.

Material items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and service equipment are classified as PPE when they meet the definition of PPE as specified in Ind AS 16 – Property, Plant and Equipment

De-recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset (calculated as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset) is included in the income statement when the asset is derecognised.

d) Impairment of non-financial assets

At each reporting date, the Group assesses whether there is any indication based on internal/ external factors, that an asset may be impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the asset. If such recoverable amount of the asset or the recoverable amount of the cash generating unit to which the asset belongs is less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount is reduced to its recoverable amount and the reduction is treated as an impairment loss and is recognised in the statement of profit and loss. All assets are subsequently reassessed for indications that an impairment loss previously recognised may no longer exist. An impairment loss is reversed if the asset's or cash-generating unit's recoverable amount exceeds its carrying amount.

The impairment losses and reversals are recognised in statement of profit and loss.



e) Financial instruments

Financial assets

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument and are measured initially at fair value adjusted for transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement

i) Financial instruments at amortised cost – the financial instrument is measured at the amortised cost if both the following conditions are met:

The asset is held within a business model whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows, and Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. All the debt instruments of the Group are measured at amortised cost.

Trade Receivables and Loans:

Trade receivables are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequently, these assets are held at amortised cost, using the effective interest rate (EIR) method net of any expected credit losses. The EIR is the rate that discounts estimated future cash income through the expected life of financial instrument.

Mutual Funds, Equity investment, bonds and other financial instruments:

Mutual Funds, Equity investment, bonds and other financial instruments in the scope of Ind As 109 are measured at fair value through profit & loss account (FVOCI).

Financial liabilities

Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and transaction cost that is attributable to the acquisition of the financial liabilities is also adjusted. These liabilities are classified as amortised cost.

Subsequent measurement

Subsequent to initial recognition, these liabilities are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. These liabilities include borrowings.

De-recognition of financial liabilities

A financial liability is de-recognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability.

The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of profit and loss.

f) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, the group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss for financial assets.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. When estimating the cash flows, the group is required to consider.

- i. All contractual terms of the financial assets (including prepayment and extension) over the expected life of the assets.
- ii. Cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

Trade receivables

The Company applies approach permitted by Ind AS 109, financial instruments, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of receivables.

Other financial assets

For recognition of impairment loss on other financial assets and risk exposure, the group determines whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition and if credit risk has increased significantly, impairment loss is provided.

g) Inventories

Raw Material: Lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined on first in first out ('FIFO') basis.

Work in progress, are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost of work in progress and manufactured finished goods comprises direct material, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing these inventories to their present

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location and condition.

Finished goods: Lower of cost or net realisable value. Cost is determined on FIFO basis, includes direct material and labour expenses and appropriate proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal capacity for manufactured goods.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs of necessary to make the sale.

h) Foreign Currency Translation

Initial recognition

The Company's financial statements are presented in INR, which is also the Group's functional currency. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded on initial recognition in the functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of the transaction.

Measurement at the balance sheet date

Foreign currency monetary items of the Group, outstanding at the balance sheet date are restated at the year-end rates. Non-monetary items which are carried at historical cost denominated in a foreign currency are reported using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value is determined.

Treatment of exchange difference

Exchange differences that arise on settlement of monetary items or on reporting at each balance sheet date of the Group's monetary items at the closing rate are recognised as income or expenses in the period in which they arise.

i) Income taxes:

Tax expense recognised in statement of profit and loss comprises the sum of deferred tax and current tax not recognised in Other Comprehensive Income ('OCI') or directly in equity.

Current income-tax is measured at the amount expected to be paid to the tax authorities in accordance with the Indian Income-tax Act. Current income-tax relating to items recognised outside statement of profit and loss (either in OCI or in equity).

Deferred income-tax is calculated using the liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised in full for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that the underlying tax loss, unused tax credits or deductible temporary difference will be utilised against future taxable income. This is assessed based on the Group's forecast of future operating results, adjusted for significant non-taxable income and expenses and specific limits on the use of any unused tax loss or credit. Deferred tax assets or liability arising during tax holiday period is not recognised to the extent it reverses out within the tax holiday period. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date. Deferred tax relating to items recognised outside statement of profit and loss is recognised outside statement of profit and loss (either in OCI or in equity).

j) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand, demand deposits with banks/corporations and short- term highly liquid investments (original maturity less than 3 months) that are readily convertible into known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

k) Post-employment, long term and short term employee benefits

i) Short Term Employee Benefits:

All employee benefits payable within twelve months of receiving employee services are classified as short-term employee benefits. These benefits include salaries and wages, bonus and ex-gratia.

ii) Defined contribution plans

Employee benefits in the form of contribution to Provident Fund managed by Government authorities, Employees State Insurance Corporation and Labour Welfare Fund are considered as defined contribution plan and the contributions are charged to the Profit and Loss Account of the year when the contributions to the respective funds are due.

iii) Defined benefit plans

Retirement benefit in the form of Gratuity benefit is considered as defined benefit obligation and is provided for on the basis of an actuarial valuation.



iv) Gratuity

The group has an obligation towards gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan covering eligible employees. The plan provides for payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount based on the respective employee's salary and the tenure of employment. Vesting occurs upon completion of given years of service. The company makes contribution to employees group gratuity fund established by Life Insurance Corporation of India. Actuarial gains and losses arising from changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the Profit and Loss account in the period in which they arise.

l) Operating expenses

Operating expenses are recognised in profit or loss upon utilisation of the service or as incurred.

m) Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisitions, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is necessary to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred and reported in finance costs.

n) Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments, at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- i. In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- ii. In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

o) Provisions, contingent assets and contingent liabilities

Provisions are recognised only when there is a present obligation, as a result of past events, and when a reliable estimate of the amount of obligation can be made at the reporting date. These estimates are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimates. Provisions are discounted to their present values, where the time value of money is material. Contingent liability is disclosed for:

- i. Possible obligations which will be confirmed only by future events not wholly within the control of the Group or
- ii. Present obligations arising from past events where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation or a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets are not recognized. However, when inflow of economic benefit is probable, related asset is disclosed.

p) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders (after deducting attributable taxes) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events including a bonus issue.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential equity shares.

q) Significant management judgement in applying accounting policies and estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the Group's financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the related disclosures. Significant management judgements and estimates The following are significant management judgements and estimates in applying the accounting policies of the Group that have the most significant effect on the financial statements. Recognition of deferred tax assets – The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilised. Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets – The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.

