



JET KNITWEARS LTD.

CIN - L19101UP1996PLC019722

Manufacturers & Exporters of Quality Knitted Undergarments

September 03, 2024

To,
National Stock Exchange of India Limited
Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor
Plot No. C/1, G Block
Bandra-Kurla Complex
Mumbai-400051

Sir(s),

Sub: Submission of Annual Report for the Financial Year 2023-24

Symbol: JETKNIT

In compliance with Regulation 34 of SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015, we are enclosing herewith the Annual Report for the Financial Year 2023-24 along with Notice convening the Twenty-Eighth (28th) Annual General Meeting of the Company to be held on **Monday, September 30, 2024** at **04:00 PM** at Registered Office of the Company at 119/410 B-1, Darshan Purwa, Kanpur – 208012.

The Annual Report containing the Notice is also uploaded on the Company's website <https://www.jetlycot.com/pages/annual-reports>.

Kindly take the same into your records.

Thanking you.
Yours Faithfully,

For JET KNITWEARS LIMITED

VINNY Digitally signed
by VINNY
SAXENA
SAXENA Date: 2024.09.03
16:25:15 +05'30'

(Vinnny Saxena)
**Company Secretary
& Compliance Officer**

Encl: a.a

- 119/410, B-1, Darshanpurwa, Kanpur -208012, U.P., INDIA
- +915122217553 +915122296128
- 57 A, Dada Nagar, Kanpur, U.P., INDIA
- 26 A, Appachi Nagar, Kongu Main Road, Tirupur-641607, Tamilnadu
- info@jetknit.com www.jetlycot.com
- Shop online at: www.jetlycot.com





2023-24

28th ANNUAL REPORT

Shop online at: www.jetlycot.com



ROUND NECK T-SHIRT



SHORTS



COLLAR T-SHIRTS



LOWERS



LYCOT
CLOTHING
PREMIUM DENIM

Jet Knitwears Ltd.

Head Office : 119/410, B-1, Darshanpurwa,
Kanpur (U.P) 208012 India
Tel. : +91 9621363636 & +91 6394751050
Unit : 454/1F4, Avinashilingampalayam, Palangarai,
Avinashi Tirupur, Tamil Nadu 641652
e-mail : info@jetknit.com



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About Jet Knitwears Limited

Jet Knitwear Ltd was started in 1969 for the sole purpose of being one of the leading manufacturers of Cotton Hosiery products to deliver quality products. Over the years, with dedication and hard work we have managed to establish a strong marketing workforce and a Distributor & Wholesalers network along with more than 5000 retailers in our home base of Uttar Pradesh.

The result of commitment and hard work led us to be pioneers in our field by being awarded by the Government of India several times on the basis of our Quality products, Research and Development and Entrepreneurship. Our long standing tradition of excellence coupled with diligent service and unwavering commitment towards our customers has earned us their trust in such a way that we command a market share of 45%-50% in the markets where we have a presence.

Our in-house facilities conjoined with our experience in the industry have enabled us to develop and deliver breakthrough products that have helped us to win our customers trust. This trust has made our customers Brand Loyal to an extent wherein generations of our customers and consumers are associated with us. To ensure absolute professionalism in our work ethics our Company has the following work policies:

- 1-कर्म में आस्था
- 2-उत्पादन प्रक्रिया में निरन्तर सुधार
- 3-उचित मूल्य पर उच्चतम उत्पाद
- 4-ग्राहक की संतुष्टि

Company's Strategy

- **Purpose:** To be a leader in the Hosiery Undergarments and Casual Wears by providing enhanced services, relationship and profitability.
- **Vision:** To provide quality services that exceeds the expectations of our esteemed customers.
- **Mission statement:** To build long term relationships with our customers and clients and provide exceptional customer services by pursuing business through innovation and advanced technology.
- **Core values:**
 - We believe in treating our customers with respect and faith.
 - We grow through creativity, invention and innovation.
 - We integrate honesty, integrity and business ethics into all aspects of our business functioning
- **Goals:**
 - To build good reputation in the field of Hosiery Undergarments and Casual Wears and become a key player in the industry.
 - Regional expansion in the field of Hosiery Undergarments and Casual Wears and develop a strong base of key customers.



CHAIRMAN'S MESSAGE

Dear Stakeholders



The fiscal year 2023-24 has been a challenging period for the entire textile industry of India. The winds of change have not been in our favor, as we navigated through turbulent waters buffeted by various storms that tested our resilience. Yet our buoyancy towards our work commitments has helped us sustain through hard times.

The foundation of our struggles lies in the unrelenting increased cotton rates in India in contrast with the International cotton rates. This essential raw material forms the lifeblood of our operations and the steep rise in costs has eroded our profit margins. This rise of about 15% in cotton, cotton yarn & cotton products discourages us from engaging in exports as the international market is dynamic, opposing and competitive with manifold international players having higher grade products at modest rates in turn adding another layer of complexity, making it difficult for us to compete effectively in the global market.

Moreover, the market slump faced by the hosiery and textile industry is also a point of discussion. We have battled bravely against a market slump that dampened demand in the fiscal year and left our warehouses filled with unsold inventory. Your company stayed relevant and competitive during the times of market slump at the cost of abated profit margins. Further the taxation system in India, while designed to bring in revenue for the nation, has inadvertently led to a reduction in the purchasing power of retailers and the general public. This has translated into decreased sales for our products, further exacerbating our financial woes.

It is crucial to acknowledge the influence of economic affairs on our industry. While on one hand the global economic landscape and geopolitical changes significantly affect our operations; on the other hand the past economic Indian affairs ranging from demonetization, GST effect to pandemic waves had been serving us with endless setbacks in our path to growth and the after effects of the same is still shaking the hosiery & textile industry in every possible way. From supply chain disruptions to frequent fluctuating raw material costs, we have faced challenges that demanded agility and resilience. Even many of our main board listed peers had also struggled with such troubles and few are still in this uphill battle.

It is disheartening to note that the MSME sector, which forms the backbone of our economy, has not received the priority and support it deserves. Our pleas for assistance and relief have fallen on deaf ears, leaving us to battle these challenges alone. Yet being an MSME and a regional brand, we try our best to keep up with the national and international players in the Hosiery segment. It would not be incorrect to mention that Jet Knitwears Limited is the only MSME registered on NSE from textile industry with no other listed MSME as its peer yet we survive against the main board giant peers and all odds on the basis of huge retailer network.



Given our limited regional reach and advertising budget constraints, as compared to the other global brands and big players in the market, to be able to survive and sustain in this highly volatile and uncertain business arena is no small achievement. If you compare our level of operations with our peers who are listed on the Main Board of the stock exchange, you'll find that there is no plain level field for us, and thus they enjoy an advantageous position in several ways which are instead barriers for us.

But in the face of adversity, we must find the strength to persevere. We are a company built on a legacy of hard work, determination, and innovation. It is during times like these that we must draw upon our core values and rally together as a team. I urge all our employees to stay committed and focused on our goals. Let us redouble our efforts, find new avenues for growth, and explore innovative solutions to overcome the obstacles that stand in our way. Together, we can weather this storm and emerge stronger and more resilient than ever before.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to extend my sincere thanks to the management team, employees, dealers, retailers, suppliers and all other stakeholders for their commitment in the performance during the year. I wish the Jet Knitwears Limited team, the very best to continue to operate with more zeal and confidence.

I strongly believe that the worst is behind us and we look forward towards a better future. I assure you that we, at Jet Knitwears Ltd., would try our level best to leave no stone unturned to create value for all our stakeholders by reaching newer heights and achieving milestones.

Warm Regards,

(Balram Kumar Narula)
Chairman



CORPORATE INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS & MANAGEMENT

Mr. Balram Kumar Narula
Chairman

Mr. Rakesh Kumar Narula
Whole Time Director

Mr. Anil Kumar Narula
Whole Time Director

Mrs. Dinesh Parashar
Non-Executive Woman Director

Mr. Ramesh Chandra
Independent Director

Mr. Ashok Chandra Bajpai
Independent Director

Mrs. Avantika Mishra
Independent Director

Mr. Ankur Narula
Chief Financial Officer

Mrs. Vinny Saxena
Company Secretary And Compliance Officer

AUDITORS

- **Statutory Auditor**
M/s Rajiv Mehrotra & Associates
Chartered Accountants
- **Internal Auditor**
M/s Rajesh Singhania & Associates
Chartered Accountants
- **Secretarial Auditor**
CS Gopesh Sahu, Practicing Company Secretary

BANKERS

- HDFC Bank Ltd
- ICICI Bank Ltd.

WORKS

- 57-A, Dada Nagar, Kanpur- 208022
- 26A, Appache Nagar, Kongu Main Road
Tirupur- 641607

REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

Big Share Services Pvt Ltd
E2/3, Ansa Industrial Estate
Sakivihar Road
Sakinaka, Andheri(E)
Mumbai - 400072
SEBI Registration No: INR000001385

REGISTERED OFFICE

119/410 B-1, Darshan Purwa, Kanpur
Uttar Pradesh - 208012

Website: www.jetlycot.com

Email ID: info@jetknit.com
compliance@jetknit.com

Tele No. : 0512-2217553,
0512-2296128

UNIT

454/1F4, Avinashilingampalayam, Palangarai
Avinashi Tirupur - 641652, Tamil Nadu.

Email ID: info@jetknit.com,
anilknarula@gmail.com

Tele No : 0421-2224014



HIGHLY RECOGNIZED AWARDS WON

INTERNATIONAL AWARD



INTERNATIONAL QUALITY CROWN AWARD 2008



EXPORT AWARD



EXPORT AWARD 2003-2004

NATIONAL AWARDS



ALL INDIA 1st QUALITY NATIONAL AWARD IN UNDERGARMENTS 2011



1994 ENTREPRENEURSHIP AWARD



2001 SMALL SCALE QUALITY AWARD



2003 RESEARCH & DEVELOPMENT AWARD



2007 RAJEEV GANDHI QUALITY AWARD



2007 QUALITY PRODUCTS AWARD



2008 RAJEEV GANDHI QUALITY AWARD



2009 QUALITY PRODUCTS AWARD

STATE AWARDS



2012-2013 QUALITY PRODUCTS HOSIERY/GARMENTS



2013-2014 QUALITY PRODUCTS MANUFACTURING SECTOR



2014-2015 QUALITY PRODUCTS MANUFACTURING SECTOR



2016-2017 QUALITY PRODUCTS GARMENTS SECTOR



2017-2018 QUALITY PRODUCTS HOSIERY/GARMENTS

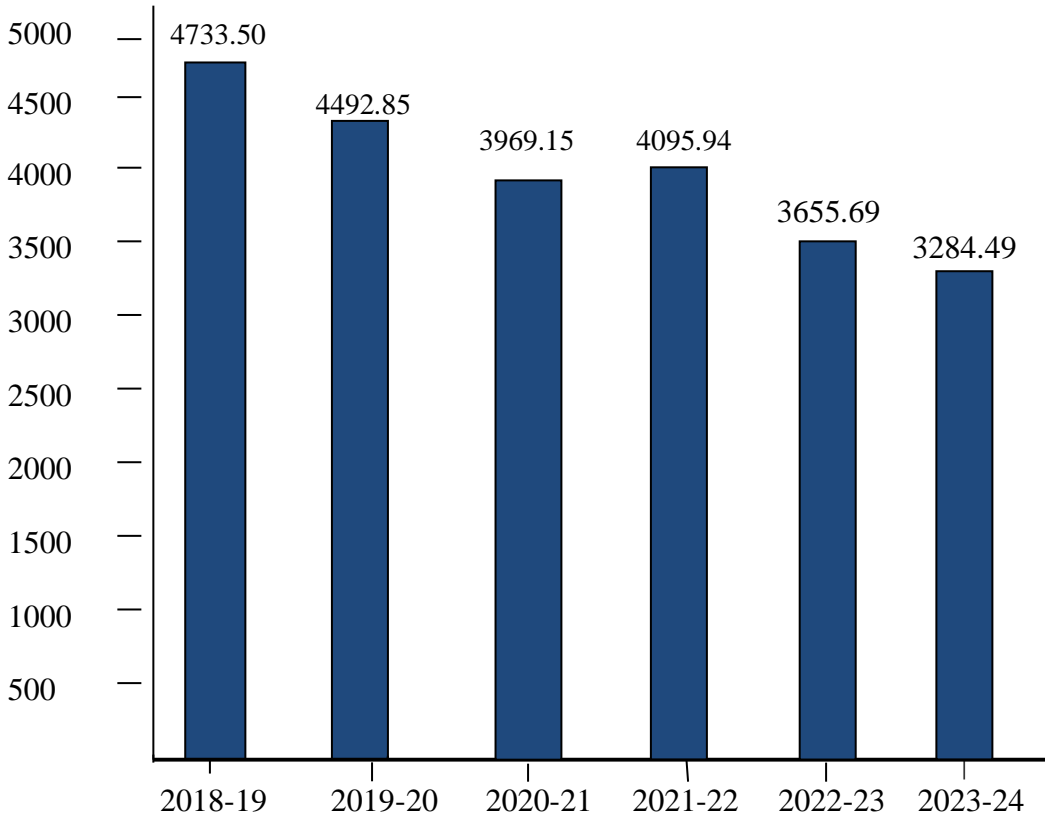
WWW.JETLYCOT.COM



PERFORMANCE TRENDS

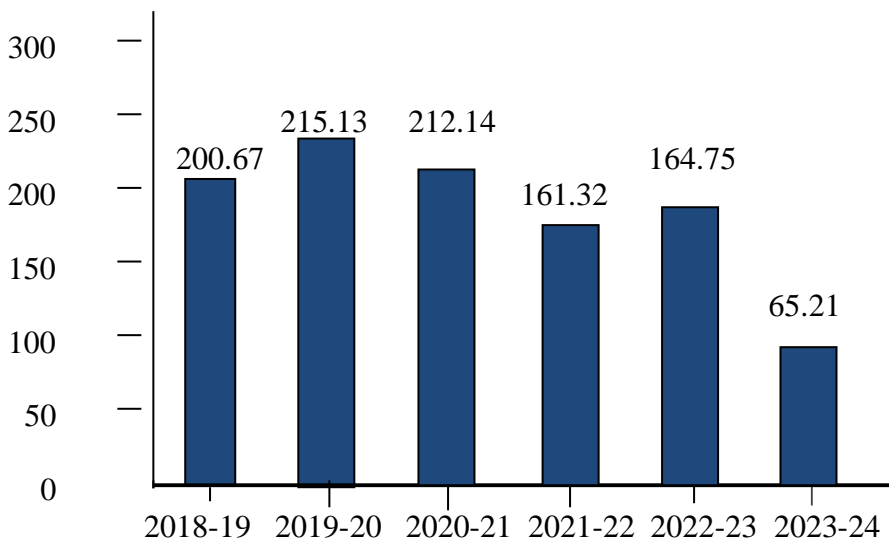
GROSS INCOME

(₹ In Lakhs)



PROFIT BEFORE TAX

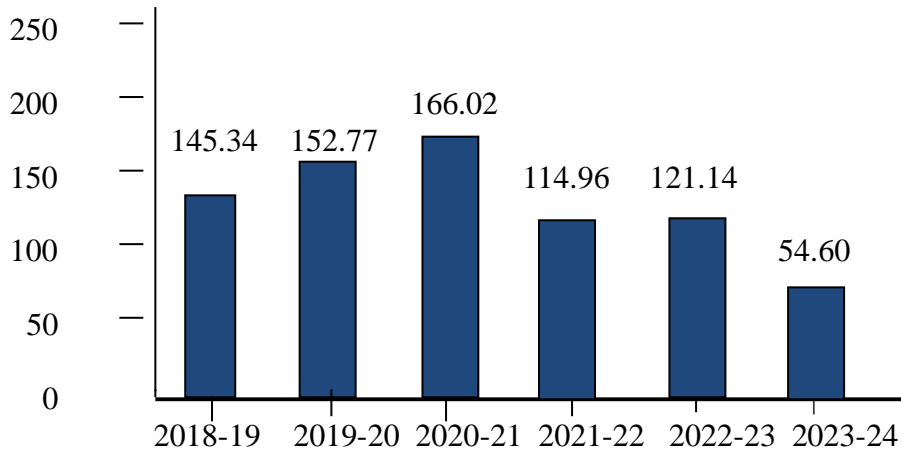
(₹ In Lakhs)





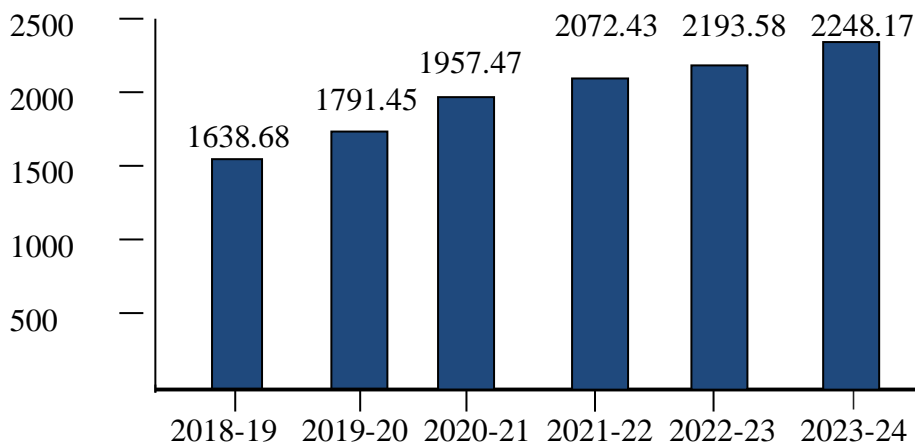
PROFIT AFTER TAX

(₹ In Lakhs)

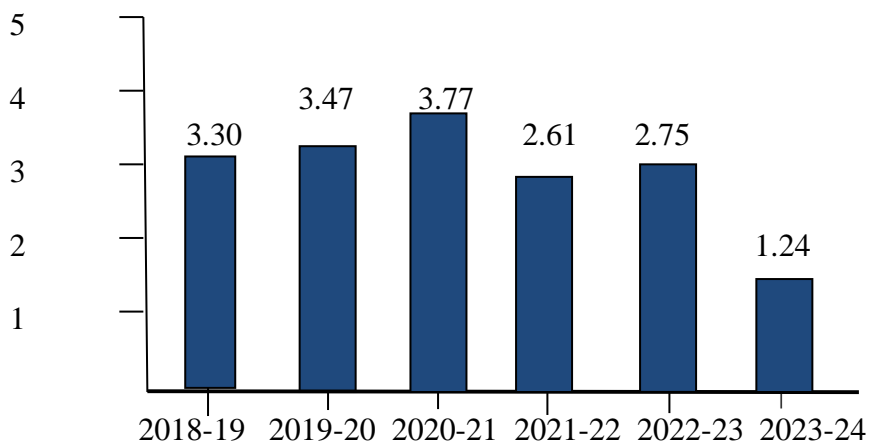


NET WORTH

(₹ In Lakhs)



EARNING PER SHARE (in ₹)





DIRECTORS' REPORT

To,
The Members of
JET KNITWEARS LIMITED

Your Directors hereby present the 28th Annual Report on the business and operations of Jet Knitwears Limited (the Company or 'JKL') along with the Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024.

