



August 26, 2026

BSE Limited

Phiroze Jeejeebhoy Towers,
Dalal Street, Mumbai – 400001

Scrip Code: **502873**

Dear Sir,

Sub: Annual Report - Regulation 34 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

Pursuant to Regulation 34 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, please find attached herewith Annual Report for the Financial Year 2025-26 along with the notice of Annual General Meeting.

The Annual Report for the financial year 2025-26 is uploaded on the website of the company at <https://www.hpthreads.com/annual-reports.php>.

You are requested to kindly take the same on your record.

Yours Faithfully,

For **H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited**

Shubham Jain

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Encl: As above



H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited

(A Government of India recognised Star Export House)

Corporate Office:

F-0, The Mira Corporate Suites,
1 & 2, Old Ishwar Nagar, Mathura Road,
New Delhi - 110065, India

www.hpthreads.com

T: +91 11 26927387, 49073415
+91 11 41540471/72/73
F: +91 11 49073410

E: info@hpthreads.com

Regd. Office & Works:

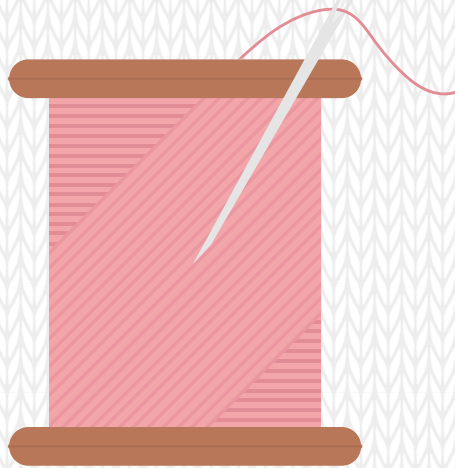
15 K.M. Stone, Delhi Road,
V.P.O Mayar, Hisar - 125 044,
Haryana, India

CIN NO. L18101HR1981PLC012274

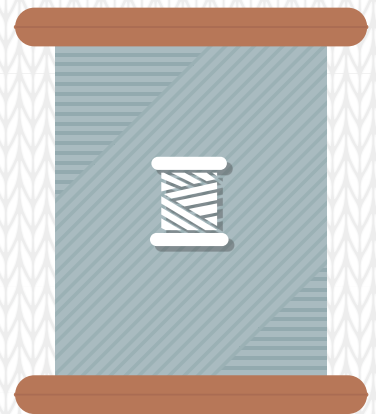


ISO 9001 : 2008

ANNUAL REPORT
2025-26



 **HP COTTON**
TEXTILE MILLS LTD



CONTENTS

01 CORPORATE OVERVIEW

- 01 Corporate Information
- 02 Board of Directors

02 STATUTORY REPORTS

- 05 Notice of the Annual General Meeting
- 22 Management Discussion and Analysis
- 25 Directors' Report

03 FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Standalone Financial Statements

- 44 Independent Auditor's Report
- 54 Standalone Balance Sheet
- 55 Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss
- 56 Standalone Cash Flow Statement
- 58 Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity
- 71 Notes to Standalone Financial Statements

Consolidated Financial Statements

- 106 Independent Auditor's Report
- 114 Consolidated Balance Sheet
- 115 Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss
- 116 Consolidated Cash Flow Statement
- 118 Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
- 132 Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements



To download or to read the report online, please log on to: www.hpthreads.com



Corporate Information

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal
(Chairman & Managing Director)

Mr. RaghavKumar Agarwal
(CEO & Executive Director)

Non-Executive Directors

Mrs. Ritu Bansal

Independent Directors

Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth
Mr. Siddharth Agrawal
Mr. Vikram Jhunjhunwala

Chief Financial Officer

Mr. RaghavKumar Agarwal

Company Secretary and Compliance Officer

Mr. Shubham Jain

REGISTRAR & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

Alankit Assignments Ltd.
Alankit House, 4E/2, Jhandewalan Extension,
New Delhi – 110055
Tel: +91 11 42541234
Fax: +91 11 23552001
Email: info@alankit.com
Website: www.alankit.com

STATUTORY AUDITORS

M/s D. Kothary & Co., Chartered Accountants
102-Ameya House, Next to Azad Nagar Metro
Station, Above Standard Chartered Bank,
Andheri (W), Mumbai - 400058

SECRETARIAL AUDITORS

M/s Tarun Jain & Associates
Company Secretaries
1001, Vikrant Tower, Rajendra Place,
New Delhi – 110008

BANKERS

State Bank of India

REGISTERED OFFICE

15th K.M. Stone, Delhi Road,
V.P.O. Mayar, Hisar 125044 (Haryana)
CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

CORPORATE OFFICE

F (0), The Mira Corporate Suites
1 & 2, Old Ishwar Nagar, Mathura Road,
New Delhi – 110065
Tel: +91 11 41540471/72/73
Fax: +91 11 49073410
E-mail: info@hpthreads.com
Website: www.hpthreads.com

Board of Directors



KAILASH KUMAR AGARWAL

Chairman and Managing Director

Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal holds Bachelor's Degree in Law (LL.B) from Delhi University and a Bachelor's Degree in Commerce from the University of Calcutta. He is a Founder Director and Promoter of H.P. Cotton. As one of the company's first directors, he has been associated with the organization for over four decades, guiding it through various challenges and milestones since its inception. He serves as the Chairman and Managing Director at H.P. Cotton, providing strategic leadership to the organization.



RAGHAVKUMAR AGARWAL

Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer & Chief Financial Officer

Mr. Raghav Kumar Agarwal holds a Bachelor's Degree in Management Science from Warwick Business School, University of Warwick, UK. He brings over two decades of extensive experience in the textile industry, with expertise in managing operational processes and implementing financial strategies. He serves as the Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer, and Chief Financial Officer of H.P. Cotton, overseeing the company's strategic, operational, and financial management.



VIKRAM SUMATILAL SHETH

Independent Director

Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth holds a Bachelor's degree in Engineering (Chemical Plant Engineering) from University of Mumbai and also holds a Master's degree in Management Studies (MMS) from NMIMS (University of Mumbai). He comes with more than three decades of experience in the financial services space. He has assisted corporates in raising funds of more than USD 3 billion in the form of equity/debt. His previous stints include working with ICICI Securities, Edelweiss, and Religare, where he held leadership positions for their investment banking practice. Over the past 11 years, he has played an instrumental role in building up a robust Investment Banking practice for NAFA Sustainable Finance Pvt Ltd. Over the last decade, he has also been involved in shaping the younger talent in colleges through his association with three Mumbai based colleges. He serves as an Independent Director on the Board of H.P. Cotton.

**RITU BANSAL**

Non-Executive Director

Mrs. Ritu Bansal is a Chartered Accountant by profession and holds a Bachelor's degree in Commerce (Hons.) from University of Delhi. She has more than two decades of experience in taxation and auditing. She also holds Certificate in Forensic Accounting & Fraud Detection (FAFD), Certificate in Concurrent Audit and Diploma in Information System Audit (DISA) issued by ICAI. She is also empanelled as a Peer Reviewer with the Peer Review Board of ICAI. She serves as a Non Executive Director on the Board of H.P. Cotton.

**SIDDHARTH AGRAWAL**

Independent Director

Mr. Siddharth Agrawal is an Advocate by profession and holds a Bachelor's degree in Bachelor of Business Administration and Bachelor of Laws (B.B.A LL.B) and also holds a masters in Law (L.L.M) from London School of Economics and Political Science (LSE), London. He has more than a decade of experience in arbitration, civil and commercial litigation. His practice encompasses advising and representing parties in international arbitration matters and in arbitration matters seated in India. He is a Partner with Dua Associates and has worked with various top law firms of India. He is also an Advocate-on-Record, Supreme Court of India and regularly appears before the Supreme Court of India, Delhi High Court and various Tribunals. He serves as an Independent Director on the Board of H.P. Cotton.

**VIKRAM JHUNJHUNWALA**

Independent Director

Mr. Vikram Jhunjhunwala holds a Bachelor's degree in Engineering (Mechanical) from Bangalore University and a Master's degree in Finance from New York University. He comes with more than three decades of experience in Banking & Financial Services. He has expertise in corporate finance, capital markets, and financial engineering and restructuring. He has previously worked with notable corporate houses such as ANZ Grindlays Bank, Coca-Cola India, Star TV, Ernst & Young and Reliance Industries. He serves as an Independent Director on the Board of H.P. Cotton.



Statutory Reports

H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274 | **ISIN:** INE950C01014 | **BSE SCRIP CODE:** 502873

Registered Office: 15th K.M. Stone, Delhi Road, V.P.O. Mayar, Hisar-125044

E-mail: info@hpthreads.com | **Tel:** +91 11 41540471/72/73 | **Fax:** +91 11 49073410 | **Website:** www.hpthreads.com

Notice of the Annual General Meeting

NOTICE is hereby given that the Forty-Fifth (45th) Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Members of H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited will be held on **Friday, the 18th day of September, 2026 at 12:30 PM IST** through Video Conferencing ("VC")/ Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") to transact the following businesses:

ORDINARY BUSINESSES:

1. To consider and adopt the audited standalone financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 and the report of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:**

"RESOLVED THAT the Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026 and the Reports of the Board of Directors and Auditors thereon, as circulated to the Members, be considered and adopted."

2. To consider and adopt the audited consolidated financial statements of the Company for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 and the report of Auditors thereon

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:**

"RESOLVED THAT the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026 and the Report of Auditors thereon, as circulated to the Members, be considered and adopted."

3. To appoint a director in place of Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal (DIN: 02836610), who retires by rotation and being eligible, seeks re-appointment

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as an **Ordinary Resolution:**

"RESOLVED THAT Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal (DIN: 02836610), who retires by rotation and being eligible for re-appointment, be re-appointed as a Director of the Company."

SPECIAL BUSINESSES:

4. To re-appoint Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth (DIN: 03349632) as an Independent Director of the Company

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution:**

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Sections 149, 150, 152 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (the 'Act') read with Schedule IV to the Act and the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014, applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations') including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force, other applicable laws, the Articles of Association of the Company and pursuant to the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Board of Directors, Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth (DIN: 03349632), who was appointed as an Independent Director of the Company by the Board of Directors of the Company on April 30, 2022 for a period of five years with effect from April 30, 2022 till April 29, 2027, and the Members of the Company on September 27, 2022, had, inter-alia, confirmed and approved the appointment of Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth as an Independent Director of the Company, and who holds office as an Independent Director upto April 29, 2027, and who has given his consent for re-appointment as an Non-Executive, Independent Director of the Company and has submitted the declaration(s) to the effect that he meets the criteria for independence as provided in Section 149(6) of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations and in respect of whom the Company has received a notice in writing under Section 160 of the Act from a member proposing his candidature for the office of Director and being eligible for re-appointment, be and is hereby re-

appointed as a Non-Executive, Independent Director, not liable to retire by rotation, and to hold office for a term of five (5) consecutive years, with effect from April 30, 2027 till April 29, 2032;

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorised to do all acts and take all such steps as may be necessary, proper or expedient to give effect to this resolution.”

5. To approve the revised remuneration of Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal (DIN: 02836610), Whole-Time Director designated as Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer & Chief Financial Officer of the Company for the remainder of the current term

To consider and if thought fit, to pass, with or without modification(s), the following resolution as a **Special Resolution**:

“**RESOLVED THAT** pursuant to the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 198 and 203 and other applicable provisions, if any, of the Companies Act, 2013 (‘Act’) read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and Schedule V to the Companies Act, 2013, applicable regulations of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (‘SEBI Listing Regulations’) including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment(s) thereof for the time being in force, other applicable laws, the Articles of Association of the Company, and on the recommendation of Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Audit Committee and Board of Directors, the consent of the Members of the Company be and is hereby accorded for revision in the remuneration of Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal (DIN: 02836610), who was re-appointed as Whole-Time Director for a period of 5 years w.e.f. May 30 2024 and designated as Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer & Chief Financial Officer of the Company, with such revised remuneration to be effective from December 01, 2026 for the remainder of his tenure upto May 29, 2029 on the terms and conditions including remuneration as detailed in the explanatory statement attached hereto;

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company (which shall be deemed to include the Nomination & Remuneration Committee of the Board of Directors) be authorized to do all such acts and take all such steps as it may consider necessary or desirable to give effect to this resolution and they

are further authorised to alter, vary, increase, enhance, widen and/or revise the remuneration as detailed in the explanatory statement attached hereto, as it may, in its absolute discretion and full liberty, deem fit and as may be acceptable to Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal, notwithstanding that the total Remuneration payable to him may exceed the overall ceiling of the total managerial remuneration as provided under Sections 197, 198 read with Schedule V and other applicable provisions of the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations;

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT notwithstanding anything contained herein, where in any financial year during the tenure of Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal has no profits or its profits are inadequate, the Company may pay to Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal the remuneration as detailed in the explanatory statement attached hereto and/or any revision in the remuneration as may be approved by the Board and/or the Nomination and Remuneration Committee in future during the currency of tenure of Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal, from time to time, as the minimum remuneration for the remainder of the tenure of Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal with effect from December 01, 2026 or such other period as may be statutorily permitted by way of salary, perquisites, performance pay, other allowances, commission and benefits as specified in the explanatory statement attached hereto;

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT for the purpose of giving effect to this resolution, any Director or the Company Secretary of the Company be authorized to do all acts, deeds, matters and things as they may in their absolute discretion deem necessary, proper or desirable and to settle any question, difficulty or doubt that may arise in this regard and to sign and execute all necessary document(s), application(s), return(s), form(s) and writings as may be necessary, proper, desirable or expedient.”

By Order of the Board of Directors

Shubham Jain

Company Secretary &
Compliance Officer

Membership Number: A49541

New Delhi
August 07, 2026

Registered office:

15th K.M. Stone, Delhi Road,
V.P.O. Mayar, Hisar – 125044
Email id: cs@hpthreads.com
Website: www.hpthreads.com
Tel: +91 11 41540471/72/73

NOTES:

1. Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") vide its General Circular No. 03/2025 dated September 22, 2025 read with circulars issued earlier on the subject ("MCA Circulars") and the applicable provisions of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"), have permitted companies to conduct the Annual General Meeting ("AGM"/"the meeting") through Video Conference ("VC") / Other Audio-Visual Means ("OAVM") subject to compliance of various conditions mentioned therein. In compliance with the aforesaid MCA Circulars, the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder, the 45th AGM of the Company is being convened and conducted through VC. The deemed venue for the AGM shall be the Registered Office of the Company.
2. Generally, a member entitled to attend and vote at the meeting is entitled to appoint a proxy to attend and vote on a poll instead of himself and the proxy need not be a member of the Company. Since this AGM is being held through VC / OAVM pursuant to the MCA Circulars, physical attendance of members has been dispensed with. Accordingly, the facility for appointment of proxies by the members will not be available for the AGM and hence the Proxy Form and Attendance Slip are not annexed hereto. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting.
3. An Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014, setting out the material facts and reasons for the resolutions in respect of the business set out above is annexed hereto.
4. The relevant details as required under Regulation 36(3) of SEBI Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings ("SS-2"), issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India, in respect of Directors seeking appointment/re-appointment at this AGM is also annexed as **Annexure-A**.
5. Since the AGM will be held through VC/ OAVM, the route map of the venue of the Meeting is not annexed hereto.
6. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI Listing Regulations (as amended), Secretarial Standards on General Meetings ("SS-2") issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India and MCA Circulars the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. For this purpose, the Company has entered into an agreement with Central Depository Services (India) Limited ("CDSL") for facilitating voting through electronic means, as the authorized e-Voting's agency. The facility of casting votes by a member using remote e-voting as well as the e-voting system during the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
7. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 30 minutes before and after the scheduled time of commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice. The facility of participation at the AGM through VC/OAVM will be made available to atleast 1000 members on first come first served basis. This will not include large Shareholders (Shareholders holding 2% or more shareholding), Promoters, Institutional Investors, Directors, Key Managerial Personnel, the Chairpersons of the Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Stakeholders Relationship Committee, Auditors etc. who are allowed to attend the AGM without restriction on account of first come first served basis.
8. The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of ascertaining the quorum under Section 103 of the Companies Act, 2013.
9. In case of joint holders attending the meeting, only such joint holder who is higher in the order of names will be entitled to vote at the Meeting.
10. The Voting rights of Members shall be in proportion to their shares of the paid-up Equity Share Capital of the Company as on Cut-off Date of **September 11, 2026**.
11. Institutional/Corporate members (i.e. other than individuals/HUF, NRI etc) are required to send a scanned copy (PDF/JPEG format) of its Board or Governing Body resolution/authorisation etc authorising its representative to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM on its behalf and to vote through remote e-voting pursuant to section 113 of the Act. The said resolution/authorisation shall be sent to the Company via email through its registered email address at cs@hphthreads.com with a copy to siroyam@gmail.com.

DISPATCH OF ANNUAL REPORT THROUGH ELECTRONIC MODE

12. In compliance with the MCA Circulars and Regulation 36 of SEBI Listing Regulations, the Notice of the AGM along with the Annual Report 2025-26 is being sent only through electronic mode to those Members whose email addresses are registered with the Company/Depositories. Member(s) may also note that the Notice of the Meeting and the Annual Report for FY 2025-26 will also be available on the Company's website at <http://www.hpthreads.com/annual-reports.php>, websites of the Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited at www.bseindia.com. The AGM Notice is also disseminated on the website of CDSL (agency for providing the Remote e-voting facility and e-voting system during the AGM) i.e. www.evotingindia.com.

Additionally, as per Regulation 36(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations, a letter providing the weblink, including the exact path, where complete details of the Annual Report are available, will be sent to those shareholder(s) who have not registered their email address with the Company/Depositories.

However, the Shareholders of the Company may request physical copy of the Annual Report from the Company by sending a request at cs@hpthreads.com, in case they wish to obtain the same.

13. For receiving all communication (including Annual Report) from the Company electronically:
- Members holding shares in dematerialised form are requested to register / update their e-mail address with the relevant Depository Participant.
 - Members holding shares in physical form are requested to follow the process set out in Note No. 38 in this Notice.

14. INTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDRES FOR REMOTE E-VOTING ARE AS UNDER:

- The voting period begins on **September 15, 2026 at 9:00 A.M. and ends on September 17, 2026 at 5:00 P.M.** During this period shareholders of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the cut-off date (record date) of **September 11, 2026** may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.

- Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public non-institutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.

(iv) Access through depositories CDSL/NSDL E-Voting system in case of Individual Shareholders holding shares in demat mode

In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/ CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by the Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to abovesaid SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL Depository	1) Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login to Easi / Easiest are requested to visit CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on Login icon and My Easi New (Token) Tab. 2) After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e-Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option, the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provider for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly. 3) If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at CDSL website www.cdslindia.com and click on login & My Easi New (Token) Tab and then click on registration option. 4) Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available on www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile & Email as recorded in the Demat Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e-Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL Depository	1) If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e-Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdl.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting. 2) If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online for IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/IdeasDirectReg.jsp 3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting 4) For OTP based login you can click on https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/evoting/evotinglogin.jsp. You will have to enter your 8-digit DP ID, 8-digit Client Id, PAN No., Verification code and generate OTP. Enter the OTP received on registered email id/mobile number and click on login. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk details
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911.
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with NSDL	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at : 022-4886 7000 and 022-2499 7000

(v) **Access through CDSL E-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode**

1. The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
2. Click on "Shareholders" module.
3. Now enter your User ID
 - a. For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
 - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
 - c. Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
4. Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
5. If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to www.evotingindia.com and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
6. If you are a first time user follow the steps given below:

For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat	
PAN	Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders) Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.
Dividend Bank Details	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.
OR	
Date of Birth (DOB)	If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.

- (vi) After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- (vii) Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- (viii) For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.
- (ix) Click on the EVSN of H.P. COTTON TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED on which you choose to vote.
- (x) On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- (xi) Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- (xii) After selecting the resolution you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- (xiii) Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- (xiv) You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- (xv) If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.

(xvi) There is also an optional provision to upload BR/ POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.

(xvii) **Additional facility for Non – Individual Shareholders and Custodians – For Remote Voting only**

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the “Corporates” module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password. The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
- It is Mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively, Non Individual shareholders are required mandatory to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; cs@hpthreads.com, if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL e-voting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL ADDRESSES ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE DEPOSITORIES FOR OBTAINING LOGIN CREDENTIALS FOR E-VOTING FOR THE RESOLUTIONS PROPOSED IN THIS NOTICE:

- a) **For Physical Shareholders** - Please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self-

attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self-attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, Alankit Assignments Limited (“RTA”) at rta@alankit.com.

- b) **For Demat shareholders** - Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP)
- c) **For Individual Demat shareholders** - Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING DURING THE AGM ARE AS UNDER:

15. The procedure for e-voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
16. Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-voting will be eligible to attend the AGM. However, they will not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
17. Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not casted their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-voting system available during the AGM.
18. If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders shall be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.
19. Members who are holding shares in physical form or who have not registered their email address with the Company / Depository or any person who acquires shares of the Company and becomes a Member of the Company after the Notice has been sent electronically by the Company, and holds shares as on the cut-off date, i.e. September 11, 2026, he/she may write to the CDSL on the E-mail ID: helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com. However, if a member is already registered with CDSL for e-voting then existing User ID and password can be used for casting vote.

INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM ARE AS UNDER:

20. The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for Remote e-voting.
21. Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
22. Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
23. Please note that Participants connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.

PROCEDURE TO RAISE QUESTIONS / SEEK CLARIFICATIONS

24. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance atleast 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at cs@hpthreads.com. Speakers are requested to submit their questions at the time of registration, to enable the Company to respond appropriately.
25. Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
26. The Company reserves the right to restrict the number of questions and number of speakers, depending upon availability of time as appropriate for smooth conduct of the AGM.
27. The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance 7 days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at cs@hpthreads.com. These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.

IEPF RELATED INFORMATION

28. Pursuant to Sections 124 and 125 of the Act read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("IEPF Rules"), dividends if not encashed for a

consecutive period of 7 years from the date of transfer to Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company, are liable to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF").

The shares in respect of such unclaimed dividends are also liable to be transferred to the demat account of the IEPF Authority. The said requirement does not apply to shares in respect of which there is a specific order of Court, Tribunal or Statutory Authority, restraining any transfer of the shares.

29. In the interest of the shareholders, the Company sends periodical reminders to the shareholders to claim their dividends in order to avoid transfer of dividends/shares to IEPF Authority. Notices in this regard are also published in the newspapers and the details of unclaimed dividends and shareholders whose shares are liable to be transferred to the IEPF Authority, are uploaded on the Company's website at <https://hpthreads.com/unclaimed-dividend-and-iepf.php>. The said details have also been uploaded on the website of the IEPF Authority and the same can be accessed through the link: www.iepf.gov.in.
30. Members are requested to contact the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent ("RTA"), Alankit Assignments Limited, Alankit House 4E/2, Jhandewalan Extension, New Delhi-110055, Tel: +91-11-4254 1234; Fax: +91-11-4254 1201; Email: rta@alankit.com and submit required documents to claim the unpaid/unclaimed dividend.

Due dates for transfer of unclaimed/unpaid dividends for the financial year 2018-19 and thereafter to IEPF:

FY ended	Declaration Date	Due Date
March 31, 2022	September 27, 2022	October 26, 2029

31. In light of the aforesaid provisions, the Company has, during the year under review, transferred to IEPF the unclaimed dividends outstanding for seven consecutive years of the Company. Further, shares of the Company, in respect of which dividend has not been claimed for seven consecutive years or more from the date of transfer to unpaid dividend account, have also been transferred to the demat account of IEPF Authority.

The details of unclaimed dividends and shares transferred to IEPF during the FY 2025-26 are as follows:

Financial Year	Amount of unclaimed dividend transferred (in ₹)	Number of shares transferred
March 31, 2018	169,434	16,705

32. The Members whose unclaimed dividends and/or shares have been transferred to IEPF may contact the RTA and submit the required documents for issue of Entitlement Letter. The Members can attach the Entitlement Letter and other required documents and file web Form IEPF-5 available on www.mca.gov.in for claiming the unclaimed dividends and/or shares transferred to IEPF after following the procedure prescribed therein.
38. Members are requested to intimate changes/updates, if any, about their name, postal address, e-mail address, telephone/ mobile numbers, PAN, power of attorney registration, bank details such as name of the bank and branch, bank account number, IFS Code etc.

GENERAL INFORMATION FOR SHAREHOLDERS

33. If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-voting from the CDSL e-voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09911.
34. All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, AVP, (CDSL) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatlal Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call toll free no. 1800 21 09911.
35. The Board of Directors of the Company has appointed Mr. Mukesh Siroya (Membership No. F5682; CoP No. 4157) Proprietor of M/s. M Siroya and Company, Practicing Company Secretaries or failing him Ms. Bhavyata Acharya (Membership No. A25734; CoP No. 21758), Practicing Company Secretary, as Scrutiniser to scrutinise the remote e-voting process and voting during the AGM in a fair and transparent manner and they have communicated their willingness to be appointed and will be available for the said purpose.
36. The voting results declared along with the report of the scrutinizer shall be placed on the Company's website and communicated to the Stock exchange immediately after the declaration of result by the Chairman or a person authorised by him in writing.
37. The Register of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel and their shareholding, maintained under Section 170 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Register of Contracts and arrangements in which directors are interested maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the relevant documents referred to in the Notice, will be available electronically for inspection by the members during the AGM. All documents referred to in the Notice will also be available electronically for inspection without any fee by the members from the date of circulation of this Notice up to the date of AGM. Members seeking to inspect such documents can send an email to cs@hpthreads.com.
- a) For shares held in dematerialised form to their Depository Participant for making necessary changes.
- b) For shares held in physical form by submitting to the RTA, in prescribed Form ISR-1, quoting their folio number and enclosing the self-attested supporting documents. The said form can be downloaded from the Company's website at <https://hpthreads.com/shareholder-information.php> and is also available on the website of RTA at <https://www.alankitassignments.com/investor-charter/>.
- Further, Members may note that SEBI has mandated the submission of PAN by every participant in the securities market.
39. Non-Resident Indian Members are requested to inform the Company's Registrar & Share Transfer Agent (RTA) immediately:
- a) The particulars of the Bank Account maintained in India with complete name, branch, account type, account number and address of the Bank, if not furnished earlier.
- b) Any change in their residential status on return to India for permanent settlement.
40. The facility for making nomination is available to the Members in respect of the shares held by them. Members who have not yet registered their nominations are requested to register the same by submitting Form SH-13. If a Member desires to opt-out or cancel the earlier nomination and record a fresh nomination, the Member may submit the requisite application in Form ISR-3 or Form SH-14, as the case may be. The said forms can be downloaded from the Company's website at <https://hpthreads.com/shareholder-information.php> and is also available on the website of RTA at <https://www.alankitassignments.com/investor-charter/>. Members are requested to submit the said forms to their Depository Participant's, in case the shares are held in electronic form, quoting their DP ID/ Client ID and to the RTA, in case the shares are held in physical form, quoting their folio no(s).

41. Members may please note that the SEBI Listing Regulations mandate transfer, transmission and transposition of securities of listed companies held in physical form only in demat mode. Further, SEBI vide its SEBI Master Circular No. HO/38/13/(4)2026-MIRSD-POD/I/4298/2026 dated February 6, 2026 has mandated the listed companies to issue securities in dematerialised form only while processing service requests, viz., issue of duplicate securities certificate; claim from unclaimed suspense account; renewal/ exchange of securities certificate; endorsement; sub-division/splitting of securities certificate; consolidation of securities certificates/folios; transmission and transposition. Accordingly, members are requested to make service requests for issue of duplicate securities certificate; claim from unclaimed suspense account; renewal/ exchange of securities certificate etc., by submitting a duly filled and signed Form ISR-4 along with requisite supporting documents to RTA as per the requirement of the aforesaid circular. The said form can be downloaded from the Company's website at <https://hpthreads.com/shareholder-information.php> and is also available on the website of RTA at <https://www.alankitassignments.com/investor-charter/>.
42. Members holding shares in physical form, in identical order of names, in more than one folio are requested to send to the Company or RTA, the details of such folios together with the share certificates and self-attested copies of the PAN card of the holders for consolidating their holdings in one folio. Requests for consolidation of share certificates shall be processed in dematerialised form only.
43. SEBI has made available an online dispute resolution mechanism through the SMART ODR Portal for the investors to raise disputes arising in the Indian Securities Market. After exhausting the options to resolve their grievances directly with the Company/ RTA and through the SCORES platform, investors can initiate dispute resolution through the SMART ODR Portal. Link to access SMART ODR Portal is available at <https://smartodr.in/login>.
44. A special window, as per mandate of SEBI, is available till February 4, 2027, to facilitate lodgement of transfer requests executed before April 1, 2019 but were either not lodged for transfer or were lodged and subsequently rejected, returned or not attended due to deficiency in the documents. Eligible shareholders are requested to submit the requisite documents before February 4, 2027 to RTA. Securities transferred through this mechanism shall be credited only in dematerialized form and will remain under a one year lockin, during which they cannot be transferred, lienmarked, or pledged.
45. In all correspondence with the Company and/or the RTA, members are requested to quote their folio number and in case their shares are held in the dematerialised form, they must quote their DP ID and Client ID number for easy reference and speedy disposal thereof.

EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

Item No. 4

Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth (DIN: 03349632) was appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company on April 30, 2022 as an Independent Director of the Company for a period of five years with effect from April 30, 2022 till April 29, 2027, and the Members of the Company on September 27, 2022, had, inter-alia, confirmed and approved the appointment of Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth as an Independent Director of the Company.

In terms of Section 149, 152 read with Schedule IV to the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), an Independent Director shall hold office for a term of up to five consecutive years on the Board of a Company but shall be eligible for re-appointment on passing of a Special Resolution by the Company and disclosure of such appointment in the Board's Report. In compliance thereof, the approval of the Members for re-appointment of the said Independent Director through Special Resolution is being sought prior to expiry of his first term.

Based on recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC Committee") of the Board of Directors, on the basis of Performance Evaluation Report, the Board through resolution passed in its meeting held on August 07, 2026 has recommended the re-appointment of Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth as an Independent Director, not liable to retire by rotation and to hold office for a second term of five (5) consecutive years, with effect from April 30, 2027 till April 29, 2032, in accordance with Nomination and Remuneration Policy and Articles of Association of the Company, on such terms and conditions as decided by the Board of Directors of the Company subject to approval of the members.

The performance evaluation of Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth was carried out by the NRC Committee based on various criteria, inter-alia, including Knowledge and Competency, Fulfilment of Functions, Ability to function as a team, Initiative, Availability and attendance, Commitment, Contribution, Integrity, etc. Given the high-performance ratings received by Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth in his performance evaluation and his professional background and experience and contributions made by him during his tenure, the Board, basis the recommendation of NRC Committee, is of the view that continued association of Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth as an Independent Director of the Company would be of immense benefit and value to the Company. Accordingly, the Board recommends the re-appointment of Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth as an Independent Director as proposed in the Resolution set out at Item No. 4 of the accompanying Notice for approval by the Members.

The Company has received a notice in writing from a member under Section 160 of the Act proposing the candidature of Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth for the office of Director of the Company. Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth is not disqualified from being appointed as a Director in terms of Section 164 of the Act and has given his consent to act as a Director. He has also confirmed that he is not debarred from holding the office of Director by virtue of any order by SEBI or any other authority. The Company has received a declaration from Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth that he meets the criteria of independence as prescribed both under sub-section (6) of Section 149 of the Act and & Regulation 16(1)(b) under the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations"). He has also confirmed that he is in compliance with Rules 6(1) and 6(2) of the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Rules, 2014, with respect to the registration with the data bank of Independent Directors maintained by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs.

In the opinion of the Board, Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth is a person of integrity, possesses relevant expertise / experience and fulfils the conditions for his re-appointment as an Independent Director as specified in the Act and the SEBI Listing Regulations. Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth is independent of the management and possesses appropriate skills, experience and knowledge.

Brief resume and other details of Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth are provided in the **Annexure - A** to the Notice, pursuant to the provisions of (i) SEBI Listing Regulations and (ii) Secretarial Standard on General Meetings ("SS-2"), issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

Electronic Copy of draft letter of appointment of Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth setting out the terms and conditions of his appointment is available for inspection by the members of the Company. Please refer to Note No. 37 given in the Notice on inspection of documents.

He shall be paid remuneration by way of fee for attending meetings of the Board or Committees thereof or for any other purpose as may be decided by the Board, reimbursement of expenses for participating in the Board and other meetings within the limits stipulated under Section 197 and Schedule V of the Act.

It is proposed to authorize the Board of Directors (the "Board" which term shall be deemed to include the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Board), to alter and vary the

terms and conditions of his appointment and /or remuneration or any part thereof, from time to time in accordance with the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, rules framed thereunder and SEBI Listing Regulations.

Save and except Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth, and his relatives to the extent of their respective shareholding interest, if any, in the Company for Item no. 4, none of the other Directors / Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out in Item no. 4.

This statement may also be regarded as an appropriate disclosure under the SEBI Listing Regulations.

The Board recommends the Special Resolution set out at Item No. 4 of the Notice for approval by the members.

Item No. 5

Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal (DIN: 02836610) was re-appointed as Whole-Time Director, designated as Executive Director ("ED"), Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") of the Company by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on August 12, 2023, and the said re-appointment, along with the remuneration payable to him, was subsequently approved by the Members of the Company at their Annual General Meeting held on September 28, 2023, for a period of five (5) years with effect from May 30, 2024.

In accordance with the provisions of Sections 196, 197, 198 and 203 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"), in case of inadequate or no profits, the Company is permitted to pay remuneration to its managerial personnel within the limits specified under Schedule V of the Act, and in accordance with Nomination and Remuneration Policy and Article of Association of the Company and based on the recommendations of Nomination & Remuneration Committee ("NRC Committee") and Audit Committee dated August 07, 2026 and subject to approval of the Members by way of a Special Resolution for a period not exceeding three (3) years.

Accordingly, the approval of the Members for payment of remuneration under Schedule V of the Act to Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal is valid only up to May 29, 2027. Therefore, it is necessary to seek fresh approval of the Members by way of a Special Resolution for payment of remuneration to Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal for the remaining period of his tenure, i.e., from December 01, 2026 to May 29, 2029, notwithstanding that the Company may have no profits or its profits may be inadequate during the said period.

The brief particulars of remuneration payable to Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal as Whole-Time Director of the Company, are as follows:

A. Remuneration

- i. **Basic Salary:** He shall be entitled to Basic Salary which shall not exceed Rs. 75.30 lacs per annum.
- ii. **Statutory Annual Bonus / Ex Gratia:** He shall also be entitled to Statutory Annual Bonus / Ex Gratia which shall not exceed the 5% of the Basic Salary in any financial year. Statutory Annual Bonus / Ex Gratia shall be Payable annually on Earned Basic Salary.
- iii. **Allowances/Perquisites:** He shall also be entitled to House Rent Allowance or provision of Rent free Accommodation, Leave Travel Allowance, Other/Special/Grade Allowance, Company maintained Car with driver for use for Company's business, Telephone/Communication facilities at the residence for Company's business, Reimbursement of Medical Expenses, Personal Accident Insurance, Term Insurance and Mediclaim Insurance etc. as per the Company's policy, provided that the total amount of Allowance/ Perquisites shall not exceed Rs. 45 lacs per annum.

For the purpose of calculating the above ceiling, allowances and perquisites shall be evaluated as per income tax rules, wherever applicable. In the absence of any such rules, perquisites and allowances shall be evaluated at actual cost.
- iv. **Retiral/Other Benefits:** He shall also be entitled to Company's Contribution to Provident and Superannuation Funds, Gratuity and Encashment of Leave as per the rules of the Company.
- v. **Reimbursement of Expenses:** Expenses incurred for travelling, boarding and lodging including for Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal's spouse and attendant(s) during business trips or any other expense for the purpose of the business of the Company shall be reimbursed at actuals and not considered as perquisites.
- vi. **Performance Pay/Commission:** He shall also be entitled to a performance pay, based on his performance, and/or Commission as determined by the Board / Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company, from time to time,

which may exceed overall ceilings on managerial remuneration specified in Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Companies Act, 2013.