Recoverability of advances/receivables – At each balance sheet date, based on historical default rates observed over expected life, the management assesses the expected credit loss on outstanding receivables and advances.

Defined benefit obligation (DBO) – Management's estimate of the DBO is based on a number of critical underlying assumptions such as standard rates of inflation, medical cost trends, mortality, discount rate and anticipation of future salary

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increases. Variation in these assumptions may significantly impact the DBO amount and the annual defined benefit expenses.

Fair value measurements – Management applies valuation techniques to determine the fair value of financial instruments (where active market quotes are not available). This involves developing estimates and assumptions consistent with how market participants would price the instrument. Management uses the best information available. Estimated fair values may vary from the actual prices that would be achieved in an arm's length transaction at the reporting date Useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets – Management reviews its estimate of the useful lives of depreciable/amortizable assets at each reporting date, based on the expected utility of the assets.

Uncertainties in these estimates relate to technical and economic obsolescence.

r) Revenue recognition

Sales of goods

IND AS 115: Revenue from Contracts with Customers

Revenue from Contracts with Customers Ind AS 115 establishes a single comprehensive model for entities to use in accounting for revenue arising from contracts with customers. Ind AS 115 will supersede the current revenue recognition standard Ind AS 18 Revenue, Ind AS 11 Construction Contracts when it becomes effective. The core principle of Ind AS 115 is that an entity should recognise revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to customers in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. Specifically, the standard introduces a 5-step approach to revenue recognition:

- Step 1: Identify the contract(s) with a customer
- Step 2: Identify the performance obligation in contract
- Step 3: Determine the transaction price
- Step 4: Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations in the contract
- Step 5: Recognise revenue when (or as) the entity satisfies a performance obligation

Under Ind AS 115, an entity recognises revenue when (or as) a performance obligation is satisfied, i.e. when 'control' of the goods or services underlying the particular performance obligation is transferred to the customer. The Company has completed its evaluation of the possible impact of Ind AS 115 and will adopt the standard from 1st April, 2018.

Interest Income

Interest income is recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

Dividend

Dividends are recognised at the time the right to receive the payment is established.

t) Segment Information

The managing committee is considered to be the 'Chief Operating Decision Maker' (CODM) as defined in IND AS 108. The Operating Segment is the level at which discrete financial information is available. The CODM allocates resources and assess performance at this level. The Company has one operating segment i.e. Chemical Manufacturing which includes Boron Products and Lithium Hydroxide.

u) Accounting for Lease:

Group as a lessee:

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low value assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

As per Ind AS 116, the lessee needs to recognise depreciation on rights of use assets and finance costs on lease liabilities in the statement of profit and loss. There will not be any material effect of the said implemention of Ind As 116 to the Group. The Lease charges paid on yearly basis and charged to revenue account.

Group as a lessor:

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms.

Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

v) Government Grants

Government grants / subsidies received towards specific fixed assets have been deducted from the gross value of the concerned fixed assets. Capital Subsidies under MP MSME Protsahan Scheme, 2017 is recognised to the extent the claims are accepted and settled.



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 1 - Property, plant and equipment

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	Buildings	Furniture fixture and office-equipments	Plant and machinery	Office equipments	Vehicles	Leased Land	Total	Capital work-in- progress
Gross block								
As at March 31, 2019	1,112.96	135.89	1,676.24	73.37	269.01	10.06	3,277.53	112.14
Additions	-	10.07	8.24	1.56	14.44	-	34.30	-
Deduction *	-	-	345.62	-	-	-	345.62	3.62
As at March 31, 2020	1,112.96	145.96	1,338.87	74.92	283.44	10.06	2,966.21	108.52

Particulars	Buildings	Furniture fixture and office- equipments	Plant and machinery	Office equipments	Vehicles	Leased Land	Total	Capital work-in- progress
Accumulated depreciation								
As at March 31, 2019	296.31	98.40	668.66	53.36	234.56	-	1,351.29	9 -
Depreciation charge during the year	40.57	11.48	57.41	7.69	11.65	-	128.79	-
Deduction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
As at March 31, 2020	336.88	109.88	726.07	61.04	246.20	-	1,480.08	8 -
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2020	776.08	36.08	612.80	13.88	37.24	10.06	1,486.13	3 108.52
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2019	816.65	37.48	1,007.58	20.01	34.45	10.06	1,926.2	4 112.14

^{*} Note: During the year District Industrial Center, Pithampur (Madya Pradesh) had sancationed and approved Rs. 345.62 Lakhs Industrial Investment Susbsidy, same has been deducted from the cost of plant & machinery.



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 2 - Investment property

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Gross block		
Opening gross carrying amount	3,065.57	3,065.57
Closing gross carrying amount	3,065.57	3,065.57
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2020	3,065.57	-
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2019	-	3,065.57

(i) Amounts recognised in the statement of profit and loss for investment properties

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Rental income	134.88	138.00
Direct operating expenses for property that generated rental income	(10.80)	(10.19)
Direct operating expenses for property that did not generate rental	(25.23)	(20.68)
Profit from investment properties before depreciation	98.85	107.14
Depreciation	-	-
Profit from investment properties	98.85	107.14

(ii) Leasing arrangements

Minimum lease payments receivable under non-cancellable operating leases of investment properties are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Within 1 year	92.00	69.00
Later than 1 year but not later than 5 years	182.00	-
Later than 5 years	-	-
Total	274.00	69.00

(iii) Fair value of investment property as on 31st March, 2020 is Rs. 3642 Lakhs (Rs. 3825 Lakhs)

The company obtains independent valuations for its investment in properties. The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar properties. Where such information is not available, the company consider information from a variety of sources including:

The fair values of investment in properties have been determined by Independent Valuer H. Mehta & Associates. The main inputs used are the rental growth rates, expected vacancy rates, terminal yields and discount rates based on comparable transactions and industry data. All resulting fair value estimates for investment properties are included in level 3.