1. FINANCIAL SUMMARY

The Company's standalone financial performance for the year ended 31st March, 2024 is summarized as below:

Particulars	(₹ In Lakhs)	
	2023-24	2022-23
Total Income	3284.49	3655.69
Earning before Finance Costs, Depreciation and amortization Expenses and Taxes	234.41	328.10
Less: Finance Cost	116.69	116.29
Less: Depreciation & Amortization Expenses	52.51	47.06
Profit/ Loss before Tax	65.21	164.75
Less: Tax Expense (including deferred tax and tax adjustment of earlier years)	10.61	43.61
Profit After Tax	54.60	121.14
Add: Balance of profit brought forward	1092.96	971.82
Less: Appropriations	-	-
Transfer to General Reserve	-	-
Income Tax Adjustment (Net)	-	-
Balance at end of the Year	1147.56	1092.96

2. STATE OF COMPANY AFFAIRS

Your Directors report that due to high volatility in market, steep increase in raw material prices and several other challenges, your Company faced some decline in sales and revenue as well as in net profits during the year under review. The major highlights pertaining to the business and operations of the Company for the year 2023-24 are given below:

- The Revenue from operations stood at **₹3275.10** Lakhs as against **₹3650.35** Lakhs in the previous year showing a *decline of about 10.28%*.
- The Profit before tax is **₹65.21** Lakhs as compared to **₹164.75** Lakhs in the previous year thereby showing the *decline of about 60.42%*.
- The EBITDA decreased to **₹234.41** Lakhs from **₹328.10** Lakhs in the previous year and thus showing a decline of about 28.56%.
- The Profit after tax for the year stood at **₹54.60** Lakhs as compared to **₹121.14** Lakhs for the previous year thereby showing a decline of about 54.93%.
- The Earning per Share has also decline to **₹1.24** as against **₹2.75** in the Previous Year.



3. OBSTACLES FACED DURING THE YEAR

Due to rising inflation in the country, the purchasing power of the consumers has been reduced significantly leading to stagnancy in demand in the market, especially for regional brands like us. Additionally, rise in the overall raw material consumption cost also impacted the industry and the Company could not increase the required selling price of the products as compared to increase in the cost of raw materials. Further, many international players are entering Indian market with fast fashion clothing and heavy advertising leading to decline in the overall market place for small and regional brands like us.

4. GROWTH STRATEGY

Your Company has taken measures for the growth and expansion of the business. We have expanded our clothing range and now we are not limited to just hosiery products and undergarments but we have also ventured into the market of new products such as sweat shirts, jackets denims & hoodies etc. which is a complete different segment in itself. This has resulted into the expansion of our product horizon, opening various doors of opportunities for the Company and thereby exposing our reach to wider market coverage. In addition to this, your company has tried to maintain balance of sales between the e-commerce and retail business.

5. SUBSIDIARY / ASSOCIATE COMPANY / JOINT VENTURE

Company does not have any Subsidiary / Associate Company. There were no Joint Ventures entered into by the Company during the financial year 2023-24.

6. DIVIDEND

Keeping in view the current economic uncertainties, your directors consider it prudent to plough back the profits and not to recommend any dividend for the financial year 2023-24.

7. RESERVES

The Company has not transferred any amount to its reserves, the details in respect of which can be verified from the audited financial statement forming part of this report.

8. SHARE CAPITAL

During the year under review, there was no change in either Authorised or Paid-Up Share Capital of your Company.

9. COMPOSITION OF BOARD

The Board of Directors of the Company has an optimum composition of Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Directors in compliance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. As on March 31, 2024, Board of Directors comprise of 7 Directors out of which 2 are Executive Directors, 1 is Non-executive Director, 1 is Non Executive Non-Independent Woman Director and 3 are Non Executive Independent Directors which is in compliance with the provisions of Companies Act, 2013. All Independent Directors are eminent persons and bring a wide range of expertise and experience to the Board thereby ensuring the best interest of stakeholders and the Company. Following persons comprise the Board:

Category	Name of Director
----------	------------------



Executive Directors	Mr. Rakesh Kumar Narula
	Mr. Anil Kumar Narula
Non- Executive Director	Mr. Balram Kumar Narula
Non-Executive Non-Independent Woman Director	Mrs. Dinesh Parashar
Non-Executive Independent Director	Mr. Ramesh Chandra
	Mr. Ashok Chandra Bajpai
	Mrs. Avantika Mishra

As per provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, Mr. Ramesh Chandra & Mr. Ashok Chandra Bajpai, Independent Directors were re-appointed in the 24th AGM of the Company held on September 30, 2020 for a second term of 5 (Five) consecutive years commencing from August 01, 2020 to July 31, 2025 and are not liable to retire by rotation. Further, Mrs. Avantika Mishra was appointed Independent Director of the company in 27th AGM held on September 29, 2023 for a first term of 5 consecutive years commencing from August 29, 2023 to August 28, 2028.

During the financial year under review, the tenure of Mr. Balram Kumar Narula as Managing Director of the Company expired on May 14, 2023 and on EGM held on May 29, 2023, he was re-designated as Chairman (Non-Executive) of the company.

10. DECALARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS

The Company has received necessary declarations from Mr. Ramesh Chandra, Mr. Ashok Chandra Bajpai & Mrs. Avantika Mishra, Independent Directors of the Company confirming that they meet the criteria of independence as prescribed under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 (“Act”) and SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (“Listing Regulations”). In the opinion of the Board, they fulfill the conditions of independence as specified in the Act and the Listing Regulations and are independent of the Management.

11. DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Changes in Directors / KMP:

Following persons are the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company *as on March 31, 2024* pursuant to Section 2(51) and Section 203 of the Act, read with the Rules framed there under:

- i) Mr. Anil Kumar Narula - Whole-Time Director
- ii) Mr. Rakesh Kumar Narula– Whole-Time Director
- iii) Mr. Ankur Narula - Chief Financial Officer
- iv) Mrs. Vinny Saxena - Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

During the f.y. ended March 31, 2024, the tenure of Mr. Balram Kumar Narula as Managing Director expired on May 14, 2023 and he was re-designated as Chairman (Non-Executive) in a duly convened Extraordinary General Meeting held on May 29, 2023.

Retirement by Rotation:

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rules made thereunder and the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Anil Kumar Narula (DIN: 00274462), Executive Director of the Company, is liable to retire by rotation at ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible has offered himself for re-appointment. The Board recommends his re-appointment. Profile of the Director



seeking re-appointment is given in the Statement under Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 to the Notice of the ensuing AGM of the Company.

12. BOARD MEETINGS

The Board of Directors met 7 times during the financial year 2023-24. The meetings were held on *April 24, 2023; May 27, 2023; July 31, 2023; August 29 2023; October 04, 2023; November 10, 2023 & January 23, 2024*. The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013. The attendance of each director in the respective Board Meetings is as follows:

	BM 01/2023-24 24 APRIL, 2023	BM 02/2023-24 27 MAY, 2023	BM 03/2023-24 31 JULY, 2023	BM 04/2023-24 29 AUGUST, 2023	BM 05/2023-24 04 OCTOBER, 2023	BM 06/2023-24 10 NOVEMBER, 2023	BM 07/2023-24 23 JANUARY, 2024
BALRAM K. NARULA	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
RAKESH K. NARULA	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
ANIL K. NARULA	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
RAMESH CHANDRA	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
ASHOK C. BAJPAI	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
DINESH PARSHAR	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
AVANTIKA MISHRA	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	P	P	P

Further, the Independent Directors of the Company also met once during the year on *March 11, 2024*; without the presence of other directors, to review the performance of all the directors and that of the Board as a whole.

13. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD & THEIR MEETINGS

The Company has constituted various committees for the smooth functioning of the Board. The composition of all Board Committees is in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. Details of committees are as given below:

Audit Committee

As on the financial year ended March 31, 2024; Audit Committee of the Company comprises of two Independent Directors and one Non-Executive Director with Chairman being an Independent Director as required under Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015.

During the Financial Year 2023-24, Members of Audit Committee met 3 times. Audit Committee Meetings held on *April 24, 2023; May 27, 2023 and November 10, 2023*. The representatives of Statutory Auditors & Internal Auditors, Executives from Accounts & Finance Department are invited to the meetings of the Committee, as and when required. The Internal Auditor reports directly to the Committee. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary of the Committee. The composition of Audit Committee as on March 31, 2024 and the details of Members attendance at the meetings of the Committee are as under:

Name of Members	Category	Meetings attended
Mr. Ramesh Chandra	Chairman (Independent Director)	3
Mr. Ashok Chandra	Member (Independent Director)	3
Mr. Balram Kumar Narula	Member (Non-Executive Director)	3

All the members of Audit Committee have the requisite qualification for appointment in the Committee and possess sound knowledge of finance, accounting practices and internal controls.

Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company comprises of two Independent Directors and a Non-Executive Non-Independent Director with the Chairman being an Independent Director which



meets with the requirements of Section 178 of the Act read with SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. The Company Secretary of the Company acts as the Secretary of the Committee.

The members of Nomination and Remuneration Committee met 3 times during the Financial Year 2023-24 on *April 24, 2023; July 31, 2023 and August 29 2023*. The composition of Nomination and Remuneration Committee as on March 31, 2024 and the details of Members attendance at the meeting of the Committee are as under:

Name of Members	Category	Meetings attended
Mr. Ramesh Chandra	Chairman (Independent Director)	3
Mr. Ashok Chandra Bajpai	Member (Independent Director)	3
Mrs. Dinesh Parashar	Member (Non-Executive Director)	3

Stakeholders Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee of the Company comprises of three Members, out of which two are Independent Directors and one is Executive Director with Chairman being an Independent Director. The composition of the Committee meets with the requirements of Section 178 of the Act read with SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015. The Company Secretary of the Company acts as the Secretary of the Committee.

During the Financial Year 2023-24, 4 Committee Meetings were held on *April 24, 2023; July 31, 2023; October 04, 2023 & January 23, 2024*. The composition of the Stakeholders Relationship Committee as on March 31, 2024 and the details of Members attendance at the meetings of the Committee are as under:

Name of Members	Category	Meetings attended
Mr. Ashok Chandra Bajpai	Chairman (Independent Director)	4
Mr. Ramesh Chandra	Member (Independent Director)	4
Mr. Rakesh Kumar Narula	Member (Executive Director)	4

14. EVALUATION OF BOARD'S PERFORMANCE

Your Company being listed on SME Exchange – “NSE Emerge” is exempt under Regulation 17(10) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015. However, pursuant to the provisions of section 134(3)(p) of Companies Act, 2013, the Board has carried out annual evaluation of the performance of the Board, its Committees and of individual directors based on devised criteria. Furthermore, in a separate meeting of Independent Directors held on March 11, 2024; performance of the Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole was also reviewed.

The Company has devised a policy naming (Policy on Nomination & Remuneration and Board Diversity) for performance evaluation of Independent Directors, Board, Committees and other individual directors which includes the criteria and process for the performance evaluation of the Executive/ Non executive Directors, Committees and the board as a whole. The policy is available on the website of the Company i.e. (<https://www.jetlycot.com/pages/policy-of-nomination-remuneration-and-board-diversity>). The evaluation process inter alia consider attendance of Directors at Board and Committee Meetings, acquaintance with business, communicating inter-se Board Members, effective participation, domain knowledge, compliance with code of conduct, vision and strategy. The Directors expressed their satisfaction with the evaluation process.



15. REMUNERATION POLICY

The Company has a Policy relating to appointment of Directors, payment of Managerial Remuneration, Director's qualification, positive attributes, independence of Directors and other related matters as provided under Section 178(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 19 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements), Regulations, 2015 and is available on the Company's Website (<https://www.jetlycot.com/pages/policy-of-nomination-remuneration-and-board-diversity>).

16. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Company has business Risk Management framework to identify and evaluate business risks and opportunities. This framework seeks to create transparency, minimize adverse impact on its business objectives and enhance its competitive advantage. It defines the risk management approach across the Company at various levels including the documentation and reporting. Audit Committee of the Company has been entrusted with responsibility to assist the Board in following matters:

- (a) Overseeing the Company's Risk Management process and controls, risk tolerance and Capital Liquidity and funding
- (b) Setting Strategic plans and objectives for Risk Management and review of Risk Assessment of the Company
- (c) Review of the Company's risk appetite and strategy relating to key risks, including credit risk, liquidity and funding risk, product risk and reputational risk as well as the guidelines and processes for monitoring and mitigating such risks.

During the period under review, the Company has not identified any element of risk which may threaten its existence or are very minimal.

17. WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY AND VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has adopted a Whistle Blower Policy establishing Vigil Mechanism, to provide a formal mechanism to the Directors and employees to report their concerns about unethical behaviour, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct. This Policy provides adequate safeguards against victimization of employees who avail of the mechanism and also provides for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. It is affirmed that no personnel of the Company has been denied access to the Audit Committee. The Policy of Vigil Mechanism is available on the Company's Website (<https://www.jetlycot.com/pages/copy-of-terms-conditions-of-ids>).

18. PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186

The Company has not given any Loans or Guarantees covered under the provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. The details of the investments made by the Company are stated in the notes to audited financial statements.

19. INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS SYSTEM

The internal control systems commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of the operations of the Company. These have been designed to provide reasonable assurance with regard to recording and providing reliable financial and operational information, complying with the applicable statutes, safeguarding assets from unauthorized use, executing transactions with proper authorization, and ensuring compliance with corporate policies.



The company has appointed Internal Auditors and the scope & authority of Internal Audit Function is defined in the appointment letter issued to the Internal Auditors. In order to maintain its objectivity and Independence, the internal auditor reports directly to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. Based on the report of the Internal Audit the Company undertakes corrective action in the respective reported areas of concern thereby strengthening the Internal Controls.

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors, comprising of Independent Directors, reviews the effectiveness of the internal control system across the Company including annual plan, significant audit findings and recommendations, adequacy of internal controls and compliance with accounting policies and regulations.

20. TRANSFER OF AMOUNTS TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND (IEPF)

Your Company did not have any funds lying unpaid or unclaimed which were required to be transferred to Investor Education and Protection Fund (IEPF) under Section 125 of Companies Act, 2013.

21. MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

Management's Discussion and Analysis Report for the year under review, as stipulated under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("Listing Regulations"), is presented in a separate section, forming part of the Annual Report.

22. HUMAN RESOURCES

The Company believes that people are its most valuable assets. To this extent, the Company provides a fair and inclusive environment that promotes new ideas, respect for the individual and equal opportunity to succeed. Experience, merit and performance, leadership abilities, strategic vision, collaborative mindset, teamwork and result orientation are actively promoted and rewarded through an objective appraisal process.

The number of people employed as on March 31, 2024 was 46 (March 31, 2023 was 57). Your Company wishes to put on record its deep appreciation of the co-operation extended and efforts made by all employees.

23. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The provisions of section 135 of the Companies Act 2013 are not applicable to the Company, hence it was not required to constitute CSR Committee or to formulate CSR Policy in this regard. However, your Company keeps on contributing time to time towards the social welfare schemes of social organizations on voluntarily basis.

24. PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

Disclosure with respect to the remuneration of Directors and employees as required under Section 197 (12) of Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 5(1) Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 has been appended as 'ANNEXURE-I' to this Report.

25. MATERIAL CHANGES BETWEEN THE DATE OF THE BOARD REPORT AND END OF FINANCIAL YEAR

There have been no material changes and commitments, which affect the financial position of the Company which have occurred between the end of the financial period to which the financial statements relate and the date of this Report.



26. AUDITORS AND THEIR REPORT

Statutory Auditor

In terms of the provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with provisions of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 as amended from time to time, M/s Rajiv Mehrotra & Associates, Chartered Accountants, (FRN: 002253C) Kanpur, were re-appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company for a second term of 5 consecutive years in the 26th Annual General Meeting held on September 27, 2022 till the conclusion of the 31st Annual General Meeting.

Based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, your Board at its meeting held on August 24, 2022 reappointed M/s Rajiv Mehrotra & Associates, Chartered Accountants, (FRN: 002253C) Kanpur, as the Auditors of the Company to hold the office from the conclusion of the ensuing 26th AGM until conclusion of the 31st AGM of your Company to be held in the year 2027, subject to approval of members of the Company at the 26th Annual General Meeting.

They have also confirmed that they hold a valid certificate issued by the Peer Review Board of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India as required under the provisions of Regulation 33 of the Listing Regulations.

Audit Report

The notes on financial statement referred to in the Auditor's Report are self-explanatory. No frauds are reported by the Auditors which fall under the purview of sub section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act 2013. Further, Disclaimer of Opinion is made by the Auditor in its Audit Report. Details of which are as follows:

Basis for Disclaimer opinion in the Statutory Audit Report: The Company's trade receivables (classified as unsecured and considered good by the management & Net of Provisions) are carried at Rs. 1567.69 lakhs, out of which Rs. 911.25 lakhs are outstanding for a period more than six months, which is abnormally high as compared to the turnover of the company. Also out of the above, receivables of Rs. 128.81 lakhs are aged more than three years. The balances of these parties are subject to confirmation, and as per the management of the company are recoverable.

We draw attention to Note No. 1(D)(vii) of the Financial Statements, which describes a petition filed by a shareholder under Sections 241, 242, and 244 of the Companies Act, 2013, alleging oppression and mismanagement by the current Board of Directors. This petition is currently pending before the National Company Law Tribunal, Allahabad Bench. The outcome of this matter is uncertain, and as stated in the said note, the management does not anticipate any impact on the Company at this time.

The company's records relating to the WIP stock are not commensurate with the magnitude of data involved, as more than 30 job workers and 4 different stages are engaged in the process. According to management, a system for data maintenance is currently under development.

Additionally, we have not verified the physical inventory and have relied upon the physical verification reports provided by the management in this behalf. The value of the total inventory is abnormally high compared to the turnover, and there is no proper record of the ageing of the inventory. As a result, non-moving or obsolete inventory could not be ascertained.

The company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which does not have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility enabled throughout the year.

Key Audit Matters (KAM): Substantial Movement of Stock up to production of Finished Goods



The company avails services of over thirty job workers and has inter dependent manufacturing facilities in two States in India. In addition, the company has several depots. The above entails substantial movement of raw material, semi-finished materials and finished goods from one location to another; and at any given point of time, the stocks (of various stages) belonging to the company may be found at several locations. The movement of stock is the key to the business and was therefore considered as one of the 'Key Audit Matters'. Verification of the internal controls with respect to inventory management and movement, recording of consumption, valuation of stocks as at the reporting date involved extensive verification procedures and called for making estimates and judgments.

Response to Audit Observations

The Board of Directors of the company furnish following response to the Disclaimer of Opinion made by the Auditor in their Report dated May 29, 2024 for the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2024:

Based on the Management analysis and assumptions, we believe that the Profit and Loss Account and Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024 and the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2024 are materially correct and as per the management, the trade receivables are considered good and are recoverable in nature. The company's trade receivables consist of outstanding balances from over 3000 parties, spread across various remote locations within the operational area of the Company and are generally low in value individually, since the supply chain of the company largely consists of small retailers, who were severely impacted by the post pandemic effects and now by slow market pace. The Management is making full efforts to recover these trade receivables. Hence, management does not believe there is any material financial impact of the audit qualification.

With reference to the NCLT petition pending against the company, management believes that there is no material impact of the same on the financial position of the company.

Further, the Company manufactures various products like Vest, Underwear (including Boxers, Briefs & Trunks), Brassiere, Panties, Socks, T-shirts, Thermals, Lowers, Jeans etc. for men, women & children in different sizes for all age groups and markets it through various brands like Lycot Australia", "Jet", "Jet Eco", "Fresh- Long", "Boski" and "Take- off". This huge product line under various brand names is to cater the customers' needs which usually vary from affordable to luxury range which helps company to stay relevant & competitive in ever changing business environment. Due to above facts, company's inventory stays high at most of the times.