B. Others

- i. Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal will perform his duties as such with regard to all work of the Company and will manage and attend to such business and carry out the orders and directions given by the Board from time to time in all respects.
- ii. He shall act in accordance with the Articles of Association of the Company and shall abide by the provisions contained in Section 166 of the Act with regard to duties of directors.
- iii. He shall adhere to the Company's Code of Conduct & Ethics.
- iv. The appointment may be terminated by either party by giving the other party three months' notice in writing of such termination or by paying Basic Salary in lieu of the notice period.

In the opinion of the Board, Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal has demonstrated exemplary leadership and made significant contributions in driving operational excellence, strengthening internal capabilities, and establishing a clear strategic direction for the Company's growth and realignment.

Brief resume and other details of Mr. Raghavkumar Agrawal are provided in the **Annexure - A** to the Notice, pursuant to the provisions of (i) SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") and (ii) Secretarial Standard on General Meetings ("SS-2"), issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

The information as required to be disclosed under paragraph (iv) of the second proviso of Paragraph B of Section II of Part II of Schedule V to the Act is given in the **Annexure - B** to the Notice in respect of Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal.

As per the provisions of Schedule V of the Act, payment of any managerial remuneration, in case of inadequate or no profits, requires approval of Members by special resolution, provided that the Company has not defaulted in payment

of dues to its lenders viz. banks, non-convertible debenture holders or other secured creditors. The Members are accordingly informed that the Company has not defaulted in payment of dues to its lenders.

Therefore, the Members are required to approve the remuneration of Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal, Whole-Time Director designated as ED, CEO & CFO of the Company by passing the Special Resolution on the recommendation of Audit Committee, Nomination and Remuneration Committee and Board of Directors.

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee, Audit Committee and the Board have at their respective meeting(s) held on August 07, 2026, subject to the approval of the members of the Company, accorded their approvals for payment of aforesaid remuneration to Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal w.e.f. December 01, 2026 for the remainder of his tenure upto May 29, 2029.

Save and except Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal, ED, CEO and CFO and Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal, Chairman and Managing Director and their relatives to the extent of their respective shareholding interest, if any, in the Company, none of the other Directors / Key Managerial Personnel and their relatives are in any way, concerned or interested, financially or otherwise, in the resolution set out in Item no. 5.

This statement may also be regarded as an appropriate disclosure under the SEBI Listing Regulations.

The Board recommends the Special Resolution set out at Item No. 5 of the Notice for approval by the members.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Shubham Jain

Company Secretary &
Compliance Officer

Membership Number: A49541

New Delhi
August 07, 2026

Registered office:

15th K.M. Stone, Delhi Road,
V.P.O. Mayar, Hisar – 125044
Email id: cs@hpthreads.com
Website: www.hpthreads.com
Tel: +91 11 41540471/72/73

ANNEXURE - A
Details of the Directors retiring by rotation / re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting

[Pursuant to Regulations 36(3) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings]

Name	Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal	Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth
Directors Identification Number (DIN)	02836610	03349632
Designation	Executive Director, CEO and CFO	Independent Director
Date of Birth	05-10-1986	16-04-1972
Age	39 years	54 years
Nationality	Indian	Indian
Qualification	Bachelor's Degree in Management Science from Warwick Business School, University of Warwick, U K.	Bachelor's degree in Engineering (Chemical Plant Engineering) from University of Mumbai and Master's degree in Management Studies (MMS) from NMIMS (University of Mumbai).
Brief Profile/ Experience (including expertise in specific functional area)	He has a wide experience of more than two decades in textile industry with expertise in managing operational processes and implementing financial strategies.	He comes with more than three decades of experience in the financial services space. He has assisted corporates in raising funds of more than USD 3 billion in the form of equity/debt. His previous stints include working with ICICI Securities, Edelweiss, and Religare, where he held leadership positions for their investment banking practice. Over the past 11 years, he has played an instrumental role in building up a robust Investment Banking practice for NAFA Sustainable Finance Pvt Ltd. Over the last decade, he has also been involved in shaping the younger talent in colleges through his association with three Mumbai based colleges.
Terms and conditions of appointment and re-appointment	Liable to Retire by Rotation	Not Liable to Retire by Rotation
In case of independent directors, the skills and capabilities required for the role and the manner in which the proposed person meets such requirements	Not Applicable	The Nomination and Remuneration Committee had identified amongst others, Corporate Finance, Risk Management, implementation of strategy as the key skills and capabilities for the role. Considering the qualification, rich experience and expertise of Mr. Vikram, he possesses the requisite skills and capabilities required for the role of Independent Director of the Company
Date of first appointment on the Board of the Company	30.05.2019	30.04.2022
Directorship in other companies (excluding HP Cotton Textile Mills Limited)	1. Achhar Investments Limited 2. Sailesh Textile Mfg Co Ltd 3. Jainish Products Limited 4. Sacred Trading and Investment Company Limited 5. HP MMF Textiles Limited 6. Sanjay Mercantile Private Limited 7. HP Infratech Private Limited 8. HP Merchantainment Private Limited	1. NAFA Capital Advisors Private Limited
Membership/Chairmanship of committee of Directors of other companies	Nil	Nil
Name of listed entities from which the person has resigned in the past three years	Nil	Nil
Relationship with other Directors, Manager and Key Managerial Personnel inter-se	Son of Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal	Nil

Name	Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal	Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth
No. of Shares held as on 31-03-2026 either by self or as a beneficial owner	1,08,468	Nil
Number of Meetings of the Board attended during the financial year 2025-26	4(Four)	4(Four)
Remuneration last drawn (FY 2025-26) (including sitting fees, if any)	*65.31 Lacs	4.80 Lacs
Details of remuneration sought to be paid	As per the resolution at Item No. 5 of the Notice convening this Meeting read with explanatory statement thereto	As per the resolution at Item No. 4 of the Notice convening this Meeting read with explanatory statement thereto

*Includes remuneration of ₹ 5.69 lacs for FY 2025-26, paid in FY 2026-27

By Order of the Board of Directors

Shubham Jain

Company Secretary &
Compliance Officer

Membership Number: A49541

New Delhi
August 07, 2026

Registered office:

15th K.M. Stone, Delhi Road,
V.P.O. Mayar, Hisar – 125044
Email id: cs@hpthreads.com
Website: www.hpthreads.com
Tel: +91 11 41540471/72/73

ANNEXURE - B
THE STATEMENT CONTAINING ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AS REQUIRED UNDER SCHEDULE V OF THE ACT IN RESPECT TO RESOLUTION NO. 5 OF THE NOTICE
I. GENERAL INFORMATION
1. Nature of Industry

Established in 1981, HP Cotton Textile Mills Limited (HP Cotton), as a part of Dora Group, a leading textile group of India, specializes in manufacturing cotton yarns and threads with its integrated manufacturing plant at Hisar, and Corporate Office at New Delhi. The company is one of the largest exporters of Cotton Sewing Thread, exporting to more than 30 countries worldwide being a leader in its product segment globally.

2. Date or expected date of commencement of commercial production:

The Company was incorporated on September 03, 1981 and the Certificate of Commencement of Business was granted on January 05, 1982. Since then, the Company had commenced its business.

3. In case of new companies, expected date of commencement of activities as per project approved by financial institutions appearing in the prospectus:

Not Applicable

4. Financial performance based on given indicators:

(₹ In lacs)			
Financial year	2025-26	2024-25	2023-24
Gross Revenue	13,412.50	12,948.94	9,535.29
Profit/(Loss) before Interest, Depreciation and Tax	1,423.26	1,382.94	598.15
Profit/(Loss) before Tax	438.60	380.76	(418.34)
Profit/(Loss) after Tax	292.20	257.87	92.09
Rate of Dividend	Nil	Nil	Nil
Earnings per Share	7.45	6.57	2.35

5. Foreign investments or collaborations, if any:

The Company has not entered into any material foreign collaboration and no direct capital investment has been made in the Company during the previous three financial years. The foreign investors, mainly comprising FIIs and NRIs are investors in the Company on account of past issuances of securities and/or secondary market purchases. As on March 31, 2026, the aggregate foreign shareholding in the Company was approx 0.62%.

II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE APPOINTEE(S):
Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal, Whole-Time Director
a) Background details, Job Profile and his suitability:

Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal, a Bsc in Management Sciences, from Warwick Business School, University of Warwick, England, UK. He completed his industrial training in textiles from Manchester and he currently holds the position of Executive Director, CEO and CFO the company. He has been full-time associated with the Company for more than a decade now.

He has been instrumental in advancing the Company's vision through the integration of technology and modern manufacturing practices, coupled with effective deployment of human capital. His expertise in managing operational processes and implementing financial strategies has consistently improved efficiencies and strengthened value creation. His vision for sustainable growth has yielded enduring gains for the Company.

b) Past remuneration and remuneration proposed:

Details on proposed remuneration have been stated in Resolution no. 5 of the Notice. In monetary terms, the remuneration for the last 3 financial years is given hereunder:

(₹ In lacs)			
Financial Year	2025-26	2024-25	2023-24
Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal	65.31*	59.62	59.62

*Includes remuneration of ₹ 5.69 lacs for FY 2025-26, paid in FY 2026-27

c) Recognition or awards:

Nil

d) Comparative remuneration profile with respect to industry, size of the Company, profile of the position and person (in case of expatriates the relevant details would be with respect to the country of origin):

Taking into consideration the size of the Company, the profile of the Whole-Time Director, CEO & CFO,

the responsibilities shouldered by him and the industry benchmarks, the remuneration proposed to be paid is commensurate and modest and is less than the remuneration packages paid to similar senior levels in other companies.

e) Pecuniary relationship directly or indirectly with the company, or relationship with the managerial personnel or other director, if any:

Mr. RaghavKumar Agarwal has no pecuniary relationship with the Company or its Key Managerial Personnel other than his remuneration in the capacity of the Executive Director, CEO & CFO. As on date of this notice, he holds 1,08,468 shares in the Company in his personal capacity and is the son of Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal, Managing Director and Promoter of the Company.

III. OTHER INFORMATION:

1. Reason of loss or inadequate profits:

The Company has reported a profit during the financial year ended March 31, 2026; however, the same is considered inadequate primarily due to the slowdown in global economies coupled with the adverse impact of ongoing geopolitical tensions and war, which affected overall performance.

2. Steps taken or proposed to be taken for improvement:

The Company is making continuous efforts to add new geographies markets to its market portfolio, focussed on new product development, and lastly further seriously looking at technology upgradation to be at par with modern cost efficiency standards and benchmarks, besides de-bottlenecking and adding new allied product lines.

3. Expected increase in productivity and profits in measurable terms:

With increasing market portfolio and technology upgradation, the business is expected to improve in the coming financial year. With the introduction of new products and addition of geographies, the company is seeing a significant increase in demand for its products from global markets, also enhanced by quicker turnaround time. The management is cautiously optimistic towards the external economic environment and expects consumer demand to become more consistent and robust in the current financial year. Further, various policy decisions taken would act as growth channel for the Company which would contribute in increased revenues and higher margins.

IV. DISCLOSURES:

The disclosures on remuneration of Directors and details of all elements of remuneration package, details of fixed components and stock options details etc. are given in the Board's Report which forms an integral part of Annual Report.

By Order of the Board of Directors

Shubham Jain

Company Secretary &
Compliance Officer

Membership Number: A49541

New Delhi
August 07, 2026

Registered office:

15th K.M. Stone, Delhi Road,
V.P.O. Mayar, Hisar – 125044
Email id: cs@hpthreads.com
Website: www.hpthreads.com
Tel: +91 11 41540471/72/73

Management Discussion and Analysis

OVERVIEW

The objective of this report is to convey the Management's perspective on the external environment and textile industry, as well as the Company's strategy, operating and financial performance, material developments in human resources and industrial relations, risks and opportunities, and internal control systems and their adequacy during the Financial Year 2025-26.

ECONOMY REVIEW

Global Economy & Outlook

The global economy during FY 2025-26 operated in a relatively stable yet evolving macroeconomic environment, characterised by easing inflationary pressures, gradual normalisation of monetary policies, and ongoing geopolitical developments. Demand conditions across key developed markets remained measured, particularly in discretionary consumption segments such as textiles and apparel.

Global growth is projected to be 3.1% in 2026 and 3.2% in 2027, slower than its recent pace of about 3.4% in 2024–25, and to settle at about that rate in the medium term, slower than its historical (2000–19) average of 3.7%. Global headline inflation is expected to increase to 4.4% in 2026 and decline to 3.7% in 2027. According to the International Monetary Fund (IMF), global growth is expected to remain moderate in the near term, supported by improving inflation dynamics, albeit with continued downside risks arising from geopolitical uncertainties and financial market conditions. (Source: IMF – World Economic Outlook – April 2026).

Indian Economy & Outlook

The Indian economy continued to demonstrate resilience during FY 2025-26, supported by strong domestic demand, stable macroeconomic fundamentals, and sustained government focus on infrastructure and manufacturing. India remains one of the fastest-growing major economies globally.

In India, recorded a growth of 7.6% in 2025, reflecting the better-than-expected outturn in the second and third quarters of the fiscal year and sustained strong momentum in the fourth quarter. For 2026, growth is expected to be 6.5%, led by positive contributions from the carryover of the strong 2025 outturn and the decline in additional US tariffs on Indian goods. (Source: IMF – World Economic Outlook – April 2026).

Government initiatives such as "Make in India", Production-Linked Incentive (PLI) schemes, and export promotion measures are expected to further strengthen India's manufacturing ecosystem, including the textile sector.

Going forward, continued policy support, improving investment activity, and robust consumption trends are expected to sustain India's growth momentum, thereby providing a supportive environment for industrial growth.

INDUSTRY REVIEW

Global Textile Industry

The global textile market size is estimated at USD 2,123.72 billion in 2025 and is predicted to increase from USD 2,281.51 billion in 2026 to approximately USD 4,273.09 billion by 2035, expanding at a CAGR of 7.24% from 2026 to 2035. The rising demand for natural fibers globally is driving the growth of the textile market. The market is supported by government initiatives, changing lifestyle, increased use of protective clothing, and advances in fabric manufacturing. (Source: www.precedenceresearch.com)

Indian Textile Industry

The India textile market reached USD 152.40 Billion in 2025 and is projected to reach USD 213.75 Billion by 2034, growing at a CAGR of 3.83% during 2026-2034. Rising consumer demand for diverse fabric varieties, increasing preference for eco-friendly textiles, and strong government support through the PLI scheme are driving sustained expansion. Urbanization, growing middle-class spending, and e-commerce proliferation are broadening market reach across urban and rural India alike. (Source: www.imarcgroup.com)

COMPANY OUTLOOK

In this backdrop, the Company continues to focus on enhancing operational efficiencies, optimising cost structures, and strengthening its presence across domestic and international markets. Strategic initiatives relating to product diversification, quality enhancement, and customer engagement are expected to support performance.

While near-term uncertainties may persist, the Company remains well-positioned to benefit from gradual improvement in demand conditions and emerging opportunities over the medium to long term.

OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS

Opportunities:

- Increasing demand for sustainable and value-added textile products is creating avenues for innovation and premiumization across global markets.
- Global supply chain diversification is shifting sourcing preferences towards India, enhancing export opportunities for domestic manufacturers.
- Growth in domestic consumption, supported by rising incomes and urbanisation, is expected to drive steady demand for textile products.
- Supportive government policies, including PLI schemes and export incentives, continue to strengthen the competitiveness of the textile sector.

Threats:

- Volatility in raw material prices, particularly cotton, may impact cost structures and margin stability.
- Foreign exchange fluctuations can affect export realisations and overall profitability.
- Geopolitical uncertainties and trade disruptions may influence global demand and supply chain stability.
- Intense competition from other textile-producing countries may exert pressure on pricing and market share.

RISKS AND CONCERNS

Global economic conditions continue to remain uncertain, influenced by ongoing geopolitical tensions, trade disruptions, and volatility in energy and commodity prices. These factors, coupled with residual inflationary pressures and evolving monetary policies, may impact global growth and demand conditions, particularly in discretionary sectors such as textiles and apparel.

The Company is also exposed to risks arising from fluctuations in raw material prices, especially cotton, foreign exchange volatility, and changes in global demand dynamics. Supply chain disruptions and shifting sourcing patterns may further influence operational performance.

In this environment, the Company continues to focus on disciplined cost management, operational efficiency, and prudent financial management to mitigate the impact of external uncertainties.

The Company has a well-defined Risk Management Policy in place, supported by an experienced management team, to identify, assess, and manage risks in a structured and proactive manner. The risk management framework is periodically reviewed to ensure its effectiveness in addressing emerging risks.

BUSINESS REVIEW

H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited

The Company operates in only one segment, i.e. manufacturing of Threads. The Company deals in the production of two types of thread, i.e. Sewing Threads and Hosiery Yarn.

Production

During FY 2025-26, the production of Sewing Threads increased by 3% over the previous year, to stand at 13,76,125 kg as compared to the previous year's level of 13,34,511 kg. The Company has not produced Hosiery Yarn during the year under review.

(in Kg)			
Financial Year	Sewing Thread	Hosiery Yarn	Total
2025-26	13,76,125	-	13,76,125
2024-25	13,34,511	-	13,34,511
2023-24	9,57,419	-	9,57,419

Sales

During FY 2025-26, the sale of Sewing Threads increased by 3% over the previous year and stood at ₹ 12,405.34 lacs as compared to ₹ 12,076.41 lacs in FY 2024-25. No Hosiery Yarn was sold by the Company during the year under review due to captive consumption.

(₹ in Lacs)					
Financial Year	Domestic		Export		Total
	Sewing Thread	Hosiery Yarn	Sewing Thread	Hosiery Yarn	
2025-26	1,161.68	-	11,243.67	-	12,405.34
2024-25	724.34	-	11,352.07	-	12,076.41
2023-24	1,192.72	-	7,681.69	-	8,874.41

HP MMF Textiles Limited (HP MMF)

HP MMF is a wholly owned subsidiary company of H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited. The Company is yet to commence its operations.

FINANCIAL REVIEW

The Audited Financial Statements of your Company as on March 31, 2026, are prepared in accordance with the relevant

applicable Indian Accounting Standards and Regulation 33 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

On a standalone basis, the Company's total income for FY 2025-26 increased by 4%, as compared to the previous year. The profit before finance cost, depreciation and tax for FY 2025-26 increased by 3% as compared to the previous year. The Profit After Tax for FY 2025-26 increased by 13% as compared to the previous year.

On a consolidated basis, the total income for FY 2025-26 increased by 4%, as compared to the previous year. The profit before finance cost, depreciation and tax for FY 2025-26 increased by 3% as compared to the previous year. The Profit After Tax attributable to shareholders and non-controlling interests for FY 2025-26 increased by 15% as compared to the previous year.

KEY FINANCIAL RATIOS

S. No	Key Ratios	Units	FY 2025-26	FY 2024-25	YOY percent
1.	Debtors Turnover Ratio	Times	12.47	14.87	-16.14%
2.	Creditors Turnover Ratio	Times	2.25	2.21	1.81%
3.	Inventory Turnover Ratio	Times	1.57	1.76	-10.80%
4.	Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Times	4.12	5.33	-22.70%
5.	Current Ratio	Times	1.02	0.86	18.60%
6.	Interest Coverage Ratio	Times	2.51	2.41	4.15%
7.	Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Times	1.35	1.77	-23.73%
8.	Debt-Equity Ratio	Times	1.82	2.21	-17.65%
9.	Operating Profit Margin	%	8.83	9.74	-9.34%
10.	Net Profit Margin	%	2.22	2.01	10.45%
11.	Return on Net Worth	%	16.42	17.15	-4.26%
12.	Return on Investment	%	6.94	7.06	-1.70%

HUMAN RESOURCES

The Company is dedicated to fostering a professional work environment that empowers employees and supports their career growth. Enhancing workforce productivity remains a key priority to maintain competitiveness. The Company continuously aligns its human resources with business requirements and actively engages employees through a variety of initiatives and engagement programs. The number of permanent employees on the Company's rolls as on March 31, 2026, stood at 1,641.

INTERNAL CONTROLS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has established robust internal controls and risk management systems, which are continuously reviewed and enhanced through updated standard operating procedures. These systems are designed to be appropriate to the Company's size and complexity and provide reasonable assurance that transactions are properly authorised and accurately recorded, enabling the preparation of financial statements in accordance with applicable accounting standards. They also ensure that the Company's assets are adequately protected against significant loss or misuse. An independent Internal Audit function forms a key component of the internal control framework. The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors actively monitors the adequacy and effectiveness of these systems and is regularly apprised of internal audit findings and the implementation of corrective measures.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

Statements in the Management Discussion & Analysis Report describing the projections, estimates, and expectations may be "forward-looking statements" within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the Company's operations include, among others, economic conditions affecting demand/supply and price conditions in the domestic and overseas markets in which the Company operates, changes in Government regulations, tax laws, and other statutes and incidental factors.

Directors' Report

Dear Members,

Your Directors are pleased to present the Forty-Fifth (45th) Annual Report together with the Company's audited financial statements and the auditors' report thereon for the Financial Year (hereinafter referred to as "FY") ended March 31, 2026.

FINANCIAL PERFORMANCE

The Audited Financial Statements of your Company as on March 31, 2026, are prepared in accordance with the relevant applicable Indian Accounting Standards (hereinafter referred to as "Ind AS") and Regulation 33 of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (hereinafter referred to as "SEBI Listing Regulations") and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (hereinafter referred to as "the Act").

The summarized financial highlights are depicted below:

Particulars	STANDALONE		CONSOLIDATED	
	Financial Year	Financial Year	Financial Year	Financial Year
	2025-26	2024-25	2025-26	2024-25
Revenue from operations (net)	13419.97	12813.45	13419.97	12813.45
Add: Other Income	262.53	135.49	262.53	135.49
Total Income	13412.50	12948.94	13412.50	12948.94
Less: Expenses	11989.24	11566	11985.01	11566.77
Profit/(Loss) before Finance Cost, Depreciation & Amortisation, Exceptional items & Tax Expense	1423.26	1382.94	1427.49	1382.17
Less: Finance Cost	653.84	671.94	653.84	671.94
Less: Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	330.82	330.24	330.82	330.24
Profit before exceptional items & tax Expense	438.60	380.76	442.83	379.99
Less: Exceptional items	-	-	-	-
Profit/(Loss) before Tax Expense	438.60	380.76	442.83	379.99
Less: Taxation Expense	146.40	122.89	146.40	122.89
Profit/(Loss) for the year	292.20	257.87	296.43	257.10
Other Comprehensive Income/(Loss)	9.29	(7.52)	9.29	(7.52)
Total Comprehensive Income/(Loss) for the year	301.49	250.35	305.72	249.58
Earnings per Share (₹)				
- Basic	7.45	6.57	7.56	6.56
- Diluted	7.45	6.57	7.56	6.56

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Consolidated Financial Results

- Revenue from operations increased by 3% to ₹ 13,149.97 lacs in FY 2025-26 vs ₹ 12,813.45 lacs in FY 2024-25.
- EBIDTA increased by 3% to ₹ 1,427.49 lacs in FY 2025-26 vs ₹ 1,382.17 lacs in FY 2024-25.
- PAT attributable to owners increased by 15% to ₹ 296.43 lacs in FY 2025-26 vs ₹ 257.10 lacs in FY 2024-25.

Standalone Financial Results

- Revenue from operations increased by 3% to ₹ 13,149.97 lacs in FY 2025-26 vs ₹ 12,813.45 lacs in FY 2024-25.
- EBIDTA increased by 3% to ₹ 1,423.26 lacs in FY 2025-26 vs ₹ 1,382.94 lacs in FY 2024-25.
- PAT increased by 13% to ₹ 292.20 lacs in FY 2025-26 vs ₹ 257.87 lacs in FY 2024-25.

BUSINESS REVIEW

H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited: The Company operates in only one segment i.e. manufacturing of Threads. The Company deals in production of two types of thread i.e. Sewing Threads and Hosiery Yarn. The key aspects of your Company's performance during the FY 2025-26 are as follows:

- Production of Sewing Threads has increased by 3% than the previous year to 13,76,125 kg as compared to the production of the previous year of 13,34,511 kg.
- Gross Turnover has increased by 3% than the previous year to ₹ 12,405.34 lacs as compared to the previous year's turnover of ₹ 12,076.41 lacs.
- The Net Block of Fixed Assets as at March 31, 2026 was ₹ 3,059.42 lacs as compared to ₹ 3,244.67 lacs in the previous year.
- The current assets as at March 31, 2026 were ₹ 5,640.09 lacs as against ₹ 5,216.74 lacs in the previous year.

HP MMF Textiles Limited: It is a wholly-owned subsidiary company of H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited. The Company is yet to commence its operations.

RESERVES

The Board has not proposed to transfer any amount to the General Reserves.

DIVIDEND

The Board has not recommended any dividend for the FY ended on March 31, 2026.

TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED DIVIDEND TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 125(2) of the Act, during the year under review, the Company has transferred ₹ 169,434, lying in the unpaid dividend account of the Company pertaining to FY 2017-18, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund.

SHARE CAPITAL

The Authorised Share Capital of the Company as on March 31, 2026, remains unchanged at ₹ 4,25,00,000 divided into 42,50,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10 each.

The Issued, Subscribed and Paid-up Equity Share Capital of the Company, remains unchanged at ₹ 3,92,20,000 consisting of 39,22,000 Equity Shares of ₹ 10/- each.

MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS REPORT

The Management Discussion and Analysis Report for the year under review, in terms of Regulation 34 of the SEBI Listing Regulations is presented in a separate Section, forming integral part of the Annual Report.

DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

Directors

Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth (DIN: 03349632) was appointed by the Board of Directors of the Company on April 30, 2022 as an Independent Director of the Company for term of five (5) years with effect from April 30, 2022 till April 29, 2027, and the Shareholders of the Company on September 27, 2022 had, inter-alia, confirmed and approved the appointment of Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth as an Independent Director of the Company.

In terms of Sections 149 and 152 of the Act, read with the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014, the Board had, on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, proposed to the Shareholders for the re-appointment of Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth as an Independent Director, not liable to retire by rotation and to hold office for a second term of five (5) consecutive years, with effect from April 30, 2027 till April 29, 2032, in accordance with Nomination and Remuneration Policy and Articles of Association of the Company, on such terms and conditions as decided by the Board of Directors of the Company subject to approval of the shareholders. In the opinion of the Board Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth possess the requisite expertise and experience (including proficiency) and is a person of high integrity and repute. He fulfills the conditions specified in the Act as well as the Rules made thereunder and in the SEBI Listing Regulations and is independent of the management.

The disclosures required pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the Secretarial Standards on General Meeting ("SS-2") are given in the Notice of this AGM, forming part of the Annual Report.

Retire by Rotation

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Act and Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal (DIN: 02836610), Whole-Time Director of the Company designated as Executive Director ("ED"), Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO"), retires by rotation at the conclusion of the forthcoming Annual General Meeting and being eligible, offers himself for reappointment. The Board recommends his appointment for the consideration of the members of the Company at the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

The disclosures required pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of the SEBI Listing Regulations and the Secretarial Standards on General Meeting ("SS-2") are given in the Notice of this AGM, forming part of the Annual Report.

Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)

In compliance with provisions of Section 203 of the Act, following are the KMPs of the Company as on March 31, 2026:

S. No.	Name	Designation
1.	Kailash Kumar Agarwal	Chairman and Managing Director
2.	RaghavKumar Agarwal	Whole-Time Director, Chief Executive Officer & Chief Financial Officer
3.	Shubham Jain	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Declaration by Independent directors under section 149(7)

In terms of Section 149 of the Act and SEBI Listing Regulations, Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth, Mr. Siddharth Agrawal and Mr. Vikram Jhunjunwala are the Independent Directors of the Company as on the date of this report. All Independent Directors of the Company have given requisite declarations under Section 149(7) of the Act, that they meet the criteria of independence as laid down under Section 149(6) of the Act alongwith Rules framed thereunder and SEBI Listing Regulations and have complied with the Code of Conduct and Ethics of the Company as applicable to the Board of Directors and Senior Management.

In terms of Section 150 of the Act read with Rule 6 of the Companies (Appointment and Qualifications of Directors) Rules, 2014, Independent Directors of the Company have confirmed that they have registered themselves with the

databank maintained by the Indian Institute of Corporate Affairs, Manesar ("IICA"). The Independent Directors are also required to undertake online proficiency self-assessment test conducted by the IICA within a period of 2 (Two) years from the date of inclusion of their names in the data bank, unless they meet the criteria specified for exemption.

Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth and Mr. Vikram Jhunjunwala, Independent Directors of the Company, have confirmed and declared that they have passed the online proficiency self-assessment test conducted by the IICA.

Mr. Siddharth Agrawal, Independent Director of the Company meet the criteria specified for exemption and he is not required to undergo the online proficiency self-assessment test as conducted by IICA.

In the opinion of the Board, the Independent Directors possess the requisite expertise and experience (including proficiency) and are persons of high integrity and repute. They fulfill the conditions specified in the Act as well as the Rules made thereunder and SEBI Listing Regulations and are independent of the management.

The terms and conditions of appointment of Independent Directors are as per Schedule IV of the Act.

BOARD MEETINGS

During the year under review, four (4) Board Meetings were held on May 15, 2025, August 08, 2025, November 10, 2025 and February 11, 2026. The intervening gap between the meetings was within the period prescribed under the Act.

The details of composition of the Board and the attendance record of the Directors at the Board Meetings and AGM held during the financial year ended on March 31, 2026 is as under:

Name	Designation	Category	No. of meetings held during tenure	No. of Meetings Attended	Last AGM Attended
Kailash Kumar Agarwal*	Chairman and Managing Director	Executive Director	4	4	Yes
Ritu Bansal	Director	Non-Executive Director	4	4	Yes
RaghavKumar Agarwal	Whole-Time Director, CEO & CFO	Executive Director	4	4	Yes
Vikram Sumatilal Sheth	Director	Non-Executive Independent Director	4	4	Yes
Siddharth Agrawal	Director	Non-Executive Independent Director	4	4	Yes
Vikram Jhunjunwala	Director	Non-Executive Independent Director	4	4	Yes

*Re-appointed w.e.f. August 06, 2025

AUDIT COMMITTEE

Composition, Meetings and Attendance

The Audit Committee ("AC") of the Company had been constituted and functions in accordance with provisions of Section 177 of the Act. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the AC.

During the year under review, four (4) AC Meetings were held on May 15, 2025, August 08, 2025, November 10, 2025 and February 11, 2026.

The details of composition of the Committee and the attendance record of the Directors at the AC Meetings held during the financial year ended on March 31, 2026 is as under:

Name	Designation in Committee	Category	No. of meetings held during tenure	No. of Meetings Attended
Vikram Jhunjhunwala	Chairman	Non-Executive Independent Director	4	4
Kailash Kumar Agarwal	Member	Executive Director	4	4
Vikram Sumatilal Sheth	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director	4	4
Siddharth Agrawal	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director	4	4

The Chairman of the AC was present at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on September 26, 2025.

Terms of Reference

Terms of Reference of the Committee inter alia include the following:

- the recommendation for appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company;
- review and monitor the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- reviewing and examination of the financial statements and the auditors' report thereon;
- approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the company with related parties;
- scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- evaluation of internal financial controls and risk management systems;
- review and implement the Risk Management Policy

- monitoring the end use of funds raised through public offers and related matters;
- any other matter as the Audit Committee may deem appropriate after approval of the Board of Directors or as may be directed by the Board of Directors from time to time.

NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Composition, Meetings and Attendance

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") of the Company had been constituted and functions in accordance with provisions of Section 178 of the Act. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the NRC.

During the year under review, three (3) NRC Meetings were held on May 15, 2025, August 08, 2025 and February 11, 2026.

The details of composition of the Committee and the attendance record of the Directors at the NRC Meetings held during the financial year ended on March 31, 2026 is as under:

Name	Designation in Committee	Category	No. of meetings held during tenure	No. of Meetings Attended
Vikram Jhunjhunwala	Chairman	Non-Executive Independent Director	3	3
Kailash Kumar Agarwal	Member	Executive Director	3	3
Vikram Sumatilal Sheth	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director	3	3
Siddharth Agrawal	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director	3	3

The Chairman of the NRC was present at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on September 26, 2025.

Terms of Reference

Terms of Reference of the Committee inter alia include the following:

- a) to formulate a criterion for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director;
- b) to recommend to the Board a policy relating to Remuneration for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management;
- c) to prepare a description of roles and capabilities required for an independent director on the basis of evaluation of skills, knowledge and experience;
- d) to formulate of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the Board of Directors;
- e) to devise a policy on Diversity of Board of Directors;
- f) to identify the persons qualified to be a director or senior management as per the criteria laid down and recommend to the Board for appointment / removal based on his/ her performance.
- g) re-appointment of Independent Directors on the basis of performance evaluation of Independent Directors;
- h) recommend to the Board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to the Directors and senior management;
- i) to make recommendations to the Board concerning any matters relating to the continuation in office of any Director at any time including the suspension or termination of service of an Executive Director as an employee of the Company subject to the provision of the law and their service contract;
- j) ensure that level and composition of remuneration is reasonable and sufficient, relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks;
- k) to develop a succession plan/policy for the Board and to regularly review the plan/policy

STAKEHOLDERS RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

Composition, Meetings and Attendance

The Stakeholders Relationship Committee ("SRC") of the Company had been constituted and functions in accordance with provisions of the Act. The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the SRC.

During the year under review, SRC Meeting was held on May 15, 2025.

The details of composition of the Committee and the attendance record of the Directors at the SRC Meeting held during the financial year ended on March 31, 2026 is as under:

Name	Designation in Committee	Category	No. of meetings held during tenure	No. of Meetings Attended
Vikram Jhunjhunwala	Chairman	Non-Executive Independent Director	1	1
Kailash Kumar Agarwal	Member	Executive Director	1	1
Ritu Bansal	Member	Non-Executive Director	1	1
Vikram Sumatilal Sheth	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director	1	1

The Chairman of the SRC was present at the Annual General Meeting of the Company held on September 26, 2025.

Terms of Reference

Terms of Reference of the Committee inter alia include the following:

- a) resolving the grievances of security holders of the Company;
- b) reviewing the measures taken for effective voting rights by shareholders;
- c) reviewing of adherence of the service standard adopted by the Company in respect of services offered by the Registrar & Share Transfer Agent;
- d) reviewing of status of Transfer, Transmission and dematerialisation of securities;
- e) reviewing of status of Investor Complaints received from the security holders of the Company;
- f) reviewing of measures and initiative taken by the Company for reducing quantum of unclaimed dividends and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrants/annual reports/statutory notices by the Shareholders of the Company;

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY COMMITTEE

Composition, Meetings and Attendance

The Corporate Social Responsibility Committee ("CSR Committee") of the Company had been constituted and functions in accordance with provisions of Section 135 and Schedule VII of the Act read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules 2014. However, during the financial year ended March 31, 2026, the provisions relating to Corporate Social Responsibility were not applicable to the Company, as the Company did not meet the applicable prescribed limits relating to net worth, turnover or net profit as specified under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, no amount was required to be spent towards CSR activities during the financial year ended March 31, 2026. Therefore, the CSR Committee did not meet during the year.

The details of composition of the CSR Committee is as under:

Name	Designation in Committee	Category
Kailash Kumar Agarwal	Chairman	Executive Director
RaghavKumar Agarwal	Member	Executive Director
Vikram Sumatilal Sheth	Member	Non-Executive Independent Director

The Company Secretary acts as the Secretary to the CSR Committee.