^{*} current prices in an active market for properties of different nature or recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, adjusted to reflect those differences.

^{*} discounted cash flow projections based on reliable estimates of future cash flows.

^{*} capitalised income projections based upon a property's estimated net market income, and a capitalisation rate derived from an analysis of market evidence.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020 Note 3 - Intangible assets (Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Note 3 - Intangible assets	(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)			
Particulars	Goodwill	Total		
Gross block				
As at March 31, 2019	29.00	29.00		
Additions	<u>-</u>	-		
Deduction	<u>-</u>	-		
As at March 31, 2020	29.00	29.00		

Particulars	Goodwill	Total	
Accumulated amortisation and impairment			
As at March 31, 2019	19.33	19.33	
Amortisation charge during the year	9.67	9.67	
Impairment loss during the year	-	-	
As at March 31, 2020	29.00	29.00	
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2020	-		
Net carrying amount as at March 31, 2019	9.67	9.67	

Note 4 - Non-current investments

•	A 4	1 _	. 1 . 1	 4 _ 4	l - 41
•	Amounts	are in ia	ikne iin	iece etate <i>i</i>	l otherwise
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Note 4 - Non-current investments		(Amounts are in laking unless stated otherwise)				
Daniel and and	No. Of Share/ Bond Unit	As at March 31, 2020	No. Of Share/ Bond Unit	As at March		
Particulars	Dona Cint	31, 2020	Dona Omi	31, 2020		
Other Equity Instruments:						
Unquoted, fully paid up						
Reliance Media Works Ltd	675	-	675	-		
Investment in Equity Instruments						
Quoted, fully paid up						
At Fair value through OCI						
Central Bank of India Ltd	3,200	0.39	3,200	1.17		
Jaiprakash Associates Limited	4,500	0.05	4,500	0.25		
Jindal Steel & Power Limited	300	0.25	300	0.54		
Kamanwala Industries Limited	57,395	2.51	57,395	5.95		
L & T Limited	900	7.27	900	12.46		
National Thermal Power Limited	3,600	3.03	3,600	4.87		
Nagarjuna Constructions Company Limited	1,500	0.28	1,500	1.69		
Punj Lloyd Limited	4,000	0.03	4,000	0.08		
Reliance Comminucation Limited	2,000	0.01	2,000	0.08		
Unity Projects Limited	2,000	0.01	2,000	0.02		
Investement in Debentures - fully paid up						
Unquoted,						
At Fair value through OCI						
NTPC Ltd, Non Convertible Debentures	3,000	0.39	3,000	0.38		
		14.22		27.48		
Aggregate amount of quoted investments		14.22		27.48		
Aggregate market value of listed and quoted inve	estments	14.22		27.48		
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments		-		-		
Aggregate amount of impairment in value of inv	estments	0.03		0.03		



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 5 - Long term loans and	advances
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Note 5 - Long term loans and advances	(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020 As at March		
Unsecured, considered good			
Loans- Intercorporate Deposits			
Inter Corporate Deposits	1,735.11	668.33	
Advances recoverable in cash or kind	-	-	
Unsecured, considered good	330.31	105.95	
Other loans and advances, unsecured, considered good	-	-	
Advance income-tax (net of provision for taxation)	35.81	35.85	
	366.12	141.80	
Provision for doubtful advances			
Other leans and advances unaccount considered and	366.12	141.80	
Other loans and advances, unsecured, considered good	49.05	52.57	
Loans to employees	49.05	52.57	
m . I		-	
Total	2,150.28	862.70	
Note 6 - Long term loans and advances			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Unsecured, considered good			
Security Deposits	39.45	35.07	
Total	39.45	35.07	
Note 7 - Inventories			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Raw materials (Refer note 23)	866.88	1,052.40	
Stock in Process	17.77	24.54	
Finished goods	85.37	31.37	
Stock of Consumable Stores & Spare parts (at cost)	65.37	57.81	
Total	1,035.39	1,166.12	

Note 8 - Current investments

Particulars	No. Of Share/Bond Unit	As at March 31, 2020	No. Of Share/Bond Unit	As at March 31, 2019
In Units Of Mutual Fund - quoted				
At Fair value through OCI				
SBI Magnum Low Duration Fund Growth	60,530.835	1,575.51	-	-
ICICI Prudential Liquid Plan-IP	2,08,975.493	209.20	37,08,120	3,713.59
Total		1,784.71		3,713.59
Aggregate amount of quoted investments		1,784.71		3,713.59
Aggregate market value of listed and quoted investments		1,784.71		3,713.59
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments		-		-
Aggregate Provision for Impairment in the Value of Investment	nts	-		-

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 9 - Trade receivables	(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated other		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Outstanding for a period exceeding six months from they are due for payment	the date		
Unsecured, considered good	4.25	5.46	
Doubtful	-	-	
Dodottai	4.25	5.46	
Less: Provision for doubtful reveivables		-	
	4.25	5.46	
Other receivables	803.50	934.94	
Unsecured, considered good		-	
Total	807.75	940.40	
Note 10 - Cash and cash equivalents			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Cash on hand	1.91	1.60	
Bank balances	-	-	
- Current Account	3,990.29	63.58	
- Fixed Deposit with banks	103.20	185.78	
Total	4,095.40	250.96	
Note 11 - Other bank balances			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Margin money deposits	6.75	1.75	
Unclaimed dividend account (refer note a below)	29.36	33.90	
Total	36.11	35.65	
Note: Not due for deposit to the Investors Education and	l Protection Fund		
Note 12 - Short term loans and advances			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Loans to Employees	5.98	4.20	
Others	-	0.81	
Total	5.98	5.01	
Note 13 - Other current assets			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Prepaid expenses	24.29	14.32	
Balance with govt authorities	3.05	2.87	
Advances to Suppliers	50.92	942.07	
Others	166.66	120.18	

