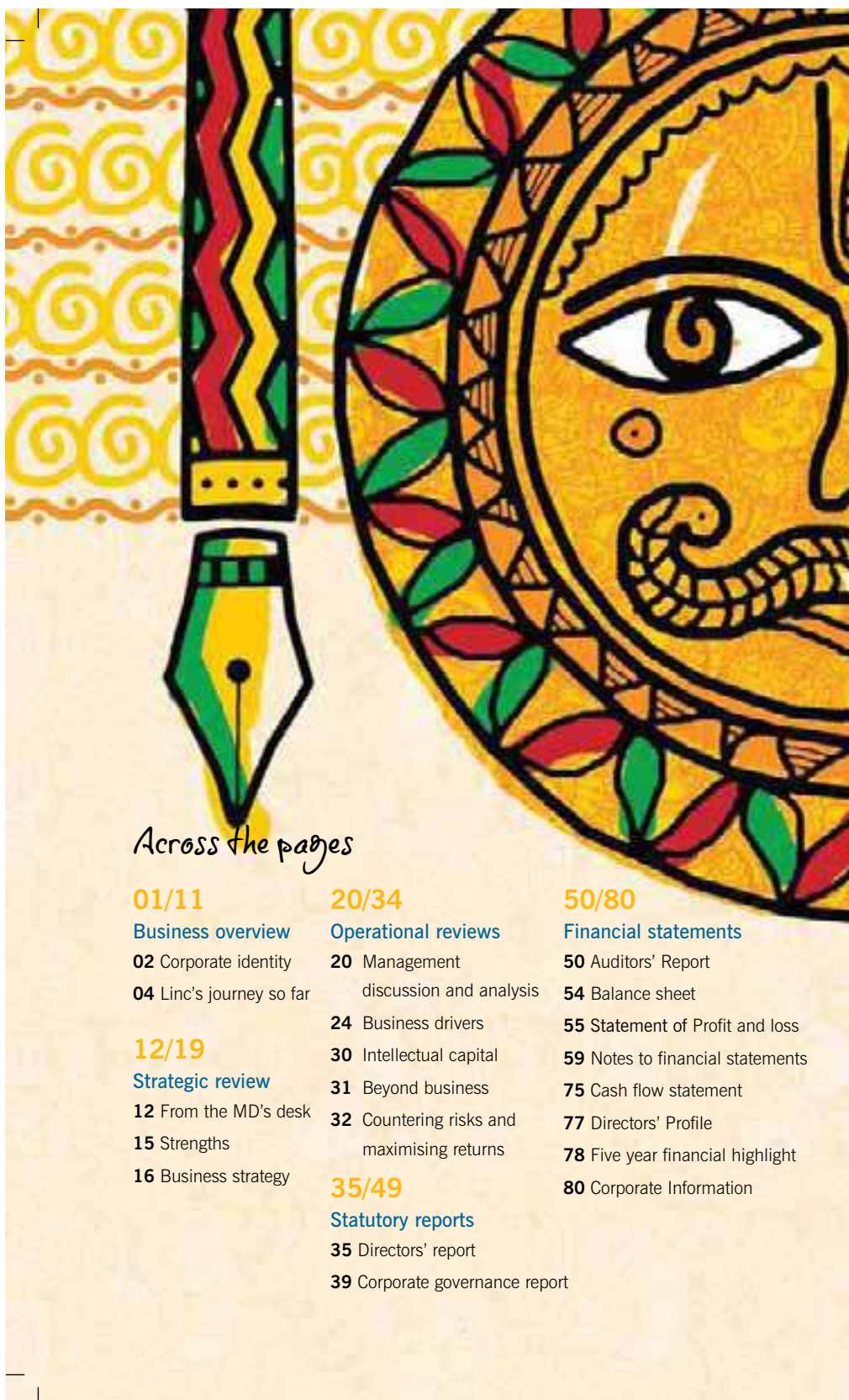


Linc Pen & Plastics Limited
Annual Report 2011-12





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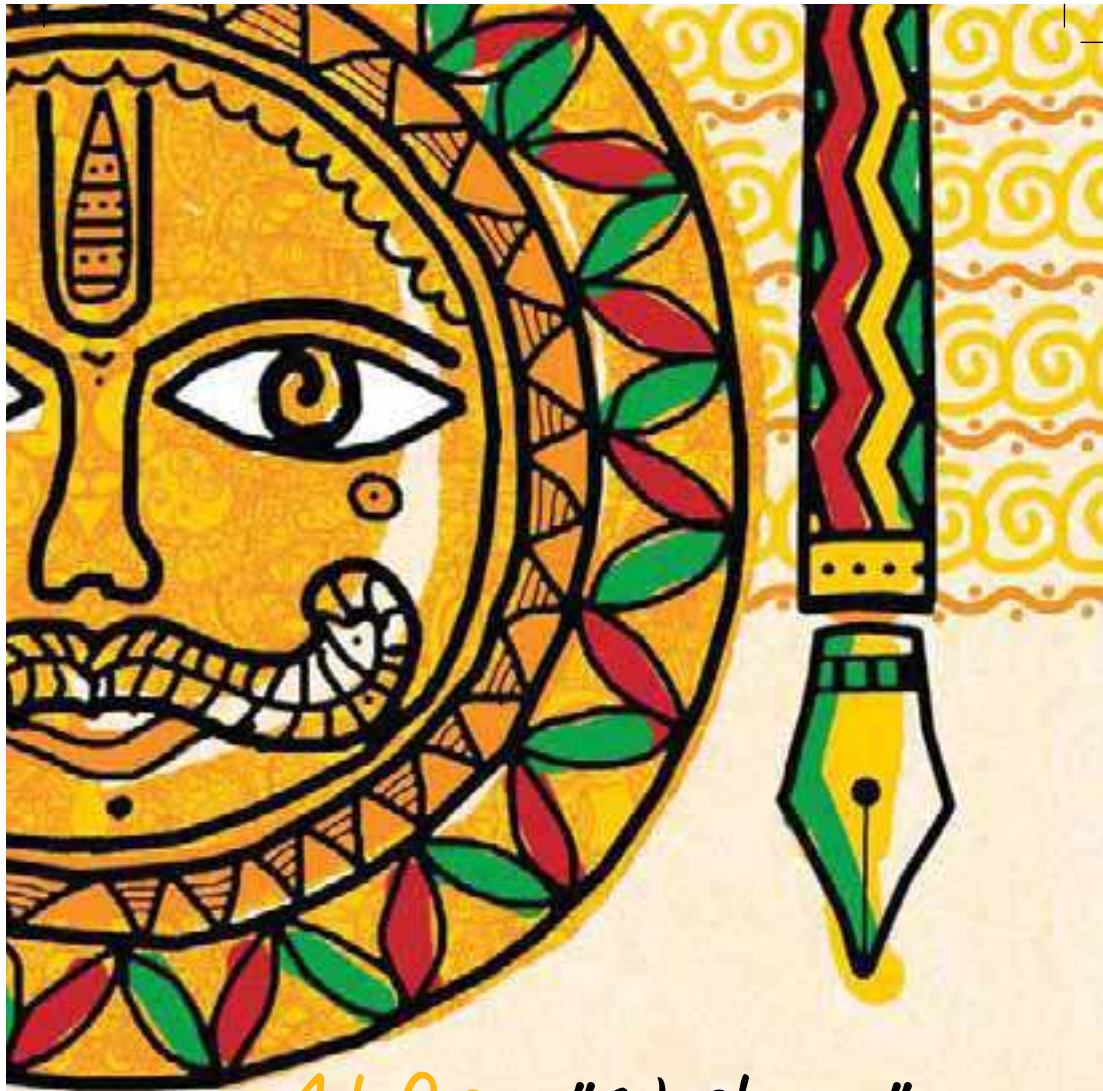
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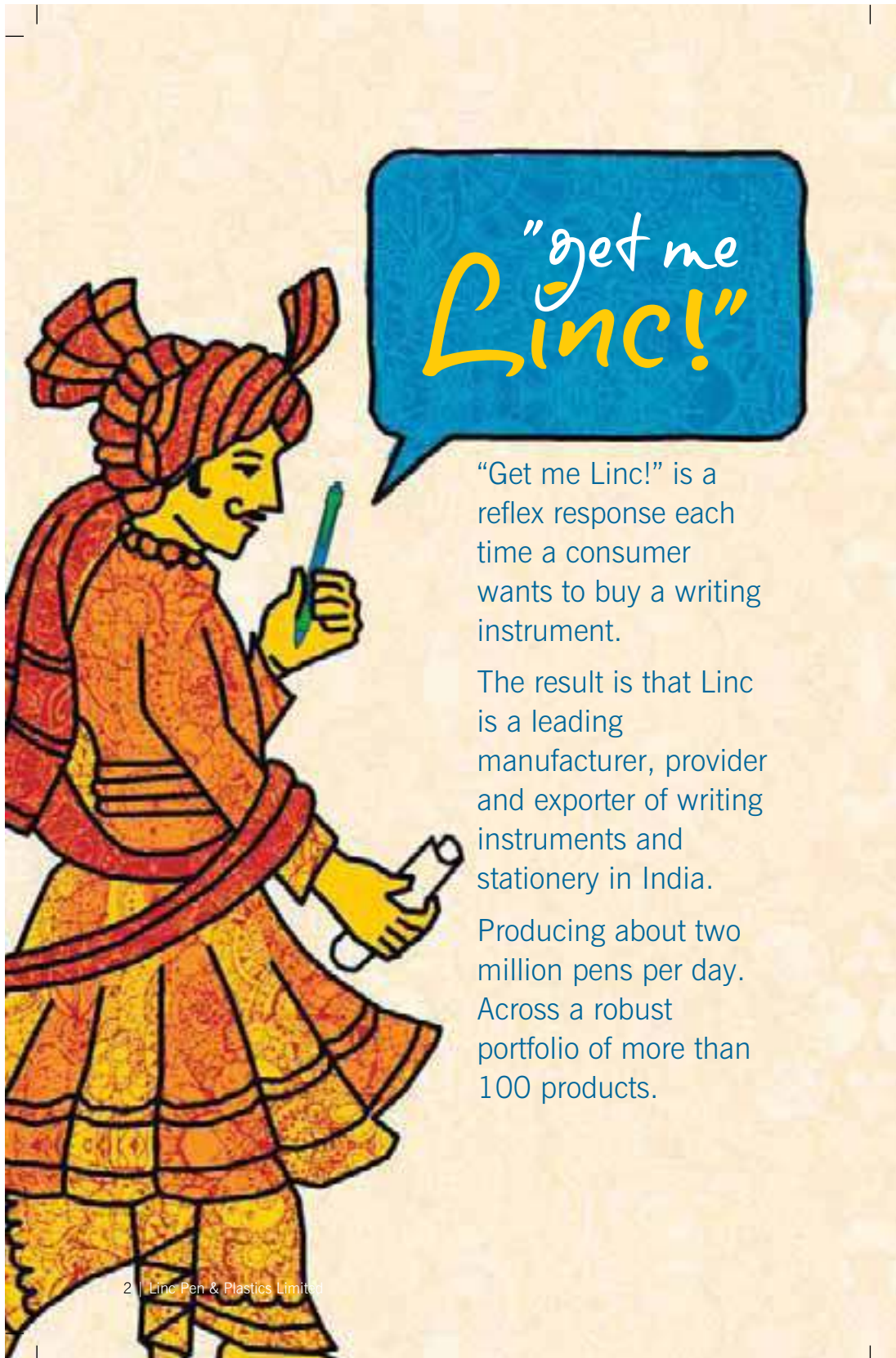
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At Linc, "Write on"
is a statement of
courage, character
and conviction in the
face of challenges.



"Get me
Linc!"

"Get me Linc!" is a reflex response each time a consumer wants to buy a writing instrument.

The result is that Linc is a leading manufacturer, provider and exporter of writing instruments and stationery in India.

Producing about two million pens per day. Across a robust portfolio of more than 100 products.

Vision

To establish Linc as a global brand, known for its values, assertiveness and the acumen to adapt to the ever-changing environment

Mission

To deliver innovative, user friendly and better-quality products at best value to the customers, keeping in mind the prosperity of the Company and its stakeholders.

Core values

- We recognise that we are in business primarily to satisfy our customers
- Our performance must ultimately reflect in the increased value of the holdings of our shareholders
- Linc treats its employees and stakeholders with utmost respect and dignity
- We observe and adhere to the highest standards of ethical corporate behaviour
- We will work as a team to continuously enhance stakeholder value and serve our customers

Lineage

Linc Pen and Plastics Limited was incorporated by Mr. S. M. Jalan in 1994, went public and was listed on the Bombay Stock Exchange in 1995. Over the years, the Company established itself as one of the top three players in the writing instrument industry in India with a market share of around 10%.

Presence

- Headquartered in Kolkata with six offices pan-India
- Listed on the Bombay and Calcutta stock exchanges
- Present in more than 40 countries including the Middle East, South East Asia, Africa, the UK and USA, among others

Product portfolio

Our Product basket comprises over 200 products (mass to premium) and stationery (erasers, sketch pens, geometry boxes, wooden and disposable pencils, and office stationery, among others)

Manufacturing facilities

The Company's manufacturing facilities are located at Falta SEZ and Serakole in West Bengal with a capacity to manufacture more than two million writing instruments per day. The Company's state-of-the-art technologies produce high quality writing instruments at affordable prices.

Accreditations

- Accredited with ISO 9001:2008 certification for its manufacturing facilities, ensuring superior product quality
- Entered into distribution partnerships to market writing instruments manufactured by Mitsubishi Pencil Company Ltd. (Japan) and C. Joseph Lamy (Germany)

Revenue break-up

Pens	Refills	Pencils	Others
73%	10%	5%	12%
₹ 198 crore	₹ 26 crore	₹ 14 crore	₹ 33 crore

Linc's journey so far...

< 2012

Entered into a capital alliance with Mitsubishi Pencil Company Ltd in which Mitsubishi picks up a 13.53% stake in the Company, which will strengthen the relationship between the two companies



1995

Listed on the stock exchanges as Linc Pen and Plastics Limited



2000

Launched gel pen Hi-School for ₹ 10 each when the prevailing price for gel pens was ₹ 15-20 each, thereby widening the market

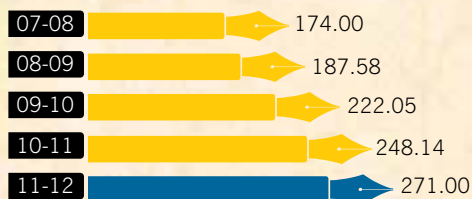
2002 >

Introduced 'Smart', an oil-based gel pen for ₹ 5

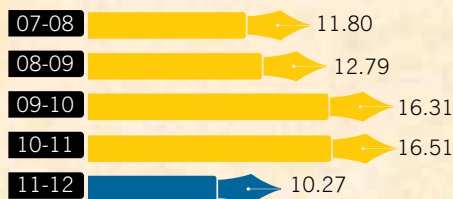
2003 >

Entered the global market through private label supplies to Wal-Mart, the retail giant of USA

How we performed over the years



Turnover (₹ cr)



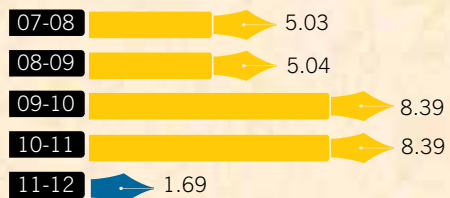
EBIDTA (₹ cr)

2011

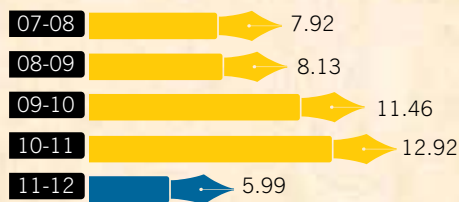
Enlisted Katrina Kaif as the brand ambassador to promote Uni-ball products in India

2010

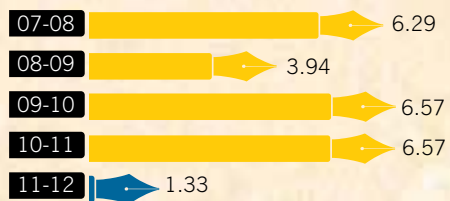
- Associated with two IPL teams, Rajasthan Royals and Kolkata Knight Riders, a first in India's writing instrument industry
- Associated with IIFA awards as the 'Literacy partner' held in Sri Lanka



Net profit (₹ cr)



Cash profit (₹ cr)



Earnings per share (EPS) (₹)

2009

Commenced production from the manufacturing unit at Falta SEZ

2008

Strengthened its brand by signing Bollywood superstar Shahrukh Khan to endorse its products

2004

Launched retail outlets -- 'Just Linc' and 'Office Linc'

2005

Received the ICICI Bank – CNBC TV18 Emerging India Award in the FMCG category



Linc is now a
young and exciting

Global brand...