Terms of Reference

Terms of Reference of the Committee inter alia include the following:

- To formulate and recommend to the Board, a CSR policy which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company as per the Companies Act, 2013;
- To review and recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on the activities to be undertaken by the Company;
- To monitor the CSR policy of the Company from time to time.

POLICY ON APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS, KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL AND EMPLOYEES

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") engages with the Board to evaluate the appropriate characteristics, skills and experience for the Board as a whole as well as for its individual members with the objective of having a Board with diverse backgrounds and experience

in business, finance and governance. The NRC, basis such evaluation, determines the role and capabilities required for appointment of Director. Thereafter, the NRC recommends to the Board the selection of new Directors.

Based on the recommendations of the NRC, the Board has formulated the Nomination & Remuneration Policy ("NRC Policy") on Director's appointment and remuneration which includes the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a director and process of appointment and removal as well as components of remuneration of Director(s), Key Managerial Personnel ("KMP") and Senior Management of the Company and other matters as provided under Section 178(3) of the Act.

The salient features of the Policy are:

- It acts as a guideline for matters relating to appointment and re-appointment of directors;
- It contains guidelines for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence for appointment of a director(s) of the Company;
- It lays down the parameters based on which payment of remuneration (including sitting fees and remuneration) should be made to Independent Directors and Non-Executive Directors.
- It lays down the parameters based on which remuneration (including fixed salary, benefits and perquisites, bonus/performance linked incentive, commission, retirement benefits) should be given to Whole-time Directors, KMPs and rest of the employees.

During the year under review, there were no substantive changes in the Policy. The same is available on the Company's website at <https://www.hpthreads.com/pdf/nomination-and-remuneration-policy-fed25.pdf>.

Remuneration of the Executive Directors for the financial year 2025-26

(₹ in lacs)

Name of Director	Basic Pay	Perquisite / Allowances	Total
Kailash Kumar Agarwal	31.32	47.53	78.85
Raghavkumar Agarwal	24.89	40.42	65.31

Notes:

- The above remuneration includes ₹ 7.32 lacs and ₹ 5.69 lacs payable to Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal and Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal, respectively, for FY 2025-26, which was paid in FY 2026-27.

- (2) The above remuneration includes Bonus and Leave Travel Allowance for the FY 2024-25, paid in FY 2025-26.
- (3) The tenure of Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal and Mr. Raghavkumar Agarwal is for five (5) years from their respective date of appointment and can be terminated by either party by giving the other party three months' notice in writing. They are also eligible for re-appointment. There is no separate provision for payment of severance fees.
- (4) No Commission was paid to any of the Executive Director during the FY 2025-26.
- (5) No performance linked incentive was paid to any of the Executive Director during the FY 2025-26.
- (6) The Company does not have any stock option plan. Accordingly, none of the Executive Directors hold stock options as on March 31, 2026.

Remuneration of the Non-Executive Directors for the financial year 2025-26

(₹ in lacs)

Name of Director	Sitting Fees
Vikram Sumatilal Sheth	4.80
Siddharth Agrawal	4.35
Ritu Bansal	2.65
Vikram Jhunjhunwala	4.80

Notes:

- (1) During FY 2025-26, the Company did not have any material pecuniary relationship or transactions with Non-Executive Directors apart from paying Director's remuneration.
- (2) No Commission was paid to any of the Non-Executive Director during the FY 2025-26.
- (3) No performance linked incentive was paid to any of the Non-Executive Director during the FY 2025-26.
- (4) The Company does not have any stock option plan. Accordingly, None of the Non-Executive Directors hold stock options as on March 31, 2026.
- (5) None of the Non-Executive Director holds any Equity Share(s) or Convertible Instrument(s) of the Company as on March 31, 2026.

PERFORMANCE EVALUATION AND ITS CRITERIA

In terms of the provisions of the Section 178(2) of the Act, the Board has adopted a formal mechanism for evaluating its performance as well as that of its Committees and individual directors, including the Chairman of the Board. A structured questionnaire was prepared and circulated to the Directors for each of the evaluation.

Performance of the Board was evaluated by each Director on the parameters such as Structure and Composition of Board, Meetings of the Board, Functions of the Board, Board & Management etc.

Board Committees were evaluated on the parameters such as Mandate and Composition of Committee, Effectiveness of the Committee, Structure of the Committee and meetings, Independence of the Committee from the Board, Contribution to decisions of the Board etc.

Performance of the Chairman was evaluated by all other Directors (except the Director himself) on the parameters such as Knowledge and Competency, Fulfilment of Functions, Ability to function as a team, Initiative, Availability and attendance, Commitment, Contribution, Integrity, Impartiality, Commitment, Ability to keep shareholders' interests in mind etc.

Directors were also evaluated individually by all other Directors (except the Director himself) on the parameters such as Knowledge and Competency, Fulfilment of Functions, Ability to function as a team, Initiative, Availability and attendance, Commitment, Contribution, Integrity etc.

Meeting of Independent Directors without the attendance of Non-Independent Directors, and members of the management of the Company was held on March 18, 2026. The Independent Directors, inter-alia, evaluated performance of Non-Independent Directors, the Chairman of the Company and the Board as a whole for FY 2025-26. They also assessed the quality, content and timeliness of flow of information between the Management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform its duties.

Outcome of the evaluation was submitted to the Chairman of the Company. The Directors discussed and expressed their satisfaction with the entire evaluation process.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

During the year under review, the provisions of Section 135 of the Act and rules made thereunder, regarding Corporate Social Responsibility("CSR") are not attracted to the Company as the Company does not fall under the threshold

limit of net worth of ₹ 500 crore or turnover of ₹ 1,000 crores or a net profit of ₹ 5 Crore during the financial year 2025-26.

However, the Company already has a CSR Committee and CSR Policy in place, and there were no changes to the CSR Policy during the year under review. The policy is available on the Company's website at <https://hpthreads.com/pdf/Corporate%20Social%20Responsibility%20Policy.pdf>.

INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

A well-established, independent, multi-disciplinary Internal Audit team operates in line with governance best practices. It reviews and reports to management and the Audit Committee about compliance with internal controls and the efficiency and effectiveness of operations as well as the key process risks.

The Company has in place adequate internal financial controls with reference to Financial Statements and such controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026. These controls have been designed to provide a reasonable assurance with regard to maintaining of proper accounting controls for ensuring reliability of financial reporting, monitoring of operations. During the year, such controls were tested and no reportable weaknesses in the design or operations were observed.

WEBLINK OF ANNUAL RETURN

Pursuant to sub-section 3(a) of section 134 and sub-section (3) of section 92 of the Act, read with Rule 12 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 a copy of the Annual Return in Form MGT-7 is available on the website at <https://hpthreads.com/shareholder-meetings.php>.

PARTICULARS OF REMUNERATION TO EMPLOYEES AND RELATED DISCLOSURES

Disclosures pertaining to remuneration and other details as required under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is annexed herewith as **Annexure - I** forming integral part of this report.

Statement containing particulars of top 10 employees and particulars of employees as required under Section 197 (12) of the Act read with Rules 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 is provided as a separate Annexure forming part of this report. In terms of proviso to Section 136(1) of the Act, the Report and Accounts are being sent to the Shareholders, excluding the aforesaid Annexure. The said Statement is also open for inspection. Any member interested in obtaining a copy of the same may write to the Company Secretary. The

Managing Director and the Executive Director, listed in the said Annexure, are related to each other. However, none of the employee drawing remuneration in excess of the limits set out in the Rule 5(2)(i), Rule 5(2)(ii) and Rule 5(2)(iii) of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 during the year under review.

LOANS, GUARANTEES AND INVESTMENTS

Particulars of investments made under the provisions of Section 186 of the Act have been disclosed in Note No. 4 to the Financial Statements forming integral part of the Annual Report. Further, no loans or guarantees were extended in the financial year 2025-26 under the provisions of Section 186 of the Act.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

All contracts / arrangements / transactions entered by the Company during the financial year with related parties were in compliance with all the applicable provisions of the Act in respect of such transactions. Requisite approval of the Audit Committee and the Board (wherever required) was obtained by the Company for all Related Party Transactions. Prior omnibus approval of the Audit Committee and the Board is obtained for the transactions which are foreseeable and of a repetitive nature. Further, your Company has not entered into any arrangement / transaction with related parties which could be considered material in accordance with the provisions of the Act and accordingly, there are no transactions under sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Act that are required to be reported in Form AOC-2, hence the said form does not form part of this report. However, names of Related Parties and details of transactions with them have been included in Notes to the financial statements provided in the Company's financial statements under Indian Accounting Standards 18.

AUDITORS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT

Statutory Auditors

M/s D. Kothary & Co., Chartered Accountants (FRN: 105335W) were appointed as the Statutory Auditors of the Company to hold office for a term of 5 years from the conclusion of the 42nd Annual General Meeting (AGM) held on 28th September, 2023 until the conclusion of the 47th AGM of the Company.

As required under the provisions of Section 139(1) and 141 of the Act, read with the Companies (Accounts and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the Company has received a written consent and certificate from M/s D. Kothary & Co., Chartered Accountants (FRN: 105335W) to the effect that they are eligible to be appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company.

The Auditor's Report read together with Annexure referred to in the Auditors' Report do not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimers.

Cost Auditors

In terms of Section 148 of the Act, the Company is required to maintain cost records of the Company. Cost records are prepared and maintained by the Company as required under Section 148(1) of the Act.

However, in accordance with the provisions with the Rule 4(3) of the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014 as amended thereto, the requirement for Cost Audit under the Rules shall not apply to a Company whose revenue from export, in foreign exchange, exceeds 75% of its total revenue or which is operating from a SEZ or which is engaged in generation of electricity for captive consumption through Captive Generating Plant.

Your Company's turnover is above ₹ 100 crore during the year under review but more than 75% of the Company's turnover is earned from exports in foreign exchange by the Company. Therefore, the Company is exempted from the said requirement of cost audit.

Therefore, the Company has not appointed any Cost Auditor for auditing the cost records of the Company.

Secretarial Auditors

Mr. Tarun Jain (Membership No. F4645; CoP No. 4317), Proprietor of M/s. Tarun Jain & Associates, Company Secretaries, was appointed as Secretarial Auditors of the Company by the Board of Directors of the Company at its meeting held on August 08, 2025, for the FY 2025-26.

The Secretarial Audit Report for the financial year ended March 31, 2026 received from Mr. Tarun Jain, Proprietor of M/s Tarun Jain & Associates, Company Secretaries, Secretarial Auditors of the Company is annexed herewith as **Annexure - II** forming integral part of this report.

The said report is self-explanatory and does not contain any qualification, reservation, adverse remark or disclaimers.

SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

Your Company has only one wholly owned subsidiary Company with a name "HP MMF TEXTILES LIMITED" and it has not commenced its operations yet. Further, there are no Associates and Joint Ventures during the financial year 2025-26.

The Company has, in accordance with Section 129(3) of the Act prepared Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company and its subsidiary which form part of the Annual Report. Further, the report on the performance and financial position of the subsidiary company of your Company is presented in Form AOC-1 is annexed herewith as **Annexure - III** forming integral part of this report.

MATERIAL CHANGES AFFECTING THE FINANCIAL POSITION THE COMPANY

Except as disclosed elsewhere in the Annual Report, there have been no material changes and commitments which can affect the financial position of the Company between the end of the financial year and the date of report.

ENERGY CONSERVATION, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

The information required under Section 134(3)(m) of the Act, read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is provided as follows and forms part of this report.

A) Conservation of Energy:

i. Steps taken or impact on conservation of energy:

- Ensured sustained equipment efficiency through structured preventive maintenance practices.
- Implemented energy-saving measures to minimize idle load across facilities.
- Optimized production processes to reduce energy consumption and improve resource efficiency.
- Conducted awareness programs to promote energy-conscious behavior among employees.

ii. Steps taken by the Company for utilizing alternate sources of energy:

- Adoption of biomass as an alternative fuel in boiler operations
- Consumption of biomass at the manufacturing facility

iii. Capital investment on energy conservation equipment:

The Company has not incurred major capital investment on energy conservation equipment's but focused on optimum utilization of available resources.

B) Technology Absorption:

i. Efforts made towards technology absorption: The

Company utilizes advanced technology to assess raw material quality and implements precision control systems across all stages of thread and yarn manufacturing, ensuring high product quality and operational efficiency.

ii. Benefits derived from technology absorption:

The integration of advanced technologies drives higher productivity, optimizes operational costs, fosters innovation, and supports continuous product development.

iii. Information regarding imported technology (Imported during last three years reckoned from the beginning of the financial year):

S. no	Details of Technology Imported	Financial Year of Import	Whether Technology been fully absorbed	If not fully absorbed, areas where absorption has not taken place and the reasons thereof
1	Balling with Labelling Machine	2022-23	Yes	-

iv. Expenditure incurred on Research and Development:

None

C) Foreign Exchange Earning and Out-Go:

(₹ in lacs)		
Particulars	2025-26	2024-25
Foreign Exchange earned (FOB value of exports)	11,161.41	11,319.43
Foreign Exchange used (CIF value of imports and expenditure in foreign currency)	119.24	113.54

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT

The Directors hereby confirm:

- that in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards had been followed along with proper explanation relating to material departures;
- that they have selected such accounting policies as mentioned in the Notes to the financial statements have been applied consistently and judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent have been made so as to give a true and fair view of the state of

affairs of the Company at the end of the financial year and of the profit of the Company for that period;

- that proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- that the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis;
- that proper internal financial controls were followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- that proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws were in place and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

RISK MANAGEMENT

Risk mitigation continues to be a key area of concern for the Company, which has regularly invested in insuring itself against unforeseen risks. The Company's stocks and insurable assets like building, plant & machinery, computer equipment, office equipment, furniture & fixtures, lease hold improvements and upcoming projects have been adequately insured against major risks.

The Board of Directors of the Company has also formulated Risk Management Policy in accordance with the Act. The aim of risk management policy is to maximize opportunities in all activities and to minimize adversity. The policy includes identifying types of risks and its assessment, risk handling, monitoring and reporting, which in the opinion of the Board may threaten the existence of the Company.

VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company has established a robust Vigil Mechanism and a whistle blower policy in accordance with the provisions of the Act, with a view to provide its directors and employees an avenue to report genuine concerns of unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the codes of conduct and to provide adequate safeguard for protection from any victimization.

Accordingly, the Company has established a Compliance Task Force to evaluate and investigate the actual or suspected fraud or violation of the of applicable laws and regulations and the Code of Conduct and Ethics. The Compliance Task Force operates under the supervision of the Audit Committee.

Employees are required to report actual or suspected violations of applicable laws and regulations and the Code of Conduct and Ethics. Such genuine concerns disclosed as per Policy are called “Protected Disclosures” and can be raised by a Whistle-blower through an e-mail or a letter to the Chairman of Compliance Task Force or to the Chairman of the Audit Committee.

The Whistle Blower Policy may be accessed on the Company's website at <https://hpthreads.com/pdf/Whistle%20Blower%20Policy.pdf>.

This Policy inter-alia provides a direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee and affirms that no Director/employee have been denied access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee and that no complaints were received during the year.

PREVENTION OF SEXUAL HARASSMENT

The Company has adopted a policy on sexual harassment at workplace in line with the requirements of the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013 (“POSH Act”). All the employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy.

Details of complaints under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition & Redressal) Act, 2013 for the FY 2025-26 are as follows:

- (a) Number of complaints of sexual harassment received in the year: Nil
- (b) Number of complaints disposed off during the year: Nil
- (c) Number of cases pending for more than ninety days: Nil

The Company has complied with the provisions relating to the constitution of Internal Complaints Committee under the POSH Act to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. The Internal Complaints Committee was reconstituted by the Board of Directors of the Company during the year under review.

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

In terms of provision of regulation 15(2) of SEBI Listing Regulations, compliance with the Corporate Governance provisions as specified under regulations 17 to 27 and clause (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of regulation 46 and para C, D and E of Schedule V are not applicable to the Company as the Company's paid-up equity share capital was below Rs. 10 crores and the Net worth was below Rs. 25 crores as on the last date of each preceding three financial years

2022-23, 2023-24 and 2024-25. Therefore, the Company is not required to comply with the Corporate Governance provisions of the SEBI Listing Regulations w.e.f. April 01, 2025 till the Company exceeds the criteria again as specified under Regulation 15(2) of SEBI Listing Regulations after the financial year 2024-25. Hence, Corporate Governance report does not form part of this Annual Report.

DECLARATION ON CODE OF CONDUCT AND ETHICS

All the Boards Members and the Senior Management have confirmed compliance with the Code for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2026. The declaration to this effect signed by Chief Executive Officer (CEO), forming integral part of this report.

OTHER STATUTORY DISCLOSURES

During the year under review:

1. No significant and material orders were passed by the Regulators/ Courts/ Tribunals which impact the going concern status and Company's operations in future.
2. No equity shares were issued with differential rights as to dividend, voting or otherwise.
3. No sweat equity shares were issued.
4. The Company has not issued any shares pursuant to the Employee Stock Options Scheme.
5. The Company has not issued any Bonus Shares.
6. The Company does not have any scheme of provision of money for the purchase of its own shares by employees or by trustees for the benefit of employees.
7. No deposits have been accepted by the Company from the public. The Company had no outstanding, unpaid or unclaimed public deposits at the beginning and end of FY 2025-26.
8. Neither the Managing Director nor the Whole-time Directors of the Company receive any remuneration or commission from any of its subsidiaries as on March 31, 2026.
9. No Change in nature of Business of Company.
10. No fraud has been reported by the Statutory Auditors and Secretarial Auditors to the Audit Committee or the Board.
11. No Corporate Insolvency Resolution Process initiated under the Insolvency and Bankruptcy Code, 2016.

12. No instance of onetime settlement with any Bank or Financial Institution.
13. There was no revision of financial statements and Board's Report of the Company.
14. The Company has complied with the provisions of the Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 and rules made thereunder.

The Company has complied with the applicable Secretarial Standards on Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and on General Meetings (SS-2) issued by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

CAUTIONARY STATEMENT

Certain statements in the Directors' Report describing the Company's objectives, projections, estimates, expectations or predictions may be forward-looking statements within the meaning of applicable securities laws and regulations. Actual results could differ from those expressed or implied. Important factors that could make a difference to the Company's operations include labour and material availability, and prices, cyclical demand and pricing in the Company's principal markets, changes in government regulations, tax regimes, economic development within India and other incidental factors.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We extend our sincere thanks to our customers, vendors, dealers, investors, business partners, and bankers for their unwavering support throughout the year. We also wish to place on record our appreciation for the valuable contributions of our employees across all levels, whose commitment, collaboration, and resilience have been instrumental in overcoming challenges.

We gratefully acknowledge the continued support of the Government of India, State Governments, and other regulatory authorities and agencies, and look forward to strengthening this association in the years ahead.

For and on behalf of the Board

Kailash Kumar Agarwal

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00063470

New Delhi

August 07, 2026

ANNEXURE - I**Details under Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014****A. The ratio of the remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employees and the performance of the Company for the year 2025-26:**

S. No.	Name	Designation	% Increase / (decrease) of remuneration in FY 2026 as compared to FY 2025	Ratio of Remuneration to Median Remuneration
EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS				
1.	Kailash Kumar Agarwal	Chairman & Managing Director	10.24	83.04
2.	Raghavkumar Agarwal	Executive Director, CEO & CFO	9.54	68.78
NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS				
3.	Vikram Sumatilal Sheth	Independent Director	(8.57)	5.05
4.	Siddharth Agrawal	Independent Director	14.47	4.58
5.	Vikram Jhunjunwala	Independent Director	^	5.05
6.	Ritu Bansal	Non-Executive Director	Nil	2.79
KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN EXECUTIVE DIRECTORS				
7.	Shubham Jain	Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	11.51	15.36

^ Remuneration for the FY 2024–25, being for part of the year, is not comparable with that of the FY 2025–26; accordingly, the percentage increase is not stated.

B. The percentage increase (decrease) in the median remuneration of the employees during the financial year	(17.54%)
C. Number of permanent employees on the rolls of the Company (As on March 31, 2026)	1,641
D. Average percentile increase (decrease) already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase (decrease) in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase (decrease) in the managerial remuneration	The average decrease in the salaries of the employees other than managerial personnel in the last financial year was 17.48%. The average increase in managerial remuneration in the last financial year was 9.92%. The remuneration and perquisites provided to the employees including that of the management are on par with industry levels, performance indicators and is in line with the resolutions approved by the Board of Directors and Shareholders.
E. Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company	The Company affirms that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.

Note: Apprentices are excluded from the total no. of Permanent Employees on the rolls of the Company.

For and on behalf of the Board

Kailash Kumar Agarwal

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00063470

New Delhi

August 07, 2026

ANNEXURE - II

FORM NO. MR-3
SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT
FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31st March, 2026

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule No.9 of the Companies
 (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
 The Members,
H.P.COTTON TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED
 15th K.M. Stone, Delhi Road,
 V.P.O. Mayar, Hisar Haryana 125044

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliances of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited** (hereinafter called "the Company"). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that has provided a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the Company's books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2026 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company for the financial year ended on March 31, 2026 and found that Company was in compliance of following:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made there under, as may be applicable;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made there under;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and rules framed there under;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial borrowings;

- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):-

o Applicable on the Company for the FY 2025-26

- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

o Not Applicable on the Company for the FY 2025-26

- (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021;
- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021;
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buy-back of Securities) Regulations 2018; and;
- (e) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;

- (vi) As confirmed by the management, there are no other laws specifically applicable in relation to the business of the Company.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- (i) Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India and notified by Ministry of Corporate Affairs; and
- (ii) The listing agreement entered into by the Company with BSE limited.

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above.

We further report that,

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors.

Adequate notice is given to all Directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for

seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

All decisions at Board Meetings and Committee Meetings are carried out unanimously as recorded in the minutes of the meetings of the Board of Directors or Committee of the Board, as the case may be.

There are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

For **Tarun Jain & Associates**
Company Secretaries

Tarun Jain
(Prop.)

Membership No.: F4645

C.P. No.: 4317

PR: 6944/2025

Place: New Delhi

Date: 07.08.2026

UDIN: F004645H001045069

Note: This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as **Annexure-A** and forms an integral part of this report.

Annexure-A

The Members,

H.P. COTTON TEXTILE MILLS LIMITED

15th K.M. Stone, Delhi Road,

V.P.O. Mayar, Hisar Haryana 125044

1. Maintenance of secretarial records is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
2. We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on the random test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
3. We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
4. Wherever required, we have obtained the Management representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events etc.
5. The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules, regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verification of procedures on the random test basis.
6. The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For **Tarun Jain & Associates**
Company Secretaries

Tarun Jain
(Prop.)

Membership No.: F4645

C.P. No.: 4317

PR: 6944/2025

UDIN: F004645H001045069

Place: New Delhi

Date: 07.08.2026

ANNEXURE - III

Form No. AOC-1

Statement containing salient features of the financial statements of
the Subsidiaries/Joint Ventures/Associate Companies(Pursuant to the first proviso of Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of
the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Part A: Subsidiaries

(₹ in lacs)

CIN of the Subsidiary Company	U17299HR2022PLC104655
Name of the Subsidiary Company	HP MMF Textiles Limited
The date since which Subsidiary was acquired	June 24, 2022
Provisions pursuant to which the company has become a subsidiary (Section 2(87)(i)/Section 2(87)(ii))	Section 2(87)(ii)
Reporting period for the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company's reporting period	NA
Reporting currency	INR
Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant Financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries	NA
Share Capital	11
Reserves & Surplus	(5.08)
Total Assets	6.54
Total Liabilities	6.54
Investments	-
Turnover	-
Profit before Taxation	(0.84)
Provision for Taxation	-
Profit after Taxation	(0.84)
Proposed Dividend	-
% of Share holding	100%

Notes:

1. HP MMF Textiles Limited is yet to commence operations.
2. None of the subsidiary which have been liquidated/sold/merged during the year.

Part B: Associates and Joint Ventures: Not Applicable

For and on behalf of the Board

Kailash Kumar AgarwalChairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00063470**Raghavkumar Agarwal**Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer &
Chief Financial Officer
DIN: 02836610**Shubham Jain**Company Secretary & Compliance Officer
Membership No.: A49541

New Delhi

August 07, 2026

DECLARATION ON CODE OF CONDUCT

It is hereby declared that all Board Members and Senior Management Personnel of the Company have affirmed compliance with the 'Code of Conduct and Ethics' for the year ended March 31, 2026.

RaghavKumar Agarwal
Executive Director, CEO & CFO
DIN : 02836610

New Delhi
August 07, 2026



Financial Statements

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited

Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

OPINION

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of **H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Cash Flow and the Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2026, and its profit and other comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

We have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matter to be communicated in our report

Key audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
Valuation of Inventories As at March 31, 2026, the carrying value of the inventories is ₹ 3411.73 Lacs. The cost of inventory is calculated using acquisition cost, conversion costs and administration overheads incurred to bring the inventory to its present location and condition, which involves management judgments and estimation. Due to the Significance of the inventory balance to the standalone financial statements of the company and the level of judgments and estimates required, we identified the valuation of inventories as a key audit matter. Refer Note 2.2(vi) and Note 8 to the standalone financial statements.	In view of the significance of the matter we applied the following audit procedures in this area, among others to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence: (a) Assessing the appropriateness of the accounting policy for inventories with relevant accounting standards; (b) We obtained an understanding from the management, assessed and tested the design and operating effectiveness of the Company's key controls over the valuation of inventories; (c) Assessing methodology – considering the consistency and appropriateness of the management estimates and assumptions made for arriving at Net realizable value of inventories; (d) Verified the expenses considered as cost of conversion on the different classes of finished goods and work-in progress; (e) Made enquiries regarding obsolete inventory items and looked at the condition of items counted; (f) We evaluated the appropriateness and adequacy of disclosures in the standalone financial statements in accordance with the applicable accounting standards.

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

Key audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
Recoverability of deferred tax assets (DTA) The Company has recognized ₹ 328.73 Lacs as DTA, as at March 31, 2026, relating to carry forwards tax losses, unabsorbed depreciation and MAT credit to the extent it is probable that the future taxable profits will be available against which such unused tax losses and MAT credit can be utilized. Such recognition of DTA is a key audit matter as the recoverability of tax losses within the time frame allowed, involves significant estimate of the financial projections, availability of sufficient taxable income in the future and significant judgments in the interpretation of tax regulations and tax positions adopted by the Company. Refer note 2.2(xviii) "Income Tax" for accounting policies, note 18 "Deferred Tax Assets/ Liabilities" and note 34 "Income tax expense" for disclosures related to taxes of the Standalone Financial Statements.	Our audit procedures included the following: (a) We obtained an understanding of controls performed by the management to assess the recoverability of the DTA relating to carry-forwards tax losses, unabsorbed depreciation and MAT Credit entitlement; (b) Evaluated the Company's tax positions by comparing it with prior years and past precedents; (c) Evaluated the estimates of profitability made by the management on the basis of which it is considered probable that the Company will have sufficient taxable income against which the unused tax losses will be utilized and also within the expected timing of utilization; (d) Discussed with the management the future business plans and financial projections and underlying assumptions used based on which the estimate of profitability is made; (e) We evaluated the adequacy of disclosures in the financial statements related to deferred tax in notes 2.2(xviii), 17 and 33 respectively of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 12.
Impairment of Investment in Subsidiary The Holding Company has recognised an impairment loss on its investment in subsidiary during the year and reduced the carrying value from ₹ 11.00 lakhs to ₹ 5.92 lakhs as at March 31, 2026, in accordance with Ind AS 36 Impairment of Assets. The impairment assessment was carried out due to sustained losses, erosion of net worth and limited business activity in the subsidiary. Such impairment assessment is a key audit matter as the determination of recoverable amount involves significant management judgment and estimation, including evaluation of the subsidiary's financial position, assessment of future economic benefits and consideration of alternative uses or realisation values of the investment.	Our audit procedures included the following: (a) Evaluating the design and implementation of controls over impairment assessment process; (b) Assessing the methodology adopted by management for determining the recoverable amount; (c) Evaluating the reasonableness of management estimates and key assumptions used; (d) Verifying the mathematical accuracy of the impairment computation and assessing the adequacy of disclosure made in Note 2.2(iv), 2.2(x) and Note 4 of the financial statements in accordance with applicable Indian Accounting Standards.

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance including other comprehensive income, cash flows and changes in equity of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal

financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Board of Directors is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3) (i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference

to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

OTHER MATTER

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

1. As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of Section 143 of the Act, we give in the "Annexure A", a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
2. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid standalone financial statements have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. The balance Sheet, the statement of profit and loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the cash flow statement and statement of changes in equity dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the standalone financial statements;
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act;
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2026 and taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to the standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B";
 - g. As required by Section 197(16) of the Act based on our audit, we report that the company has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act; and
 - h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at March 31, 2026 on its financial position in its financial statements – Refer Note 36 to the standalone financial statements.
 - ii. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at March 31, 2026;
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring of amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company during the year ended March 31, 2026.
 - iv.
 1. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note no. 49(k) to the standalone financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 2. The management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note no. 49(l) to the Standalone financial statements, no funds have been received by the Company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in

- writing or otherwise, that the Company shall, whether, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
3. Based on such audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clause (1) and (2) above contain any material misstatement.
 - v. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.
 - vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, excepts for the instances mentioned below, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software:

- (a) The feature of recording audit trail (edit Log) facility was not enabled for certain changes in the accounting software which can be performed by users having privileged access (debug) for the period 1st April 2025 to 26th August 2025.
- (b) The feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes for the accounting software used for maintaining the books of accounts for the period 1st April 2025 to 26th August 2025.

Further, where audit trail feature was enabled and operated throughout the year, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered.

For D. Kothary & Co

Chartered Accountants
 Firm Regn No. 105335W

Nikhilesh Patni

(Partner)
 Membership No. 155641
 UDIN: 26155641JISLMZ2384

Place: Mumbai
 Date: May 18, 2026

ANNEXURE A

(Referred to in Paragraph 1 under “Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements” of our report of even date)

(i) Property, Plant and Equipment:

- (a) (A) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars, including quantitative details and situation of Property, Plant & Equipment on the basis of information available.

- (B) The company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.

- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has a regular programme of physical verification of Property, plant and equipment by which all Property, Plant and Equipment of the Company are being verified in a phased manner over period of 3 years, which in our opinion, is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and nature of its business. Pursuant to the program, certain property, plant and equipment has been physically verified by the Management during the year and no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification.

- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties

where the company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) disclosed in the standalone financial statements are held in the name of the Company.

- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not revalued its property, plant and equipment (including right of use assets) or intangible assets or both during the year;

- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, there are no proceedings initiated or pending against the company for holding any benami property under the Prohibition of Benami Property Transactions Act, 1988 and rules made thereunder;

(ii) Inventory:

- (a) According to the information and explanations given to us, the inventory has been physically verified by the management during the year. In our opinion, the frequency of such verification is reasonable and adequate, and no material discrepancies of 10% or more in the aggregate for each class of inventory were noticed on such verification as compared to the book records.

(₹ in lacs)

Name of Bank	Working capital limit sanctioned	Quarter	Amount disclosed as per return	Amount as per books of accounts	Difference	Remarks/ reason, if any
State Bank of India	3856.00	Quarter 1	4514.58	4383.53	131.05	Under/over reporting of assets numbers in stock statement is on account of revaluation of foreign trade receivables on closing date as per requirements of Ind AS, reclassification entries and provisional valuation of WIP & Finished Goods inventory
		Quarter 2	4863.04	4648.74	214.30	
		Quarter 3	4656.54	4297.10	359.44	
		Quarter 4	4808.39	4425.56	382.83	

- (b) As disclosed in Note 20 and Note 49(j) to the standalone financial statements, the Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of five crore rupees by banks based on the security of current assets. The quarterly statements, in respect of the working capital limits have been filed by the company with such banks and such statements are in agreement with the books of the company for the respective periods which were not subject to audit, expect for the following:

- (iii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the company has not made investment in, provided any guarantee or security or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured to any other entity during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clauses 3(iii)(a) to clauses 3(iii)(f) of the order is not applicable to the company.
- (iv) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the Company has not entered into any transaction covered under section 185 and section 186 of the Act in respect of loans, investments, guarantees, and security. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(iv) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- (v) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records, the company has not accepted any deposits or there are not amounts which have been deemed to be deposits within the meaning of sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the Companies (Acceptance of Deposits) Rules, 2014 (as amended). Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(v) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- (vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of accounts maintained by the Company pursuant to the rules prescribed by the Central Government for maintenance of cost records under Section 148(1) of the Act in respect of its manufactured goods and are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained. However, we have not carried out a detailed examination of the records with a view to determine whether these are accurate or complete.
- (vii) Statutory Dues:
 - (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, in our opinion amounts deducted/ accrued in the books of accounts in respect of undisputed statutory dues, including Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Duty of Custom or Cess or other statutory dues applicable to the Company have generally been regularly deposited with the appropriate authorities. Further, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of Goods and Service Tax, Provident Fund, Employees' State Insurance, Income Tax, Duty of Custom or Cess or other statutory dues were in arrears as at March 31, 2026 for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, there are no statutory dues referred to in sub-clause (a) above that have not been deposited with the appropriate authorities by the Company on account of any dispute.
- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the company has not surrendered or disclosed any transaction, previously unrecorded as income in the books of account, in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 as income during the year.
- (ix) Loans, Borrowings:
 - (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the company, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of its loans or borrowings or in the payment of interest thereon to any lender.
 - (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and representation received from the management of the Company, and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report that the Company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or any government authority.
 - (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has taken term loan during the year and it has been utilized for the purpose it was obtained.
 - (d) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, funds raised by the Company on short-term basis have, prima facie, not been used for long term purposes.
 - (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the financial statements of the Company, we report that the company has not taken any funds from any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiary.
 - (f) According to the information and explanations given to us, the company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiary.