1.35

246.27

0.06 1,079.50

Total

Interest Receivable



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020 Note 14 - Share capital and other equity

Share capital	(Amounts are in lakhs u	(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)		
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019		
Authorised shares				
6000000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each	600.00	600.00		
(Previous Year 6000000 Equity Shares)				
Issued, subscribed shares				
3500000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each				
(Previous year 3500000 Equity Shares)	350.00	350.00		
	350.00	350.00		
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up shares				
3209000 Equity Shares of Rs. 10/- each				
(Previous year 3209000 Equity Shares)	320.90	320.90		
	320.90	320.90		
(a) Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the begin	ning and at the end of the reporting pe	riod		
Equity Shares	Nos.	INR in Lakhs		
Balance as at 31st March 2019	3209000	320.90		
Changes during the period	-	-		
Balance as at 31st March 2020	3209000	320.90		
(b) The second of all the section is a second of the secon				

(b) Terms/ rights attached to equity shares

The company has only one class of equity shares having par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The company declares and pays dividends in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

During last five years no shares were allotted without payment being received in cash or as bonus shares, however company were bought back and extinguished 2,72,000 equity shares during the financial year 2014-15.

Amount originally received on forfeited shares Rs. 1,39,350/- (Inclusive of share premium) included in Reserve & Surplus

(c) Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company

(as per the register of members of the Company are as under) :-

Name of the shareholder	As at March 31, 2020		As at March 31, 2019	
	Nos. of Shares	% holding in the class	Nos. of Shares	% holding in the class
Equity shares of Rs. 10/- each fully paid				
Mr. S.K.Jain	799244	24.91	799244	24.91
Mr. Sajal Jain	606496	18.90	606496	18.90
Mrs. Sreelekha Jain	207702	6.47	207702	6.47
1 61 6 1 1			1 .1 1 1	. 10

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/ members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

Reserves and Surplus	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Capital Redemption Reserve	27.20	27.20
Balance Brought Forward	27.20	27.20
Share Forfeiture Account		
Balance Brought Forward	1.39	1.39
	1.39	1.39
General Reserve		
Balance Brought Forward	1,309.11	1,134.11
Transfer from Surplus	175.00	175.00
	1,484.11	1,309.11
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss		
Balance as per the last financial statements	10,482.04	8,969.76
Profit for the year	1,751.32	1,745.31
Less: Appropriations		
Dividend distributed on equity shares	(48.14)	(48.14)
Tax on equity dividend	(9.97)	(9.89)
Transfer to General Reserve	(175.00)	(175.00)
Closing Balance	12,000.25	10,482.04
TOTAL	13,512.95	11,819.74

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st **March 2020**

March 2020		
Note 16 - Other non-current financial liabilities		inless stated otherwise)
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Leased Deposits	73.80	75.75
Total	73.80	75.75
Note 17 - Deferred tax liabilities		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Deferred tax liabilites arising on account of:		
Diff. between accounting base and tax base of PPP	120.89	134.59
Total	120.89	134.59
Note 18 - Trade payables		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (Refer Note below).	5.07	0.21
Others	277.44	194.22
Total	282.51	194.43
a) DETAILS OF DUES TO MICRO, MEDIUM AND SMALL ENTERPRISES:	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
(i) The principal amount and the interest due thereon (to be	110 00 11101 011 011, 2020	115 55 1115 51 2015
shown separately) remaining unpaid to any supplier as at the end		
Principal amount due to micro and small enterprises	5.07	0.09
Interest due on above	-	0.11
(ii) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of Section		0,11
16 of the Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development		
Act,2006, along with the amounts of the payment made to the		
supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	Nil	Nil
iii) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay	Nil	Nil
in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the		
appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest		
specified under Micro Small and Medium Enterprise Development		
iv) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the	0.12	0.11
end of each accounting year.		
v) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even	Nil	Nil
in the succeeding year, until such date when the interest dues as		
above are actually paid to the small enterprise for the purpose of		
disallowance as a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the		
Micro Small and Media Enterprise Development Act,2006.		
Note 19 - Other current financial liabilities		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
a) Statutory dues payable	150.08	215.19
b) Salaries due to director	165.97	177.92
c) Trade Security Deposit	-	5.75
d) Advance received from clients	64.25	60.42
e) Other Liabilities	11.95	66.75
f) Unclaimed Dividend	29.36	33.90
Total	421.61	559.93
Note 20 - Short term provisions		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Provision for gratuity (net) (Refer Note 26)	139.27	122.84
Provision for Tax (Net)	3.85	1.92
Total	143.12	124.76
		·

Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 21 - Revenue from operations	(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Operating Income:			
Manufactured goods	11,511.56	12,809.92	
Traded goods	13.92	24.96	
	11,525.48	12,834.88	
Sale of products comprises:			
Manufactured goods			
Sales of Boron Product & other chemicals	11,511.56	12,809.92	
Traded goods			
Ulexite	13.92	24.96	
	11,525.48	12,834.88	
Note 22 - Other income			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Dividend income from investments	0.38	0.34	
Dividend on Mutual Fund	84.51	120.74	
Interest received	96.72	73.54	
Interest received on Debenture	0.03	0.03	
Gain/(Loss) on Sale of Investments	91.80	0.77	
Net gain on foreign currency transactions and translation	59.91	169.65	
Profit on Sale of Assets	-	1.84	
Sales of Scrap	6.92	-	
Rent & Facility Charges	169.06	176.08	
Sundry balances w/back	0.05	7.74	
Total	509.38	550.73	

Note 23 - Cost of materials consumed

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Opening Stock	1,052.40	755.78
Add: Purchases		
Ulexite	4,960.63	5,210.37
Sulphuric Acid	574.83	948.43
Lithium	999.41	2,037.78
Others	50.25	37.01
	7,637.52	8,989.37
Less: Closing Stock	866.88	1,052.40
Total	6,770.64	7,936.97
(a) Raw Materials Consumed Comprise :		
Ulexite	5,111.10	4,782.47
Sulphuric Acid	576.63	950.47
Lithium	1,033.97	2,037.78
Others	48.94	35.96



Indo Borax & Chemicals Limited Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

(b) Value of imported raw materials consumed and the value of all indigenous raw materials similarly consumed and the percentage of each to the total consumption.