As regard to maintaining books of accounts using accounting software which should have feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility enabled throughout the year, the company have offices, depots & godowns at various locations & different accounting software were in use at different places. Due to this, company faced issue while updating such software to enable the audit trail feature which caused some unavoidable delay to comply with the said requirement. However the accounting software with enabled audit trail feature was in place most of the time at all locations during the financial year under review.

In respect of Key Audit Matters, the management submits that the internal control systems for data maintenance with respect to inventory management, movement and valuation of stocks as at the reporting date are currently under development. It is pertinent to note that, we have various ranges of products for men, women and children which are manufactured in different sizes for all age groups. And each different product requires different setup and goes through multiple processes and stages. Thus the average production cycle, right from procurement of yarn till the completion of the finished product ready for sale, takes around 50 days; making the internal systems required for tracking the movement and valuation of stock at different stages a tedious and complex task for the management. Nevertheless, we are making full efforts to extend the internal controls throughout all the production stages so that proper information is



readily available at all times regarding the movement and valuation of the inventory at several locations and less reliance is to be placed on estimates and judgements.

Internal Auditor

M/s Rajesh Singhanian & Associates, Chartered Accountants, has been appointed as the Internal Auditors to perform the Internal Audit of the Company for the Financial Year 2023-24. The Audit Committee of the Board in consultation with the Internal Auditor formulates the scope, functioning, periodicity and methodology for conducting the internal audit.

Secretarial Auditor

The Board had appointed CS Gopesh Sahu, Practicing Company Secretary (Membership No. 7100, C.P. No. 7800) to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024.

The Secretarial Audit Report for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2024 annexed herewith is marked as **Annexure II** to this Report. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification; however, following observation has been made by the Secretarial Auditor in his report:

“The Company Petition filled by Mr. Manoj Agarwal & M/s Haryana Refractories Private Limited Persons acting in Concert & shareholders of the Company is pending before the Hon’ble NCLT, Allahabad Bench, Prayagraj, since the matter is sub-judice hence, I choose not to comment upon the same.”

Response to Secretarial Audit Observation

Management’s Reply to Observation- This observation is self-explanatory.

Cost Audit

The provisions of Section 148 of the Companies Act 2013 read with the Companies (Cost and Audit) Rules, 2014 and Rule 14 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor) Rules, 2014 are not applicable to the Company.

27. CHANGE IN THE NATURE OF BUSINESS

There were no changes in the nature of business activities pursued by the company during the year under review.

28. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Information in accordance with the provisions of Section 134 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 regarding conservation of energy, and technology absorption are furnished hereunder:

Conservation of Energy

S.No	Particulars	Details
1.	The steps taken or impact on conservation of energy	a) The Company uses indigenous winch machines for processing hosiery cloth which uses lower horse power as per industry norms. b) The Company uses more energy efficient IRO knitting machines which consumes less power than ordinary traditional knitting machines. The Company continuously takes steps to absorb and



		adopt the latest technologies and innovations in the Garment Industry. These initiatives enable the facilities to become more efficient and productive as the company expands, thus helping to conserve energy.
2.	The steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy	The Company has solar units which are helpful in reducing the consumption of electricity from the grid and your Company is in the course of assessing more efficient alternate source of energy suitable for our business operation.
3.	The capital investment on energy conservation equipment's	As per financial statement

Technology Absorption, Adaption and Innovation

S.No	Particulars	Details
1.	The efforts made towards technology absorption	A) The Company absorbs and adapts the modern technologies on a continuous basis to meet its specific products needs from time to time. Innovation in process control, product development, cost reduction and quality improvement are being made on a continuous basis looking to the market requirements. B) The Company reuses the water utilized in processing of cloth which results in conserving the water. The Company has installed proper plants for the reuse of said water. The industry norm is to wash 1 kg of hosiery cloth and our standard machines. The Company is having “Effluent Treatment Plant” to process the effluent in water subsequent to which some of the water is reused.
2.	The benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution	Certified skin friendly and anti bacterial undergarments by IIT, Kanpur. Cost savings by improvement of design & up gradation of products & process is Company’s continuous effort.
3.	In case of imported technology (imported during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year): - a) The details of technology imported: b) The year of import c) Whether the technology been fully absorbed d) If not fully absorbed areas where absorption has not been taken place and the reasons thereof	The Company has not imported any technology during the last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year. N.A N.A N.A N.A
4	The expenditure incurred on Research and Development.	During the year under review the Company has not incurred any material amount of expenditure on



		research and development activity in Company. As the most of the production work is done from job work.
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Foreign exchange earnings and outgo

During the financial year 2023-24 under review, the company exported goods amounting to Rs. 61.83 lacs for which payment was received in dollars.

29. ANNUAL RETURN

The draft Annual Return of the Company for the year ended on March 31, 2024 as approved by the Board is available on the Company's website and can be accessed at <https://www.jetlycot.com/pages/annual-reports>. Please, also note that in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, the final annual return will be hosted on website of the Company at the given link after the conclusion of AGM and requisite certifications.

30. PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENTS WITH RELATED PARTIES

All contracts/ arrangements/ transactions entered by the Company during the F.Y. 2023-24 with related parties were on an arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. There were no material related party transactions (RPTs) undertaken by the Company during the year that require shareholders' approval under Regulation 23(4) of the SEBI Listing Regulations or Section 188 of the Act. The approval of the Audit Committee was sought for all RPTs. All the transactions were in compliance with the applicable provisions of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations.

Given that the Company does not have any RPTs to report pursuant to Section 134(3)(h) of the Act read with Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 in Form AOC-2, the same is not provided.

A policy on related party transactions and dealing with related parties as approved by the Board has been posted on the company's website <https://www.jetlycot.com/pages/related-party-transaction-policy>.

31. DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at work place (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. A Complaint Redressal Committee has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this Policy. There is zero tolerance towards sexual harassment. Any act of sexual harassment invites serious disciplinary action. No complaints pertaining to Sexual Harassment were received during the Financial Year 2023-24.

32. DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

Pursuant to the requirement under section 134(3)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013 with respect to Directors' Responsibility Statement, it is hereby confirmed that:

- i) That in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards read with requirements set out under Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013 have been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;



- ii) That such accounting policies as mentioned in Notes to the Financial Statements have been selected and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at March 31, 2024 and of the profit and loss of the company for the period ended on March 31, 2024;
- iii) That proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act for safeguarding the assets of the company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv) That the annual financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- v) That the proper internal financial controls were in place and that the financial controls were adequate and were operating effectively; and
- vi) Proper systems were devised to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and such systems are adequate and operating effectively.

33. SHARE PRICE DATA

The details of monthly High and Low Price(s) of shares of the Company on National Stock Exchange SME Platform EMERGE are as under:

Month	High (in ₹)	Low (in ₹)
April' 2023	61.10	58.05
May' 2023	71.50	63.45
June' 2023	71.50	50.05
July' 2023	66.40	63.25
August' 2023	102.70	69.70
September' 2023	90.25	77.70
October' 2023	128.95	94.25
November' 2023	135.35	132.00
December' 2023*	-	-
January' 2024	138.60	138.60
February' 2024	131.70	131.70
March' 2024	135.00	135.00

**Note: In the Month of December 2023; there has been no trading in the Shares of the Company as per Historical Data on the NSE Site.*

34. CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

Your Company is committed to maintain good Corporate Governance practices and is committed to the highest standards of compliance. Pursuant to the Regulation 15(2) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the compliance with the corporate governance provisions as specified in the Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) & (t) of Regulations 46(2) and Para C, D, and E of Schedule V shall not apply to the Company, as the securities of the Company are listed on the SME Exchange (EMERGE platform NSE). Therefore, the Corporate Governance Report is not applicable to the Company.

35. SECRETARIAL STANDARDS



The Company complies with all the applicable Secretarial Standards issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI).

36. GENERAL

Your Directors state that no disclosure or reporting is required in respect of the following items as there were no transactions on these items during the year under review:

- a) Details relating to deposits covered under Chapter V of the Companies Act 2013.
- b) Issue of equity shares with differential right as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
- c) Issue of shares (including sweat equity shares) to employees of the Company under any scheme save and except Employees' Stock Options Plan referred to in this Report.
- d) No significant or material orders were passed by the Regulators or Courts or tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operation in future.
- e) No fraud has been reported by the Auditors to the Audit Committee or the Board.

37. DETAILS OF APPLICATION MADE OR ANY PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016

No application was made and no proceedings are pending against the company under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016 during the year under review.

38. DIFFERENCE IN VALUATION

During the year under review, there were no instances of one time settlement with any financial institution so the disclosure regarding details of difference between amount of the valuation done at the time of one time settlement and the valuation done while taking loan from the Banks or Financial Institutions along with the reasons thereof; is not applicable to the Company.

39. INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

During the year under review, your Company enjoyed cordial relationship with the workers and employees at all levels.

40. PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING

Pursuant to SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015, the Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for prevention of insider trading with a view to regulate trading in securities by the Directors and designated persons of the Company. The details of Insider Trading Policy is available on the website of the Company at <https://www.jetlycot.com/pages/policy-on-prevention-of-insider-trading>.

The code requires trading plan, pre-clearance for dealing in the Company's shares by the Directors and designated persons while in possession of UPSI in relation to the Company and during the period when the trading window is closed. However, there were no such instances in the Company during the year 2023-24.



41. ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors wish to place on record its sincere appreciation for the assistance and co-operation extended by the employees at all level, customers, vendors, bankers and other associates and look forward to continue fruitful association with all business partners of the company. They also believe that growth is only possible because of combined hard work, solidarity, co-operation and support.

**For and on behalf of the
Board of Directors of Jet Knitwears Limited**

**Place: Kanpur
Date: September 02, 2024**

**(Balram Kumar Narula)
Chairman (Director)
DIN: 00274566**

**(Rakesh Kumar Narula)
Whole Time Director
DIN: 00274483**



ANNEXURE-I

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION UNDER SECTION 197(12) OF COMPANIES ACT 2013 READ WITH RULE 5 OF COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014

The information required under section 197(12) of the Act read with rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 including any statutory amendments, modifications, if any, are given below:

- (i) **Ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year 2023-24:**

S. No.	Name of Director	Designation	Ratio
1	Mr. Balram Kumar Narula	Chairman	5.72
2	Mr. Anil Kumar Narula	Whole Time Director	5.72
3	Mr. Rakesh Kumar Narula	Whole Time Director	5.72
4	Mr. Ramesh Chandra	Independent Director	-
5	Mr. Ashok Chandra Bajpai	Independent Director	-
6	Mrs. Avantika Mishra	Independent Director	-
7	Mrs. Dinesh Parashar	Non-Executive Woman Director	-

- (ii) **Percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year 2023-24:**

S. No.	Name	Designation	% Increase in remuneration
1	Balram Kumar Narula	Chairman	-
2	Anil Kumar Narula	Whole Time Director	-
3	Rakesh Kumar Narula	Whole Time Director	-
4	Ankur Narula	Chief Financial Officer	0.96%
5	Vinny Saxena	Company Secretary	10%

In board meeting held on July 31, 2023; the remuneration of Mr. Balram Kumar Narula, Mr. Rakesh Kumar Narula & Mr. Anil Kumar Narula was increased from Rs. 9 lacs p.a. to Rs.12 lacs p.a.. However keeping in view the financial position of the company, the directors voluntarily opted to waive off the increased portion of their salary, i.e. Rs. 3 lacs p.a., during the financial year intending to accept only the original remuneration as used to be before the aforesaid increment i.e. Rs. 9 lacs p.a./- only.

- (iii) The percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year 2023-24 is **9.28%**
- (iv) Number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company at the end of the financial year 2023-24 is **46**.
- (v) Average percentage increase made in the salaries of employees other than managerial personnel in the financial year i.e. 2023-24 was **4.92%**, whereas the increase in managerial remuneration for the year was **5.48%**.



(vi) Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.

**For and on behalf of the
Board of Directors of Jet Knitwears Limited**

**(Rakesh Kumar Narula)
Wholetime Director
DIN: 00274483**

**Place: Kanpur
Date: September 02, 2024**



ANNEXURE -II

SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT

FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31.03.2024

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members
JET KNITWEARS LIMITED
Kanpur.

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by M/s JET KNITWEARS LIMITED (CIN L19101UP1996PLC019722) (hereinafter called the company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by M/s JET KNITWEARS LIMITED for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2024 according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
- (iii) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligation And Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and the rules made there under;
- (iv) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed there under;
- (v) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings (not applicable to the company during the Audit period);
- (vi) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-
 - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
 - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
 - (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements)



- Regulations, 2018 (not applicable to the company during the Audit period);
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 (not applicable to the company during the Audit period);
 - (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021; (not applicable to the company during the Audit period);
 - (f) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act, 2013 and dealing with client (not applicable to the company during the Audit period);
 - (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021; (not applicable to the company during the Audit period) and
 - (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018 (not applicable to the company during the Audit period);
 - (vi) Other Laws as per the representation given by the company.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India with respect to board and general meetings.
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with National Stock Exchange read with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. as applicable to it.

I further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The major changes which took place in the Board were:

- 1) *Mrs. Avantika Mishra was appointed as an Independent Director of the company.*
- 2) *Mr. Balram Kumar Narula was appointed as Chairman (Non-Executive) of the company for a period of three years at the Extra-ordinary General Meeting held on 29.05.2023.*

Adequate notice was given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda in most of the occasions were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

As per the minutes, decisions at the Board Meetings were taken unanimously.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.



I further report that during the audit period, there were no events having a major bearing on the Company's affair in pursuance of the above referred laws, rules, regulations, guidelines etc except :

The Company Petition filled by Mr. Manoj Agarwal & M/s Haryana Refractories Private Limited Persons acting in Concert & shareholders of the Company is pending before the Hon'ble NCLT, Allahabad Bench, Prayagraj, since the matter is sub-judice hence, I choose not to comment upon the same.

UDIN: F007100F001039648

CS GOPESH SAHU

Place : Kanpur

FCS:7100

C.P. No. 7800

Date : 24/08/2024

PRU Certificate No.:1515/2021

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as Appendix A and forms an integral part of this report.



APPENDIX A

To,

The Members
JET KNITWEAVES LIMITED
KANPUR.

My report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

1. Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. My responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. I have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the content of the Secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. I believe that the processes and practices we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. I have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Where ever required, I have obtained the Management Representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulation and happening of every events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. My examination was limited to the verification of procedures on test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to future viability of the Company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

CS GOPESH SAHU
FCS:7100
C.P. No. 7800

Date : 24.08.2024



MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

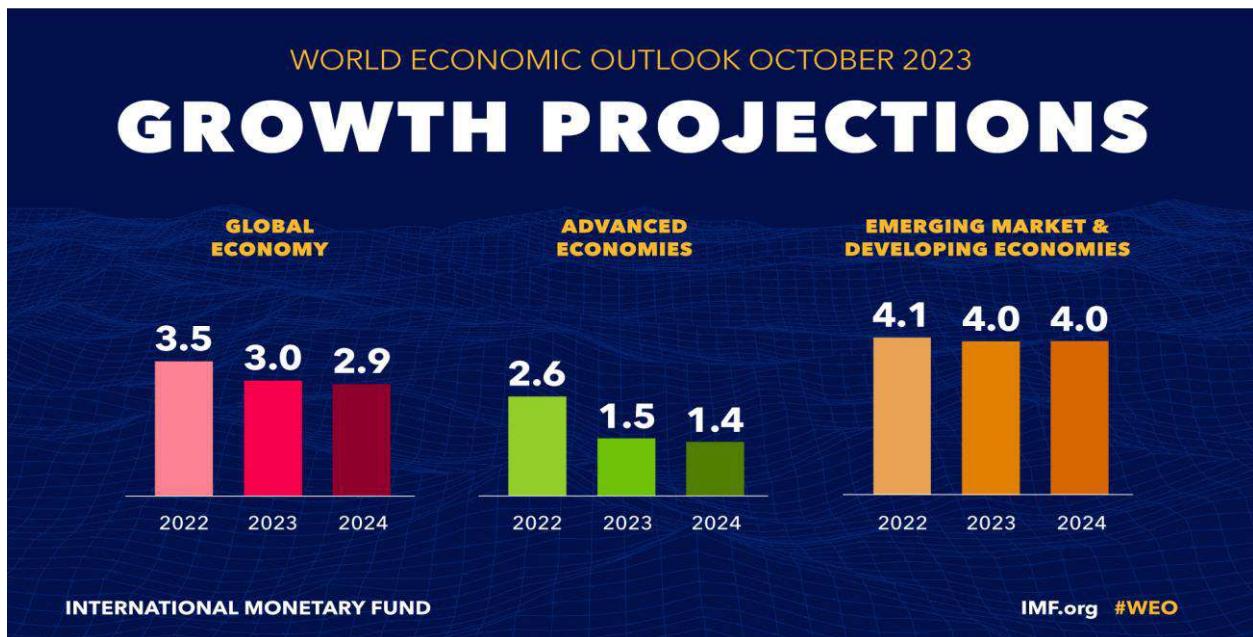
ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

GLOBAL:

In the financial year 2023-24, the global economy was expected to witness modest economic growth rates of around 3-3.5% with variations across regions. However, the baseline forecast is for growth to fall from 3.4 percent in 2022 to 2.8 percent in 2023, before settling at 3.0 percent in 2024. Advanced economies are expected to slow from 2.6 percent in 2022 to 1.5 percent in 2023 and 1.4 percent in 2024 as policy tightening starts to bite. Emerging market and developing economies are projected to have a modest decline in growth from 4.1 percent in 2022 to 4.0 percent in both 2023 and 2024. Global inflation is forecast to decline steadily, from 8.7 percent in 2022 to 6.9 percent in 2023 and 5.8 percent in 2024, due to tighter monetary policy aided by lower international commodity prices. Core inflation is generally projected to decline more gradually, and inflation is not expected to return to target until 2025 in most cases. While emerging markets show potential for higher growth, developed economies face challenges such as inflationary pressures and policy uncertainties.

Divergent growth prospects across the world’s regions pose a challenge to returning to pre-pandemic output trends. Despite signs of resilience earlier in 2023, the impact of policy tightening to reduce inflation is expected to cool economic activity going forward. Further, Russia Ukraine War caused major commodity markets to fragment and geopolitical tensions made things worse.

Sustainability and ESG principles play a crucial role, influencing consumer preferences and investor decisions. Supply chain resilience and flexibility are key priorities, given ongoing disruptions from the pandemic and geopolitical factors. Remote work trends persist, shaping business strategies and operational models. Despite risks like pandemic uncertainties, interest rate hikes, and trade policy changes, opportunities exist in the green economy, digital transformation, e-commerce, and health-tech sectors. Adapting to these trends and seizing growth opportunities were essential for businesses to thrive in the dynamic global economic landscape of 2023-24.