- (x) Initial Public Offer, Further Public Offer:
- The Company has not raised any moneys by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable.
 - According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year. Accordingly, clause 3(x)(b) of the order is not applicable.
- (xi) Fraud:
- To the best of our knowledge and according to the information and explanations given to us, no fraud by the Company or on the Company has been noticed or reported during the course of our audit.
 - According to the information and explanations given to us, no report under Sub-section (12) of Section 143 of the Companies Act has been filed by the Auditors in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under rule 13 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
 - According to the information and explanations given to us including the representation made to us by the management of the Company, there are no whistle blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- (xii) The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xii) of the Order is not applicable.
- (xiii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is in compliance with Section 177 and 188 of the Companies Act, where applicable, for all transactions with the related parties and the details of related party transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- (xiv) Internal Audit:
- In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has an internal audit system as per the provisions of section 138 of the Act which is commensurate with the size and nature of its business.
 - We have considered internal audit reports of the Company issued till date for the period under audit.
- (xv) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with any of its directors or persons connected to its directors and hence, provisions of Section 192 of the Act are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvi) RBI Act:
- The Company is not required to be registered under section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act 1934. Accordingly, clause 3(xvi)(a), (b), (c) and (d) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (xvii) The Company has not incurred any cash losses during the financial year under audit, nor in the immediately preceding financial year.
- (xviii) There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xix) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios, ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report indicating that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.
- (xx) According to the information and explanations given to us, the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 are not applicable to the Company during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For D. Kothary & Co

Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn No. 105335W

Nikhilesh Patni

(Partner)
Membership No. 155641
UDIN: 26155641JISLMZ2384

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 18, 2026

ANNEXURE B

(Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the standalone financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"))

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the **H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited** ("the Company"), as of March 31, 2026 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal controls with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing issued by ICAI prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone Financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

MEANING OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalone financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

INHERENT LIMITATIONS OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

OPINION

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements and such internal financial controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026

based on the internal controls with reference to standalone financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For D. Kothary & Co

Chartered Accountants
Firm Regn No. 105335W

Nikhilesh Patni

(Partner)
Membership No. 155641
UDIN: 26155641JISLMZ2384

Place: Mumbai
Date: May 18, 2026

Standalone Balance Sheet

As at March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Assets			
Non-current assets			
a) Property, plant and equipment	3	3,059.42	3,244.67
b) Capital work-in-progress	3A	1.83	0.19
c) Right-of-use assets	47	320.78	375.05
d) Other intangible assets	3	14.28	14.19
e) Financial assets			
i) Investments	4	5.92	11.00
ii) Other financial assets	5	137.10	133.54
f) Deferred tax assets (net)	18	156.53	306.51
g) Non-current tax assets (net)	6	4.13	2.04
h) Other non-current assets	7	7.07	8.06
		3,707.06	4,095.25
Current assets			
a) Inventories	8	3,411.73	3,036.66
b) Financial assets			
i) Trade receivables	9	1,013.83	1,094.60
ii) Cash and cash equivalents	10	3.53	3.73
iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	11	133.88	126.06
iv) Other financial assets	12	45.23	83.74
c) Other current assets	13	1,031.89	871.95
		5,640.09	5,216.74
		9,347.15	9,311.99
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
a) Equity share capital	14	392.20	392.20
b) Other equity	15	1,537.89	1,236.40
		1,930.09	1,628.60
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
i) Borrowings	16	1,175.63	887.57
ii) Lease liability	17	340.43	387.12
b) Provisions	19	381.47	337.48
		1,897.53	1,612.17
Current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
i) Borrowings	20	2,346.13	2,707.07
ii) Lease liability	21	46.69	33.78
iii) Trade payables	22		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		288.81	320.94
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		1,765.04	2,115.70
iv) Other financial liabilities	23	261.83	270.85
b) Other current liabilities	24	541.35	375.73
c) Provisions	25	269.68	247.15
		5,519.53	6,071.22
		9,347.15	9,311.99

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements
 This is the standalone balance sheet referred to in our report of even date

For **D.Kothary & Co**
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration Number:- 105335W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited

Nikhilesh Patni
 Partner
 Membership No.: 155641

Kailash Kumar Agarwal
 Chairman & Managing Director
 DIN: 00063470

RaghavKumar Agarwal
 Executive Director
 Chief Executive Officer &
 Chief Financial Officer
 DIN: 02836610

Shubham Jain
 Company Secretary
 Membership No. : ACS 49541

Place: Mumbai
 Date: 18 May 2026

Place: New Delhi
 Date: 18 May 2026

Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss

For the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Particulars	Note	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Income			
Revenue from operations	26	13,149.97	12,813.45
Other income	27	262.53	135.49
Total Income		13,412.50	12,948.94
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	28	5,279.26	5,198.75
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and scrap	29	(227.43)	28.44
Employee benefits expense	30	3,333.17	2,969.20
Other expenses	31	3,604.24	3,369.61
Total expenses		11,989.24	11,566.00
Profit before finance costs, depreciation and tax		1,423.26	1,382.94
Finance costs	32	653.84	671.94
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	33	330.82	330.24
Profit before tax		438.60	380.76
Tax expense	34		
Current tax		-	-
Tax credit of earlier years		-	-
Deferred tax		146.40	122.89
Total tax expense		146.40	122.89
Profit for the year		292.20	257.87
Other comprehensive income:			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Remeasurement of post employment benefit obligations		12.87	(10.42)
Income tax relating to above items		(3.58)	2.90
Total other comprehensive income		9.29	(7.52)
Total comprehensive income for the year		301.49	250.35
Earnings per equity share (face value of ₹ 10/- per share)	35		
Basic earnings per share (in ₹)		7.45	6.57
Diluted earnings per share (in ₹)		7.45	6.57

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements

This is the standalone statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even date

For **D.Kothary & Co**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number:- 105335W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited

Nikhilesh Patni
Partner
Membership No.: 155641

Kailash Kumar Agarwal
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00063470

RaghavKumar Agarwal
Executive Director
Chief Executive Officer &
Chief Financial Officer
DIN: 02836610

Shubham Jain
Company Secretary
Membership No. : ACS 49541

Place: Mumbai
Date: 18 May 2026

Place: New Delhi
Date: 18 May 2026

Standalone Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
A. Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before tax	438.60	380.76
Adjustments for:		
Impairment Loss on Investment	5.08	-
Expected credit loss of financial and non-financial assets	1.82	-
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	330.82	330.24
Liabilities no longer required written back	(15.25)	(8.02)
Amount written off	3.37	58.41
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	(4.97)	(1.12)
Unrealised gain on foreign exchange fluctuation	(38.47)	(2.36)
Interest income	(16.35)	(22.86)
Interest expense	653.84	671.94
Interest on fair valuation of financial assets carried at amortised cost	(0.67)	(0.62)
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,357.82	1,406.37
Adjustments for:		
Decrease/(increase) in other non-current assets	0.99	2.24
Decrease/(increase) in other non-current financial assets	(2.89)	13.13
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables	114.80	(521.84)
Decrease/(increase) in other current assets	(159.94)	(163.05)
Decrease/(increase) in other current financial assets	36.81	16.80
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	(375.06)	(135.58)
(Decrease)/increase in trade payables	(383.53)	141.97
(Decrease)/increase in other financial liabilities	(7.33)	56.40
(Decrease)/increase in other current liabilities	180.87	(142.94)
(Decrease)/increase in provisions	75.80	71.15
Cash generated from operating activities	838.34	744.65
Income taxes paid (net of refund received during the year)	1.50	(3.90)
Net cash flow generated from operating activities	839.84	740.75
B. Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment, including intangible assets, capital work in progress, capital advances and capital liabilities	(95.45)	(171.48)
Payment for investments in subsidiary	-	(10.00)
Proceeds/Payment from maturity / encashment of fixed deposits	0.92	3.55
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	7.37	1.92
Interest received	7.61	14.49
Net cash flow used in investing activities	(79.55)	(161.52)
C. Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	564.50	207.00
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(254.12)	112.41
Proceeds/repayment of short term borrowings (net)	(426.94)	(242.35)
Payment of principal portion of lease liability	(33.78)	(30.13)
Payment of interest portion of lease liability	(38.51)	(41.27)
Finance charges paid	(571.64)	(586.70)
Net cash flow generated from financing activities	(760.49)	(581.04)

Standalone Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
D. Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(0.20)	(1.81)
E. Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	3.73	5.54
F. Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year (D+E)	3.53	3.73
Components of cash and cash equivalents:		
Balances with banks-in current accounts	2.82	2.53
Cash on hand	0.71	1.20
	3.53	3.73

Reconciliation of financial liabilities arising from financing activities for the year ended March 31, 2026:

Particulars	Interest accrued on borrowings	Non-current borrowings *	Current borrowings **	Lease liability
Balance as at April 01, 2024	-	999.11	2,474.50	451.03
Add: Loan disbursed	-	207.00	278.55	-
Add: Interest expenses	630.66	-	-	41.27
Add: Lease liability created under IND AS 116	-	-	-	-
Less: Payment of lease liability	-	-	-	(30.13)
Less: Loan repaid	-	(166.16)	(242.35)	-
Less: Interest expenses paid	(586.70)	-	-	(41.27)
Add/(less): Others	(43.96)	40.45	3.51	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	0.00	1,080.40	2,514.21	420.90
Add: Loan disbursed	-	564.50	-	-
Add: Interest expenses	615.33	-	-	-
Less: Payment of lease liability	-	-	-	(33.78)
Less: Loan repaid	-	(254.12)	(426.94)	-
Less: Interest expenses paid	(571.64)	-	-	-
Add/(less): Others	(43.69)	40.50	3.19	-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	0.00	1,431.28	2,090.46	387.12

* Includes current maturities of long-term debts

** Inflows/outflows from current borrowings has been presented on net basis

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements

This is the standalone cash flow statement referred to in our report of even date

For **D.Kothary & Co**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number:- 105335W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited

Nikhilesh Patni
Partner
Membership No.: 155641

Kailash Kumar Agarwal
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00063470

RaghavKumar Agarwal
Executive Director
Chief Executive Officer &
Chief Financial Officer
DIN: 02836610

Shubham Jain
Company Secretary
Membership No. : ACS 49541

Place: Mumbai
Date: 18 May 2026

Place: New Delhi
Date: 18 May 2026

Standalone Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

As at March 31, 2026

Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance at the end of the current reporting period
392.20	-	392.20

As at March 31, 2025

Balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the previous year	Balance at the end of the previous reporting period
392.20	-	392.20

B. OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	Reserves and surplus				Other comprehensive income (OCI)	Total
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	General Reserve	Retained Earnings		
Current reporting period						
Balance as at April 01, 2025	0.11	190.58	784.41	264.17	(2.87)	1,236.40
Profit for the year	-	-	-	292.20	-	292.20
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	-	-	-	-	9.29	9.29
As at March 31, 2026	0.11	190.58	784.41	556.37	6.42	1,537.89
Previous reporting period						
Balance as at April 01, 2024	0.11	190.58	784.41	6.30	4.65	986.05
Profit for the year	-	-	-	257.87	-	257.87
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	-	-	-	-	(7.52)	(7.52)
As at March 31, 2025	0.11	190.58	784.41	264.17	(2.87)	1,236.40

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these standalone financial statements

This is the standalone statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date

 For **D.Kothary & Co**
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration Number:- 105335W

 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited
Nikhilesh Patni
 Partner
 Membership No.: 155641

Kailash Kumar Agarwal
 Chairman & Managing Director
 DIN: 00063470

RaghavKumar Agarwal
 Executive Director
 Chief Executive Officer &
 Chief Financial Officer
 DIN: 02836610

Shubham Jain
 Company Secretary
 Membership No. : ACS 49541

 Place: Mumbai
 Date: 18 May 2026

 Place: New Delhi
 Date: 18 May 2026

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information to the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Nature of operations

H. P. Cotton Textile Mills Ltd. ('the Company') is a public company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. It has its registered office at Delhi Road, V.P.O Mayar, Hisar. The Company is a leading manufacturer of cotton specialty yarns and cotton sewing threads catering to both local and export markets. The shares of the Company are currently listed at Bombay Stock Exchange.

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Statement of Compliance and basis of preparation of standalone financial statements

(a) General information and statement of compliance with Ind AS

These standalone financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time and other pronouncements/provisions of applicable laws and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI).

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented in the standalone financial statements except where newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026 were authorised and approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 18 May 2026. Revisions to standalone financial statements, if required, is permitted by the Board of Directors subject to obtaining necessary approvals or at the instance of regulatory authorities as per provisions of the Act.

Application of new and revised Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)

All the Ind AS issued and notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) till

the standalone financial statements are authorised have been considered in preparing these standalone financial statements.

Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2026, MCA has notified new standards or amendments but there is no material impact to the existing standards applicable to the Company.

(b) Historical cost convention

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- 1) certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value; and
- 2) defined benefit plans - plan assets measured at fair value.

(c) Current and non-current classification

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle (not exceeding twelve months) and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Act.

(d) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the standalone financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lacs with two decimal places as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

(e) Use of estimates

The estimates and judgements used in the preparation of the standalone financial statements are continuously evaluated by the Company and are based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors (including expectations of future events) that the Company believes to be reasonable under the existing circumstances. Differences between actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/materialised.

The said estimates are based on the facts and events, that existed as at the reporting date, or that occurred after that date but provide additional evidence about conditions existing as at the reporting date.

(f) Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of standalone financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about the assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require material adjustment to the carrying value of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the standalone financial statements is included in the following notes:

Critical judgments in applying accounting policies

The key judgments, made by the management, in applying the Company's accounting policies having an effect on these standalone financial statements are as follows:

- (i) Recognition of deferred tax-** The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilised.
- (ii) Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets-** The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.
- (iii) Recoverability of advances/receivables-** At each balance sheet date, based on historical default rates observed over expected life, the management assesses the expected credit loss on outstanding receivables and advances.

- (iv) Provisions and contingencies-** The amount of provisions and contingencies have been recognised in accordance with Ind AS 37 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets as the evaluation of the likelihood of the contingent events requires best judgment by management regarding the probability of exposure to potential loss.

Key source of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Company has based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available at the time of preparation of standalone financial statements. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Company. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

- (i) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment-** The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, internal assessment of user experience and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditure required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the assets. The Company reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date.
- (ii) Recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment-** The recoverable amount of property plant and equipment is based on estimates and assumptions regarding in particular the expected market outlook and expected future cash flows. Any changes in these assumptions may have a material impact on the measurement of the recoverable amount and could result in impairment.
- (iii) Post-retirement benefit plan-** Employee benefit obligation (gratuity) are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-

term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

(iv) Fair value measurement of financial instruments-

The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the standalone balance sheet in respect of which quoted prices in active markets are not available are measured using valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

2.2 Summary of material accounting policies

i. Property, plant and equipment

An item on property, plant and equipment is recognized as asset, if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Freehold land is carried at cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. All costs including borrowing costs related to the acquisition and installation of property, plant and equipment are capitalised.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance including assets having cost upto ₹ 10,000 are charged to the standalone statement of profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each reporting date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets and the cost of assets not put to use before such date are disclosed under 'Capital work-in-progress'.

ii. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment, if any. Intangible assets are amortised over their respective individual estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis, from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful life of an identifiable intangible asset is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, etc. The amortisation method and useful lives are reviewed periodically at each reporting date.

An intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal (i.e., at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

Useful life considered for calculation of amortisation for various intangible assets are as follows-

Asset category	Estimated useful life (in years)
Software	3-5 years

The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite life is recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss under the head Depreciation and amortization expense.

iii. Depreciation

The Company depreciates its property, plant and equipment (PPE) over the useful life on Straight line basis in the manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Act. Management believes that useful life of assets are same as those prescribed in Schedule II to the Act. Useful life considered for calculation of depreciation for various assets class are as follows-

Asset category	As per management estimate	As per Schedule II
Computers	3 years	3 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years	10 years
Building	30 years	30 years
Vehicles	8 years	8 years
Plant and machinery	15 years	15 years
Office equipment	5 years	5 years
Servers and networks	6 years	6 years

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the period of lease or 3 years, whichever is less.

The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset. The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Depreciation on additions / deletions is calculated pro-rata from the month of such addition / deletion, as the case may be.

iv. Impairment of non-financial asset

The Company tests the assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets (cash-generating units). Assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

v. Revenue and other income

The Company derives revenues primarily from sale of manufactured cotton, specialty yarns and cotton sewing threads.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the Company satisfies its performance obligation and substantial risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the buyer which generally coincides when the goods are dispatched from the factory. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and rebates. The Company collects Goods and Service Tax on behalf of the government and therefore, these are not economic benefits flowing to the Company. Hence, these are excluded from revenue.

Other income is recognised on an accrual basis when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.

- Export incentives, including duty drawback and other government incentives, are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the related conditions will be complied with and the incentives will be received.

- Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost is recognised using the effective interest rate method.
- Foreign exchange gains and losses arising on settlement and translation of foreign currency monetary items are recognised in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.
- Liabilities no longer payable are written back upon cessation of the obligation.
- Profit or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised upon derecognition of the related asset.
- Miscellaneous income is recognised when the right to receive such income is established and collection is reasonably certain.

Contract balances

Contract assets

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. Where the Company performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional.

Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Company's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due). Refer to accounting policies of financial assets in section (x) Investment and other financial assets – initial recognition and subsequent measurement.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. Where a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

Financing component

The Company does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the

customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Company does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

Cost to obtain a contract with customer

The Company pays sales commission to selling agents for each contract that they obtain for sales of Company's products. Such commission are in nature of incremental cost to obtain contract with customer and the Company has elected to apply the optional practical expedient for costs to obtain a contract wherein it immediately expenses off such sales commissions because the amortisation period of the asset that the Company otherwise would have used is one year or less.

Duty drawbacks and other export incentives: Duty drawbacks and other export incentives under various schemes are recognised as revenue in the year of export when no significant uncertainty exists with respect to their recovery.

Insurance and other claims: Revenue in respect of claims is recognised when no significant uncertainties exist with regard to the amount to be realised and the ultimate collection thereof.

Interest income: Income from interest is accounted for on time proportion basis taking into account the amounts outstanding and the applicable rate of interest.

vi. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower.

The cost of raw materials and stores and spares is determined using moving weighted average formula and includes cost of purchase and other cost incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition. Raw materials and stores and spares are not written down below cost if the finished product in which they will be manufactured are expected to be sold at or above cost.

Work-in-progress is valued at raw material cost plus conversion cost incurred on them depending upon the stage of completion based on weighted average formulae.

Cost of finished goods include raw material cost, conversion cost and packing cost incurred to bring the goods to their present location and condition. Inventory of finished goods is measured at cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower.

vii. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

viii. Investments and other financial assets

Classification

The Company classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss),
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income.

Investments in subsidiaries are carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. At each reporting date, the Company assesses whether there is any indication of impairment considering the provisions of Ind AS 36 'Impairment of Assets'. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the recoverable amount of the investment.

An impairment loss is recognized in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss when the carrying amount of the investment exceeds its recoverable amount. The

recoverable amount is the higher of an investments's fair value less costs of disposal and its value in use.

Impairment losses are recognized in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.

Investments in mutual fund are measured at FVTPL. Profit or loss on fair value of mutual fund is recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Company has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at FVTOCI.

The Company reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Initial recognition

Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date i.e. the date on which the Company commits to purchase or sale the financial asset.

Measurement

At initial recognition, the Company measures trade receivables at their transaction price and measures other financial assets at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Company's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Company classifies its debt instruments:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Debt instruments and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Debt instruments at amortised cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/ losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

Debt instrument at FVTOCI

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVTOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/ losses. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains/ losses and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in standalone statement of profit and loss.

Debt instrument at FVTPL

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other gains/ losses in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

Equity instruments

The Company subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Company's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments are recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVTPL are recognised in other gain/ losses in the standalone statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVTOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVTOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 39 details how the Company determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Company applies the simplified approach required by Ind AS 109, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

The Company recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses ("ECL") on financial assets measured at amortized cost.

For trade receivables, the Company applies the simplified approach prescribed under Ind AS 109. Under this approach, the Company measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses at each reporting date.

The Company uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for current conditions and forward-looking estimates. The expected loss allowance is reviewed at each reporting date and updated to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

The carrying amount of trade receivables is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivables is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

De-recognition

A financial asset is derecognised only when

- The Company has transferred or has expired the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset and
- The Company has transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of the ownership.

Where the Company has transferred an asset, it evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the Company has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the Company has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if it has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Company retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

Income recognition

Interest income

Interest income from FVTPL is disclosed as interest income within other income. Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost and financial assets at FVTOCI is calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss as part of other income.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Dividends

Dividends are received from financial assets at FVTPL and at FVTOCI. Dividends are recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right to receive payment is established. This applies even if they are paid out of pre-acquisition profits, unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

ix. Financial liabilities

Initial recognition

The Company recognizes the financial liabilities in its balance sheet when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Company's financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables, short-term and long-term borrowings.

Measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities at FVTPL include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at FVTPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at FVTPL are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognised in OCI. These gains/ losses are not subsequently transferred to profit and loss. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss. The Company has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the initial recognition amount (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as

a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the standalone balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other gains/ losses.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the standalone financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of the breach.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Company prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 60-90 days of recognition. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

De-recognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

x. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the standalone balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle

on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

xi. Fair value measurement of financial instruments

The Company measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Company.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the standalone financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 — The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the

use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates;

- Level 3 — Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the standalone financial statements on a recurring basis, the Company determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Company has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of nature, characteristics and risks of the asset and liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes:

- Disclosure regarding significant estimates and assumptions- Note 2.1
- Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy- Note 2.2, paragraph xiii.
- Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost)- Note 2.2, paragraph x.

xii. Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events but their existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or where any present obligation cannot be measured in terms of future outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets

Contingent assets are not recognised in the standalone financial statements. Contingent assets are disclosed in the standalone financial statements to the extent it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Company from such assets.

xiii. Borrowing cost

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

xiv. Employees benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits: Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

(ii) Other long-term employee benefits obligations: The liabilities for earned leave and sick leave that are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months are measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end

of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the discount rates for Government Securities (G-Sec) at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurement as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

(iii) Post-employment benefits: The Company operates the following post-employment schemes:

- (a) defined contribution plans- provident fund; and
- (b) defined benefit plans- gratuity

(a) Defined contribution plan

Provident fund

The Company makes payment to statutory fund in accordance with the Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 which is a defined contribution plan. The Company has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense in the standalone statement of profit and loss as and when they are due.

(b) Defined benefit plans

Gratuity

The liability or asset recognised in the standalone balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plan is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee

benefit expense in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the standalone statement of changes in equity and in the standalone balance sheet.

xv. Foreign currency translations

(i) Functional and presentation currency

The standalone financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is Company's functional and presentation currency.

ii) Transaction and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are recognised at the prevailing exchange rates on the transaction dates. Realised gains and losses on settlement of foreign currency transactions are recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

Monetary foreign currency assets and liabilities at the year-end are translated at the year-end exchange rates and the resultant exchange differences are recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the standalone statement of profit and loss, within finance cost. All other foreign exchange gains/ losses are presented in the standalone statement of profit and loss on net basis.

xvi. Income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying

amount in the standalone financial statement. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are excepted to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses, only if, it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Current tax assets and tax liabilities are off set where the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in the standalone statement of profit and loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Minimum alternate tax credit is recognised as deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

xvii. Leases

On inception of a contract, the Company (as a lessee) assesses whether it contains a lease. A contract is, or contains a lease when it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognises a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for initial direct costs incurred, lease payments made at or before the commencement date, any asset restoration obligation, and less any lease incentives received. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Right-of-use assets are also adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. Unless the Company is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased assets or renewal of the leases at the end of the lease term, recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated to a residual value over the shorter of their estimated useful life or lease term.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease term includes periods subject to extension options which the Company is reasonably certain to exercise and excludes the effect of early termination options where the Company is not reasonably certain that it will exercise the option. Minimum lease payments include the cost of a purchase option if the Company is reasonably certain it will purchase the underlying asset after the lease term.

Lease liabilities are re-measured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use asset if the Company changes its assessment if whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option and any lease modification.

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Standalone Balance Sheet and lease payments are presented as follows in the Company's standalone statement of cash flows:

- short-term lease payments, payments for leases of low-value assets and variable lease payments that are not included in the measurement of the lease liabilities are presented within cash flows from operating activities;
- payments for the interest element and principal element of recognised lease liabilities are presented within cash flows from financing activities

xviii. Segment reporting

In accordance with Ind AS 108, operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments. The business activities of the Company predominantly fall within a single reportable operating segment, i.e., Textile (spinning). The Board of Directors is the Company's 'Chief Operating Decision Maker' or 'CODM' within the meaning of Ind AS 108.

xix. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the standalone balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of presentation in the standalone statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown as borrowings under financial liabilities in the standalone balance sheet.

xx. Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using indirect method in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) - 7 "Statement of Cash flows". The cash flows from regular revenue generating, financing and investing activities of the Company are segregated. Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow comprise cash at bank, cash/cheques in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026
(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT & INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Particulars	Property, plant and equipment							Intangible assets		
	Freehold land	Buildings	Leasehold improvements	Plant and Equipments	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipments	Computers	Vehicles	Total	Software
Gross carrying amount										
As at April 01, 2024	651.21	658.21	19.94	6,605.83	76.50	131.73	81.37	274.08	8,498.87	112.87
Additions	-	5.43	-	112.04	10.08	4.35	0.77	36.68	169.35	2.05
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34.65	34.65	-
As at March 31, 2025	651.21	663.64	19.94	6,717.87	86.58	136.08	82.14	276.11	8,633.57	114.92
Additions	-	-	-	30.41	28.70	7.37	5.56	19.47	91.51	2.22
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60.85	60.85	-
As at March 31, 2026	651.21	663.64	19.94	6,748.28	115.28	143.45	87.70	234.73	8,664.23	117.14
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation										
As at April 01, 2024	-	575.90	18.94	4,099.06	61.80	114.14	74.52	207.18	5,151.54	95.98
Charge for the year	-	3.61	-	241.95	2.78	5.67	3.06	14.17	271.24	4.75
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.88	33.88	-
As at March 31, 2025	-	579.51	18.94	4,341.01	64.58	119.81	77.58	187.47	5,388.90	100.73
Charge for the year	-	3.74	-	243.26	3.96	6.52	1.68	15.26	274.42	2.13
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58.51	58.51	-
As at March 31, 2026	-	583.25	18.94	4,584.27	68.54	126.33	79.26	144.22	5,604.81	102.86
Carrying amount (net)										
As at March 31, 2025	651.21	84.13	1.00	2,376.86	22.00	16.27	4.56	88.64	3,244.67	14.19
As at March 31, 2026	651.21	80.39	1.00	2,164.01	46.74	17.12	8.44	90.51	3,059.42	14.28

(i) Property, plant and equipment have been pledged as security for borrowings, for details refer note 16, 20 and 42

(ii) The title deeds of immovable properties as shown above are held in the name of the company

(iii) Refer note (i)(a) under Note 16 for details of title deeds with banks

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

3A CAPITAL WORK-IN-PROGRESS (CWIP):

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening gross carrying amount	0.19	0.12
Additions	95.38	171.47
Less :- Capitalisation / adjustments	(93.74)	(171.40)
Closing gross carrying amount	1.83	0.19

(i) Ageing schedule

As at March 31, 2026					
Particulars	Amount for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Projects in progress	1.83	-	-	-	1.83
Total	1.83	-	-	-	1.83

As at March 31, 2025					
Particulars	Amount for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Projects in progress	0.19	-	-	-	0.19
Total	0.19	-	-	-	0.19

(ii) The company does not have any project for which completion is overdue and neither has exceeded its original cost as per original plan.

4. NON-CURRENT INVESTMENTS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Investments in unquoted equity shares of subsidiary at cost fully paid up		
HP MMF Textiles Limited	11.00	11.00
Less :- Impairment loss on investment*	(5.08)	-
1,10,000 equity shares (previous year : 1,10,000 equity shares) of ₹ 10 each	5.92	11.00
Aggregate amount of unquoted investments	11.00	11.00

*Based on the assessment of recoverable amount considering present financial position and expected future economic benefits from the subsidiary, impairment provision has been recognized to the extent carrying value exceeds recoverable amount. Management believes the above treatment appropriately reflects the recoverable value of the investment and complies with the requirements of Ind AS 27, Ind AS 36 and Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

5. OTHER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Security deposits	137.10	133.54
	137.10	133.54

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

6. NON-CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Advance tax, TDS receivables (net of provision of income tax ₹ Nil (previous year : ₹ Nil))	4.13	2.04
	4.13	2.04

7. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Capital advances	5.32	5.32
Prepaid expenses	1.75	2.74
	7.07	8.06

8. INVENTORIES[^]

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(valued at lower of cost or net realizable value)		
Raw materials	242.71	146.40
Work-in-progress	1,790.11	1,956.95
Finished goods	877.45	495.42
Stores and spares	450.80	399.47
Scrap	50.66	38.42
	3,411.73	3,036.66

[^] Inventories have been pledged as security for borrowings, for details refer note 16, 20 and 42.

9. TRADE RECEIVABLES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Considered good - secured	64.19	238.24
Considered good - unsecured	951.46	856.36
Sub-Total	1,015.65	1,094.60
Less: allowance for expected credit loss	(1.82)	-
Total	1,013.83	1,094.60

Movement in ECL Allowance

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	-	-
Add :- Provision during the year	1.82	-
Less :- Amount Written Off	-	-
Closing Balance	1.82	-

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

- i. During the year, the Company reassessed the recoverability of its trade receivables in accordance with the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model prescribed under Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments.

Based on the assessment of ageing, historical default experience, customer-specific factors and forward-looking information, an additional ECL provision of Rs.1.82 lacs has been recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Consequently, trade receivables are carried net of the loss allowance as at the reporting date.

- ii. Trade receivables have been pledged as security for borrowings, for details refer note 16, 20 and 42.
- iii. The Company, as per its credit policy allows credit on export sales, usually by way of Letter of credit or other banking document. Debtors reflected as on balance sheet date, are due to the gestation period between the shipment made and exchange of shipping documents.
- iv. Out of the total unsecured debtors reflected:
- a. An amount ₹ 313.98 lacs (previous year ₹ 590.17 lacs), is reflected on account of transit time between shipment and exchange of documents;
- b. An amount of ₹ 635.66 lacs (previous year ₹ 266.19 lacs), is Document Acceptance (DA) basis routed through banking channels and backed by way of acceptances for payment on due date from overseas customers through international interbank communication.
- v. There are no debts/loans due by directors or other officers of the Company or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person or amounts due by firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.
- vi. Trade receivable ageing:

As at March 31, 2026

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed trade receivables - considered good	39.70	969.62	4.51	-	-	1.82	1,015.65
(ii) Undisputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	(1.82)	(1.82)
(iv) Disputed trade receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	39.70	969.62	4.51	-	-	-	1,013.83

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

As at March 31, 2025

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed trade receivables - considered good	222.37	870.13	-	-	0.08	2.02	1,094.60
(ii) Undisputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed trade receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	222.37	870.13	-	-	0.08	2.02	1,094.60

10. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balances with banks-in current accounts		
- In current accounts	2.82	2.53
Cash on hand	0.71	1.20
	3.53	3.73

There are no repatriation restrictions with regard to cash and cash equivalents at the end of reporting year and prior year.

11. OTHER BANK BALANCES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Margin money*	133.88	126.06
	133.88	126.06

*Margin money includes fixed deposits of ₹ 126.01 lacs (previous year: ₹ 118.52 lacs) pledged by the Company against letter of credit facility being availed by the Company.

12. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS*

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Export incentives receivables	31.33	64.72
Security Deposits	13.36	16.79
Earmarked bank balances for unpaid dividends	0.54	2.23
	45.23	83.74

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
 (All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

*Government grant

Export incentive and duty drawback receivables

Particulars	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Balance at the beginning of the year	92.68	103.39
Export incentive and duty drawback received/Written off during the year	(361.19)	(367.32)
Credited to the statement of profit and loss (refer note 26)	325.93	356.61
Closing balance	57.42	92.68

Export incentive and duty drawback receivables comprises :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Export incentives receivables (refer note 12)	31.33	64.72
Duty drawback (refer note 13-included in Balance with government authorities)	26.09	27.96
Total	57.42	92.68

13. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Balances with government authorities	920.81	792.32
Advance to suppliers	17.34	19.80
Prepaid expenses	86.05	50.91
Other advances	7.69	8.92
	1,031.89	871.95

14. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Authorised share capital		
42,50,000 (previous year: 42,50,000) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	425.00	425.00
	425.00	425.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital		
39,22,000 (previous year: 39,22,000) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	392.20	392.20
	392.20	392.20

a) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the year	39,22,000	392.20	39,22,000	392.20
Addition/(deletion) during the year*	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	39,22,000	392.20	39,22,000	392.20

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 (previous year : ₹ 10) per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

c) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company*

Name of the Shareholder	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	Number of shares	% holding	Number of shares	% holding
Kailash Kumar Agarwal	11,83,934	30.19%	11,83,934	30.19%
Jainish Products Limited **	2,42,850	6.19%	2,42,850	6.19%
Achhar Investments Limited **	2,31,900	5.91%	2,31,900	5.91%
Sacred Trading and Investment Company Limited **	2,24,170	5.72%	2,24,170	5.72%
Sailesh Textile Manufacturing Company Limited **	2,07,000	5.28%	2,07,000	5.28%
Vinod Kumar Ohri	2,00,000	5.10%	2,00,000	5.10%

*As per the records of the Company, including its register of shareholder/members and other declarations, if any, received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

** The Company's promoters have entered into a family agreement dated 14 March 2019, which would result in inter-se transfer of equity shares of the Company by and among member of the Promoter Group over next two years (collectively, the "Proposed Family Re-arrangement"), which has partially been executed and partially would be executed in due course.

In continuance of the above family arrangement, Mr. Ravindra Agarwal, Mr. Surendra Kumar Agarwal and Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal have executed another re-arrangement agreement dated 12 February 2020, which would result in an inter-se transfer of all equity shares of Mr. Ravindra Agarwal & family and Mr. Surendra Kumar Agarwal & family to Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal.

During the FY 21-22, the proposed inter-se transfer from Mr. Surendra Kumar Agarwal and family to Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal and the indirect acquisition of shares of the Company held by certain entities, namely, Jainish Products Limited, Sailesh Textile Manufacturing Company Limited, Achhar Investments Limited and Sacred Trading & Investment Co. Limited had been completed in favour of Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal.

d) The Company has not issued any bonus shares, shares for consideration other than cash or bought back shares during five years immediately preceding the current financial year.

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

e) Shareholding of promoters

Shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025

Promoter name	31-Mar-26			31-Mar-25		
	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Achhar Investments Ltd.	2,31,900	5.91%	0.00%	2,31,900	5.91%	0.00%
Ashok Kumar Agarwal	-	0.00%	0.00%	-	0.00%	(1.94%)
Ghanshyam Das Agarwal	45,730	1.17%	0.00%	45,730	1.17%	0.00%
Ghanshyam Das Agarwal HUF	1,36,736	3.49%	0.00%	1,36,736	3.49%	0.00%
Jainarayan Agarwal HUF	-	0.00%	0.00%	-	0.00%	(2.17%)
Jainish Products Ltd.	2,42,850	6.19%	0.00%	2,42,850	6.19%	0.00%
Kailash Kumar Agarwal	11,83,934	30.19%	0.00%	11,83,934	30.19%	9.45%
Kailash Kumar Agarwal HUF	31,150	0.79%	0.00%	31,150	0.79%	0.00%
Mridula Agarwal	7,300	0.19%	0.00%	7,300	0.19%	0.00%
Premrata Agarwal	20,000	0.51%	0.00%	20,000	0.51%	0.00%
Rachit Agarwal	-	0.00%	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.14%)
RaghavKumar Agarwal	1,08,468	2.77%	0.00%	1,08,468	2.77%	0.00%
Raj Kumar Agarwal	-	0.00%	0.00%	-	0.00%	(1.18%)
Raj Kumar Agarwal HUF	-	0.00%	0.00%	-	0.00%	(3.24%)
Ravindra Agarwal	1,06,066	2.70%	0.00%	1,06,066	2.70%	0.00%
Ravindra Agarwal HUF	-	0.00%	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.78%)
Sacred Trading and Investment Company Ltd.	2,24,170	5.72%	0.00%	2,24,170	5.72%	0.00%
Sailesh Textile Manufacturing Company Ltd.	2,07,000	5.28%	0.00%	2,07,000	5.28%	0.00%
	25,45,304	64.91%		25,45,304	64.91%	

The promoter's shareholding is as per Section 2(69) of the Companies Act, 2013.

15. OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Capital reserve	0.11	0.11
Securities premium	190.58	190.58
General reserve	784.41	784.41
Retained earnings	556.37	264.17
Other comprehensive income	6.42	(2.87)
	1,537.89	1,236.40

(i) Capital Reserve*

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance at the beginning of the year	0.11	0.11
Addition/(deletion) during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	0.11	0.11

*Capital reserve pertains to surplus on issue of forfeited shares in earlier year and can be utilised by the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

(ii) Securities Premium**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance at the beginning of the year	190.58	190.58
Addition/(deletion) during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	190.58	190.58

**Securities premium is created due to premium on issue of shares. Securities premium can be utilised by the Company in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

(iii) General Reserve***

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance at the beginning of the year	784.41	784.41
Addition/(deletion) during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	784.41	784.41

*** Under the Companies Act 1956, general reserve was created through an annual transfer of net income at a specified percentage in accordance with Companies (Transfer of profits to Reserve) Rules, 1975. Consequent to introduction of the Act, there is no such requirement to mandatorily transfer a specified percentage of the net profit to general reserve.