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Raw Materials		
(i) Imported	6,155.35	6,970.35
(ii) Indigenous	615.29	966.61
	6,770.64	7,936.97
Note 24 - Purchase of traded goods		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Ulexite	10.40	19.49
	10.40	19.49
Note 25 - (Increase)/Decrease in inventories		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Inventories at the beginning of the year		
Finished goods	31.37	187.22
Work-in-progress	24.54	12.50
	55.91	199.72
Inventories at the end of the year		
Finished goods	85.37	31.37
Work-in-progress	17.77	24.54
	103.14	55.91
	(47.23)	143.81

Note 26 - Employee benefit expenses

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Salaries, Wages, Bonus & Ex-gratia	676.10	622.64
Contribution to E.S.I.C.	4.08	5.30
Contribution to Provident Fund	34.67	29.16
Provision / Contribution to Group Gratuity and LIC	11.24	25.58
Workmen & Staff Welfare expenses	11.12	35.49
Total	737.21	718.17

⁽a) As per Accounting Standard 15 "Employee benefits", the disclosures as defined in the Accounting Standard are given below:

Defined Contribution Plan:

Contribution to Provident Fund is Rs. 34.67 Lakhs/- (Previous Year Rs. 29.16 Lakhs), ESIC and Labour Welfare Fund Includes Rs. 4.08 Lakhs- (Previous Year Rs. 5.30 Lakhs).

Defined Benefit Plan:

Gratuity and Leave Encashment:

The Company makes partly annual contribution to the Employees' Group Gratuity-cum-Life Assurance Scheme of the Life Insurance Corporation of India, a funded benefit plan for qualifying employees. The scheme provides for lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death while in employment or on termination of employment of an amount equivalent to 15 days service for each completed year of service or part thereof depending on the date of joining. The benefit vests after five years of continuous service.

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

	(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)				
Assumptions	Gratuit	y Funded	Leave Encashment		
	Non	Non	Non	Non	
	Funded	Funded	Funded	Funded	
	As at	As at	As at	As at	
	As at March	March 31,	March 31,	March 31,	
	31, 2020	2019	2020	2019	
Reconciliation of opening and closing balances of the present value	of the defined	d benefit Obl	igation:		
Present Value of obligation as at beginning of year	0.00	82.25	17.82	14.63	
Current service cost	10.59	8.55	6.50	4.26	
Prior service cost	-	17.64	-	-	
Interest cost	8.22	6.37	0.95	0.83	
Actuarial (gain) / loss	2.36	8.04	6.92	6.01	
Benefits paid	(4.74)	-	(7.62)	(7.92)	
Present Value of obligation as at end of the year	16.43	122.84	24.56	17.82	
Change in Plan assets					
Plan assets at period beginning, at fair value	105.90	79.93	-	_	
Expected return on plan assets	7.57	6.98	-	_	
Actuarial (gain) / loss	(0.81)	(1.60)	_	_	
Contribution	14.92	20.59	7.62	7.92	
Benefits paid	(4.74)	-	(7.62)	(7.92)	
Fair value of Plan assets at end of the year	122.84	105.90	- (,,,,,	- (
Fair Value of Plan Assets	122.0.	100.50			
Fair Value of plan assets at beginning of year	105.90	79.93	_	_	
Actual return on plan assets	6.76	5.39	_	_	
Contributions	14.92	20.59	7.62	7.92	
Benefits paid	(4.74)	20.57	(7.62)	(7.92)	
Fair Value of plan assets at the end of year	122.84	105.90	- (7.02)	(7.52)	
Funded status	122.01	103.70	_	_	
Excess of Actual over estimated return	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	
-	1111	1111	1111	1111	
The Amounts to be recognized in the balance sheet and statements of profit and loss					
Present value of obligations as at the end of year	16.43	122.84	24.56	0.00	
Fair value of plan assets as at the end of the year	122.84	105.90	24.30	0.00	
Funded status	122.04	103.90	_	-	
Net asset/(liability) recognized in balance sheet	(106.41)	16.94	24.56	0.00	
Expenses for the year	(100.41)	10.94	24.30	0.00	
Current service cost	10.50	0 55	6.50	1 26	
	10.59	8.55	6.50	4.26	
Prior service cost	- 0.22	17.64	0.05	0.02	
Interest cost on benefit obligation	8.22	6.37	0.95	0.83	
Expected return on plan assets	(7.57)	(6.98)	-	-	
Net actuarial (gain)/loss recognised in the year	- 11.04	- 25.57	6.92	6.01	
Total Expenses Recognised in the Profit and Loss Account	11.24	25.57	14.37	11.09	
Remeasurement effects recognized in other Comprehensive Income	2	(1.40)			
Acturial (gain)/Losses due to Demographic Assumption changes in DBC		(1.49)	-	-	
Acturial (gain)/Losses due to Financial Assumption changes in DBO	6.11	(0.23)	-	-	
Actuarial (Gain)/Losses due to Experience on DBO	(3.75)	9.76	-	-	
Return on Plan Asets (Greater)/ Less than Discount rate	0.81	1.60	-	-	
Net actuarial (gain)/loss recognised in the year	- 2.15	- 0.62	-	-	
Total Actuarial (gain)/loss included in OCI	3.17	9.63	-	-	



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Assumptions			Leav	ve Encashment
	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31 2019	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Discount Rate	6.82%	7.74%	6.82%	7.74%
Employee Turnover	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Salary Escalation	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%	5.00%
Mortality	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2012-14) Ultimate			

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take account of inflation, seniority, promotion, and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market.