(Source: Global Economic Outlook, IMF)



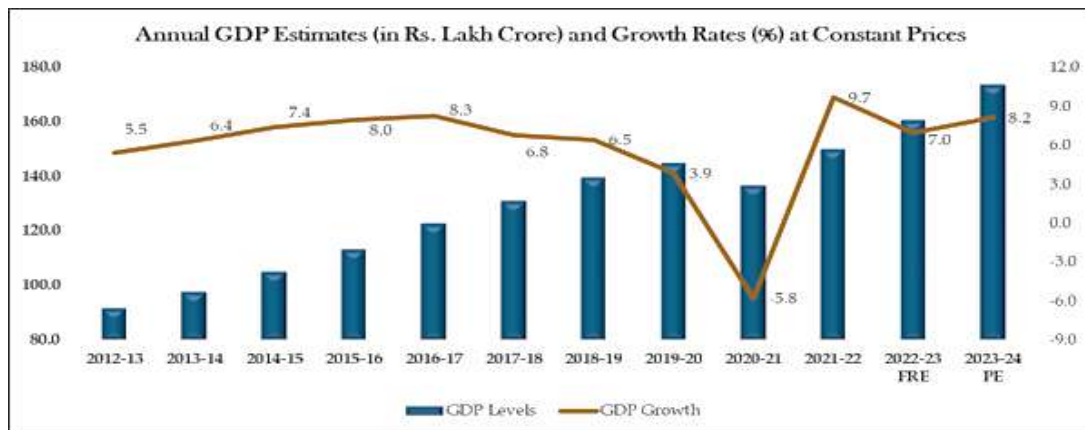
INDIAN:

India has emerged as the fastest growing major economy in the world and is expected to be one of the top three economic powers in the world over the next 10-15 years, backed by its robust democracy and strong partnerships. Strong economic growth in the first quarter of FY23 helped India overcome the UK to become the fifth-largest economy and showed a strong recovery from the COVID-19 pandemic shock.

2023 marked a landmark year for India as it assumed presidency of the world’s highest profile global economic assembly, the G20, and showcased its economic prowess and diplomatic finesse to the world.

Current State of the Economy-

- Indian economy remained resilient with robust 7.6% growth rate of GDP in FY 2023- 24 over and above 7% growth rate in FY 2022-23. India has been a key growth engine for the world, contributing 16% to the global growth in 2023. (Source: PIB India & World Economic Forum).
- The International Monetary Fund (IMF) has raised India's growth forecast for 2024- 25 to 6.8% from 6.5% on the back of strong domestic demand and a rising working age population. According to the PHD Chamber of Commerce and Industry (PHDCCI), India’s economy is poised to grow between 8 to 8.3% in the current fiscal year emphasizing the country’s robust growth fundamentals, projecting an average GDP growth rate of 6.7% over the next 23 years.
- Double-digit growth rate of Construction sector (10.7%), followed by a good growth rate of Manufacturing sector (8.5%) have boosted the GDP growth in FY 2023-24. Private consumption in in the first half of FY 2023-24 was the highest since FY15 and this led to a boost to production activity resulting in enhanced capacity utilisation across sectors.
- The central government’s fiscal deficit shrank from 6.4% of GDP in FY2022 to an estimated 5.8% in FY2023. Revenue performance exceeded expectations and pushed the deficit lower than the budget target of 5.9% of GDP in FY2023.
- Personal income tax collections are estimated to have grown by 23.0% in FY2023, highlighting surging incomes for salaried professional. This was also a sign of successful government effort to widen the tax base by keeping tax exemption limits stable and using digital tools to prevent tax leakage. (Source: PIB India)
- Strong domestic demand for consumption and investment, along with Government’s continued emphasis on capital expenditure are seen as among the key driver of the GDP in the first half of FY2023-24.





INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENT

Textiles & Apparels

The Indian Textile industry witnessed major challenges in 2023 due to fluctuating cotton prices, diminishing demand, capacity under-utilization and dumping of imported fabrics and garments from China and Bangladesh. The buying by the US and EU has remained quite low and that too for an unusually longer period, which has affected the exports badly. The year gone by has been one of the most challenging years for the Indian textile industry.

Despite gradual destocking by the buying houses, the exporters could not get sufficient orders in 2023 due to policy of keeping very low inventories by the retailers as a result of lack of demand in the two most important consumer markets, namely the US and EU. In October 2023, the US apparel imports were USD 6.5 bn., which was 21% lower than October 2022. In November 2023, India's apparel exports are estimated to be USD 1.0 bn., which was 17% lower than in November 2022.

A paradigm shift is happening globally. The global garment industry is shrinking both on consumer, retailer as well as supplier side. Experts expect the US garment imports to continue declining 25% to 30%. This means the market will not recover in the foreseeable future for the exporters. The US retail sector is undergoing a big transformation. The US garment imports fell by 22.8% in value terms in September 2023; hence retailers preferred to reduce garment imports and worked on minimal stocking. This trend is expected likely to continue for at least next two more quarters till market equilibrium is reached.

Bangladesh resorted to imports of cheap raw materials from China and exporting the finished products to the EU and US. Having the tag of least developed country, none of its products come under any import tax. As a result of the above, Indian exports remained stagnated around \$16.5 billion, while Bangladesh has already crossed the \$44 billion mark. This situation is because of India not getting a level playing field in these top two markets.

The total imports of knitted fabric in FY 2022-23 were Rs 6073 crores and in the first five months of current FY 2023-24 imports have already crossed more than Rs 2594 crores. The main source of India's imports of knitted or crocheted fabric is China, which accounted for majority of the total value, followed by Vietnam, Taiwan, Malaysia and Bangladesh. Polyester-based knitted fabrics hold the major share of imports, which is more than 60% of the total knitted fabrics imports. These fabrics are used for T-shirts, track suits, sportswear and active wears, which are some of the fastest growing segments of Indian textile and apparel industry. Even 100% cotton fabric import is more than Rs 400 crores, pile fabric import is more than Rs 600 crores and the warp knit fabrics import is more than Rs 750 crores.

India has a huge requirement of knitted fabrics for domestic consumption as also for apparel exporters. However, due to poor finishing set up, enough quantity of good quality fabrics is always in shortage locally, which results in massive imports. This needs to be controlled with more capacities created with state-of-the-art technology, especially in finishing.

The Free Trade Agreement (FTA) signed between India and Bangladesh is derailing India's textile exports as well as its share in the home market. Fabrics imported from Bangladesh are exempted from customs duty due to which the imports from Bangladesh are increasing every month, which is upsetting the Tirupur manufacturers. In 2022-23, the imports of knitted fabrics from Bangladesh increased to Rs 264 crore from Rs 212 crore in the previous year. This increase of 24% has put local manufacturers in trouble. In 2022-23, the imports of knitwear garments increased by a whopping 57% to Rs 2489 crore from Rs 1576 crore in the previous year. This has clearly landed the local knit goods manufacturers in big trouble.



All the above factors have been responsible for the trouble the Indian textile manufacturers have faced in 2023. Some intervention from the government is absolutely must to save the local industry.

The Indian domestic market is sluggish too. Even the festival season did not bring cheers to the manufacturers, unlike earlier years. It seems that the people are giving preference for food items, buying consumer equipment, gadgets like mobiles, i-pads, etc. as also cars and bikes over garments. The spinning sector reeled under high under-utilization due to reduced yarn imports by China as well as reduced buying by weavers and knitters. Reduced exports and dull local consumption resulted in trouble for the local textile industry. The PLI and PM Mitra schemes are expected to attract investments in man-made fibre and technical textile products and reduce the import dependability over the years. The athleisure and sportswear segment has however shown tremendous growth with the brands doubling their sales in the last two years. However, in this segment too most of the man-made fibre spandex fabrics have been imported from China, Vietnam and Taiwan. The margins of the textile mills are under pressure, although the cotton prices have stabilized by now around 2-year low.

The Indian textile industry is now grappling with a significant setback as freight costs witness a staggering 40% increase due to unrest in the Red Sea. This unexpected spike in transportation cost has raised concerns about its impact on operational costs and pricing.

The biggest change in the consumer markets globally have been the fall in demand due to various factors, including recessionary trends, increased food prices, increased energy prices in some countries because of the two wars that are presently on. According to the industry experts, the two major global markets, the US and the EU, are likely to continue with their reduced garment imports for at least another two quarters. In fact, the statistics show that all the other major markets such as UK, Japan and UAE have also reduced their imports in 2023 due to reduced consumption. This trend is likely to continue for some more time.

There is going to be growth in technical textile and man-made fibre industry in the new year due to government benefits. This should help India in regaining some global market share. There will be more push towards attaining sustainability and traceability in manufacturing processes as well as in products. More interest is likely in investments in the recycling technologies as well as technologies that will help in saving water and chemicals. At last for 2024, the textile producers need to look at making niche products, product basket diversification and exploring new markets like Japan.

Innerwear Market Segment

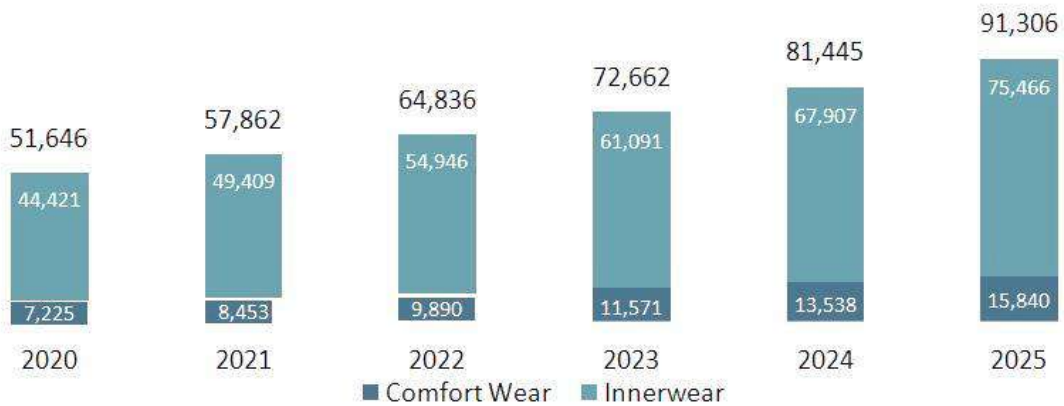
The innerwear market in India, which has witnessed substantial growth over the past decade, has exhibited notable resilience during times of adversity. Emerging from a valuation of Rs 61,091 crores in 2023, the market is on a trajectory to touch INR 75,466 crores by 2025, at a CAGR of 11.2%. This transformation is driven by several factors.

- > Increasing health consciousness among consumers has spurred demand for innerwear made from breathable materials.
- > Rising disposable incomes have led consumers to invest in premium branded innerwear that matches their preferences.
- > Fashion trends showcased on various channels including social media have fueled a preference for innerwear that reflects personal style.
- > Additionally, urbanization is amplifying these trends, particularly in tier 2 and tier 3 cities, highlighting the market's potential.



- > Trends such as consumers prioritizing both aesthetics and comfort, catalysed by the pandemic, have also spurred growth in the comfort wear segment, which was estimated at Rs 11,571 crores in 2023 and is expected to grow at a CAGR of 17% to reach Rs 15,840 crores by 2025.
- > Together, the inner & comfort wear market are projected to be valued at Rs 91,306 crores in 2025, growing at a CAGR of 12.1% between 2023-25, with innerwear accounting for over 80% of this market.

Market Size of Inner & Comfort Wear (INR crores)

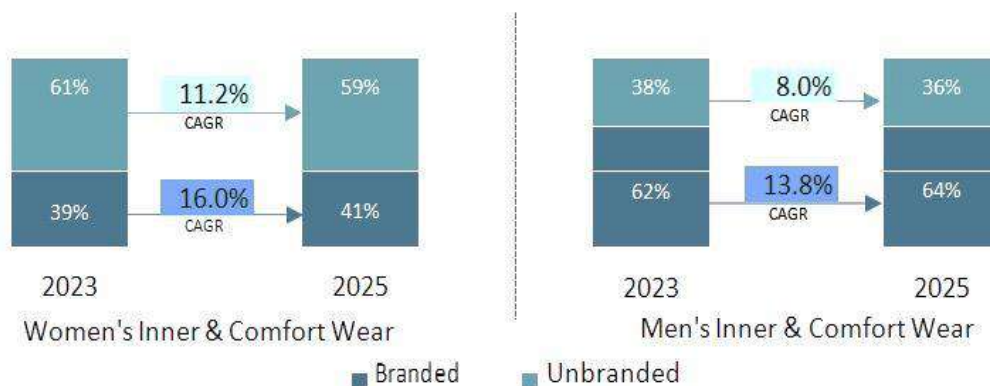


However, even though innerwear market segment is growing; the consumer preference has shifted from affordable products to heavily branded products and this gap between the branded market segment which is acquired by big market players and the unbranded market segment is widening by every passing day.

In the men’s inner & comfort wear realm, the ascendancy of branded products has been notable, constituting 62% of the market share in 2023 and projected to strengthen to 64% by 2025. This upward trajectory reflects a distinct consumer preference for established brands only.

The women’s inner & comfort wear branded market, which had a 39% share in 2023, is expected to grow at a faster pace than men’s branded market to reach 41% share by 2025.

Share of Branded-Unbranded Market, by Gender





OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS

Opportunities

- The Indian government has several portals for the welfare of laborers. Udyam, NCS, e-Shram, and ASEEM are the government portals that help people in finding employment in various MSMEs. All these portals are now interlinked to help business owners in finding manpower.
- The Union Finance Minister has emphasized the development of infrastructure and the setting of centralized Effluent treatment plants for the textile industry under IPDS and CETP. So, funds are allotted in the current budget for these purposes, for the best interest of this industry in India.
- Production-linked incentive (PLI) scheme launched for promoting the apparel industry has attracted investment of Rs. 19,000 Crores approximately and generate almost 7.5 Lakhs new employment opportunities.
- With regard to 'Make In India' initiative and to boost employment generation through setting up of 7 (Seven) PM Mega Integrated Textile Region and Apparel (PM MITRA) Parks in Greenfield/Brownfield sites with world class infrastructure
- Increase in fashion and brand consciousness making consumers more aspirational and discerning; increasing urban women population and women corporate workforce has proved to be beneficial for women segment of apparel market.
- Today with technological advancements, we notice a wide array of comfortable fabrics being used. From nylon to organic cotton, spandex blend cotton fabric to modal and from micro-fiber to more durable material. This has led to product innovations in the industry.

Threats & challenges

- The post pandemic effects and multiple global as well as domestic factors have slowed down the commercial activities. The lack of funds to buy raw materials for production was another drawback in this industry. Political tensions or militant activities in some places hinder the smooth operations of the textile industry there. Many textile companies face severe labor shortages and a lack of regular transportation if their factories are located in remote places.
- The inflation in the Indian economy results in frequent demands among laborers for salary hikes. Thus, industry owners do not find the means to expand their business and compete with global textile leaders from other countries.
- The high cost of power in India is another hindrance to textile production. Most modern machines are power-driven, which raises the overall production costs for business owners.
- Fluctuating prices of the raw materials such as cotton, yarn, and chemicals, and thereby raising price of the finished products not be viable in a competitive market.
- Ever changing fashion needs of consumers put industry players in a pressure to constantly adapt emerging fashion trends in the markets.
- Several International apparel brands are entering into India as the country is emerging as one of the largest apparel market in the world and on the other hand new start ups are entering market with aggressive marketing and discounts.

PRODUCT –WISE PERFORMANCE



The company is engaged in the business of manufacturing garments. Therefore there is no separate reportable segment. However, your Company have been marketing products through strong brands “JET” and “LYCOT”. “JET” is 36 years old whereas “LYCOT” is 16 years old. Your Company believes in providing those products to our consumers that are Skin Friendly and Anti-Bacterial. Your Company markets its products through various brands like “Lycot Australia”, “Jet”, “Jet Eco”, “Fresh- Long”, “Boski” and “Take- off”. Various product manufactured by our Company are Vest, Underwear (including Boxers, Briefs & Trunks), Brassiere, Panties, Socks, T-shirts, Thermals, Lowers, etc. Our Company caters to everyday range of comfortable Innerwear, Socks, T-shirts and Thermals which are available in superior cotton fabrics, vibrant styles and are ideally suited for men and women. Product wise Performance during the year is as under:

(₹ In Lakhs)

S.NO	PRODUCT WISE DETAILS	2023-24	2022-23
1.	Hosiery Products	2511.39	2942.01
2.	Winter Garments	224.63	265.04
3.	Ladies Garments	355.53	319.52
4.	Cotton Cloth	151.97	86.40
5.	Jeans	31.58	37.39
	Total	3275.10	3650.35

RISK AND CONCERN

The Company has robust risk management procedures to identify and evaluate risks on an ongoing basis. The Company believes that risks that are well managed can create opportunities, whereas risks that are incorrectly managed could lead to financial and reputation loss. Appropriate steps are taken in consultations with all concerned to mitigate such risks. The following are some of the key risks as perceived by the Company:

➤ Availability of Labour

The ability to retain existing talent and attract new talent assumes crucial importance. The industry is growing at a fast pace, in a highly labour intensive sector and demand for experienced and trained manpower is outstripping supply. The Company has created long term plans with the objective of motivating employees to create a sense of “belonging” and a ‘feel good’ environment. The company is also aggressively taking steps to monitor and improve productivity, which will mitigate the impact of labour and material cost increases to some extent.

➤ Economic Uncertainty:

Slow economic growth in the international or national economies and uncertainties regarding future economic prospects, among other things, could affect consumer discretionary spending and therefore can impact business. Through brand strengthening and expanding presence across the globe the Company endeavours to mitigate the impact of this risk as far as possible.

➤ Increase in Input and Labour costs:

The availability of raw materials at reasonable rates is one of the main concerns of the company. However the company is confident that increases in raw material cost, if and when they occur, can be passed on to consumers because of the strong pricing power of its brands. The company is also aggressively taking steps to monitor and improve productivity, which will mitigate the impact of labour and material cost increases to some extent.



OUTLOOK

The future of the textile market and the innerwear category is getting competitive domestically as well as globally. Your Company operates from Kanpur with having dealers/vendors in Uttar Pradesh. Enhancing our presence in additional region will enable us to reach out to a larger population. Further, our Company believes in maintain long term relationship with our customers by adding value through innovations, quality assurance and timely delivery of our products which will ultimately enhance our sales.

INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEM AND ADEQUACY

Management has overall responsibility for the Company's internal control system to safeguard the assets and to ensure reliability of financial records. The Company has an adequate internal control system commensurate with its size and nature of its business. The Company has a detailed budgetary control system and the actual performance is reviewed periodically and decisions taken accordingly. The Company also conducts regular internal audits to test the adequacy and efficacy of its internal control processes and bring out any deviation to internal control procedures.

MATERIAL DEVELOPMENTS IN HUMAN RESOURCES/ INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS FRONT, INCLUDING NUMBER OF PEOPLE EMPLOYED

In order to achieve operational excellence and maintain a competitive edge, the Company invests in building and nurturing a strong talented pool by instituting best practices with respect to its employees. The Company makes substantive and sustained efforts towards building an eco-system which promotes the development and advancement of all its employees and employees feel a sense of belonging to the Company and camaraderie with their team, and aspire for individual excellence while contributing to achieve departmental objectives. The Company has strength of about 46 employees as on March 31, 2024.

DISCUSSION ON FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE WITH RESPECT TO OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

- Our Revenue from operations has decreased from 3650.35 Lacs (F.Y. 2022-23) to ₹3275.10 Lacs during the financial year 2023-24.
- The Depreciation and amortization expense has increased from ₹47.06 Lacs (FY 2022-23) to ₹52.51 Lacs during the financial year 2023-24.
- Our Operating, Administrative and other expenses have been decreased from ₹ 582.73 Lacs (FY 2022-23) to ₹ 567.67 Lacs (FY 2023-24).
- Net profit has decreased from ₹121.14 Lacs (FY 2022-23) to ₹54.60 (FY 2023-24).