AT LINC, WE DID NOT JUST STRENGTHEN OUR PRESENCE IN INDIA;
WE VENTURED TO EXPAND OUR REACH ACROSS INTERNATIONAL
GEOGRAPHIES WITH THE OBJECTIVE TO EMERGE AS A GLOBAL
WRITING INSTRUMENTS BRAND.

- We penetrated six new countries, enhancing our presence to over 40 countries

- We emerged as the largest selling brand in Myanmar, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka, Yemen, and among others

- We provided products to demanding top international retailers

- We enhanced the proportion of Linc brand exports to 93% of our international revenues in 2011-12, enhancing our brand's international visibility and acceptability

As a result, the Company's exports grew 22% from ₹ 55 crore in 2010-11 to ₹ 67 crores in 2011-12.



Linc is next door, round the corner and wherever

you want it

AT LINC, WE REINFORCED OUR ENTRENCHED DISTRIBUTION NETWORK WITH SUPERIOR PROMOTIONS AND BRAND RECALL, LEADING TO ENHANCED VISIBILITY.

- We created a formidable distribution network comprising seven branches, 47 exclusive channel partners, 2300 distributors and 279 sales representatives
- We strengthened our presence in western and southern India by adding over 150 distributors
- We widened our product offering for all sections of society – mass, semi-premium and premium segments, covering various price points
- We associated with Katrina Kaif to enhance the appeal and visibility of our Uni-ball brand
- We associated with four IPL teams – Kolkata Knight Riders, Deccan Chargers, Kings XI Punjab and Rajasthan Royals – to enhance our visibility

As a result, the average realisation per writing instrument improved from ₹ 3.29 in 2010-11 to ₹ 3.49 in 2011-12.





Linc is Linc plus

Uni-ball plus lamy

AT LINC, WE EXTENDED BEYOND THE
MANUFACTURE OF MASS SEGMENT PRODUCTS
TO THE MARKETING OF SEMI-PREMIUM AND
PREMIUM PRODUCTS THROUGH STRATEGIC
ALLIANCES WITH GLOBAL MAJORS.

- We entered into an exclusive marketing deal with Mitsubishi Pencil Company Ltd, Japan, to market the Company's Uni-ball brand priced between ₹ 20 and ₹ 300
- This relationship will leverage Linc's sales, marketing and production capabilities and Mitsubishi's product development and technological prowess
- We associated with German major C. Joseph Lamy to market the Company's premium brand of writing instruments in India priced from ₹ 550 onwards

As a result, the value-added products in the total product mix increased by 1%.



From the
MD's
desk

Mr. Deepak Jalan, Managing Director, Linc Pen & Plastics Limited, communicates the Company's performance in 2011-12

On the Company's performance

THE YEAR UNDER REVIEW WAS ONE OF THE MOST CHALLENGING IN THE HISTORY OF THE COMPANY'S EXISTENCE. THE COMPANY REPORTED A SALES GROWTH OF 9% FROM ₹ 248 CRORE IN 2010-11 TO ₹ 271 CRORE IN 2011-12. OUR PROFITS AND MARGINS WERE SUBDUED FOLLOWING A SPIKE IN THE COST OF KEY RAW MATERIALS.



On the highlights of the Company's performance


The Company reported the following highlights during the year under review:

- Registered a 22% growth in exports from ₹ 55 to ₹ 67 crore and penetrated six countries, increasing the Company's presence to more than 40 countries; exports accounted for 25% of the Company's revenues in 2011-12 compared with 22% in the previous year
- The Company earlier exported pens to retail giants without its brand name. This proportion has declined to a negligible 7% today, strengthening its brand Linc visibility globally
- Entered into a capital alliance with Japan's Mitsubishi Pencil Company Ltd by which Mitsubishi will subscribe to 20 lac equity shares of the Company at ₹ 100 each, comprising 13.53% of the Company's capital on a preferential allotment basis. The intent of this deal is to substantially increase the proportion of the Uni-ball brand in Linc's sales revenue from 15%
- Launched a premium range of products – 'Cruiser' at a price range of ₹ 1100-11000, positioning it in the premium category of the Company's product portfolio with correspondingly high margins
- Invested ₹ 12.80 crore in branding and advertisement by associating with Shahrukh Khan, Katrina Kaif and four IPL teams, resulting in enhanced brand visibility
- Invested ₹ 4 crore to purchase equipment, moulds and automisation
- Bagged a large order worth ₹ 11.5 crore from Wipro Ltd to supply 4.5 crore pieces of pens, the largest corporate order in the Company's existence

On the challenges faced by the Company

Some of the challenges encountered by the Company during the year under review comprised the following:

- Raw material costs increase owing to an increase in the cost of crude products and polymers while it became increasingly difficult to pass on the cost



increase to our consumers

- The government increased the excise duty (without CENVAT) from 1% to 2%, impacting our operating profits
- The higher cost of debt doubled our interest outflow, impacting our bottomline

On the measures taken to counter these challenges

The Company responded to these challenges through the following initiatives:

- Strengthened process efficiencies, sizes, designs and product weight leading to optimum raw material utilisation to safeguard against rising costs
- Stronger focus on exports by penetrating new geographies
- Strengthened sales and distribution in southern and western India where we possess a low market share
- Increased the proportion of value-added products by climbing the value chain; launching new products in the

semi-premium and premium segments

- Enhanced quality and strengthened the brand to engage in a price war wherever necessary
- Accelerated product development, leading to the introduction of 11 new products

On strengthening the Company's competitive position

The Company chalked out the following measures to accelerate growth in the coming years:

- Widen its international presence by spreading the brand globally
- Increase the volumes of product lines to drive revenue growth
- Enhance the product mix of value-added products in the portfolio to strengthen margins
- Add capacity to improve production volumes
- Invest in promotional activities to enhance brand exposure
- Develop and launch new and innovative products

Strengths

Linc is amongst the

top three brand
in India's writing instruments space with over 10% market share

Alliances

Linc prides itself on its associations with leading global companies like Mitsubishi Pencil Company Ltd (Japan) and C. Joseph Lamy (Germany) among others.

Portfolio

Linc's large product basket caters to all sections of society. Its wide range of products accommodates and provides for the mass and premium segments.

Brand

Linc is increasingly a generic name for the writing instruments industry in India. The Company associated with IPL teams and is endorsed by Shahrukh Khan and Katrina Kaif, resulting in enhanced visibility.

Retail

Linc's products are distributed by top international retailers.

Exports

The Company enjoys a presence in more than 40 countries especially in South East Asia. The Company's exports constituted 25% of the total revenue in 2011-12.

Reach

Linc's distribution network services over 1 lac retail outlets.

Market share

Linc is the largest writing and stationary brand in Eastern India, and the second-largest stationary brand in India.

Pioneer

The Company was the first in the industry to launch quality products at affordable prices. It introduced gel pens for the mass segment at a price point of just ₹ 5, a third of the prevailing price, widening the market.

Business strategy

	Strategic intent	Strategies
Market leadership	<p>Emerge as the number one writing instrument manufacturer in India</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Improve top-of-the-mind recall through marketing communication initiatives aimed at dealers and end users through seminars and demos at national and international exhibitions ■ Strengthen relationships with dealers and institutional clients to enhance sales ■ Introduce innovative products through the existing network in countries with a good market for our products ■ Enter into the premium and luxury segment of pens, a niche market
Expand reach	<p>Facilitate the availability of the Company's products domestically and internationally</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Increase penetration in the domestic market by expanding the distribution network and reaching customers through new marketing channels ■ Open outlets across all major cities in the country to ensure continuous product availability ■ Improve our presence in foreign markets by exporting our products to new countries ■ Improve our hold further in South and West India
Quality	<p>Manufacture high-quality products and create industry benchmarks by delivering higher price to value ratio</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Develop products with a high performance-price ratio ■ Establish trust for our products and respect for the brand by leveraging our brand equity ■ Conduct stringent checking at every stage of manufacturing to minimise rejections ■ Conduct tests to optimise writing efficiency across various angles ■ Deliver 'value for money' products to price conscious customers by creating affordable price points of ₹ 4-7, without compromising in quality

Progress	Validation
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Emerged as India's third-largest pen manufacturer ■ Bagged a contract worth ₹ 11.50 crore to supply 4.5 crore pens to Wipro Ltd, which is the largest order book till date 	<p>10%</p> <p>Market share in the organised writing industry in 2011-12</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Increased exports, resulting in a widened international presence across 40 countries ■ Exported pens to top retailers in UK ■ Added over 350 new distributors 	<p>22%</p> <p>Increase in exports in 2011-12</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Accredited with ISO 9001:2008 certification for its manufacturing facilities ■ Integrated vertically with modern facilities, strong in-house research and product development capabilities 	<p>1%</p> <p>Reduction in rejection rates in 2011-12</p>

	Strategic intent	Strategies
Operational excellence	Manage productivity consistently, leading to optimal use of time, assets and energy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Invest in improving production capacities to achieve economies of scale and strengthen our competitiveness ■ Continuously work to enhance our operational productivity to achieve one of the most competitive manufacturing costs in the industry ■ De-bottleneck our production capacity to enhance output and improve average plant capacity utilisation
Branding	Position ourselves as the most preferred brand for writing instruments and stationery	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Establish trust for our products and respect for the brand by leveraging our brand equity ■ Position ourselves strategically as the leading writing instruments provider to cater to retail and institutional clients ■ Invest proactively in branding activities by allocating a certain percentage of our annual revenues for advertisements and marketing
Customer focused	Appeal to cost-conscious customers by offering products at a better price-to-value ratio	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Diversify into new geographies to cater to global clients ■ Innovate new products through continuous research ■ Offer products that exceed customer expectations by advancing our core competencies ■ Cater to the mass segment by offering economically priced better value products that are unique in their price-to-performance ratio ■ Launch premium pens under the 'Cruiser' brand whose price starts from ₹ 1100 onwards

Progress	Validation
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Automated processes through hydraulic and PLC-based machines, leading to productivity enhancement and lower energy costs ■ Started zip seal packing to make packing attractive and convenient for clients 	<p>75%</p> <p>Plant capacity utilisation in 2011-12</p>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Associated with Shahrukh Khan, Katrina Kaif and four IPL teams to enhance brand visibility and improve top-of-the-mind brand recall 	<p>5%</p> <p>Investment in branding and advertising activities as a percentage of total sales in 2011-12</p>
<p>Increased the number of products available in the price band of ₹ 10 and above segment</p>	<p>200 plus</p> <p>Products offered by the Company</p>

Management discussion and analysis

Indian pens industry

The size of the Indian pen industry is estimated at around ₹ 2,600 crore, of which, the estimated organised market is around ₹ 2,100 crores. Linc enjoys a market share of 10% and emerged as the third-largest player in the Indian pen industry and the market leader in the Eastern India. The estimated demand for pens annually lies between 1,600-2,400 mn units.

Indian stationery market

'Stationery' comprises paper and office supplies, writing instruments, colours, glue and pencil cases, among others. India accounts for more than 50 organised and unorganised stationery brands. A number of premium international brands are present in India either independently or through collaborations with Indian manufacturers and distributors; these include Reynolds, Parker, Cross, Mont Blanc, Cartier, Pierre Cardin, Episode, Frazer & Haws, Christian Dior and Waterman.

The bulk of the market share in India is moving from the unbranded to the

branded sector. The market is segmented on the basis of the following target audience:

- Students
- Frequent users (in offices across commercial and public establishments)
- Occasional users (housewives and literate manual workers)

India's literacy rate is a high 74%, catalysing the use of ball or fountain pens. The pen demand among students is witnessing a healthy growth as this segment is more brand-conscious than the employed section where the demand is stagnant.

Category	% user share
Students	55-60
Commercial	20-25
Multi-level	15-20

Ball point pens dominate the market, accounting for 70% of the total demand, followed by gel pens at 20% and fountain pens at 4%. The use of fountain pens have virtually disappeared except when used as a luxury option. Nearly 85% users use blue, black and red ink.

ABOUT 80% OF INDIA'S PEN INDUSTRY REVENUE IS DERIVED FROM PENS WITH A PRICE RANGE OF UP TO ₹ 15

The pricing of pens and stationery products is an important driver of offtake covering the following points:

- About 80% of India's pen industry revenue is derived from pens with a price range of up to ₹ 15
- A small percentage of pens are priced between ₹ 100 and ₹ 300
- The super-premium segment (prices beyond ₹ 100,000) accounts for a small portion
- While the market for lower price pens is growing annually at 7-8% the mid range market is growing at 8-10%

Factor that catalyse the consumption of writing instruments in India:

- **Favourable demographics:** India's population is 1.3 billion – the second-largest in the world. Of this, 60% is below 30 years of age – the largest such population in the world. The potential market for companies providing educational services is thus, immense. Compared to other developing nations, Indian demographics are skewed in favour of a youthful population, leading to continued demand for education-

₹ 2,600

Size of Indian pen industry

10%

Market share of Linc

70%

Proportion of ball point pen in the Indian pen industry

74.04%

India's literacy rate in 2011-12



THE 2011 CENSUS' PROVISIONAL DATA SHOWED THAT INDIA'S EFFECTIVE LITERACY RATE ROSE FROM 64.83% TO 74.04% IN 2011

related services

■ **Growing literacy in India:** The 2011 census' provisional data showed that India's effective literacy rate rose from 64.83% to 74.04% in 2011. Growth in literacy as well as per capita income (₹ 46,492 in 2010 to ₹ 54,835 in 2011) should ensure direct growth of stationary and writing instruments.

■ **Government expenditure on education:** India has a long way to go regarding its education expenditure. Alongside Russia, Brazil and China, it falls into the category of countries spending only 2-4% of their GDP on education. Developed countries spend around 5-6%. India's vast youth population requires the support of a significant increase in expenditure to turn it into a resource-driven force. The government plans to increase education expenditure from the current GDP of 3% to 5%.

Regulatory changes

■ **The PPP model for education proposed in the 11th Five Year Plan**
The proposal intends to minimise governmental and social control, utilising public funds to privatise and commercialise education. It plans to set up 6000 model schools in the area of

secondary education, affiliated to CBSE, of which 2500 (Jawahar Kendriya Vidyalayas) will be based on the PPP model to provide quality education in backward regions.

■ Budget 2011-12

In 2011-12, over ₹ 520 cr. was allocated to the education sector, an increase of 24%. School education allocation was increased from ₹ 310.36 bn in 2010-11 to ₹ 389.57 bn. The allocation for Sarva Siksha Abhiyaan was increased from ₹ 150 bn. to ₹ 210 bn. While ₹ 52.54 bn was allocated for universities. The University Grants Commission allocated ₹ 56.60 bn. for technical education and ₹ 9.43 bn. for National Mission in Education. Educational scholarships were introduced for underprivileged SC/ST students studying in classes X through XII. These steps will catalyse the demand for writing instruments and stationery products.

Government initiatives

■ **Kasturba Gandhi Vidyalayas**
India faces serious gender-based educational discrimination, leading to low female literacy rates. This discrimination is lower at primary levels, compared with a much slower decline at

THE INDIAN STATIONERY MARKET IS EXPECTED TO GROW AT A CAGR OF 20% OVER THE NEXT THREE YEARS.

higher levels. To improve female literacy, the government set up 800 Kasturba Gandhi Vidyalayas for girls, in addition to the 410 schools set up through the Sarva Siksha Abhiyan.