Note 27 - Net finance costs	(Amounts are in lakhs un	(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)			
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019			
Interest on Working Capital	0.10	0.21			
Other Interest	0.04	1.06			
Total	0.14	1 27			

Note 2	8 - (Other	expenses
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Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Stores, Spares and Packing	264.90	172.12
Power & Fuel	545.44	562.62
Repairs & Maintenance (Building)	39.07	3.63
Machinery & Electrical Repairs	100.69	67.77
Water Charges	14.61	13.64
Factory Expenses	335.89	342.10
Insurance Charges	10.02	5.92
Repairs-Others	14.62	5.21
Rent and Other Charges	87.76	70.29
Excise Duty	-	5.92
Rates & Taxes	3.48	5.31
Donation	11.00	0.05
Freight, Coolie & Cartage	38.64	35.49
Commission and Brokerage	356.93	367.73
Corporate Social Responsibility Contribution	37.52	30.65
Travelling and conveyance	69.84	56.22
Telephone charges	5.47	7.15
Printing & Stationery	3.82	3.43
Directors Sitting Fees	1.80	1.80
Vehicle Expenses	23.91	22.44
Auditors' Remuneration	16.19	13.09
Legal and Professional charges	67.66	70.91
Bank Charges	5.61	6.61
Sales Tax	0.32	0.20
Advertisement & Sales Promotion	112.49	113.90
General Expenses	23.14	22.29
Total	2,190.82	2,006.48

Consumable Stores & Spares and Packing:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
a) Imported	-	-
b) Indigenous	264.90	172.12



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note	20	T	wa	tio	n
Note	29	- 12	4 X Z	u	ш

-Income tax expense	(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherw		
Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
Current tax			
Current tax on profits for the year	539.15	668.30	
Adjustments for current tax of prior periods	8.19	2.62	
Total current tax expense	547.34	670.92	
Deferred tax			
Decrease/(increase) in deferred tax assets	-	-	
(Decrease)/increase in deferred tax liabilities	(7.52)	(5.17)	
Total deferred tax expense/(benefit)	(7.52)	(5.17)	
Income tax expense	539.82	665.75	

Note 30 - Earning Per Share:

Particular	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Profit after Tax	1,694.60	1,753.51
No. of shares outstanding	3209000	3209000
Weighted Average No. of shares + potential shares o/s	3209000	3209000
Earning per share (Basic)	52.81	54.64
Earning per share (Diluted)	52.81	54.64

Note 31 - Value Of Imports On C.I.F. Basis:

Particular	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Raw Materials	4,955.24	6,136.65

Note 32 - Expenditure In Foreign Currency:

Particular	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
1. Foreign Travels	25.76	7.47
2. Others	-	0.66

Note 33 - Remuneration to Auditors:

Particular	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019	
As Auditors	14.69	11.59	
Tax Audit Fees	1.50	1.50	
Total	16.19	13.09	

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Details of transactions between the Company and its related parties are disclosed below:

Note 34 - Details of Related parties transactions are as under:

a) List of related parties and relationship where control exists or with whom transactions were entered into: **Subsidiary**

Indoborax Infrastructure Private Limited

Key Management Personnel

Mr. S. K.Jain, Chairman and Managing Director

Mr. Sajal Jain, Executive Director & Chief Financial Officer

Relative of Key Management Personnel

Mr. Saumya Jain, Business Development Manager

b) Transactions during the year with related parties:

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Sr. No.	Particulars	Subsidiary Company		Key Management Personnel		Relatives of Key Managerial Person	
		2019-20	2019-20 2018-19		2018-19	2019-20	2018-19
1	Loan Given						
	Indoborax Infrastrucutre						
	Private Ltd	48.50	-				
2	Payments to & provision for						
	Directors' remuneration						
	Mr.S.K.Jain			119.23	131.65		
	Mr. Sajal Jain			119.23	131.84		
3	Salary to Relative						
	Mr. Saumya Jain					46.80	26.25

c) Outstanding at year end

Sr. No.	Particulars	Subsidiary Company 2019-20 2018-19		Key Man	~		es of Key ial Person
				2019-20	2018-19	2019-20	2018-19
1	Outstanding Loan given						
	Indo Boraxinfrastructure Pvt						
	Ltd	-	-				
2	Outstanding Payables						
	Mr.S.K.Jain			81.59	76.53		
	Mr. Sajal Jain			84.37	101.39		
	Mr. Saumya Jain					8.28	0.97



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 35 - Financial instruments

I) Fair values hierarchy

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant

Level 1: quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

Financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value - recurring fair value measurements

As at 31 March 2020	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Investments at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income				
Shares	13.83	-	-	13.83
Mutual funds	1,784.71	-	-	1,784.71
Other		0.39	-	0.39
Total financial assets	1,798.54	0.39	-	1,798.93

As at 31 March 2019	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets				
Investments at fair value through Other Comprehensive Income				
Shares	27.10	-	-	27.10
Mutual funds	3,713.59	-	-	3,713.59
Other		0.38	-	0.38
Total financial assets	3,740.69	0.38	-	3,741.07

(ii) Valuation process and technique used to determine fair value

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

The use of quoted market prices for investments in shares and mutual funds.



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

Note 36 -Financial Risk Management:

i) Financial Instruments by Cartagory:

Particulars	As at	March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019		
	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	FVTPL	Amortised Cost	
Financial assets:					
Investments					
mutual funds Shares and Bond	1,798.92	-	3,741.07	-	
Loans					
to others	-	385.34	-	163.53	
to other body corporates	-	1,735.11	-	668.33	
Trade receivables	-	807.75	-	940.40	
Security deposits	-	39.45	-	35.07	
Cash and cash equivalents	-	4,095.40	-	250.96	
Unclaimed dividend account	-	29.36	-	33.90	
Total	1,798.92	7,092.41	3,741.07	2,092.19	
Financial Liabilities					
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	
Trade payables	-	282.51	_	194.43	
Other financial liabilities	-	495.41	-	635.68	
Total		777.92	_	830.11	

a) The carrying value of trade receivables, securities deposits, insurance claim receivable, loans given, cash and bank balances and other financial assets recorded at amortised cost, is considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value. The carrying value of borrowings, trade payables and other financial liabilities recorded at amortised cost is considered to be a reasonable approximation of fair value.

