

Tel. : (91 832) 6714444 E-mail : gkbophthalmics@gkb.net

Website: www.gkb.net

August 16, 2025

Department of Corporate Services BSE Limited Phiroze Jeejubhoy Towers, Dalal Street Mumbai - 400 001

Dear Sir,

Ref: Scrip Code No.: 533212

Sub: Corrigendum to the Annual Report for the Financial Year 2024-2025.

Dear Sir/Madam,

This Corrigendum is being issued with reference to our letter dated July 28, 2025 with respect to the Annual Report for the Financial Year 2024-2025.

With reference to the captioned subject, we have identified an inadvertent error on page number 56 of the Annual Report with respect to the graph for "Share price performance in comparison to broad based indices – BSE Sensex". In view of the same we are submitting the updated Annual Report of the Company for F.Y. 2024-25 after incorporating the correction. It may be noted that the error is not a material error and it does not impact the financial statements in any manner. As soon as the error was noticed, necessary rectifications have been promptly executed.

The updated Annual Report shall also be available on the website of the Company at www.gkb.net

We request you to take note of the same.

Thanking you,

Yours faithfully,

For GKB Ophthalmics Ltd.,

Pooja Bicholkar Company Secretary





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22

43

140

142

145

187



#### BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

Mr. K. G. Gupta - Chairman and Managing Director

Mr. Vikram Gupta

Mr. Anil Palekar (till May 22, 2024)

Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri

Mrs. Shashi K. Katreddi (till March 31, 2025)

Mrs. Sandhya Ajit Kamat (appointed w.e.f. May 22, 2024)

Mr. Ninad G. Kamat (appointed w.e.f. June 01, 2024)

Mr. Cedric Lobo (appointed w.e.f. June 01, 2024)

#### CFO:

Mr. Gurudas Sawant

#### COMPANY SECRETARY:

Ms. Pooja Bicholkar

#### STATUTORY AUDITORS:

M/s. MSKA & Associates Chartered Accountants Panaii - Goa

#### SECRETARIAL AUDITOR:

CS. Girija Nagvekar, Practising Company Secretary Panaji - Goa

# INTERNAL AUDITOR:

RRK & Co., Chartered Accountants Ponda, Goa

#### BANKERS:

State Bank of India The Saraswat Co-op. Bank Ltd.

#### REGISTRAR AND SHARE TRANSFER AGENTS

MUFG Intime India Private Limited C 101, 247 Park, LBS Marg Vikhroli West, Mumbai - 400 083. Phone: + 91 022 49186000 Fax: + 91 002 49186060

Email: rnt.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufg.com

Web: www.in.mpms.mufq.com

#### REGISTERED OFFICE:

16-A, Tivim Industrial Estate Mapusa, Goa - 403 526 India.

CIN : L26109GA1981PLC000469

Tel No. : (0832) /6714444

Email : gkbophthalmics@gkb.net

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Directors' Report and Annexure thereon

Management Discussion and Analysis Report

AGM Date: August 21, 2025

Statement of Profit and Loss

Cash Flow Statement

Form AOC-1

AGM Mode: Video Conferencing (VC) / Other Audio

Visual Means (OAVM)

Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements

Statement of Information on Subsidiaries in

#### NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that the FORTY-THIRD ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED (CIN: L26109GA1981PLC000469) will be held on Thursday, August 21, 2025, at 11.00 A.M., IST, through Video Conference / Other Audio Visual Means, to transact the following business:

#### ORDINARY BUSINESS:

Adoption of Standalone Financial Statements.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

- " RESOLVED THAT the Audited Standalone Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, together with the Reports of the Directors and Auditors thereon be and are hereby considered, approved and adopted."
- Adoption of Consolidated Financial Statements.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

- " RESOLVED THAT the Audited Consolidated Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, together with the Report of the Auditors thereon be and are hereby considered, approved and adopted."
- Re- appointment of Mr. Cedric Lobo, (DIN:09124746), who retires by rotation and being eligible, offers himself for re-appointment.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act 2013, Mr. Cedric Lobo, (DIN: 09124746), who retires by rotation at this meeting and being eligible has offered himself for re-appointment, be and is hereby re-appointed as a Director of the Company, liable to retire by rotation."

# SPECIAL BUSINESS

 Revision in the limit of Material Related Party Transactions taken for Lensco- The Lens Company for F.Y. 2025-26.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT in modification to the resolution passed by the members on August 20, 2024 and pursuant to Regulation 23(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time, and the Company's policy on Related Party Transactions, and as per the approval of the Audit Committee and Board, the Members of the Company hereby approve the revision in the limit of the Material Related Party Transactions entered/ to be entered by the Company with its Subsidiary, Lensco-The Lens Company for the current financial year 2025-26, to the extent of the limits detailed in the table(s) forming part of the Explanatory Statement annexed to this Notice on such term(s) and condition(s) as the Board of Directors may deem fit

RESOLVED FURTHER THAT the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, things as it may be necessary in order to give effect to this resolution."

#### Approval of Material Related Party Transactions of the Company with its Related Parties for F.Y. 2026-27.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Regulation 23(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time, and the Company's policy on Related Party Transactions, and as per the approval of the Audit Committee and Board, the Members of the Company be and hereby approve the Material Related Party Transactions to be entered by the Company with Lensco- The Lens Company, GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited, Subsidiary Companies and GKB Vision Private Limited, Related Party for the next financial year 2026-27, to the extent of the limits detailed in the table(s) forming part of the Explanatory Statement annexed to this Notice on such term(s) and condition(s) as the Board of Directors may deem fit.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, things as it may be necessary in order to give effect to this resolution."

# Approval of Material Related Party Transactions of the Company's Subsidiaries with their related parties for F.Y. 2026-27.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to Regulation 23(4) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended from time to time, and the Company's policy on Related Party Transactions, , and as per the approval of the Audit Committee and Board, the Members of the Company be and hereby approve the Material Related Party Transactions to be entered by the Company's Subsidiaries, namely, GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE, Lensco – The Lens Company and Prescription Optical Products LLC with their related parties for the next financial year 2026-27, to the extent of the limits detailed in the table(s) forming part of the Explanatory Statement annexed to this Notice on such term(s) and condition(s) as the Board of Directors may deem fit.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors of the Company be and is hereby authorised to do all such acts, deeds, things as it may be necessary in order to give effect to this resolution."

# 7. To appoint Ms. Girija Nagvekar as Secretarial Auditor of the Company.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 and other applicable provisions, if any of the Companies Act, 2013, Regulation 24A of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and circulars issued thereunder from time to time and based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee and the Board of Directors, CS Girija G. Nagvekar, Practicing Company Secretary, (FCS: 10358, COP: 10335, Peer Review: 2001/2022) be and is hereby appointed as the Secretarial Auditor for the Company, to hold office for a term of five consecutive years, i.e. from financial year 2025-26 to financial year 2029-30, on such remuneration as may be mutually agreed between the Board of Directors of the Company and the Secretarial Auditor.

**RESOLVED FURTHER THAT** the Board of Directors be and is hereby authorised to do all acts, deeds, matters and things as may be deemed necessary and expedient to give effect to this resolution."

#### Approval for holding office or place of profit in Subsidiary Company by a related party.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as an Ordinary Resolution:



"RESOLVED THAT pursuant to the provisions of Section 188(1)(f) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 15(3)(b) of Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 and as per the approval of the Audit Committee and Board, the consent of the Members be and is hereby accorded for the payment of remuneration to Mr. Gaurav Gupta, Chief Executive Officer in the Subsidiary Company i.e. Lensco- The Lens Company, who is relative of Mr. K.G. Gupta, Chairman & Managing Director and Mr. Vikram Gupta, Non Executive Director of the Company (that is to hold an office or place of profit under the company), on a monthly remuneration of USD 7400 ( all inclusive), to be paid by the said subsidiary Company for the period starting from September 01, 2025 till August 31, 2026, to the extent of the limits detailed in the table(s) forming part of the Explanatory Statement annexed to this Notice on such term(s) and condition(s) as the Board of Directors may deem fit.

FURTHER RESOLVED THAT the Board Directors of the company be and is hereby authorized to do all such acts, deeds and things as may be necessary, in order to give effect to this resolution."

 To take fresh approval of the borrowing limit of the Company over and above the limit as prescribed under Section 180(1) (C) of the Companies Act, 2013.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT in supersession of the Special Resolution passed by the members of the Company at the 32nd Annual General Meeting of the Company held on September 06, 2014 and pursuant to the provisions of Section 180 (1)(c) and (2) of the Companies Act, 2013 and any other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force) and all other enabling provisions if any and the Articles of Association of the Company, the consent of the members be and is hereby accorded to the Board of Directors of the Company to borrow at any time or from time to time, any sum or sums of money (ies) which together with monies already borrowed by the Company (apart from temporary loans obtained or to be obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business), exceeding the aggregate of paid-up share capital of the company, its free reserves and securities premium, provided that the total amount to be borrowed by the Board shall not at any time exceed Rs. 50.00 Crores (Rupees Fifty Crores only).

 To create mortgages/ charges on the assets of the Company under Section 180(1) (a) of the Companies Act, 2013.

To consider and if thought fit, to pass the following resolution as a Special Resolution:

"RESOLVED THAT in supersession of the Special resolution passed by members of the Company at the 32nd Annual General Meeting held on September 06, 2014 and pursuant to the provisions of section 180(1)(a) and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 (including any statutory modification(s) or re-enactment thereof, for the time being in force) and all other enabling provisions if any, and the Articles of Association of the Company, the approval of the members be and is hereby accorded to create hypothecate/mortgage/pledge and/or charge on all or any immovable and movable properties of the Company, wheresoever situated, both present and future and the whole or part of the undertaking(s) of the Company of any nature and kind whatsoever and/or creating a floating charge in all or any immovable properties of the company, to or in favor of banks, financial institutions and any other lenders to secure the amount borrowed/ to be borrowed by the Company from time to time for the due payment of the principal monies together with the interest and other financial charges payable by the Company in respect of such borrowings, so that the total outstanding amount at any time so secured shall not exceed Rs. 50.00 crores( Rupees Fifty Crores only).

Registered Office : 16-A, Tivim Industrial Estate Mapusa - Goa, 403 526

Place: Mapusa-Goa Date: July 09, 2025 By order of the Board of Directors For GKB Ophthalmics Limited

> Pooja Bicholkar Company Secretary ACS 54716

#### NOTES:

In continuation to the Ministry of Corporate Affairs' (MCA) General Circular No. 20/ 2020 dated 05.05.2020, General Circular No. 02/ 2022 dated 05.05.2022 and General Circular No. 10/ 2022 dated 28.12.2022 and after due examination, MCA vide Circular No. 09/2024 dated September 19, 2024 has decided to allow companies whose AGMs are due in the Year 2024 or 2025, to conduct their AGMs through VC or OAVM on or before 30th September 2025 in accordance with the requirements laid down in Para 3 and Para 4 of the General Circular No. 20/2020 dated 05.05.2020.

Further, SEBI vide Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CFD-PoD-2/P/CIR/2024/133 dated October 03, 2024, has also provided the relaxation upto 30th September, 2025, from Regulation 36 (1) (b) of Listing Regulations, with respect to sending physical copies of financial statements (including Board's report, Auditor's report or other documents required to be attached therewith) to the shareholders. Accordingly, the Annual Report, including the Notice of AGM is being sent in electronic mode to Members whose e-mail address is registered with the Company or the Depository Participant(s) or the Registrar and Share Transfer Agent, MUFG Intime India Private Limited. Additionally, in accordance with Regulation 36(1)(b) of the Listing Regulations, the Company is also sending a letter to Members whose e-mail ids are not registered with Company/RTA/DP providing the weblink of Company's website from where the Annual Report for financial year 2024-25 can be accessed.

- The AGM of the Company is being held through VC/OAVM on Thursday, August 21, 2025 at 11.00 a.m. CDSL will be
  providing the facility for voting through remote e-voting, for participation in the AGM through VC/OAVM and e-voting
  during the AGM. The Members can join the AGM in the VC/OAVM mode 15 minutes before and after the scheduled time
  of the commencement of the Meeting by following the procedure mentioned in the Notice.
- 2. In terms of the MCA circulars, the facility for appointment of proxies by the members will not be available for this AGM. However, in pursuance of Section 112 and Section 113 of the Companies Act, 2013, representatives of the members such as the President of India or the Governor of a State or body corporate can attend the AGM through VC/OAVM and cast their votes through e-voting. Since appointment of proxies by the members will not be available, the proxy form, attendance slip and route map of AGM are not annexed to this notice.
- 3. Institutional Investors, who are Members of the Company, are encouraged to attend and vote at the 43<sup>rd</sup> AGM through VC/OAVM facility. Corporate Members intending to appoint their authorised representatives pursuant to Sections 112 and 113 of the Act, as the case maybe, to attend the AGM through VC/OAVM or to vote through remote e-Voting are requested to send a certified copy of the Board Resolution to the Company Secretary of the Company at investor.grievance@gkb.net.
- The Register of Members and Share Transfer Books of the Company will remain closed from Friday, August 15, 2025 to Thursday, August 21, 2025 (both days inclusive).
- Those Members whose e-mail ids are not registered can get their email ID registered as follows:
  - Members holding shares in demat form can get their email ID registered by contacting their respective Depository Participant.
  - Members holding shares in physical form can get their email ID registered by submitting a duly filled and signed
    Form ISR-1 along with self-attested copy of the PAN Card, and self-attested copy of any document as address
    proof (e.g. Driving License, Voter Identity Card, Passport, Aadhaar Card, etc.), to the Company's RTA, MUFG
    Intime India Private Ltd.
- The attendance of the Members attending the AGM through VC/OAVM will be counted for the purpose of reckoning the quorum under Section 103 of the Act.



# **GKB Ophthalmics Ltd.**

- 7. The Explanatory Statement pursuant to Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, relating to the Special Business to be transacted at the 43" Annual General Meeting, as required by the Listing Regulations and Secretarial Standard on General Meetings is annexed hereto herewith.
- 8. Members are also requested to note that, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) has mandated the submission of Permanent Account Number (PAN) details of every participant in securities market. Those holding shares in electronic form are requested to submit the PAN to their Depository Participants, with whom they are maintaining their dematerialised accounts. Whereas, members holding shares in physical form are requested to submit the PAN details to the Company's Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.
- The Notice of AGM along with Annual Report for the financial year 2024-25, is available on the website of the Company at <u>www.gkb.net</u>, on the website of Stock Exchange i.e. BSE Limited at <u>www.bseindia.com</u> and on the website of CDSL at <u>www.evotingindia.com</u>

As per Listing Regulations, physical copy of the Annual Report is required to be sent only to those Members who specifically request for the same. Accordingly, Members who wish to obtain a physical copy of the Annual Report for the financial year 2024-25, may write to the Company at <a href="mailto:investor.grievance@gkb.net">investor.grievance@gkb.net</a>, requesting for the same.

- Members desirous of obtaining any information concerning accounts and operations of the Company are requested to
  address their communications to <u>investor.grievance@gkb.net</u> at least seven days before the date of the AGM. The
  same will be suitably replied to by the Company.
- All the documents referred to in the accompanying Notice and Explanatory Statement, shall be available for inspection through electronic mode, by addressing the request to <a href="mailto:investor.grievance@gkb.net">investor.grievance@gkb.net</a>.
- The Company has not declared any dividend since 2010-11.
- 13. Re-appointment of the Director:

Details of Director seeking re-appointment at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting [Pursuant to Regulation 36(3) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 and in terms of Secretarial Standards on General Meetings (SS-2)]

Name of the Director/ Category	Mr. Cedric Lobo Executive Director – Non Independent		
	DIN: 09124746		
Date of Birth	16.06.1964		
Date of Appointment on the Board	01.06.2024		
Qualifications	B. Sc Chemistry		
Brief Resume	Post Graduate Diploma in Human Resources Mr. Cedric Lobo has been handling the Human Resource function in the Company for over last 30 years. He is also concerned with compliance of laws related to employment, labour, factories and the environment.		
Expertise	Human Resource Management and General Administration of a Listed Company.		
Terms and conditions of reappointment	Re-appointment as Director on retirement by rotation.		
Details of remuneration last drawn (FY2024-25)	Rs. 9.33 lakhs		
Details of remuneration sought to be paid	As approved by the shareholders of the Company		

Directorship held in other Listed companies	Nil
Membership/ Chairmanship of committees in GKB Ophthalmics Limited.	Audit Committee - Member Stakeholders' Relationship Committee - Member
Number of shares held in the Company	400
Number of Board meetings attended during F.Y. 2024-25	6
Relationship between Directors inter-se	None

<sup>\*</sup>Mr. Cedric Lobo is a Non Executive Director in GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited, a Subsidiary of the Company.