■ **Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan:** SSA, a comprehensive plan providing free education to children between the age group of 6-14, was launched by the government in 2001 with an initial outlay of ₹ 7000 cr. As per the PAISA 2011 report, the country's SSA budget (central and state share) has more than doubled between 2009-10 and 2011-12, up from ₹ 26,169 crore to ₹ 55,746 crore.

■ **Rashtriya Madhyamik Shiksha Abhiyan (RMSA):** RMSA was initiated to universalise secondary education and implemented in the 11th Plan with an initial outlay of ₹ 20,120 cr. The government has proposed setting up of 6,000 schools at block level in the 12th Five Year Plan and set up a Credit Guarantee Fund for better flow of credit to students

Outlook

Advancing technology, a rising population and increasing literacy could help India's stationery product market touch US\$ 155.40 bn. by 2013.

The Indian stationery market is expected to grow at a CAGR of 20% over the next three years. Due to the government's thrust on education, demand for writing instruments is expected to accelerate.

25.52%

Increase in allocation in school education by government

113%

Increase in allocation for Sarva Siksha Abhiyaan in 2011-12 over 2010-11

6,000

Number of schools proposed to be set up in the 12th Five Year Plan

US\$ 155.40 billion

Expected size of Indian stationery market by 2013

Business driver: Raw material management

Energy and process efficiency

Efficiency and productivity

The manufacture of superior writing instruments is based on the use of quality raw materials. Linc is a quality-driven manufacturer that uses the best quality of plastic granules, ball and gel pen tips, ink, springs and stamping foil as raw material.

Polymer granules

Pen shells are made from the following polymer granules:

- **Polypropylene (PP):** This is a hard, tough, and mouldable polymer used mostly in the barrels of use-and throw pens and refills. For instance, the transparency in Ocean Gel is brought about by the use of a random copolymer PP.
- **High density polyethylene (HDPE):** HDPE is used wherever flexibility and strength are required, like in the manufacture of caps, plugs and adopters of ball pens.
- **General Purpose Polystyrene (PS):** This versatile, rigid and firm polymer is used in the manufacture of transparent ball pen barrels. General Purpose Polystyrene is clear, hard and brittle apart from having a relatively low melting point suitable for injection moulding applications.
- **Styrene acrylonitrile copolymer (SAN):** Due to its strength and mechanism this is used for making transparent barrels of expensive pens.
- **Polyacetal:** This material is used in the pen mechanism to deliver strength.
- **Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene (ABS):** The Company uses this material in the manufacture of clips, plugs and knobs on account of its low density and strength.
- **Thermoplastic elastomer:** This combination of elastomers and thermoplastics rubbers can be stretched easily and used in the grip of writing instruments to enhance writing comfort.
- **Polycarbonate:** The challenging polymer is used in transparent caps where the locking material remains durable despite repeated cap opening and closing.
- **Masterbatches:** These granular colour concentrates are mixed with a high flow polymer vehicle, normally LDPE or EVA.

LINC IS A QUALITY-DRIVEN MANUFACTURER THAT
USES THE BEST QUALITY OF PLASTIC GRANULES,
BALL AND GEL PEN TIPS, INK, SPRINGS AND
STAMPING FOIL AS RAW MATERIAL

Tips

Following India's emergence as a quality tip manufacturer, the Company's import dependence for the product declined. Indian tips are now globally popular; paucity strengthened prices in India during the year under review.

■ **Brass tips:** The tip which is made of brass with a 0.8 and 1mm stainless steel ball is cheap, easy to produce and suitable for ordinary writing as well as priced economically.

■ **Brass nickel plated tips:** These are widely accepted as they provide consistency in writing, and they are used in normal ball pens with a .7 to 1.20 mm ball diameter.

■ **Nickel silver tips:** A new wire NS was developed to enhance writing quality. The tip lasts longer and quality of writing is better. They are normally made with 0.5 and 0.6 mm balls for fine writing. They are imported from Switzerland, Germany and the US.

■ **Stainless steel tips:** These are the most expensive tips and of stainless steel wire with TC ball.

■ **Gel tips:** These are used with water-based gel ink. They are developed with

SS/NS wire and a special TC ball and ceramic, which makes them look like a ball pen. These are made with 0.28 and 1mm special balls.

Ink

The choice of ink supplier is critical. Many varieties of ink are imported. Linc uses the following in gel pens and ball pens:

■ **High viscosity ink:** It is the kind found in most stick pens and the ink is thick and common.

■ **Liquid ink:** It is held in a reservoir in the pens barrel. It gives greater ink capacity by occupying most of the length and width. This ink flows smoothly and provides a constant colour density.

■ **Oil-based ink:** It has low viscosity, provides friction free and vivid ink delivery. It is water resistant, quick drying and smear-proof.

■ **Gel ink:** It is thinner than oil-based ink with smooth flow, dense colour and facilitates brighter vivid colours

Business driver: Marketing and distribution

Global reach

Regional diversification

Success in the stationery industry is derived from easy product availability derived from a strong distribution network. Linc's distribution presence, national and international, is significant. Products exported include gel pens, ball-point pens and stationery items.

22%

Growth in
export revenues

4%

Growth in
domestic sales

6

New countries
ventured into

11

New products
launched

25:75

Export domestic sales
proportion
(22:78 in 2010-11)

18%

Increase in
distributors

ACHIEVED 22% EXPORT GROWTH FROM ₹ 55 CR IN 2010-11 TO ₹ 67 CR IN 2011-12

International market

Key highlights, 2011-12

- Achieved 22% export growth from ₹ 55 cr in 2010-11 to ₹ 67 cr in 2011-12
- Expanded presence in six new countries with total presence in over 40 countries
- Started distribution of Linc products in China
- Achieved number one position in a few countries and ranked among the top three in others
- Launched four products - Offex, Elantra, Ocean Slim and Lazor Ink tank.

Outlook

- To expand its footprint in Africa and South America; add five new countries every year
- To attain number one position in the countries of presence
- To introduce more stationery items

Domestic market

Key highlights, 2011-12

- Achieved 4% growth, owing to East India being affected by elections and infrastructure changes
- Undertook cost-cutting measures
- Reduced sales force from 330 to 280 through a merger of divisions; reduced schemes, exhibitions and inventory, among others
- Awarded dealers with membership cards to 'Club Linc', motivating them to perform better
- Launched a new retractable pen called Mr. Click
- Held school promotions in major cities.

Outlook

- Penetrate deeper into markets
- Build a superior distribution model with a deeper local presence
- Increase focus on the semi-premium and premium product range

Business driver: Operations

Operational excellence



Rich operational tradition

In a business that uses diverse raw materials, operational efficiency helps enhance process competence. Over the years, the Company invested in equipment upgradation and training to enhance operational efficiency.

Key highlights, 2011-12

- Improved the quality system in the assembly unit through training and supply chain management
- Registered a decline in process rejects from 3% in 2008-09 to 2% in 2011-12
- Purchased new assembly machines which automated operations and reduced manpower costs
- Acquired injection moulds and shrink unwrapping machines
- Initiated the CPM-critical path method to ensure timely delivery

- Minimised the cleaning process of refills due to modifications in the machine process
- Imparted manual training, which emphasised each operational process
- Minimised online wastage
- Achieved 70-75% capacity utilisation

Outlook

- To add more assembling units to automate operations and reduce manpower cost
- To enhance plant capacity utilisation
- Improve process efficiency by reducing bottlenecks and improving delivery time

Business driver: Quality

Excellence in product supply

Ensuring product reliability

Quality binds customers in a competitive writing instruments industry. Over the years, Linc has delivered superior quality derived from a process discipline that is captured in its ISO 9001:2008 certification. This quality discipline is translated into world-class products, growing international presence and supply relationships with global retail giants.

Key highlights, 2011-12

- Emphasised online checking at each manufacturing stage of the production line
- Conducted frequent quality meetings to resolve quality issues
- Strengthened training, culture and supply chain management
- Installed new assembly machines; conducted batch testing for testing tips and ink
- Minimised rejection by 1% owing to stringent quality checks at every production stage; conducted the timely repair of tools to minimise downtime and rejects
- Tested raw material quality to ensure product consistency
- Initiated the creation of 8Ds of defects wherein all defects were recorded in a report and complaints were addressed immediately with the root cause analysis preventing recurrence

Intellectual capital

“Success will not lower its standard to us.
We must raise our standard to success.”

- Rev. Randall R. McBride, Jr

At Linc, our HR practices not only enhance employee capability but motivate them to go beyond their routine responsibilities.

We introduced upgradations in workforce planning, recruitment, induction, orientation and on-boarding, training and development, payroll, employee benefits administration, performance appraisal and organisational development. This pairing of functional responsibility with relevant skills enhances job satisfaction.

Our HR initiatives helped improve performance, corroborated through the following figures:

■ An increase in manpower from 488 employees in 2007-08 to 729 in 2011-12

Our initiatives focused on holistic developments as 25% of our employees were with the Company for more than five years, translating into enriched knowledge. The Company signed a memorandum of settlement with worker unions to facilitate smoother plant working on 1st of April 2011.

Recruitment: Recruitments were made to plug specific requirements. The Company utilised print advertisements, professional consultants, campus recruitments and job portals to select talent.

Training and development: Recruits underwent a structured, exhaustive training programme. Need-based training helped develop and enrich skill-sets.

Performance appraisal: A transparent and well-structured appraisal system facilitated increments and promotions to deserving employees.

Incentives: Employees were provided benefits: Personal accident coverage, special leaves for anniversaries, birthdays and wedding gifts. The Company offered an education allowance for up to two children, workers and support staff. Compassionate leave, in case of death of an immediate family member, was introduced. The Group Medclaim Policy, with a ₹ 1 lac coverage for each employee, was provided.

Beyond business

“Our responsibility as privileged human beings is to pay back for the opportunities we've received.”

- Kathryn Anastos

SPEL *LINC*

- A popular annual inter-school spelling competition was organised for those above 14 years from classes VIII through X. This tested their English vocabulary and linguistic skills.
- From just six cities, the competition witnessed encouraging participation covering more than 4.5 lac students.
- SPEL *LINC* was hosted in several Indian cities, including Kolkata, Delhi, Mumbai, Bengaluru, Chennai, Kanpur and Lucknow, among others.
- The Company developed a guidebook for students, which contained a list of 1,000 common misspellings. Called 'Spell Right', the book helped improve students' vocabulary.

To teachers with love

Linc celebrated Teacher's Day and acknowledged the significant contribution of teachers to the nation's development. In a collaboration with 'Dhwani', a multilingual quartet of singers from Kolkata, Linc organised musical shows across the country. Alongside Delhi, Mumbai, Chennai and Kolkata, these shows also toured in Hyderabad, Bengaluru, Asansol, Ranchi, Jaipur, and Jamshedpur. As a measure of gratitude, Linc awarded gift hampers to all teachers who attended the programme.

Countering risks and maximising returns



Risk can be defined as an expression of uncertainties and possible outcomes that could have material impact on the performance and prospect of a company. A responsible corporate identifies, assesses and takes proactive measures to minimise potential loss arising due to exposure to particular risks on one hand while maximising returns on the other.

Linc has a comprehensive risk management model with strict norms and reporting framework. The risk management discipline ensures that the initiatives reach all levels for effective implementation. The risk management policy is attuned to the strategic direction of the Company.

Industry risk

Risk definition	Risk mitigation
A slowdown in the pens and stationery industry can impact the growth of the Company	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ The Company's products are targeted primarily at the mass market, schools and offices largely unaffected by the slowdown■ The share of the organised pens industry is increasing owing to superior quality, brand awareness and a wider distribution network■ India's writing instruments is expected to grow, driven by modern lifestyles, government initiatives, education, enhanced literacy and economic growth

Geographic risk

Risk definition	Risk mitigation
An overdependence on any particular region could threaten revenues	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ The Company's exports accounted for 25% of the total turnover at ₹ 67 crore in 2011-12■ The Company supplied pens top global retail giants■ The Company entered six countries in 2011-12 and now enjoys a strong presence in more than 40 countries■ The Company emerged as the number one brand in few countries where it exports its products

Competition risk

Risk definition	Risk mitigation
Increased competition from unorganised players in the industry could affect the prospects of the organised players	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ The Company has an extensive product line covering ball point and gel pen segments at price points starting from as low as ₹ 4 each■ The Company is amongst the top three players in the organised sector in the country with a market share of 10% and a market leadership in East India■ The Company's products are economically priced to allow better value for retailers; the products represent an attractive price-to-performance ratio

Product portfolio risk

Risk definition	Risk mitigation
Inability to enhance the product basket could lead to business stagnation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ The Company added 11 products to its product basket during the year under review (total over 200 products)■ The Company forayed into the premium segment under the 'Cruiser' brand with an enviable range of products in the premium gift segment■ Entered strategic alliances with leading international companies like Mitsubishi Pencil Company Ltd (Japan) and C. Joseph Lamy (Germany) to market value-added products■ The Company diversified into stationery products by launching its range of wooden pencils, erasers, sharpeners, rulers, markers, gums, glitter pens, geometry boxes, and office stationery products, among others, broadening its product line and maintaining a healthy portfolio mix



Brand risk

Risk definition	Risk mitigation
Inability to achieve top-of-the-mind customer recall will affect the Company's brand	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ The Company had roped actor Shahrukh Khan as its brand ambassador■ The Company associated with four IPL teams, resulting in improved national visibility■ The Company appointed actor Katrina Kaif as the brand ambassador for the Uni-ball range of pens manufactured by Mitsubishi in order to improve brand recall■ The Company developed a strong brand around the delivery of qualitatively superior and yet affordable products to students

Quality risk

Risk definition	Risk mitigation
Inability to provide consistent quality of products can dent the brand	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ The Company undergoes multi-stage quality checks from raw material procurement, assembly to finished goods delivery■ The Company ensures that its products are checked batch-wise at regular frequencies■ The Company follows 8Ds of defect rectification, enabling it to identify problems/defects and take necessary corrective action at the earliest■ The Company's rejection rate declined from 3% in 2008-09 to 2% in 2011-12, owing to stringent quality initiatives■ The Company's manufacturing facilities are ISO 9001:2008-certified for quality consistency

Directors' report

Dear Shareholders,

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting their 18th Annual Report together with the audited accounts of the Company for the year ended 31st March, 2012.

Financial Highlights

(₹ in Lacs)

	2011-12	2010-11
Sales & Other Operational Income	27504.89	25364.77
- Other Income	14.66	39.51
- Profit before depreciation, interest and taxation	1027.47	1651.50
- Finance Cost	378.04	208.06
- Depreciation	430.21	361.95
- Profit before Tax	219.22	1081.49
- Provision for Taxation – Current	43.90	220.50
– Deferred	3.92	21.02
– Income Tax for earlier years	1.78	–
Profit after Tax	169.62	839.97
Add: Credit Balance of the previous year	267.40	195.80
Amount available for Appropriation	437.02	1035.77
Transfer to General Reserve	–	500.00
Proposed Dividend	127.87	230.15
Corporate Tax on Dividend	20.74	38.22
Balance carried to Balance Sheet	288.41	267.40

Dividend

Your Directors recommend a Dividend of ₹ 1.00 per equity share (previous year ₹ 1.80 per equity share) for the year ended 31st March, 2012.

Financial Performance

Performance: During the year under review, the Company's Sales (incl. Other Operational Income) increased by 8.44% to ₹ 27504.89 lacs as compared to ₹ 25364.77 lacs during the preceding year. The Company spent ₹ 1280.35 lacs (4.7% of Sales) on Advertisement in 2011-12 as compared ₹ 847.59 lacs (3.4% of Sales) in 2010-11. The Profit after Tax during the year was ₹ 169.62 lacs.

Finance Cost: The Finance cost was up by 81.69% at ₹ 378.04 lacs in 2011-12 from ₹ 208.06 lacs in 2010-11. The Finance Cost / Turnover was 1.39% in 2011-12 as compared 0.83% in 2010-11.