(iv) Retained earnings****

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance at the beginning of the year	264.17	6.30
Add: transferred from statement of profit and loss	292.20	257.87
Less: dividend paid during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	556.37	264.17

****Retained earnings of the company are kept aside out of the company's profits to meet future (known or unknown) obligations.

(v) Other comprehensive income

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance at the beginning of the year	(2.87)	4.65
Other comprehensive income	9.29	(7.52)
Balance at the end of the year	6.42	(2.87)

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

16. NON-CURRENT BORROWINGS

Particulars	Non-current maturities		Current maturities	
	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Secured loans from banks				
Vehicle loan	35.84	40.38	20.36	19.29
Term loan	799.29	506.73	235.30	173.55
	835.13	547.11	255.66	192.84

(i) Details of security, terms of repayment and interest rate on the borrowings is provided below-

Particulars	Rate of Interest (%)	Terms of Repayment	Security Details	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Vehicle Loan					
State Bank of India Vehicle loan	8.00% (previous year: 8.00%)	60 equated monthly installments of ₹ 0.23 lacs (including interest) each starting from March 2021	Hypothecation of vehicle acquired under respective loans	-	0.23
HDFC Bank Vehicle Loan	9.25% (previous year: 9.25%)	60 equated monthly installments of ₹ 0.21 lacs (including interest) each starting from October 2023 till September 2028	Hypothecation of vehicle acquired under respective loans	5.57	7.47
HDFC Bank Vehicle Loan	8.50% (previous year: NA)	60 equated monthly installments of ₹ 0.21 lacs (including interest) each starting from October 2023 till September 2028	Hypothecation of vehicle acquired under respective loans	15.83	-
HDFC Bank Vehicle Loan	8.95% (previous year: 8.95%)	60 equated monthly installments of ₹ 0.66 lacs (including interest) each starting from January 2025 till December 2029	Hypothecation of vehicle acquired under respective loans	25.28	30.72
HDFC Bank Bus Loan	8.99% (previous year: 8.99%)	59 equated monthly installments of ₹ 1.10 lacs (including interest) each starting from February 2022 till December 2026	Hypothecation of vehicle acquired under respective loans	9.52	21.26
Term Loan					
SBI EB-ECGS-WCTL TERM LOAN	EBLR + 0.00%, present effective rate is 7.9% (previous year : NA)	36 monthly installments of ₹ 15.22 lacs each (excluding interest) after moratorium period of 12 months starting from the date of first disbursement, i.e., December' 2025)	Refer Note (i)(a) below	551.67	-
Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line-(1.0)	EBLR + 0.75%, present effective rate is 8.65% (previous year : EBLR + 0.75%)	36 monthly installments of ₹ 4.86 lacs each (excluding interest) after moratorium period of 24 months starting from the date of first disbursement, i.e., October' 2022)	Refer Note (i)(a) below	82.69	141.61
State Bank of India(MSME Capex Loan)	EBLR + .5 % present effective rate is 8.40 % (previous year : EBLR + 4%)	Repayable in total period of 7 years and 6 months including a moratorium period of 6 months which will start from first disbursement (October' 2021), the number and amount of instalments will be worked out based on total amount of loan drawn and amount drawn by way of capex FLC/ SBLC amount	Refer Note (i)(a) below	400.23	538.66
Total				1,090.79	739.95

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Note (i)(a)

- Security

- (i) First and exclusive charge by way of hypothecation of all current assets of the Company including stocks, receivables and other current assets both present and future.
- (ii) First and exclusive charge by way of hypothecation of plant & machinery and miscellaneous fixed assets excluding factory land and building.

- Collateral

- (i) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 57K-09M, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.
- (ii) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 12K-05M, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.
- (iii) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 16K-05M, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.
- (iv) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 32K-09M, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.
- (v) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 36K-00M, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.
- (vi) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 4K-OM, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.
- (vii) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 4K-OM, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.
- (viii) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 23K-11M, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.

- Guarantee

- (i) Personal guarantee of Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal, Chairman and Managing Director (Promoter/ Director of the Company in his personal capacity).
- (ii) Personal guarantee of Mr. Raghav Kumar Agarwal, Executive Director, CEO & CFO (Promoter/ Director of the Company in his personal capacity).

Unsecured loans

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Loan from others	340.50	340.46
	340.50	340.46

17. NON-CURRENT LEASE LIABILITY

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Lease Liability	340.43	387.12
	340.43	387.12

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

18. DEFERRED TAX (LIABILITIES)/ ASSETS (NET)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities		
Difference between accounting base and tax base of property, plant and equipment	353.35	381.90
	353.35	381.90
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets		
Unabsorbed depreciation carried forward #	247.11	444.14
Timing difference on account of expense allowable on payment basis	181.15	162.65
MAT credit entitlement*	81.62	81.62
	509.88	688.41
Deferred tax (liabilities)/ assets (net)	156.53	306.51

Unabsorbed depreciation as per section 32 of Income Tax Act, 1961 does not have any expiry.

*MAT credit pertains to AY 2021-22 and is available for utilisation till AY 2036-37

Movement in deferred tax assets/(liabilities) during the year ended March 31, 2026

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognised in standalone statement of profit or loss	As at March 31, 2026
Deferred tax assets				
Unabsorbed losses/ depreciation carried forward	444.14	-	(197.03)	247.11
Timing difference on account of expense allowable on payment basis	162.65	(3.58)	22.08	181.15
MAT credit entitlement	81.62	-	-	81.62
Deferred tax liability				
Difference between accounting base and tax base of property, plant and equipment	(381.90)	-	28.55	(353.35)
Total	306.51	(3.58)	(146.40)	156.53

Movement in deferred tax assets/(liabilities) during the year ended March 31, 2025

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognised in standalone statement of profit or loss	As at March 31, 2025
Deferred tax assets				
Unabsorbed losses/ depreciation carried forward	611.17	-	-167.03	444.14
Timing difference on account of expense allowable on payment basis	140.76	2.90	18.99	162.65
MAT credit entitlement	81.62	-	-	81.62
Deferred tax liability				
Difference between accounting base and tax base of property, plant and equipment	(407.06)	-	25.16	(381.90)
Total	426.49	2.90	(122.88)	306.51

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

19. NON-CURRENT PROVISIONS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Provision for gratuity (refer note 40)	299.57	276.63
Provision for compensated absences	81.90	60.85
	381.47	337.48

20. CURRENT BORROWINGS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Secured loans		
Cash credits facilities		
State Bank of India	1,755.73	2,179.27
Capex FLC / SBLC		
Outstanding letter of credit		
State Bank of India	334.74	334.96
Current maturities of long term borrowings (refer note 16)	255.66	192.84
	2,346.13	2,707.07

(i) Details of security and interest rate on the borrowings is provided below-

Particulars	Rate of Interest (%)	Terms of Repayment	Security Details	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Cash credits facilities from banks (secured)					
State Bank of India	For CC, EBLR + .5 % (previous year : EBLR + 4%) For EPC, 1.15% above T-Bill 91days,(previous year : EBLR + 1.15%)	Repayable on demand	Refer Note (i)(a) under Note 16	1,755.73	2,179.27
Outstanding letter of credit					
LC payable	As per terms of individual LC	As per terms of individual LC	Refer Note (i)(a) under Note 16	334.74	334.96
Total				2,090.47	2,514.23

21. CURRENT LEASE LIABILITY

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Lease Liability	46.69	33.78
	46.69	33.78

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

22. TRADE PAYABLES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Trade payables:		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note below)	288.81	320.94
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	1,765.04	2,115.70
	2,053.85	2,436.64

- i. Information, as required to be furnished as per section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006 for the year ended March 31, 2026 is given below. This information has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(a) The principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of the year;	281.96	314.80
(b) Interest due remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of the year;	6.85	6.14
(c) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	6.85	6.14

- ii. Trade payable ageing:

As at March 31, 2026

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed dues - MSME	171.59	110.13	-	-	7.09	288.81
(ii) Undisputed dues - Others	974.25	624.96	67.80	59.94	38.09	1,765.04
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,145.84	735.09	67.80	59.94	45.18	2,053.85

As at March 31, 2025

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed dues - MSME	112.41	204.70	0.90	0.13	2.80	320.94
(ii) Undisputed dues - Others	289.75	1,593.45	108.89	86.75	36.86	2,115.70
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	402.16	1,798.15	109.79	86.88	39.66	2,436.64

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

23. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Unclaimed dividend*	0.54	2.23
Employee related payables	261.29	268.53
Interest accrued but not due	-	0.09
	261.83	270.85

* The same is not due for deposit to Investor Education and Protection Fund. Further, the company has deposited ₹ 1.69 lacs for the FY 2017-18 to the fund during previous year.

24. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Statutory dues payable	73.76	82.50
Trade deposits	5.05	5.05
Revenue received in advance	462.54	288.18
	541.35	375.73

25. CURRENT PROVISIONS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Provision for bonus	167.72	143.65
Provision for gratuity (refer note 40)	66.10	70.46
Provision for compensated absences	35.86	33.04
	269.68	247.15

26. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Sale of products/Service		
Yarn and threads	12,415.61	12,076.43
Product design charges	14.87	-
Less: rebate and discounts	(19.35)	(16.24)
	12,411.13	12,060.19
Other operating revenue		
Process waste sale	383.09	377.43
Other scrap sales	29.82	19.22
Duty Drawback and other export incentives (refer note 12 and 13)	325.93	356.61
	738.84	753.26
Revenue from operations	13,149.97	12,813.45

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
 (All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

27. OTHER INCOME

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Interest income on fixed deposits carried at amortised cost	8.75	8.37
Interest income on financial assets carried at amortised cost	8.29	15.11
Foreign exchange fluctuation gain (net)	212.94	101.46
Liabilities no longer payable written back	15.25	8.02
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	4.97	1.12
Miscellaneous income	12.33	1.41
	262.53	135.49

28. COST OF MATERIAL CONSUMED

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Raw material:		
Cotton	3,704.24	3,731.59
Colour and chemicals	950.17	909.47
Packing materials	624.85	557.69
	5,279.26	5,198.75

29. CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK-IN-PROGRESS AND SCRAP

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Inventories at the end of the year		
Finished goods	877.45	495.42
Work-in-progress	1,790.11	1,956.95
Scrap	50.66	38.42
	2,718.22	2,490.79
Inventories at the beginning of the year		
Finished goods	495.42	470.98
Work-in-progress	1,956.95	2,010.55
Scrap	38.42	37.72
	2,490.79	2,519.25
Decrease/(Increase) in inventories	(227.43)	28.44

30. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Salaries and wages	2,863.98	2,567.57
Contributions to provident and other funds	309.09	267.81
Gratuity expense (refer note 40)	96.81	76.58
Workmen and staff welfare expenses	63.29	57.24
	3,333.17	2,969.20

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

31. OTHER EXPENSES

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Consumption of stores and spare	310.38	248.40
Power and fuel	1,763.68	1,549.77
Freight and forwarding	332.00	347.68
Water and water recycling	202.73	188.86
Rent	65.96	75.19
Travelling and conveyance	127.80	79.01
Security expenses	143.18	133.73
Commission	47.19	61.34
Vehicle running and maintenance	66.07	69.86
Business promotion and advertisement	33.20	27.78
Electricity and water expenses	55.03	65.90
Repairs and maintenance - buildings	5.44	15.55
Expected Credit Loss	1.82	-
Repairs and maintenance - machinery	7.17	4.34
Repairs and maintenance - others	32.34	31.73
Legal and professional	190.47	202.77
Insurance	69.03	65.54
Impairment Loss on Investment	5.08	-
Rates and taxes	9.33	4.59
Communication	21.34	20.80
Printing and stationery	1.63	2.16
Doubtful recoverables written off	3.37	58.41
Payment to auditors (see note 31(a) below)	24.39	22.16
Miscellaneous expenses	85.61	94.04
	3,604.24	3,369.61

31(a). Details of payment made to auditors (excluding goods and service tax)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Statutory audit fees (including fees for limited reviews)	17.50	16.50
Tax audit fee	5.00	4.00
Reimbursement of expenses	1.89	1.66
	24.39	22.16

32. FINANCE COSTS

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Interest expense - borrowings	363.34	344.82
Interest on lease liability	38.51	41.27
Interest expenses - others	145.32	160.40
Other borrowing costs	106.67	125.45
	653.84	671.94

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
 (All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

33. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSES

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	274.42	271.24
Amortisation of intangible assets	2.13	4.74
Amortisation of right-of-use assets	54.27	54.26
	330.82	330.24

34. INCOME TAX

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
(a) Income tax expense		
- Current tax	-	-
- Tax credited of earlier years	-	-
- Deferred tax	146.40	122.89
Income tax expense	146.40	122.89
(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit		
Profit/(loss) before income tax expense	438.60	380.76
Statutory income tax rate	27.82%	27.82%
Amount of tax at statutory income tax rate	122.02	105.93
Adjustments:		
Tax impact of expenses disallowed under the Income-tax Act	(50.46)	(18.90)
Tax impact of unrecognised tax losses and unused tax credits	104.87	61.11
Tax impact arising from differences in carrying value and tax base of Property, Plant and Equipment	(30.03)	(25.56)
Tax impact of other permanent and temporary differences	0.00	0.31
Total	24.38	16.96
Amount of tax at statutory income tax rate post adjustments	146.40	122.89

35. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Profit/(loss) for the year	292.20	257.87
Nominal value per share (in ₹)	10	10
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic earnings per share	39,22,000	39,22,000
Weighted average number of equity shares for diluted earnings per share	39,22,000	39,22,000
Earnings per share (in ₹)		
Basic earnings per share	7.45	6.57
Diluted earnings per share	7.45	6.57

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

36. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
i) Contingent liabilities		
Entry tax for which the company is contingently liable*	77.87	77.87
	77.87	77.87

* Estimated liability amounting to ₹ 77.87 lacs pertains to Haryana entry tax for the period April' 2008 to March' 2016. The Entry tax was imposed by the Government of Haryana but was struck down by the Hon'ble High Court of Punjab and Haryana. The Government of Haryana had gone into appeal before the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India against the judgement of Hon'ble High Court of Punjab and Haryana. The Hon'ble Supreme Court upheld the levy of the entry tax. However, the matter of determination and settlement of the amount of tax is pending with the state. Further, with the introduction of Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017, entry tax has been repealed. In the absence of the appropriate rules and provisions for payment of entry tax, the management has decided to disclose this liability as contingent and accordingly, no adjustment has been considered necessary in these standalone financial statements.

37. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

In accordance with the requirements of Ind AS - 24 'Related Party Disclosures', the names of the related party where control/ability to exercise significant influence exists, along with the aggregate amount of transactions and year end balances with them as identified and certified by the management are given below:

(a) List of related parties and nature of relationship where control exists

Key managerial personnel

Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal
Mr. RaghavKumar Agarwal
CS Shubham Jain

Relationship

Chairman and Managing Director
Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer
Company Secretary

Non-executive Directors

Ms. Ritu Bansal
Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth
Mr. Siddharth Agrawal
Mr. Vikram Jhunjunwala

Director
Independent Director
Independent Director
Independent Director

Subsidiary company

HP MMF Textiles Limited

Wholly owned subsidiary

Relatives of key managerial personnel

Mr. Raj Kumar Agarwal
Mr. Ashok Kumar Agarwal
Mr. Ravindra Agarwal

Relative of Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal
Relative of Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal
Relative of Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal

Persons/entities in which directors and key managerial personnel are interested

Sanjay Mercantile Private Limited
Achhar Investments Limited
Jainish Products Limited
Sacred Trading & Investment Co. Limited
Sailesh Textile Mfg Co Limited
M/s Gupta Ritu & Co.

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

b) The following transactions were carried out with related parties in the ordinary course of business:-

Nature of transaction & name of related party	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Board sitting fees		
Mr. Parshotam Dass Agarwal (Ceased w.e.f 25 September 2024)	-	2.80
Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth	4.80	5.25
Mr. Siddharth Agrawal	4.35	3.80
Ms. Ritu Bansal	2.65	2.65
Mr. Vikram Jhunjhunwala	4.80	2.15
Salary/remuneration*		
Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal	71.54	71.54
Mr. RaghavKumar Agarwal	59.63	59.63
CS Shubham Jain	14.58	13.07
* Break-up of key managerial personnel remuneration		
Short-term employee benefits	145.75	144.24
Total	145.75	144.24
#As the liability for gratuity and leave encashment are provided on actuarial basis for the Company, as a whole, amounts accrued pertaining to key management personnel are not included above.		
Professional fees to relatives of key managerial personnel		
Mr. Raj Kumar Agarwal	-	9.60
Mr. Ashok Kumar Agarwal	9.60	19.20
Mr. Ravindra Agarwal	19.20	19.20
Lease rent expense		
Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal	0.30	0.30
Consultancy fees to firm in which Director have substantial interest		
M/s Gupta Ritu & Co.	4.00	-
Reimbursement to related party		
Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal	1.79	1.70
CS Shubham Jain	0.20	0.10
Mr. Raj Kumar Agarwal	-	2.31
Mr. Ashok Kumar Agarwal	2.80	4.90

c) Balances outstanding with related parties at the year end

Nature of outstanding & name of related party	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Salary/remuneration payable		
Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal	2.99	2.91
Mr. RaghavKumar Agarwal	2.61	2.50
Professional fees payable		
Mr. Ashok Kumar Agarwal	-	10.08
Mr. Ravindra Agarwal	18.72	18.72
Lease rentals payable		
Sanjay Mercantile Pvt. Ltd.	8.30	8.30
Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal	0.30	0.30

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

d) Balances recoverable from related parties at the year end

	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Balance recoverable		
Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal	-	1.10

Outstanding personal guarantee by Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal and Mr. RaghavKumar Agarwal (previous year: Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal and Mr. Raghav Kumar Agarwal) against various credit facilities availed by the Company and the balance of such facilities as at March 31, 2026 being ₹ 3,128.47 lacs (previous year: ₹ 3,198.48 lacs), sanctioned limit of such credit facilities: ₹ 3,856.00 lacs (previous year: ₹ 3,459.00 lacs).

e) The Company has not granted any loans or advances to any of its promoter, director, key managerial personal or any other related party.

f) The related party transactions were made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

38. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

(i) Financial instruments by category

	March 31, 2026				March 31, 2025			
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Total	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Total
Financial assets								
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	1,013.83	1,013.83	-	-	1,094.60	1,094.60
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	3.53	3.53	-	-	3.73	3.73
Other bank balances	-	-	133.88	133.88	-	-	126.06	126.06
Other financial assets	-	-	182.32	182.32	-	-	217.28	217.28
Total financial assets	-	-	1,333.56	1,333.56	-	-	1,441.67	1,441.67
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	3,521.76	3,521.76	-	-	3,594.64	3,594.64
Lease liability	-	-	387.12	387.12	-	-	420.90	420.90
Trade payables	-	-	2,053.86	2,053.86	-	-	2,436.65	2,436.65
Other financial liabilities	-	-	261.83	261.83	-	-	270.85	270.85
Total financial liabilities	-	-	6,224.57	6,224.57	-	-	6,723.04	6,723.04

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

(ii) Fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	March 31, 2026				March 31, 2025			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the standalone statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates;

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

During the year, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2, and no transfers into and out of level 3 fair value measurements.

The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfer out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of reporting period.

The carrying amount of trade receivables, other financial assets, trade payables, other financial liabilities, borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

(iii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

	March 31, 2026		March 31, 2025	
	Carrying amount	Fair Value	Carrying amount	Fair Value
Financial assets				
Other financial assets				
Security deposits	150.46	150.46	150.33	150.33

The fair values for security deposits were calculated based on cash flows discounted using the current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counterparty credit risk.

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

39. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A. Capital risk management

The Company's objective when managing capital are to

- safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital, in order to maintain capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Management assesses the Company's capital requirements in order to maintain an efficient overall financing structure while avoiding excessive leverage. This takes into account the subordination levels of the Company's various classes of debt. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in the economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt.

During the year, the Company has complied with the externally imposed capital requirements to which it is subject.

The Company monitors capital on the basis of net debts to total equity on a periodic basis. The following table summarizes the capital of the Company:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Long term borrowings (including current maturities)	1,431.29	1,080.40
Short term borrowings	2,090.47	2,514.22
Total debt	3,521.76	3,594.62
Less: Cash and cash equivalent	3.53	3.72
Net debt	3,518.23	3,590.90
Equity share capital	392.20	392.20
Other equity	1,537.89	1,236.40
Total equity	1,930.09	1,628.60
Net debt to equity ratio	1.82	2.20

B. Financial risk management

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise borrowings, lease liability, trade payables, employee related payables and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Company's operations. The Company's principal financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, security deposits and export incentives receivable that derive directly from its operations.

The Company is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The management is responsible for formulating an appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Company and for periodically reviewing the same. The senior management ensures that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Company's policies and risk objectives.

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

(I) Market risk :

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, equity prices and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investments and deposits, foreign currency receivables, payables and loans and borrowings.

The Company manages market risk through a treasury department, which evaluates and exercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management. The treasury department recommend risk management objectives and policies, which are approved by Senior Management and the Audit Committee. The activities of this department include management of cash resources, implementing hedging strategies for foreign currency exposures like foreign exchange forward contracts, borrowing strategies and ensuring compliance with market risk limits and policies.

(i) Interest rate risk

(a) Liabilities

The Company's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. As at March 31, 2026, the Company is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates.

Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the Company to interest rate risk:

Particulars	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Variable rate borrowings	3,125.06	3,194.50
Fixed rate borrowings*	396.71	400.13
Amount disclosed under borrowings	3,521.77	3,594.63

*For fixed rate borrowing, the management has assessed that their fair value is almost equivalent to their carrying amounts, largely due to the rate of interest of these instruments, which is approximately equal to market rate of interest for the Company and being entire loan taken from third party.

Sensitivity

Below is the sensitivity of profit or loss and equity changes in interest rates.

Particulars	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Interest sensitivity*		
Interest rates – increase by 500 basis points	18.17	17.24
Interest rates – decrease by 500 basis points	(18.17)	(17.24)

* Holding all other variables constant

(b) Assets

The Company's fixed deposits are carried at fixed rate. Therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

(ii) Foreign currency risk

The Company operates internationally and portion of the business is transacted in several currencies and consequently the Company is exposed to foreign exchange risk through its sales in overseas markets in various foreign currencies and through foreign currency loans. Foreign currency exchange rate exposure is balanced by hedging through forward contracts.

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Particulars of unhedged foreign currency risk exposure expressed in INR at the reporting date

	As at March 31, 2026			As at March 31, 2025		
	Foreign Currency	Amount (foreign currency)	Amount (INR)	Foreign Currency	Amount (foreign currency)	Amount (INR)
Financial assets						
Trade receivables	USD	1.197 million	816.62	USD	1.718 million	671.92
	EURO	0.603 million	71.33	EURO	1.888 million	397.98
	GBP	0.051 million	51.44	GBP	-	-
Financial liabilities						
Trade payables	USD	0.009 million	7.88	USD	0.029 million	24.14
	EURO	0.002 million	1.37	EURO	0.002 million	1.10
	GBP	0.002 million	3.10	GBP	0.004 million	4.44

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in exchange rates arises mainly from foreign currency denominated financial instruments.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
USD sensitivity		
₹/USD- increase by 2% (previous year:- 8%)*	62.81	11.85
₹/USD- decrease by 2% (previous year:- 8%)*	(62.81)	(11.85)
EURO sensitivity		
₹/EURO- increase by 1% (previous year:- 6%)*	9.17	6.83
₹/EURO- decrease by 1% (previous year:- 6%)*	(9.17)	(6.83)
GBP sensitivity		
₹/GBP- increase by 4% (previous year:- 2%)*	4.89	(0.15)
₹/GBP- decrease by 4% (previous year:- 2%)*	(4.89)	0.15

* Holding all other variables constant

(II) Credit Risk:

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counter party may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses financial reliability of customers and other counter parties, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of financial assets. Individual risk limits are set and periodically reviewed on the basis of such information.

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis through each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Company compares the risk of default occurring on asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information such as:

- Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business,
- Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty,

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

- iii) Financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparty's ability to meet its obligations,
- iv) Significant increase in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same counterparty,
- v) Significant changes in the value of the collateral supporting the obligation or in the quality of the third-party guarantees or credit enhancements.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised as income in the standalone statement of profit and loss. The Company measures the expected credit loss of trade receivables and loan from individual customers based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates. Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience and past trends. Based on the historical data, loss on collection of receivable is not material hence no additional provision considered.

The Company's maximum exposure to the credit risk at the reporting date is primarily from trade receivables which are typically unsecured. The credit limit of each customer is defined in accordance with the assessment. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored by the management.

Detail of trade receivables that are past due is given below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Not due	39.70	222.37
0-180 days past due	969.62	870.13
More than 180 days past due	4.51	2.10
Total	1,013.83	1,094.60

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, bank deposits and loans is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable organisations with high quality external credit ratings.

Concentration of financial assets

Concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited, due to the Company's consumer base being large and diverse. All trade receivable are reviewed and assessed for default on a quarterly basis.

The Company's exposure to credit risk for trade receivables is presented below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Export wholesale customers	937.73	1,070.00
Domestic wholesale customers	76.10	24.60
Total	1,013.83	1,094.60

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Liquidity Risk :

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the Company treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Company's liquidity position (comprising the undrawn borrowing facilities) and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows.

The table below summarises the maturity profile (remaining period of contractual maturity at the standalone balance sheet date) of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted cash flows:

	Less than 1 year	1-7 year	Total
As at March 31, 2026			
Borrowings	2,451.00	1,286.20	3,737.20
Trade payables and other accruals	2,315.69	-	2,315.69
Lease liability	82.11	440.65	522.76
As at March 31, 2025			
Borrowings	2,790.94	1,000.22	3,791.16
Interest payable			-
Trade payables and other accruals	2,707.50	-	2,707.50
Lease liability	72.29	522.76	595.05

Undrawn borrowing facilities

The Company had access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period:

	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Cash credit and other facilities	692.98	258.63

40. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Employee benefit obligations	March 31, 2026			March 31, 2025		
	Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total
Gratuity	66.11	299.57	365.68	70.47	276.63	347.10
Compensated absences	35.86	81.90	117.76	33.04	60.85	93.89
Total employee benefit obligations	101.97	381.47	483.44	103.51	337.48	440.99

Contribution to provident fund

The Company makes contribution to statutory provident fund and employee's state insurance. These are post-employment benefits and are in nature of defined contribution plans. Contribution made by the Company during the year is ₹ 301.22 lacs (previous year: ₹ 261.14 lacs).

Gratuity

During the year, consequent to the implementation of the New Labour Codes effective from 21 November 2025, the Company reassessed its employee benefit obligations. The resultant increase in gratuity and leave benefit obligations has been treated as a plan amendment in accordance with Ind AS 19 – Employee Benefits and recognised as Past Service Cost in the Statement of Profit and Loss during the year. The impact recognised during the year amounts to Rs. 29.25 lakhs.

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

(a) Disclosure of gratuity

The amount recognised in the standalone balance sheet and the movements in the net defined benefit obligation over the year are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance as at beginning of the year	347.10	295.43
Current service cost	59.31	55.25
Past Service Cost including curtailment Gains/Losses	13.23	-
Interest cost	24.26	21.33
Remeasurement- Actuarial (gains)/losses	(12.87)	10.42
Benefits paid	(65.36)	(35.33)
Balance as at end of the year	365.67	347.10

The amount recognised in the Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss under employee benefit expense are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Current service cost	59.31	55.25
Past Service Cost including curtailment Gains/Losses	13.23	-
Interest cost	24.26	21.33
Total amount recognised in statement of profit and loss	96.80	76.58

The amount recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability		
Actuarial (gains) from change in financial assumptions	(4.40)	3.93
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from change in experience adjustments	(8.47)	6.49
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income	(12.87)	10.42

(b) Assumptions:

1. Economic assumptions

The principal assumptions are the discount rate and salary growth rate. The discount rate is based upon the market yields available on Government bonds at the accounting date relevant to currency of benefit payments for a term that matches the liabilities. Salary growth rate is Company's long term best estimate as to salary increases and takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion, business plan, HR policy and other relevant factors on long term basis as provided in relevant accounting standard.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Discount rate	7.22%	6.99%
Salary growth rate	3.00%	3.00%
Average remaining working life (years)	18.37	18.60

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

2. Demographic assumptions

Attrition rates are the Company's best estimate of employee turnover in future determined considering factors such as nature of business and industry, retention policy, demand and supply in employment market, standing of the Company, business plan, HR Policy as provided in the relevant accounting standard. Attrition rates used for valuation are given below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Retirement age	58	58
Withdrawal rate, based on age		
Upto 30 years	20.00%	20.00%
From 31 to 44 years	10.00%	10.00%
Above 44 years	5.00%	5.00%
Mortality rate	100% of IALM (2012-14)	100% of IALM (2012-14)

(c) Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
i) Impact of the change in discount rate		
Present value of obligation at the end of the period	365.67	347.10
Impact due to increase of 0.50%	(9.40)	(8.65)
Impact due to decrease of 0.50%	9.94	9.15
ii) Impact of the change in salary increase		
Impact due to increase of 0.50%	9.94	9.47
Impact due to decrease of 0.50%	(9.47)	(9.02)

Sensitivities due to mortality and withdrawals are not material and hence impact of change due to these are not calculated. Sensitivities as rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement and life expectancy are not applicable.

(d) The expected expense of the Company during the next year is ₹ 96.74 lacs (previous year: ₹ 85.18 lacs).

(e) The maturity analysis of the defined benefit obligation is as below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Within next 1 year	66.11	70.47
Between 1 to 5 years	130.81	120.51
After 5 years	168.75	156.12
Total expected payments	365.67	347.10

(f) The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation at the end of the reporting period is 7.87 years (previous year: 7.74 years).

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

41. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The business activity of the Company fall within the single primary business segment viz Textile (spinning). Hence there is no other reportable business segment as per Ind AS 108 "Operating segments". The segment assets, segment liabilities, segment cash flows and segment results are represented through financial statements only. The Company's Board of Directors uses additional analysis based on sales location which is presented below-

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Revenue from operations		
India	1,142.33	708.11
Japan	1,924.33	1,517.38
USA	1,081.33	1,139.47
Denmark	2,787.98	4,136.77
Netherlands	1,889.41	1,313.50
Others	3,585.75	3,244.96
	12,411.13	12,060.19
Revenue from major customers		
Revenue from customers (three) (previous year : three) who contribute 10% or more to the Company's revenue	6,601.16	6,965.26
Revenue from others	5,809.97	5,094.93
	12,411.13	12,060.19
Non - current assets		
Within India	3,707.06	4,095.25
	3,707.06	4,095.25

42. ASSETS PLEDGED AS SECURITY

The carrying amounts of asset pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Current		
Financial assets		
i) Trade receivables	1,013.83	1,094.60
ii) Cash and cash equivalent	3.53	3.73
iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	133.88	126.06
iv) Other financial assets	45.23	83.74
Non-financial assets		
i) Inventories	3,411.73	3,036.66
ii) Other current assets	1,031.89	871.95
Total current assets pledged as security	5,640.09	5,216.74
Non-current		
Non-financial assets		
i) Property, plant and equipment	2,424.47	2,609.72
Total non-current assets pledged as security	2,424.47	2,609.72
Total assets pledged as security	8,064.56	7,826.46

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

43. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

There were no significant adjusting events that occurred subsequent to the reporting period other than events disclosed in the relevant notes.

44. The figures of the corresponding previous year have been regrouped/reclassified wherever considered necessary to correspond to current year classification/disclosures.

45. COMPANY'S FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE:

	March 31, 2026		March 31, 2025	
	In foreign currency	In INR	In foreign currency	In INR
Unhedged				
Trade payables				
USD	0.009 million	7.88	0.029 million	24.14
EURO	0.002 million	1.37	0.002 million	1.10
GBP	0.002 million	3.10	0.004 million	4.44
Trade receivables				
USD	1.197 million	816.62	1.718 million	671.92
EURO	0.603 million	71.33	1.888 million	397.98
GBP	0.051 million	51.44	-	-

46. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, the Company has constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") Committee of the Board. However, during the year ended 31st March, 2026, the provisions relating to Corporate Social Responsibility were not applicable to the Company, as the Company did not meet the applicable prescribed limits relating to net worth, turnover or net profit as specified under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, no amount was required to be spent towards CSR activities during the year.

47. LEASES

i) Lease liabilities are presented in the standalone balance sheet as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Current	46.69	33.78
Non-current	340.43	387.12
Total	387.12	420.90

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities are disclosed in note 39.

ii) The recognised right-of-use assets relate to corporate office as at March 31, 2026

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Right-of-use assets- corporate office		
Balance as at beginning of the year	375.05	429.33
Less: Amortisation expense charged on the right-of-use assets	(54.27)	(54.27)
Balance as at end of the year	320.78	375.05

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

iii) The following are amounts recognised in standalone statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Amortisation expense of right-of-use assets	54.27	54.27
Interest expense on lease liabilities	38.51	41.27
Rent expense	65.96	75.19
Total	158.74	170.73

iv) Lease payments not recognised as a liability

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Expenses relating to short term leases (included in other expenses (refer note 31))	65.96	75.19
Total	65.96	75.19

v) Total cash outflow for leases for the year ended March 31, 2026 was ₹ 72.29 lacs (previous year: ₹ 71.40 lacs)

vi) The table below describes the nature of the Company's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised on standalone balance sheet:

Right-of-use asset	No of right-of-use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)
Corporate office	1	5.92	5.92

The company has a right to extend/terminate its leasing arrangements beyond the initial agreement/lock in period. For the assessment of lease term as per Ind AS 116, the management of the Company has considered the extension options and not considered the early termination options wherever available for its property leases in its lease period assessment since the Company is likely to be benefited from a longer lease tenure.

48. IND AS 115 - REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Ind AS 115: Revenue from Contracts with Customers, establishes a framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognised and requires disclosures about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues and cash flows arising from customer contracts. Under Ind AS 115, revenue is recognised through a 5-step approach:

- Identify the contract with customer;
- Identify separate performance obligations in the contract;
- Determine the transaction price;
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and
- Recognise revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

(i) Disaggregation of revenue

The Company has performed a disaggregated analysis of revenues considering the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues. This includes disclosure of revenues by geography.