- 14. Members with physical share certificates are advised to consider opening a demat account with an authorised Depository Participant (DP) and arrange for dematerializing their shareholdings in the Company. Members may please note that effective April 1, 2019 transfer of shares are not permitted through physical mode pursuant to SEBI notification dated June 8, 2018. SEBI vide its notification dated 24th January 2022 has amended Regulation 40 of the SEBI (LODR) and has mandated that all requests for transfer of securities including transmission and transposition requests shall be processed only in dematerialised form. In view of the same and to eliminate all risks associated with physical shares and avail various benefits of dematerialization, Members are advised to dematerialize the shares held by them in physical form. Members can contact the Company or the Company's RTA, for assistance in this regard.
- 15. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 108 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 20 of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014 (as amended) and Regulation 44 of SEBI (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015 (as amended), the Company is providing facility of remote e-voting to its Members in respect of the business to be transacted at the AGM. The Company has engaged the services of Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) as the Agency to provide e-voting facility. The facility of casting votes by a member through e-voting facility on the date of the AGM will be provided by CDSL.
- 16. The Members whose names appear in the Register of Members as on August 14, 2025, i.e. the cut off date, are entitled to vote on the Resolutions set forth in this Notice. The voting rights of Members shall be in proportion to their share in the paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on the cut-off date. A person who is not a member as on the cut off date should treat this Notice of AGM for information purpose only.
- 17. Any person, who acquires shares of the Company and becomes its Member after the sending of Notice of the AGM and holds shares as on the cutoff date, i.e. August 14, 2025 or those shareholders whose email address are not registered with the depositories for obtaining login credentials for e-voting, may obtain the login ID and password by sending a request to rnt.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufg.com or www.evotingindia.com or investor.grievance@gkb.net . However, if he / she is already registered with NSDL/CDSL for remote e-voting then he / she can use his / her existing User ID and password for casting the vote.
- 18. The facility for e-voting shall also be available at the AGM. Members who have already cast their vote by remote e-voting prior to the AGM may attend the AGM but shall not be entitled to cast their vote at the AGM. Only those Members who attend the AGM and have not cast their votes through remote e-voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so will be allowed to vote through the e-voting facility available at the AGM. Once the vote on a resolution is cast by a Member, the Member shall not be allowed to change it subsequently or cast the vote again.

A member can opt for only one mode of voting i.e. either through remote e-voting or voting at AGM. If a member casts votes by both the modes, then voting done through remote e-voting shall prevail and the voting at AGM shall be treated as invalid.



# **GKB Ophthalmics Ltd.**

- The Board of Directors has appointed Mr. Shivaram Bhat, Practicing Company Secretary, (Membership No. A10454, C. P. No. 7853), as the Scrutinizer to scrutinize the remote e-voting and ensure that the voting process at the AGM is conducted in a fair and transparent manner.
- 20. The results of the remote e-voting and votes cast during the AGM shall be declared not later than 48 hours from the conclusion of the AGM. The Results declared along with the report of the Scrutinizer shall be placed on the website of the Company www.gkb.net , CDSL at www.evotingindia.com and the same shall also be forwarded to BSE Limited. Subject to the receipt of requisite number of votes, the Resolutions shall be deemed to be passed on the date of the Meeting i.e.21st August 2025.

# 21. THE INSTRUCTION OF SHAREHOLDERS FOR E-VOTING AND JOINING VIRTUAL MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- Step 1: Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.
- Step 2: Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.
- The voting period begins on August 18, 2025 at 9.00 A.M. and ends on August 20, 2025 at 5.00 P.M. During this
  period shareholders' of the Company, holding shares either in physical form or in dematerialized form, as on the
  cut-off date (record date) of August 14, 2025 may cast their vote electronically. The e-voting module shall be
  disabled by CDSL for voting thereafter.
- Shareholders who have already voted prior to the meeting date would not be entitled to vote at the meeting venue.
- Pursuant to SEBI Circular No. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated 09.12.2020, under Regulation 44 of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, listed entities are required to provide remote e-voting facility to its shareholders, in respect of all shareholders' resolutions. However, it has been observed that the participation by the public noninstitutional shareholders/retail shareholders is at a negligible level.

Currently, there are multiple e-voting service providers (ESPs) providing e-voting facility to listed entities in India. This necessitates registration on various ESPs and maintenance of multiple user IDs and passwords by the shareholders.

In order to increase the efficiency of the voting process, pursuant to a public consultation, it has been decided to enable e-voting to all the demat account holders, by way of a single login credential, through their demat accounts/ websites of Depositories/ Depository Participants. Demat account holders would be able to cast their vote without having to register again with the ESPs, thereby, not only facilitating seamless authentication but also enhancing ease and convenience of participating in e-voting process.



# Step 1: Access through Depositories CDSL/NSDL e-Voting system in case of individual shareholders holding shares in demat mode.

iv. In terms of SEBI circular no. SEBI/HO/CFD/CMD/CIR/P/2020/242 dated December 9, 2020 on e-Voting facility provided by Listed Companies, Individual shareholders holding securities in demat mode are allowed to vote through their demat account maintained with Depositories and Depository Participants. Shareholders are advised to update their mobile number and email Id in their demat accounts in order to access e-Voting facility.

Pursuant to above said SEBI Circular, Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Individual shareholders holding securities in Demat mode CDSL/NSDL is given below:

Type of shareholders	Login Method		
Individual Shareholders holding securities in Demat mode with CDSL Depository	<ol> <li>Users who have opted for CDSL Easi / Easiest facility, can login through their existing user id and password. Option will be made available to reach e-Voting page without any further authentication. The users to login to Easi / Easiest are requested to visit cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login icon &amp; Myeasi New (Token)Tab.</li> <li>After successful login the Easi / Easiest user will be able to see the e Voting option for eligible companies where the evoting is in progress as per the information provided by company. On clicking the evoting option the user will be able to see e-Voting page of the e-Voting service provide for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting. Additionally, there is also links provided to access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers, so that the user can visit the e-Voting service providers' website directly.</li> <li>If the user is not registered for Easi/Easiest, option to register is available at cdsl website www.cdslindia.com and click on login &amp; Myeasi New (Token)Tab and then click on registration option.</li> <li>Alternatively, the user can directly access e-Voting page by providing Demat Account Number and PAN No. from a e-Voting link available or www.cdslindia.com home page. The system will authenticate the user by sending OTP on registered Mobile &amp; Email as recorded in the Dema Account. After successful authentication, user will be able to see the e Voting option where the evoting is in progress and also able to directly access the system of all e-Voting Service Providers.</li> </ol>		
Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode with NSDL Depository	<ol> <li>If you are already registered for NSDL IDeAS facility, please visit the e Services website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://eservices.nsdi.com either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Services is launched, click on the "Beneficial Owner" icon under "Login" which is available under 'IDeAS section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID and Password. After successful authentication, you will be able to see e-Voting services. Click on "Access to e-Voting" under e-Voting services and you will be able to see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting &amp; voting during the meeting.</li> <li>If the user is not registered for IDeAS e-Services, option to register is available at https://eservices.nsdl.com. Select "Register Online fo IDeAS "Portal or click at https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/Ideas DirectReg.jsp</li> </ol>		



	3) Visit the e-Voting website of NSDL. Open web browser by typing the following URL: https://www.evoting.nsdl.com/ either on a Personal Computer or on a mobile. Once the home page of e-Voting system is launched, click on the icon "Login" which is available under 'Shareholder/Member' section. A new screen will open. You will have to enter your User ID (i.e. your sixteen digit demat account number hold with NSDL), Password/OTP and a Verification Code as shown on the screen. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting 4) For OTP based login you can click on <a href="https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/evoting/evotinglogin.jsp">https://eservices.nsdl.com/SecureWeb/evoting/evotinglogin.jsp</a> . You will have to enter your 8-digit DP ID,8-digit Client Id, PAN No., Verification code and generate OTP. Enter the OTP received on registered email id/mobile number and click on login. After successful authentication, you will be redirected to NSDL Depository site wherein you can see e-Voting page. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider name and you will be re-directed to e-Voting service provider of poining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.		
Individual Shareholders (holding securities in demat mode) login through their Depository Participants (DP)	You can also login using the login credentials of your demat account through your Depository Participant registered with NSDL/CDSL for e-Voting facility. After Successful login, you will be able to see e-Voting option. Once you click on e-Voting option, you will be redirected to NSDL/CDSL Depository site after successful authentication, wherein you can see e-Voting feature. Click on company name or e-Voting service provider name and you will be redirected to e-Voting service provider website for casting your vote during the remote e-Voting period or joining virtual meeting & voting during the meeting.		

Important note: Members who are unable to retrieve User ID/ Password are advised to use Forget User ID and Forget Password option available at abovementioned website.

Helpdesk for Individual Shareholders holding securities in demat mode for any technical issues related to login through Depository i.e. CDSL and NSDL

Login type	Helpdesk Details
	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact CDSL helpdesk by sending a request at helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 21 09 911
holding securities in	Members facing any technical issue in login can contact NSDL helpdesk by sending a request at evoting@nsdl.co.in or call at : 022-4886 7000 and 022-2499 7000



# Step 2 : Access through CDSL e-Voting system in case of shareholders holding shares in physical mode and non-individual shareholders in demat mode.

- Login method for e-Voting and joining virtual meetings for Physical shareholders and shareholders other than individual holding in Demat form.
  - 1) The shareholders should log on to the e-voting website www.evotingindia.com.
  - Click on "Shareholders" module.
  - Now enter your User ID
    - For CDSL: 16 digits beneficiary ID,
    - b. For NSDL: 8 Character DP ID followed by 8 Digits Client ID,
    - Shareholders holding shares in Physical Form should enter Folio Number registered with the Company.
  - Next enter the Image Verification as displayed and Click on Login.
  - If you are holding shares in demat form and had logged on to <u>www.evotingindia.com</u> and voted on an earlier e-voting of any company, then your existing password is to be used.
  - 6) If you are a first-time user follow the steps given below:

	For Physical shareholders and other than individual shareholders holding shares in Demat.
PAN	<ul> <li>Enter your 10 digit alpha-numeric *PAN issued by Income Tax Department (Applicable for both demat shareholders as well as physical shareholders)</li> <li>Shareholders who have not updated their PAN with the Company/Depository Participant are requested to use the sequence number sent by Company/RTA or contact Company/RTA.</li> </ul>
Dividend Bank Details <b>OR</b> Date of Birth (DOB)	Enter the Dividend Bank Details or Date of Birth (in dd/mm/yyyy format) as recorded in your demat account or in the company records in order to login.  If both the details are not recorded with the depository or company, please enter the member id / folio number in the Dividend Bank details field.

- vi. After entering these details appropriately, click on "SUBMIT" tab.
- vii. Shareholders holding shares in physical form will then directly reach the Company selection screen. However, shareholders holding shares in demat form will now reach 'Password Creation' menu wherein they are required to mandatorily enter their login password in the new password field. Kindly note that this password is to be also used by the demat holders for voting for resolutions of any other company on which they are eligible to vote, provided that company opts for e-voting through CDSL platform. It is strongly recommended not to share your password with any other person and take utmost care to keep your password confidential.
- For shareholders holding shares in physical form, the details can be used only for e-voting on the resolutions contained in this Notice.



# **GKB Ophthalmics Ltd.**

- ix. Click on the EVSN for the relevant < GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED > on which you choose to vote.
- x. On the voting page, you will see "RESOLUTION DESCRIPTION" and against the same the option "YES/NO" for voting. Select the option YES or NO as desired. The option YES implies that you assent to the Resolution and option NO implies that you dissent to the Resolution.
- xi. Click on the "RESOLUTIONS FILE LINK" if you wish to view the entire Resolution details.
- xii. After selecting the resolution, you have decided to vote on, click on "SUBMIT". A confirmation box will be displayed. If you wish to confirm your vote, click on "OK", else to change your vote, click on "CANCEL" and accordingly modify your vote.
- xiii. Once you "CONFIRM" your vote on the resolution, you will not be allowed to modify your vote.
- xiv. You can also take a print of the votes cast by clicking on "Click here to print" option on the Voting page.
- xv. If a demat account holder has forgotten the login password then Enter the User ID and the image verification code and click on Forgot Password & enter the details as prompted by the system.
- xvi. There is also an optional provision to upload BR/POA if any uploaded, which will be made available to scrutinizer for verification.

#### xvii. Additional Facility for Non - Individual Shareholders and Custodians - For Remote Voting only.

- Non-Individual shareholders (i.e. other than Individuals, HUF, NRI etc.) and Custodians are required to log on to www.evotingindia.com and register themselves in the "Corporates" module.
- A scanned copy of the Registration Form bearing the stamp and sign of the entity should be emailed to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com.
- After receiving the login details a Compliance User should be created using the admin login and password.
   The Compliance User would be able to link the account(s) for which they wish to vote on.
- The list of accounts linked in the login will be mapped automatically & can be delink in case of any wrong mapping.
- It is Mandatory that, a scanned copy of the Board Resolution and Power of Attorney (POA) which they have issued in favour of the Custodian, if any, should be uploaded in PDF format in the system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.
- Alternatively Non Individual shareholders are required mandatory to send the relevant Board Resolution/ Authority letter etc. together with attested specimen signature of the duly authorized signatory who are authorized to vote, to the Scrutinizer and to the Company at the email address viz; investor.grievance@gkb.net if they have voted from individual tab & not uploaded same in the CDSL evoting system for the scrutinizer to verify the same.

# INSTRUCTIONS FOR SHAREHOLDERS ATTENDING THE AGM THROUGH VC/OAVM & E-VOTING DURING MEETING ARE AS UNDER:

- The procedure for attending meeting & e-Voting on the day of the AGM is same as the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
- The link for VC/OAVM to attend meeting will be available where the EVSN of Company will be displayed after successful login as per the instructions mentioned above for e-voting.
- Shareholders who have voted through Remote e-Voting will be eligible to attend the meeting. However, they will
  not be eligible to vote at the AGM.
- Shareholders are encouraged to join the Meeting through Laptops / IPads for better experience.
- Further shareholders will be required to allow Camera and use Internet with a good speed to avoid any disturbance during the meeting.
- Please note that Participants Connecting from Mobile Devices or Tablets or through Laptop connecting via Mobile Hotspot may experience Audio/Video loss due to Fluctuation in their respective network. It is therefore recommended to use Stable Wi-Fi or LAN Connection to mitigate any kind of aforesaid glitches.
- 7. Shareholders who would like to express their views/ask questions during the meeting may register themselves as a speaker by sending their request in advance atleast \_\_5\_ days prior to meeting i.e., till 5:00 p.m. IST on Saturday, August 16, 2025 mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at investor.grievance@gkb.net. Questions/queries received by the Company till 5:00 p.m. IST on Saturday, August 16, 2025 shall only be considered and responded to during the AGM.

The shareholders who do not wish to speak during the AGM but have queries may send their queries in advance\_\_5\_ days prior to meeting mentioning their name, demat account number/folio number, email id, mobile number at investor.grievance@gkb.net. These queries will be replied to by the company suitably by email.

- Those shareholders who have registered themselves as a speaker will only be allowed to express their views/ask questions during the meeting.
- Only those shareholders, who are present in the AGM through VC/OAVM facility and have not cast their vote on the Resolutions through remote e-Voting and are otherwise not barred from doing so, shall be eligible to vote through e-Voting system available during the AGM.

If any Votes are cast by the shareholders through the e-voting available during the AGM and if the same shareholders have not participated in the meeting through VC/OAVM facility, then the votes cast by such shareholders may be considered invalid as the facility of e-voting during the meeting is available only to the shareholders attending the meeting.

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# PROCESS FOR THOSE SHAREHOLDERS WHOSE EMAIL/MOBILE NO. ARE NOT REGISTERED WITH THE COMPANY/DEPOSITORIES.

- For Physical shareholders- please provide necessary details like Folio No., Name of shareholder, scanned copy of the share certificate (front and back), PAN (self attested scanned copy of PAN card), AADHAR (self attested scanned copy of Aadhar Card) by email to Company/RTA email id.
- For Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository Participant (DP)
- For Individual Demat shareholders Please update your email id & mobile no. with your respective Depository
  Participant (DP) which is mandatory while e-Voting & joining virtual meetings through Depository.

If you have any queries or issues regarding attending AGM & e-Voting from the CDSL e-Voting System, you can write an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or contact at toll free no. 1800 2109911

All grievances connected with the facility for voting by electronic means may be addressed to Mr. Rakesh Dalvi, Sr. Manager, (CDSL) Central Depository Services (India) Limited, A Wing, 25th Floor, Marathon Futurex, Mafatial Mill Compounds, N M Joshi Marg, Lower Parel (East), Mumbai - 400013 or send an email to helpdesk.evoting@cdslindia.com or call toll free no. 1800 2109911.

# EXPLANATORY STATEMENT PURSUANT TO SECTION 102 OF THE COMPANIES ACT, 2013

The following is the Explanatory Statement as required by Section 102 of the Companies Act, 2013, setting out all material facts relating to Special Business, mentioned in the accompanying Notice:

#### Item No. 4:

Pursuant to Regulation 23 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the material related party transactions shall require prior approval of the shareholders. A transaction with a related party shall be considered material, if the transaction(s) to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds rupees one thousand crores or ten per cent of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity, whichever is lower.

The Company in its Annual General Meeting held on August 20, 2024, had obtained the prior approval of the shareholders for the material RPTs to be entered between the Company and its Subsidiary, Lensco- The Lens Company for the Financial year 2025-26 amounting to Rs. 9.00 Crores. However, considering the growing demand for ophthalmic lenses by Lensco- The Lens Company which is catering to the US markets, it has been decided to revise the limit of the omnibus approval taken to Rs. 12.00 Crores for FY 2025-26 subject to the approval of the shareholders as the transaction crosses the materiality limit.