Working Capital: The year-end debtors are 44 days of the sales for the year as compared to 32 days in the previous year. The inventory holding is for 84 days' sales as compared to 98 days in the previous year.

Fixed Assets: The Company spent ₹ 597.44 lacs on acquisition of Fixed Assets, mainly consisting of moulds and machines at existing facilities.

Directors' Responsibility Statement

Pursuant to Section 217(2AA) of the

Companies Act, 1956, the Directors hereby confirm that:-

- i) in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed;
- ii) appropriate accounting policies have been selected and applied consistently and have made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2012 and of the profit of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- iii) proper and sufficient care has been taken for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956, for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- iv) the annual accounts have been prepared on a 'going concern' basis.

Corporate Governance

The Company had complied with the requirements of Corporate Governance in terms of clause 49 of the Listing Agreement with Stock Exchanges. A separate report each on Corporate Governance and Management Discussion and Analysis is

attached to this report as Annexure – 'A' and Annexure – 'B' along with Auditors' Certificate on its due compliance.

Listing

The equity shares of the Company are listed on BSE Limited (BSE), and The Calcutta Stock Exchange Limited (CSE).

Directors

During the year Shri P. R. Agarwala, Independent, Non-Executive Director of the Company, resigned from the Directorship with effect from 11th November, 2011. The Directors have placed on record their sincere appreciation for the very valuable contribution made by Shri P. R. Agarwala during his tenure as a Director.

In accordance with the provisions of Companies Act, 1956 and the Articles of Association of the Company, Shri Naresh Pachisia and Shri Alope Jalan, Directors of the Company, retire by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offer themselves for reappointment.

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings & Outgo

A statement pursuant to section

217(1)(e) of the Companies Act, 1956, giving details of measures taken towards conservation of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo in accordance with the Companies (Disclosure of particulars in the report of Board of Directors) Rules, 1988 is annexed as Annexure - C.

Particulars of Employees

The Company does not have any employee falling within the scope of Section 217 (2A) of the Companies Act, 1956 read with Companies (Particulars of the Employees) Rules, 1975.

Auditors

Your Directors request you to appoint Auditors for the Current Financial Year.

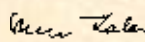
Acknowledgement

Your Directors express their appreciation to all the employees for their valuable contribution. Your directors also wish to express their gratitude for the continued co-operation, support and assistance provided by all the valued Channel Partners, Distributors, Suppliers, Bankers, Shareholders, the Central and State Governments.

For and on behalf of the Board

Place : Kolkata
Dated : 28th May 2012


Deepak Jalan
Managing Director


Alope Jalan
Whole Time Director

Annexure – C

A. Conservation of Energy

a) The following energy conservation measures are taken on a continuing basis :-

1. Regular preventive maintenance of all equipment for better efficiency.
2. Improvement of electrical power load factor.
3. Optimise the use of energy through improved operational method.

b) Additional investments and proposals being implemented for reduction of consumption of energy.

The Company is simultaneously carrying on continuous education and awareness programmes for its employees on energy conservation. But no major specific investment proposals are envisaged.

c) Impact of measures undertaken under (a) and (b) above, for reduction of energy consumption and has a consequent impact on cost of production.

The Company is not a major energy-user. However, the measures taken by the Company will result in saving energy.

B. Technology Absorption

The Company has no separate R&D section. The Company is however, developing new products and upgrading existing products and also their packaging to meet the changing market taste/profile.

C. Foreign Exchange Earnings and Outgo

a) **Activities relating to exports; initiatives taken to increase exports:-**

Development of innovative packaging and products for export markets along with improvement in quality and cost. Regular participation in important international fairs/exhibitions held worldwide. Finally, a special emphasis on marketing Company's products in Africa and Central Asia.

b) **Total Foreign Exchange used and earned:-** The foreign exchange used and earned during the year by the Company are as under:-

Foreign Exchange Used –
₹ 3365.72 lacs

Foreign Exchange Earned –
₹ 6643.73 lacs



Corporate Governance report

1. Company's Philosophy on Code of Governance:

The Company firmly believes in and has consistently endeavoured to practice good Corporate Governance. Good corporate governance consists of a combination of business practices which result in enhancement of the value of the Company to shareholders and simultaneously enables the Company to fulfill its obligations to other stakeholders such as customers, employees and financiers, and to the society in general. The Company further believes that such practices are founded upon the core values of transparency, empowerment, accountability, independent monitoring and environmental consciousness. The Company makes its best endeavours to uphold and nurture these core values in all aspects of its operations.

2. Board of Directors:

Composition and Category

The present strength of the Board of Directors is seven, whose composition is given below:

- 3 Promoters, (out of which two Executive Directors)
- 4 Independent, Non-Executive Directors.

The composition of the Board of Directors and also the number of other Board of Directors or Board Committees of which he is a member/Chairperson are as under

Name of the Director	Category	No. of Other Directorship*	No. of Membership Chairmanship of other Board Committee ⁺
Shri Deepak Jalan	Promoter, Executive	1	Nil
Shri Prakash Jalan	Promoter	1	Nil
Shri Aloke Jalan	Promoter, Executive	Nil	Nil
Shri S. L. Kochar	Independent, Non-Executive	1	1 (as Chairman)
Shri Naresh Pachisia	Independent, Non-Executive	8	6 (as Member)
Shri K. N. Ranasaria	Independent, Non-Executive	Nil	Nil
Dr. Ranjan Das	Independent, Non-Executive	1	Nil

* Directorships in Private Companies are not included

+ Only covers membership / chairmanship of Audit Committee and Shareholder / Investor Grievance Committee.

Shri P. R. Agarwala, Independent, Non- Executive Director has been resigned from the Board w.e.f. 11th November, 2011.

There is no permanent Chairman in the Board. None of the Directors is a member of more than ten Committees or Chairman of more than five Committees across all Companies.

Attendance of each director at the board meetings and the last annual general meeting

During the financial year ended March 31, 2012, five Board Meetings were held on 30th May, 2011, 30th July, 2011, 11th November, 2011, 11th February, 2012 and 27th March, 2012. The attendance of each Director at Board Meetings and the last Annual General Meeting (AGM) is as under:

		
Name of the Directors	No. of Board meetings attended	Attendance at last AGM held on 08.09.2011
Shri S. L. Kochar	5	Present
Shri Naresh Pachisia	3	Leave of Absence
Shri K. N. Ranasaria	5	Present
Dr. Ranjan Das	3	Leave of Absence
Shri Deepak Jalan	5	Present
Shri Prakash Jalan	1	Leave of Absence
Shri Alope Jalan	3	Leave of Absence

Shri P. R. Agarwala, Independent, Non-Executive Director has been resigned from the Board w.e.f. 11th November, 2011.

3. Code of Conduct

The Code of Conduct and ethics as adopted by the Board of Directors of the Company is applicable to its Directors and Senior Executives. All the Board Members and Senior Management personnel have affirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct. A declaration to this effect signed by the Managing Director is attached and forms part of the Annual Report of the Company. The Code of Conduct of the Company has been posted on the website at www.lincpen.com for general viewing.

4. Audit Committee

The Audit Committee presently comprises of three Directors, two of whom are Independent and Non-Executive. All these Directors possess knowledge of corporate finance, accounts and law. During the financial year ended March 31, 2012, four Audit Committee Meetings were held on 30th May, 2011, 30th July, 2011, 11th November, 2011

and 11th February, 2012. The attendance of the Members were as under-

Members	No. of Meetings Attended
Shri S. L. Kochar, Chairman	4
Shri K. N. Ranasaria	4
Shri Deepak Jalan	4

The role, powers, duties and terms of reference of the Audit Committee cover the matter specified under Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement and Section 292A of the Companies Act, 1956, besides other terms as may be referred by the Board of Directors. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the Committee. The Statutory Auditor and the Internal Auditor of the Company are permanent invitee at the meetings of the Committee.

5. Remuneration Committee

The Committee comprises of Shri Naresh Pachisia, Chairman, Shri S. L. Kochar,

and Shri Deepak Jalan. The terms of reference of the remuneration committee inter alia consists of formulating a remuneration policy of the Company and to supervise its implementation and fixing remuneration of the working directors including Managing Director(s), Whole Time director(s) and Manager(s) and to revise the same from time to time.

Remuneration Policy: Non-Executive directors are remunerated by way of sitting fees and are also entitled to a

commission (to divide among them in such proportion as the Board may determine from time to time) not exceeding 1% of the net profits only. The Company pays remuneration by way of Salary, Perquisites, Allowances and Commission to Managing Director and Whole Time Director, as approved by the members and as permitted under Schedule XIII to the Companies Act, 1956. The Details of Remuneration paid to Directors are as under:

Name of the Director	Relation with other Directors	Salary ₹	Benefits ₹	Sitting Fees ₹	Commission ₹	Total ₹	Service contract/ Notice period/ Severance fees
Shri Deepak Jalan	Brother of Whole Time Director	45,00,000	5,55,000	–	–	50,55,000	Terms of office valid upto 30.09.15. No notice period & severance fee.
Shri Alok Jalan	Brother of Managing Director	36,00,000	4,47,000	–	–	40,47,000	-do-
Shri Prakash Jalan	- do -	–	–	–	–	–	
Shri S. L. Kochar	None	–	–	54,000	75,000	1,29,000	Retire by rotation
Shri P. R. Agarwala*	None	–	–	–	–	–	-do-
Shri Naresh Pachisia	None	–	–	32,000	75,000	1,07,000	-do-
Shri K. N. Ranasaria	None	–	–	54,000	75,000	1,29,000	-do-
Dr. Ranjan Das	None	–	–	30,000	75,000	1,05,000	-do-

*Resigned w.e.f. 11th November, 2011


LINC
 Zindagi Ke Liye

6. Shareholders' Committee

i) Share Transfer Committee:

The Share Transfer Committee comprises of Shri Deepak Jalan and Shri Naresh Pachisia. The Committee deal with various matters relating to share transmission, issue of duplicate share certificates, approving the split and consolidation requests and other matters relating to transfer and registration of shares. During the financial year ended 31st March, 2012, eight Share Transfer Committee Meetings were held. Number of Shares pending for transfers as on 31st March, 2012 were Nil.

ii) Shareholder/Investor Grievances Committee

The Shareholder/Investor Grievances

Committee comprises of Shri K. N. Ranasaria as the Chairman and Shri Deepak Jalan. The Committee is to oversee the redressal of the Shareholders' and Investors' grievances in relation to transfer of shares, non-receipt of Annual Report, non-receipt of dividend among others. The total number of complaints received and replied, to the satisfaction of the shareholders during the year were four. There were no outstanding complaints as on 31st March, 2012.

iii) Compliance Officer:

The Board has designated Shri N. K. Dujari, G. M. – Finance and Company Secretary as the compliance officer.

7. General Body Meeting

Location and time, where last three Annual General Meetings were held is given below:

Financial Year	Date	Location of the Meeting	Time
2008 – 2009	23.09.2009	Shripati Singhanian Hall, 94/2, Chowringhee Road, Kolkata – 700 020	3.30 p.m.
2009 – 2010	15.09.2009	Shripati Singhanian Hall, 94/2, Chowringhee Road, Kolkata – 700 020	3.30 p.m.
2010 – 2011	08.09.2009	Shripati Singhanian Hall, 94/2, Chowringhee Road, Kolkata – 700 020	10.30 a.m.

One special resolution was passed at 16th Annual General Meeting of the Company held on 15th September 2010. A special resolution is proposed to be conducted through postal ballot vide postal ballot notice dated 23rd April, 2012.

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8. Disclosures:

- i) Details of related party transactions during the year have been set out under Note No. '2.30' of Notes on Accounts of the Annual Accounts. However, the Company does not have any related party transactions, which may have potential conflict with the interests of the Company at large. The transactions with related parties are at prices which are reasonable having regard to the prevailing market prices for such goods/services.
- ii) The Company has complied with the requirements of regulatory authorities on capital markets and no penalties/strictures have been imposed against it during the last three years.
- iii) The Company is regularly complying with all the mandatory requirements of Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement regarding Board Composition, Code of conduct, Audit Committee, quarterly and annual disclosures among others. The Company has adopted the non-mandatory requirement of remuneration committee.
- iv) The Non-Executive Directors does not hold any shares of the Company as on 31st March, 2012.
- v) The particulars of Directors seeking reappointment are given in the explanatory statement to the notice of Annual General Meeting.
- vi) The Company had no subsidiary as on 31st March, 2012.
- vii) The Company has laid down risk assessment and minimisation procedures

and the same is periodically reviewed by the Board. Further, the Company has adequate internal control systems to identify the risk at appropriate time and to ensure that the executive management controls the risk in a properly defined framework.

9. Means of Communication:

- i) A half-yearly report was not sent to each household of the shareholders. Shareholders were intimated through the press and the Company's website – www.lincpen.com about the quarterly performance and financial results of the Company.
- ii) The quarterly and half yearly results are published in the leading newspapers in English and Bengali such as Mint, The Business Standard, Aaj Kal and Kalantar.
- iii) As per the Listing Agreement with the stock exchanges, certain documents/information such as quarterly/annual financial results, shareholding pattern and corporate governance are accessible on the website www.corpfiling.co.in.
- iv) The Company results and official news release are displayed on the Company's Website: www.lincpen.com.
- v) No presentations have been made to institutional investors or analysts among others.
- vi) Management Discussion and Analysis forms part of the Annual Report, which is posted to the shareholders of the Company.



10. General Shareholder Information:

Detailed information in this regard provided in the shareholder information section forms part of this Annual Report.

i) Annual General Meeting

- Date and Time : 17th September, 2012 at 3.30 p.m.
- Venue : Shripati Singhanian Hall,
94/2, Chowringhee Road,
Kolkata - 700 020

ii) Financial Calendar:

- Financial Year : 1st April to 31st March
- Results : 1st Qtr – end July, 2012
2nd Qtr – end October, 2012
3rd Qtr – end January, 2013
4th Qtr – end May, 2013

iii) Book closure date : 10.09.2012 to 17.09.2012 on account of AGM and Dividend.

iv) Dividend payment date : After 17th September, 2012

v) Listing of Equity Shares on : i) The Calcutta Stock Exchange Ltd Stock Exchanges at 7, Lyons Range, Kolkata – 700 001

- ii) BSE Limited,
P J Towers, Dalal Street,
Fort, Mumbai – 400 001

vi) Listing Fees : Listing fee for the year 2011 – 2012 has been paid to the above Stock Exchanges.

vii) Stock Code : Bombay Stock Exchange – 531241 Calcutta Stock Exchange – 10022035 Demat ISIN No. – INE 802B01019

viii) **Market Price Data** – High/Low during each month of the year ended 31st March, 2012, at the Bombay Stock Exchange.