ii) risk management

The Group's activities expose it to market risk, liquidity risk and credit risk. This note explains the sources of risk which the entity is exposed to and how the entity manages the risk and the related impact in the financial statements:

Risk	Exposure arising from	Measurement	Management
Credit risk	Cash and cash equivalents, trade receivables, derivative financial instruments, financial assets measured at amortised cost	Aging analysis	Bank deposits, diversification of asset base, credit limits and collateral.
Liquidity risk	Borrowings and other liabilities	Rolling cash flow forecasts	Availability of committed credit lines and borrowing facilities
Market risk - foreign exchange	Recognised financial assets and liabilities not denominated in Indian rupee (Rs.)	Cash flow forecasting sensitivity analysis	Material bought on receipt of documents, if material bought on credit same are hedged.
Market risk - interest rate	Borrowings at variable rates	Sensitivity analysis	Mix of borrowings taken at fixed and floating rates
Market risk - Ulexite, Lithium Hydroxide & other raw material prices	Payables linked to ulexite prices	Sensitivity analysis	The ulexite, Lithium hydroxide and ther raw material is purchase at the prevailing price from suppliers.
Market risk - security price	Investments in equity securities	Sensitivity analysis	Portfolio diversification



A) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument will fail to perform or pay amounts due to the Group causing financial loss. It arises from cash and cash equivalents, deposits with banks and financial institutions, security deposits, loans given and principally from credit exposures to customers relating to outstanding receivables. The Group's maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amount of financial assets recognised at reporting date.

The Company continuously monitors defaults of customers and other counterparties, identified either individually or by the Company, and incorporates this information into its credit risk controls. Where available at reasonable cost, external credit ratings and/or reports on customers and other counterparties are obtained and used. The Company's policy is to deal only with creditworthy counterparties.

In respect of trade and other receivables, the Group is not exposed to any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any company of counterparties having similar characteristics. Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers in various parts of India. The Group has very limited history of customer default, and considers the credit quality of trade receivables that are not past due or impaired to be good.

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, mutual funds, bank deposits, loans and derivative financial instruments is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable organisations with high quality external credit ratings.

Group provides for expected credit losses on financial assets by assessing individual financial instruments for expectation of any credit losses. Since the assets have very low credit risk, and are for varied natures and purpose, there is no trend that the company can draws to apply consistently to entire population. For such financial assets, the Group's policy is to provides for 12 month expected credit losses upon initial recognition and provides for lifetime expected credit losses upon significant increase in credit risk. The Group does not have any expected loss based impairment recognised on such assets considering their low credit risk nature, though incurred loss provisions are disclosed under each sub-category of such financial assets.

Detail of trade receivables that are past due is given below:

As at 31-Mar-20	As at 31-Mar-19
549.09	757.85
229.95	157.37
4.55	10.53
14.25	2 27

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

 31-60 days past due
 4.55
 10.53

 61-90 days past due
 14.25
 2.27

 More than
 9.91
 12.37

 *rounded off to nil

 807.75 940.40

B) Liquidity risk

Particulars
Not due

0-30 days past due

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due. Due to the nature of the business, the Company maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed facilities.

Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity position and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows. The Group takes into account the liquidity of the market in which the entity operates. In addition, the Group's liquidity management policy involves projecting cash flows in major currencies and considering the level of liquid assets necessary to meet these, monitoring balance sheet liquidity ratios against internal and external regulatory requirements and maintaining debt financing plans.

Financing arrangements

The Group had obtained credit facility of Rs. 1175 Lakhs from Kotak Mahindra Bank Ltd, however the same has been utililzed. Contractual maturities of financial liabilities

The tables below analyse the Group's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on their contractual maturities for all non-derivative financial liabilities. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows. Balances due within 12 months equal their carrying amounts as the impact of discounting is not significant.

31-Mar-20	Payable on demand	Less than 1 year	Less than 1-2 year	Less than 2-3 year	More than 3 year	Total
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade payable	276.46	-	-	-	6.05	282.51
Other financial liabilitie	s 93.61	327.99	-	-	-	421.60
Total	370.07	327.99	-	-	6.05	704.11
31-Mar-19	Payable on demand	Less than 1 year	Less than 1-2 year	Less than 2-3 year	More than 3 year	Total
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade payable	183.12	-	-	-	11.31	194.43
Other financial liabilitie	s 94.32	465.61	-	-	-	559.93
Total	277.44	465.61	-	-	11.31	754.36

C) Market risk - foreign exchange

The Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from foreign currency transactions, primarily with respect to US Dollar. Foreign exchange risk arises from recognised assets and liabilities denominated in a currency that is not the Company's functional currency. The Company, as per its overall strategy imports raw materials on the basis of market demand. The Company does not use forward contracts and swaps for speculative purposes.

Sensitivity

The sensitivity to profit or loss from changes in the exchange rates arises mainly from financial instruments denominated in USD. In case of a reasonably possible change in INR/USD exchange rates of +/- 2% (previous year +/-2%) at the reporting date, keeping all other variables constant, there would have been an impact on profits of INR 80.59 Lakhs (previous year INR 240.29 Lakhs).



D) Interest rate risk

I) Liabilities

The Group's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. At 31 March 2020, the Group is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates.

Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the Group to interest rate risk:

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Variable rate borrowing	-	-
Fixed rate borrowing	-	-
Total Borrowings	-	-

Sensitivity

The sensitivity to profit or loss in case of a reasonably possible change in interest rates of \pm 50 basis points (previous year: \pm 50 basis points), keeping all other variables constant, would have resulted in an impact on profits by INR .0008 Lakhs (Previous year INR 0.0002 Lakhs)

ii) Assets

The Group's financial assets are carried at amortised cost and are at fixed rate only. They are, therefore, not subject to interest rate risk since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

E) Price risk

Exposure from investments in mutual funds:

The Group's exposure to price risk arises from investments in mutual funds held by the Group and classified in the balance sheet as fair value through other comprehensive income. To manage its price risk arising from investments in mutual funds, the Group invest only in liquid Funds.