Hence, it is proposed to seek approval of the shareholders for the revision in limit of the transactions entered/to be entered between the Company and its Subsidiary, Lensco-The Lens Company as approved by Audit Committee and Board, for the financial year 2025-26, as detailed below:

1.	Name of the Related Party	Lensco – The Lens Company
2.	Nature of Relationship	Subsidiary
3.	Nature, type and material terms and particulars of Transaction	Transactions include buying and selling of ophthalmic lenses in all forms both glass as well as plastic and glass moulds used in the manufacture of plastic lenses and availing or rendering of any service and such other transaction in the normal course of business.
4.	Value of proposed transaction	Rs. 12.00 Crores
5.	Tenure of proposed transaction	F.Y. 2025-26

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6.	Any advance paid or received	Advances received from time to time are duly recorded in the books of account
7.	% of listed entity's annual consolidated turnover for immediately preceding F.Y. that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction	13.59%
8.	The manner of determining the pricing and other commercial terms	All proposed transactions would be carried out as part of the business requirement of the Company and are ensured to be on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. Further, the Company is also subjected to transfer pricing norms prevalent in the country.
9.	Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	These transactions are done for the overall growth of the business of the Company
<ol> <li>Percentage of the counter-party's annual consolidated turnover that is represented by the value of the proposed RPT on a voluntary basis;</li> </ol>		13.59%
11.	Name of the Director or KMP who is related	None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are interested or concerned in the said Resolution except for their holdings in the shares of the Company, if any, and to the extent of their Memberships and/or Directorships in the Company, Subsidiaries, Associate Companies and Related Parties, if any.

In view of above, the Board of Directors recommend passing the resolution set out at Item No. 4, of the Notice, for approval of the shareholders as an Ordinary Resolution.

### Item No. 5:

SEBI vide its notification dated November 09, 2021 through SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Sixth Amendments) Regulation, 2021, has amended the provision of Regulation 2(zc) of the Listing Regulations, wherein prior approval of shareholders shall be taken for all material Related Party transactions (RPTs) of the Company with its Subsidiaries, Associates and Related parties.

Pursuant to Regulation 23 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a transaction with a related party should be considered material, if the transaction(s) to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds rupees one thousand crores or ten per cent of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity, whichever is lower.

The Company in its Annual General Meeting held on August 20, 2024, had obtained the prior approval of the shareholders for all material RPTs to be entered for the Financial year 2025-26. Hence, it is now proposed to seek approval of the shareholders for the material RPTs for the next financial year 2026-27.

A detailed list of Material Related Party Transactions to be entered into between the Company and its Related parties as approved by Audit Committee and Board, for the next financial year 2026-27, is being placed before the shareholders for their approval by way of Ordinary Resolution.



The particulars of transactions to be entered between the Company and its Related parties to the extent of the limits detailed in the table below: -

1.	Name of the Related Party	GKB Vision Private Limited	Lensco-The Lens Company	GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited
2.	Nature of Relationship	Related Party	ed Party Subsidiary	
3.	Nature, type and material terms and particulars of Transaction	Transactions include buying and selling of ophthalmic lenses in all forms both glass as well as plastic and glass moulds used in the manufacture of plastic lenses and availing or rendering of any service and such other transaction in the normal course of business.		Sale, purchase or supply of goods or materials, selling or otherwise disposing of or buying property or machinery of any kind, leasing of property of any kind, availing or rendering of any service and such other transaction in the normal course of business.
4,	Value of proposed transaction	Rs. 27.00 Crores	Rs. 15.00 Crores	Rs. 10.00 crores
5.	Tenure of proposed transaction	F.Y. 2026-27	F.Y. 2026-27	F.Y. 2026-27
6.	Any advance paid or received	Advances received from	m time to time are duly recorded in the	e books of account
7.	% of listed entity's annual consolidated turnover for immediately preceding F.Y. that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction	30.59%	16.99%	11.33%
8,	The manner of determining the pricing and other commercial terms	All proposed transactions would be carried out as part of the business requirement of the Company and are ensured to be on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. Further, the Company is also subjected to transfer pricing norms prevalent in the country.		
9.	Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	These transactions are done for the overall growth of the business of the Company		
10.	Percentage of the counter-party's annual consolidated turnover that is represented by the value of the proposed RPT on a voluntary basis;	20.71%	16.99%	11.33%
11.	Name of the Director or KMP who is related	None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives are interested or concerned in the said Resolution except for their holdings in the shares of the Company, if any, and to the extent of their Memberships and/or Directorships in the Company, Subsidiaries, Associate Companies and Related Parties, if any.		

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In view of above, the Board of Directors recommend passing the resolution set out at Item No. 5, of the Notice, for approval of the shareholders as an Ordinary Resolution.

#### Item No. 6

SEBI vide its notification dated November 09, 2021 through SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Sixth Amendments) Regulation, 2021, has amended the provision of Regulation 2(zc) of the Listing Regulations, wherein prior approval of shareholders shall be taken for all material Related Party transactions (RPTs) of the Company with its Subsidiaries, Associates and Related parties and also for the material RPT transactions by Company's Subsidiaries with their Related parties.

Pursuant to Regulation 23 of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, a transaction with a related party shall be considered material, if the transaction(s) to be entered into individually or taken together with previous transactions during a financial year, exceeds rupees one thousand crores or ten per cent of the annual consolidated turnover of the listed entity as per the last audited financial statements of the listed entity, whichever is lower.

The Company in its Annual General Meeting held on August 20, 2024, had obtained the prior approval of the shareholders for all material RPTs to be entered by the Company's Subsidiaries with their related parties during the Financial year 2025-26. Hence, it is now proposed to seek approval of the shareholders for the below mentioned related party transactions for the next financial year 2026-27.

A detailed list of Material Related Party Transactions to be entered into between the Company's Subsidiaries namely, GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE, Lensco – The Lens Company and Prescription Optical Products L.L.C, with their related parties, as approved by Audit Committee and Board, for the next financial year 2026-27, is being placed before the shareholders for approval by way of Ordinary Resolution.

The particulars of transactions to be entered between the Company's Subsidiaries with their Related parties to the extent of the limits detailed in the table below: -

# i) GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE, Sharjah, U.A.E. - Wholly Owned Subsidiary and its related parties:

1.	Name of the Related Party	GKB Vision Private Limited	Lensco – The Lens Company	GKB Vision FZC	Prescription Optical Products L.L.C
2.	Nature of Relationship	Related Party	Subsidiary Company	Associate Company	Subsidiary Company
3.	Nature, type and material terms and particulars of Transaction	all forms both glass the manufacture of	e buying and selling of as well as plastic and plastic lenses, availing ther transactions in t	glass moulds used in or rendering of any	Transactions include buying and selling of ophthalmic lenses, spectacles and contact lenses, availing or rendering of any service and such other transactions in the normal course of business.
4.	Value of proposed transaction	Rs. 17.00 Crores	Rs. 10.00 Crores	Rs.28.00 Crores	9.00 Crores
5.	Tenure of proposed transaction	F.Y. 2026-27	F.Y. 2026-27	F.Y. 2026-27	F.Y. 2026-27



6.	Percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover for the immediately preceding financial year that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction	19.26%	11.33%	31.72%	10.19%	
7.	Percentage of the listed entity's subsidiary - annual standalone turnover for the immediately preceding financial year that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction	42.20%	24.82%	69.51%	22.34%	
8.	The manner of determining the pricing and other commercial terms	All proposed transactions would be carried out as part of the business requirement of the Company and are ensured to be on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. Further, the Company is also subjected to transfer pricing norms prevalent in the country.				
9.	Any advance paid or received	Advances receiv	ved from time to time a	re duly recorded in the	books of account	
10.	Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	These transactions are done for the overall growth of the business of the Company				
11.	Percentage of the counter-party's annual consolidated turnover that is represented by the value of the proposed RPT on a voluntary basis;	19.26%	11.33%	31.72%	10.19%	
12.	Name of the Director or KMP who is related	None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives is interested or concerned in the said Resolution except for their holdings in the shares of the Company, if any, and to the extent of their Memberships and/or Directorships in the Subsidiaries, Associate Companies and Related Parties, if any.				

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# ii) Lensco-The Lens Company, N.J., USA-Subsidiary with its Related Party:

1.	Name of the Related Party	GKB Vision Private Limited
2.	Nature of Relationship	Related Party
3.	Nature, type and material terms and particulars of Transaction	Transactions include buying and selling of ophthalmic lenses in all forms both glass as well as plastic and glass moulds used in the manufacture of plastic lenses and availing or rendering of any service and such other transaction in the normal course of business.
4.	Value of proposed transaction	Rs. 16.00 Crores
5.	Tenure of proposed transaction	F.Y. 2026-27
6.	Percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover for the immediately preceding financial year that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction	18.13%
7.	Percentage of the listed entity's subsidiary -annual standalone turnover for the immediately preceding financial year that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction	85.37%
8.	The manner of determining the pricing and other commercial terms	All proposed transactions would be carried out as part of the business requirement of the Company and are ensured to be on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. Further, the Company is also subjected to transfer pricing norms prevalent in the country.
9.	Any advance paid or received.	Advances received from time to time are duly recorded in the books of account.
10.	Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity.	These transactions are done for the overall growth of the business of the Company.
11.	Percentage of the counter-party's annual consolidated turnover that is represented by the value of the proposed RPT on a voluntary basis;	18.13%
12.	Name of the Director or KMP who is related.	None of the Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives is interested or concerned in the said Resolution except for their holdings in the shares of the Company, if any, and to the extent of their Memberships and/or Directorships in the Company, Subsidiaries, Associate Companies and Related Parties, if any.

Note: \*The transaction of the Company's Subsidiary Lensco- The Lens Company with its Related Party, i.e. GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE, Sharjah, has been already covered and detailed in table no. 6(i)

#### iii) Prescription Optical Products L.L.C, Dubai - Subsidiary with its related party:

\*The transaction of the Company's Subsidiary Prescription Optical Products L.L.C with its Related Party, i.e. GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE, Sharjah has been already covered and detailed in table no. 6 (i).

In view of above, the Board of Directors recommend passing the resolution set out at Item No.6, of the Notice, for approval of the Shareholders as an Ordinary Resolution.

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#### Item no. 7

In terms of provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Board, at its meeting held on May 30, 2024 had appointed CS Girija Nagvekar, Practicing Company Secretary, (FCS: 10358, COP: 10335, Peer Review: 2001/2022) as Secretarial Auditor of the Company for F.Y. 2024-25.

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Third Amendment) Regulations, 2024 has introduced new eligibility, qualification, and disqualification criteria for Secretarial Auditors and on the basis of recommendation of board of directors, a listed entity shall appoint or re-appoint:

- (i) an individual as Secretarial Auditor for not more than one term of five consecutive years; or
- (ii) a Secretarial Audit firm as Secretarial Auditor for not more than two terms of five consecutive years, with the approval of its shareholders in its Annual General Meeting.

Pursuant to regulation 24A(2) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements ) Regulations 2015, every listed Company has to appoint a secretarial auditor for a period of one term of 5 year and such appointment of secretarial auditor shall be done in the annual general meeting. The tenure of any individual or firm associated with the company prior to 31st March 2025 would not be considered in this calculation.

After evaluating the technical skills and expertise, the Audit Committee and Board of Directors have recommended the appointment of CS Girija G. Nagvekar, Practising Company Secretary as the Secretarial Auditor of the Company. CS Girija G. Nagvekar, Practising Company Secretary has extensive experience of over 13 years in the field of Corporate Secretarial, Securities Laws and FEMA and Peer Reviewed and Quality Reviewed by the Institute of Company Secretaries of India.

Based on the recommendation of the Audit Committee, the Board of Directors has considered, approved and recommended to the Members of the Company, the appointment of CS Girija G. Nagvekar, Practicing Company Secretary, (FCS: 10358, COP: 10335, Peer Review: 2001/2022) as Secretarial Auditors of the Company. The proposed appointment is for a term of 5 (five) consecutive years from financial year 2025-26 to financial year 2029-30 on payment of such remuneration as may be mutually agreed upon between the Board of Directors and the Secretarial Auditor, from time to time.

In view of above, the Board of Directors recommend passing the resolution set out at Item No.7, of the Notice, for approval of the Shareholders as an Ordinary Resolution.

### Item no. 8

The shareholders of the Company in its Meeting held on August 20, 2024, had approved a remuneration of USD 6400 per month to be paid by the Subsidiary, Lensco- The Lens Company (Lensco) to its CEO, Mr. Gaurav Gupta, son of Mr. K.G. Gupta, Managing Director of the Company, taking into consideration his increased involvement in the day to day business operations of the Company.

Under the leadership of Mr. Gaurav Gupta the sales of Lensco has grown from USD 319,381 in the month of April 2024 to USD 514,696 in the month of April 2025. In view of its performance, Lensco has proposed to increase the remuneration to be paid to Mr. Gaurav Gupta from USD 6400 p.m. to USD 7400 p.m. subject to the approval of the Board and members of the Holding Company.

The Audit Committee and Board members in their respective Meetings held on May 30, 2025, have approved the monthly remuneration of USD 7400 ( all inclusive) to be paid by Lensco for the expenses incurred by Mr. Gaurav Gupta in the due discharge of his duties as Chief Executive Officer in the Company for the period starting from September 01, 2025 till August 31, 2026, subject to the approval of the shareholders.



# **GKB Ophthalmics Ltd.**

As per Section 188, Mr. Gaurav Gupta, is a related party holding an office or place of profit in Lensco, the subsidiary company. As per Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013, except with the prior approval of the company i.e., the shareholders, by way of a resolution, a company shall not enter into a transaction or transactions, where the transaction or transactions to be entered into for appointment to any office or place of profit in the company, its subsidiary company or associate company with a monthly remuneration exceeds two and a half lakh rupees as mentioned in clause (f) of sub-section (1) of section 188. The remuneration of USD 7400 exceeds this limit requiring the approval of the shareholders. Hence, as approved by Audit Committee and Board, the remuneration as detailed in the tabled below is being placed before the shareholders for their approval by way of Ordinary Resolution:

1.	Name of the Related Party	Mr. Gaurav Gupta
2.	Nature of Relationship	Related Party
3,	Nature, type and material terms and particulars of Transaction.	Remuneration to be paid to the Chief Executive Officer of Lensco – The Lens Company
4.	Value of proposed transaction	Rs. 0.75 Crores* p.a. ( USD 7400 x 12 x Rs. 84) *amount is subject to change on account of exchange rate fluctuations.
5.	Tenure of proposed transaction	September 01, 2025 till August 31, 2026
6.	Percentage of the listed entity's annual consolidated turnover for the immediately preceding financial year that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction	0.84%
7.	Percentage of the listed entity's subsidiary -annual standalone turnover for the immediately preceding financial year that is represented by the value of the proposed transaction	4.00%
8	The manner of determining the pricing and other commercial terms	The proposed transactions would be carried out as part of the business requirement of the Company and are ensured to be on arm's length basis and in the ordinary course of business. Further, the Company is also subjected to transfer pricing norms prevalent in the country.
9.	Any advance paid or received	Advances received from time to time are duly recorded in the books of account
10.	Justification as to why the RPT is in the interest of the listed entity	These transactions are done for the overall growth of the business of the Company
11.	Percentage of the counter-party's annual consolidated turnover that is represented by the value of the proposed RPT on a voluntary basis,	
12.	Name of the Director or KMP who is related	Mr. K.G. Gupta and Mr. Vikram Gupta are interested and related to Mr. Gaurav Gupta. None of the other Directors, Key Managerial Personnel or their relatives is interested or concerned in the said Resolution except for their holdings in the shares of the Company, if any, and to the extent of their Memberships and/or Directorships in the subsidiaries and associate companies, if any.

In view of above, the Board of Directors recommend passing the resolution set out at Item No.8, of the Notice, for approval of the Shareholders as an Ordinary Resolution.

#### Item no. 9

As per the provisions of Section 180(1)(c) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors of the Company cannot, except with the permission of the Shareholders in General Meeting by passing a Special Resolution, borrow monies in excess of the aggregate of the paid-up share capital, free reserves and securities premium of the Company.



The Company has invested from its internal fund, in two new machines from Bangalore, which is an advanced technology for lens development and coating. The Company further requires funds to invest in additional machinery to secure substantial export orders from international markets, through its strong subsidiaries in the US and Sharjah, UAE. To fulfill these orders and ensure timely delivery, it needs to create additional space and infrastructure in the factory building at Unit II and increase production capacity. Accordingly, the Company has proposed a Term Loan of Rs. 7.50 Crores from the Bank. It is observed that this financial assistance sought from the bank may exceed the permitted level.

The Company in its Annual General Meeting held on September 06, 2014 had taken the approval of the shareholders under Section 180 (1)(c) and (2) to borrow money, apart from temporary loans obtained from the Company's bankers in the ordinary course of business exceeding the aggregate of paid up share capital and free reserves of the Company, provided that the total amount shall not exceed the sum of Rs. 150.00 crores. However, there was an amendment in Section 180 of the Act, in sub-section (1), in clause (c), wherein for the words "paid-up share capital and free reserves", the words "paid-up share capital, free reserves and securities premium" have been substituted. Accordingly, a fresh shareholder approval shall be required with respect to the borrowing limit of Rs. 50.00 Crores under section 180(1)(c) and (2).

In view of above, the Board of Directors recommend passing the resolution set out at Item No. 9, of the Notice, for approval of the shareholders as a Special Resolution.