Month	High (₹)	Low (₹)
April, 2011	79.50	58.95
May, 2011	82.00	68.90
June, 2011	81.90	72.00
July, 2011	86.00	71.10
August, 2011	79.05	60.15
September, 2011	66.50	55.10
October, 2011	57.00	49.15
November, 2011	52.90	37.00
December, 2011	49.00	39.00
January, 2012	50.90	39.00
February, 2012	53.90	39.80
March, 2012	66.80	40.65

ix) **Share Price performance in 2011-12 comparison to broad based indices – BSE Sensex**

% Change in Linc's Share Price :
(-) 7.31%


% Change in BSE Sensex
(-) 10.50%

x) **Share Transfer System** : Presently, the share transfers which are received in physical form are normally effected within a maximum period of 30 days from the date of receipt and Demat are confirmed within a maximum period of 14 days by Registrar and Share Transfer Agent – M/s. Maheshwari Datamatics Pvt. Ltd, 6, Mangoe Lane, Kolkata-700 001.

xi) **Distribution of Shareholding:**

Distribution of Shareholding by Ownership:

	Holding Pattern	No. of Shares	Shareholding %
1	Promoters and Associates	89,04,048	69.64
2	NRI, FIIs, among others	2,22,083	1.74
3	Private Corporate Bodies	14,81,952	11.59
4	Indian Public	21,77,877	17.03
	Total	1,27,85,960	100.00



Distribution of Shareholding by Size:

Range of Shares	Shareholders		Shares	
	Nos.	%	Nos.	%
1 to 500	4,648	85.79	5,17,626	4.05
501 to 1000	354	6.53	2,97,203	2.32
1001 to 5000	304	5.61	6,91,706	5.41
5001 to 10000	45	0.83	3,13,470	2.45
10001 & above	67	1.24	1,09,65,955	85.77
Total	5,418	100.00	1,27,85,960	100.00

xii) Dematerialisation of Shares:

Holding	No. of Holder	%	No. of Shares	%
Physical	836	15.43	2,23,323	1.75
Demat	4,582	84.57	1,25,62,637	98.25
Total	5,418	100.00	1,27,85,960	100.00

xiii) Outstanding GDR/ADR or any convertible Instruments: Not Applicable

xiv) The manufacturing facilities of the Company are located at:

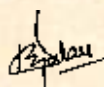
- Linc Estate, Usthi Road, Serakole, 24 Paragans (South), West Bengal; and
- Falta SEZ, Sector II, Shed No. 2, Falta, 24 Paragans (South), West Bengal

xv) Address for Correspondence:

For Share Transfer and related queries -	For General Assistance
M/s. Maheswari Datamatics Pvt. Ltd.	Mr. N. K. Dujari,
6, Mangoe Lane, 2nd Floor,	G. M. - Finance & Company Secretary
Kolkata – 700 001	Linc Pen & Plastics Limited
Phone – 22435029/5809,	3, Alipore Road, Kolkata – 700 027
Fax – 2248 4787	Phone – 3041 2100 / 2479 0248,
E-mail – mdpl@cal.vsnl.net.in	Fax – 2479 0253
	E-mail – investors@lincpen.com

Declaration

As provided under Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement with Stock Exchanges, all the Directors and Senior Management have affirmed compliance with the Companies Code of Conduct during the financial year ended 31st March, 2012.



Deepak Jalan

Managing Director

Kolkata, 28th May, 2012

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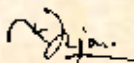
CEO / CFO CERTIFICATION

The Board of Directors
Linc Pen & Plastics Limited
Kolkata

Re: Financial Statements for the financial year 2011 –12 - Certification by MD and GM Finance

We, Deepak Jalan, Managing Director and N. K. Dujari, G. M.- Finance and Company Secretary, of Linc Pen & Plastics Limited, on the review of financial statements and cash flow statement for the year ended 31st March, 2012 and to the best of our knowledge and belief, hereby certify that:-

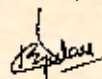
1. These statements do not contain any materially untrue statements or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
2. These statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
3. There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year ended 31st March, 2012 which are fraudulent illegal or violative of Company's Code of Conduct.
4. We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls, for financial reporting, we have evaluated the effectiveness of the internal control systems of the Company pertaining the financial reporting and we have disclosed to the auditors and the Audit Committee those deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls of which we are aware and the steps we have taken or propose to take to rectify these deficiencies.
5. We have indicated to the Auditors & the Audit Committee: -
 - (i) there have been no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the period.
 - (ii) there have been no significant changes in accounting policies during the period.
 - (iii) there have been no instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, of management or an employee having significant role in the Company's internal control systems over financial reporting.



N. K. Dujari

G. M. – Finance &
Company Secretary

Kolkata
28th May, 2012



Deepak Jalan

Managing Director



AUDITOR'S CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To the Members of Linc Pen & Plastics Limited

We have examined the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance by Linc Pen & Plastics Limited for the year ended 31st March, 2012, as stipulated in Clause 49 of the Listing Agreement of the said Company with the Stock Exchanges.

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the management. Our examination was limited to procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring the compliance of the conditions of Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of the opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the aforementioned Listing Agreement.

We further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For **G.P. AGRAWAL & CO.**

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No. 302082E

(CA. Ajay Agrawal)

Membership No. 17643

Partner

7A, Kiran Shankar Ray Road

Kolkata – 700 001

Date: 28th May, 2012

Auditors' Report

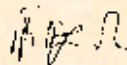
To
The Members of
Linc Pen and Plastics Limited

1. We have audited the attached Balance Sheet of LINC PEN AND PLASTICS LIMITED as at 31st March, 2012 and also the Statement of Profit and Loss and the Cash Flow Statement for the year ended on that date annexed thereto. These financial statements are the responsibility of the company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.
2. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in India. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2003 (as amended) issued by the Government of India in terms of Sub-section (4A) of Section 227 of the Companies Act, 1956 (the 'Act'), we give in the Annexure a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 4 and 5 of the said Order.
4. Further to our comments in the Annexure referred to above, we report that:
 - i) We have obtained all the information and explanations, which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - ii) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company, so far as appears from our examination of those books.
 - iii) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report are

in agreement with the Books of account.

- iv) In our opinion, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss and Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this report comply with the accounting standards referred to in Sub-section (3C) of Section 211 of the Act.
- v) On the basis of written representations received from directors, as on 31st March, 2012 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, we report that none of the Directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2012 from being appointed as a Director in terms of clause (g) of Sub-section (1) of Section 274 of the Act;
- vi) In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the said accounts give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India:
 - a) in the case of the Balance Sheet, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March, 2012;
 - b) in the case of the Statement of Profit and Loss, of the Profit for the year ended on that date: and
 - c) in the case of the Cash Flow Statement, of the Cash Flows for the year ended on that date.

For **G.P. AGRAWAL & CO.**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302082E



(CA. Ajay Agrawal)
Membership No. 17643
Partner

7A, Kiran Shankar Ray Road
Kolkata - 700 001
28th May, 2012



Annexure to the Auditors' Report

Referred to in paragraph 3 of our report to the members of LINC PEN AND PLASTICS LIMITED on the accounts for the year ended 31st March, 2012:

- i) a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of its fixed assets.
b) The fixed assets have been physically verified during the year by the management. To the best of our knowledge, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.
c) The Company has not disposed off any substantial part of fixed assets during the year and the 'going concern' status of the Company is not affected.
- ii) a) The inventories have been physically verified during the year by the management at reasonable intervals. In respect of inventories lying with third parties, confirmation has been obtained from them.
b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the procedures of physical verification of stocks followed by the management are reasonable and adequate in relation to the size of the company and nature of its business.
c) On the basis of our examination, we are of the opinion that the Company is maintaining proper records of inventory. The discrepancies noticed on verification of inventories by the management as compared to book records were not material and these have been properly dealt with in the books of account.
- iii) a) The Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Act.
b) As the Company has not granted any loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Act, the provisions of para (iii)(b) to (iii)(d) of the paragraph 4 of the said order are not applicable to the Company.
- c) The Company has not taken any loans, secured or unsecured, from companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Act.
- d) As the Company has not taken any loans, secured or unsecured, from companies, firms or other parties covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Act, the provisions of para (iii)(f) to (iii)(g) of the paragraph 4 of the said order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, there is adequate internal control system, commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business for the purchase of inventory, fixed assets and for the sale of goods and services. During the course of our audit, we have not observed any major weakness in internal control system.
- v) a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, particulars of contracts or arrangements referred to in Section 301 of the Act have been entered in the register required to be maintained under that section.
b) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, these transactions made in pursuance of such contracts have been made at prices which are reasonable having regard to prevailing market prices at the relevant time.
- vi) The Company has not accepted any deposit within the meaning of Section

- 58A, 58AA or any other relevant provisions of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- vii) In our opinion, the internal audit system of the Company is commensurate with the size of the Company and the nature of its business.
- viii) We have broadly reviewed the cost records maintained by the company pursuant to the Companies (Cost Accounting Records) Rules, 2011, prescribed by the Central Government under section 209(1) (d) of the Companies Act, 1956 and we are of the opinion that prima facie the prescribed cost records have been maintained. We have, however, not made a detailed examination of the cost records with a view to determine whether they are accurate or complete.
- ix) a) According to the records, the Company is regular in depositing undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Investor Education and Protection Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Service Tax, Sales Tax, Custom Duty, Cess and other statutory dues with appropriate authorities. According to the information and explanations given to us, no undisputed amount payable in respect of the aforesaid dues were outstanding as at 31st March, 2012 for a period of more than six months from the date of becoming payable.
- b) The disputed statutory dues aggregating to ₹ 409.57 lacs that have not been deposited on account of matters pending before appropriate authorities are as under:

Name of the Statute	Nature of Dues	Amount (₹ lacs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where dispute is pending
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	20.49	A.Y. 2002-03	ITAT
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	37.48	A.Y. 2003-04	ITAT
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	21.72	A.Y. 2004-05	ITAT
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	27.91	A.Y. 2005-06	ITAT
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	110.99	A.Y. 2006-07	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals).
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	5.57	A.Y. 2007-08	Director General of Income Tax (Inv.)
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	66.66	A.Y. 2008-09	ITAT
The Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax	118.75	A.Y. 2009-10	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals).
	Total	409.57		

- x) The Company has no accumulated losses and has not incurred any cash losses during the financial year covered by our audit or in the immediately preceding financial year.
- xi) According to the records of the Company examined by us and the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of dues to any financial institution or bank. The Company has not issued any debentures.
- xii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not granted loans and advances on the basis of security by way of pledging of shares, debentures and other securities.
- xiii) The provisions of any special statute applicable to Chit fund, Nidhi or Mutual benefit society are not applicable to this Company.
- xiv) According to the information and



explanations given to us, the Company is not dealing or trading in shares, securities, debentures or other investments. However, the investments made by the Company in government securities have been held in its own name.

- xv) According to the records of the Company and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not given any guarantee for loans taken by others from bank or financial institutions.
- xvi) According to the records of the Company and the information and explanations given to us, the term loans outstanding at the beginning of the year and those raised during the year have been applied for the purposes for which they were raised.
- xvii) According to the records of the Company and according to the information and explanation given to us and on overall examination of the Balance Sheet of the Company, we report that no funds raised on short-term basis have been used for long-term investment.
- xviii) The Company has not made any

preferential allotment of shares to parties and companies covered in the register maintained under section 301 of the Act.

- xix) The Company has not issued any debenture.
- xx) The Company has not raised any money during the year by public issue.
- xxi) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, no fraud on or by the Company has been noticed or reported during the year that causes the financial statements materially misstated.

For **G.P. AGRAWAL & CO.**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302082E

(**CA. Ajay Agrawal**)
Membership No. 17643
Partner

7A, Kiran Shankar Ray Road
Kolkata - 700 001
28th May, 2012

Balance Sheet

(₹ in lacs)

As at 31 March,	Note No.	2012	2011
I. EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
(1) Shareholders' funds			
(a) Share capital	2.1	1,278.60	1,278.60
(b) Reserves and surplus	2.2	3,479.26	3,458.25
		4,757.86	4,736.85
(2) Non-current liabilities			
(a) Long-term borrowings	2.3	179.07	273.97
(b) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	2.4	189.43	185.51
(c) Long-term provisions	2.5	66.68	58.75
		435.18	518.23
(3) Current liabilities			
(a) Short-term borrowings	2.6	3,987.51	3,749.24
(b) Trade payables	2.7	2,644.90	2,022.82
(c) Other current liabilities	2.8	1,232.30	1,078.23
(d) Short-term provisions	2.9	152.64	270.26
		8,017.35	7,120.55
Total		13,210.39	12,375.63
II. ASSETS			
(1) Non-current assets			
(a) Fixed assets	2.10		
(i) Tangible assets		2,733.68	2,573.40
(ii) Intangible assets		25.97	33.05
(iii) Capital work-in-progress		64.49	13.41
		2,824.14	2,619.86
(b) Long-term loans and advances	2.11	262.54	321.50
(c) Other non-current assets	2.12	18.85	17.71
		3,105.53	2,959.07
(2) Current assets			
(a) Inventories	2.13	6,301.70	6,668.47
(b) Trade receivables	2.14	3,327.30	2,195.81
(c) Cash and bank balances	2.15	22.57	22.13
(d) Short-term loans and advances	2.16	418.46	490.55
(e) Other current assets	2.17	34.83	39.60
		10,104.86	9,416.56
Total		13,210.39	12,375.63
Significant Accounting Policies	1		
Notes to Financial Statement	2		

The accompanying Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to Accounts are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

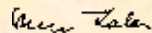
As per our report of even date attached.

For G. P. Agrawal & Co.
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302082E

(CA. Ajay Agrawal)
Membership No. 17643
Partner

7A, Kiran Shankar Ray Road
Kolkata - 700 001
The 28th day of May, 2012


Deepak Jalan
Managing Director

For and on behalf of the Board

Aloke Jalan
Whole Time Director


N. K. Dujari
G.M.- Finance &
Company Secretary

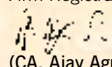
Statement of Profit and Loss

(₹ in lacs)

For the year ended 31 March	Note No.	2012	2011
Income			
I. Revenue from operations	2.18		
Sale of goods (Gross)		27,168.03	24,819.91
Less: Excise duty		67.31	5.46
Net Sale of goods		27,100.72	24,814.45
Other operating revenues		404.17	550.32
		27,504.89	25,364.77
II. Other incomes	2.19	14.66	39.51
III. Total revenue (I + II)		27,519.55	25,404.28
IV. Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	2.20	7,332.03	7,139.17
Purchases of stock-in-trade	2.21	11,705.71	11,405.96
(Increase)/decrease in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and stock in trade	2.22	532.43	(1,223.37)
Employee benefits expense	2.23	1,527.47	1,215.11
Finance costs	2.24	378.04	208.06
Depreciation and amortization expense		430.21	361.95
Other expenses	2.25	5,394.44	5,215.91
Total expenses		27,300.33	24,322.79
V. Profit before exceptional and extraordinary items and tax (III - IV)		219.22	1,081.49
VI. Exceptional items		-	-
VII. Profit before extraordinary items and tax (V - VI)		219.22	1,081.49
VIII. Extra ordinary items		-	-
IX. Profit before tax (VII - VIII)		219.22	1,081.49
X. Tax expense:			
Current tax		43.90	220.50
Deferred tax		3.92	21.02
Income tax for earlier years		1.78	-
		49.60	241.52
XI. Profit for the year (IX-X)		169.62	839.97
XII. Earnings per equity share - Basic and diluted (₹)	2.29	1.33	6.57
(Face value ₹ 10/- per equity share)			
Significant Accounting Policies	1		
Notes to Financial Statement	2		

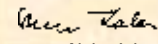
The accompanying Significant Accounting Policies and Notes to Accounts are an integral part of the Financial Statements.

As per our report of even date attached.

For **G. P. Agrawal & Co.**
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration No. 302082E

(CA. Ajay Agrawal)
 Membership No. 17643
 Partner

7A, Kiran Shankar Ray Road
 Kolkata - 700 001
 The 28th day of May, 2012


Deepak Jalan
 Managing Director

For and on behalf of the Board

Alope Jalan
 Whole Time Director


N. K. Dujari
 G.M.- Finance &
 Company Secretary

Significant Accounting Policies to Financial Statements

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Basis of accounting:

The Company prepares its accounts under the historical cost convention on accrual basis, except otherwise stated, in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles in India and provisions of the Companies Act, 1956.

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule VI to the Companies' Act, 1956. Based on the nature of operations and time between procurement of raw materials and their realisation in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as 12 months for the purpose of current and non-current classification of assets and liabilities.

b) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported balances of assets and liabilities and disclosures relating to contingent liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of income and expenditure during the period. Difference between the actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/materialised.

c) Revenue recognition:

- i) Revenue from sale of goods is recognised upon passage of title to the customers.
- ii) Sales is exclusive of Sales Tax/VAT, rebate etc.
- iii) Interest income is recognised on time proportion basis taking into account the amount outstanding and rate applicable.
- iv) All other incomes are accounted for on accrual basis.

d) Expenses:

All the expenses are accounted for on accrual basis.

e) Fixed assets:

- i) All fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. Cost include acquisition price, duties, taxes, incidental expenses, erection expenses and interest etc. up to date the asset is ready for intended use.
- ii) Intangible assets expected to provide future enduring economic benefits are stated at cost less amortisation and impairment, if any. Cost comprises purchase price and directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use.
- iii) Capital work-in-progress comprises the cost of fixed assets that are not yet ready for their intended use at the reporting date.
- iv) Depreciation on fixed assets is provided on straight-line method at the rates specified in schedule XIV to The Companies Act, 1956 (as amended).
- v) Depreciation on fixed assets added/disposed off during the year is provided on pro-rata basis with reference to the date of addition/disposal.
- vi) Computer software (Acquired) are amortised over a period of five years. Amortisation is done on straight-line basis.

f) Foreign currency transactions:

- i) Transactions in foreign currency are initially recorded at the exchange rate at which the transaction is carried out.
- ii) Monetary assets and liabilities related to foreign currency transactions remaining outstanding at the year-end are translated at the year-end rate.
- iii) Any income or expense on account of exchange difference either on settlement or on translation at the year end is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.