DETAILS OF SIGNIFICANT CHANGES IN KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS ALONG WITH EXPLANATION

In compliance with the requirement of the Listing Regulations, the key financial ratios of the Company along with explanation for significant changes (i.e., for change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year will be termed as 'significant changes'), has been provided hereunder:

S.no.	Particulars	FY 2023-24	FY 2022-23	% Variance	Reason for variation of more than 25%
(i)	Debtors Turnover	2.31	2.57	-10.11	-
(ii)	Inventory Turnover	1.79	1.92	-6.63	-
(iii)	Interest Coverage Ratio	1.97	2.81	-29.89	Profit decreased due to decrease in revenue which in turn disrupted the debt - profit ratio.



(iv)	Current Ratio	2.48	2.31	7.14	-
(v)	Debt Equity Ratio	0.69	0.77	11.52	-
(vi)	Operating Profit Margin (%)	5.39	7.65	-29.54	Variance is due to decrease in sales.
(vii)	Net Profit Margin (%)	1.67	3.32	-49.77	Net profit decreased due to decrease in revenue.
(viii)	Return on Net Worth (%)	10.21	14.89	-31.40	Due to decrease in revenue and profit, EBITDA decreased.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

Statements in the Management Discussion Analysis describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates and expectations may be considered as "forward looking statements" within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. The Company cannot guarantee that these assumptions are accurate or will be realized. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. The Company assumes no responsibility in respect to the forward looking statements herein which may undergo changes in future on the basis of subsequent developments, information or events.

(Sources & References: Ministry of Textiles, Indian Textile Journal, Department of Industrial Policy and Promotion, Press Information Bureau, KPMG Deloitte analysis, Pib, Ibef, fashinza)



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

TO THE MEMBERS OF JET KNITWEARS LIMITED REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

We were engaged to audit the accompanying standalone financial statements of Jet Knitwears Limited (“the Company”), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2024, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as “the standalone financial statements”).

We do not express an opinion on the accompanying standalone financial statements of the company. Because of the significance of the matter described in the *Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion* section of our report, we have not been able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence to provide a basis for an audit opinion on these standalone financial results.

BASIS FOR DISCLAIMER OF OPINION

The company’s trade receivables (classified as unsecured and considered good by the management & Net of Provisions) are carried at Rs. 1567.69 lakhs, out of which Rs.911.25 lakhs are outstanding for a period more than six months, which is abnormally high as compared to the turnover of the company. Also out of the above, receivables of Rs. 128.81 lakhs are aged more than three years. The balances of these parties are subject to confirmation, and as per the management of the company are recoverable.

We draw attention to **Note No. 1(D)(vii)** of the Financial Statements, which describes a petition filed by a shareholder under Sections 241, 242, and 244 of the Companies Act, 2013, alleging oppression and mismanagement by the current Board of Directors. This petition is currently pending before the National Company Law Tribunal, Allahabad Bench. The outcome of this matter is uncertain, and as stated in the said note, the management does not anticipate any impact on the Company at this time.

The company’s records relating to the WIP stock are not commensurate with the magnitude of data involved, as more than 30 job workers and 4 different stages are engaged in the process. According to management, a system for data maintenance is currently under development.

Additionally, we have not verified the physical inventory and have relied upon the physical verification reports provided by the management in this behalf. The value of the total inventory is abnormally high compared to the turnover, and there is no proper record of the ageing of the inventory. As a result, non-moving or obsolete inventory could not be ascertained.

The company, has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which does not have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility enabled throughout the year.

As a result of these matters, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments might have been found necessary in respect of recorded amount of Trade Receivables, Inventory, Contingent Liability and the elements making up the statement of Profit and Loss and statement of cash flows.

EMPHASIS OF MATTER



We draw the attention towards the followings

Further, the company have been sanctioned a new Skill Development Project under Deen Dayal Upadhyay - Grameen Kaushalya Yojna (DDU GKY Scheme) of Assam State Rural Livelihoods Mission (ASRLM) to train 1000 Candidates in projects (Rural Youth as defined in guidelines of DDU-GKY) with placement linkage by setting up a training/skill center at Majuli and Karimganj for the State of Assam.

We did not audit the financial statements and other financial information, in respect of this scheme. Amounts received and expended under this scheme is subject to audit by a separate auditor, which financial statement and other financial information and auditor's reports have been furnished to us by the management. Our opinion on the financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this scheme and our report in terms of sub-sections (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid scheme is based solely on the report of such other auditor.

Our opinion is not qualified in respect of the above.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters ('KAM') are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report. We have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the standalone financial statements section of our report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, our audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to our assessment of the risk of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements. The result of our audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for our audit opinion on the accompanying standalone financial statements.

Substantial Movement of Stock upto production of Finished Goods

The company avails services of over thirty job workers and has inter dependent manufacturing facilities in two States in India. In addition, the company has several depots. The above entails substantial movement of raw material, semi-finished materials and finished goods from one location to another; and at any given point of time, the stocks (of various stages) belonging to the company may be found at several locations. The movement of stock is the key to the business and was therefore considered as one of the 'Key Audit Matters'. Verification of the internal controls with respect to inventory management and movement, recording of consumption, valuation of stocks as at the reporting date involved extensive verification procedures and called for making estimates and judgments.

How our audit addressed the key audit matter

For the matter referred to above, our procedures included, among others, procedures of physical examination, end to end verification of stock transfers, other relevant documentation/correspondence, including post balance sheet date events, reports submitted to Banks and other authorities, assessing management's conclusions etc. in view of the laid down accounting and measurement principles.

***INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON***

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Company's annual report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditors' report thereon.

The other information included in the annual report, are expected to be made available to us after the date of this auditor's report.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, we are required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's management and Board of Directors are responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the state of affairs, profit and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.



As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the standalone financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the standalone financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the standalone financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditors' report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a



matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

- (A) As required by the Companies (Auditors' Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, we give in "**Annexure A**" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- (B) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
 - b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
 - c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
 - d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.
 - e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March 2024 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March 2024 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act.
 - f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "**Annexure B**".
 - g) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) which are required to be commented upon by us.
 - h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditors' Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at 31 March 2024 on its financial position in its standalone financial statements.
 - ii. The Company does not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts requiring a provision for material foreseeable losses.
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
 - iv. (a) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been advanced or loaned or



invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entity (“Intermediaries”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(b) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds (which are material either individually or in the aggregate) have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity (“Funding Parties”), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (“Ultimate Beneficiaries”) or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

(c) Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e), as provided under (a) and (b) above, contain any material misstatement.

- (i) Company has not complied with Rule 11(g), i.e. the company has used accounting software for maintaining its books of account which did not have the audit trail feature enabled throughout the year.

(C) With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors’ Report under section 197(16):

In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) which are required to be commented upon by us.

**For RAJIV MEHROTRA & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FIRM REG.NO.002253C**

**Kanpur, 29th May 2024
UDIN: 24451027BKEMBC7103**

**(PARTNER)
FAHED RASHID
M.No.451027**



ANNEXURE “A” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS’ REPORT

(Referred to in Para 1 under ‘Report on Other legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report of even date)

Re: Jet Knitwears Limited, we report that:

- (i) a. (A) As per information provided to us by the management of the company, the company is maintaining proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of fixed assets, however the same has not been provided to us for the verification therefore we are unable to comment on the same.
(B) As per information and explanations given to us, all the intangible assets have been completely amortized in the books of the company and as on the date of the financial statements the written down value of the same is zero.
- b. The company has a regular programme for physical verification of all assets over a period of three years. In accordance with this programme, certain fixed assets were verified during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, it is reasonable having regard to the size of the company and the nature of its assets.
- c. According to the information and explanations given to us, we report that the immovable properties capitalized in the books of account of the company consists of Building which consists of Leasehold improvements only. No other immovable properties requiring title deed are capitalized in the books of account of the company.
- d. The company has not revalued any of its property, plant and equipment (including right-to-use assets) and intangible assets during the year.
- e. No proceedings have been initiated during the year or are pending against the company as at March 31st 2024 for holding any benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the Rules made thereunder.
- (ii) a. As explained to us, the inventory has been physically taken by the management during the year at all the factory and accompanying warehouses of the company. In our opinion, the coverage and procedures of such verification by the management are appropriate. On the basis of the report of physical stock verification conducted by the Management of the company, we report that no discrepancies of 10% or more were noticed, and the minor discrepancies noticed on such verification were properly dealt with in the books of account.
- b. The company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of rupees five crores, in aggregate from banks and financial institutions on the basis of security of current assets. On verification of the monthly stock (excluding stock of WIP) and book debt statements submitted by the Company to such banks/financial institutions with the books of account of the Company, we are of the opinion that the same contains minor differences only.
- (iii) The Company has not made investments in subsidiary companies during the year.
 - (a) The Company has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loans or stood guarantee, or provided security to any companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other entity during the year, and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(a) parts (A) and (B) of the Order are not applicable.



- (b) In our opinion, the investments are, prima facie, not prejudicial to the Company's interest.
- (c) The Company has not provided any loans or advances in the nature of loans or stood guarantee, or provided security to any companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or other entity during the year, and hence reporting under clause 3(iii)(c), (d), (e) and (f) of the Order are not applicable.
- (iv) In Our opinion and according to the information and explanations given us, there is no non-compliance with the provisions of section 185 and 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 in respect of grant of loans, making investments and providing guarantees. The company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured to parties covered in the register maintained under section 189 of the Companies Act 2013.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not accepted any public deposits. As per the information and explanations given to us, no order has been passed by the Company Law Board or the National Company Law Tribunal or the Reserve Bank of India or any Court or Tribunal.
- (vi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company is not liable for maintenance of cost records u/s 148 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- (vii) (a) The company is regular in depositing with appropriate authorities undisputed statutory dues including investor education protection fund, income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, service tax, & customs duty and other material statutory dues applicable to it. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, income tax, sales tax, wealth tax, customs duty, VAT, cess and other material statutory dues were in arrears as at 31st March 2024 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.

(b) As per the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the verification of the records of the company, the details of statutory dues which have not been deposited on account of disputes are as under:

<u>Liability/Dispute</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Period to which it relates</u>
Income Tax Department	1,00,617.38	Prior years
Income Tax Department	870.84	2021-22
Income Tax Department	1,09,111.18	2023-24

- (viii) There were no transactions relating to previously unrecorded income that have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (43 of 1961).
- (ix) (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not defaulted in repayment of any loans or other borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.

(b) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or other lender.

(c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has applied term loans for the purposes for which the same were availed.



- (d) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used during the year for long-term purposes by the Company.
- (e) On an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, the Company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries.
- (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not raised loans during the year on pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries.
- (x) (a) The company did not raise any money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.
- (b) During the year, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully or partly or optionally) and hence reporting under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xi) (a) No fraud by the Company and no material fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year.
- (b) No report under sub-section (12) of section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government, during the year and upto the date of this report.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us, no whistle blower complaints were received by the Company during the year (and upto the date of this report) and hence reporting under clause 3(xi)(c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company and hence reporting under clause (xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the company has complied with Sections 177 and Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, where applicable, for all transactions with related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the financial statements etc. as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) (a) In our opinion the Company has an adequate internal audit system commensurate with the size and the nature of its business.
- (b) We have considered, the internal audit report for the year under audit, issued to the Company during the year and till date, in determining the nature, timing and extent of our audit procedures.
- (xv) In our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its Directors or persons connected with its directors. and hence provisions of section 192 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) (a) In our opinion, the Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934. Hence, reporting under clause 3(xvi)(a), (b) and (c) of the Order is not applicable.
- (b) In our opinion, there is no core investment company within the Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) and accordingly reporting under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable.



- (xvii) The Company has not incurred cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit and the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors of the Company during the year.
- (xix) On the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realization of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the financial statements and our knowledge of the Board of Directors and Management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) The provisions of sec 135 of Company's Act 2013 are not applicable to the company since the company does not meet the monetary thresholds as per the said section. Accordingly, clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the company.
- (xxi) Provisions of consolidated financial statements and group companies are not applicable in case of this company.

**For RAJIV MEHROTRA & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FIRM REG.NO.002253C**

**Kanpur, 29th May 2024
UDIN: 24451027BKEMBC7103**

**(PARTNER)
FAHED RASHID
M.No.451027**



ANNEXURE “B” TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITORS’ REPORT

(Referred to in Para 2(f) under ‘Report on Other legal and Regulatory Requirements’ section of our report of even date)

REPORT ON THE INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS UNDER SECTION 143(3)(I) OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013 (“THE ACT”)

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Jet Knitwears Limited (“the Company”) as of March 31, 2024 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

Management’s Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company’s management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company’s policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

Auditors’ Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the “Guidance Note”) and the Standards on Auditing, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal controls based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor’s judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company’s internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements.

Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With Reference to Standalone Financial Statements



A company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements includes those policies and procedures that:

- (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with reference to Standalone Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, to the best of our information, and according to the explanations given to us, the company has, in all material aspects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31st 2024, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal control stated in Guidance Note of Audit of International Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

**For RAJIV MEHROTRA & ASSOCIATES
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS
FIRM REG.NO.002253C**

**Kanpur, 29th May 2024
UDIN: 24451027BKEMBC7103**

**(PARTNER)
FAHED RASHID
M.No.451027**

**JET KNITWEARS LIMITED**

CIN: L19101UP1996PLC019722

REGISTERED OFFICE: 119/410-B-1 DARSHAN PURWA, KANPUR, UTTAR PRADESH 208012

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31st MARCH, 2024

(Figures in Lacs)

PARTICULARS	NOTE NO.	AS AT 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2023
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1) SHAREHOLDER'S FUNDS			
(a) Share Capital	2	440.72	440.72
(b) Reserves and Surplus	3	1,807.45	1,752.86
(2) SHARE APPLICATION MONEY PENDING ALLOTMENT		-	-
(3) NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	4		
(a) Long Term Borrowings		172.22	218.48
(b) Long Term Provisions		19.90	20.63
(4) CURRENT LIABILITIES			
(a) Short Term Borrowings	5	1,084.32	1,202.64
(b) Trade Payables	6		
(A) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises; and		1.46	1.52
(B) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		283.60	296.98
(c) Other Current Liabilities	7	111.18	116.59
TOTAL		3,920.86	4,050.42
ASSETS			
(1) NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
(a) Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible Assets	8		
(i) Property, Plant and Equipment		146.53	157.49
(ii) Capital work-in-progress		25.40	25.40
(b) Non Current Investments	9	0.18	0.25
(c) Deferred tax Assets (Net)	10	29.41	20.36
(d) Long-Term Loans and Advances	11	49.80	49.80
(2) CURRENT ASSETS			
(b) Inventories	12	1,844.64	1,816.21
(c) Trade Receivables	13	1,547.34	1,450.59
(d) Cash and Cash Equivalents	14	177.45	419.66
(e) Short-Term Loans and Advances	15	77.26	76.77
(f) Other Current Assets	16	22.85	33.89
TOTAL		3,920.86	4,050.42

Significant Accounting Policies and estimates 1
The accompanying notes 1 to 27 are an integral part of the financial statement.

As Per Our Report of Even Date attached.

For and on Behalf of the
Board of Directors of Jet Knitwears Ltd.

For Rajiv Mehrotra & Associates
Firm Reg.No.002253C
Chartered Accountants

(PARTNER)
Fahed Rashid
M.No.451027

Balram Kumar Narula
(Chairman)
(DIN: 00274566)

Rakesh Kumar Narula
(Whole Time Director)
(DIN:00274483)

Ankur Narula
(Chief Fin. Officer)

Vinny Saxena
(Company Secretary)
M.No. A70940

Kanpur, 29th of May, 2024
UDIN: 24451027BKEMBC7103

**JET KNITWEARS LIMITED**

CIN: L19101UP1996PLC019722

REGISTERED OFFICE: 119/410-B-1 DARSHAN PURWA, KANPUR, UTTAR PRADESH 208012

STATEMENT OF PROFIT & LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2024

(Figures in Lacs)

PARTICULARS	NOTE NO.	For the year ended 31.03.2024	For the year ended 31.03.2023
INCOME			
Revenue From Operations	17	3,275.10	3,650.35
Other Income	18	9.40	5.33
Total Income (I+II)		3,284.49	3,655.69
EXPENDITURE			
Cost of Materials Consumed	19	2,330.27	2,473.54
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and Stock-In-Trade	20	5.10	127.08
Employee Benefit Expense	21	147.05	144.25
Finance Costs	22	116.69	116.29
Depreciation and Amortization Expense	8	52.51	47.06
Other Expenses	23	567.67	582.73
Total expenses (IV)		3,219.28	3,490.94
Profit/(Loss) before exceptional, extraordinary, prior period items and tax (III-IV)		65.21	164.75
Exceptional Items		-	-
Profit before extraordinary & prior period items and tax		65.21	164.75
Extraordinary Items		-	-
Prior Period Items		-	-
Profit before Tax		65.21	164.75
Tax Expense :			
Current Tax		19.47	42.67
Deferred Tax		(9.05)	0.59
Tax Adjustment- earlier years		0.19	0.35
Profit/(Loss) for the period from continuing operations		54.60	121.14
Profit/(Loss) for the period from discontinuing operations		-	-
Tax expense for discontinuing operations		-	-
Profit/(Loss) for the period from discontinuing operations (after Tax)		-	-
Profit/(Loss) for the period		54.60	121.14
Earnings Per Equity Share (Rs.)			
- Basic (Face Value of Rs.10 each)		1.24	2.75
- Diluted (Face Value of Rs.10 each)		1.24	2.75
Significant Accounting Policies	1		
As Per Our Report of Even Date attached.			For and on Behalf of the Board of Directors of Jet Knitwears Ltd.
For Rajiv Mehrotra & Associates Firm Reg.No.002253C Chartered Accountants		Balram Kumar Narula (Chairman) (DIN: 00274566)	Rakesh Kumar Narula (Whole Time Director) (DIN:00274483)
(PARTNER) Fahed Rashid M.No.451027		Ankur Narula (Chief Fin. Officer)	Vinny Saxena (Company Secretary) M.No. A70940
Kanpur, 29th of May, 2024 UDIN: 24451027BKEMBC7103			

**JET KNITWEARS LIMITED**

CIN: L19101UP1996PLC019722

REGISTERED OFFICE: 119/410-B-1DARSHAN PURWA, KANPUR, U.P. 208012

CASH FLOW STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31st MARCH, 2024

Particulars	Year Ended 31.03.2024	Year Ended 31.03.2023
	Amount (in lacs)	Amount (in lacs)
I) CASH FROM OPERATIONS		
A. PROFIT AFTER TAX	54.60	121.14
B. ADJUSTMENTS:		
Depreciation	52.51	47.06
Finance Costs	116.69	116.29
Deferred tax	(9.05)	0.59
Provision for Gratuity	(0.73)	0.63
	159.42	0.63
	214.01	285.72
Adjustments for Changes in working Capital		
Decrease/(Increase) in Sundry Debtors	(96.74)	70.98
Decrease/(Increase) in Loans & Advances	(0.49)	59.27
Decrease/(Increase) in Other Current Assets	11.04	(9.39)
Decrease/(Increase) in Inventories	(28.43)	177.33
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade Payables	(13.45)	(170.08)
Increase/(Decrease) in Current Liabilities	(5.41)	(0.97)
Increase/(Decrease) in Short Term Provisions	-	-
NET CASH FROM OPERATIONS	80.53	412.86
II) CASH FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Fixed Assets purchased during the period	(41.55)	(54.31)
Decline in Value of Long-Term Investment	0.07	
NET CASH FROM INVESTMENT ACTIVITIES	(41.48)	(54.31)
III) CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Increase in Borrowed Funds	(164.57)	35.84
Finance Costs	(116.69)	(116.29)
NET CASH FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	(281.26)	(80.45)
Net Increase in cash and cash equivalents	(242.21)	278.10
Cash and Cash equivalents as at the beginning of the period	419.66	141.57
Cash and Cash equivalents as at the end of the period	177.45	420.00

Notes :

- The Cash Flow Statement has been prepared in accordance with the "Indirect Method" specified in the AS-3 of ICAI.
- Cash & Cash equivalents comprise cash balances and balances with banks, including current deposits only.