#### Item no. 10

The Members of the Company had at their Annual General Meeting held on September 06, 2014 and pursuant to the provisions of Section 180(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 empowered the Board by way of special resolution to create mortgages and/or charges on all or any of the immovable and movable properties of the Company in favour of banks, financial institution and any other lenders upto an aggregate amount of Rs. 150.00 crores (Rupees One Hundred and Fifty Crores only).

In view of the Term Loan to be taken by the Company and the amendment in Section 180 of the Act, in sub-section (1), in clause (c), it is proposed to seek fresh consent of the members in terms of Section 180(1)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 to create mortgages and/or charges on all or any of the immovable and movable properties of the Company in favour of banks, financial institution and any other lenders as and when necessary to secure the borrowings from time to time, within the overall ceiling approved by the Members of the Company, in terms of Section 180(1) (c) of the Companies Act, 2013.

In view of above, the Board of Directors recommend passing the resolution set out at Item No. 10, of the Notice, for approval of the shareholders as a Special Resolution.

Registered Office : 16-A, Tivim Industrial Estate Mapusa - Goa, 403 526

Place: Mapusa-Goa Date: July 09, 2025 By order of the Board of Directors For GKB Ophthalmics Limited

> Pooja Bicholkar Company Secretary ACS 54716

## DIRECTORS' REPORT

#### Dear Shareholders.

Your directors have great pleasure in presenting before you the 43<sup>rd</sup> Annual Report of the Company together with the Audited Annual Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended March 31, 2025.

#### FINANCIAL RESULTS:

The Company's financial performance for the year under review along with the previous year figures is given hereunder:

Rs. in lakhs

	2024-25		2023-24	
	Standalone	Consolidated	Standalone	Consolidated
Particulars				
Revenue from Operations	3274.94	10898.76	3118.05	8825.40
Other Income	197.22	133.10	207.74	150.56
Profit/Loss before Financial Charges, Depreciation & Taxation	-150.65	-154.98	80.31	202.61
Less: Finance Charges	188.67	237.08	159.33	190.33
Less: Depreciation	264.31	308.70	258.60	289.87
Less: Deferred Tax	7.16	7.16	4.02	4.02
Profit/ (Loss) for the year	-610.79	-707.92	-341.64	-298.21
Other Comprehensive Income (Net of Taxes)	-20.36	-20.36	-11.43	-11.43
Total Comprehensive Income for the year	-631.15	-728.28	-353.07	-309.64
Balance from previous years	-446.15	3388.26	-93.08	3697.90
Balance carried forward	-1077.30	2659.98	-446.15	3388.26

#### OPERATIONS:

During the year under review, the turnover from operations of the Company was higher to the tune of Rs. 3274.94 lakhs compared to Rs. 3118.05 lakhs during the previous year. The Company reported a net loss from operations of Rs. -610.79 lakhs during the current financial year compared to a net loss of Rs.341.64 lakhs incurred during the previous financial year.

The Company is on its path to achieve the targeted sales in order to secure its market share and position in the financial year 2025-26. Considering the demand for its lenses in the US markets, the Company is expecting good sales through its subsidiary Lensco-The Lens Company based in USA for F.Y. 2025-26.

The Company is a manufacturer of plastic lenses. The Company's business has been facing a stiff competition from China as Chinese are dumping lenses at a very lower price. Simultaneously, the Company is also pursuing the matter with the authorities to impose an Anti- Dumping Duty on the import of the plastic lenses into India.

# DIVIDEND:

With the view to conserve the resources, your Directors regret their inability to recommend any dividend for the year 2024-25. No amount has been transferred to reserve for the financial year ended March 31, 2025.

#### SHARE CAPITAL:

The paid-up equity share capital of the Company as on March 31, 2025, is Rs. 504.05 lakhs.



#### SUBSIDIARIES:

GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE, Sharjah, UAE is a Wholly Owned Subsidiary of the Company. Lensco - The Lens Company NJ, USA, is a Subsidiary of GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE and a Step-Down Subsidiary of the Company. These are the material subsidiaries of the Company. Prescription Optical Products L.L.C.(POPL), a Limited Liability Company, having its head office in Emirates of Dubai, is a subsidiary of GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE, Sharjah. Prime Ophthalmics Products PTY Limited, is a newly incorporated Company in South Africa and a subsidiary of GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE, Sharjah, established to cater to the demand for lenses in the African markets.

GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited is another Material Subsidiary of the Company, which was incorporated to produce Hi-Index Ophthalmic Lenses, however, the Project became financially unviable and therefore the Company is in the discussion of coming up with an alternate plan for the Company.

A statement under Section 129(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, containing salient features of the financial statement and performance of subsidiaries in Form AOC-1, is annexed with the Consolidated Financial Statements. In terms of Section 136(1) (a) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Audited Accounts of the subsidiaries are placed on website of the Company at <a href="https://www.gkb.net">www.gkb.net</a>. A copy of the audited financial statements in respect of each of the subsidiaries will be made available to interested shareholders, upon a written request. The audited accounts of the subsidiaries are also available at the Registered Office of the Company, for inspection, during business hours.

## TRANSFERS TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND (IEPF)

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has set up the Investor Education and Protection Fund for promotion of investor awareness and protection of investor interests. In terms of Section 124 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules made thereunder, the dividends in respect of the shares of the Company which have remained unpaid or unclaimed for seven consecutive years or more, are required to be transferred to IEPF.

The Company has not declared any dividend since 2010-11.

#### ACCREDITION:

The Company has been accredited with ISO 9001:2015 by TUV SUD, South Asia Private Limited.

#### CHANGE IN PROMOTERS' SHAREHOLDING:

The Promoter's Shareholding as on March 31, 2025 has increased from 50.93% to 50.99% and Public shareholding has decreased from 49.07% to 49.01%.

#### CHANGE IN NATURE OF BUSINESS, IF ANY:

There has been no change in the nature of business of the Company during the year 2024-25.

### CHANGE IN DIRECTORSHIP AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL:

# Appointment of Executive Director

Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors, in terms of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, has appointed Mr. Cedric Lobo (DIN: 09124746) with effect from June 01, 2024 as Additional Director of the Company in the category "Executive - Non Independent". The Shareholders approved the appointment of Mr. Cedric Lobo as Whole Time Director in the Annual General Meeting held on August 20, 2024.

#### Appointment and Retirement of Independent Directors:

During the year under review, Mr. Anil Palekar (DIN: 01987078), Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company has retired at close of business hours on May 22, 2024, due to completion of his tenure as an Independent Director.



Based on the recommendation of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee, the Board of Directors, in terms of the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, has appointed Mrs. Sandhya Ajit Kamat (DIN: 10591664) with effect from May 22, 2024 and Mr. Ninad G. Kamat (DIN: 09611972) with effect from June 01, 2024 as Additional Director of the Company in the category "Non-Executive, Independent". The Shareholders of the Company in its meeting held on August 20, 2024, have approved the appointment of Mrs. Sandhya Ajit Kamat and Mr. Ninad G. Kamat as Non Executive, Independent Directors, for a term of five consecutive years till May 21, 2029 and May 31, 2029, respectively.

Mrs. Shashi Katreddi (DIN: 07139250) Independent Non-Executive Director of the Company has retired at close of business hours on March 31, 2025, due to completion of her tenure as an Independent Director.

# Director retiring by rotation:

Mr. Cedric Lobo will be retiring by rotation at the forthcoming AGM, pursuant to Articles of Association of the Company, being eligible offers himself for re-appointment. Brief resume together with other relevant details of Mr. Cedric Lobo are given in **Note no. 13** to the Notice for the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

#### Key Managerial Personnel:

Pursuant to provisions of Section 2 (51) and Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the following are the Key Managerial Personnel (KMP) of the Company as on the date of this report:

Sr. No.	Name of the KMP	Designation
1	Mr. K. G. Gupta	Managing Director
2	Mr. Gurudas Sawant	Chief Financial Officer
3	Ms. Pooja Bicholkar	Company Secretary

#### SEPARATE MEETING OF THE INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS:

In terms of Section 149 (8) read with Schedule IV, of the Companies Act, 2013, the Independent Directors held a Meeting on March 27, 2025 without the attendance of Non-Independent Directors and members of Management. A familiarization programme for the Independent Directors was held on March 27, 2025. The details of the Familiarization programme are given in the Corporate Governance Report.

At this meeting, the Independent Directors:

- 1. Reviewed the performance of the Non-Independent Directors and the Board as a whole.
- Reviewed the performance of Chairperson, taking into account the views of Executive Director and Non-Executive Directors.
- Assessed the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company Management and the Board that is necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

## INDEPENDENT DIRECTORS' DECLARATION

The Independent Directors have submitted the Declaration of Independence, as required pursuant to Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 and provisions of the Listing Regulations, 2015, stating that they meet the criteria of independence, as provided therein. The Independent Directors have complied with the Code for Independent Directors prescribed in Schedule IV to the Act. Further, all Independent Directors on the Board of the Company have registered themselves under Independent Director database vide notification no. G.S.R. 804(E) dated 01st December, 2019, the Companies (Appointment and Qualification of Directors) Fifth Amendment Rules, 2019, with one of the Independent Director who will be taking the Online Proficiency Self Assessment Test in the due course.

#### MEETINGS OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS:

During the year under review, Seven Board Meetings were held. Further details are given in Corporate Governance Report, forming part of this Report. The maximum gap between two Board Meetings held during the year was not more than 120 days.



#### AUDIT COMMITTEE:

The composition of the Audit Committee and other details are given in Corporate Governance Report, which is part of this report.

#### NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE:

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee has formulated the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director, relating to remuneration for directors, key managerial personnel and senior management as provided under section 178(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Listing Regulations, 2015.

The Remuneration Policy is stated in the Corporate Governance Report which is part of this report. Further details have been disseminated on the Company's website <a href="https://www.qkb.net">www.qkb.net</a>

#### PERFORMANCE EVALUATION:

The Board evaluated the performance of the Board as a whole, Committees of the Board and the performance of individual directors including the Chairman of the Board pursuant to Regulation 17(10) of the Listing Regulations. The performance of the Board, Committees and individual Directors was evaluated by the Board seeking inputs from all the Directors. The Nomination and Remuneration Committee reviewed the performance of the individual Directors. The Independent Directors also carried out the performance evaluation in terms of Part VIII of Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013, in their meeting held on March 27, 2025. The details of the Performance Evaluation carried out are provided in the Corporate Governance Report which is a part of this report.

#### DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT:

Pursuant to provision of Section 134 (5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Board of Directors to the best of their knowledge and ability hereby state and confirm:

- that in the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with the proper explanation relating to material departures;
- that they have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company at the end of financial year and of the Profit and Loss of the Company for that period;
- that they have taken proper and sufficient care for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of this Act, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities
- that they have prepared the annual accounts on a going concern basis;
- that they have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal financial controls
  are adequate and were operating effectively; and
- f) that they have devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

# AUDITORS:

Pursuant to provisions of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in the 41st Annual General Meeting held on September 14, 2023, M/s. MSKA & Associates, Chartered Accountants (FRN 105047 W) were re-appointed as Statutory Auditors of the Company for a second consecutive term of five years at such remuneration and out of pocket expenses, as may be mutually decided between the Board of Directors of the Company and the Statutory Auditors. The Statutory Auditor to hold the office till the conclusion of the 46° Annual General Meeting to be held in the year 2028.



#### AUDITORS' REPORT:

The Auditors' Report is unmodified and there are no qualifications, reservations or adverse remarks or disclaimers.

The Board's response in respect of the observation in Paragraph 2 (b), made by the Auditors in their report, for the records maintained by the payroll processing and inventory management software, wherein the electronic back up of books and accounts not being maintained on a daily basis is that the concerned departments have been coordinating with the technical team to get the records maintained in a timely manner.

#### SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS:

There is no significant or material order passed by any Regulators or Courts or Tribunals impacting the going concern status and Company's operations in future.

#### INTERNAL FINANCIAL CONTROL:

As per Section 134 (5) (e) of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 8 (viii) of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the Board has laid the Internal Financial Control to be followed by the Company and that such Internal Financial Controls are adequate and are operating effectively. As per Section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, a report issued by M/s. MSKA & Associates, Statutory Auditors of the Company is attached with their Independent Auditor's Report, which is self explanatory.

#### RISK MANAGEMENT:

The company ensures appropriate management of risks which aligns with its internal systems and culture. The Board of Directors and the management of the Company determine a strategy by identifying and assessing the risks, thereafter, followed by coordinated and economical application of resources to monitor, minimize and control the impact of uncertain events.

#### PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES OR INVESTMENTS UNDER SECTION 186:

Particulars of loans, guarantees given and investments made during the year as required under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Schedule V of the Listing Regulations are given in the notes to financial statements.

#### RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS:

All transactions entered into with related parties, pursuant to Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 23 of Listing Regulations, during the year were at arm's length basis.

The details of contract / arrangement / transaction with related parties which is required to be reported in Form No. AOC-2 in terms of Section 134(3)(h) read with Section 188 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 is enclosed as Annexure I.

The Company has formulated a policy on materiality of related party transactions and on dealing with related party transactions in terms of Regulation 23(1) of Listing Regulations. The Board of Directors of the Company has approved and adopted a policy on related party transactions and the same has been uploaded on Company's website.

#### ANNUAL RETURN:

The annual return of the company as on 31st March 2025, in terms of the provisions of Section 134(3)(a) of the Companies Act, 2013 is available on the company's website www.gkb.net

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE:

A separate section on Corporate Governance practices followed by the Company, together with certificate from the Practicing Company Secretary confirming compliance, Management Discussion and Analysis Report and Declaration regarding compliance of Code of Conduct by Board Members and Senior Management Personnel forms the part of this annual report.

#### SECRETARIAL AUDIT:

As per provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 9 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Secretarial Audit Report submitted by Ms. Girija Nagvekar, Practicing Company Secretary, for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, forming part of this Annual Report, is annexed herewith as Annexure - II. The Secretarial Audit Report is self-explanatory and requires no comments. Pursuant to Regulation 24A of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations 2015, the Secretarial Audit Report of material subsidiary, GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited, given by a Company Secretary in Practice, for the financial year ended March 31, 2025, is annexed herewith as Annexure - III.

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY:

Provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, and Rules made thereunder, regarding Corporate Social Responsibility are not applicable to the Company.

#### INSURANCE:

The Company has taken adequate insurance covers for its properties and insurable interest.

#### FIXED DEPOSIT:

The Company has not accepted any deposits from the public during the year. No amount on account of principal or interest on public deposits was outstanding as on the date of the Balance Sheet.

#### PERSONNEL:

The relations between the employees and the management, during the year, have been cordial.

#### MATERIAL CHANGES AND COMMITTMENTS:

There are no material changes and commitments, affecting the financial position of the company, which have occurred between the end of the financial year of the Company to which the financial statements relate and the date of this report.

# PARTICULARS UNDER SECTION 197(12) AND RULE 5 OF THE COMPANIES (APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION OF MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL) RULES, 2014:

 the ratio of the remuneration of each director to the median remuneration of the employees of the Company for the financial year:

Name	Ratio	
Mr. K. G. Gupta, Managing Director	18.19:1	
Mr. Cedric Lobo, Executive Director	3.14:1	

 (ii) (a) the percentage increase in remuneration of each Director, Chief Financial Officer, Chief Executive Officer, Company Secretary or Manager, if any, in the financial year:

Name	Percentage
Mr. K. G. Gupta, Managing Director	15.83%
Mr. Cedric Lobo, Executive Director*	
Mr. Gurudas Sawant, Chief Financial Officer	4.40%
Ms.Pooja Bicholkar, Company Secretary	14.54%

<sup>\*</sup>Appointment is effective from June 01, 2024, hence the percentage increase in remuneration cannot be derived.

- (ii) (b) The Non-Executive Directors of the Company are entitled to sitting fees within the limits approved by the Board of Directors and shareholders. The details of remuneration of Directors are provided in the Corporate Governance Report.
- (iii) the percentage increase in the median remuneration of employees in the financial year: 7.34%
- (iv) the number of permanent employees on the rolls of Company: 170
- (v) average percentile increase already made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exceptional circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration:



Average percentage increase (decrease) made in the salaries of employees other than the managerial personnel in the last financial year i.e 2024-25 is -2.85% whereas the increase (decrease) in the managerial remuneration for the same financial year was -0.93%

(vi) affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company: The remuneration is as per the Remuneration Policy of the Company.

#### PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES:

None of the employees is covered under Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules 2014.

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT:

As per Listing Regulations, Management Discussion and Analysis Report is attached to this report.

#### FINANCE:

Total Fund based exposure of the Company with the Banks was to the tune of Rs. 770.00 lakhs. Total Non-Fund based exposure of the Company with the Banks was to the tune of Rs. 460.00 lakhs (Rs. 100 lakhs interchangeability between Fund based and Non Fund Based).

The Company had availed credit facilities of Rs. 120.00 lakhs from State Bank of India under its "Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line (GECL)" scheme, which is fully repaid as on March 31, 2025 compared to Rs.11.22 lakhs, which was outstanding as on March 31, 2024.

The Company had availed a Covid Term Ioan of Rs.100.00 lakhs from The Saraswat Co-operative Bank Limited under its "Emergency Credit Line Guarantee Scheme (ECLGS)" out of which Rs. 64.28 lakhs is outstanding as on March 31, 2025 compared to Rs. 97.99 lakhs as on March 31, 2024.