Significant Accounting Policies to Financial Statements (Contd.)

g) Inventories:

- i) Inventories (Other than scrap) are valued at lower of cost and net realisable value, after providing for obsolescence, if any. Cost of inventory comprises of purchase price, cost of conversion and other cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their respective present location and condition. The cost of inventories is computed on weighted average basis except for raw material and components which is computed on FIFO basis.
- ii) Scrap are valued at net realisable value.

h) Employee benefits:

- i) Short-term employee benefits based on expected obligation on undiscounted basis are recognised as expenses in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the period in which the related service is rendered.
- ii) Post-employment and other long-term employee benefits are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Profit and Loss for the year in which the employee has rendered services. The expense is recognised at the present value of the amount payable determined using actuarial valuations. Actuarial gains and losses in respect of post-employment and other long-term employee benefits are recognised in the profit and loss account

i) Taxes on income:

Tax expense comprises both current and deferred taxes. Current tax is determined as the amount of tax payable in respect of taxable income for the year. Deferred income tax reflects the impact of current year timing differences between taxable income and accounting income for the year and reversal of timing differences of earlier years. Deferred tax is measured based on the tax rates and the tax laws enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets (including unrecognised deferred tax assets of earlier years) are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that sufficient future taxable income will be available against which such deferred tax assets can be realised.

j) Borrowing costs:

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of qualifying assets are capitalised for the period until the asset is ready for its intended use. A qualifying asset is one that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use. Other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred. No borrowing costs were eligible for capitalisation during the year.

k) Impairment of assets:

Wherever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of fixed assets may be impaired, the Company subjects such assets to a test of recoverability, based on discounted cash flows expected from use or disposal thereof. If the assets are impaired, the Company recognises an impairment loss as the excess of the carrying amount over the recoverable amount. After impairment, depreciation is provided on the revised carrying amount of the respective asset over its remaining useful life. A previously recognised impairment loss is increased or reversed depending on changes in circumstances. However, the carrying amount after reversal is not increased beyond the carrying amount that would have prevailed by charging usual depreciation if there was no impairment.

l) Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets:

Provisions are recognised in respect of obligations where, based on the evidence available, their existence at the Balance Sheet date is considered probable.

Contingent liabilities are shown by way of Notes to the Accounts in respect of obligations where, based on the evidence available, their existence at the Balance Sheet date is considered not probable.

Re-imbursement expected in respect of expenditure to settle a provision is recognised only when it is virtually certain that the re-imbursement will be received.

Significant Accounting Policies to Financial Statements

Contingent assets are not recognised in the accounts.

m) Earnings per share:

Basic earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit/ (loss) after tax (including the post tax effect of extra ordinary items, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed by dividing the profit/ (loss) after tax (including the post tax effect of any extra ordinary items, if any) by the weighted average number of equity shares considered for deriving basic earnings per share and also the weighted average number of equity shares which could be issued on the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

n) Cash flow statement:

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, whereby profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities of the Company are segregated.

Notes to Financial Statements

(₹ in lacs)

As at 31 March	2012		2011	
	No. of shares	Amount	No. of shares	Amount
Note 2.1 SHARE CAPITAL				
Authorised				
Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	13,000,000	1,300.00	13,000,000	1,300.00
Issued, subscribed and fully paid up				
Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	12,785,960	1,278.60	12,785,960	1,278.60
		1,278.60		1,278.60

a. Terms & rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The holders of equity shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

b. The company has issued an aggregate of 47.86 lacs (previous year 47.86 lacs upto 31.3.11) fully paid up equity shares of par value ₹ 10/- each without payment being received in cash in the last 5 years immediately preceeding the balance sheet date.

c. Shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company :

As at 31 March	2012		2011	
	No. of shares	% of Holding	No. of shares	% of Holding
Equity shares of ₹ 10/- each fully paid up				
Mrs. Sarita Jalan	2,024,000	15.83	2,024,000	15.83
Mrs. Shobha Jalan	2,000,730	15.65	2,000,730	15.65
Mr. Suraj Mal Jalan	1,087,783	8.51	1,086,183	8.50
Mr. Alope Jalan	787,216	6.16	787,216	6.16
Mr. Deepak Jalan	778,520	6.09	751,520	5.88
M/s. Linc Writing Aids Pvt. Ltd.	1,590,109	12.44	1,555,631	12.17

Notes to Financial Statements

(₹ in lacs)

As at 31 March,	2012	2011
Note 2.2 RESERVES AND SURPLUS		
Securities premium account		
Balance as per last Account	296.94	296.94
General reserve		
Balance as per last account	2,893.91	2,393.91
Add: Transfer from surplus		
as per statement of profit and loss	—	500.00
Closing Balance	2,893.91	2,893.91
Surplus in the statement of profit and loss		
Balance as per last statement	267.40	195.80
Add: Net profit for the year as per statement of profit and loss	169.62	839.97
Amount available for appropriation	437.02	1,035.77
Less: Appropriations		
Proposed dividend	127.87	230.15
Tax on proposed dividend	20.74	38.22
Transfer to general reserve	—	500.00
Closing balance	288.41	267.40
	3,479.26	3,458.25

- General Reserve is primarily created to comply with the requirements of sec. 205(2A) of the Companies Act, 1956. This is the free reserve and can be utilised for any general purpose viz. issue of bonus shares, payment of dividend, buyback of shares etc.
- During the year ended 31st March, 2012, dividend Re. 1/- per equity share was recognised as distribution to equity shareholders. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting. The total dividend appropriation for the year ended March 31, 2012 amounted to ₹ 148.61 lacs including corporate dividend tax of ₹ 20.74 lacs.
- During the year ended 31st March, 2011, dividend ₹1.80/- per equity share was recognised as distribution to equity shareholders. The total dividend appropriation for the year ended March 31, 2011 amounted to ₹268.37 lacs including corporate dividend tax of ₹38.22 lacs.

Note 2.3 LONG-TERM BORROWINGS

Term loans (Secured)		
– From banks		
Rupee loans	7.23	10.86
Foreign currency loans	158.17	235.89
Vehicle Loans		
– From others (Secured)	13.67	27.22
	179.07	273.97

- Nature of securities :
 - Rupee term loan from banks carries interest @ 13.75 % p.a. & Foreign Currency loan from bank carries interest @ 06 mths. LIBOR plus 5.25%.
 - Indian Rupee / Foreign Currency Loan from bank is secured by way of hypothecation of Plant and Machinery, Moulds and Current Assets of the company and by way of first charge on Immovable Properties and Other Fixed Assets of the company and is also guaranteed by the Managing Director, Whole Time Director and associate concern of the company.
 - Vehicle loan from others carries interest @ 10% p.a. and is secured by way of hypothecation of car of the Company

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2.3 LONG-TERM BORROWINGS (Contd.)

b. Terms of Repayment of Loans:

Name of Banks/Other	Amount outstanding as on the Balance Sheet date	Period of maturity w.r.t. Balance Sheet date	Number of instalments as on 31 March 2012	Amount of each instalment
State Bank of India	265.40 (707.86)	30 months (34) months	10 (14)	25.00 (25.00)
As at 31 March		2012		2011
Rupee loan - Current *		–		–
Rupee loan - Non current		7.23		10.86
Foreign currency loans - Current *		100.00		100.00
Foreign currency loans - Non current		158.17		597.00
BMW India Financial Services Pvt. Ltd. #	27.22 (39.49)	23 months (35) months	23 (35)	1.31 (1.31)
As at 31 March		2012		2011
Current *		13.55		12.27
Non current		13.67		27.22

* Represents current maturities of long term debts shown under "Other current liabilities" (Note No.2.8)

Installment includes interest

Figure in brackets represents figures for the previous years

(₹ in lacs)

As at 31 March,	2012	2011
Note 2.4 DEFERRED TAX LIABILITIES (NET)		
Deferred tax liabilities :		
Depreciation	205.90	200.33
Less : Deferred tax asset		
Expenses allowable for tax purpose when paid	16.47	14.82
Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	189.43	185.51


Note 2.5 LONG-TERM PROVISIONS

Provision for employee benefits		
– Leave encashment	66.68	58.75
	66.68	58.75

Note 2.6 SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS*

Other loans and advances		
Working capital loans		
– From banks (Secured)	3,987.51	3,749.24
	3,987.51	3,749.24

* Working capital loan from bank is secured by way of hypothecation of Plant and Machinery, Moulds and Current Assets of the company and by way of first charge on Immovable Properties and Other Fixed Assets of the Company and is also guaranteed by the Managing Director, Whole Time Director and associate concern of the Company.

			
Notes to Financial Statements			
(₹ in lacs)			
As at 31 March,	2012	2011	
Note 2.7 TRADE PAYABLES			
Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprises (Refer note no. 2.27)	154.04	257.16	
Total outstanding dues of other than Micro and Small Enterprises	2,490.86	1,765.66	
	2,644.90	2,022.82	
Note 2.8 OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Current maturities of long-term debt#	113.55	112.27	
Unpaid dividends *	11.60	10.75	
Other payables			
Advance from customers	184.56	156.15	
Statutory liabilities \$	65.73	39.13	
Trade deposits	225.62	219.50	
Unpaid salaries and other payroll dues	631.24	540.43	
# Refer note no. 2.3 for nature of securities and terms of repayment respectively.			
* There are no amount due and outstanding as at Balance Sheet date to be credited to the Investor Education and Protection Fund			
\$ Include excise duty and cess on closing stock ₹ 22.03 (PY ₹ 6.63)			
	1,232.30	1,078.23	
Note 2.9 SHORT-TERM PROVISIONS			
Provision for employee benefits - unavailed leave		2.75	1.89
Provision for taxation	306.00	—	—
Less: Advance income tax	305.43	0.57	—
Provision for proposed dividend		127.86	230.15
Provision for tax on proposed dividend		20.74	38.22
Provision for wealth tax		0.72	—
	152.64	270.26	

(₹ in lacs)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2.10 FIXED ASSETS

Tangible Assets

Particulars	GROSS BLOCK				AMORTISATION			NET CARRYING AMOUNT		
	Cost as on 01.04.2011	Additions during the year	Sale/disposal during the year	Total as on 31.03.2012	Upto 01.04.2011	For the year	Disposal/ Deduction during the year	Up to 31.03.2012	As on 31.03.2012	As on 31.03.2011
Land	147.10	–	–	147.10	–	–	–	–	147.10	147.10
Buildings	222.31	143.20	–	365.51	30.50	10.26	–	40.76	324.75	191.81
Plant & Equipment	1,242.31	69.70	3.69	1,308.32	423.96	109.82	1.83	531.95	776.37	818.35
Furniture & Fixtures	263.15	11.71	–	274.86	59.09	17.07	–	76.16	198.70	204.06
Vehicle	154.00	24.27	17.43	160.84	20.56	15.14	7.23	28.47	132.37	133.44
Other Equipment	2,834.49	342.62	2.56	3,174.55	1,755.85	264.91	0.60	2,020.16	1,154.39	1,078.64
Total	4,863.36	591.50	23.68	5,431.18	2,289.96	417.20	9.66	2,697.50	2,733.68	2,573.40
Previous Year	3,712.12	1,214.05	62.81	4,863.36	1,982.64	346.78	39.46	2,289.96	2,573.40	–

Intangible Assets

Particulars	GROSS BLOCK				AMORTISATION			NET CARRYING AMOUNT		
	Cost as on 01.04.2011	Additions during the year	Sale/disposal during the year	Total as on 31.03.2012	Upto 01.04.2011	For the year	Disposal/ Deduction during the year	Up to 31.03.2012	As on 31.03.2012	As on 31.03.2011
Computer Software	75.83	5.93	–	81.76	42.78	13.01	–	55.79	25.97	33.05
Total	75.83	5.93	–	81.76	42.78	13.01	–	55.79	25.97	33.05
Previous Year	53.04	22.79	–	75.83	27.61	15.17	–	42.78	33.05	–

Notes to Financial Statements

		(₹ in lacs)	
As at 31 March,	2012	2011	
Note 2.11 LONG-TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES			
(Unsecured, considered good)			
Capital advances	54.29	202.87	
Security deposits	63.93	97.93	
Other loans & advances			
– Advance wealth tax	0.97	–	
– Advance income tax	687.06	750.50	
Less: Provision for taxation	544.18	729.80	20.70
– Prepaid expenses	0.47	–	
	262.54	321.50	
Note 2.12 OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Fixed deposits with banks *	10.76	10.56	
(Non current portion with original maturity period of more than 12 months)			
Export benefit receivable	6.83	6.54	
Interest accrued but not due	1.26	0.61	
* Lodged with government authorities ₹ 0.45 (PY 0.25)			
	18.85	17.71	
Note 2.13 INVENTORIES*			
(At lower of cost and net realisable value)			
Raw materials	3,197.86	3,050.53	
Goods in transit	2.94	–	3,050.53
Work-in-progress		90.98	47.68
Finished goods	794.10	772.60	
Goods in transit	–	794.10	150.47
Stock-in-trade		2,215.82	2,647.19
* Includes materials lying with other parties			
	6,301.70	6,668.47	
Note 2.14 TRADE RECEIVABLES			
(Unsecured, considered good)			
Trade receivables outstanding for a period exceeding six months from due date	99.07	97.38	
Other trade receivables	3,228.23	2,098.43	
	3,327.30	2,195.81	
Note 2.15 CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
Cash and cash equivalents			
Balance with banks			
– In current accounts	2.77	3.28	
Cash on hand	8.20	8.10	11.38
Other bank balances			
Earmarked balances			
– Unpaid dividend accounts	11.60	10.75	
	22.57	22.13	


Notes to Financial Statements

(₹ in lacs)

As at 31 March,	2012	2011
Note 2.16 SHORT-TERM LOANS AND ADVANCES		
(Unsecured, considered good).		
Security deposits	35.95	–
Other loans and advances		
– Advances to suppliers and others	332.54	274.44
– Advance income tax	–	136.93
Less: Provision for taxation	–	124.00
– Prepaid expenses	49.97	203.18
	418.46	490.55
Note 2.17 OTHER CURRENT ASSETS		
Claims receivable	0.09	0.93
Taxes and duties refundable	34.74	38.67
	34.83	39.60

(₹ in lacs)

For the year ended 31 March	2012	2011
Note 2.18 REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS		
Sale of goods (Gross)		
Pens	19,828.81	18,113.50
Refills	2,612.49	2,742.45
Others	4,726.73	3,963.96
	27,168.03	24,819.91
Less: Excise duty	67.31	5.46
Net sales of goods	27,100.72	24,814.45
Other operating revenues		
– Scrap sales	12.44	30.16
– Export benefit received	385.17	369.15
– Gain on exchange fluctuation	–	150.33
– Commission received on highseas sales	6.56	404.17
	404.17	0.68
Revenue from operations (Net)	27,504.89	25,364.77
Note 2.19 OTHER INCOMES		
Interest income (Gross)		
– Fixed deposits with banks	0.87	0.63
– Income tax refund	0.02	–
– Others	0.18	3.42
Other non operating income		
Insurance claim	1.71	2.14
Miscellaneous income	11.88	33.32
	14.66	39.51