Significant Accounting Policies

1

As Per Our Report of Even Date

For and on Behalf of the
Board of Directors of Jet Knitwears Ltd.

For Rajiv Mehrotra & Associates
Firm Reg.No.002253C
Chartered Accountants

Balram Kumar Narula
(Chairman)
(DIN: 00274566)

Rakesh Kumar Narula
(Whole Time Director)
(DIN:00274483)

(PARTNER)
Fahed Rashid
M.No.451027

Ankur Narula
(Chief Fin. Officer)

Vinny Saxena
(Company Secretary)
M.No.A70940

Kanpur, 29th of May, 2024
UDIN: 24451027BKEMBC7103

**NOTE NO.2****Equity Share Capital**

PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2024		AS AT 31.03.2023	
	No. of shares	Amount (in lacs)	No. of shares	Amount (in lacs)
Share Capital Authorised Share Capital Equity Shares Of Rs.10/- Each	6,500,000	650.00	6,500,000	650.00
Issued, Subscribed & Paid Up Capital				
Equity shares of par value Rs 10/- each at the beginning of the year	4,407,200	440.72	4,407,200	440.72
Changes during the year	-	-	-	-
At the end of the year	4,407,200	440.72	4,407,200	440.72

a) Reconciliation of Shares outstanding as at beginning and end of the Reporting Period

Particulars	AS AT 31.03.2024		AS AT 31.03.2023	
	No.	Amount (in lacs)	No.	Amount (in lacs)
Balance at the beginning of the year	4,407,200	440.72	4,407,200	440.72
Add: Issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Less: Shares Bought Back	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	4,407,200	440.72	4,407,200	440.72

b) Shareholding of Promoters

Shares held by promoters at the end of the year				% Change during the year
Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares		
1. ANIL KUMAR NARULA	445,025	10.10%		0.00%
2. KANCHAN NARULA	428,175	9.72%		0.00%
3. RAKESH KUMAR NARULA	304,595	6.91%		0.00%
4. USHA NARULA	274,145	6.22%		0.00%
5. JYOTI NARULA	258,280	5.86%		0.00%
6. BALRAM KUMAR NARULA	240,920	5.47%		0.00%
7. RAKESH KUMAR NARULA HUF	152,100	3.45%		0.00%
8. ANIL KUMAR NARULA HUF	141,850	3.22%		0.00%
9. ROHIT NARULA	137,400	3.12%		0.00%
10. BALRAM KUMAR NARULA HUF	127,840	2.90%		0.00%
11. BHUSHAN KUMAR NARULA HUF	111,700	2.53%		0.00%
12. GEETA NARULA	95,000	2.16%		0.00%
13. ROHIT NARULA HUF	75,700	1.72%		0.00%
14. ANKUR NARULA	61,190	1.39%		0.00%
15. PRASHANT NARULA	61,000	1.38%		0.00%
16. ANKUR NARULA HUF	48,870	1.11%		0.00%
17. ADITYA NARULA	35,000	0.79%		0.00%
18. SNEHA NARULA	7,100	0.16%		0.00%
19. MADHU SABBARWAL	100	0.00%		0.00%
Total	3,005,990	68.21%		-

c) The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of **Rs 10/-** per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The holders of

d) Details of Shareholding in excess of 5% of the total issued capital of the company

Name of the Shareholder	AS AT 31.03.2024		AS AT 31.03.2023	
	%	No. of Shares	%	No. of Shares
KANCHAN NARULA	9.72%	428175	9.72%	428175
USHA NARULA	6.22%	274145	6.22%	274145
ANIL KUMAR NARULA	10.10%	445025	10.10%	445025
BALRAM NARULA	5.47%	240920	5.47%	240920
JYOTI NARULA	5.86%	258280	5.86%	258280
RAKESH KUMAR NARULA	6.91%	304595	6.91%	304595
HARYANA REFRACTORIES PVT LTD	9.26%	408000	2.31%	102000
MANOJ AGARWAL	12.22%	538500	8.75%	385500

e) Aggregate number of bonus shares issued during the period of 5yrs immediately preceding the reporting date - Nil

f) Shares reserved for issue under options and contracts for the sale of shares, including terms and amounts - Nil



NOTE NO. 3			
RESERVES & SURPLUS			
PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2024		AS AT 31.03.2023
	(in lacs)		
SECURITIES PREMIUM			
Balance at the beginning of the year	659.89		659.89
Add: Premium Received during the year	0.00		0.00
Balance as at the end of the year	659.89		659.89
PROFIT & LOSS			
Balance at the beginning of the year	1092.97		971.83
Add: Net Profit for the Year	54.60		121.14
Balance as at the end of the year	1147.56		1092.97
	1807.45		1752.86

NOTE NO. 4				
LONG TERM BORROWINGS				
PARTICULARS	NON CURRENT PORTION		CURRENT MATURITIES	
	AS AT 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2023	AS AT 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2023
	(in lacs)			
Secured Loans				
From Banks				
Term Loans*	93.00	164.95	48.20	100.67
From Others	-	-	-	-
Unsecured Loans				
From Banks	-	-	-	-
From Others				
Loans and Advances from Related Parties- Unsecured	79.22	53.53	-	-
	172.22	218.48	48.20	100.67

***Working Capital Term Loan**

a) Term loan of Rs.119.5 lakh has been availed in order to meet out working capital requirements from ICICI Bank.

NOTE NO. 5			
SHORT TERM BORROWINGS			
PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2024		AS AT 31.03.2023
	(in lacs)		
Loans Repayable on Demand			
- Secured Loans From Banks			
(a) Working Capital Limits** (Secured against hypothecation of inventories & receivables, as per details below)	1,005.91		1,101.97
(b) Working Capital Term loan*	30.21		
Current Maturities Of Term Loan	48.20		100.67
	1,084.32		1,202.64

Term loans includes:***Working Capital Term Loan**

a) Term loan of Rs.43.7 lakh has been availed in order to meet out working capital requirements from ICICI Bank.

**** Working capital disbursement loan from ICICI bank - brief Terms & conditions of the loan & details & nature of securities.**

- Sanctioned limit:- working capital facility of Rs.1.28 cr has been provided by Icici to meet working capital requirement for business purpose.
- Rate of interest : 8.75%
- Interest servicing: interest would be payable monthly, on the last date of each month or at the time of limit closure whichever is earlier.
- Repayment schedule: Principal amount of each tranche is to be repaid in full as bullet payment on maturity date.
- The company has not defaulted in repayment of any interest or loans during the year, and there are no continuing defaults in respect for the same.

**NOTE NO. 6****TRADE PAYABLES**

(in lacs)

PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2023
Trade Payables for Goods		
(a) Due to micro and small enterprises	1.46	1.52
(b) Due to others	204.78	182.17
Trade Payables for Expenses		
(a) Due to micro and small enterprises.	-	-
(b) Due to others	78.82	114.82
	285.06	298.51

As regards the disclosure requirements under the Micro, Small & Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006, and Schedule III of the Companies Act, 2013, it may be mentioned that the company had called for information and details from its 'Suppliers' regarding their registration status and classification under the Act as Medium, Small or Micro enterprises. Based on the information received upto the date of these Financial Statements, the Trade Payables are classified as under:

Trade Payables ageing schedule

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment				
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	2-3 years/ More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME					
	CY	1.46	-	-	1.46
	PY	1.52	-	-	1.52
(ii) Others					
	CY	283.60	-	-	283.60
	PY	296.98	-	-	296.98
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME					
	CY	-	-	-	-
	PY	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others					
	CY	-	-	-	-
	PY	-	-	-	-
Total					
	CY	285.06	-	-	285.06
	PY	298.51	-	-	298.51

NOTE NO. 7**OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES**

(in lacs)

PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2023
Advance from Customers	54.08	58.56
Other Payables (Including statutory dues, establishment expenses due etc.)	25.94	26.97
Security Deposits received from customers	26.56	26.46
Advance Received Towards DDU-GKY Scheme (Net of advances paid towards the same)	4.60	4.60
	111.18	116.59

Note: The company was sanctioned a new Skill Development Project under Deen Dayal Upadhyay - Grameen Kaushalya Yojna (DDU GKY Scheme) of Assam State Rural Livelihoods Mission (ASRLM) to train 1000 Candidates in projects (Rural Youth as defined in guidelines of DDU-GKY) with placement linkage by setting up a training/skill center at Majuli and Karimganj for the State of Assam. The company received Rs.20790188.00 from the Central and State Government towards the scheme against which an advance/expenditure of Rs 20329959.00 has been incurred by the company towards the project. The financial statements and other financial information regarding the same is subject to audit by a separate auditor.

NOTE NO.9**NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS**

(in lacs)

PARTICULARS	Face Value	Number of	AS AT	Number of	AS AT
		Shares/units	31.03.2024	Shares/units	31.03.2023
Designated at fair value through profit or loss:					
(i) Quoted					
(a) In equity shares of Companies	-	-	-	-	-
(b) In units of mutual fund	-	-	-	-	-
(ii) Unquoted equity investments, fully paid up					
Jet Knit Indicus Pvt. Ltd. *	10 Rs. Per Share	2500	0.18	2500	0.25
			0.18		0.25

*Due to decline (other than temporary), carrying amount of investment is reduced to recognize the decline.

NOTE NO.10**DEFERRED TAX ASSETS (NET)**

(in lacs)

PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2023
Deferred Tax Asset		
Accelerated Depreciation for Tax purposes	24.40	15.16
Deductions claimed for Balance Sheet items		
Expenses allowable on payment basis	5.01	5.19
Others		
Gross Deferred Tax Assets	29.41	20.36
Net Deferred tax asset	29.41	20.36

**NOTE NO. 11****LONG TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES**

(in lacs)

PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2023
Advance for Purchase of Land	49.80	49.80
	49.80	49.80

NOTE NO. 12**INVENTORIES**

(in lacs)

PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2023
Raw Material	92.37	58.84
Consumables	1.23	0.00
Work-In-Progress	367.21	475.30
Finished Goods	1383.83	1282.07
(At lower of cost and net realizable value, unless stated otherwise)	1844.64	1816.21

NOTE NO. 13**TRADE RECEIVABLES****UNSECURED, CONSIDERED GOOD**

(in lacs)

PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2023
Receivables outstanding for a period exceeding six months from the date they are due for payment	911.25	843.27
Other Receivables	656.44	627.68
Less: Provision for Doubtful debtors	(20.36)	(20.36)
	1,547.34	1,450.59

Trade Receivables ageing schedule

Particulars		Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					Total
		Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	CY	656.44	316.55	333.69	131.65	76.90	1,515.24
	PY	627.68	417.22	226.44	47.42	114.51	1,433.28
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables – considered doubtful	CY	-	-	-	-	-	-
	PY	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Disputed Trade Receivables considered good	CY	-	-	0.55	-	31.55	32.10
	PY	-	0.55	7.83	1.20	7.73	17.31
(iv) Disputed Trade Receivables considered doubtful	CY	-	-	-	-	20.36	20.36
	PY	-	-	-	20.36	-	20.36
Total	CY	656.44	316.55	334.24	131.65	128.81	1,567.69
	PY	627.68	417.78	234.27	68.98	122.24	1,470.95

NOTE NO. 14**CASH & CASH EQUIVALENTS**

(in lacs)

PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2023
Cash In Hand	156.66	102.35
Balances With Scheduled Banks		
- In Current Accounts	17.62	314.13
- In Current Accounts (DDU-GKY Scheme) (Refer Note - 7)	2.17	2.17
- In Fixed Deposits	1.00	1.00
	177.45	419.66

NOTE NO. 15**SHORT TERM LOANS & ADVANCES**

(in lacs)

PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2023
Unsecured and Considered Good		
Balances with Revenue Authorities	60.81	57.11
Prepaid Expenses	3.12	4.15
Other Advances	13.33	15.50
	77.26	76.77



NOTE NO.16			
OTHER CURRENT ASSETS			(in lacs)
PARTICULARS	AS AT 31.03.2024		AS AT 31.03.2023
Security Deposits	13.88		14.98
Advances to Suppliers	8.97		18.87
Other Current Assets	0.00		0.05
	22.85		33.89
NOTE NO.17			
REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS			(in lacs)
PARTICULARS	Current Year		Previous Year
Sale of Products	3,275.10		3,650.35
	3,275.10		3,650.35
Less: Goods & Service Tax Realised	-		-
	3,275.10		3,650.35
NOTE NO.18			
OTHER INCOME			(in lacs)
PARTICULARS	Current Year		Previous Year
Other Income	6.78		0.10
Round Off	0.00		0.00
Duty Drawback	1.89		1.03
Reversal of gratuity provision	0.73		-
Other Non- Operating Income			
Profit on Sale of Assets	-		4.20
	9.40		5.33
NOTE NO.19			
COST OF MATERIAL CONSUMED			(in lacs)
PARTICULARS	Current Year		Previous Year
Opening Stock	58.84		109.10
Purchases	1,651.58		1,776.77
Direct Expenses	712.22		646.51
	2,422.65		2,532.38
Less: Closing Stock	92.37		58.84
Cost of Material Consumed	2,330.27		2,473.54
NOTE NO.20			
INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN FINISHED GOODS/STOCK & WIP			(in lacs)
PARTICULARS	Current Year		Previous Year
Inventories at the Beginning Of The Year			
Work-In-Progress	475.30		444.24
Finished Goods	1,282.07		1,435.75
Consumable Goods	-		4.45
TOTAL (A)	1,757.37		1,884.44
Inventories at the End Of The Year			
Work-In-Progress	367.21		475.30
Finished Goods	1,383.83		1,282.07
Consumable Goods	1.23		-
TOTAL (B)	1,752.27		1,757.37
Net Increase/Decrease in Stock (A-B)	5.10		127.08

**NOTE NO.21****EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSES**

(in lacs)

PARTICULARS	Current Year	Previous Year
Salaries and Wages	102.72	97.75
Staff Welfare Expenses	1.29	1.80
Provision for Gratuity	-	0.63
Director's Remuneration	27.00	27.00
Bonus	7.68	8.26
Contribution to Provident Fund and other funds	8.37	8.80
	147.05	144.25

NOTE NO.22**FINANCE COSTS**

(in lacs)

PARTICULARS	Current Year	Previous Year
Bank Charges	4.84	1.56
Interest Paid to Bank	109.40	111.07
Interest Paid to Others	2.45	3.66
	116.69	116.29

NOTE NO.23**OTHER EXPENSES**

(in lacs)

PARTICULARS	Current Year	Previous Year
Payments to Auditors as:		
(a) Auditor	4.00	4.00
(b) Taxation Matters	-	-
Repairs & Maintenance	33.00	26.68
Freight & Cartage Outward	16.80	6.70
Rent	43.03	49.11
Printing & Stationery	8.96	10.80
Rebate & Discount	139.75	149.94
Bad Debts Written Off	1.32	23.48
Miscellaneous Expenses	35.06	36.05
Website expenses	7.13	1.48
Security Expenses	13.83	12.19
Sales Promotion	66.99	52.04
Advertisement & Publicity	29.70	52.84
Brokerage & Commission	43.34	40.16
Power & Fuel	16.61	14.94
Legal, Professional and Consultancy	22.98	14.44
Charity & Donation	1.58	0.21
Rates and Taxes	4.12	2.74
Travelling Expenses	12.68	17.38
Telephone Expenses	3.70	4.64
Vehicle & Delivery Van Expenses	52.08	52.63
Insurance	10.94	10.29
Decline in the value of Long-term investment	0.07	-
	567.67	582.73

NOTE NO.24**EARNING PER SHARE (EPS)**

Particulars	AS AT 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2023
Net Profit after tax as per Statement of Profit and Loss attributable to Equity Shareholders	54.60	121.14
Weighted Average number of equity shares used as denominator for calculating EPS	4407200	4407200
Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the entity by the weighted average number of Equityshares outstanding during the year (Amount in INR)	1.24	2.75
Diluted EPS is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of Equity shares outstanding during the year plus the weighted average number of Equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential Equity shares into Equity shares (Amount in INR).		
Face Value Per Equity Share	Rs.10 per share	Rs.10 per share



(in lacs)

NOTE NO.8 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT PARTICULARS	----- GROSS BLOCK -----				----- DEPRECIATION -----				--- NET BLOCK ---		
	AS AT 01.04.2023	ADDITIONS	SALE/ TRF	AS AT 31.3.2024	UPTO 01.04.2023	FOR THE YEAR	TRD	TRF/ ADJ.	UPTO 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2024	AS AT 31.03.2023
LEASEHOLD IMPROVEMENTS	25.60	3.85	-	29.45	10.95	0.86	-	-	11.82	17.64	14.65
COMPUTER, PRINTER & PERIPHERALS	70.69	0.90	-	71.58	68.26	2.48	-	-	70.74	0.84	2.42
FURNITURE & FIXTURES	23.14	-	-	23.14	23.05	0.09	-	-	23.14	-	0.09
ELECTRIC INSTALLATION	6.60	-	-	6.60	6.34	0.26	-	-	6.60	-	0.26
VEHICLE	268.66	34.43	-	303.09	214.16	18.61	-	-	232.77	70.32	54.50
OFFICE EQUIPMENT	74.78	-	-	74.78	66.32	7.33	-	-	73.65	1.13	8.45
PLANT & MACHINERY	378.26	2.38	-	380.64	301.15	22.88	-	-	324.03	56.61	77.11
TOTAL	847.73	41.55	-	889.28	690.24	52.51	-	-	742.75	146.53	157.49
CWIP (BUILDING)	25.40	-	-	25.40	-	-	-	-	-	25.40	-
GRAND TOTAL	873.13	41.55	-	914.68	690.24	52.51	-	-	742.75	171.93	182.89

CWIP	Amount of CWIP for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
CWIP (BUILDING)	-	25.40	-	-	25.40



**NOTE NO. 27
RATIOS**

Particulars	Formula	Current Period		Previous Period		Current Period	Previous Period	% Variance	Reason for variance
		Numerator	Denominator	Numerator	Denominator				
(a) Current ratio	$\frac{\text{Current Assets}}{\text{Current Liabilities}}$	3,669.54	1,480.56	3,797.12	1,641.36	2.48	2.31	7.14%	-
(b) Debt-equity ratio	$\frac{\text{Total Term Liabilities}}{\text{Total Net Worth}}$	1,541.61	2,248.17	1,699.99	2,193.58	0.69	0.77	-11.52%	-
(c) Debt service coverage ratio	$\frac{\text{Interest on Long Term Borrowing} + \text{Current Maturities of Long Term Borrowings}}{\text{EBITDA}}$	229.57	157.60	326.54	211.74	1.46	1.54	-5.54%	-
(d) Return on equity ratio	$\frac{\text{PAT} * 100}{\text{Average Shareholder's Equity}}$	54.60	2,220.87	121.14	2,133.01	2.46%	5.68%	-56.71%	Return on equity decreased due to significant decrease in PAT.
(e) Inventory turnover ratio	$\frac{\text{Net Sales}}{\text{Average Inventory}}$	3,275.10	1,830.43	3,650.35	1,904.87	1.79	1.92	-6.63%	-
(f) Trade receivables turnover ratio	$\frac{\text{Adjusted Sales}}{\text{Average Debtors}}$	3,468.24	1,498.96	3,824.94	1,486.08	2.31	2.57	-10.10%	-
(g) Trade payables turnover ratio	$\frac{\text{Adjusted Purchases}}{\text{Average Creditors}}$	1,796.04	293.78	1,932.17	387.54	6.11	4.99	22.62%	-
(h) Net capital turnover ratio	$\frac{\text{Net Sales}}{\text{Working Capital}}$	3,275.10	2,188.98	3,650.35	2,155.76	1.50	1.69	-11.64%	-
(i) Net profit ratio	$\frac{\text{Net Profit} * 100}{\text{Net Sales}}$	54.60	3,275.10	121.14	3,650.35	1.67%	3.32%	-49.77%	Net profit decreased due to decrease in revenue.
(j) Return on capital employed	$\frac{\text{EBITDA} * 100}{\text{Capital Employed}}$	229.57	2,248.17	326.54	2,193.58	10.21%	14.89%	-31.40%	Due to decrease in revenue and profit, EBITDA decreased.
(k) Return on investment	$\frac{\text{Return on Investment}}{\text{Average Investment}}$	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	-

**NOTE NO.25****Registration of Charges or Satisfaction with Registrar of Companies.**

All the charges are duly registered with Registrar of Companies and are also Satisfied, but following are the charges which are registered but not Satisfied yet :-

Charge ID	Date of Creation	Charge Holder Name	Amount (in lacs)
100076441	1/16/2017	HDFC BANK LIMITED	1,675.74
100272304	5/20/2019	TOYOTA FINANCIAL SERVICES LIMITED	25.00

NOTE NO.26**OTHER STATUTORY INFORMATION**

- a) The Company has not undertaken any transaction which is not recorded in the books of accounts that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).
- b) The Company has not been declared a 'Willful Defaulter' by any bank or financial institution (as defined under the Companies Act, 2013) or consortium thereof, in accordance with the guidelines on wilful defaulters issued by the Reserve Bank of India.
- c) The Company does not have any Benami property and no proceedings have been initiated or pending against the Company for holding any Benami property, under the Benami Transactions (Prohibitions) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and the rules made thereunder.
- d) The company has not traded or invested in virtual currency or crypto currency during the current and previous financial year.