During the year under review, the Company had availed unsecured loans of ;

- Upto Rs. 3.00 crores (Rupees Three Crores only) in tranches at rate of interest of 11 % per annum from Mr. K.G. Gupta, Managing Director of the Company for the general business purpose and Capital expansion.
- upto Rs. 5.00 crores (Rupees Five Crores only) in tranches at rate of interest of 10.65 % per annum from GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited, a Material Subsidiary of the Company for the working capital requirements and general business purpose.

#### PUBLIC DEPOSITS

The Company has not accepted any deposits falling under the ambit of Section 73 of the Companies Act, 2013 from public and as such, no amount on account of principal or interest on deposits from public was outstanding as on 31st March 2025.

#### CREDIT RATING:

CRISIL Limited – Credit Rating agency, vide its letter dated April 09 ,2025, has reaffirmed the Credit rating of "CRISIL D (Reaffirmed)" for Long-Term Bank facilities and "CRISIL D (Reaffirmed)" for Short-Term Bank facilities availed by the Company.

# VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY

The Company has in place a Vigil Mechanism. It provides a channel to the employees to report to the management concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the code of conduct policy and the same has been posted on the Company's website www.qkb.net.

# REPORTING OF FRAUD BY AUDITORS:

During the year under review, no offense involving fraud has been committed against the Company by its employees or officers of the Company in terms of Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013.



# DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

The Company has in place an Anti-Sexual Harassment Policy in line with the requirements of The Sexual Harassment of Women at the Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013. Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) has been set up to redress complaints received regarding sexual harassment. All employees (permanent, contractual, temporary, trainees) are covered under this policy.

During the year under review no complaints were received.

#### RESUME OF HEALTH & SAFETY PERFORMANCE OF THE FACTORY:

In terms of Section 90 B (5) (d) of the Goa Factories Rules, 1985, the Company has an Occupational Health, Safety and Environment Policy through which every employee is made responsible for the observance of the measures designed to prevent accidents, damage to property, occupational ill- health and avoidable environmental pollutants.

## Safety & Health:-

We are committed to promoting the health, safety, and well-being of our employees to ensure their sustained performance and overall well-being. A safe workplace is essential to achieving this goal, and we continuously strive to strengthen our health and safety culture across all levels of the organization. Before initiating any activity, a thorough hazard assessment is carried out to identify potential risks. Every effort is made to eliminate these risks prior to starting the task or commissioning any machinery. To reinforce our commitment, employees receive regular training in accident prevention, fire safety, first aid, and the proper use of personal protective equipment (PPE). Occupational health, safety, and environmental practices are emphasized during the annual Safety Week, organized in collaboration with the Inspectorate of Factories & Boilers, Government of Goa. Additionally, an annual eye check-up is conducted for employees in the Quality Control and other relevant departments by a qualified team of ophthalmologists from Vision Multispecialty Hospital.

Audit — Industrial hygiene survey was conducted by an external agency to assess the various aspects of illumination, ventilation and noise level in the factory premises. Internal electrical safety audit was conducted to assess potential fire hazards in the factory set-up and to provide assurance on the implementation and effectiveness of these systems and processes.

**Environment:** - The Company is committed to environmental sustainability, guided by its "Go Green" philosophy. It is certified under the ISO 9001:2015 standard by TUV SUD, reflecting its adherence to internationally recognized quality management systems.

As part of its core principles, the Company actively pursues initiatives for waste reduction and energy conservation. It has received the Consent to Operate from the State Pollution Control Board, classified under the Green Category in accordance with the Air, Water, and Hazardous Waste Management Rules.

Waste management activities are carried out regularly and responsibly, with all recyclable materials handled through authorized recyclers.

#### OTHER DISCLOSURES:-

- The consolidated financial statement is also being presented in addition to the standalone financial statement of the company.
- The maintenance of cost records is not applicable to the Company as per the amended Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, prescribed by the Central Government under Section 148(1) of the Companies Act, 2013.



# CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

Particulars required to be disclosed under the provisions of Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 are annexed herewith as Annexure – IV and forms an integral part of this report.

# DETAILS OF APPLICATION MADE OR ANY PROCEEDING PENDING UNDER THE INSOLVENCY AND BANKRUPTCY CODE, 2016 (IBC)

No application was made under IBC by or against the Company and no proceeding is pending under IBC, during the year under review.

#### DETAILS OF ONE TIME SETTLEMENT

The Company has not entered into any onetime settlement with the Banks or Financial Institutions during the year under review.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

Your Directors wish to acknowledge and are grateful for the excellent support received from all levels, customers, vendors, regulatory authorities, bankers, shareholders and all other stakeholders. Your Directors recognize and appreciate the hard work and efforts put in by all the employees of the Company and their contribution to the progress of the Company in a very challenging environment.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

K. G. Gupta Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00051863

Place: Mapusa – Goa. Date: May 30, 2025

#### Annexure I

#### Form AOC-2

(Pursuant to clause (h) of sub-section (3) of section 134 of the Act and Rule 8(2) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Form for disclosure of particulars of contracts/arrangements entered into by the company with related parties referred to in sub-section (1) of section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 including certain arm's length transactions under third proviso thereto.

# Details of contracts or arrangements or transactions not at arm's length basis:

Name(s) of the related party	Nature of relationship	Nature of contracts/ arrangements/ transactions	Contracts /	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	approval by the Board
		N	IL		

# II. Details of material contracts or arrangement or transactions at arm's length basis:

The Transaction were carried out during the ordinary course of business:

Amount in Crores

Name(s) of the related party	Nature of relationship	Nature of transactions under Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2023	Contracts /	Salient terms of the contracts or arrangements or transactions including the value, if any	
Mr. Gaurav Gupta	Chief Executive Officer of Lensco- The Lens Company(Subsidi ary)		01/09/2024- 31/08/2025	0.63	30.05.2024

Annexure II

#### FORM No. MR-3

# SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31<sup>57</sup> MARCH, 2025

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act,2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To, The Members, GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED 16A TIVIM INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, MAPUSA – GOA 403526

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED** having **CIN L26109GA1981PLC000469** and having registered office at **16A TIVIM INDUSTRIAL ESTATE**, **MAPUSA – GOA 403526** (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of **GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED** books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on **31**<sup>st</sup> **March**, **2025** (hereinafter referred to as the "Audit Period") generally complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by **GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED** ("the Company") for the financial year ended on **31**<sup>st</sup> **March**, **2025** according to the provisions of:

- (i) The Companies Act, 2013(the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- Foreign Exchange Management Act,1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings (provisions of external commercial borrowings and Overseas Direct Investment not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period);
- (v) The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'): -
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;



- (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit period);
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit period);
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit period);
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit period);
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of securities) Regulations, 2018 (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit period);
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
- (vi) The following laws specifically applicable to the Company (as per the representations made by the Company) viz:
  - The Factories Act, 1948
  - Trade Mark Act, 1999
  - The Customs Act, 1962
  - Foreign Trade (Development & Regulation) Act, 1992
  - Industrial Disputes Act, 1947
  - The Payment of Wages Act, 1936
  - The Minimum Wages Act, 1948
  - Employees' State Insurance Act, 1948.
  - The Employees' Provident Fund and Miscellaneous Provisions Act, 1952.
  - The Payment of Bonus Act, 1965
  - The Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972
  - The Contract Labour (Regulation and Abolition) Act, 1970
  - The Maternity Benefit Act, 1961 and as amended
  - Equal Remuneration Act, 1976
  - The Environment (Protection) Act, 1986.
  - Plastic Waste Management Rules, 2016 as amended
  - The Hazardous and Other Wastes (Management and Transboundary Movement) Rules, 2016 as amended



My reporting is based on the information and explanation as provided to me by the Company and its management and I have relied on the representation made by the Company and its officers for the systems and mechanisms framed by the Company for compliances under Acts, Laws and Regulations applicable to the Company at item (vi) above.

I further report that based on information and representations made by the Company and its officers;

- (a) State Pollution Board has reclassified the Company from Orange Category to Green category.
- (b) Mr. Cedric Lobo , Whole -Time Director of the Company is appointed as Occupier of the Company with effect from June 01,2024

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- Secretarial Standards with respect to Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) The Listing Agreements entered into by the Company with Bombay Stock Exchange (BSE) read with the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015
  - During the period under review the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above subject to the following observations:
- The Company has got three units: Unit I, Unit II and Unit III at two different plots.
   Unit -I is registered office of the Company. The factory unit of II & III are active and operational.
- b) The reporting compliances with respect to the Foreign Exchange Management Act,1999 ("FEMA Act") and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of issue of 2,00,000 Equity shares allotted pursuant to exercise of option attached to the underlying Equity Convertible warrants is not complied within the prescribed time due to procedural delay. As per the information and explanation given to me by the Management, the Company is positively taking adequate steps to complete the reporting process.

# I further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. During the period under review following are the changes in the composition of the Board of Directors of the Company which are listed below:

- Mr. Anii Vithai Palekar, retired as Non-Executive and Independent Director of the Company with effect from close of business hours on 22<sup>rd</sup> May, 2024 consequent to the completion of his tenure.
- b) Mrs. Sandhya Ajit Kamat, appointed as Additional Director (Non-Executive and Independent) with effect from 22°May,2024. Subsequently, in the Annual General Meeting held on 20° August, 2024, her appointment was regularized by the members of the Company for a term of 05 years from 22° May,2024 up to 21° May ,2029.
- c) Mr. Ninad G. Kamat, appointed as Additional Director (Non-Executive and Independent) with effect from 01<sup>st</sup> June, 2024. Subsequently, in the Annual General Meeting held on 20<sup>st</sup> August, 2024, his appointment was regularized by the members of the Company for a term of 05 years from 01<sup>st</sup> June, 2024 up to 31<sup>st</sup> May, 2029.
- d) Mr. Cedric Lobo, appointed as Additional Director (Whole-time) with effect from 01<sup>st</sup> June, 2024. Subsequently, in the Annual General Meeting held on 20<sup>st</sup> August, 2024, his appointment was regularized by the members of the Company for a term of 02 years from 01<sup>st</sup> June, 2024 up to 31<sup>st</sup> May, 2026.
- e) Mrs. Shashi Kumar Katreddi, retired as Non-Executive and Independent Director of the Company with effect from close of business hours on 31" March, 2025 consequent to the completion of her tenure.





The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act and SEBI LODR.

Adequate notices are given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings including committees thereof along with detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance. A system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting including board or committee meetings.

We have examined the circular resolutions passed during the year under audit by the Board and committees and the company has duly complied with the provisions of the Act.

All the decisions at Board meetings and Committee Meetings were carried out unanimously after taking into consideration views, opinions expressed by all the members.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period there was no instances of:

- Public/Right/Preferential issue of shares / debentures/sweat Equity, etc.
- (ii) Redemption / buy-back of securities
- (iii) Major decisions taken by the members in pursuance to section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013;
- (iv) Merger / amalgamation / reconstruction, etc.
- (v) Foreign technical collaborations

CS Girija G. Nagvekar

Practising Company Secretary FCS:10358 / COP: 10335 UDIN No.F010358G000517359 Peer Review Cer. No.2001/2022

Place: Panaji Goa Date: 30-05-2025

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'Annexure A' and forms an integral part of this report

'Annexure A'

To,
The Members,
GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED
16A TIVIM INDUSTRIAL ESTATE,
MAPUSA – GOA 403526

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the
  correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct
  facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a
  reasonable basis for our opinion.
- We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- Where ever required, we have obtained the Management Representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events, etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verifications of procedures on test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

CS Girija G. Nagvekar Practising Company Secretary

FCS:10358 / COP: 10335 UDIN No.F010358G000517359 Peer Review Cer. No.2001/2022

Place: Panaji Goa Date: 30-05-2025

#### Annexure III

#### FORM No. MR-3

# SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31<sup>57</sup> MARCH, 2025

[Pursuant to section 204(1) of the Companies Act,2013 and rule No.9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014]

To,
The Members,
GSV OPHTHALMICS PRIVATE LIMITED
16A TIVIM INDUSTRIAL ESTATE,
KARASWADA, MAPUSA – GOA 403526

I have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by GSV OPHTHALMICS PRIVATE LIMITED having CIN U36990GA2018PTC013725 and having registered office at 16A TIVIM INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, KARASWADA, MAPUSA – GOA 403526 (hereinafter called the Company). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided me a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/statutory compliances and expressing my opinion thereon.

Based on my verification of **GSV OPHTHALMICS PRIVATE LIMITED** books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, I hereby report that in my opinion, the company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on **31" March**, **2025 (hereinafter referred to as the "Audit Period") generally** complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

I have examined the books, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by GSV OPHTHALMICS PRIVATE LIMITED ("the Company") for the financial year ended on 31\* March, 2025 according to the provisions of:

- The Companies Act, 2013(the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- (ii) The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder; ( not applicable to the Company during the audit period.)
- (iii) The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-laws framed thereunder;
- (iv) Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made there under to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment (FDI), Overseas Direct Investment (ODI) and External Commercial Borrowings (ECB) (the provisions of FEMA & rules and regulations are not applicable to the Company since there is no FDI, ODI and ECB during the Audit Period);
- (v) The Company being unlisted Company, the following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act') are not applicable to the Company during the audit period:-
  - (a) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
  - (b) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;



- (c) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018:
- (d) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits and Sweat Equity) Regulations;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Non-Convertible Securities) Regulations, 2021;
- The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
- (g) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2021;
- (h) The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of securities) Regulations, 2018;
- (vi) Other laws as may be applicable specifically to the Company.

Based on the information and representation made by the Management, the Company has not commenced commercial operations since its inception and hence there are no specific laws applicable to the Company during the audit period under review.

I have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- Secretarial Standards with respect to Meetings of the Board of Directors (SS-1) and General Meetings (SS-2) issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India.
- (ii) SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 to the extent applicable, being a material subsidiary of listed entity, GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED.
  - During the period under review the Company has generally complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, Standards, etc. mentioned above subject to the following observations:
- a) The Company is in non-compliance with the provisions of section 29(1) (b) of the Companies Act, 2013. As per the information given to me by the Management, they are in the process of ensuring compliance with the aforesaid provisions.
- b) The Company is in non-compliance with the provisions of section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013. As per the information given to me by the Management, they are in the process of ensuring compliance with the aforesaid provisions.

# I further report that

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. During the period under review following are the changes in the composition of the Board of Directors of the Company which are listed below:

- Mr. Anil Vithal Palekar, retired as Non-Executive and Independent Director of the Company with effect from close of business hours on 22nd May, 2024 consequent to the completion of his tenure.
- ii) Mrs. Shashi Kumar Katreddi, appointed as Additional Director (Non-Executive and Independent) with effect from 23rd May, 2024. Subsequently, in the Annual General Meeting held on 30th September, 2024, her appointment was regularized by the members of the Company.



- iii) Mrs. Sandhya Ajit Kamat, appointed as Additional Director (Non-Executive and Independent) with effect from 26<sup>th</sup> December, 2024. Subsequently, in the Extra-Ordinary General Meeting held on 02<sup>th</sup> January, 2025, her appointment was regularized by the members of the Company.
- iv) Mrs. Shashi Kumar Katreddi, retired as Non-Executive and Independent Director of the Company with effect from close of business hours on 31" March, 2025 consequent to the completion of her tenure.

The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notices are given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting by the Directors.

All the decisions at Board meetings were carried out unanimously after taking into consideration views, opinions expressed by all the members.

I further report that there are adequate systems and processes in the company commensurate with the size and operations of the company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

I further report that during the audit period there was no instances of:

- (i) Public/Right/Preferential issue of shares / debentures/sweat Equity, etc.
- (ii) Redemption / buy-back of securities
- (iii) Major decisions taken by the members in pursuance to section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013;
- (iv) Merger / amalgamation / reconstruction, etc.
- (v) Foreign technical collaborations

CS Girija G. Nagvekar

Practising Company Secretary FCS:10358 / COP: 10335 UDIN No. F010358G000517436

Peer Review Cer. No.2001/2022

This report is to be read with our letter of even date which is annexed as 'Annexure A' and forms an integral part of this report

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Place: Panaji Goa

Date: 30-05-2025

'Annexure A'

To,
The Members,
GSV OPHTHALMICS PRIVATE LIMITED
16A TIVIM INDUSTRIAL ESTATE,
KARASWADA, MAPUSA – GOA 403526

Our report of even date is to be read along with this letter.

- Maintenance of secretarial record is the responsibility of the management of the company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these secretarial records based on our audit.
- We have followed the audit practices and processes as were appropriate to obtain reasonable assurance about the correctness of the contents of the secretarial records. The verification was done on test basis to ensure that correct facts are reflected in secretarial records. We believe that the processes and practices, we followed provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.
- We have not verified the correctness and appropriateness of financial records and Books of Accounts of the Company.
- Where ever required, we have obtained the Management Representation about the compliance of laws, rules and regulations and happening of events, etc.
- The compliance of the provisions of Corporate and other applicable laws, rules and regulations, standards is the responsibility of management. Our examination was limited to the verifications of procedures on test basis.
- The Secretarial Audit report is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the company nor of the efficacy or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

CS Girija G. Nagvekar

Practising Company Secretary FCS:10358 / COP: 10335 UDIN No. F010358G000517436 Peer Review Cer. No.2001/2022

Place: Panaji Goa Date: 30-05-2025

Annexure - IV

# ANNEXURE TO DIRECTORS' REPORT

[Pursuant to Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8(3) of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014]

#### A. CONSERVATION OF ENERGY

Energy conservation is the practice of decreasing the quantity of energy used for the same quality and quantity of Output. The Company has put in place measures to improve the efficiency of energy utilization by using energy efficient processes and equipments. Continuous efforts are in place to reduce the usage of fuel/ electrical energy. General awareness has been created to conserve energy and promote energy saving.