Sensitivity

The sensitivity to profit or loss in case of an increase in price of the instrument by 5% keeping all other variables constant would have resulted in an impact on profits by 374.11 Lakhs (previous year INR 541.04 Lakhs).

Exposure from trade payables:

Group generally import on adavance payment or on payment at the time of receipt documents. If there is any transaction of imports on credit basis, then such transaction is hedged.

Note 37 - Capital Management:

The Group's capital management objectives are: to ensure the group's ability to continue as a going concern, to provide an adequate return to shareholder. The Group monitors capital on the basis of the carrying amount of equity less cash and cash equivalents as presented on the face of balance sheet.

The Management assesses the group's capital requirements in order to maintain an efficient overall financing structure while avoiding excessive leverage. This takes into account the subordination levels of the group's various classes of debt. The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in the economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets.

The company monitors the capital on the basis of following ratios:

1. Equity Ratio

(Amounts are in lakhs unless stated otherwise)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Total equity	13,833.85	12,140.64
Total assets	14,875.78	13,230.10
Equity Ratio	93.00%	91.77%

2. Debt Equity Ratio

Particulars	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
Net debts	-	-
Total equity	13,833.85	12,140.64
Gearing Ratio	0.00%	0.00%



Summary of Significant Accounting Policies and Other Explanatory Information for the year ended 31st March 2020

38 Note 38 - Commitment and Contingent Liabilty:

- a) In 1992, STC of India Ltd had claimed for Rs. 9,02,807/- towards price difference & others, against this, Honourable Bombay High Court ordered Company to give bank quarantee of Rs. 1,65,000/- (Previous year Rs. 1,65,000/-).
- b) Balance instalment towards work in progress of Rs. 2086.06 Lakhs, payable on the basis of various stages of completion of project over the period of five years.

39 Note 39 - Corporate Social Reponsibility:

The Group has incurred INR 37.52 lakhs (previous year INR 30.65 Lakhs) towards Social Responsibility activities. It is included in in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Further, no amount has been spent on construction / acquisition of an asset of the Company and the entire amount has been spent in cash. The amount required to be spent under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 for the year 2020 is INR 37.27 lakhs i.e. 2% of average net profits for last three financial years, calculated as per Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013.

40 Transition of Ind As 116:

Group as a lessee:

The Group applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of lowvalue assets. The Group recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

As per Ind A S 116, the lessee needs to recognise depreciation on rights of use assets and finance costs on lease liabilities in the statement of profit and loss. There will not be any material effect of the said implemention of Ind As 116 to the Group. The Group has not enetered into any lease agreement.

Group as a lessor:

Leases in which the Group does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset are classified as operating leases. Rental income arising is accounted for on a straight-line basis over the lease terms. Initial direct costs incurred in negotiating and arranging an operating lease are added to the carrying amount of the leased asset and recognised over the lease term on the same basis as rental income. Contingent rents are recognised as revenue in the period in which they are earned.

41 COVID- 19 effects and assessment:

The COVID-19 pandemic is rapidly spreading throughout the world. The operations of the company were impacted, due to shutdown of plants and offices following lockdown as per directives from the Government of India.

The Group has resumed operations in a phased manner as per directives from the Government of India. The Group has evaluated impact of this pandemic on its business operations and financial position and based on its review of current indicators of future economic conditions, there is no major significant impact on its financial statements as at 31st March, 2020.

However, the impact assessment of COVID-19 is a continuing process given the uncertainties associated with its nature and duration and accordingly the impact may be different from that estimated as at the date of approval of these financial statements. The Group will continue to monitor any material changes to future economic conditions.

42 All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current – non current classification of assets and liabilities.

43 Post reporting date events

The company has acquired a Residential Flat at Mumbai for Rs. 4130 Lakhs on 17th July, 2020, looking at the stressed real estate market and with a view to make profit in long run.

44 Authorization of Financial Statements

The standalone financial statement for the year ended 31st March 2020 (including comparatives) were approved by the Board of Directors on 23 rd July, 2020.

45 The previous year's figures have been regrouped and rearranged wherever necessary to make in compliance with the current financial year.

Notes 1 to 45 form an integral part of these financial statements.

For Pulindra Patel & Co.,

Indo Borax & Chemicals Ltd

Firm Registration No. 115187W

S.K.Jain Sajal Jain

For and on behalf of the Board Directors

Pulindra Patel

Chairman & Managing Director

Executive Director & CFO

Sreelekha Jain

Arun Sureka

Proprietor Membership No. 048991

Director

Director

Place: Mumbai

Chartered Accountants

Govind Parmar Pravin Chavan

Date: 23rd July, 2020

Company Secretary Director



FORM AOC-1

STATEMENT REGARDING SUBSIDIARY COMPANY PURSUANT TO SUB-SECTION (3) OF SECTION 129 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 READ WITH RULE 5 OF THE COMPANIES (ACCOUNTS) RULES, 2014

Statement containing salient features of the financial statement of subsidiary

Rs. in Lakhs

Sr. No.	Particulars	
1	Name of the Company	Indoborax Infrastructure Private Limited
2	Reporting Period	1 st April, 2019 to 31 st March, 2020
3	Reporting Currency	INR
4	Share Capital	1.00
5	Reserve & Surplus	137.70
6	Total Assets	144.48
7	Total Liabilities	5.78
8	Investments	0.00
9	Turnover	0.00
10	Profit before taxation	9.32
11	Provision for taxation	10.54
12	Profit after taxation	(1.22)
13	Proposed Dividend	500.00
15	% of shareholding	100%
16	Country	India

For and on behalf of Board

S. K. Jain Arun Sureka Govind Parmar Pravin Chavan
Chairman & Managing Director Director Director Company Secretary

Sajal Jain Sre-Executive Director & CFO Director & Mumbai, 23rd July, 2020

Sreelekha Jain Director