Revenue from operations	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Revenue by geography		
Domestic	1,142.33	708.11
Export	11,268.80	11,352.08
Total	12,411.13	12,060.19

(ii) Revenue recognised in relation to contract liabilities

Ind AS 115 also requires disclosure of 'revenue recognised in the reporting period that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period' and 'revenue recognised in the reporting period from performance obligations satisfied (or partially satisfied) in previous periods. Same has been disclosed as below:

Description	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Revenue recognised in the reporting period that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period	228.29	405.50
Revenue recognised in the reporting period from performance obligations satisfied (or partially satisfied) in previous periods	-	-

(iii) Assets and liabilities related to contracts with customers

Revenue received in advance

Description	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Contract liabilities related to sale of goods		
Revenue received in advance	462.54	288.18
Total	462.54	288.18

(iv) Reconciliation of revenue recognised in standalone statement of profit and loss with contract price

Description	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Contract price	12,430.48	12,076.43
Less: Discount, rebates	(19.35)	(16.24)
Revenue from operations (excluding other operating revenue) as per standalone statement of profit and loss	12,411.13	12,060.19

(v) Significant changes in contract assets and liabilities

Revenue received in advance

Description	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Opening balance	288.18	461.31
Add: Addition during the year	402.65	232.37
Less: Revenue recognised during the year from opening liability	(228.29)	(405.50)
Closing balance	462.54	288.18

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

49. ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION NOT DISCLOSED ELSEWHERE IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

- a. The Company has complied with the number of layers of companies prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.
- b. The Company has not delayed in creation or satisfaction of charges with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- c. The Company has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.
- d. During the current year and previous year, the Company has not entered in any transaction with any struck off company and does not have investment in securities, receivable or payable from struck off companies. Further, shares of the Company are not held by any struck off company.
- e. No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.
- f. The Company is regular in disclosing income on timely basis and there is no undisclosed income assessed by tax officials.
- g. During the current and previous year, the Company is regular in complying with all the laws and regulations of Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, Companies Act, 2013 and Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 as applicable.
- h. The Company is not a wilful defaulter. During the current and previous year, the Company had repaid all its dues on timely basis and has not defaulted any payment.
- i. The Company has utilised borrowed money for the same purpose for which it was actually sanctioned and has not diverted any fund from purpose as per sanctioned terms.
- j. The quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Company with banks are in agreement with the books of accounts except for the following:

Name of Bank	Working capital limit sanctioned	Quarter	Nature of current assets offered as security	Amount disclosed as per return (in Lakhs) (A)	Amount as per books of accounts (in Lakhs) (B)	Difference (in lakhs) (A-B)	Remarks/ reason, if any
State Bank of India	3,856.00	Quarter 1	Inventory and Trade Receivables	4,514.58	4,383.53	131.05	Under/over reporting of assets numbers in stock statement is on account of revaluation of foreign trade receivables on closing date as per requirements of Ind AS, reclassification entries and provisional valuation of WIP & Finished Goods inventory
		Quarter 2		4,863.04	4,648.74	214.30	
		Quarter 3		4,656.54	4,297.10	359.44	
		Quarter 4		4,808.39	4,425.56	382.83	

- k. The Company has not advanced, loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Company
- l. The Company has not received any funds from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall
 - (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Company

Notes

to Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

m. Ratio Analysis

Ratio	Current period	Previous period	% Variance	Reason for variance (if more than 25%)
Liquidity ratio				
Current Ratio (times) (Current assets/Current liabilities)	1.02	0.86	18.60%	Refer Note 1
Solvency ratio				
Debt-Equity Ratio (times) (Total debt (long term + short term)/Shareholders equity)	1.82	2.21	(17.65%)	Refer Note 1
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (times) ((PAT+Non Cash operating Exp+Interest+other non-cash adjustment)/ Interest+lease payment+principal repayment)	1.35	1.77	(23.73%)	Refer Note 1
Profitability ratio				
Net Profit Ratio (%) (PAT/Revenue from operations)	2.22%	2.01%	10.45%	Refer Note 1
Return on Equity Ratio (%) ((PAT - preference dividend)/Average shareholders equity)	16.42%	17.15%	(4.26%)	Refer Note 1
Return on Capital employed (%) (Earning before interest & taxes/Tangible networth+total debt+deferred tax liabilities)	20.63%	21.41%	(3.64%)	Refer Note 1
Return on Investment (%) (Income generated from invested funds/Average Invested funds in treasury investments)	6.94%	7.06%	(1.70%)	Refer Note 1
Utilization ratio				
Trade Receivables turnover ratio (times) (Revenue from operations/Average accounts receivable)	12.47	14.87	(16.14%)	Refer Note 1
Inventory turnover ratio (times) (Cost of goods sold/Average inventory)	1.57	1.76	(10.80%)	Refer Note 1
Trade payables turnover ratio (times) (Net credit purchases/Average trade payables)	2.25	2.21	1.81%	Refer Note 1
Net capital turnover ratio (times) (Revenue from operations/Net Capital Employed)	4.12	5.33	(22.70%)	Refer Note 1

Note 1

There is no significant change (25% or more) in financial year 2025-26 in comparison to financial year 2024-25.

For **D.Kothary & Co**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number:- 105335W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited

Nikhilesh Patni
Partner
Membership No.: 155641

Kailash Kumar Agarwal
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00063470

RaghavKumar Agarwal
Executive Director
Chief Executive Officer &
Chief Financial Officer
DIN: 02836610

Shubham Jain
Company Secretary
Membership No. : ACS 49541

Place: Mumbai
Date: 18 May 2026

Place: New Delhi
Date: 18 May 2026

Independent Auditor's Report

To the Members of H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited

Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

OPINION

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of **H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited** ("the Holding Company") and its subsidiary (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as 'the Group'), as listed in Annexure A, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2026 the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Consolidated Statement Cash Flow and the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of the material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Group as at March 31, 2026, and its Consolidated profit and other comprehensive income, the Consolidated changes in equity and its Consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

BASIS OF OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

KEY AUDIT MATTERS

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined the matter described below to be the key audit matter to be communicated in our report.

Key audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
Valuation of Inventories As at March 31, 2026, the Holding company holds inventories having carrying value is ₹ 3411.73 Lacs. The cost of inventory is calculated using acquisition cost, conversion costs and administration overheads incurred to bring the inventory to its present location and condition, which involves management judgments and estimation. Due to the Significance of the inventory balance to the consolidated financial statements of the company and the level of judgments and estimates required, we identified the valuation of inventories as a key audit matter. Refer Note 2.2(vi) and Note 7 to the consolidated financial statements.	In view of the significance of the matter we applied the following audit procedures in this area, among others to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence: (a) Assessing the appropriateness of the accounting policy for inventories with relevant accounting standards; (b) We obtained an understanding from the management, assessed and tested the design and operating effectiveness of the Company's key controls over the valuation of inventories; (c) Assessing methodology – considering the consistency and appropriateness of the management estimates and assumptions made for arriving at Net realizable value of inventories; (d) Verified the expenses considered as cost of conversion on the different classes of finished goods and work-in progress; (e) Made enquiries regarding obsolete inventory items and looked at the condition of items counted; (f) We evaluated the appropriateness and adequacy of disclosures in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the applicable accounting standards.

Key audit Matter	How the matter was addressed in our audit
Recoverability of deferred tax assets (DTA) The Holding Company has recognised ₹ 328.73 Lacs as DTA, as at March 31, 2026, relating to carry forwards tax losses, unabsorbed depreciation and MAT credit to the extent it is probable that the future taxable profits will be available against which such unused tax losses and MAT credit can be utilized. Such recognition of DTA is a key audit matter as the recoverability of tax losses within the time frame allowed, involves significant estimate of the financial projections, availability of sufficient taxable income in the future and significant judgments in the interpretation of tax regulations and tax positions adopted by the Holding Company. Refer note 2.2(xviii) "Income Tax" for accounting policies, note 17 "Deferred Tax Assets/ Liabilities" and note 33 "Income tax expense" for disclosures related to taxes of the Consolidated Financial Statements.	Our audit procedures included the following: (a) We obtained an understanding of controls performed by the management to assess the recoverability of the DTA relating to carry-forwards tax losses, unabsorbed depreciation and MAT Credit entitlement; (b) Evaluated the Holding Company's tax positions by comparing it with prior years and past precedents; (c) Evaluated the estimates of profitability made by the management on the basis of which it is considered probable that the Holding Company will have sufficient taxable income against which the unused tax losses will be utilised and also within the expected timing of utilisation; (d) Discussed with the management the future business plans and financial projections and underlying assumptions used based on which the estimate of profitability is made; (e) We evaluated the adequacy of disclosures in the financial statements related to deferred tax in notes 2.2(xviii), 17 and 33 respectively of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 12.

INFORMATION OTHER THAN THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT THEREON

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual report, but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether such other information is materially inconsistent with the Consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated

financial performance including other comprehensive income, consolidated cash flows and consolidated changes in equity of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standard) Rules, 2015, as amended. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those respective Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process of the companies included in the Group.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these Consolidated financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the Group has adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.

Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.

Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our

auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.

Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

OTHER MATTER

We have audited the financial statements and other financial information in respect of one subsidiary whose financial statements reflect total assets of Rs. 6.54 lakhs as at March 31, 2026 total revenues of Rs. Nil, and net cash inflow amounting to Rs. (0.84) lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial statements have been audited by us whose reports have been furnished by us and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of this subsidiary, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid Subsidiary, is based solely on the reports furnished by us.

Our opinion above on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on other legal and regulatory requirements below, are not modified in respect of the above matter.

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

1. As required by Section 143 (3) of the Act, we report that:
 - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - b. In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - c. The consolidated financial statements dealt with by this report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;
 - d. In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) specified under Section 133 of the Act;
 - e. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding company and its subsidiary company as on March 31, 2026 and taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding company, and its subsidiary company respectively, none of the directors of the Group companies, are disqualified as on March 31, 2026 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
 - f. With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of Holding company, and its subsidiary company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in **"Annexure B"**;
 - g. As required by Section 197(16) of the Act based on our audit, we report that the Holding company has paid remuneration to its directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act; and
 - h. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 (as amended), in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
 - i. The Holding company have disclosed the impact of pending litigations as at March 31, 2026 on the consolidated financial position of the Group in note 35 to the consolidated financial statements.
 - ii. The Holding company and its subsidiary did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses as at March 31, 2026;
 - iii. There has been no delay in transferring of amounts required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its subsidiary company during the year ended March 31, 2026.
 - iv.
 1. The respective managements of the Holding company and its subsidiary company have represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note no. 49(k) to the consolidated financial statements, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or its subsidiary to or in any other person or entity, including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, whether, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the the Holding company or its subsidiary ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;
 2. The respective managements of the Holding company and its subsidiary company has represented to us that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, as disclosed in note no. 49(l) to the Consolidated financial statements, no funds have been received by the Holding company or its subsidiary company from any person or entity, including foreign entity ("Funding Parties"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Holding company or its subsidiary company shall, whether,

directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries;

3. Based on such audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the management representations under sub-clause (1) and (2) above contain any material misstatement.

v. The Holding company or its subsidiary company have neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.

vi. Based on our examination which included test checks, excepts for the instances mentioned below, the company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of accounts which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has been operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software:

(a) The feature of recording audit trail (edit Log) facility was not enabled for certain changes in the accounting software which can be performed by users having privileged access (debug) for the period 1st April 2025 to 26th August 2025.

(b) The feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility was not enabled at the database level to log any direct data changes for the accounting software used for maintaining the books of accounts for the period 1st April 2025 to 26th August 2025.

Further, where audit trail feature was enabled and operated throughout the year, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered.

vii. With respect to the matters specified in paragraphs 3(xxi) and 4 of the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 (the "Order"/ "CARO") issued by the Central Government in terms of Section 143(11) of the Act, to be included in the Auditor's report, according to the information and explanations given to us, and based on the CARO reports issued by us for the Holding Company and its subsidiary included in the consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company, to which reporting under CARO is applicable, we report that there are no qualifications or adverse remarks in these CARO reports

For D. Kothary & Co

Chartered Accountants
 Firm Regn No. 105335W

Nikhilesh Patni

(Partner)
 Membership No. 155641
 UDIN: 26155641EMCHNG9074

Place: Mumbai
 Date: May 18, 2026

ANNEXURE A

(List of entities included in the consolidated financial statements)

Name of Holding Company

H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited

Name of Subsidiary Company

HP MMF Textiles Limited

ANNEXURE B

(Report on the Internal Financial Controls with reference to the consolidated financial statements under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act"))

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of **H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited** ("the Company") and its subsidiary (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group"), as at and for the year ended March 31, 2026 we have audited the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company, which are companies covered under the Act, as on that date.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF MANAGEMENT AND THOSE CHARGED WITH GOVERNANCE FOR THE INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS

The Company's Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company, which are companies covered under the Act, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of the Group's business, including adherence to Group's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company, as aforesaid, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing issued by ICAI prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls with reference to Financial statements. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan

and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to financial statements were established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements included obtaining an understanding of such internal financial controls, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company as aforesaid.

MEANING OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

INHERENT LIMITATIONS OF INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROLS WITH REFERENCE TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

OPINION

In our opinion, the Holding Company and its subsidiary company, which are companies covered under the Act, have in all material respects, an adequate internal financial

controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such controls were operating effectively as at March 31, 2026 based on the internal controls with reference to financial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

For D. Kothary & Co

Chartered Accountants

Firm Regn No. 105335W

Nikhilesh Patni

(Partner)

Membership No. 155641

UDIN: 26155641EMCHNG9074

Place: Mumbai

Date: May 18, 2026

Consolidated Balance Sheet

As at March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Assets			
Non-current assets			
a) Property, plant and equipment	3	3,059.42	3,244.67
b) Capital work-in-progress	3A	1.83	0.19
c) Right-of-use assets	46	320.78	375.05
d) Other intangible assets	3	14.28	14.19
e) Financial assets			
i) Other financial assets	4	137.10	133.54
f) Deferred tax assets (net)	17	156.53	306.51
g) Non-current tax assets (net)	5	4.13	2.04
h) Other non-current assets	6	7.07	8.06
		3,701.14	4,084.26
Current assets			
a) Inventories	7	3,411.73	3,036.66
b) Financial assets			
i) Trade receivables	8	1,013.83	1,094.60
ii) Cash and cash equivalents	9	10.07	11.10
iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	10	133.88	126.06
iv) Other financial assets	11	45.23	83.74
c) Other current assets	12	1,031.89	871.95
		5,646.63	5,224.11
		9,347.77	9,308.36
Equity and liabilities			
Equity			
a) Equity share capital	13	392.20	392.20
b) Other equity	14	1,537.89	1,232.17
		1,930.09	1,624.37
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
i) Borrowings	15	1,175.63	887.57
ii) Lease liability	16	340.43	387.12
b) Provisions	18	381.47	337.48
		1,897.53	1,612.17
Current liabilities			
a) Financial liabilities			
i) Borrowings	19	2,346.13	2,707.07
ii) Lease liability	20	46.69	33.78
iii) Trade payables	21		
- Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises		288.81	320.94
- Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		1,765.66	2,116.25
iv) Other financial liabilities	22	261.83	270.85
b) Other current liabilities	23	541.35	375.78
c) Provisions	24	269.68	247.15
		5,520.15	6,071.82
		9,347.77	9,308.36

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements
 This is the consolidated balance sheet referred to in our report of even date

For **D.Kothary & Co**
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration Number:- 105335W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited

Nikhilesh Patni
 Partner
 Membership No.: 155641

Kailash Kumar Agarwal
 Chairman & Managing Director
 DIN: 00063470

RaghavKumar Agarwal
 Executive Director
 Chief Executive Officer &
 Chief Financial Officer
 DIN: 02836610

Shubham Jain
 Company Secretary
 Membership No. : ACS 49541

Place: Mumbai
 Date: 18 May 2026

Place: New Delhi
 Date: 18 May 2026

Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss

For the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Particulars	Note	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Income			
Revenue from operations	25	13,149.97	12,813.45
Other income	26	262.53	135.49
Total Income		13,412.50	12,948.94
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	27	5,279.26	5,198.75
Changes in inventories of finished goods, work-in-progress and scrap	28	(227.43)	28.44
Employee benefits expense	29	3,333.17	2,969.20
Other expenses	30	3,600.01	3,370.38
Total expenses		11,985.01	11,566.77
Profit before finance costs, depreciation and tax		1,427.49	1,382.17
Finance costs	31	653.84	671.94
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	32	330.82	330.24
Profit before tax		442.83	379.99
Tax expense	33		
Current tax		-	-
Tax credit of earlier years		-	-
Deferred tax		146.40	122.89
Total tax expense		146.40	122.89
Profit for the year		296.43	257.10
Other comprehensive income:			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss:			
Remeasurement of post employment benefit obligations		12.87	(10.42)
Income tax relating to above items		(3.58)	2.90
Total other comprehensive income		9.29	(7.52)
Total comprehensive income for the year		305.72	249.58
Profit for the year attributable to			
a) Owners of the Holding Company		296.43	257.10
b) Non-controlling interest		-	-
Other comprehensive income attributable to			
a) Owners of the Holding Company		9.29	(7.52)
b) Non-controlling interest		-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year attributable to			
a) Owners of the Holding Company		305.72	249.58
b) Non-controlling interest		-	-
Earnings per equity share (face value of ₹ 10/- per share)	34		
Basic earnings per share (in ₹)		7.56	6.56
Diluted earnings per share (in ₹)		7.56	6.56

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

This is the consolidated statement of profit and loss referred to in our report of even date

For **D.Kothary & Co**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number:- 105335W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited

Nikhilesh Patni
Partner
Membership No.: 155641

Kailash Kumar Agarwal
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00063470

RaghavKumar Agarwal
Executive Director
Chief Executive Officer &
Chief Financial Officer
DIN: 02836610

Shubham Jain
Company Secretary
Membership No. : ACS 49541

Place: Mumbai
Date: 18 May 2026

Place: New Delhi
Date: 18 May 2026

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
A. Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before tax	442.83	379.99
Adjustments for:		
Expected credit loss of financial and non-financial assets	1.82	-
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	330.82	330.24
Liabilities no longer required written back	(15.25)	(8.02)
Amount written off	3.37	58.41
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	(4.97)	(1.12)
Unrealised gain on foreign exchange fluctuation	(38.47)	(2.36)
Interest income	(16.35)	(22.86)
Interest expense	653.84	671.94
Interest on fair valuation of financial assets carried at amortised cost	(0.67)	(0.62)
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,356.97	1,405.60
Adjustments for:		
Decrease/(increase) in other non-current assets	0.99	2.24
Decrease/(increase) in other non-current financial assets	(2.89)	13.13
Decrease/(increase) in trade receivables	114.80	(521.84)
Decrease/(increase) in other current assets	(159.94)	(165.89)
Decrease/(increase) in other current financial assets	36.81	16.80
Decrease/(increase) in inventories	(375.06)	(135.58)
(Decrease)/increase in trade payables	(383.46)	141.97
(Decrease)/increase in other financial liabilities	(7.33)	56.40
(Decrease)/increase in other current liabilities	180.82	(142.94)
(Decrease)/increase in provisions	75.80	71.15
Cash generated from operating activities	837.51	741.04
Income taxes paid (net of refund received during the year)	1.50	(3.90)
Net cash flow generated from operating activities	839.01	737.14
B. Cash flows from investing activities		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment, including intangible assets, capital work in progress, capital advances and capital liabilities	(95.45)	(171.48)
Proceeds/Payment from maturity / encashment of fixed deposits	0.92	3.55
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment	7.37	1.92
Interest received	7.61	14.49
Net cash flow used in investing activities	(79.55)	(151.52)
C. Cash flows from financing activities		
Proceeds from long-term borrowings	564.50	207.00
Repayment of long-term borrowings	(254.12)	112.41
Proceeds/repayment of short term borrowings (net)	(426.94)	(242.35)
Payment of principal portion of lease liability	(33.78)	(30.13)
Payment of interest portion of lease liability	(38.51)	(41.27)
Finance charges paid	(571.64)	(586.70)
Net cash flow generated from financing activities	(760.49)	(581.04)

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement

For the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
D. Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(1.03)	4.58
E. Cash and cash equivalents as at the beginning of the year	11.10	6.52
F. Cash and cash equivalents as at the end of the year (D+E)	10.07	11.10
Components of cash and cash equivalents:		
Balances with banks-in current accounts	9.37	9.90
Cash on hand	0.70	1.20
	10.07	11.10

Reconciliation of financial liabilities arising from financing activities for the year ended March 31, 2026:

Particulars	Interest accrued on borrowings	Non-current borrowings *	Current borrowings **	Lease liability
Balance as at April 01, 2024	-	999.11	2,474.50	451.03
Add: Loan disbursed	-	207.00	278.55	-
Add: Interest expenses	630.66	-	-	41.27
Add: Lease liability created under IND AS 116	-	-	-	-
Less: Payment of lease liability	-	-	-	(30.13)
Less: Loan repaid	-	(166.16)	(242.35)	-
Less: Interest expenses paid	(586.70)	-	-	(41.27)
Add/(less): Others	(43.96)	40.45	3.51	-
Balance as at March 31, 2025	0.00	1,080.40	2,514.21	420.90
Add: Loan disbursed	-	564.50	-	-
Add: Interest expenses	615.33	-	-	-
Less: Payment of lease liability	-	-	-	(33.78)
Less: Loan repaid	-	(254.12)	(426.94)	-
Less: Interest expenses paid	(571.64)	-	-	-
Add/(less): Others	(43.69)	40.50	3.19	-
Balance as at March 31, 2026	0.00	1,431.28	2,090.46	387.12

* Includes current maturities of long-term debts

** Inflows/outflows from current borrowings has been presented on net basis

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

This is the consolidated cash flow statement referred to in our report of even date

For **D.Kothary & Co**
Chartered Accountants
Firm Registration Number:- 105335W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited

Nikhilesh Patni
Partner
Membership No.: 155641

Kailash Kumar Agarwal
Chairman & Managing Director
DIN: 00063470

RaghavKumar Agarwal
Executive Director
Chief Executive Officer &
Chief Financial Officer
DIN: 02836610

Shubham Jain
Company Secretary
Membership No. : ACS 49541

Place: Mumbai
Date: 18 May 2026

Place: New Delhi
Date: 18 May 2026

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

A. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

As at March 31, 2026

Balance at the beginning of the current reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the current year	Balance at the end of the current reporting period
392.20	-	392.20

As at March 31, 2025

Balance at the beginning of the previous reporting period	Changes in equity share capital during the previous year	Balance at the end of the previous reporting period
392.20	-	392.20

B. OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	Reserves and surplus				Other comprehensive income (OCI)	Total
	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium	General Reserve	Retained Earnings		
Current reporting period						
Balance as at April 01, 2025	0.11	190.58	784.41	259.94	(2.87)	1,232.17
Profit for the year	-	-	-	296.43	-	296.43
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	-	-	-	-	9.29	9.29
As at March 31, 2026	0.11	190.58	784.41	556.37	6.42	1,537.89
Previous reporting period						
Balance as at April 01, 2024	0.11	190.58	784.41	2.84	4.65	982.59
Profit for the year	-	-	-	257.10	-	257.10
Remeasurement of defined benefit obligations	-	-	-	-	(7.52)	(7.52)
As at March 31, 2025	0.11	190.58	784.41	259.94	(2.87)	1,232.17

The accompanying notes form an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

This is the consolidated statement of changes in equity referred to in our report of even date

 For **D.Kothary & Co**
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration Number:- 105335W

 For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited
Nikhilesh Patni
 Partner
 Membership No.: 155641

Kailash Kumar Agarwal
 Chairman & Managing Director
 DIN: 00063470

RaghavKumar Agarwal
 Executive Director
 Chief Executive Officer &
 Chief Financial Officer
 DIN: 02836610

Shubham Jain
 Company Secretary
 Membership No. : ACS 49541

 Place: Mumbai
 Date: 18 May 2026

 Place: New Delhi
 Date: 18 May 2026

Summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Nature of operations

H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Ltd. ('the Holding Company') is a public company domiciled in India and is incorporated under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. It has its registered office at Delhi Road, V.P.O Mayar, Hisar. The Holding Company is a leading manufacturer of cotton specialty yarns and cotton sewing threads catering to both local and export markets. The shares of the Holding Company are currently listed at Bombay Stock Exchange.

These consolidated financial statements relate to H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Ltd. ('the Company' or 'the Holding Company') and its subsidiary ('the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as 'the Group').

Subsidiary comprises of following:

Name of the subsidiary	Country of incorporation	Shareholding as at March 31, 2026
HP MMF Textiles Limited	India	100%

2. MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Statement of Compliance and basis of preparation of consolidated financial statements

(a) General information and statement of compliance with Ind AS

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standards ('Ind AS') notified under section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended from time to time and other pronouncements/provisions of applicable laws and guidelines issued by the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI).

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on accrual and going concern basis. The accounting policies have been consistently applied to all the periods presented in the consolidated financial statements except where newly issued accounting standard is initially adopted or a revision to an existing accounting standard requires a change in the accounting policy hitherto in use.

The consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2026 were authorised and approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 18 May 2026. Revisions to consolidated financial statements, if required, is permitted by the Board of Directors subject to obtaining necessary approvals or at the instance of regulatory authorities as per provisions of the Act.

Application of new and revised Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS)

All the Ind AS issued and notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs ('MCA') under the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 (as amended) till the consolidated financial statements are authorised have been considered in preparing these consolidated financial statements.

Recent pronouncements

Ministry of Corporate Affairs ("MCA") notifies new standard or amendments to the existing standards under Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules as issued from time to time. For the year ended March 31, 2026, MCA has notified new standards or amendments but there is no material impact to the existing standards applicable to the Group.

(b) Historical cost convention

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis, except for the following:

- 1) certain financial assets and financial liabilities that are measured at fair value; and
- 2) defined benefit plans - plan assets measured at fair value.

(c) Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary as at March 31, 2026. Control is achieved when the Group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the Group controls an investee if and only if the Group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee);
- Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and
- The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority of voting rights result in control. To support this presumption and when the Group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the Group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

- The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee;
- Rights arising from other contractual arrangements;
- The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights; and
- The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting rights holders.

The group treats transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control as transactions with equity owners of the group. A change in ownership interest results in an adjustment between the carrying amounts of the controlling and non-controlling interests to reflect their relative interests in the subsidiary. Any difference between the amount of the adjustment to non-controlling interests and any consideration paid or received is recognised within equity.

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee if facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the Group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the Group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of a subsidiary acquired or disposed-off during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date the Group gains control until the date the Group ceases to control the subsidiary.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the Group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for

like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to consolidated financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies. The consolidated financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to the same reporting date as that of the parent company, i.e., year ended on March 31, 2026.

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the following basis:

The consolidated financial statements of the parent and its subsidiary have been combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses after eliminating intra-group balances / transactions and resulting profits in full.

Non-controlling interest share in net assets of 'the Group' is identified and presented in the consolidated balance sheet separate from liabilities and the equity of the Company's shareholders.

(d) Current and non-current classification

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Group's normal operating cycle (not exceeding twelve months) and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Act.

(e) Rounding of amounts

All amounts disclosed in the consolidated financial statements and notes have been rounded off to the nearest lacs with two decimal places as per the requirement of Schedule III, unless otherwise stated.

(f) Use of estimates

The estimates and judgements used in the preparation of the consolidated financial statements are continuously evaluated by the Group and are based on historical experience and various other assumptions and factors (including expectations of future events) that the Group believes to be reasonable under the existing circumstances. Differences between actual results and estimates are recognised in the period in which the results are known/materialised.

The said estimates are based on the facts and events, that existed as at the reporting date, or that occurred after that date but provide additional evidence about conditions existing as at the reporting date.

(g) Significant accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses and the accompanying disclosures. Uncertainty about the assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that require material adjustment to the carrying value of assets or liabilities affected in future periods.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

Information about significant areas of estimation uncertainty and critical judgments in applying accounting policies that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements is included in the following notes:

Critical judgments in applying accounting policies

The key judgments, made by the management, in applying the Group's accounting policies having an effect on these consolidated financial statements are as follows:

- (i) **Recognition of deferred tax-** The extent to which deferred tax assets can be recognised is based on an assessment of the probability of the future taxable income against which the deferred tax assets can be utilised.
- (ii) **Evaluation of indicators for impairment of assets-** The evaluation of applicability of indicators of impairment of assets requires assessment of several external and internal factors which could result in deterioration of recoverable amount of the assets.
- (iii) **Recoverability of advances/receivables-** At each balance sheet date, based on historical default rates observed over expected life, the management assesses the expected credit loss on outstanding receivables and advances.
- (iv) **Provisions and contingencies-** The amount of provisions and contingencies have been recognised in accordance with Ind AS 37 Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets as the evaluation of the likelihood of the

contingent events requires best judgment by management regarding the probability of exposure to potential loss.

Key source of estimation uncertainty

The key assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of estimation uncertainty at the reporting date, that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are described below. The Group has based its assumptions and estimates on parameters available at the time of preparation of consolidated financial statements. However, existing circumstances and assumptions about future developments, may change due to market changes or circumstances arising that are beyond the control of the Group. Such changes are reflected in the assumptions when they occur.

- (i) **Useful lives of property, plant and equipment-** The estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment are based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, demand, competition, internal assessment of user experience and other economic factors (such as the stability of the industry and known technological advances) and the level of maintenance expenditure required to obtain the expected future cash flows from the assets. The Group reviews the useful life of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date.
- (ii) **Recoverable amount of property, plant and equipment-** The recoverable amount of property plant and equipment is based on estimates and assumptions regarding in particular the expected market outlook and expected future cash flows. Any changes in these assumptions may have a material impact on the measurement of the recoverable amount and could result in impairment.
- (iii) **Post-retirement benefit plan-** Employee benefit obligation (gratuity) are determined using actuarial valuations. An actuarial valuation involves making various assumptions that may differ from actual developments in the future. These include the determination of the discount rate, future salary increases and mortality rates. Due to the complexities involved in the valuation and its long-term nature, a defined benefit obligation is highly sensitive to changes in these assumptions. All assumptions are reviewed at each reporting date.

(iv) Fair value measurement of financial instruments- The fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities recorded in the consolidated balance sheet in respect of which quoted prices in active markets are not available are measured using valuation techniques. The inputs to these models are taken from observable markets where possible, but where this is not feasible, a degree of judgment is required in establishing fair values. Judgments include considerations of inputs such as liquidity risk, credit risk and volatility. Changes in assumptions about these factors could affect the reported fair value of financial instruments.

2.2 Summary of material accounting policies

i. Property, plant and equipment

An item on property, plant and equipment is recognized as asset, if it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Freehold land is carried at cost. All other items of property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment, if any. All costs including borrowing costs related to the acquisition and installation of property, plant and equipment are capitalised.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognised when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance including assets having cost upto ₹ 10,000 are charged to the consolidated statement of profit and loss during the reporting period in which they are incurred.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each reporting date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets and the cost of assets not put to use before such date are disclosed under 'Capital work-in-progress'.

ii. Intangible assets

Intangible assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and impairment, if any. Intangible assets are amortised over their respective individual estimated useful lives on a straight-line basis, from the date that they are available for use. The estimated useful life of an identifiable intangible asset is based on a number of factors including the effects of obsolescence, etc. The amortisation method and useful lives are reviewed periodically at each reporting date.

An intangible asset is derecognised upon disposal (i.e., at the date the recipient obtains control) or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Useful life considered for calculation of amortisation for various intangible assets are as follows-

Asset category	Estimated useful life (in years)
Software	3-5 years

The amortisation expense on intangible assets with finite life is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss under the head Depreciation and amortization expense.

iii. Depreciation

The Group depreciates its property, plant and equipment (PPE) over the useful life on Straight line basis in the manner prescribed in Schedule II to the Act. Management believes that useful life of assets are same as those prescribed in Schedule II to the Act. Useful life considered for calculation of depreciation for various assets class are as follows-

Asset category	As per management estimate	As per Schedule II
Computers	3 years	3 years
Furniture and fixtures	10 years	10 years
Building	30 years	30 years
Vehicles	8 years	8 years
Plant and machinery	15 years	15 years
Office equipment	5 years	5 years
Servers and networks	6 years	6 years

Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the period of lease or 3 years, whichever is less.

The residual values are not more than 5% of the original cost of the asset. The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Depreciation on additions / deletions is calculated pro-rata from the month of such addition / deletion, as the case may be.

iv. Impairment of non-financial asset

The Group tests the assets for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs of disposal and value in use. For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash inflows which are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or group of assets (cash-generating units). Assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at the end of each reporting period.

v. Revenue and other income

The Holding Company derives revenues primarily from sale of manufactured cotton, specialty yarns and cotton sewing threads.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when the Group satisfies its performance obligation and substantial risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the buyer which generally coincides when the goods are dispatched from the factory. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and rebates. The Group collects Goods and Service Tax on behalf of the government and therefore, these are not economic benefits flowing to the Group. Hence, these are excluded from revenue.

Other income is recognised on an accrual basis when it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the amount of income can be measured reliably.

- Export incentives, including duty drawback and other government incentives, are recognised when there is reasonable assurance that the related conditions will be complied with and the incentives will be received.

- Interest income on financial assets measured at amortised cost is recognised using the effective interest rate method.
- Foreign exchange gains and losses arising on settlement and translation of foreign currency monetary items are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the period in which they arise.
- Liabilities no longer payable are written back upon cessation of the obligation.
- Profit or loss on disposal of property, plant and equipment is recognised upon derecognition of the related asset.
- Miscellaneous income is recognised when the right to receive such income is established and collection is reasonably certain.

Contract balances

Contract assets

A contract asset is the right to consideration in exchange for goods or services transferred to the customer. Where the Group performs by transferring goods or services to a customer before the customer pays consideration or before payment is due, a contract asset is recognised for the earned consideration that is conditional.

Trade receivables

A receivable represents the Group's right to an amount of consideration that is unconditional (i.e., only the passage of time is required before payment of the consideration is due). Refer to accounting policies of financial assets in section (x) Investment and other financial assets – initial recognition and subsequent measurement.

Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Group has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. Where a customer pays consideration before the Group transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Group performs under the contract.

Financing component

The Group does not expect to have any contracts where the period between the transfer of the promised goods or services to the customer and payment by the customer exceeds one year. As a consequence, the Group does not adjust any of the transaction prices for the time value of money.

Cost to obtain a contract with customer

The Group pays sales commission to selling agents for each contract that they obtain for sales of Group's products. Such commission are in nature of incremental cost to obtain contract with customer and the Group has elected to apply the optional practical expedient for costs to obtain a contract wherein it immediately expenses off such sales commissions because the amortisation period of the asset that the Group otherwise would have used is one year or less.

Duty drawbacks and other export incentives: Duty drawbacks and other export incentives under various schemes are recognised as revenue in the year of export when no significant uncertainty exists with respect to their recovery.

Insurance and other claims: Revenue in respect of claims is recognised when no significant uncertainties exist with regard to the amount to be realised and the ultimate collection thereof.

Interest income: Income from interest is accounted for on time proportion basis taking into account the amounts outstanding and the applicable rate of interest.

vi. Inventories

Inventories are valued at cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower.

The cost of raw materials and stores and spares is determined using moving weighted average formula and includes cost of purchase and other cost incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and condition. Raw materials and stores and spares are not written down below cost if the finished product in which they will be manufactured are expected to be sold at or above cost.

Work-in-progress is valued at raw material cost plus conversion cost incurred on them depending upon the stage of completion based on weighted average formulae.

Cost of finished goods include raw material cost, conversion cost and packing cost incurred to bring the goods to their present location and condition. Inventory of finished goods is measured at cost or net realisable value, whichever is lower.

vii. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Holding Company
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year, adjusted for bonus elements in equity shares issued during the year and excluding treasury shares.

Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential equity shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional equity shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential equity shares.

viii. Investments and other financial assets

Classification

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss),
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The classification depends on the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

For assets measured at fair value, gains and losses will either be recorded in profit or loss or other comprehensive income.

Investments in mutual fund are measured at FVTPL. Profit or loss on fair value of mutual fund is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

For investments in equity instruments that are not held for trading, this will depend on whether the Group has made an irrevocable election at the time of initial recognition to account for the equity investment at FVTOCI.

The Group reclassifies debt investments when and only when its business model for managing those assets changes.

Initial recognition

Purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date i.e. the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sale the financial asset.

Measurement

At initial recognition, the Group measures trade receivables at their transaction price and measures other financial assets at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

Financial assets with embedded derivatives are considered in their entirety when determining whether their cash flows are solely payment of principal and interest.