			
Notes to Financial Statements			
(₹ in lacs)			
For the year ended 31 March	2012	2011	
Note 2.20 COST OF MATERIALS CONSUMED			
Plastic powder	2,067.89	2,276.52	
Ink	829.96	727.88	
Tips	1,251.49	1,454.46	
Others	3,182.69	2,680.31	
	7,332.03	7,139.17	
Note 2.21 PURCHASE OF STOCK IN TRADE			
Pens	8,578.51	8,458.14	
Refills	553.00	477.82	
Others	2,574.20	2,470.00	
	11,705.71	11,405.96	
Note 2.22 (INCREASE)/DECREASE IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK IN PROGRESS AND STOCK IN TRADE			
Finished goods			
Opening stock	923.07	786.56	
Less: Closing stock	794.10	923.07	(136.51)
Work in progress			
Opening stock	47.68	46.85	
Less: Closing stock	90.98	47.68	(0.83)
Stock in trade			
Opening stock	2,647.19	1,554.53	
Less: Closing stock	2,215.83	2,647.19	(1,092.66)
Add/(Less): Excise duty and cess on stock *	(15.40)	(6.63)	(6.63)
	532.43	(1,223.37)	
* The amount of excise duty and cess on stock represents difference in excise duty and cess on opening and closing stock			
Note 2.23 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE			
Salaries and wages	1,367.94	1,079.72	
Contribution to provident and other funds	79.66	73.34	
Staff welfare expenses	79.87	62.05	
	1,527.47	1,215.11	
Note 2.24 FINANCE COSTS			
Interest expense			
– On long term borrowings	1.56	22.15	
– On short term borrowings	345.47	154.05	
– On others	17.47	17.23	193.43
Other borrowing costs		13.54	14.63
	378.04		208.06

Notes to Financial Statements

(₹ in lacs)

For the year ended 31 March	2012	2011
Note 2.25 OTHER EXPENSES		
Consumption of stores and spares	52.65	50.82
Power and fuel	163.54	152.78
Processing charges	807.20	1,036.53
Rent	212.61	167.49
Repairs		
Building	0.52	1.03
Machinery	9.85	10.60
Others	16.24	19.51
Insurance	43.17	24.44
Rates and taxes	12.61	12.94
Payment to auditor		
– For statutory audit	2.87	2.87
– For tax audit	0.55	0.55
– For other services (limited review, certification etc)	2.77	1.31
Director sitting fees	1.70	1.70
Travelling & conveyance	301.31	297.43
Postage, telegram & telephone	69.92	67.00
Freight & transportation	413.42	358.30
Advertisement expenses	1,280.35	847.59
Sales promotion expenses	267.34	520.68
Incentives on sales	207.21	298.75
Commission on Sales	48.22	58.81
Discount allowed	616.67	567.98
Rebate, claim & other expenses	475.85	403.29
Loss on sale of fixed assets	6.77	1.70
Net loss on foreign currency transactions and translations	15.92	–
Miscellaneous expenses	365.18	311.81
	5,394.44	5,215.91

(₹ in lacs)

As at 31 March,	2012	2011
Note 2.26 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS (TO THE EXTENT NOT PROVIDED FOR)		
a) Contingent liabilities:		
Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts:		
Income Tax demands under appeal	524.57	621.52
Income Tax paid against demands	115.00	50.00

The amounts shown in (a) above represent the best possible estimates arrived at on the basis of available information. The uncertainties and timing of the cash flows are dependent on the outcome of the different legal processes which have been invoked by the Company or the claimants as the case may be and therefore cannot be estimated accurately.

In the opinion of the management, no provision is considered necessary for the disputes mentioned above on the grounds that there are fair chances of successful outcome of appeals.

Notes to Financial Statements

The Company does not expect any reimbursements in respect of the above contingent liabilities.

(₹ in lacs)

As at 31 March,	2012	2011
b) Commitments:		
i) Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	127.73	474.07
ii) Advance paid against above	53.72	202.86

Note 2.27

The amount due to Micro and Small Enterprises as defined in the 'The Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006' has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

The disclosures relating to Micro and Small Enterprises are as under:

(₹ in lacs)

Sl No.	Description	2012	2011
i)	The principal amount remaining overdue for payment to suppliers as at the end of accounting year *	154.04	257.16
ii)	The interest due thereon remaining unpaid to suppliers as at the end of accounting year	Nil	Nil
iii)	The amount of interest paid in terms of Section 16, along with the amount of payment made to the suppliers beyond the appointed day during the year	Nil	Nil
iv)	The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under this Act	Nil	Nil
v)	The amount of interest accrued during the year and remaining unpaid at the end of the accounting year *	Nil	Nil
vi)	The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the Micro and Small Enterprises	Nil	Nil

* Included in the line item 'Total outstanding dues of Micro and Small Enterprises' under Note No. 2.7.

Note 2.28 SEGMENT REPORTING

The business of the Company falls under a single segment i.e. 'Writing Instruments and Stationeries' therefore the disclosure requirements as per Accounting Standard 17 'Segment Reporting' are not applicable to the Company.

Note 2.29 EARNINGS PER SHARE

	2012	2011
The numerator and denominator used to calculate Basic/ Diluted Earnings per Share		
a) Amount used as the numerator Profit after tax (₹ in lacs)	169.62	839.97
b) Basic/Diluted weighted average number of Equity shares used as the denominator (Nos. in lacs)	127.86	127.86
c) Nominal value of equity shares (₹)	10	10
d) Basic/Diluted earnings per share (a/b) (₹)	1.33	6.57

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2.30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Related party disclosure as per Accounting Standard 18 for the year ended 31 March, 2012 are given below:

I) Names and description of relationship of related parties as on 31 March, 2012:

Related Party Relationship

Associates :

Linc Retail Ltd.	Associate
------------------	-----------

Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) :

Deepak Jalan	Managing Director
Prakash Jalan	Director
Aloke Jalan	Whole Time Director

Enterprises in which KMP and their relatives have substantial interest :

Linc Marketing Services (Goa)	Proprietorship Concerns owned by
Linc Engineering	Smt. Bindu Jalan wife of
S.M. Homes	Director
Linc Writing Aids Pvt. Ltd.	Substantial interest of the relatives of Managing Director and Whole Time Director
Linc Property Developers Ltd.	Substantial interest of the Director

Relatives of KMP :

Mr. Deepak Jalan	Deepak Jalan (HUF) Mr. Deepak Jalan is karta of HUF Mr. S.M. Jalan (Father) Mrs. Bimla Devi Jalan (Mother) Ms. Divya Jalan (Daughter)
Mr. Prakash Jalan	Mr. S.M. Jalan (Father) Mrs. Bimla Devi Jalan (Mother)
Mr. Aloke Jalan	Aloke Jalan (HUF) Mr. Aloke Jalan is karta of HUF Mrs. Shobha Jalan (Wife) Mr. S.M. Jalan (Father) Mrs. Bimla Devi Jalan (Mother)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2.30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Contd.)

II) Details of transactions with related parties (₹ in lacs)

Description	Associates (A)	Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)	Enterprises in which KMP and their relatives have substantial Interest	Relatives of KMP (R)	Total
Purchase of goods					
Linc Writing Aids Pvt. Ltd.	– (–)	– (–)	1025.49 (127.20)	– (–)	1025.49 (127.20)
Linc Retail Ltd.	0.87 (–)	– (–)	– (–)	– (–)	0.87 (–)
Sale of goods					
Linc Retail Ltd.	– (83.63)	– (–)	– (–)	– (–)	– (83.63)
Linc Writing Aids Pvt. Ltd.	– (–)	– (–)	1270.04 (2,331.87)	– (–)	1270.04 (2,331.87)
Receiving of services (Remuneration)					
Mr. Deepak Jalan	– (–)	50.55 (50.48)	– (–)	– (–)	50.55 (50.48)
Mr. Prakash Jalan	– (–)	– (0.70)	– (–)	– (–)	– (0.70)
Mr. Alope Jalan	– (–)	40.47 (40.87)	– (–)	– (–)	40.47 (40.87)
Receiving of services (Others)					
Linc Writing Aids Pvt. Ltd.	– (–)	– (–)	12.72 (12.72)	– (–)	12.72 (12.72)
Mr. Prakash Jalan	– (–)	0.72 (0.72)	– (–)	– (–)	0.72 (0.72)
Ms. Divya Jalan	– (–)	– (–)	– (–)	3.15 (2.23)	3.15 (2.23)
M/s. Deepak Jalan (HUF)	– (–)	– (–)	– (–)	4.14 (4.14)	4.14 (4.14)
Mrs. Shobha Jalan	– (–)	– (–)	– (–)	13.10 (9.96)	13.10 (9.96)
M/s. Alope Jalan (HUF)	– (–)	– (–)	– (–)	12.18 (9.60)	12.18 (9.60)
Dividend paid to shareholders					
Mr. Deepak Jalan	– (–)	14.01 (13.08)	– (–)	– (–)	14.01 (13.08)
Mr. Prakash Jalan	– (–)	0.22 (0.22)	– (–)	– (–)	0.22 (0.22)
Mr. Alope Jalan	– (–)	14.17 (14.17)	– (–)	– (–)	14.17 (14.17)

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2.30 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Contd.)

II) Details of transactions with related parties (Contd.)

(₹ in lacs)

Description	Associates (A)	Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)	Enterprises in which KMP and their relatives have substantial Interest	Relatives of KMP (R)	Total
Guarantees (Given for the loans obtained by the Company)					
Mr. Deepak Jalan	– (–)	4,781.00 (4,165.00)	– (–)	– (–)	4,781.00 (4,165.00)
Mr. Alope Jalan	– (–)	4,781.00 (4,165.00)	– (–)	– (–)	4,781.00 (4,165.00)
Linc Writing Aids Pvt. Ltd.	– (–)	– (–)	4,781.00 (4,165.00)	– (–)	4,781.00 (4,165.00)
Balance outstanding					
a) Accounts receivable					
Linc Retail Ltd.	156.96 (169.15)	– (–)	– (–)	– (–)	156.96 (169.15)
Linc Writing Aids Pvt. Ltd.	– (–)	– (–)	287.57 (162.05)	– (–)	287.57 (162.05)
Linc Property Developers Ltd.	– (–)	– (–)	– (0.25)	– (–)	– (0.25)
b) Amount outstanding against guarantees given for loans obtained by the Company					
Mr. Deepak Jalan	– (–)	4,252.91 (4,135.47)	– (–)	– (–)	4,252.91 (4,135.47)
Mr. Alope Jalan	– (–)	4,252.91 (4,135.47)	– (–)	– (–)	4,252.91 (4,135.47)
Linc Writing Aids Pvt. Ltd.	– (–)	– (–)	4,252.91 (4,135.47)	– (–)	4,252.91 (4,135.47)

III) No amount has been written back/written off during the year in respect of due to/from related parties.

IV) The amount due from related parties are good and hence no provision for doubtful debts in respect of dues from such related parties is required.

V) The transactions with related parties have been entered at an amount, which are not materially different from that on normal commercial terms.

VI) Figures in brackets pertain to previous year.

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2.31 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

As per Accounting Standard-15, the disclosures of Employee Benefits as defined in the Accounting Standard are as follows:

a) Defined contribution plan:

Employee benefits in the form of Provident Fund and Employee State Insurance Scheme are considered as defined contribution plan and the contributions are made in accordance with the relevant statute and are recognised as an expense when employees have rendered service entitling them to the contributions. The contribution to defined contribution plan, recognised as expense for the year is as under:

	(₹ in lacs)	
Defined contribution plan	2012	2011
Employers' contribution to Provident Fund	67.86	50.93
Employers' contribution to Employee State Insurance Scheme	26.37	19.50
Total	94.23	70.43

b) Post employment and other long-term employee benefits in the form of gratuity and leave- encashment are considered as defined benefit obligation. The present value of obligation is determined based on actuarial valuation using projected unit credit method as at the Balance Sheet date. The amount of defined benefits recognised in the Balance Sheet represents the present value of the obligation as adjusted for unrecognised past service cost, and as reduced by the fair value of plan assets.

Any asset resulting from this calculation is limited to the discounted value of any economic benefits available in the form of refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. The amount recognised in the Profit and Loss account for the year ended 31st March, 2012 in respect of Employees Benefit Schemes based on actuarial reports as on 31st March, 2012 is as follows:

		(₹ in lacs)	
		2012	2011
		Gratuity (Funded)	Leave encashment (Unfunded)
		Gratuity (Funded)	Leave encashment (Unfunded)
I.	Components of employer expense:		
1.	Current service cost	9.49	13.78
2.	Past service cost	—	—
3.	Interest cost	4.27	4.04
4.	Expected return on plan asset	(6.66)	—
5.	Actuarial gain/loss recognised in the year	4.70	16.06
6.	Net expense/(Income) recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss Account	11.80	33.88
II.	Change in present value of defined benefit obligation:		
1.	Present value of defined benefit obligation at the beginning of the year	52.46	60.64
2.	Interest cost	4.27	4.04
3.	Current service cost	9.49	13.78
4.	Plan amendments cost/(credit)	—	—
5.	Actuarial gain/(losses)	4.08	16.06
6.	Benefit payments	(3.29)	(25.09)
7.	Present value of obligation at the end of the year	67.01	69.43

Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2.31 EMPLOYEE BENEFITS (Contd.)

		(₹ in lacs)			
		2012		2011	
		Gratuity (Funded)	Leave encashment (Unfunded)	Gratuity (Funded)	Leave encashment (Unfunded)
III.	Change in fair value of plan assets during the year ended 31st March, 2012:				
1.	Plan assets at the beginning of the year	67.41	–	53.41	–
2.	Expected return on plan assets	6.66	–	5.39	–
3.	Actual company contribution	13.99	25.09	21.39	9.22
4.	Actuarial gain/(losses)	(0.62)	–	(2.39)	–
5.	Benefit payments	(3.29)	(25.09)	(10.39)	(9.22)
6.	Plan assets at the end of the year	84.15	–	67.41	–
IV.	Net asset/(liability) recognised in the Balance Sheet as at 31st March, 2012:				
1.	Present value of defined benefit obligation	67.01	69.43	52.46	60.64
2.	Fair value on plan assets	84.15	–	67.41	–
3.	Funded status (surplus/deficit)	17.14	(69.43)	14.95	(60.64)
4.	Net asset/(liability) recognised in Balance Sheet	17.14	(69.43)	14.95	(60.64)
V	Actuarial assumptions				
1	Discount rate (per annum)	8.80 %	8.80%	8.50 %	8.50%
2.	Expected return on plan assets (per annum)	9.15 %	–	9.15 %	–
3.	Salary increases	5.50 %	5.50%	5.50 %	5.50%
4.	Retirement/Superannuation age	58	58	58	58
5.	Mortality	LIC (1994 - 96)		LIC (1994 - 96)	

VI. Basis used to determine the Expected Rate of Return on Plan Assets:

The basis used to determine overall expected rate of return on plan assets is based on the current portfolio of assets, investment strategy and market scenario. In order to protect the capital and optimise returns within acceptable risk parameters, the plan assets are well diversified.

VII. Basis of estimates of rate of escalation in salary

The estimates of rate of escalation in salary considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors including supply and demand in the employment market. The above information is certified by LIC.

VIII. Disclosure related to previous years :

		Leave encashment (Unfunded)			Gratuity (Funded)		
		2010	2009	2008	2010	2009	2008
As at 31st March,							
1.	Present value of defined benefit obligation	(42.42)	(31.61)	(20.40)	(37.44)	(29.37)	(23.71)
2.	Fair value on plan assets	–	–	–	53.41	47.63	38.81
3.	Funded status (surplus/deficit)	(42.42)	(31.61)	(20.40)	15.97	18.26	15.10

IX Other disclosures

- The Gratuity and Provident Fund expenses have been recognised under 'Contribution to provident and other funds' and Leave Encashment under 'Salaries and wages' under Note no. 2.23.
- Experience adjustment arising on plan liabilities and plan assets for the previous four annual period is not available and therefore, not disclosed.