Significant Accounting Policies

1

As Per Our Report of Even Date attached.

For and on Behalf of the
Board of Directors of Jet Knitweaves Ltd.

For Rajiv Mehrotra & Associates
Firm Reg.No.002253C
Chartered Accountants

(PARTNER)
Fahed Rashid
M.No.451027

Balram Kumar Narula
(Chairman)
(DIN: 00274566)

Rakesh Kumar Narula
(Whole Time Director)
(DIN:00274483)

Ankur Narula
(Chief Fin. Officer)

Vinny Saxena
(Company Secretary)
M.No.A70940

Kanpur, 29th of May, 2024
UDIN: 24451027BKEMBC7103

NOTES FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**Note no. 1 : Significant Accounting Policies****(A) (i) Basis of Accounting:**

The Financial Statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, in Accordance with generally accepted accounting principles including the Accounting Standards notified under the Sec.133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules 2014.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis.



The financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR) and all values are rounded to nearest lakhs ( 00,000), except where otherwise indicated.

The financial statements are approved for issue by the Company’s Board of Directors on May 29, 2024.

(ii) Consistency:

Accounting Policies not specifically referred to otherwise are consistent and are in consonance with generally accepted accounting principles.

(iii) Current v. Non-Current classification:

The Company presents assets and liabilities in the balance sheet based on current/non- current classification.

(a) An asset is treated as current when it is:

- Expected to be realized or intended to be sold or consumed in normal operating cycle,
- Held primarily for purpose of trading, or
- Expected to be realized within twelve months after the reporting period.

All other assets are classified as non-current.

(b) A liability is current when:

- It is expected to be settled in normal operating cycle,
- It is held primarily for purpose of trading,
- It is due to be settled within twelve months after the reporting period, or
- There is no unconditional right to defer the settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting period.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

(iv) Use of Estimates, Assumptions and Judgments: The preparation of financial statements requires the management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent liabilities on the date of the financial statements and the results of operations during the year. Differences between actual results and estimates are recognized in the year in which the results are known or materialize. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis.

(B) Inventories: Inventories consist of raw materials, packing materials, work-in-progress and finished goods. Inventories are valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost is determined on First-In-First-Out basis.



(i) Cost of raw materials and packing materials includes cost of purchase and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

(ii) Valuation of Closing Stock of Finished Goods & Work-in-progress:

The inventory at the year-end is valued at Cost or Net Realizable Value whichever is lower.

Cost of work-in-progress and finished goods include direct materials, labour and proportion of manufacturing overheads based on the normal operating capacity, wherever applicable.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated cost of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The inventories have been physically taken by the management periodically during the year.

(C) Cash Flow:

Cash Flow Statement has been prepared on the basis of ‘Indirect Method’ as prescribed under AS-3.

(D) Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Commitments:

(i) Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

The company has provided for a Provision for doubtful debt of Rs.20,35,512.

(ii) The expenses relating to a provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss net of reimbursements, if any.

(iii) If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are to be discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is proposed to be used, the increase in provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

(iv) Contingent liabilities are possible obligations whose existence will only be confirmed by future events not wholly within the control of the Company, or present obligations where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

(v) Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the financial statements but are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of economic resources is considered remote.

(vi) The company has the following disputed liabilities/demand raised by statutory authorities as on 31/03/2024.

<u>Liability/Dispute</u>	<u>Amount</u>	<u>Period to which it relates</u>
Income Tax Department	1,00,617.38	Prior Years
Income Tax Department	1,09,111.18	2023-24
Income Tax Department	870.84	2021-22



(v) A petition U/s 241, 242 and 244 of the Companies Act 2013 has been filed before the National Company Law Tribunal. Allahabad Bench on 26.07.2022 by a speculative shareholder not connected with the management of the Company against the Company. The Company does not expect any adverse impact on this development on its financial position as on 31.03.2024.

(E) Prior Period Items:

An expense relating to prior period has been charged to current year profit and loss statement and a separate disclosure for the same has been made.

(F) Revenue Recognition:

Sales are recognized at the time when the risks and rewards as regards those good are transferred to the buyer, and include Excise duty, Education cess duty, Secondary higher education cess, Sales Tax and Goods & Service tax, wherever applicable.

(G) Property, Plant & Equipment AS – 10:

- i. Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.
- ii. The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into its present location and condition, necessary for it to get ready for its intended use.
- iii. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company.
- iv. Spare parts, which meet the definition of Property, plant and equipment, are capitalized as Property, plant and equipment. In other cases, the spare parts are inventorised on procurement and charged to Statement of Profit and Loss at the time of consumption.
- v. The residual values, useful lives and methods of depreciation of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate. The useful lives for various categories of property, plant and equipment are as given below:

S.N.	Description	Useful Life as per Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013	Useful life
1.	Leasehold Improvements	30 years	30 years
2.	Plant and Machinery other than continuous process plant not covered under specific	15 years	15 years
3.	Furniture and fittings	10 years	10 years
4.	Office equipment	05 years	05 years
5.	Vehicles- Four wheelers	08 years	15 years
6.	Vehicles- Two wheelers	10 years	10 years
7.	Computers and peripherals	Servers- 06 years Others-03 years	5 years



- vi. Depreciation on property, plant and equipment is provided on pro-rata basis on straight line method using the useful lives of the assets estimated by the company and in the manner prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act 2013.
- vii. **Capital Work in Progress:**
As on the balance sheet date, the company has incurred a capital work in progress amounting to Rs 25,40,000 for a property that is not currently registered in the name of the company. The company has entered into a lease agreement for the said property, which is yet to be registered.
According to the terms of the lease agreement, the company will be liable to pay rent once the property is ready for use.

(H) Foreign currency transaction during the current year:

The company has exported goods to I.KAPETANIOS A.E.B.E. amounting to Rs 61,83,361 for which the payment have been received in dollars.

(I) Employee Benefit Expenses:**Short term employee benefits**

All employee benefits payable/available within twelve months of rendering the services are classified as short-term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages and bonus, etc., are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which the employee renders the related service.

Provident fund

Eligible employees receive benefits from a provident fund, which is a defined contribution plan. Both the employees and the Company make monthly contributions to the provident fund plan equal to a specified percentage of the covered employees' salary. The Company contributes a part of the contributions to the Government administered Provident/Pension Fund. The Company has no obligation, other than the contribution payable to the provident fund. The Company recognizes contribution payable through the provident fund scheme as and expense, when an employee renders related services.

Other long term employee benefits

The company does not have any structured Employee's Gratuity Fund Scheme. However the company provides for its gratuity liability as a defined benefit plan. The liabilities with respect to Gratuity Plan are determined on the basis of calculation specified under Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The company has taken a actuary valuation report in this respect. Details of the same are as follows:

Amounts in Balance Sheet at Period-End	31-03-23	31-03-24
Defined Benefit Obligation	20,62,825	19,89,784
Fair value of Plan Assets	-	
Funded Status - (Surplus)/Deficit	20,62,825	19,89,784
Past Service Cost not yet Recognised	-	



Unrecognised Asset due to Limit in Para 58(B)	-	
(Asset)/Liability Recognised in the Balance Sheet	20,62,825	19,89,784

Amounts Recognised in Statement of Profit & Loss at Period-End	31-03-22 to 31-03-23	31-03-23 To 31-03-24
Service Cost	1,39,313	1,28,852
Interest Cost	1,36,487	1,33,784
Expected Return on Plan Assets	-	-
Past Service Cost	-	-
Net Actuarial Losses/(Gains) Recognised during the period	(2,12,430)	(3,35,677)
(Gain)/Loss due to Settlements/Curtailments/Terminations/Divestitures	-	-
Unrecognised Asset due to Limit in Para 58(B)	-	-
Total Expense/(Income) included in "Employee Benefit Expense"	63,370	(73,041)
Current / Non-Current Bifurcation	31-03-23	31-03-24
Current Benefit Obligation	5,99,213	6,55,842
Non- Current Benefit Obligation	14,63,612	13,33,942
(Asset)/Liability Recognised in the Balance Sheet	20,62,825	19,89,784

(J) Borrowing Cost:

The company has not incurred any borrowing cost, in terms of AS-16 for the purpose of acquiring land, construction of building or acquiring other Fixed Assets for the pre installation period.

(K) Segment Reporting:

The Company's main business is manufacturing of apparels. There is no separate segment within Company as defined by 'AS – 17 Segment Reporting' issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

(L) Related Party Disclosures:**(a) Key Management Personnel**

Anil Kumar Narula, Ankur Narula, Balram Kumar Narula, Rakesh Kumar Narula

(b) Enterprises over which Directors and their relatives are able to exercise Significant influence:

Anil Kumar Narula HUF, Ankur Kumar Narula HUF, Balram Narula HUF, Bhushan Narula HUF, Gaurav Narula HUF, Rakesh Kumar Narula HUF, Rohit Narula HUF, Satish Narula HUF, Frontline Exports Pvt. Ltd., Jet Knit Indclus Pvt. Ltd., Venus Knitwears Co. Pvt. Ltd.

**(c) Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel:**

Gaurav Narula (V.T. Trading Corporation), Jyoti Narula, Kanchan Narula, Madhu Sabbharwal, Meena Narula, Namrata Narula, Prashant Narula, Radhika Narula, Rohit Narula, Ruchi Narula, Sandhya Narula, Shashi Sabbharwal (SMS Traders), Saurabh Narula, Usha Narula, Vaibhav Narula, Harsh Vardhan Narula, Richa Narula.

(Amount in ₹)

Particulars	Key Management Personnel		Relatives of Key Managerial Personnel		Enterprises over which Directors & their Relatives are able to exercise significant influence	
	CY	PY	CY	PY	CY	PY
Rent	16,83,375	13,02,000	8,74,125	10,98,000	-	-
Remuneration	34,20,000	34,20,000	29,40,000	34,20,000	-	-
Interest	-	17,614	1,69,572	2,91,584	64,250	-
Commission	12,29,770	22,92,640	8,82,691	-	-	-
Sale	-	-	58,64,866	87,28,085	-	-
Purchase	-	-	5,57,675	5,72,515	-	-
Job Work Charges	-	-	-	-	-	57,74,680
Repayment of Loan Received	-	2,11,569	-	7,82,272	-	1,22,256
Reimbursement of expenses	-	2,27,200	-	-	4,200	21,100

(M) Earnings per Share:

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period. The weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period is adjusted for events such as bonus issue, bonus element in a rights issue, share split, and reverse share consolidation, without a corresponding change in resources, if any.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effect of all potentially dilutive equity shares, if any.

The company has not issued any potentially dilutive equity shares.

(N) Tax Expense:

Tax expense for the year comprises of current tax and deferred tax.



- a) **Current Tax:** Current income tax, assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be paid to or recovered from the taxation authorities in accordance with the Income Tax Act, 1961 and the Income Computation and Disclosure Standards (ICDS) enacted in India by using tax rates and the tax laws that are enacted at the reporting date.
- b) **Deferred Tax:** Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are recognized for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognized to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilized.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilized. Unrecognized deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognized to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

- (O) Several debit and credit balances are subject to confirmation by parties.
- (P) Previous Year's figures have been regrouped/rearranged wherever necessary to conform to the figures for the current year.

**Statement on Impact of Audit Qualifications**

Financial Year ended March 31, 2024

[Regulation 33 of the SEBI (LODR) (Amendment) Regulations, 2016]

I	Sl. No.	Particulars	Audited Figures (as reported before adjusting for qualifications) (Rs. In Lacs)	Adjusted Figures (audited figures after adjusting for qualifications) (Rs. In Lacs)
	1.	Turnover / Total income	3284.49	3284.49
	2.	Total Expenditure	3219.28	3219.28
	3.	Net Profit	65.21	65.21
	4.	Earnings Per Share	1.24	1.24
	5.	Total Assets	3920.86	3920.86
	6.	Total Liabilities	1672.68	1672.68
	7.	Net Worth	2248.17	2248.17
	8.	Any other financial item(s) (as felt appropriate by the management)	-	-

II	Audit Qualification (each audit qualification separately):
	a. Details of Audit Qualification: Please refer Audit Report-Basis for Disclaimer of Opinion
	b. Type of Audit Qualification: Disclaimer of Opinion
	c. Frequency of qualification: Fifth Time
	d. For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is quantified by the auditor, Management's Views: NA
	e. For Audit Qualification(s) where the impact is not quantified by the auditor:
	<p>(i) Management's estimation on the impact of audit qualification: Based on the Management analysis and assumptions, we believe that the Profit and Loss Account and Cash Flow Statement for the year ended March 31, 2024 and the Statement of Assets & Liabilities as at March 31, 2024 are materially correct and as per the management the trade receivables are considered good and are recoverable in nature. The company's trade receivables consist of outstanding balances from over 3000 parties, spread across various remote locations within the country and are generally low in value individually, since the supply chain of the company largely consists of small retailers having longer trade cycle. The Management is making full efforts to recover these trade receivables. Hence, management does not believe there is any material financial impact of the audit qualification.</p> <p>(ii) If management is unable to estimate the impact, reasons for the same: Not Applicable</p> <p>(iii) Auditors' Comments on (i) or (ii) above: As is stated in our report, the trade receivables are abnormally high; a significant part of the trade receivables has also remained overdue for more than three years. Further several trade receivables remained subject to confirmation by the respective parties upto the date of our report. However, as per the Management, the trade receivables which are good and recoverable and have been stated to be classified accordingly in the Financial Statements. In the absence of any conclusive evidence as regards the recoverability of these trade receivables and considering the materiality of the amount involved, we have issued a disclaimer of opinion.</p>

III	Signatories:
	<p>For Rajiv Mehrotra & Associates Chartered Accountants FRN : 002253C CA Fahed Rashid Partner M.No. 451027</p> <p>Date: May 29, 2024 Place: Kanpur</p>
	<p>Mr. Rakesh Kumar Narula (Wholetime Director)</p> <p>Mr. Ankur Narula (Chief Financial Officer)</p> <p>Mr. Ramesh Chandra (Chairman, Audit Committee)</p>



JET KNITWEARS LIMITED

Regd. Office: 119/410-B-1Darshan Purwa, Kanpur, U.P. 208012

CIN: L19101UP1996PLC019722

Website: www.jetlycot.com, E-mail: info@jetknit.com

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that the **28th Annual General Meeting** of the Members of the Company will be held on **Monday, September 30, 2024** at **04:00 PM** at Registered Office of the Company at **119/410 B-1, Darshan Purwa, Kanpur -208012** to transact the following business:

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

1. To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements for the financial year ended on March 31, 2024 together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon.
2. To appoint a director in place of Mr. Anil Kumar Narula (DIN: 00274462) who retires by rotation at this Annual General Meeting and being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment.

By the Order of the Board
For JET KNITWEARS LIMITED
Sd/-

(Vinny Saxena)
Company Secretary &
Compliance Officer

Date: 02.09.2024

Place: Kanpur

**NOTES FOR MEMBERS' ATTENTION:**

- 1. A MEMBER ENTITLED TO ATTEND AND VOTE AT THE 28th ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING ('AGM') OF THE COMPANY IS ENTITLED TO APPOINT A PROXY TO ATTEND AND VOTE ON A POLL INSTEAD OF HIMSELF OR HERSELF AND THE PROXY NEED NOT BE A MEMBER OF THE COMPANY. THE INSTRUMENT APPOINTING THE PROXY SHOULD, HOWEVER, BE DEPOSITED AT THE REGISTERED OFFICE OF THE COMPANY NOT LESS THAN FORTY EIGHT HOURS (48) BEFORE THE SCHEDULED TIME OF THE MEETING. PROXIES SUBMITTED ON BEHALF OF COMPANIES, SOCIETIES, ETC. MUST BE SUPPORTED BY APPROPRIATE RESOLUTION / AUTHORITY, AS APPLICABLE, ISSUED ON BEHALF OF THE NOMINATING ORGANIZATION.**

As per Section 105 of the Companies Act, 2013 and relevant rules made there under, a person can act as proxy on behalf of not more than fifty (50) members and holding in aggregate not more than ten percent (10%) of the total share capital of the company carrying voting rights. A proxy form is annexed herewith. During the period beginning 24 hours before the time fixed for the commencement of the meeting and ending with the conclusion of the meeting, a member would be entitled to inspect the proxies lodged at any time during the business hours of the Company, provided that not less than three days of notice in writing is given to the Company.

2. The relevant details as required under Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and the Secretarial Standard on General Meeting (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India (ICSI), in respect of the persons seeking re-appointment/appointment as a Director under Item No. 2 is mentioned under point number 20.
3. The Board of Directors has not recommended any final dividend for the Financial Year ended on March 31, 2024.
4. The Register of Members and Share Transfer books of the Company shall remain closed from September 24, 2024 to September 30, 2024 (both days inclusive).
5. Members may please note that no gifts, gift coupons, or cash in lieu of gifts will be distributed at meeting, in compliance with Section 118(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Secretarial Standards issued by Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
6. To prevent fraudulent transactions, members are advised to exercise due diligence and notify the Company or the RTA of any change in address or demise of any member as soon as possible. Members are also advised not to leave their demat account(s) dormant for long. Periodic statement of holdings should be obtained from the concerned Depository Participant and holdings should be verified from time to time. Members are requested to make all correspondence in connection with shares held by them by addressing letters directly to the Company or its RTA quoting their Folio number or their Client ID number with DPID number, as the case may be.
7. Members holding shares in dematerialized form are requested to intimate all changes pertaining to their bank details such as bank account number, name of the bank and branch details, MICR code and IFSC code, mandates, nominations, power of attorney, change of address, change of name, e-mail address, contact numbers, etc., to their Depository Participant (DP). Changes intimated to the DP will then be automatically reflected in the Company's records which will help the Company and the Company's Registrar and Transfer Agent, Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd. to provide efficient and better



services. Members holding shares in physical form are requested to intimate such changes to Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd.