Subsequent measurement of debt instruments depends on the Group's business model for managing the asset and the cash flow characteristics of the asset. There are three measurement categories into which the Group classifies its debt instruments:

- Debt instruments at amortised cost
- Debt instruments at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI)
- Debt instruments and equity instruments at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Debt instruments at amortised cost

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortised cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition is recognised directly in profit or loss and presented in other gains/ losses. Impairment losses are presented as separate line item in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Debt instrument at FVTOCI

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at FVTOCI. Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for

the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest income and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognised in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains/ losses. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method. Foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in other gains/ losses and impairment expenses are presented as separate line item in consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Debt instrument at FVTPL

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured at FVTPL. A gain or loss on a debt investment that is subsequently measured at fair value through profit or loss is recognised in profit or loss and presented net within other gains/ losses in the period in which it arises. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

Equity instruments

The Group subsequently measures all equity investments at fair value. Where the Group's management has elected to present fair value gains and losses on equity investments in other comprehensive income, there is no subsequent reclassification of fair value gains and losses to profit or loss following the derecognition of the investment. Dividends from such investments are recognised in profit or loss as other income when the Group's right to receive payments is established.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at FVTPL are recognised in other gain/ losses in the consolidated statement of profit and loss. Impairment losses (and reversal of impairment losses) on equity investments measured at FVTOCI are not reported separately from other changes in fair value.

Impairment of financial assets

The Group assesses on a forward looking basis the expected credit losses associated with its assets carried at amortised cost and FVTOCI debt instruments. The impairment methodology applied depends on whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk. Note 38 details how the Group determines whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk.

For trade receivables only, the Group applies the simplified approach required by Ind AS 109, which requires expected lifetime losses to be recognised from initial recognition of the receivables.

The Group recognizes loss allowances for expected credit losses ("ECL") on financial assets measured at amortized cost.

For trade receivables, the Group applies the simplified approach prescribed under Ind AS 109. Under this approach, the Group measures the loss allowance at an amount equal to lifetime expected credit losses at each reporting date.

The Group uses a provision matrix to determine impairment loss allowance based on historical credit loss experience, adjusted for current conditions and forward-looking estimates. The expected loss allowance is reviewed at each reporting date and updated to reflect changes in credit risk since initial recognition.

The carrying amount of trade receivables is reduced through the use of an allowance account. When a trade receivable is considered uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

De-recognition

A financial asset is derecognised only when

- The Group has transferred or has expired the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset and
- The Group has transferred substantially all of the risks and rewards of the ownership.

Where the Group has transferred an asset, it evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset. In such cases, the financial asset is derecognised. Where the Group has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.

Where the Group has neither transferred a financial asset nor retains substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is derecognised if it has not retained control of the financial asset. Where the Group retains control of the financial asset, the asset is continued to be recognised to the extent of continuing involvement in the financial asset.

Income recognition

Interest income

Interest income from FVTPL is disclosed as interest income within other income. Interest income on financial assets at amortised cost and financial assets at FVTOCI is calculated using the effective interest method is

recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss as part of other income.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Dividends

Dividends are received from financial assets at FVTPL and at FVTOCI. Dividends are recognised as other income in profit or loss when the right to receive payment is established. This applies even if they are paid out of pre-acquisition profits, unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment.

ix. Financial liabilities

Initial recognition

The Group recognizes the financial liabilities in its balance sheet when it becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

The Group's financial liabilities include trade payables, other payables, short-term and long-term borrowings.

Measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and in the case of loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

Subsequent measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

Financial liabilities at FVTPL

Financial liabilities at FVTPL include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at FVTPL. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Group that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments.

Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at FVTPL are designated as such at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied. For liabilities designated as FVTPL, fair value gains/ losses attributable to changes in own credit risk are recognised in OCI. These gains/ losses are not subsequently transferred to profit and loss. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity. All other changes in fair value of such liability are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss. The Group has not designated any financial liability as at fair value through profit and loss.

Borrowings

Borrowings are initially recognised at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Any difference between the initial recognition amount (net of transaction costs) and the redemption amount is recognised in profit or loss over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method. Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a prepayment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are removed from the consolidated balance sheet when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of a financial liability that has been extinguished or transferred to another party and the consideration paid, including any non-cash assets transferred or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss as other gains/ losses.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting period. Where there is a breach of a material provision of a long-term loan arrangement on or before the end of the reporting period with the effect that the liability becomes payable on demand on the reporting date, the entity does not classify the liability as current, if the lender agreed, after the reporting period and before the approval of the consolidated financial statements for issue, not to demand payment as a consequence of the breach.

Trade and other payables

These amounts represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Group prior to the end of financial year which are unpaid. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 60-90 days of recognition. Trade and other payables are presented as current liabilities unless payment is not due within 12 months after the reporting period. They are recognised initially at their fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

De-recognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

x. Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the consolidated balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Group or the counterparty.

xi. Fair value measurement of financial instruments

The Group measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability.

The principal or the most advantageous market must be accessible by the Group.

The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumptions that market participants would use when pricing the asset or liability, assuming that market participants act in their economic best interest.

A fair value measurement of a non-financial asset takes into account a market participant's ability to generate economic benefits by using the asset in its highest and best use or by selling it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximising the use of relevant observable inputs and minimising the use of unobservable inputs.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the consolidated financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- Level 1 — Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- Level 2 — The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates;
- Level 3 — Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

For assets and liabilities that are recognised in the consolidated financial statements on a recurring basis, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels in the hierarchy by re-assessing categorisation (based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole) at the end of each reporting period.

For the purpose of fair value disclosures, the Group has determined classes of assets and liabilities on the basis of nature, characteristics and risks of the asset and liability and the level of the fair value hierarchy as explained above.

This note summarises accounting policy for fair value. Other fair value related disclosures are given in the relevant notes:

- Disclosure regarding significant estimates and assumptions- Note 2.1
- Quantitative disclosures of fair value measurement hierarchy- Note 2.2, paragraph xiii.
- Financial instruments (including those carried at amortised cost)- Note 2.2, paragraph x.

xii. Provisions, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount can be reliably estimated. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the present value of management's best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the end of the reporting period. The discount rate used to determine the present value is a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the liability. The increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are disclosed in respect of possible obligations that arise from past events but their existence will be confirmed by the occurrence or non-occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or where any present obligation cannot be measured in terms of future outflow of resources or where a reliable estimate of the obligation cannot be made.

Contingent assets

Contingent assets are not recognised in the consolidated financial statements. Contingent assets are disclosed in the consolidated financial statements to the extent it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Group from such assets.

xiii. Borrowing cost

General and specific borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use or sale. Qualifying assets are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Other borrowing costs are expensed in the period in which they are incurred. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

xiv. Employees benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits: Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employees render the related service are recognised in respect of employees' services up to the end of the reporting period and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled.

(ii) Other long-term employee benefits obligations: The liabilities for earned leave and sick leave that are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months are measured as the present value of expected future payments to be made in respect of services provided by employees up to the end of the reporting period using the projected unit credit method. The benefits are discounted using the discount rates for Government Securities (G-Sec) at the end of the reporting period that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation. Remeasurement as a result of experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

(iii) Post-employment benefits: The Group operates the following post-employments schemes:

- (a) defined contribution plans- provident fund; and
- (b) defined benefit plans- gratuity

(a) Defined contribution plan

Provident fund

The Group makes payment to statutory fund in accordance with the Employees Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952 which is a defined contribution plan. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The

contributions are accounted for as defined contribution plans and the contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss as and when they are due.

(b) Defined benefit plans

Gratuity

The liability or asset recognised in the consolidated balance sheet in respect of defined benefit gratuity plan is the present value of the defined benefit obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets. The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by actuaries using the projected unit credit method.

The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash outflows by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have terms approximating to the terms of the related obligation.

The net interest cost is calculated by applying the discount rate to the net balance of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of plan assets. This cost is included in employee benefit expense in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Remeasurement gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions are recognised in the period in which they occur, directly in other comprehensive income. They are included in retained earnings in the consolidated statement of changes in equity and in the consolidated balance sheet.

xv. Foreign currency translations

(i) Functional and presentation currency

The consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is Group's functional and presentation currency.

ii) Transaction and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are recognised at the prevailing exchange rates on the transaction dates. Realised gains and losses on settlement of foreign currency transactions are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Monetary foreign currency assets and liabilities at the year-end are translated at the year-end exchange rates and the resultant exchange differences are recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. Translation differences on assets and liabilities carried at fair value are reported as part of the fair value gain or loss.

Foreign exchange differences regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs are presented in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, within finance cost. All other foreign exchange gains/ losses are presented in the consolidated statement of profit and loss on net basis.

xvi. Income tax

The income tax expense or credit for the period is the tax payable on the current period's taxable income based on the applicable income tax rate adjusted by changes in deferred tax assets and liabilities attributable to temporary differences and to unused tax losses.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are excepted to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses, only if, it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilise those temporary differences and losses.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Current tax assets and tax liabilities are off set where the respective companies in the Group have a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Current and deferred tax is recognised in the consolidated statement of profit and loss, except to

the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Minimum alternate tax credit is recognised as deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Group will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the Group will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

xvii. Leases

On inception of a contract, the Group (as a lessee) assesses whether it contains a lease. A contract is, or contains a lease when it conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Group recognises a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Group recognises the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

The right-of-use assets are initially recognised at cost, which comprises the initial amount of the lease liability adjusted for initial direct costs incurred, lease payments made at or before the commencement date, any asset restoration obligation, and less any lease incentives received. They are subsequently measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Right-of-use assets are also adjusted for any re-measurement of lease liabilities. Unless the Group is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased assets or renewal of the leases at the end of the lease term, recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated to a residual value over the shorter of their estimated useful life or lease term.

The lease liability is initially measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term. In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Group uses its incremental borrowing rate at the lease commencement date if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable.

The lease term includes periods subject to extension options which the Group is reasonably certain to exercise and excludes the effect of early termination options where the Group is not reasonably certain that it will exercise the option. Minimum lease payments include the cost of a purchase option if the Group is reasonably certain it will purchase the underlying asset after the lease term.

Lease liabilities are re-measured with a corresponding adjustment to the related right-of-use asset if the Group changes its assessment of whether it will exercise an extension or a termination option and any lease modification.

Lease liability and ROU asset have been separately presented in the Consolidated Balance Sheet and lease payments are presented as follows in the Group's consolidated statement of cash flows:

- short-term lease payments, payments for leases of low-value assets and variable lease payments that are not included in the measurement of the lease liabilities are presented within cash flows from operating activities;
- payments for the interest element and principal element of recognised lease liabilities are presented within cash flows from financing activities

xviii. Segment reporting

In accordance with Ind AS 108, operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments. The business activities of the Group predominantly fall within a single reportable operating segment, i.e., Textile (spinning). The Board of Directors of the Holding Company is the Group's 'Chief Operating Decision Maker' or 'CODM' within the meaning of Ind AS 108.

xix. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalent in the consolidated balance sheet comprise cash at banks and on hand and short-term deposits with an original maturity of three months or less, which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

For the purpose of presentation in the consolidated statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with financial institutions, other short-term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown as borrowings under financial liabilities in the consolidated balance sheet.

xx. Cash flow statement

Cash flows are reported using indirect method in accordance with the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) - 7 "Statement of Cash flows". The cash flows from regular revenue generating, financing and investing activities of the Group are segregated. Cash and cash equivalents in the cash flow comprise cash at bank, cash/cheques in hand and short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended 31 March 2026
 (All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

3. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT & INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Particulars	Property, plant and equipment						Intangible assets			
	Freehold land	Buildings	Leasehold improvements	Plant and Equipments	Furniture and fixtures	Office equipments	Computers	Vehicles	Total	Software
Gross carrying amount										
As at April 01, 2024	651.21	658.21	19.94	6,605.83	76.50	131.73	81.37	274.08	8,498.87	112.87
Additions	-	5.43	-	112.04	10.08	4.35	0.77	36.68	169.35	2.05
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	34.65	34.65	-
As at March 31, 2025	651.21	663.64	19.94	6,717.87	86.58	136.08	82.14	276.11	8,633.57	114.92
Additions	-	-	-	30.41	28.70	7.37	5.56	19.47	91.51	2.22
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	60.85	60.85	-
As at March 31, 2026	651.21	663.64	19.94	6,748.28	115.28	143.45	87.70	234.73	8,664.23	117.14
Accumulated depreciation/amortisation										
As at April 01, 2024	-	575.90	18.94	4,099.06	61.80	114.14	74.52	207.18	5,151.54	95.98
Charge for the year	-	3.61	-	241.95	2.78	5.67	3.06	14.17	271.24	4.75
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	33.88	33.88	-
As at March 31, 2025	-	579.51	18.94	4,341.01	64.58	119.81	77.58	187.47	5,388.90	100.73
Charge for the year	-	3.74	-	243.26	3.96	6.52	1.68	15.26	274.42	2.13
Adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	58.51	58.51	-
As at March 31, 2026	-	583.25	18.94	4,584.27	68.54	126.33	79.26	144.22	5,604.81	102.86
Carrying amount (net)										
As at March 31, 2025	651.21	84.13	1.00	2,376.86	22.00	16.27	4.56	88.64	3,244.67	14.19
As at March 31, 2026	651.21	80.39	1.00	2,164.01	46.74	17.12	8.44	90.51	3,059.42	14.28

- (i) Property, plant and equipment have been pledged as security for borrowings, for details refer note 15, 19 and 41
 (ii) The title deeds of immovable properties as shown above are held in the name of the group
 (iii) Refer note (i)(a) under Note 15 for details of title deeds with banks

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

3A CAPITAL WORK-IN-PROGRESS (CWIP):

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening gross carrying amount	0.19	0.12
Additions	95.38	171.47
Less :- Capitalisation / adjustments	(93.74)	(171.40)
Closing gross carrying amount	1.83	0.19

(i) Ageing schedule

As at March 31, 2026					
Particulars	Amount for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Projects in progress	1.83	-	-	-	1.83
Total	1.83	-	-	-	1.83

As at March 31, 2025					
Particulars	Amount for a period of				Total
	Less than 1 Year	1-2 Years	2-3 Years	More than 3 Years	
Projects in progress	0.19	-	-	-	0.19
Total	0.19	-	-	-	0.19

(ii) The group does not have any project for which completion is overdue and neither has exceeded its original cost as per original plan.

4. OTHER NON-CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Security deposits	137.10	133.54
	137.10	133.54

5. NON-CURRENT TAX ASSETS (NET)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Advance tax, TDS receivables (net of provision of income tax ₹ Nil (previous year : ₹ Nil))	4.13	2.04
	4.13	2.04

6. OTHER NON-CURRENT ASSETS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Capital advances	5.32	5.32
Prepaid expenses	1.75	2.74
	7.07	8.06

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
 (All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

7. INVENTORIES[^]

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(valued at lower of cost or net realizable value)		
Raw materials	242.71	146.40
Work-in-progress	1,790.11	1,956.95
Finished goods	877.45	495.42
Stores and spares	450.80	399.47
Scrap	50.66	38.42
	3,411.73	3,036.66

[^] Inventories have been pledged as security for borrowings, for details refer note 15, 19 and 41.

8. TRADE RECEIVABLES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Considered good - secured	64.19	238.24
Considered good - unsecured	951.46	856.36
Sub-Total	1,015.65	1,094.60
Less: allowance for expected credit loss	(1.82)	-
Total	1,013.83	1,094.60

Movement in ECL Allowance

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Opening Balance	-	-
Add :- Provision during the year	1.82	-
Less :- Amount Written Off	-	-
Closing Balance	1.82	-

- i. During the year, the Group reassessed the recoverability of its trade receivables in accordance with the Expected Credit Loss (ECL) model prescribed under Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments.

Based on the assessment of ageing, historical default experience, customer-specific factors and forward-looking information, an additional ECL provision of ₹ 1.82 lacs has been recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss. Consequently, trade receivables are carried net of the loss allowance as at the reporting date.

- ii. Trade receivables have been pledged as security for borrowings, for details refer note 15, 19 and 41.
- iii. The Group, as per its credit policy allows credit on export sales, usually by way of Letter of credit or other banking document. Debtors reflected as on balance sheet date, are due to the gestation period between the shipment made and exchange of shipping documents.

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

- iv. Out of the total unsecured debtors reflected:
- An amount ₹ 313.98 lacs (previous year ₹ 590.17 lacs), is reflected on account of transit time between shipment and exchange of documents;
 - An amount of ₹ 635.66 lacs (previous year ₹ 266.19 lacs), is Document Acceptance (DA) basis routed through banking channels and backed by way of acceptances for payment on due date from overseas customers through international interbank communication.
- v. There are no debts/loans due by directors or other officers of the Group or any of them either severally or jointly with any other person or amounts due by firms or private companies respectively in which any director is a partner or a director or a member.
- vi. Trade receivable ageing:

As at March 31, 2026

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed trade receivables - considered good	39.70	969.62	4.51	-	-	1.82	1,015.65
(ii) Undisputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	(1.82)	(1.82)
(iv) Disputed trade receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	39.70	969.62	4.51	-	-	-	1,013.83

As at March 31, 2025

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment						Total
	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
(i) Undisputed trade receivables - considered good	222.37	870.13	-	-	0.08	2.02	1,094.60
(ii) Undisputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iii) Undisputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed trade receivables - considered good	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(v) Disputed trade receivables - which have significant increase in credit risk	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
(vi) Disputed trade receivables - credit impaired	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	222.37	870.13	-	-	0.08	2.02	1,094.60

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
 (All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

9. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balances with banks-in current accounts		
- In current accounts	9.37	9.90
Cash on hand	0.70	1.20
	10.07	11.10

There are no repatriation restrictions with regard to cash and cash equivalents at the end of reporting year and prior year.

10. OTHER BANK BALANCES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Margin money*	133.88	126.06
	133.88	126.06

*Margin money includes fixed deposits of ₹ 126.01 lacs (previous year: ₹ 118.52 lacs) pledged by the Group against letter of credit facility being availed by the Company.

11. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL ASSETS*

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(Unsecured, considered good)		
Export incentives receivables	31.33	64.72
Security Deposits	13.36	16.79
Earmarked bank balances for unpaid dividends	0.54	2.23
	45.23	83.74

*Government grant

Export incentive and duty drawback receivables

Particulars	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Balance at the beginning of the year	92.68	103.39
Export incentive and duty drawback received/Written off during the year	(361.19)	(367.32)
Credited to the statement of profit and loss (refer note 25)	325.93	356.61
Closing balance	57.42	92.68

Export incentive and duty drawback receivables comprises :

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Export incentives receivables (refer note 11)	31.33	64.72
Duty drawback (refer note 12-included in Balance with government authorities)	26.09	27.96
Total	57.42	92.68

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

12. OTHER CURRENT ASSETS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(Unsecured considered good unless otherwise stated)		
Balances with government authorities	920.81	792.32
Advance to suppliers	17.34	19.80
Prepaid expenses	86.05	50.91
Other advances	7.69	8.92
	1,031.89	871.95

13. EQUITY SHARE CAPITAL

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Authorised share capital		
42,50,000 (previous year: 42,50,000) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	425.00	425.00
	425.00	425.00
Issued, subscribed and paid up share capital		
39,22,000 (previous year: 39,22,000) equity shares of ₹ 10/- each	392.20	392.20
	392.20	392.20

a) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and end of the year

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	Number of shares	Amount	Number of shares	Amount
Balance at the beginning of the year	39,22,000	392.20	39,22,000	392.20
Addition/(deletion) during the year*	-	-	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	39,22,000	392.20	39,22,000	392.20

b) Terms/rights attached to equity shares

The Holding Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of ₹ 10 (previous year : ₹ 10) per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Holding Company declares and pays dividend in Indian Rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

In the event of liquidation of the Holding Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Holding Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

c) Details of equity shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company*

Name of the Shareholder	As at March 31, 2026		As at March 31, 2025	
	Number of shares	% holding	Number of shares	% holding
Kailash Kumar Agarwal	11,83,934	30.19%	11,83,934	30.19%
Jainish Products Limited **	2,42,850	6.19%	2,42,850	6.19%
Achhar Investments Limited **	2,31,900	5.91%	2,31,900	5.91%
Sacred Trading and Investment Company Limited **	2,24,170	5.72%	2,24,170	5.72%
Sailesh Textile Manufacturing Company Limited **	2,07,000	5.28%	2,07,000	5.28%
Vinod Kumar Ohri	2,00,000	5.10%	2,00,000	5.10%

*As per the records of the Holding Company, including its register of shareholder/members and other declarations, if any, received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownership of shares.

** The Holding Company's promoters have entered into a family agreement dated 14 March 2019, which would result in inter-se transfer of equity shares of the Holding Company by and among member of the Promoter Group over next two years (collectively, the "Proposed Family Re-arrangement"), which has partially been executed and partially would be executed in due course.

In continuance of the above family arrangement, Mr. Ravindra Agarwal, Mr. Surendra Kumar Agarwal and Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal have executed another re-arrangement agreement dated 12 February 2020, which would result in an inter-se transfer of all equity shares of Mr. Ravindra Agarwal & family and Mr. Surendra Kumar Agarwal & family to Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal.

During the FY 21-22, the proposed inter-se transfer from Mr. Surendra Kumar Agarwal and family to Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal and the indirect acquisition of shares of the Holding Company held by certain entities, namely, Jainish Products Limited, Sailesh Textile Manufacturing Company Limited, Achhar Investments Limited and Sacred Trading & Investment Co. Limited had been completed in favour of Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal.

d) The Holding Company has not issued any bonus shares, shares for consideration other than cash or bought back shares during five years immediately preceding the current financial year.

e) Shareholding of promoters

Shares held by promoters as at March 31, 2026 and March 31, 2025

Promoter name	31-Mar-26			31-Mar-25		
	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Achhar Investments Ltd.	2,31,900	5.91%	0.00%	2,31,900	5.91%	0.00%
Ashok Kumar Agarwal	-	0.00%	0.00%	-	0.00%	(1.94%)
Ghanshyam Das Agarwal	45,730	1.17%	0.00%	45,730	1.17%	0.00%
Ghanshyam Das Agarwal HUF	1,36,736	3.49%	0.00%	1,36,736	3.49%	0.00%
Jainarayan Agarwal HUF	-	0.00%	0.00%	-	0.00%	(2.17%)
Jainish Products Ltd.	2,42,850	6.19%	0.00%	2,42,850	6.19%	0.00%
Kailash Kumar Agarwal	11,83,934	30.19%	0.00%	11,83,934	30.19%	9.45%
Kailash Kumar Agarwal HUF	31,150	0.79%	0.00%	31,150	0.79%	0.00%
Mridula Agarwal	7,300	0.19%	0.00%	7,300	0.19%	0.00%
Premlata Agarwal	20,000	0.51%	0.00%	20,000	0.51%	0.00%

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Promoter name	31-Mar-26			31-Mar-25		
	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Rachit Agarwal	-	0.00%	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.14%)
RaghavKumar Agarwal	1,08,468	2.77%	0.00%	1,08,468	2.77%	0.00%
Raj Kumar Agarwal	-	0.00%	0.00%	-	0.00%	(1.18%)
Raj Kumar Agarwal HUF	-	0.00%	0.00%	-	0.00%	(3.24%)
Ravindra Agarwal	1,06,066	2.70%	0.00%	1,06,066	2.70%	0.00%
Ravindra Agarwal HUF	-	0.00%	0.00%	-	0.00%	(0.78%)
Sacred Trading and Investment Company Ltd.	2,24,170	5.72%	0.00%	2,24,170	5.72%	0.00%
Sailesh Textile Manufacturing Company Ltd.	2,07,000	5.28%	0.00%	2,07,000	5.28%	0.00%
	25,45,304	64.91%		25,45,304	64.91%	

The promoter's shareholding is as per Section 2(69) of the Companies Act, 2013.

14. OTHER EQUITY

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Capital reserve	0.11	0.11
Securities premium	190.58	190.58
General reserve	784.41	784.41
Retained earnings	556.37	259.94
Other comprehensive income	6.42	(2.87)
	1,537.89	1,232.17

(i) Capital Reserve*

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance at the beginning of the year	0.11	0.11
Addition/(deletion) during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	0.11	0.11

*Capital reserve pertains to surplus on issue of forfeited shares in earlier year and can be utilised by the Holding Company in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013

(ii) Securities Premium**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance at the beginning of the year	190.58	190.58
Addition/(deletion) during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	190.58	190.58

**Securities premium is created due to premium on issue of shares. Securities premium can be utilised by the Holding Company in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013.

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

(iii) General Reserve***

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance at the beginning of the year	784.41	784.41
Addition/(deletion) during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	784.41	784.41

*** Under the Companies Act 1956, general reserve was created through an annual transfer of net income at a specified percentage in accordance with Companies (Transfer of profits to Reserve) Rules, 1975. Consequent to introduction of the Act, there is no such requirement to mandatorily transfer a specified percentage of the net profit to general reserve.

(iv) Retained earnings****

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance at the beginning of the year	259.94	2.84
Add: transferred from statement of profit and loss	296.43	257.10
Less: dividend paid during the year	-	-
Balance at the end of the year	556.37	259.94

*Retained earnings of the company are kept aside out of the Group's profits to meet future (known or unknown) obligations.

(v) Other comprehensive income

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance at the beginning of the year	(2.87)	4.65
Other comprehensive income	9.29	(7.52)
Balance at the end of the year	6.42	(2.87)

15. NON-CURRENT BORROWINGS

Particulars	Non-current maturities		Current maturities	
	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Secured loans from banks				
Vehicle loan	35.84	40.38	20.36	19.29
Term loan	799.29	506.73	235.30	173.55
	835.13	547.11	255.66	192.84

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

(i) Details of security, terms of repayment and interest rate on the borrowings is provided below-

Particulars	Rate of Interest (%)	Terms of Repayment	Security Details	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Vehicle Loan					
State Bank of India Vehicle loan	8.00% (previous year : 8.00%)	60 equated monthly installments of ₹ 0.23 lacs (including interest) each starting from March 2021	Hypothecation of vehicle acquired under respective loans	-	0.23
HDFC Bank Vehicle Loan	9.25% (previous year: 9.25%)	60 equated monthly installments of ₹ 0.21 lacs (including interest) each starting from October 2023 till September 2028	Hypothecation of vehicle acquired under respective loans	5.57	7.47
HDFC Bank Vehicle Loan	8.50% (previous year: NA)	60 equated monthly installments of ₹ 0.21 lacs (including interest) each starting from October 2023 till September 2028	Hypothecation of vehicle acquired under respective loans	15.83	-
HDFC Bank Vehicle Loan	8.95% (previous year: 8.95%)	60 equated monthly installments of ₹ 0.66 lacs (including interest) each starting from January 2025 till December 2029	Hypothecation of vehicle acquired under respective loans	25.28	30.72
HDFC Bank Bus Loan	8.99% (previous year: 8.99%)	59 equated monthly installments of ₹ 1.10 lacs (including interest) each starting from February 2022 till December 2026	Hypothecation of vehicle acquired under respective loans	9.52	21.26
Term Loan					
SBI EB-ECGS-WCTL TERM LOAN	EBLR + 0.00%, present effective rate is 7.9% (previous year : NA)	36 monthly installments of ₹ 15.22 lacs each (excluding interest) after moratorium period of 12 months starting from the date of first disbursement, i.e., December' 2025)	Refer Note (i)(a) below	551.67	-
Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line- (1.0)	EBLR + 0.75%, present effective rate is 8.65% (previous year : EBLR + 0.75%)	36 monthly installments of ₹ 4.86 lacs each (excluding interest) after moratorium period of 24 months starting from the date of first disbursement, i.e., October' 2022)	Refer Note (i)(a) below	82.69	141.61
State Bank of India(MSME Capex Loan)	EBLR + .5 % present effective rate is 8.40 % (previous year : EBLR + 4%)	Repayable in total period of 7 years and 6 months including a moratorium period of 6 months which will start from first disbursement (October' 2021), the number and amount of instalments will be worked out based on total amount of loan drawn and amount drawn by way of capex FLC/ SBLC amount	Refer Note (i)(a) below	400.23	538.66
Total				1,090.79	739.95

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Note (i)(a)
- Security

- (i) First and exclusive charge by way of hypothecation of all current assets of the Holding Company including stocks, receivables and other current assets both present and future.
- (ii) First and exclusive charge by way of hypothecation of plant & machinery and miscellaneous fixed assets excluding factory land and building.

- Collateral

- (i) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 57K-09M, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.
- (ii) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 12K-05M, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.
- (iii) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 16K-05M, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.
- (iv) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 32K-09M, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.
- (v) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 36K-00M, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.
- (vi) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 4K-OM, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.
- (vii) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 4K-OM, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.
- (viii) Equitable mortgage of Factory land measuring 23K-11M, situated at Village Mayar, Tehsil Hisar, District Hisar.

- Guarantee

- (i) Personal guarantee of Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal, Chairman and Managing Director (Promoter/ Director of the Holding Company in his personal capacity).
- (ii) Personal guarantee of Mr. Raghav Kumar Agarwal, Executive Director, CEO & CFO (Promoter/ Director of the Holding Company in his personal capacity).

Unsecured loans

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Loan from others	340.50	340.46
	340.50	340.46

16. NON-CURRENT LEASE LIABILITY

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Lease Liability	340.43	387.12
	340.43	387.12

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

17. DEFERRED TAX (LIABILITIES)/ ASSETS (NET)

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax liabilities		
Difference between accounting base and tax base of property, plant and equipment	353.35	381.90
	353.35	381.90
Tax effect of items constituting deferred tax assets		
Unabsorbed depreciation carried forward #	247.11	444.14
Timing difference on account of expense allowable on payment basis	181.15	162.65
MAT credit entitlement*	81.62	81.62
	509.88	688.41
Deferred tax (liabilities)/ assets (net)	156.53	306.51

Unabsorbed depreciation as per section 32 of Income Tax Act, 1961 does not have any expiry.

*MAT credit pertains to AY 2021-22 and is available for utilisation till AY 2036-37

Movement in deferred tax assets/(liabilities) during the year ended March 31, 2026

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss	As at March 31, 2026
Deferred tax assets				
Unabsorbed losses/ depreciation carried forward	444.14	-	(197.03)	247.11
Timing difference on account of expense allowable on payment basis	162.65	(3.58)	22.08	181.15
MAT credit entitlement	81.62	-	-	81.62
Deferred tax liability				
Difference between accounting base and tax base of property, plant and equipment	(381.90)	-	28.55	(353.35)
Total	306.51	(3.58)	(146.40)	156.53

Movement in deferred tax assets/(liabilities) during the year ended March 31, 2025

Particulars	As at 31 March 2024	Recognised in other comprehensive income	Recognised in consolidated statement of profit or loss	As at March 31, 2025
Deferred tax assets				
Unabsorbed losses/ depreciation carried forward	611.17	-	-167.03	444.14
Timing difference on account of expense allowable on payment basis	140.76	2.90	18.99	162.65
MAT credit entitlement	81.62	-	-	81.62
Deferred tax liability				
Difference between accounting base and tax base of property, plant and equipment	(407.06)	-	25.16	(381.90)
Total	426.49	2.90	(122.88)	306.51

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
 (All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

18. NON-CURRENT PROVISIONS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Provision for gratuity (refer note 39)	299.57	276.63
Provision for compensated absences	81.90	60.85
	381.47	337.48

19. CURRENT BORROWINGS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Secured loans		
Cash credits facilities		
State Bank of India	1,755.73	2,179.27
Capex FLC / SBLC		
Outstanding letter of credit		
State Bank of India	334.74	334.96
Current maturities of long term borrowings (refer note 15)	255.66	192.84
	2,346.13	2,707.07

(i) Details of security and interest rate on the borrowings is provided below-

Particulars	Rate of Interest (%)	Terms of Repayment	Security Details	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Cash credits facilities from banks (secured)					
State Bank of India	For CC, EBLR + .5 % (previous year : EBLR + 4%) For EPC, 1.15% above T-Bill 91days,(previous year : EBLR + 1.15%)	Repayable on demand	Refer Note (i)(a) under Note 15	1,755.73	2,179.27
Outstanding letter of credit					
LC payable	As per terms of individual LC	As per terms of individual LC	Refer Note (i)(a) under Note 15	334.74	334.96
Total				2,090.47	2,514.23

20. CURRENT LEASE LIABILITY

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Lease Liability	46.69	33.78
	46.69	33.78

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

21. TRADE PAYABLES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Trade payables:		
Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises (refer note below)	288.81	320.94
Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	1,765.66	2,116.25
	2,054.47	2,437.19

- i. Information, as required to be furnished as per section 22 of the Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises Development (MSMED) Act, 2006 for the year ended March 31, 2026 is given below. This information has been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information available with the Company.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
(a) The principal amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of the year;	281.96	314.80
(b) Interest due remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of the year;	6.85	6.14
(c) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year; and	6.85	6.14

- ii. Trade payable ageing:

As at March 31, 2026

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed dues - MSME	171.59	110.13	-	-	7.09	288.81
(ii) Undisputed dues - Others	974.25	625.58	67.80	59.94	38.09	1,765.66
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	1,145.84	735.71	67.80	59.94	45.18	2,054.47

As at March 31, 2025

Particulars	Outstanding for following periods from due date of payment					
	Not Due	Less than 1 Year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed dues - MSME	112.41	204.70	0.90	0.13	2.80	320.94
(ii) Undisputed dues - Others	289.75	1,594.00	108.89	86.75	36.86	2,116.25
(iii) Disputed dues - MSME	-	-	-	-	-	-
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total	402.16	1,798.70	109.79	86.88	39.66	2,437.19

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
 (All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

22. OTHER CURRENT FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Unclaimed dividend*	0.54	2.23
Employee related payables	261.29	268.53
Interest accrued but not due	-	0.09
	261.83	270.85

* The same is not due for deposit to Investor Education and Protection Fund. Further, the company has deposited ₹ 1.69 lacs for the FY 2017-18 to the fund during previous year.