 		
Notes to Financial Statements		
Note 2.32 INTANGIBLE ASSETS		
The unamortised amount of computer software (Acquired) ₹ 25.97 lacs is to be amortised equally in the coming years as given hereunder:		
	(₹ in lacs)	
Particulars	Amount	Year
Computer software	5.92	Four
Computer software	13.67	Three
Computer software	2.83	Two
Computer software	3.55	One
Note 2.33 DISCLOSURE UNDER CLAUSE 32 OF THE LISTING AGREEMENT:		
There are no transactions which are required to be disclosed under Clause 32 of the Listing Agreement with the stock exchanges where the equity shares of the Company are listed.		
Note 2.34		
Sundry debtors includes ₹ nil (Previous Year ₹ 7.58 lacs) under litigation.		
Note 2.35		
The previous year's figures have been reworked, regrouped, rearranged and reclassified wherever necessary as required by Revised Schedule VI. Amounts and other disclosures for the preceding year are included as an integral part of the current year financial statements and are to be read in relation to the amounts and other disclosures relating to the current year.		
Note 2.36 CONSUMPTION OF MATERIALS		
	(₹ in lacs)	
Particulars	Amount ₹	Percentage
Imported	544.04	7.42%
	(1,652.00)	(23.14%)
Indigeneous	6,787.99	92.58%
	(5,487.17)	(76.86%)
Total	7,332.03	100.00%
Total (Previous Year)	(7,139.17)	(100.00%)
Note 2.37 CONSUMPTION OF SPARE PARTS *		
	(₹ in lacs)	
Particulars	Amount ₹	Percentage
Imported	7.38	14.02%
	(4.43)	(8.72%)
Indigeneous	45.27	85.98%
	(46.39)	(91.28%)
Total	52.65	100.00%
Total (Previous Year)	(50.82)	(100.00%)
* Spare parts includes store items also.		
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Notes to Financial Statements

Note 2.38 VALUE OF IMPORTS ON C.I.F. BASIS

(₹ in lacs)		
Particulars	2012	2011
Raw Materials, Components	524.52	1,554.92
Trading Goods	2,384.84	2,615.15
Capital Goods	374.11	525.19
Spares	6.13	3.02

Note 2.39 EXPENDITURE IN FOREIGN CURRENCY

(₹ in lacs)		
I) Bank Interest & Commission	9.96	9.21
II) Travelling	20.67	20.95
III) Exhibition Expenses	22.83	18.32
IV) Commission on Exports	7.98	24.59
V) Product Designing, Testing Charges & Others	14.68	15.66

Note 2.40 EARNINGS IN FOREIGN CURRENCY

(₹ in lacs)		
Exports on FOB Basis	6,643.73	5,479.50

Note 2.41 FIGURES IN BRACKETS REPRESENTS FIGURES FOR THE PREVIOUS YEARS.


As per our report of even date attached

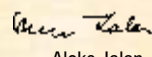
For **G. P. Agrawal & Co.**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302082E

(CA. Ajay Agrawal)
Membership No. 17643
Partner

7A, Kiran Shankar Ray Road
Kolkata - 700 001
The 28th day of May, 2012

For and on behalf of the Board


Deepak Jalan
Managing Director


Aloke Jalan
Whole Time Director


N. K. Dujari
G.M.- Finance &
Company Secretary

Cash Flow Statement

	(₹ in lacs)	
For the year ended 31 March	2012	2011
A. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES :		
Net profit before tax	219.22	1,081.50
Adjustments for		
Depreciation	430.21	361.95
(Profit) / Loss on sale/ Discard of Fixed Assets	6.77	1.70
Interest Income	(1.07)	(4.06)
Unrealised loss/(gain) on foreign exchange fluctuation (Net)	(45.97)	2.39
Finance cost	378.04	193.42
Operating profit before working capital changes	987.20	1,636.90
(Increase) / Decrease in Trade receivables	(1,107.84)	(214.19)
(Increase) / Decrease in Inventories	366.77	(1,914.29)
(Increase) / Decrease in Long Term Loans & Advances	182.11	(112.87)
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Non Current Assets	(0.29)	(6.54)
(Increase) / Decrease in Short Term Loans & Advances	59.15	72.75
(Increase) / Decrease in Other Current Assets	4.77	3.05
Increase / (Decrease) in Long Term Provisions	7.93	16.33
Increase / (Decrease) in Trade Payables	644.40	465.00
Increase / (Decrease) in Other Current Liabilities	146.09	(24.80)
Increase / (Decrease) in Short Term Provisions	0.86	1.89
Cash generated from operations	1,291.15	(76.77)
Less: Direct taxes paid	154.60	404.71
Net Cash Generated / Used ~ Operating Activities	1,136.55	(481.48)
B. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES :		
Addition to Fixed Assets (Including Intangibles)	(648.52)	(1,159.75)
Sale of fixed assets	7.25	21.64
Fixed Deposit with Banks	(0.20)	11.75
Interest Received	0.42	5.34
	(641.05)	(1,121.02)
Net Cash Generated / Used – Investing Activities	(641.05)	(1,121.02)

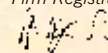
Cash Flow Statement (Contd.)

(₹ in lacs)

For the year ended 31 March	2012	2011
C. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds /(Repayment) of Long term borrowings	(94.90)	32.12
Proceeds /(Repayment) of Short term borrowings (Net)	238.28	2,026.27
Interest Paid	(384.46)	(201.16)
Other borrowing cost	13.54	14.63
Dividend Paid	(230.15)	(230.15)
Dividend Tax Paid	(38.22)	(39.11)
Net Cash Generated / Used – Financing Activities	(495.91)	1,602.60
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(0.41)	0.10
Cash and cash equivalents -Opening balance	11.38	11.28
	10.97	11.38
Cash and cash equivalents - Closing balance (Refer note no. 2.15)	10.97	11.38
Notes :		
1) The above cash flow statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Accounting Standard - 3 on Cash Flow Statement as specified in Companies (Accounting Standard) Rules 2006.		
2) Figures in bracket represent cash outflow.		
3) Additions to Fixed Assets include movement of Capital Work-in-Progress during the year.		
4) Cash and cash equivalent at the end of the year consist of:		
As at 31 March,	2012	2011
a) Cash on hand	8.20	8.10
b) Balances with Scheduled Banks in Current Accounts	2.77	3.28
	10.97	11.38

This is the Cash Flow Statement referred to in our report of even date.

For **G. P. Agrawal & Co.**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration No. 302082E

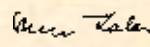


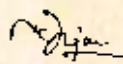
(CA. Ajay Agrawal)
Membership No.17643
Partner

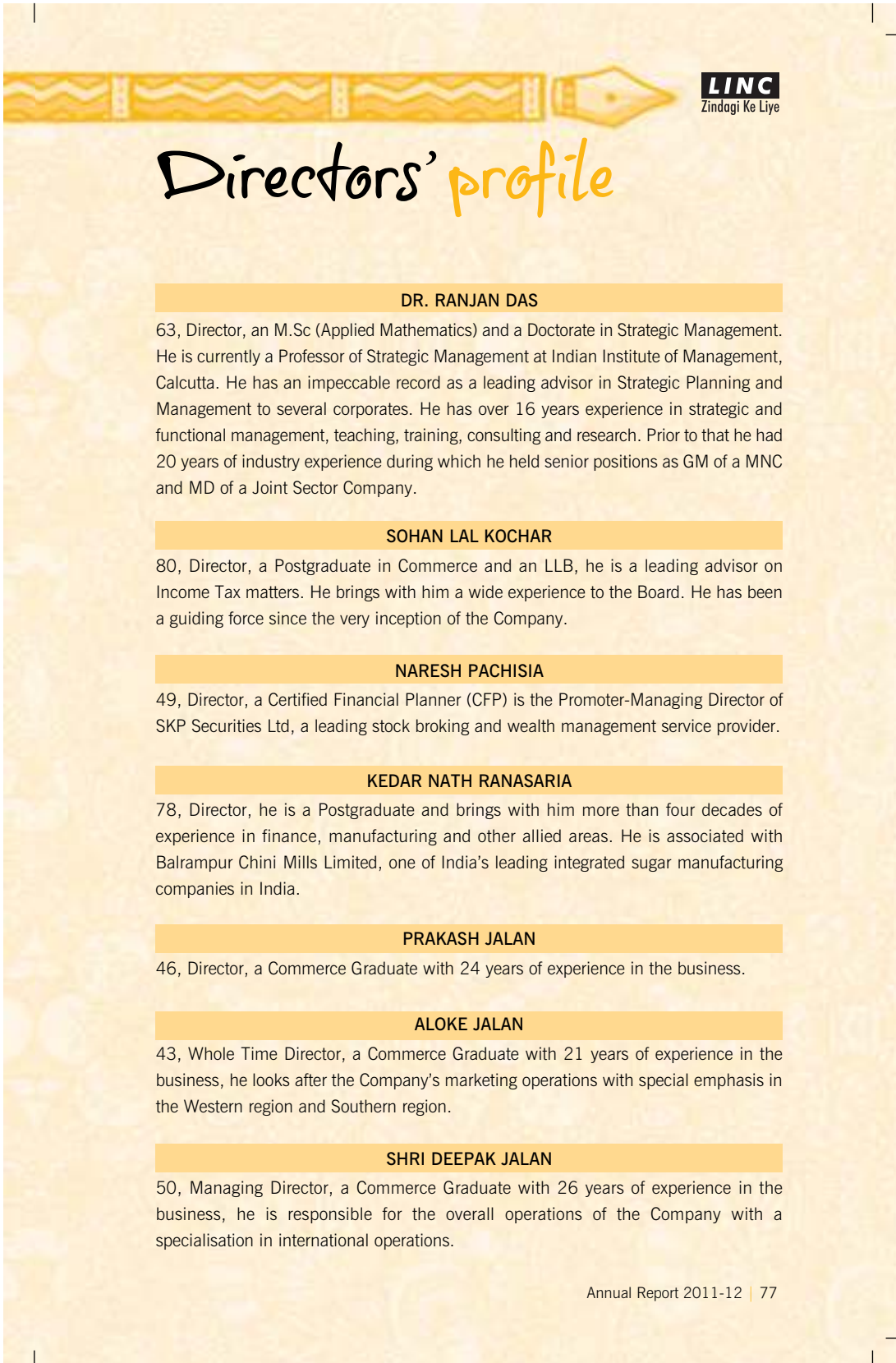
7A, Kiran Shankar Ray Road
Kolkata - 700 001
The 28th day of May, 2012


Deepak Jalan
Managing Director

For and on behalf of the Board


Aloke Jalan
Whole Time Director


N. K. Dujari
G.M.- Finance &
Company Secretary



Directors' profile

DR. RANJAN DAS

63, Director, an M.Sc (Applied Mathematics) and a Doctorate in Strategic Management. He is currently a Professor of Strategic Management at Indian Institute of Management, Calcutta. He has an impeccable record as a leading advisor in Strategic Planning and Management to several corporates. He has over 16 years experience in strategic and functional management, teaching, training, consulting and research. Prior to that he had 20 years of industry experience during which he held senior positions as GM of a MNC and MD of a Joint Sector Company.

SOHAN LAL KOCHAR

80, Director, a Postgraduate in Commerce and an LLB, he is a leading advisor on Income Tax matters. He brings with him a wide experience to the Board. He has been a guiding force since the very inception of the Company.

NARESH PACHISIA

49, Director, a Certified Financial Planner (CFP) is the Promoter-Managing Director of SKP Securities Ltd, a leading stock broking and wealth management service provider.

KEDAR NATH RANASARIA

78, Director, he is a Postgraduate and brings with him more than four decades of experience in finance, manufacturing and other allied areas. He is associated with Balrampur Chini Mills Limited, one of India's leading integrated sugar manufacturing companies in India.

PRAKASH JALAN

46, Director, a Commerce Graduate with 24 years of experience in the business.

ALOKE JALAN

43, Whole Time Director, a Commerce Graduate with 21 years of experience in the business, he looks after the Company's marketing operations with special emphasis in the Western region and Southern region.

SHRI DEEPAK JALAN

50, Managing Director, a Commerce Graduate with 26 years of experience in the business, he is responsible for the overall operations of the Company with a specialisation in international operations.

Five Year Financial Highlights

(₹ in Lacs)

Year	2011-12	2010-11	2009-10	2008-09	2007-08
Source of Funds					
Share Capital	1278.60	1278.60	1278.60	1278.60	800.03
Reserves & Surplus	3479.26	3458.25	2886.64	2316.39	2453.90
Networth	4757.86	4736.85	4165.24	3594.99	3253.93
Borrowings	4505.75	4354.98	2284.02	2979.02	3402.91
Funds Employed	9263.61	9091.83	6449.26	6574.01	6656.84
Operating Results					
Domestic Sales	20377.28	19264.24	16987.70	14814.67	13539.06
Exports	6723.44	5550.21	5218.16	3943.37	3861.44
Total Sales	27100.72	24814.45	22205.86	18758.04	17400.50
PBIDT	1027.47	1651.51	1631.99	1279.40	1180.31
Finance Cost	378.04	208.06	169.75	285.91	291.82
Depreciation	430.21	361.95	307.37	309.29	288.64
Profit before tax	219.22	1081.50	1154.87	684.20	599.85
Profit after tax	169.62	839.97	839.51	503.82	503.40
EPS	1.33	6.57	6.57	3.94	6.29
Cash EPS	4.69	9.40	8.97	6.36	9.90
Dividend %	10	18	18	15	15
Networth per Share	37.21	37.05	32.58	28.12	40.67



Performance in US\$

(In million - US\$)

Year	1011-12	2010-11	2009-10
Source of Funds			
Share Capital	2.50	2.86	2.83
Reserves & Surplus	6.81	7.74	6.40
Networth	9.31	10.60	9.23
Borrowings	8.81	9.75	5.06
Funds Employed	18.12	20.35	14.29
Operating Results			
Domestic Sales	39.86	43.18	37.65
Exports	13.15	12.42	11.56
Total Sales	53.01	55.60	49.21
PBIDT	2.01	3.66	3.62
Finance Cost	0.74	0.43	0.38
Depreciation	0.84	0.81	0.68
Profit before tax	0.43	2.42	2.56
Profit after tax	0.33	1.88	1.86
Conversion Rate (INR per US\$)	51.12	44.69	45.13

Corporate Information

Board of Directors

Dr. Ranjan Das	Independent, Non-executive
Shri Sohan Lal Kochar	Independent, Non-executive
Shri Naresh Pachisia	Independent, Non-executive
Shri Kedar Nath Ranasaria	Independent, Non-executive
Shri Prakash Jalan	Non-executive
Shri Aloke Jalan	Whole Time Director
Shri Deepak Jalan	Managing Director

Company Secretary

N. K. Dujari

Registered Office

Satyam Towers,
3, Alipore Road, Kolkata - 700 027
Phone: (033) 30412100, 2479 0248
Fax: (033) 2479 0253
e-mail: investors@lincpen.com
website: www.lincpen.com

Works

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24 Pgns. (S), Pin - 743 513
West Bengal
Phone: (033) 2420 4275/76
Fax: (033) 2420 4441
e-mail: production@lincpen.com

Falta SEZ, Sector-II, Shed No.2
Falta, 24 Pgns(S), Pin - 743 504
West Bengal
Phone: (03174) 222 925

Auditors

G. P. Agrawal & Co.
Chartered Accountants
7A, Kiran Sankar Ray Road
Kolkata 700 001

Branch Offices

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Off Western Express Highway
Kandivali (East), Mumbai - 400 101
Phone: (022) 6692 4155 / 4255
Fax: (022) 6694 2963
e-mail: lincmumbai@lincpen.com

DELHI - B-34/10, G.T.K.Road
Industrial Area, New Delhi - 110 033
e-mail: lincdelhi@lincpen.com

NOIDA - NOIDA - D-42, Sector - 11
G.B.Nagar, Noida - 201 301, U.P.

PATNA - Shanti Niketan compound,
Fraser road, Near Times of India,
Patna - 800 001, Bihar

RANCHI - Rahul Complex
North Market Road, Upper Bazar
Ranchi - 834 001, Jharkand

INDORE - 45, Pandharinath Path
Indore - 452 004, Madhya Pradesh

Bankers

State Bank of India
IDBI Bank Ltd.
HDFC Bank Ltd.

LINC
Zindagi Ke Liye
www.lincpen.com

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