8. Non-resident Indian Members are requested to inform Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, immediately of:
 - i. the change in the residential status on return to India for permanent Settlement.
 - ii. the particulars of their Bank Account maintained in India with complete name, branch, account type, account number and address of the Bank with Pin Code number, if not furnished earlier.
9. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (“SEBI”) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) by every participant in securities market. Members holding Shares in electronic form are, therefore requested to submit the PAN to their Depository Participants with whom they are maintaining their Demat Accounts. Members holding shares in physical form shall submit their PAN details to the Company at its Registered Office or to the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (Bigshare Services Pvt. Ltd.).
10. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (‘SEBI’) has mandated the transfer of securities to be carried out only in dematerialised form (except in case of transmission or transposition of securities) effective from 1st April, 2019. Accordingly, requests for physical transfer of securities of listed entities shall not be processed from 1st April, 2019 onwards. In view of such amendment and in order to eliminate the risks associated with physical holding of shares, Members who are holding shares in physical form are hereby requested to dematerialise their holdings. For any help, the Shareholders may contact to the Registrar & Transfer Agent at email id investor@bigshareonline.com and to Company Secretary at email id compliance@jetknit.com or info@jetknit.com
11. Members/Proxies are requested to deposit the Attendance Slip duly filled in and signed for attending the Meeting. Corporate members intending to send their authorized representatives to attend the Meeting are requested to send to the Company, a certified copy of the Board Resolution, Power of Attorney or such other valid authorizations, authorizing them to attend and vote on their behalf at the Meeting. Members who hold shares in dematerialized form are requested to bring their DP ID and client ID No(s) for easier identification of attendance at the Meeting. Members are requested to affix their signatures at the space provided on the attendance slip annexed to the proxy form and hand over the slip at the entrance of the meeting hall.
12. In case of joint holders attending the Meeting, the member whose name appears as the first holder in the order of names as per the Register of Members will be entitled to vote.
13. SEBI & Ministry of Corporate Affairs is promoting electronic communication as a contribution to greener environment. Accordingly, as a part of green initiative and referring to MCA General Circular No. 20/2020 dated 5th May, 2020 read with General Circular No. 02/2022 dated 05.05.2022 and SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD2/CIR/P/2022/62 dated May 13, 2022 soft copy of the Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2023-24 is being sent by electronic mode to those Members whose e-mail addresses are registered with the Company / Depositories. Members may note that this Notice and the Annual Report 2023-24 will also be available on the Company’s website www.jetlycot.com and on the website of the Stock Exchange i.e. NSE Limited at www.nseindia.com.
14. All relevant documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and the Explanatory Statement shall be open for inspection by the Members at the Registered Office of the Company during normal business hours on all working days, up to and including the date of the Meeting. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Register of Contracts or Arrangements in which the Directors are interested maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 will be available for inspection by the Members at the Annual General Meeting.



15. The businesses set out in the Notice will be transacted through electronic voting system and the Company is also providing facility to vote through ballot paper at the venue of AGM. Instructions and other information relating to e-voting are given in this Notice under Note No. 19.
16. Members desirous of obtaining any information on Annual Financial Statements of the Company at the Meeting are requested to write to the Company at least 7 (seven) days before the date of the Meeting, so that the information required may be made available at the Meeting.
17. Members who have not registered their e-mail addresses so far, are requested to register their e-mail address for receiving all communication including Annual Report, Notices, Circulars etc. from the Company electronically. Manner of registering / updating email addresses is as under:
- i) Members holding shares in physical mode, who have not registered / updated their email addresses with the Company, are requested to inform the Company with details of folio number and attaching a self-attested copy of PAN card at info@jetknit.com or compliance@jetknit.com or to the RTA Big Share Services Private Limited at mukesh@bigshareonline.com.
- ii) Members holding shares in dematerialized mode, who have not registered / updated their email addresses with their Depository Participants are requested to register their email addresses with the Depository Participants with whom they maintain their demat accounts.
18. A route map showing direction to reach the venue of the 28th Annual General Meeting is given at the end of this notice as per the requirement of Secretarial Standards -2 on General Meeting.

19. Instructions and other information relating to remote e-voting are as under:

- a) Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 as amended and Regulation 44 of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015; the Company is pleased to provide to its members remote e-voting facility to exercise their right to vote on resolutions set forth in this Notice convening the 28th Annual General Meeting to be held on Monday, September 30, 2024 at 04:00 PM at Registered Office of the Company at 119/410 B-1, Darshan Purwa, Kanpur **through physical mode**. The members may cast their votes using an electronic voting system from a place other than the venue of the meeting (‘remote e-voting’).
- b) The Company has engaged the services of National Securities Depository Limited (“NSDL”) as the Agency to provide e-voting facility.
- c) E-voting facility will be available during the following voting period:

Commencement of E-Voting	End of E-Voting
From 09:00 AM (IST) on Friday, September 27, 2024	Upto 5:00 PM (IST) on Sunday, September 29, 2024

- d) During this period, members of the Company holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the *cut-off date i.e. September 23, 2024* may cast their vote by remote e-voting. The remote e-voting module shall be disabled by NSDL for voting thereafter. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by the Member, the Member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently. Further, the Members who have casted their vote electronically shall not vote by way of poll, if held at the Meeting. However, the members who have already casted their votes through remote e-voting will remain eligible to attend the meeting.



- e) The Members of the Company holding shares on the “cut-off date” of *September 23, 2024* only shall be entitled to avail the facility of remote e-voting. Cut-off date means the date on which the right of voting of the members shall be reckoned and a person who is not a member as on the cut-off date should treat this notice for information purposes only.
- f) Any person, who become a member of the Company after dispatch of the Notice of the meeting and holding shares as on the cut-off date i.e. *September 23, 2024* may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or RTA.
- g) The process and manner for remote e-voting are as under:

How do I vote electronically using NSDL e-Voting system?

The way to vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system consists of “Two Steps” which are mentioned below:

Step 1: Access to NSDL e-Voting system





A) Login method for e-Voting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Login method for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Existing IDeAS user can visit the e-Services website of NSDL Viz. https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. On the e-Services home page click on the “Beneficial Owner” icon under “Login” which is available under ‘IDeAS’ section , this will prompt you to enter your existing User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services under Value added services. Click on “Access to e-Voting” under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be re-directed to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period If you are not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select “Register Online for IDeAS Portal” or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp 2. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder/Member’



	<p>section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider i.e. NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.</p> <p>3. Shareholders/Members can also download NSDL Mobile App “NSDL Speede” facility by scanning the QR code mentioned below for seamless voting experience.</p> <p>NSDL Mobile App is available on</p> <p> App Store  Google Play</p> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around;">   </div>
<p>Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL</p>	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login Easi /Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon & New System Myeasi Tab and then user your existing my easi username & password. 2. After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers’ website directly. 3. If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & New System Myeasi Tab and then click on registration option. 4. Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to



	directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their depository participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. Once login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on options available against company name or e-Voting service provider-NSDL and you will be redirected to e-Voting website of NSDL for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. NSDL and CDSL.

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at 022 - 4886 7000
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at 1800-21-09911

B) Login Method for e-Voting for shareholders other than Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode and shareholders holding securities in physical mode.

How to Log-in to NSDL e-Voting website?

1. Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: <https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/> either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile.
2. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon “Login” which is available under ‘Shareholder/Member’ section.
3. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID, your Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen.
Alternatively, if you are registered for NSDL eservices i.e. IDEAS, you can log-in at <https://eservices.nsdl.com/> with your existing IDEAS login. Once you log-in to NSDL eservices after using your log-in credentials, click on e-Voting and you can proceed to Step 2 i.e. Cast your vote electronically.
4. Your User ID details are given below :

Manner of holding shares i.e. Demat (NSDL or CDSL) or Physical	Your User ID is:
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<p>a) For Members who hold shares in demat account with NSDL.</p>	<p>8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digit Client ID</p> <p>For example if your DP ID is IN300*** and Client ID is 12***** then your user ID is IN300***12*****.</p>
<p>b) For Members who hold shares in demat account with CDSL.</p>	<p>16 Digit Beneficiary ID</p> <p>For example if your Beneficiary ID is 12***** then your user ID is 12*****</p>
<p>c) For Members holding shares in Physical Form.</p>	<p>EVEN Number followed by Folio Number registered with the company</p> <p>For example if folio number is 001*** and EVEN is 101456 then user ID is 101456001***</p>

5. Password details for shareholders other than Individual shareholders are given below:

- a) If you are already registered for e-Voting, then you can use your existing password to login and cast your vote.
- b) If you are using NSDL e-Voting system for the first time, you will need to retrieve the ‘initial password’ which was communicated to you. Once you retrieve your ‘initial password’, you need to enter the ‘initial password’ and the system will force you to change your password.
- c) How to retrieve your ‘initial password’?
 - (i) If your email ID is registered in your demat account or with the company, your ‘initial password’ is communicated to you on your email ID. Trace the email sent to you from NSDL from your mailbox. Open the email and open the attachment i.e. a .pdf file. Open the .pdf file. The password to open the .pdf file is your 8 digit client ID for NSDL account, last 8 digits of client ID for CDSL account or folio number for shares held in physical form. The .pdf file contains your ‘User ID’ and your ‘initial password’.
 - (ii) If your email ID is not registered, please follow steps mentioned below in **process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered.**

6. If you are unable to retrieve or have not received the “Initial password” or have forgotten your password:

- a) Click on “[Forgot User Details/Password?](#)”(If you are holding shares in your demat account with NSDL or CDSL) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- b) [Physical User Reset Password?](#)” (If you are holding shares in physical mode) option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com.
- c) If you are still unable to get the password by aforesaid two options, you can send a request at evoting@nsdl.com mentioning your demat account number/folio number, your PAN, your name and your registered address etc.
- d) Members can also use the OTP (One Time Password) based login for casting the votes on the e-Voting system of NSDL.



7. After entering your password, tick on Agree to “Terms and Conditions” by selecting on the check box.
8. Now, you will have to click on “Login” button.
9. After you click on the “Login” button, Home page of e-Voting will open.

Step 2: Cast your vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system.

How to cast your vote electronically on NSDL e-Voting system?

1. After successful login at Step 1, you will be able to see all the companies “EVEN” in which you are holding shares and whose voting cycle in active status.
2. Select “EVEN” of company for which you wish to cast your vote during the remote e-Voting period.
3. Now you are ready for e-Voting as the Voting page opens.
4. Cast your vote by selecting appropriate options i.e. assent or dissent, verify/modify the number of shares for which you wish to cast your vote and click on “Submit” and also “Confirm” when prompted.
5. Upon confirmation, the message “Vote cast successfully” will be displayed.
6. You can also take the printout of the votes cast by you by clicking on the print option on the confirmation page.
7. Once you confirm your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.

General Guidelines for shareholders

1. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) are required to send scanned copy (PDF/JPG Format) of the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory(ies) who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer by e-mail to csgopesh@gmail.com with a copy marked to evoting@nsdl.co.in. Institutional shareholders (i.e. other than individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) can also upload their Board Resolution / Power of Attorney / Authority Letter etc. by clicking on "Upload Board Resolution / Authority Letter" displayed under "e-Voting" tab in their login.
2. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential. Login to the e-voting website will be disabled upon five unsuccessful attempts to key in the correct password. In such an event, you will need to go through the “Forgot User Details/Password?” or “Physical User Reset Password?” option available on www.evoting.nsdl.com to reset the password.
3. In case of any queries, you may refer the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) for Shareholders and e-voting user manual for Shareholders available at the download section of www.evoting.nsdl.com or call on toll free no.: 022 - 4886 7000 or send a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in

Process for those shareholders whose email ids are not registered with the depositories for procuring user id and password and registration of e mail ids for e-voting for the resolutions set out in this notice:

1. In case shares are held in physical mode please provide Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to compliance@jetknit.com.
2. In case shares are held in demat mode, please provide DPID-CLID (16 digit DPID + CLID or 16 digit beneficiary ID), Name, client master or copy of Consolidated Account Statement, PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) to compliance@jetknit.com. If you are an Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode,



you are requested to refer to the login method explained at step 1 (A) i.e. Login method for e-Voting for Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode.

3. Alternatively shareholder/members may send a request to evoting@nsdl.co.in for procuring user id and password for e-voting by providing above mentioned documents.
 4. In terms of SEBI circular dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are required to update their mobile number and email ID correctly in their demat account in order to access e-Voting facility.
- h) Once the vote on a resolution is cast by a Member, the Member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently. Further, the Members who have cast their vote by remote e-voting may also attend the meeting but shall not be entitled to cast their vote again.
 - i) The Board of Directors has appointed Mr. Gopesh Sahu, Practicing Company Secretary, (Membership No. FCS 7100), as Scrutinizer to scrutinize the E-Voting process in a fair and transparent manner.
 - j) The voting rights of members shall be in proportion to their shares in the paid up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date i.e. **September 23, 2024.**
 - k) The Results on resolutions shall be declared not later than 48 hours from the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting of the Company and the resolutions will be deemed to be passed on the Annual General Meeting date subject to receipt of the requisite number of votes in favour of the Resolutions.
 - l) The Results declared along with the Scrutinizer's Report(s) will be available on the Company's website i.e. www.jetlycot.com and on the website of NSDL <https://evoting.nsdl.com>. The results shall simultaneously be communicated to the Stock Exchange, where the share of the company is listed.

20. The details required to be given in pursuance of Regulation 36 (3) of the SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2) of ICSI regarding Directors seeking appointment/re-appointment:

Name of the Director and DIN	Mr. Anil Kumar Narula (00274462)
Designation	Promoter and Whole Time Director
Date of Birth & Age	30/03/1956, 68 years
Qualification	Post - Graduate in Commerce
Date of Original Appointment	April 02, 1996
No. of Board Meetings attended during the Year	7 out of 7
Experience and Expertise	He is a businessman having rich experience of more than 40 years in the marketing and manufacturing of Hosiery Undergarments. He is managing Tirupur Manufacturing Unit of the Company. He is the Member of South India Hosiery Manufacturers Association. He serves his social responsibilities by being an active member of UNICEF (A Body for Child Welfare) and Tirupura Seva Samiti (An Association



	doing Welfare Work for Poor People).		
Relationship between Directors, Manager and other Key Managerial Personnel	Mr. Anil Kumar Narula is the real brother of Mr. Balram Kumar Narula (Chairman) and Mr. Rakesh Kumar Narula (Whole Time Director) and uncle of Mr. Ankur Narula (Chief Financial Officer)		
Directorship in other Companies	Front Line Exports Private Limited		
No. of Equity Shares held in the company	445025 (Jet Knitwears Limited)		
Terms and conditions of re-appointment & Remuneration sought for	Same as existing terms and conditions		
Details of remuneration last drawn (2023-24)	9,00,000/- p.a.		
Chairmanship/Membership of Committees in the Board of other Companies	Name of the Company	Name of the Committee	Chairman/Member
	NIL	NIL	NIL

**By the Order of the Board
For JET KNITWEARS LIMITED**

Sd/-

(Vinny Saxena)

**Company Secretary &
Compliance Officer**

Date: 02.09.2024

Place: Kanpur



JET KNITWEARS LIMITED

Regd. Office: 119/410-B-1 Darshan Purwa Kanpur UP 208012
CIN: L19101UP1996PLC019722, Contact No: 0512-2217553, 2296128

Website: www.jetlycot.com E-mail: info@jetknit.com

28th Annual General Meeting ATTENDANCE SLIP

Master Folio:		DP ID**:	
No. of Shares:		Client ID**:	

I hereby record my presence at the 28th Annual General Meeting of the Company at **Registered Office of the Company at 119/410, B-1, Darshan Purwa, Kanpur-208012.**

I am a shareholder of the Company*

I am a Proxy/Authorised Representative of the shareholders(s)*

Name of Shareholder/Proxy:.....



Signature of Shareholder/Proxy:

* Please strike off any one which is not applicable.

** Applicable for shareholders holding shares in electronic form.

Note: 1) Shareholder/Proxy wishing to attend the meeting must bring the Attendance Slip at the meeting and hand over the same at the entrance, duly signed.

2) No gifts would be given to Shareholders for attending the AGM, as per SEBI instructions.



JET KNITWEARS LIMITED

Regd. Office: 119/410-B-1 Darshan Purwa Kanpur UP 208012
 CIN: L19101UP1996PLC019722, Contact No: 0512-2217553, 2296128
 Website: www.jetlycot.com E-mail: info@jetknit.com

28th Annual General Meeting

PROXY FORM

Form MGT-11

[Pursuant to section 105(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 and rule 19(3) of the Companies
 (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I/We.....
of.....
in the district ofbeing a member /
 members of **JET KNITWEARS LIMITED** hereby appoint
of.....
or failing him/her
as my/our proxy to attend and vote for me/us and on
 my/our behalf at the 28th Annual General Meeting to be held on Monday, September 30, 2024 at 04:00 PM
 at Registered office of the Company at 119/410 B-1, Darshan Purwa, Kanpur.

Master Folio:		DP ID**:	
No. of Shares:		Client ID**:	

Resolution No.	Resolutions	Optional*	
		For	Against
ORDINARY BUSINESS			
1	To receive, consider and adopt the audited financial statements for the financial year ended on March 31, 2024 together with the Reports of the Board of Directors and the Auditors thereon		
2	To appoint a director in place of Mr. Anil Kumar Narula (DIN: 00274462) who retires by rotation at this Annual General Meeting and being eligible, has offered himself for re-appointment.		

Signed this _____ day of _____ 2024

Signature of Shareholder _____

Signature of Proxy Holder(s) _____

Affix a ₹
1/-
Revenue
Stamp

**Applicable for shareholders holding shares in electronic form.



NOTES:



1. This form of proxy in order to be effective should be duly completed and deposited at the Registered Office of the Company not less than 48 hours before the commencement of the meeting.
2. A Proxy need not be a member of the Company.
3. A person can act as proxy on behalf of members not exceeding fifty and holding in the aggregate not more than 10% of the total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights. A member holding more than 10% of total share capital of the Company carrying voting rights may appoint a single person as proxy and such person shall not act as a proxy for any other person or shareholder.
4. This is only optional. Please put a 'X' in the appropriate column against the resolutions indicated in the Box. If you leave the 'For' or 'Against' column blank against any or all the resolutions, your Proxy will be entitled to vote in the manner as he / she thinks appropriate.
5. Appointing proxy does not prevent a member from attending in person if he so wishes.
6. In the case of joint holders, the signatures of any one holder will be sufficient, but names of all the joint holders should be stated.





 **LYCOT**
CLOTHING
PREMIUM DENIM

If undelivered, Please Return to:

Jet Knitwears Ltd.

Head Office : 119/410, B-1, Darshanpurwa, Kanpur (U.P) 208012 India
Tel. : +91 9621363636 & +91 6394751050