- The Steps taken or impact on conservation of energy.
  - a) Scheduled and planned maintenance programme has resulted in improved performance of equipment.
  - b) Special analysis methods are used to improve performance of utilities like compressors, chillers, etc.
  - (c) Existing CFL lights have been replaced in several places with low wattage LED lights, which contributes to power savings.

Heat exchangers are planned to be installed with air compressors to gauge the water requirement to avoid the usage of additional electrical energy.

Effluent Treatment Plant (ETP) is one step in the way of creating the sustainability of environment by prevention of the contamination of water. The Company has installed ETP to treat industrial waste water and re-use it for various purposes besides regulatory compliance.

The company has installed an advanced controller to regulate the temperature and humidity within a specific room. This controller ensures that the compressors operate only when necessary, as determined by pre-set parameters. This enhancement is expected to increase the lifespan of the compressor and reduce power consumption. This installation was completed for the assembly room, now similarly the work for the said installation is in process for Mould Stock Room, Filling and Mixing room.

The Company has been planning to implement energy conservation methods and has accepted quotations from various parties to assess the cost of installing solar panels in unit 1. This initiative is aimed at reducing our electricity consumption and promoting sustainability. Presently, the installation is kept on hold due to scarcity of funds and is scheduled for the coming months.

- II. Steps taken by the Company for using alternate sources of energy Efforts are being made to develop alternate sources of energy. Conditioned monitoring of equipments & strict monitoring for efficient usage of equipment is being continued in all sections. Discussions are in place for installation of Solar Panels in the factory.
- Capital Investment on energy conservation equipments
   There was no significant capital investment on energy conservation equipments during the year.



### B. TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION

- Efforts made towards technology absorption.
   Efforts are being made towards technology absorption. The technology we have adopted is best suited for our products and is absorbed in full.
- II. Benefits derived like product improvement, cost reduction, product development or import substitution.
  - Steps are taken to improve productivity by introducing innovations and development in the Company's line of business.
  - b) Product improvement is a continuous process which has lead to reduction in cost to a certain extent.
- III. Information regarding technology imported during the last 3 years:

Sr. No.	Technology Imported	Year of import	Status
1	No Technology imported	2022-23	_
2	No Technology imported	2023-24	
3	No Technology imported	2024-25	_

Expenditure incurred on Research and Development.
 No separate expenditure has been incurred under the head Research and Development during the financial year.

# C. FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO FOR FINANCIAL YEAR 2024-25.

	Rs. in lakhs	
Foreign exchange earned	630.24	
Foreign exchange used	692.32	
Net earnings	-62.07	

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

K. G. Gupta

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00051863

Place: Mapusa – Goa. Date: May 30, 2025

### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

#### CAUTIONARY STATEMENT:

Certain statements made in this Management Discussion and Analysis Report describing the Company's objectives, expectations or predictions may be forward looking within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results may differ from such expectation whether express or implied. Several factors that could make significant impact on the company's operations include global and domestic demand and supply conditions, input availability and prices, changes in Government regulations, tax laws, economic developments within the country and other factors.

# i) Industry Structure and Developments:

The company is engaged in the manufacture of Semi finished plastic lenses. The Glass lenses have now been replaced by plastic lenses as Glass Lenses are brittle and heavy to wear. Plastic lenses are organic lenses made by polymerisation of chemical mixtures consisting mainly of monomer mixed with an initiator. They have greater durability, good ultraviolet light resistance and are safe to use during any physical activity as there are less chances of breakage. Plastic lenses can be easily coated with various coatings such as the anti – reflective coatings depending upon the end user requirements. Plastic Lenses are low weight as compared to glass lenses which makes them user friendly. They can be tinted with colours that boosts their cost and in turn makes them very attractive. Now, new variants have been introduced by the industry being High Refractive Index lenses, which are thinner and lighter in nature.

There is a growing demand in India for high-quality, affordable spectacle lenses due to the significant rise in eyesight-related problems. Sedentary lifestyle, increasing literacy rate in India and developing countries, increased usage of mobile phones, laptops, television and pollution has resulted in significant rise in the number of people developing several eyesight-related problems, such as myopia, hypermetropia, and presbyopia which is contributing to the increase in demand for lenses as an appropriate measure to prevent further damage. Higher life expectancy resulting in rising elderly population in India is also adding up to the demand for lenses. Various Government and Non Government Organizations are taking initiatives to spread awareness by launching educational campaigns to raise awareness about the treatment for various vision related ailments. As a result of this awareness, education and medical services, the demand for lenses is increasing.

# ii) Opportunities and Threats:

The Indian Optical Lens Market is expected to grow significantly on account of increasing digital device usage, a growing aging population, and advancements in lens technologies like blue-light-blocking and anti-glare lenses. With urbanization spreading to Tier-2 and Tier-3 cities, demand is likely to extend beyond the metropolitan centers, tapping into new consumer bases across the country.

The rising living standards with higher disposable income and increased accessibility of Ophthalmic lenses in the market, can be directly attributed to the country's growing number of exclusive retail outlets. With the increasing population the use of ophthalmic lens is also increasing. The good service life of plastic lenses is contributing to their high demand in the global market.

India with its large population is one of the prominent markets for the sales of plastic lenses. However, the Company's business has been facing a stiff competition from China as Chinese are dumping lenses in India at a very lower price. The Company had made a representation to the Central Government to impose an Anti- Dumping Duty on the import of the plastic lenses into India. The Ministry of Finance (Department of Revenue), Government of India, vide its Notification No. 32/2022-Customs (ADD) dated December 27, 2022, in the matter of 'semifinished lenses', falling under chapter heading 9001 of the First Schedule to the Customs Tariff Act, 1975 (51 of 1975), imposed an anti-dumping duty effective for a period of five years on semi finished lenses originating or exported from China PR. However, the Company is of the opinion that the said Notification provides insufficient remedy to the issue of the industry and hence, the Company has gone for an appeal.



India's optical lens market heavily relies on imported raw materials, with 65% of lens materials sourced internationally, particularly from China and Japan. Customs clearance time and transportation challenges within India further compound the issue, impacting timely availability of products in both urban and rural markets.

Further, the International manufacturers of Plastic Lenses dominate the Indian ophthalmic lens market, making it difficult for domestic manufacturers to expand their businesses. Additionally, competition from low-cost and imported Lens is also hampering the growth of this market.

# iii) Segment wise or Product wise Performance:

The Company is engaged in the business of manufacturing semi-finished plastic lenses.

#### iv) Outlook:

The India Optical Lens Market, valued at USD 700 million, exhibits a steady growth trajectory primarily driven by rising demand from consumers with increasing digital screen time, which contributes to vision issues across age groups.

The Company has a normal capacity of producing 25,000 pieces of lenses per day with a installed capacity of manufacturing 35,000 lenses per day. The Company manufactured 52,83,567 pieces of lenses in the financial year ended 2024-25, which it is expecting to increase by 15% in the current financial year considering the demand for its lenses. The management has chalked out plans to achieve targeted sale of Rs. 39.00 Crores during the current financial year.

#### v) Risks and Concerns:

We do not foresee any risks, except for foreign exchange fluctuations. Since the Company also depends on exports, the economic situation in exporting countries is likely to affect the performance of the Company.

### vi) Internal Control Systems and their Adequacy:

The Company has developed adequate Internal Control Systems, commensurate to its size and business, which are aimed at achieving efficiency in operations, effective monitoring and optimum utilisation of resources. The Internal Audit is carried out by a firm of Independent Chartered Accountants. The reports of the Internal Auditors are periodically reviewed by the Audit Committee.

# vii) Discussion on Financial Performance with respect to Operational Performance:

During the year under review, the turnover from operations of the Company was higher to the tune of Rs. 374.94 lakhs as compared to Rs. 3118.05 lakhs during the previous year. The Company reported a net loss of Rs. 610.79 lakhs during the current financial year compared to a net loss of Rs.341.64 lakhs incurred during the previous financial year.

The significant change in key financial ratios along with the explanation therefore, is provided in Note no. 53 of the Standalone Financials, which is a part of this Report.



The Return on Networth ratio for the financial year 2024-25, has decreased due to higher losses reported for financial year under review.

Ratios F.Y. 2024-25 F.Y. 2023-24 Return on Networth Ratio (0.35) (0.14)

# viii) Material Developments in Human Resources/Industrial Relations front, including number of people employed:

The Ophthalmic lens industry is a labour intensive. Labour relations have been cordial with no interruption of manufacturing activities. The total number of permanent employees of the company as on March 31, 2025, was 170, out of which 143 employees are working for more than 10 years.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

K. G. Gupta

Chairman and Managing Director

DIN: 00051863

Place: Mapusa, Goa Date: May 30, 2025



# REPORT ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

#### COMPANY'S PHILOSOPHY ON CODE OF GOVERNANCE

The Company's philosophy on Corporate Governance is to attain high level of transparency and accountability in the functioning of the Company and in its relationship with employees, shareholders, creditors, lenders and ensuring sound Corporate Governance practices. The Company also believes that its systems and procedures will enhance corporate performance and maximize shareholders' value in the long term.

A Report on compliance with the principles of Corporate Governance as prescribed in Chapter IV read with Schedule V (C) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, ("Listing Regulations"), is given below:

#### 2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

# a) Composition of Board

The Composition of the Board is in conformity in terms of Listing Regulations. The Board of Directors comprises of seven members, out of which five are Non-Executive as on March 31, 2025. There are four Independent Directors including two Woman Director. There are two Executive Directors, one of which is the Managing Director and more than half of the Board comprises of Independent Directors.

The number of directorships and the positions held on Board Committees by the directors are in conformity with the limits on the number of Directorships and Board Committee positions as laid down in the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations.

The Composition of the Board and other relevant details as on March 31, 2025, is given below: -

Name of the Director	DIN	Category	No. of Board Meetings Attended	Attendance at the last AGM	Number of equity shares held
Mr. K., G. Gupta	00051863	Managing Director, Promoter & Executive	7	Yes	9,02,812
Mr. Vikram Gupta	00052019	Promoter & Non -Executive	1	No	4,23,105
Mr. Anil Palekar*	01987078	Independent & Non-Executive	¥2	No	_
Mrs. Shashi K. Katreddi**	07139250	Independent & Non-Executive	6	No	
Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri	06785989	Independent & Non-Executive	7	Yes	-
Mrs. Sandhya Ajit Kamat***	10591664	Independent & Non-Executive	6	Yes	
Mr. Ninad G. Kamat****	09611972	Independent & Non-Executive	5	Yes	-
Mr. Cedric Lobo****	09124746	Non Independent & Executive	6	Yes	

<sup>\*</sup>ceased to be a Director w.e.f. close of business hours on May 22, 2024, due to end of tenure as Independent Director.

<sup>\*\*</sup>ceased to be a Director w.e.f. close of business hours on March 31, 2025, due to end of tenure as Independent Director.

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>appointed as an Additional Director ( Non Executive & Independent) w.e.f. May 22, 2024 and thereafter her appointment was regularized in the Annual General Meeting held on August 20, 2024.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>appointed as an Additional Director ( Non Executive & Independent) w.e.f. June 01, 2024 and thereafter his appointment was regularized in the Annual General Meeting held on August 20, 2024.

<sup>\*\*\*\*\*</sup>appointed as an Additional Director (Executive & Non Independent) w.e.f. June 01, 2024 and thereafter his appointment was regularized in the Annual General Meeting held on August 20, 2024.



# Other Directorships:-

Directorship in Listed Entities other than GKB Ophthalmics Limited and the category of directorship as on March 31, 2025, is as follows:

Name of the Director	Name of the other Listed Companies in which Directors of the Company are Directors	Category
Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri	De Nora India Limited	Non- Executive Independent Director
Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri	The Southern Gas Limited	Non- Executive Independent Director
Mr. Ninad G. Kamat	The Southern Gas Limited	Non- Executive Independent Director

The number of directorships of the Board, memberships/chairmanships of the Committees for each director of the Company is as follows as on March 31, 2025:

Name	Directorship #	Committee positions		
Name	Directorship #	Member **	Chair-person	
Mr. K.G. Gupta	2	0	0	
Mr. Vikram Gupta	1	1	0	
Mr. Anil Palekar	-	-	12	
Mrs. Shashi K. Katreddi	2	1	2	
Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri	3	1	5	
Mrs. Sandhya Ajit Kamat	2	2	0	
Mr. Ninad G. Kamat	2	3	0	
Mr. Cedric Lobo	2	2	0	

<sup>#</sup>Excludes directorships in private limited companies, foreign companies and companies registered under Section 8 of the Companies Act. Directorship includes in GKB Ophthalmics Limited, Chairmanship and membership of the Audit Committee and the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee, alone has been considered, as per Regulation 26(1) of Listing Regulations.

# b) Number of Board Meetings held and dates on which held.

Seven Board Meetings were held during the year under review. They were held on May 30, 2024, August 13, 2024, August 13, 2024, December 28, 2024, January 03, 2025 and February 13, 2025.

The maximum gap between two Board Meetings held during the year was not more than 120 days.

#### c) Disclosure of relationships between directors inter-se.

Mr. K. G. Gupta is the father of Mr. Vikram Gupta. None of the other Directors have any relationship inter-se.

#### d) Independent Directors.

Independent Directors' appointment by the Company fulfills the conditions of independence as per Regulation 25 of Listing Regulations and provisions of Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013.

Appointment of Independent Directors is formalized by issuing Letter of Appointment setting out terms and conditions of appointment in the manner as required under Regulation 46(2)(b) of the Listing Regulations and Section 149(8) of the Companies Act, 2013 and the same is placed on website of your Company, <a href="https://www.gkb.net">www.gkb.net</a>.

<sup>##</sup> Membership excludes chairmanship.

As per Regulation 25 of Listing Regulations, the Independent Directors shall hold at least one meeting in a year without the presence of non- independent directors and members of the management. The yearly meeting of the Independent Directors for the financial year 2024-25, was held on March 27, 2025. The Independent Directors reviewed the performance of the Non-Independent, Non-Executive Directors, Chairman of the Company and performance of the Board as a whole for the financial year 2024-25. The Chairperson of the meeting was Mrs. Shashi Katreddi. The meeting was attended by all the Independent Directors except for Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri who had informed his inability to attend the meeting due to a family emergency.

# e) Familiarization programmes imparted to Independent Directors.

Whenever new Non-Executive and Independent Directors are inducted in the Board, they are familiarized with organizational structure, business of the Company, constitution, Board procedures, risks, management strategy and products manufactured.

During the familiarization programme held on March 27, 2025, the Independent Directors were updated on the following topics through Power Point Presentations:

- a) Overview of Accounting Standards
- b) Compliance with Factories Act 1948 Health & Safety
- Understanding the Company's Product Profile Product Specification, Top selling and Premium range of Products.

Details of the familiarisation programme are also displayed on the website of the Company <a href="https://gkb.net/en/wp-content/uploads/Familiarisation-Programme-for-Independent-Director.pdf">www.gkb.net</a> and weblink thereto, <a href="https://gkb.net/en/wp-content/uploads/Familiarisation-Programme-for-Independent-Director.pdf">https://gkb.net/en/wp-content/uploads/Familiarisation-Programme-for-Independent-Director.pdf</a>

# Reasons for resignation of Independent Director before the expiry of tenure.

There were no resignations by Independent Directors of the Company during FY 2024-25.

### g) Core skills/expertise/competencies of the Directors.

Pursuant to provisions in sub-para 2(h) of Part C of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations given below is the list of core skills/expertise/competencies that the Company's Board has identified as particularly valuable to the effective oversight and functioning of the Company:

Name of the Director	Skills/expertise/Competence possessed		
Mr. K. G. Gupta	Corporate Management and Strategic Planning, Leadership Experience, Operational and technical skill with commercial knowledge.		
Mr. Vikram Gupta	Corporate Management and Strategic Planning, Leadership and Engineering Experience, Operational and technical skill with commercial knowledge.		
Mr. Anil Palekar	Financial and Accounting Expertise, Legal, Regulatory and Compliance skill, Business Planning experience.		
Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri	Company Secretarial matters, Corporate Laws, Corporate Finance, Share Department Functioning, Personnel, Property and General Administration		
Mrs. Shashi K. Katreddi	Administration, money management, business affairs, Regulatory and Compliance skill.		
Mrs. Sandhya A. Kamat	Commercial knowledge, software related technical skills, business management and General Administration		
Mr. Ninad G. Kamat	Over two decades of experience in handling legal matters in various Courts and before various Authorities.		
Mr. Cedric Lobo	Human Resource Management, and General Administration of a Listed Company.		

### 3. AUDIT COMMITTEE

The Audit Committee of the Company is constituted in line with the provisions of Regulation 18 of the Listing Regulations read with Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013. The terms of reference of the Audit Committee are as per the quidelines set out in Part C of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations.