23. OTHER CURRENT LIABILITIES

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Statutory dues payable	73.76	82.55
Trade deposits	5.05	5.05
Revenue received in advance	462.54	288.18
	541.35	375.78

24. CURRENT PROVISIONS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Provision for bonus	167.72	143.65
Provision for gratuity (refer note 39)	66.10	70.46
Provision for compensated absences	35.86	33.04
	269.68	247.15

25. REVENUE FROM OPERATIONS

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Sale of products/Service		
Yarn and threads	12,415.61	12,076.43
Product design charges	14.87	-
Less: rebate and discounts	(19.35)	(16.24)
	12,411.13	12,060.19
Other operating revenue		
Process waste sale	383.09	377.43
Other scrap sales	29.82	19.22
Duty Drawback and other export incentives (refer note 11 and 12)	325.93	356.61
	738.84	753.26
Revenue from operations	13,149.97	12,813.45

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

26. OTHER INCOME

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Interest income on fixed deposits carried at amortised cost	8.75	8.37
Interest income on financial assets carried at amortised cost	8.29	15.11
Foreign exchange fluctuation gain (net)	212.94	101.46
Liabilities no longer payable written back	15.25	8.02
Profit on sale of property, plant and equipment	4.97	1.12
Miscellaneous income	12.33	1.41
	262.53	135.49

27. COST OF MATERIAL CONSUMED

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Raw material:		
Cotton	3,704.24	3,731.59
Colour and chemicals	950.17	909.47
Packing materials	624.85	557.69
	5,279.26	5,198.75

28. CHANGES IN INVENTORIES OF FINISHED GOODS, WORK-IN-PROGRESS AND SCRAP

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Inventories at the end of the year		
Finished goods	877.45	495.42
Work-in-progress	1,790.11	1,956.95
Scrap	50.66	38.42
	2,718.22	2,490.79
Inventories at the beginning of the year		
Finished goods	495.43	470.98
Work-in-progress	1,956.95	2,010.55
Scrap	38.42	37.72
	2,490.79	2,519.25
Decrease/(Increase) in inventories	(227.43)	28.44

29. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS EXPENSE

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Salaries and wages	2,863.98	2,567.57
Contributions to provident and other funds	309.09	267.81
Gratuity expense (refer note 39)	96.81	76.58
Workmen and staff welfare expenses	63.27	57.24
	3,333.17	2,969.20

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

30. OTHER EXPENSES

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Consumption of stores and spare	310.38	248.40
Power and fuel	1,763.68	1,549.77
Freight and forwarding	332.00	347.68
Water and water recycling	202.73	188.86
Rent including lease rentals	65.96	75.19
Travelling and conveyance	127.80	79.01
Security expenses	143.18	133.73
Commission	47.19	61.34
Vehicle running and maintenance	66.07	69.86
Business promotion and advertisement	33.20	27.78
Electricity and water expenses	55.03	65.90
Repairs and maintenance - buildings	5.44	15.55
Expected Credit Loss of Financial/Non-financial assets	1.82	-
Repairs and maintenance - machinery	7.17	4.34
Repairs and maintenance - others	32.35	31.73
Legal and professional	190.68	202.94
Insurance	69.04	65.54
Rates and taxes	9.37	4.60
Communication	21.34	20.80
Printing and stationery	1.63	2.16
Doubtful recoverables written off	3.37	58.41
Payment to auditors (see note 30(a) below)	24.98	22.75
Miscellaneous expenses	85.61	94.04
	3,600.01	3,370.38

30(a). Details of payment made to auditors (excluding goods and service tax)

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Statutory audit fees (including fees for limited reviews)	18.09	17.09
Tax audit fee	5.00	4.00
Reimbursement of expenses	1.89	1.66
	24.98	22.75

31. FINANCE COSTS

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Interest expense - borrowings	363.34	344.82
Interest on lease liability	38.51	41.27
Interest expenses - others	145.32	160.40
Other borrowing costs	106.67	125.45
	653.84	671.94

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

32. DEPRECIATION AND AMORTISATION EXPENSES

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Depreciation on property, plant and equipment	274.42	271.24
Amortisation of intangible assets	2.13	4.74
Amortisation of right-of-use assets	54.27	54.26
	330.82	330.24

33. INCOME TAX

Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
(a) Income tax expense		
- Current tax	-	-
- Tax credited of earlier years	-	-
- Deferred tax	146.40	122.89
Income tax expense	146.40	122.89
(b) Reconciliation of tax expense and the accounting profit		
(Loss)/profit before income tax expense	442.83	379.99
Statutory income tax rate	27.82%	27.82%
Amount of tax at statutory income tax rate	123.19	105.71
Adjustments:		
Tax impact of expenses disallowed under the Income-tax Act	(50.46)	(18.90)
Tax impact of unrecognised tax losses and unused tax credits	103.70	61.33
Tax impact arising from differences in carrying value and tax base of Property, Plant and Equipment	(30.03)	(25.56)
Tax impact of other permanent and temporary differences	0.00	0.31
Total	23.21	17.18
Amount of tax at statutory income tax rate post adjustments	146.40	122.89

34. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Profit/(loss) for the year	296.43	257.87
Nominal value per share (in ₹)	10	10
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic earnings per share	39,22,000	39,22,000
Weighted average number of equity shares for diluted earnings per share	39,22,000	39,22,000
Earnings per share (in ₹)		
Basic earnings per share	7.56	6.57
Diluted earnings per share	7.56	6.57

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

35. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND COMMITMENTS

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
i) Contingent liabilities		
Entry tax for which the company is contingently liable*	77.87	77.87
	77.87	77.87

* Estimated liability amounting to ₹ 77.87 lacs pertains to Haryana entry tax for the period April' 2008 to March' 2016. The Entry tax was imposed by the Government of Haryana but was struck down by the Hon'ble High Court of Punjab and Haryana. The Government of Haryana had gone into appeal before the Hon'ble Supreme Court of India against the judgement of Hon'ble High Court of Punjab and Haryana. The Hon'ble Supreme Court upheld the levy of the entry tax. However, the matter of determination and settlement of the amount of tax is pending with the state. Further, with the introduction of Goods and Service Tax Act, 2017, entry tax has been repealed. In the absence of the appropriate rules and provisions for payment of entry tax, the management has decided to disclose this liability as contingent and accordingly, no adjustment has been considered necessary in these Consolidated financial statements.

36. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

In accordance with the requirements of Ind AS - 24 'Related Party Disclosures', the names of the related party where control/ability to exercise significant influence exists, along with the aggregate amount of transactions and year end balances with them as identified and certified by the management are given below:

(a) List of related parties and nature of relationship where control exists

Key managerial personnel

Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal
 Mr. RaghavKumar Agarwal
 CS Shubham Jain

Relationship

Chairman and Managing Director
 Executive Director, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer
 Company Secretary

Non-executive Directors

Ms. Ritu Bansal
 Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth
 Mr. Siddharth Agrawal
 Mr. Vikram Jhunjunwala

Director
 Independent Director
 Independent Director
 Independent Director

Subsidiary company

HP MMF Textiles Limited

Wholly owned subsidiary

Relatives of key managerial personnel

Mr. Raj Kumar Agarwal
 Mr. Ashok Kumar Agarwal
 Mr. Ravindra Agarwal

Relative of Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal
 Relative of Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal
 Relative of Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal

Persons/entities in which directors and key managerial personnel are interested

Sanjay Mercantile Private Limitd
 Achhar Investments Limited
 Jainish Products Limited
 Sacred Trading & Investment Co. Limited
 Sailesh Textile Mfg Co Limited
 M/s Gupta Ritu & Co.

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

b) The following transactions were carried out with related parties in the ordinary course of business:-

Nature of transaction & name of related party	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Board sitting fees		
Mr. Parshotam Dass Agarwal (Ceased w.e.f 25 September 2024)	-	2.80
Mr. Vikram Sumatilal Sheth	4.80	5.25
Mr. Siddharth Agrawal	4.35	3.80
Ms. Ritu Bansal	2.65	2.65
Mr. Vikram Jhunjhunwala	4.80	2.15
Salary/remuneration*		
Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal	71.54	71.54
Mr. RaghavKumar Agarwal	59.63	59.63
CS Shubham Jain	14.58	13.07
* Break-up of key managerial personnel remuneration		
Short-term employee benefits	145.75	144.24
Total	145.75	144.24
#As the liability for gratuity and leave encashment are provided on actuarial basis for the Company, as a whole, amounts accrued pertaining to key management personnel are not included above.		
Professional fees to relatives of key managerial personnel		
Mr. Raj Kumar Agarwal	-	9.60
Mr. Ashok Kumar Agarwal	9.60	19.20
Mr. Ravindra Agarwaal	19.20	19.20
Lease rent expense		
Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal	0.30	0.30
Consultancy fees to firm in which Director have substantial interest		
M/s Gupta Ritu & Co.	4.00	-
Reimbursement to related party		
Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal	1.79	1.70
CS Shubham Jain	0.20	0.10
Mr. Raj Kumar Agarwal	-	2.31
Mr. Ashok Kumar Agarwal	2.80	4.90

c) Balances outstanding with related parties at the year end

Nature of outstanding & name of related party	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Salary/remuneration payable		
Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal	2.99	2.91
Mr. RaghavKumar Agarwal	2.61	2.50
Professional fees payable		
Mr. Ashok Kumar Agarwal	-	10.08
Mr. Ravindra Agarwaal	18.72	18.72
Lease rentals payable		
Sanjay Mercantile Pvt. Ltd.	8.30	8.30
Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal	0.30	0.30

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

d) Balances recoverable from related parties at the year end

	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Balance recoverable		
Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal	-	1.10

Outstanding personal guarantee by Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal and Mr. RaghavKumar Agarwal (previous year: Mr. Kailash Kumar Agarwal and Mr. Raghav Kumar Agarwal) against various credit facilities availed by the Company and the balance of such facilities as at March 31, 2026 being ₹ 3,128.47 lacs (previous year: ₹ 3,198.48 lacs), sanctioned limit of such credit facilities: ₹ 3,856.00 lacs (previous year: ₹ 3,459.00 lacs).

e) The Group has not granted any loans or advances to any of its promoter, director, key managerial personal or any other related party.

f) The related party transactions were made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

37. FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

(i) Financial instruments by category

	March 31, 2026				March 31, 2025			
	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Total	FVTPL	FVTOCI	Amortised cost	Total
Financial assets								
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	1,013.83	1,013.83	-	-	1,094.60	1,094.60
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	10.07	10.07	-	-	11.10	11.10
Other bank balances	-	-	133.88	133.88	-	-	126.06	126.06
Other financial assets	-	-	182.32	182.32	-	-	217.28	217.28
Total financial assets	-	-	1,340.10	1,340.10	-	-	1,449.04	1,449.04
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	3,521.76	3,521.76	-	-	3,594.64	3,594.64
Lease liability	-	-	387.12	387.12	-	-	420.90	420.90
Trade payables	-	-	2,054.48	2,054.48	-	-	2,437.20	2,437.20
Other financial liabilities	-	-	261.83	261.83	-	-	270.85	270.85
Total financial liabilities	-	-	6,225.19	6,225.19	-	-	6,723.59	6,723.59

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

(ii) Fair value hierarchy

Financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost for which fair values are disclosed	March 31, 2026				March 31, 2025			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Investments	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other bank balances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial assets	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Lease liability	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Trade payables	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total financial liabilities	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Financial assets and financial liabilities measured at fair value in the consolidated statement of financial position are grouped into three levels of a fair value hierarchy. The three levels are defined based on the observability of significant inputs to the measurement, as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities;

Level 2: The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined using valuation techniques which maximise the use of observable market data and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates;

Level 3: Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

During the year, there were no transfers between level 1 and level 2, and no transfers into and out of level 3 fair value measurements.

The Company's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfer out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of reporting period.

The carrying amount of trade receivables, other financial assets, trade payables, other financial liabilities, borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

(iii) Fair value of financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost

	March 31, 2026		March 31, 2025	
	Carrying amount	Fair Value	Carrying amount	Fair Value
Financial assets				
Other financial assets				
Security deposits	150.46	150.46	150.33	150.33

The fair values for security deposits were calculated based on cash flows discounted using the current lending rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy due to the inclusion of unobservable inputs including counterparty credit risk.

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

38. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A. Capital risk management

The Company's objective when managing capital are to

- safeguard their ability to continue as a going concern, so they can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders, and
- maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital, in order to maintain capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares or sell assets to reduce debt.

The Management assesses the Group's capital requirements in order to maintain an efficient overall financing structure while avoiding excessive leverage. This takes into account the subordination levels of the Group's various classes of debt. The Group manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in the economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders, issue new shares, or sell assets to reduce debt.

During the year, the Group has complied with the externally imposed capital requirements to which it is subject.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of net debts to total equity on a periodic basis. The following table summarizes the capital of the Group:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Long term borrowings (including current maturities)	1,431.29	1,080.40
Short term borrowings	2,090.47	2,514.22
Total debt	3,521.76	3,594.62
Less: Cash and cash equivalent	10.07	11.10
Net debt	3,511.69	3,583.52
Equity share capital	392.20	392.20
Other equity	1,537.89	1,232.17
Total equity	1,930.09	1,624.37
Net debt to equity ratio	1.82	2.21

B. Financial risk management

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's principal financial liabilities comprise borrowings, lease liability, trade payables, employee related payables and other payables. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is to finance the Group's operations. The Group's principal financial assets include cash and cash equivalents, other bank balances, trade receivables, security deposits and export incentives receivable that derive directly from its operations.

The Group is exposed to market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's senior management oversees the management of these risks. The management is responsible for formulating an appropriate financial risk governance framework for the Group and for periodically reviewing the same. The senior management ensures that financial risks are identified, measured and managed in accordance with the Group's policies and risk objectives.

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

(I) Market risk :

Market risk is the risk of loss of future earnings, fair values or future cash flows that may result from a change in the price of a financial instrument. The value of a financial instrument may change as a result of changes in the interest rates, foreign currency exchange rates, equity prices and other market changes that affect market risk sensitive instruments. Market risk is attributable to all market risk sensitive financial instruments including investments and deposits, foreign currency receivables, payables and loans and borrowings.

The Group manages market risk through a treasury department, which evaluates and exercises independent control over the entire process of market risk management. The treasury department recommend risk management objectives and policies, which are approved by Senior Management and the Audit Committee. The activities of this department include management of cash resources, implementing hedging strategies for foreign currency exposures like foreign exchange forward contracts, borrowing strategies and ensuring compliance with market risk limits and policies.

(i) Interest rate risk

(a) Liabilities

The Group's policy is to minimise interest rate cash flow risk exposures on long-term financing. As at March 31, 2026, the Group is exposed to changes in market interest rates through bank borrowings at variable interest rates.

Interest rate risk exposure

Below is the overall exposure of the Group to interest rate risk:

Particulars	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Variable rate borrowings	3,125.06	3,194.50
Fixed rate borrowings*	396.71	400.13
Amount disclosed under borrowings	3,521.77	3,594.63

*For fixed rate borrowing, the management has assessed that their fair value is almost equivalent to their carrying amounts, largely due to the rate of interest of these instruments, which is approximately equal to market rate of interest for the Group and being entire loan taken from third party.

Sensitivity

Below is the sensitivity of profit or loss and equity changes in interest rates.

Particulars	March 31, 2026	March 31, 2025
Interest sensitivity*		
Interest rates – increase by 500 basis points	18.17	17.24
Interest rates – decrease by 500 basis points	(18.17)	(17.24)

* Holding all other variables constant

(b) Assets

The Group's fixed deposits are carried at fixed rate. Therefore not subject to interest rate risk as defined in Ind AS 107, since neither the carrying amount nor the future cash flows will fluctuate because of a change in market interest rates.

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

(ii) Foreign currency risk

The Group operates internationally and portion of the business is transacted in several currencies and consequently the Group is exposed to foreign exchange risk through its sales in overseas markets in various foreign currencies and through foreign currency loans. Foreign currency exchange rate exposure is balanced by hedging through forward contracts.

Particulars of unhedged foreign currency risk exposure expressed in INR at the reporting date

	As at March 31, 2026			As at March 31, 2025		
	Foreign Currency	Amount (foreign currency)	Amount (INR)	Foreign Currency	Amount (foreign currency)	Amount (INR)
Financial assets						
Trade receivables	USD	1.197 million	816.62	USD	1.718 million	671.92
	EURO	0.603 million	71.33	EURO	1.888 million	397.98
	GBP	0.051 million	51.44	GBP	-	-
Financial liabilities						
Trade payables	USD	0.009 million	7.88	USD	0.029 million	24.14
	EURO	0.002 million	1.37	EURO	0.002 million	1.10
	GBP	0.002 million	3.10	GBP	0.004 million	4.44

Sensitivity analysis

The sensitivity of profit or loss to changes in exchange rates arises mainly from foreign currency denominated financial instruments.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
USD sensitivity		
₹/USD- increase by 2% (previous year:- 8%)*	62.81	11.85
₹/USD- decrease by 2% (previous year:- 8%)*	(62.81)	(11.85)
EURO sensitivity		
₹/EURO- increase by 1% (previous year:- 6%)*	9.17	6.83
₹/EURO- decrease by 1% (previous year:- 6%)*	(9.17)	(6.83)
GBP sensitivity		
₹/GBP- increase by 4% (previous year:- 2%)*	4.89	(0.15)
₹/GBP- decrease by 4% (previous year:- 2%)*	(4.89)	0.15

* Holding all other variables constant

(II) Credit Risk:

Credit risk arises from the possibility that the counter party may not be able to settle their obligations as agreed. To manage this, the Group periodically assesses financial reliability of customers and other counter parties, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends, and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of financial assets. Individual risk limits are set and periodically reviewed on the basis of such information.

The Group considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in credit risk on an ongoing basis through each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Group compares the risk of default occurring on asset as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information such as:

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

- i) Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business,
- ii) Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty,
- iii) Financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparty's ability to meet its obligations,
- iv) Significant increase in credit risk on other financial instruments of the same counterparty,
- v) Significant changes in the value of the collateral supporting the obligation or in the quality of the third-party guarantees or credit enhancements.

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Group. Where loans or receivables have been written off, the Group continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due. Where recoveries are made, these are recognised as income in the consolidated statement of profit and loss. The Group measures the expected credit loss of trade receivables and loan from individual customers based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates. Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience and past trends. Based on the historical data, loss on collection of receivable is not material hence no additional provision considered.

The Group's maximum exposure to the credit risk at the reporting date is primarily from trade receivables which are typically unsecured. The credit limit of each customer is defined in accordance with the assessment. Outstanding customer receivables are regularly monitored by the management.

Detail of trade receivables that are past due is given below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Not due	39.70	222.37
0-180 days past due	969.62	870.13
More than 180 days past due	4.51	2.10
Total	1,013.83	1,094.60

The credit risk for cash and cash equivalents, bank deposits and loans is considered negligible, since the counterparties are reputable organisations with high quality external credit ratings.

Concentration of financial assets

Concentration of credit risk with respect to trade receivables are limited, due to the Company's consumer base being large and diverse. All trade receivable are reviewed and assessed for default on a quarterly basis.

The Company's exposure to credit risk for trade receivables is presented below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Export wholesale customers	937.72	1,070.00
Domestic wholesale customers	76.10	24.60
Total	1,013.83	1,094.60

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Liquidity Risk :

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities to meet obligations when due and to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the Group treasury maintains flexibility in funding by maintaining availability under committed credit lines. Management monitors rolling forecasts of the Group's liquidity position (comprising the undrawn borrowing facilities) and cash and cash equivalents on the basis of expected cash flows.

The table below summarises the maturity profile (remaining period of contractual maturity at the consolidated balance sheet date) of the Group's financial liabilities based on contractual undiscounted cash flows:

	Less than 1 year	1-7 year	Total
As at March 31, 2026			
Borrowings	2,451.00	1,286.20	3,737.20
Trade payables and other accruals	2,315.69	-	2,315.69
Lease liability	82.11	440.65	522.76
As at March 31, 2025			
Borrowings	2,790.94	1,000.22	3,791.16
Interest payable			-
Trade payables and other accruals	2,707.50	-	2,707.50
Lease liability	72.29	522.76	595.05

Undrawn borrowing facilities

The Group had access to the following undrawn borrowing facilities at the end of the reporting period:

	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Cash credit and other facilities	692.98	258.63

39. EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Employee benefit obligations	March 31, 2026			March 31, 2025		
	Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total
Gratuity	66.11	299.57	365.68	70.47	276.63	347.10
Compensated absences	35.86	81.90	117.76	33.04	60.85	93.89
Total employee benefit obligations	101.97	381.47	483.44	103.51	337.48	440.99

Contribution to provident fund

The Company makes contribution to statutory provident fund and employee's state insurance. These are post-employment benefits and are in nature of defined contribution plans. Contribution made by the Company during the year is ₹ 301.22 lacs (previous year: ₹ 261.14 lacs).

Gratuity

Holding Company

During the year, consequent to the implementation of the New Labour Codes effective from 21 November 2025, the Group reassessed its employee benefit obligations. The resultant increase in gratuity and leave benefit obligations has been treated as a plan amendment in accordance with Ind AS 19 – Employee Benefits and recognised as Past Service Cost in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss during the year. The impact recognised during the year amounts to ₹ 29.25 lakhs.

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

(a) Disclosure of gratuity

The amount recognised in the consolidated balance sheet and the movements in the net defined benefit obligation over the year are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Balance as at beginning of the year	347.10	295.43
Current service cost	59.31	55.25
Past Service Cost including curtailment Gains/Losses	13.23	-
Interest cost	24.26	21.33
Remeasurement- Actuarial (gains)/losses	(12.87)	10.42
Benefits paid	(65.36)	(35.33)
Balance as at end of the year	365.67	347.10

The amount recognised in the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss under employee benefit expense are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Current service cost	59.31	55.25
Past Service Cost including curtailment Gains/Losses	13.23	-
Interest cost	24.26	21.33
Total amount recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss	96.80	76.58

The amount recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income are as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Remeasurements of defined benefit liability		
Actuarial (gains) from change in financial assumptions	(4.40)	3.93
Actuarial (gains)/ losses arising from change in experience adjustments	(8.47)	6.49
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income	(12.87)	10.42

(b) Assumptions:

1. Economic assumptions

The principal assumptions are the discount rate and salary growth rate. The discount rate is based upon the market yields available on Government bonds at the accounting date relevant to currency of benefit payments for a term that matches the liabilities. Salary growth rate is Group's long term best estimate as to salary increases and takes into account inflation, seniority, promotion, business plan, HR policy and other relevant factors on long term basis as provided in relevant accounting standard.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Discount rate	7.22%	6.99%
Salary growth rate	3.00%	3.00%
Average remaining working life (years)	18.37	18.60

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

2. Demographic assumptions

Attrition rates are the Group's best estimate of employee turnover in future determined considering factors such as nature of business and industry, retention policy, demand and supply in employment market, standing of the Group, business plan, HR Policy as provided in the relevant accounting standard. Attrition rates used for valuation are given below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Retirement age	58	58
Withdrawal rate, based on age		
Upto 30 years	20.00%	20.00%
From 31 to 44 years	10.00%	10.00%
Above 44 years	5.00%	5.00%
Mortality rate	100% of IALM (2012-14)	100% of IALM (2012-14)

(c) Sensitivity analysis

Reasonably possible changes at the reporting date to one of the relevant actuarial assumptions, holding other assumptions constant, would have affected the defined benefit obligation by the amounts shown below.

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
i) Impact of the change in discount rate		
Present value of obligation at the end of the period	365.67	347.10
Impact due to increase of 0.50%	(9.40)	(8.65)
Impact due to decrease of 0.50%	9.94	9.15
ii) Impact of the change in salary increase		
Impact due to increase of 0.50%	9.94	9.47
Impact due to decrease of 0.50%	(9.47)	(9.02)

Sensitivities due to mortality and withdrawals are not material and hence impact of change due to these are not calculated. Sensitivities as rate of increase of pensions in payment, rate of increase of pensions before retirement and life expectancy are not applicable.

(d) The expected expense of the Group during the next year is ₹ 96.74 lacs (previous year: ₹ 85.18 lacs).

(e) The maturity analysis of the defined benefit obligation is as below:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Within next 1 year	66.11	70.47
Between 1 to 5 years	130.81	120.51
After 5 years	168.75	156.12
Total expected payments	365.67	347.10

(f) The weighted average duration of the defined benefit plan obligation at the end of the reporting period is 7.87 years (previous year: 7.74 years).

Subsidiary Company

The Subsidiary Company provides for gratuity for employees in India as per the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. Employees who are in continuous service for a period of 5 years are eligible for gratuity. The amount of gratuity payable on retirement/termination is the employee's last drawn basic salary per month computed proportionately for 15 days salary multiplied for the number of years of service. The gratuity plan is a unfunded plan. There were no employees in the Subsidiary Company during the period and hence, no expense has been incurred during the period.

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

40. OPERATING SEGMENTS

The business activity of the Group fall within the single primary business segment viz Textile (spinning). Hence there is no other reportable business segment as per Ind AS 108 "Operating segments". The segment assets, segment liabilities, segment cash flows and segment results are represented through financial statements only. The Company's Board of Directors uses additional analysis based on sales location which is presented below-

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Revenue from operations		
India	1,142.33	708.11
Japan	1,924.33	1,517.38
USA	1,081.33	1,139.47
Denmark	2,787.98	4,136.77
Netherlands	1,889.41	1,313.50
Others	3,585.75	3,244.96
	12,411.13	12,060.19
Revenue from major customers		
Revenue from customers (three) (previous year : three) who contribute 10% or more to the Group's revenue	6,601.16	6,965.26
Revenue from others	5,809.97	5,094.93
	12,411.13	12,060.19
Non - current assets		
Within India	3,701.14	4,084.26
	3,701.14	4,084.26

41. ASSETS PLEDGED AS SECURITY

The carrying amounts of asset pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Current		
Financial assets		
i) Trade receivables	1,013.83	1,094.60
ii) Cash and cash equivalent	10.07	11.11
iii) Bank balances other than (ii) above	133.88	126.06
iv) Other financial assets	45.23	83.74
Non-financial assets		
i) Inventories	3,411.73	3,036.66
ii) Other current assets	1,031.89	871.95
Total current assets pledged as security	5,646.63	5,224.12
Non-current		
Non-financial assets		
i) Property, plant and equipment	2,424.47	2,609.72
Total non-current assets pledged as security	2,424.47	2,609.72
Total assets pledged as security	8,071.10	7,833.84

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

42. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS AFTER THE REPORTING DATE

There were no significant adjusting events that occurred subsequent to the reporting period other than events disclosed in the relevant notes.

43. The figures of the corresponding previous year have been regrouped/reclassified wherever considered necessary to correspond to current year classification/disclosures.

44. COMPANY'S FOREIGN CURRENCY EXPOSURE:

	March 31, 2026		March 31, 2025	
	In foreign currency	In INR	In foreign currency	In INR
Unhedged				
Trade payables				
USD	0.009 million	7.88	0.029 million	24.14
EURO	0.002 million	1.37	0.002 million	1.10
GBP	0.002 million	3.10	0.004 million	4.44
Trade receivables				
USD	1.197 million	816.62	1.718 million	671.92
EURO	0.603 million	71.33	1.888 million	397.98
GBP	0.051 million	51.44	-	-

45. CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014, the Group has constituted a Corporate Social Responsibility ("CSR") Committee of the Board.

However, during the year ended 31st March, 2026, the provisions relating to Corporate Social Responsibility were not applicable to the Group, as the Group did not meet the applicable prescribed limits relating to net worth, turnover or net profit as specified under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, no amount was required to be spent towards CSR activities during the year.

46. LEASES

i) Lease liabilities are presented in the consolidated balance sheet as follows:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Current	46.69	33.78
Non-current	340.43	387.12
Total	387.12	420.90

The maturity analysis of lease liabilities are disclosed in note 38.

ii) The recognised right-of-use assets relate to corporate office as at March 31, 2026

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Right-of-use assets- corporate office		
Balance as at beginning of the year	375.05	429.33
Less: Amortisation expense charged on the right-of-use assets	(54.27)	(54.27)
Balance as at end of the year	320.78	375.05

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

iii) The following are amounts recognised in consolidated statement of profit and loss:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Amortisation expense of right-of-use assets	54.27	54.27
Interest expense on lease liabilities	38.51	41.27
Rent expense	65.96	75.19
Total	158.74	170.73

iv) Lease payments not recognised as a liability

Particulars	As at March 31, 2026	As at March 31, 2025
Expenses relating to short term leases (included in other expenses (refer note 30))	65.96	75.19
Total	65.96	75.19

v) Total cash outflow for leases for the year ended March 31, 2026 was ₹ 72.29 lacs (previous year: ₹ 71.40 lacs)

vi) The table below describes the nature of the Company's leasing activities by type of right-of-use asset recognised on consolidated balance sheet:

Right-of-use asset	No of right-of-use assets leased	Range of remaining term (in years)	Average remaining lease term (in years)
Corporate office	1	5.92	5.92

The group has a right to extend/terminate its leasing arrangements beyond the initial agreement/lock in period. For the assessment of lease term as per Ind AS 116, the management of the Group has considered the extension options and not considered the early termination options wherever available for its property leases in its lease period assessment since the Group is likely to be benefited from a longer lease tenure.

47. IND AS 115 - REVENUE FROM CONTRACTS WITH CUSTOMERS

Ind AS 115: Revenue from Contracts with Customers, establishes a framework for determining whether, how much and when revenue is recognised and requires disclosures about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues and cash flows arising from customer contracts. Under Ind AS 115, revenue is recognised through a 5-step approach:

- Identify the contract with customer;
- Identify separate performance obligations in the contract;
- Determine the transaction price;
- Allocate the transaction price to the performance obligations; and
- Recognise revenue when a performance obligation is satisfied.

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

(i) Disaggregation of revenue

The Group has performed a disaggregated analysis of revenues considering the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenues. This includes disclosure of revenues by geography.

Revenue from operations	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Revenue by geography		
Domestic	1,142.33	708.11
Export	11,268.80	11,352.08
Total	12,411.13	12,060.19

(ii) Revenue recognised in relation to contract liabilities

Ind AS 115 also requires disclosure of 'revenue recognised in the reporting period that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period' and 'revenue recognised in the reporting period from performance obligations satisfied (or partially satisfied) in previous periods. Same has been disclosed as below:

Description	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Revenue recognised in the reporting period that was included in the contract liability balance at the beginning of the period	228.29	405.50
Revenue recognised in the reporting period from performance obligations satisfied (or partially satisfied) in previous periods	-	-

(iii) Assets and liabilities related to contracts with customers

Revenue received in advance

Description	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Contract liabilities related to sale of goods		
Revenue received in advance	462.54	288.18
Total	462.54	288.18

(iv) Reconciliation of revenue recognised in Consolidated statement of profit and loss with contract price

Description	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Contract price	12,430.48	12,076.43
Less: Discount, rebates	(19.35)	(16.24)
Revenue from operations (excluding other operating revenue) as per Consolidated statement of profit and loss	12,411.13	12,060.19

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

(v) Significant changes in contract assets and liabilities

Revenue received in advance

Description	Year ended March 31, 2026	Year ended March 31, 2025
Opening balance	288.18	461.31
Add: Addition during the year	402.65	232.37
Less: Revenue recognised during the year from opening liability	(228.29)	(405.50)
Closing balance	462.54	288.18

48. GROUP INFORMATION

A Information about subsidiaries

The Holding Company's subsidiary at March 31, 2026 is set out below. Unless otherwise stated, the subsidiary has share capital consisting solely of equity shares that is held directly by the Holding Company and the proportion of ownership interests held equals the voting rights held by the Holding Company. The country of incorporation or registration is also its principal place of business.

Name of the entity	Principal activities	Country of incorporation	Ownership interest held by the Group	Ownership interest held by Non-controlling interest
			March 31, 2026	March 31, 2026
			%	%
HP MMF Textiles Limited	Manufacture all kinds of textiles, yarns, fabrics, garments and other related products	India	100.00%	-

B Additional information as required by Paragraph 2 of the General Instructions for Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements to Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013.

Name of the entity	Net assets i.e. total assets minus total liabilities		Share in profit or loss		Share in other comprehensive income		Share in total comprehensive income	
	As % of consolidated net assets*	Amount (INR)	As % of consolidated profit or loss*	Amount (INR)	As % of consolidated other comprehensive income*	Amount (INR)	As % of consolidated total comprehensive income	Amount (INR)
Holding Company								
H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited	100.57%	1,941.09	98.57%	292.19	100.00%	9.29	98.61%	301.48
Add :- Impairment Loss on Investment			1.71%	5.08			1.66%	5.08
Indian subsidiaries								
HP MMF Textiles Limited	-0.57%	-11.00	-0.28%	-0.84	0.00%	-	-0.27%	-0.84
Non-controlling interest in subsidiaries	0.00%	-	0.00%	-	-	-	-	-
Total	100.00%	1,930.09	100.00%	296.43	100.00%	9.29	100.00%	305.72

*The above amounts / percentage of net assets and net profit or (loss) in respect of H. P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited and its subsidiary are determined based on the amounts of the respective entities included in consolidated financial statements after inter-company eliminations / consolidation adjustments.

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

49. ADDITIONAL REGULATORY INFORMATION NOT DISCLOSED ELSEWHERE IN THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:

- The Group has complied with the number of layers of companies prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.
- The Group has not delayed in creation or satisfaction of charges with ROC beyond the statutory period.
- The Group has not traded or invested in crypto currency or virtual currency during the current or previous year.
- During the current year and previous year, the Group has not entered in any transaction with any struck off company and does not have investment in securities, receivable or payable from struck off companies. Further, shares of the Group are not held by any struck off company.
- No proceedings have been initiated on or are pending against the Group for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988 (45 of 1988) and Rules made thereunder.
- The Group is regular in disclosing income on timely basis and there is no undisclosed income assessed by tax officials.
- During the current and previous year, the Group is regular in complying with all the laws and regulations of Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, Companies Act, 2013 and Prevention of Money Laundering Act, 2002 as applicable.
- The Group is not a wilful defaulter. During the current and previous year, the Group had repaid all its dues on timely basis and has not defaulted any payment.
- The Group has utilised borrowed money for the same purpose for which is was actually sanctioned and has not diverted any fund from purpose as per sactioned terms.
- The quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed by the Group with banks are in agreement with the books of accounts except for the following:

Name of Bank	Working capital limit sanctioned	Quarter	Nature of current assets offered as security	Amount disclosed as per return (in Lakhs) (A)	Amount as per books of accounts (in Lakhs) (B)	Difference (in lakhs) (A-B)	Remarks/ reason, if any
State Bank of India	3,856.00	Quarter 1	Inventory and Trade Receivables	4,514.58	4,383.53	131.05	Under/over reporting of assets numbers in stock statement is on account of revaluation of foreign trade receivables on closing date as per requirements of Ind AS, reclassification entries and provisional valuation of WIP & Finished Goods inventory
		Quarter 2		4,863.04	4,648.74	214.30	
		Quarter 3		4,656.54	4,297.10	359.44	
		Quarter 4		4,808.39	4,425.56	382.83	

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026

(All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

- k. The Group has not advanced, loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall
- (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Group or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Group
- l. The Group has not received any funds from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Group shall
- (i) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company or
 - (ii) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Company
- m. Ratio Analysis

Ratio	Current period	Previous period	% Variance	Reason for variance (if more than 25%)
Liquidity ratio				
Current Ratio (times) (Current assets/Current liabilities)	1.02	0.86	18.60%	Refer Note 1
Solvency ratio				
Debt-Equity Ratio (times) (Total debt (long term + short term)/Shareholders equity)	1.82	2.21	(17.65%)	Refer Note 1
Debt Service Coverage Ratio (times) ((PAT+Non Cash operating Exp+Interest+other non-cash adjustment)/ Interest+lease payment+principal repayment)	1.35	1.76	(23.30%)	Refer Note 1
Profitability ratio				
Net Profit Ratio (%) (PAT/Revenue from operations)	2.25%	2.01%	11.94%	Refer Note 1
Return on Equity Ratio (%) ((PAT - preference dividend)/Average shareholders equity)	16.68%	17.14%	(2.68%)	Refer Note 1
Return on Capital employed (%) (Earning before interest & taxes/Tangible networth+total debt+deferred tax liabilities)	20.71%	21.41%	(3.27%)	Refer Note 1
Return on Investment (%) (Income generated from invested funds/Average Invested funds in treasury investments)	6.94%	7.06%	(1.70%)	Refer Note 1
Utilization ratio				
Trade Receivables turnover ratio (times) (Revenue from operations/Average accounts receivable)	12.47	14.87	(16.14%)	Refer Note 1
Inventory turnover ratio (times) (Cost of goods sold/Average inventory)	1.57	1.76	(10.80%)	Refer Note 1

Notes

to Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2026
 (All amounts in ₹ lacs, unless stated otherwise)

CIN: L18101HR1981PLC012274

Ratio	Current period	Previous period	% Variance	Reason for variance (if more than 25%)
Trade payables turnover ratio (times) (Net credit purchases/Average trade payables)	2.25	2.21	1.81%	Refer Note 1
Net capital turnover ratio (times) (Revenue from operations/Net Capital Employed)	4.11	5.31	(22.60%)	Refer Note 1

Note 1

There is no significant change (25% or more) in financial year 2025-26 in comparison to financial year 2024-25.

For **D.Kothary & Co**
 Chartered Accountants
 Firm Registration Number:- 105335W

**For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of
 H.P. Cotton Textile Mills Limited**

Nikhilesh Patni
 Partner
 Membership No.: 155641

Kailash Kumar Agarwal
 Chairman & Managing Director
 DIN: 00063470

RaghavKumar Agarwal
 Executive Director
 Chief Executive Officer &
 Chief Financial Officer
 DIN: 02836610

Shubham Jain
 Company Secretary
 Membership No. : ACS 49541

Place: Mumbai
 Date: 18 May 2026

Place: New Delhi
 Date: 18 May 2026



CORPORATE OFFICE

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