# a) Brief description of terms of reference: -

- Oversight of the company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible.
- Recommending to the Board, the appointment, re-appointment and, if required, the replacement or removal of the statutory auditor and the fixation of audit fees.
- Reviewing with the management, the annual financial statement before submission to the board for approval.
- Reviewing with the management the quarterly financial statement before submission to the board for approval.
- Reviewing with the management the statement of uses/ application of funds raised through public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc., the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus/ notice and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter.
- 6. Reviewing and monitoring auditor's independence and performance and effectiveness of audit process.
- 7. Approval of any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties
- To look into reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors ,debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors.
- Evaluation of internal financial controls.
- Scrutiny of inter corporate loans and investments.
- Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, including the structure of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit, appointment, removal, performance and terms of remuneration of the chief internal auditor.
- Discussing with the internal auditor and senior management, significant internal audit findings and follow-up thereon.
- To review the whistle blower mechanism.
- Approval of appointment of Chief Financial Officer after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc., of the candidate.
- Reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from /investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crore or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans / advances / investments existing as on the date of coming into force of this provision.
- Consider and comment on rationale, cost-benefits and impact of schemes involving merger, demerger, amalgamation etc., on the Company and its shareholders.

# b) Composition, name of members and Chairperson:-

The Composition of the Audit Committee is in compliance with Regulation 18 of Listing Regulations. The Audit Committee comprised of three Non-Executive Independent Directors in the beginning of the year.

On May 22, 2024, Mr. Anil Palekar ceased to be the Independent Director due to completion of his tenure and accordingly the Committee was reconstituted through a Circular Resolution with Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri, Independent Director as the Chairman, Mrs. Shashi K. Katreddi and Mrs. Sandhya A. Kamat, Independent Directors as members of the Audit Committee.

Thereafter, in the Board Meeting held on May 30, 2024, the Committee was again reconstituted with Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri, Independent Director as the Chairman, Mrs. Shashi K. Katreddi, Independent Director, Mr. Ninad G. Kamat, Independent Director and Mr. Cedric Lobo, Executive Director as members of the Audit Committee with effect from June 01, 2024. Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri, Chairman of the Audit Committee was present at the 42nd Annual General Meeting of the Company held on August 20, 2024. All these Directors possess knowledge of Corporate Finance and Accounts. Ms. Pooja Bicholkar, Company Secretary, acts as the Secretary of the Committee.

The Managing Director, Internal Auditors, Statutory Auditors, Executives of Accounts and Finance Department are the permanent invitees to the Audit Committee meetings.

# Meetings and Attendance during the year.

Six meetings were held during the year, i.e., May 30, 2024, August 13, 2024, August 31, 2024, November 14, 2024, January 03, 2025 and February 13, 2025.

The names of the members of the Committee and their attendance are as follows:

Name	Category	Designation	No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Anil Palekar*	Independent & Non-Executive	Chairman	-
Mrs. Shashi K. Katreddi	Independent & Non-Executive	Member	5
Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri**	Independent & Non-Executive	Chairman/ Member	6
Sandhya A. Kamat***	Independent & Non-Executive	Member	1
Ninad G. Kamat****	Independent & Non-Executive	Member	4
Cedric Lobo*****	Non Independent & Executive	Member	5

<sup>\*</sup>ceased to be Chairman w.e.f. close of business hours on May 22, 2024, due to completion of tenure as Independent Director.

### 4. NOMINATION AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("NRC") of the Company is constituted in line with the provisions of Regulation 19(1) and (2) of the Listing Regulations read with Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013. The broad terms of reference of the NRC are as follows:

# a) Brief description of terms of reference.

- formulation of the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a director and recommend to the board of directors a policy relating to, the remuneration of the directors, key managerial personnel and other employees;
- (ii) formulation of criteria for evaluation of performance of independent directors and the board of directors;

<sup>\*\*</sup>appointed as Chairman w.e.f. close of business hours on May 22, 2024

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>appointed as a member w.e.f. close of business hours on May 22, 2024 and ceased to be a member w.e.f. close of business hours on May 30 2024.

<sup>\*\*\*\*</sup>appointed as a member w.e.f. June 01, 2024

<sup>\*\*\*\*\*</sup>appointed as a member w.e.f. June 01, 2024



- (iii) devising a policy on diversity of board of directors;
- (iv) identifying persons who are qualified to become directors and who may be appointed in senior management in accordance with the criteria laid down, and recommend to the board of directors their appointment and removal.
- (v) whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the independent director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of independent directors.
- (vi) recommend to the board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to senior management.

# b) Composition, name of members, Chairman, no. of meetings held and attendance.

The Composition of the Nomination and Remuneration Committee is in compliance with Regulation 19 of Listing Regulations. The Committee comprised of three Non-Executive Independent Directors and one Non Independent Non Executive Director in the beginning of the year.

On May 22, 2024, Mr. Anil Palekar ceased to be the Independent Director due to completion of his tenure as Independent Director and accordingly the Committee was reconstituted through a Circular Resolution with Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri, Independent Director as the Chairman, Mrs. Shashi Katreddi, Mrs. Sandhya A. Kamat, Independent Directors and Mr. Vikram Gupta, Promoter & Non Executive Director as members of the Committee.

Three Meetings of the Committee were held during the year i.e., on May 30, 2024, August 13, 2024 and February 13, 2025.

Name	Category	Designation	No. of Meetings attended
Mr. Anil Palekar*	Independent & Non-Executive	Chairman	-
Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri**	Independent & Non-Executive	Chairman/Member	3
Mr. Vikram Gupta	Promoter & Non- Executive	Member	-
Mrs. Shashi K. Katreddi	Independent & Non-Executive	Member	3
Mrs . Sandhya A. Kamat***	Independent & Non-Executive	Member	2

<sup>\*</sup>ceased to be Chairman of the Committee w.e.f. close of business hours on May 22, 2024, due to end of tenure as Independent Director.

### c) Performance Evaluation criteria for Independent Directors.

In terms of Regulation 17 (10) of Listing Regulations, the performance evaluation of Independent Directors was done by the entire Board (excluding the Director being evaluated). A detailed questionnaire was circulated to all the eligible Directors and written answers were received, on a confidential basis.

The criteria for performance evaluation included composition and structure, effectiveness of board processes, skill, diligence, independent judgement, contribution in the long-term strategic planning by the Independent Directors.

#### 5. STAKEHOLDERS' RELATIONSHIP COMMITTEE

This committee is constituted under Section 178(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 and in terms of Regulation 20 of Listing Regulations. The Committee considers and resolves the grievances of the security holders of the Company including complaints related to transfer of shares, non-receipt of Annual Report and non-receipt of declared dividends.

# a) Name of Non-Executive Director heading the committee.

Mrs. Shashi K. Katreddi, a Non - Executive Director, is the Chairperson of the Committee.

#### b) Name and designation of Compliance Officer.

Ms. Pooja Bicholkar Company Secretary

Tel: (0832) 6714444 E-mail: pooja.bicholkar@qkb.net

<sup>\*\*</sup>appointed as Chairman of the Committee w.e.f. close of business hours on May 22, 2024

<sup>\*\*\*</sup>appointed as a member of the Committee w.e.f. close of business hours on May 22,2024

# No. of Meetings held and Attendance during the year.

As per Regulation 20 of Listing Regulations, the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee shall meet at least once in a year. The yearly meeting of the Stakeholders' Relationship Committee for the financial year 2024-25, was held on March 27, 2025.

The names of the members of the Committee and their attendance are as follows:

Name	Category	Designation	No. of Meetings attended
Mrs. Shashi K. Katreddi	Independent & Non-Executive	Chairperson	1
Mr. Vikram Gupta	Promoter & Non-Executive	Member	0
Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri	Independent & Non-Executive	Member	0
Mrs. Sandhya A. Kamat*	Independent & Non-Executive	Member	1

appointed as a member of the Committee w.e.f. close of business hours on May 22, 2024

# a) Details of Shareholders' complaints:

Status of the complaints during the year under review:-

No. of shareholders' complaints at the beginning of the year	0
No. of shareholders' complaints received during the year	0
No. of shareholders' complaints resolved during the year	0
No. of shareholders' complaints not resolved to the satisfaction of shareholders during the year	0
No. of pending complaints as on March 31, 2025	0

# 5 A Risk Management Committee:

The provisions of the regulation relating to composition of a Risk Management Committee are not applicable to the Company.

# 5B Senior Management

Particulars of Senior Management including the changes therein since the close of the previous financial year.

Sr. No.	Name	Designation	Remarks
1.	Mr. Gurudas Sawant	Chief Financial Officer	No change
2.	Ms. Pooja Bicholkar	Company Secretary	No change

Mr. Cedric Lobo who was previously a part of the Senior Management of the Company has been appointed as an Executive Director w.e.f. June 01, 2024.

#### Remuneration of Directors

The Company has a Remuneration Policy for Directors, KMP and others in accordance with the provisions of the Act and the Listing Regulations. For details on Remuneration Policy for Directors, KMP and others, kindly refer to the Board's Report and the website of the Company <a href="https://gkb.net/en/wp-content/uploads/Accounts/Nomination and Remuneration Policy.pdf">https://gkb.net/en/wp-content/uploads/Accounts/Nomination and Remuneration Policy.pdf</a>



# REMUNERATION POLICY FOR MANAGING DIRECTOR/ WHOLE TIME DIRECTOR/ KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL.

# 1) Remuneration to Managing Director / Whole Time Director or Manager:

The NRC shall make recommendations to the Board of Directors regarding the remuneration and perquisites payable to the Managing Director, Whole Time Director or Manager.

The remuneration and perquisites payable to the Managing Director, Whole Time Director or Manager shall be governed by the provisions of Section 197 and Schedule V and other applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and rules in force, subject to the approval of the members by way of a suitable resolution at the General Meeting of the Company.

# Remuneration to Non-Executive / Independent Directors:

a) The Non-Executive / Independent Directors may receive sitting fees and such other remuneration as permissible under the provisions of Companies Act, 2013. The amount of sitting fees shall be such as may be recommended by the NRC and approved by the Board of Directors. Provided that the amount of such fees shall not exceed Rupees one lakh per meeting of the Board or Committee thereof. For Independent Directors and Woman Directors, the sitting fees shall not be less than sitting fees paid to other Directors. The Company also reimburses the travelling expenses incurred by the Directors, for attending the meetings.

# Details of remuneration paid to all the Directors.

The Non-Executive Directors are paid sitting fees for attending the Board and Committee Meetings and the payment is based on the number of meetings attended by them. Non – Executive Directors have not been paid any other fees or compensation.

Remuneration paid to Managing Director, Executive Director and sitting fees paid to Non-Executive Directors during the year 2024-25 are as under:

(Amount in Rs)

Name of the Director	Basic Salary	Benefits Perquisites Allowances	Post employment benefit	Sitting fees	Total
Mr. K.G. Gupta	43,20,000*	6,66,319	5,18,400		55,04,719
Mr. Vikram Gupta	- Alfred			10,000	10,000
Mr. Anil Palekar	-	_	<b>→</b> 27	-	_
Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri	_	-	-	1,60,000	1,60,000
Mrs. Shashi K. Katreddi	-	-	—5°	1,60,000	1,60,000
Mrs. Sandhya A. Kamat	_			1,10,000	1,10,000
Mr. Ninad G. Kamat		-		1,00,000	1,00,000
Mr. Cedric Lobo**	8,59,850		73,485		9,33,335

<sup>\*</sup> fixed component.

Minimum Remuneration paid to the Managing Director and Executive Director. No commission or bonus or incentive pay was paid during the year 2024-25, as the Company did not make profit.

Mr. K. G. Gupta- Service Contract : April 01, 2024 to March 31, 2027

Notice Period : 3 months Severance fee : Not applicable

<sup>\*\*</sup> includes remuneration paid w.e.f. the date of appointment as Executive Director.



Mr. Cedric Lobo- Service Contract : June 01, 2024 to May 31, 2026

Notice Period : 3 months Severance fee : Not applicable

The Company does not have any Employee Stock Option Scheme.

### 7. CODE OF CONDUCT FOR PREVENTION OF INSIDER TRADING

The Company has formulated and adopted the 'Code of Practices and Procedures for Fair Disclosure of Unpublished Price Sensitive Information' and 'Code of Conduct for Prohibition of Insider Trading' for its designated employees in terms of SEBI (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015. The Code lays down the procedures to be followed and disclosures to be made by designated employees while dealing with shares of the Company.

The Company has appointed Ms. Pooja Bicholkar, Company Secretary, as the Compliance Officer under the Code.

# 8. GENERAL BODY MEETINGS

Financial Year	Date & Time	Location	Special Resolutions passed
2021-22	September 29, 2022 11.00 A.M.		<ul> <li>a) Re-appointment of Mr. Subhash Redkar (DIN No. 08515642)</li> <li>as a Whole Time Director of the Company.</li> </ul>
2022-23	September 14, 2023, 11.00 A.M	Video conference /	a) Re-appointment of Mr. K.G. Gupta as Chairman and Managing Director of the Company.     b) Appointment of Mr. Purushottam S. Mantri (DIN: 06785989) as a Director and as an Independent Director.
2023-24	August 20, 2024 11.00 A.M.	Other Audio Visual Means	a) Appointment of Mrs. Sandhya Ajit Kamat (DIN: 10591664) as a Director and as an Independent Director on the Board of the Company. b) Appointment of Mr. Ninad G. Kamat (DIN: 09611972) as a Director and as an Independent Director on the Board of the Company. c) Appointment of Mr. Cedric Lobo (DIN:09124746) as Executive, Non Independent, Whole Time Director of the Company.

All resolutions moved at the last AGM were passed by the requisite majority of Members.

There were no resolutions passed by Postal Ballot by the Company during the year under review.

# MEANS OF COMMUNICATION

All important information relating to the Company, its financial performance, shareholding pattern, quarterly results, other information as per the Listing Regulations are regularly posted on Company's website, <a href="www.gkb.net">www.gkb.net</a>. The quarterly, half-yearly and annual financial results of the Company are published in newspapers such as Financial Express -English Daily and Pudhari -Marathi Daily. These results are also available on the website of the Company and BSE Limited. No presentations have been made to institutional investors/analysts during the financial year.



# 10. GENERAL SHAREHOLDER INFORMATION

i.	43" Annual General Meeting Date Time Venue	****	August 21, 2025 11.00 A.M. In continuation to the Ministry of Corporate Affairs'(MCA) General Circular No. 20/ 2020 dated 05.05.2020, General Circular No. 02/ 2022 dated 05.05.2022 and General Circular No. 10/ 2022 dated 28.12.2022 and after due examination, MCA vide Circular No. 09/2024 dated September 19, 2024 has decided to allow companies whose AGMs are due in the Year 2024 or 2025, to conduct their AGMs through VC or OAVM on or before 30th September 2025 in accordance with the requirements laid down in Para 3 and Para 4 of the General Circular No. 20/2020 dated 05.05.2020.
B.	Financial Year		The financial year of the Company is from April 1st to March 31st.
iii.	Date of Book closure	:	Book Closure is from Friday, August 15, 2025 till Thursday, August 21, 2025 (both days inclusive).
iv.	Dividend payment date	1:1	No dividend is proposed
v.	Listing on Stock Exchanges Fees	** **	BSE Ltd. (Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd.) 25th Floor, Phiroze Jeejubhoy Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400 001 Phone: 91-22-227 21233/4 Fax: 91-22-22721919  Annual Listing fees have been paid to Bombay Stock Exchange Ltd., for
			the year 2025-26.
VI	Stock Code : BSE ISIN NUMBER	::	533212 INE 265 D01015

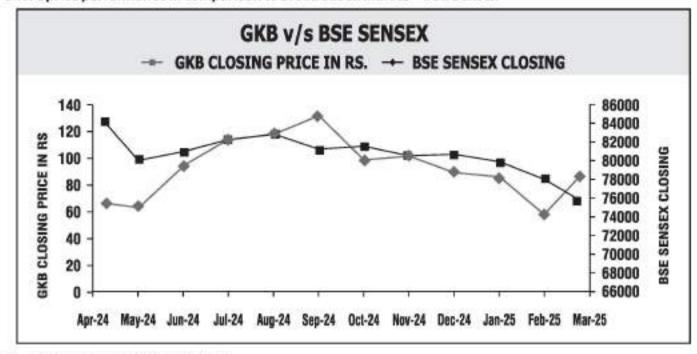
# vii. Market Price Data

High, Low during each month in the last financial year

in Rs.

Maria Maria	BSE Equity Shares		
Months			
	High	Low	
April, 2024	136.4	86.6	
May, 2024	124.7	91.05	
June,2024	105	85.5	
July, 2024	125	98.6	
August, 2024	131.75	104	
September, 2024	123.9	101.25	
October, 2024	112	94.15	
November, 2024	109	94.15	
December, 2024	112.45	94.5	
January, 2025	100.99	86.25	
February, 2025	96.8	75	
March, 2025	83.4	59	

# Share price performance in comparison to broad based indices - BSE Sensex



# viii Share Registrars & Transfer Agent

MUFG Intime India Private Limited.,\*
C 101, 247 Park, L B S Marg, Vikhroli (West),
Mumbai 400 083

Phone: +91 022-49186000 Fax : Email: <u>mt.helpdesk@in.mpms.mufg.com</u> Web

Fax: +91 022-49186060 Web: www.in.mpms.mufg.com

### ix. Share Transfer System

The Company has retained MUFG Intime India Private Limited, Mumbai, formerly known as Link Intime India Private Limited to carry out the transfer related activities. Authorised Personnel are approving the transfer on periodical basis. All valid transfers are effected within stipulated time.

The Company conducts a Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit on a quarterly basis in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) requirements. The audit reports for the financial year under review have been filed with the stock exchanges within one month of the end of each quarter.

<sup>\*</sup> The Registrar and Share Transfer Agent (RTA) has changed its name from "Link Intime India Private Limited" to "MUFG Intime India Private Limited" with effect from December 31, 2024. Accordingly, the changed email and the website address of the RTA is mentioned above.



# x. Distribution of Shareholding

The distribution of shareholding as on March 31, 2025, is as under:

Range			Shareholders		Total shares	
		111000000	Number	% to Total Nos	No. of shares	% to Total shares
Upto		5,000	2537	97.92	775392	15.38
5,001	to	10,000	17	0.66	124621	2.47
10,001	to	20,000	9	0.35	131106	2.60
20,001	to	30,000	5	0.19	107183	2.13
30,001	to	40,000	1	0.04	33550	0.67
40,001	to	50,000	0	0.00	0	0.00
50,001	to	60,000	1	0.04	50001	0.99
60,001	to	70,000	5	0.19	315095	6.25
70,001	to	80,000	3	0.12	221114	4.39
80,001	to	90,000	1	0.04	90000	1.79
90,001	to	1,00,000	1	0.04	100000	1.98
1,00,001	and	above	11	0.42	3092518	61.35
	Tota		2591	100.00	5040580	100.00

# xi. The categories of shareholding as on March 31, 2025, are as under:

Sr. No	Category	No of Shares held	Percentage (%)
1	Promoters	2570011	50.99
2	Banks, Financial Institutions & Insurance Companies	0	0
3	Other body corporate & LLP	216878	4.30
4	Public	1883396	37.36
5	Hindu Undivided Family (HUF)	70134	1.39
6	Foreign Company / Overseas Body Corporate	200000	3.97
7	Key Managerial Personnel	2665	0.05
8	Non Resident Indians	5780	0.11
9	Non Resident ( Non Repatriable)	1715	0.03
10	Body Corporate - Limited Liability Partnership	1	
11	NBFCS Registered with RBI	0	0
12	FPI Category II - Corp	90000	1.79
	Total	5040580	100

# xii. Dematerialization of shares and liquidity:

99% of the Company's equity shares are held in dematerialised form and the shares are traded on the BSE Ltd. With effect from April 01, 2019, SEBI has disallowed the transfer of equity shares in physical form. Shareholders have the option of holding shares in physical form even after April 01, 2019. However, those shareholders who are desirous of transferring shares (which are held in physical form) after April 01, 2019 can do so only after the shares are dematerialized. This is not applicable for demat of shares, transmission (i.e. transfer of title of shares by way of inheritance / succession) and transposition (i.e. re-arrangement / interchanging of the order of name of shareholders) cases. In view of the above, shareholders still holding shares in physical form are requested to dematerialise their shares at the earliest. For further information / clarification / assistance in this regard, please contact MUFG Intime India Private Limited., Registrar and Share Transfer Agent.



# Outstanding GDRs / ADRs / Warrants or any Convertible Instruments, conversion date and likely impact on equity

The Company has not issued any GDRs and ADRs. There are no outstanding warrants or any convertible instruments.

# xiv. Commodity price risks or foreign exchange risks and hedging activities

The Company manages commodity and foreign exchange risk as per its policies. To control and minimize foreign exchange risk, the Company has documented Forex Policy, according to which currency forecast is received from various banks on regular basis.

#### xv. Address for correspondence and Plant Locations:

# Address for correspondence:

GKB Ophthalmics Limited 16-A, Tivim Industrial Estate. Mapusa – Goa 403 526

Phone: +918326714444

Email: gkbophthalmics@gkb.net

#### Plant Locations:

Unit I - 16-A Unit II - D2-14, 18 & 19 Unit III - 16-C & 16-D Tivim Industrial Estate Mapusa, Goa – 403 526

# xvi. Credit Rating

CRISIL Limited – Credit Rating agency, vide its letter dated April 09,2025, has reaffirmed the Credit rating of "CRISIL D (Reaffirmed)" for Long-Term Bank facilities and "CRISIL D (Reaffirmed)" for Short-Term Bank facilities availed by the Company.

#### 11. OTHER DISCLOSURES

#### a) Related Party Transactions.

All transactions entered into with related parties pursuant to Section 188 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 23 of Listing Regulations, during the Financial Year 2024-25, were at arm's length price basis and in ordinary course of business. These transactions have been approved by the Audit Committee.

The Company has formulated a policy on materiality of related party transactions and on dealing with related party transactions in terms of Regulation 23(1) of Listing Regulations. The Board of Directors of the Company has approved and adopted a policy on related party transactions and the same has been uploaded on Company's website <a href="https://gkb.net/en/wp-content/uploads/Related-Party-Transactions-Policy.pdf">https://gkb.net/en/wp-content/uploads/Related-Party-Transactions-Policy.pdf</a>

The Company has not entered into any transactions of material nature with the related parties viz. its promoters, the directors or the management or their subsidiaries or relatives during the year that have potential conflicts with the interest of the Company.

During the year under review the Company has availed unsecured loans of Rs. 3.00 Crores and Rs. 5.00 Crores from the Promoter and Managing Director of the Company and its Subsidiary Company, GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited, respectively and the same is ensured to be at arm's length basis and does not have any conflict with the interest of the Company.

Related party transactions have been disclosed in Note to accounts to the Standalone Financial Statements. A statement in summary form of transactions with related parties in the ordinary course of business and arm's length basis is periodically placed before the Audit Committee for its review.



b) Statutory Compliance.

There have been no penalties or strictures imposed on the Company by Stock Exchange or SEBI or any statutory authority, on any matter related to capital markets, during the last three years.

Establishment of Vigil Mechanism

The Company has in place a Vigil Mechanism. It provides a channel to the employees to report to the management concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the code of conduct policy. It provides for adequate safeguards against victimization of employees to avail of the mechanism and also provides for direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee in exceptional cases. None of the personnel of the Company has been denied access to the Audit Committee. The Whistle Blower Policy of the Company has been posted on the website of the Company.

- d) Compliance with mandatory requirements:
  - i) A certificate from the Chief Executive Officer/Managing Director and Chief Financial Officer on the financial statements of the Company was placed before the Board in terms of Regulation 17(8) as specified in Part B of Schedule II of Listing Regulations. All other mandatory requirements have been duly complied with, to the extent applicable.
  - The Company has partially adopted the non-mandatory requirements.
- The policy for determining material subsidiaries is disclosed on Company's website. The web link for the same is https://gkb.net/en/wp-content/uploads/Policy-for-Determining-Material-Subsidiary.pdf
- f) The policy on dealing with related party transactions is available on Company's website. The web link is https://gkb.net/en/wp-content/uploads/Accounts/Related party transactions policy.pdf
- Details of utilization of funds raised through preferential allotment or qualified institutions placement as specified under Regulation 32(7A) of Listing Regulations.

The Company had raised funds through preferential allotment during the Financial year 2018-19 and 2019-20. The utilization / status of funds raised from the preferential issue as at March 31, 2025, is as follows:

Rs. in Lakhs

Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Towards funding growth plans - Organic and Inorganic	1,170.00	1,170.00
Towards scaling up of operations, long term capital requirements and other general corporate purposes - Organic	342.25	335.05
Total Funds Utilised (A)	1,512.27	1,505.05
Unutilised amount lying in Escrow account (B)		7.22
Total Funds Raised (A+B)	1,512.27	1,512.27

h) Certificate from PCS under sub-para 10(i) of Part C of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations

A Certificate has been received from Ms. Girija Nagvekar, Practicing Company Secretary, under sub-para 10(i),
Part C of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations, which is annexed to this report as **Annexure V**, which is self explanatory.

Confirmation by the Board of Directors' acceptance of recommendation of mandatory committees

In terms of the amended Listing Regulations, the Board of Directors of the Company, confirm that during the year under review, it has accepted all recommendations received from its mandatory committees.



Details of total fees paid to the Statutory Auditors of the Company

The details of the total fees paid to M/s. MSKA & Associates, Chartered Accountants, Statutory Auditors of the Company, during the Financial Year ended 31st March 2025, is given below:

Sr. No.	Description of fees paid	Amount (Rs. in lakhs)
1	Statutory Audit fees	7.50
2	Fees paid for Tax Audit	2.35
3	Other Services	5.40
4	Reimbursement of expenses	0.65
	Total	15.90

b) Disclosures under the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013

During the year under review, no complaints have been received under Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act., 2013.

No. of complaints filed during the financial year	0
No. of complaints disposed of during the financial year	0
No. of complaints pending as on March 31, 2025	0

Disclosure by listed entity and its subsidiaries of 'Loans and advances in the nature of loans to firms/companies in which directors are interested by name and amount':

GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited, Subsidiary of GKB Ophthalmics Limited has provided an unsecured Loan of Rs. 5.00 Crores to the Holding Company, GKB Ophthalmics Limited wherein Mr. K.G. Gupta is interested and holds the position of Director in both the Companies.

 Details of material subsidiaries of the listed entity; including the date and place of incorporation and the name and date of appointment of the statutory auditors of such subsidiaries.

Details of material subsidiaries	Date of incorporation	Place of incorporation	Name of the statutory auditors	Date of appointment of the statutory auditors
GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE	February 29, 2004	Sharjah UAE	Ext Auditing	May 12, 2019
Lensco – The Lens Company	December 07, 1989	New Jersey, USA	Not Applicable as per New Jersey Laws	
GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited	October 05, 2018	Mapusa - Goa	M/s YPK & Associates	September 30, 2024

# 12. NON-COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

The Company has complied with all the requirements of the Corporate Governance Report of sub paras (2) to (10) of Part C, Schedule V of Listing Regulations.

# 13. ADOPTION OF NON-MANDATORY REQUIREMENTS AS SPECIFIED IN PART E OF SCHEDULE II OF SEBI (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS REGULATIONS, 2015.

The Auditors have expressed an unmodified opinion on the Financial Statements.



- b) Pursuant to Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, the Company has re-appointed RRK & Co. Chartered Accountants as the Internal Auditors. The Internal Auditors' Report is placed before the Audit Committee periodically for its review.
- Other non-mandatory requirements shall be adopted as and when considered appropriate.

# 14. DETAILS OF COMPLIANCE WITH CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REQUIREMENTS

The Company has complied with the applicable corporate governance requirements as stipulated in Regulation 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of the Listing Regulations.

# 15. CERTIFICATE ON CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

As required by the Listing Regulations, the Compliance Certificate from the Practicing Company Secretary regarding compliance of conditions of corporate governance, is annexed herewith.

#### 16. RISK MANAGEMENT:

Regulation 21 of the Listing Regulations, 2015, is not applicable to the Company.

#### 17. COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE FROM CEO& CFO

The Executive Director and CFO have certified to the Board in accordance with Regulation 17(8) read with Part B of Schedule II of the Listing Regulations pertaining to CEO & CFO certification for the Financial Year ended March 31, 2025.

# 18. DISCLOSURE WITH RESPECT TO DEMAT SUSPENSE ACCOUNT/UNCLAIMED SUSPENSE ACCOUNT AS REQUIRED

Nil

### 19. TRANSFER OF UNCLAIMED / UNPAID AMOUNT TO INVESTOR EDUCATION AND PROTECTION FUND

During the year, there were no amounts transferred from unclaimed dividend account to Investor Education and Protection Fund.

# 20. CODE OF CONDUCT

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for Board of Directors and Senior Management (the Code). The Code has been communicated to the Directors and the members of Senior Management. The Code has also been posted on the Company's website at <a href="https://www.gkb.net">www.gkb.net</a>. All Board members and senior management have confirmed compliance with the Code for the year ended March 31, 2025. A certificate from Mr. K.G. Gupta, Managing Director, to this effect, is given below.

# DECLARATION

As required under Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, the Board Members and the Senior Management Personnel have confirmed compliance with the Code of Conduct for the Board of Directors and the Senior Management for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Place: Mapusa - Goa Date: May 30, 2025 Mr. K. G. Gupta Managing Director DIN:00051863

#### ANNEXURE V

# CERTIFICATE OF NON-DISQUALIFICATION OF DIRECTORS

(pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

To

The Members, GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED 16A TIVIM INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, MAPUSA – GOA 403526

Dear Sirs,

I have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of **GKB**OPHTHALMICS LIMITED having CIN L26109GA1981PLC000469 and having registered office at 16A TIVIM
INDUSTRIAL ESTATE, MAPUSA – GOA 403526 and (hereinafter referred to as the Company), produced before me by the
Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para-C Sub
clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements)
Regulations, 2015.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal (<a href="www.mca.gov.in">www.mca.gov.in</a>) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to me by the Company & its officers, I hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below in Table A for the Financial Year ending on 31 March, 2025 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of Companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No	Name of the Directors	Director Identification Number (DIN )	Date of appointment in Company
01	Mr. KRISHNA GOPAL GUPTA	00051863	10-12-1981
02	Mr. VIKRAM GUPTA	00052019	24-07-1996
03	Mrs. SHASHI K. KATREDDI *	07139250 *	31-03-2015
04	Mr. ANIL V PALEKAR **	01987078 **	26-05-2010
05	Mr. PURUSHOTTAM SITARAM MANTRI	06785989	20-06-2023
06	Mrs. SANDHYA AJIT KAMAT	10591664	22-05-2024
07	Mr. NINAD GURUDAS KAMAT	09611972	01-06-2024
08	Mr. CEDRIC LOBO	09124746	01-06-2024

#### Note:

(i) \* retired with effect from 31-03-2025

(ii) \*\* retired with effect from 22-05-2024

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

CS Girija G. Nagvekar Practising Company Secretary FCS:10358 / COP: 10335 Peer Review Cer. No.2001/2022 UDIN No. F010358G000517370

Date: 30-05-2025 Place: Panaji Goa



# COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATE FROM PRACTISING COMPANY SECRETARY ON COMPLIANCE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE

To The Members GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED

I have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by **GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED (CIN L26109GA1981PLC000469)** for the year ended **31" March, 2025**, as stipulated in the SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE BOARD OF INDIA (LISTING OBLIGATIONS AND DISCLOSURE REQUIREMENTS) Regulations, 2015 (the "Listing Regulations").

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. My examination has been limited to a review of the procedures and implementation thereof adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance as stipulated in the said Listing Regulations. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.

In my opinion and to the best of my information and according to the explanations given to me, and based on the representations made by the Directors and the Management, I certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in the Listing Regulations.

I further state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

CS Girija G. Nagvekar Practising Company Secretary FCS:10358 / COP: 10335 UDIN No. F010358G000517381 Peer Review Cer. No.2001/2022

Date: 30-05-2025 Place: Panaii Goa



# CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER (CEO) AND CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER (CFO) CERTIFICATION

We, Mr. K.G. Gupta, Managing Director and Mr. Gurudas Sawant, Chief Financial Officer of GKB Ophthalmics Limited ("the Company") hereby certify that:

- We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement of GKB Ophthalmics Limited for the year ended March 31, 2025 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief, we state that;
  - These statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that may be misleading.
  - These statements present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- (B) There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the year which are fraudulent, illegal or violative of the Company's code of conduct.
- (C) We accept responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting and we have disclosed to the Auditors and the Audit Committee, deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls, if any, of which they are aware and the steps taken or proposed to be taken to rectify these deficiencies.
- (D) We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit Committee:
  - Significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements;
  - (2) Significant changes in accounting policies during the year and that the same have been disclosed in the notes to the financial statements; and
  - (3) Instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware and the involvement therein, if any, of the management or an employee having a significant role in the Company's internal control system over financial reporting.

Mr. K.G.Gupta Managing Director DIN: 00051863

Place: Mapusa - Goa Date: May 30, 2025 Mr. Gurudas Sawant Chief Financial Officer

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of GKB Ophthalmics Limited

#### Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying standalone financial statements of GKB Ophthalmics Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, and the Statement of Profit and Loss, including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the standalone financial statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "standalone financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2025, and loss (including other comprehensive income), changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the standalone financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the 'Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements' section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI") together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the standalone financial statements under the provisions of the Act and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the standalone financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

# 1. Contingent Liabilities & Provisions

Refer Note 40 to the accompanying Standalone Financial Statements

The Company has received certain claims from the government authorities, which are disputed, with respect to demands and penalty for Excise duty, Sales Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Entry Tax and Income tax. These involve a high degree of judgement to determine probable, possible or a reliable estimate and outcome relating to the timing and the amount of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits which are also subject to estimation uncertainty since they are currently under dispute.

Also, the amount of the claims disputed above are material to the financial position and cash flows of the Company.

Accordingly, we have considered it as a KAM.



Our audit procedures, in respect of this matter included but not limited to following:

- Obtained a detailed understanding of the managements process for determining statutory liabilities, provisions and contingent liabilities pertaining to claims or disputes.
- Verified the design and operating effectiveness of the Company's key controls over the estimation, monitoring and disclosure of provisions and contingent liabilities.
- c. Made corroborative inquiries with appropriate level of the management personnel including status update, expectation of outcomes with the basis, and the future course of action contemplated by the Company.
- d. Obtained the understanding of the matters involved by reading the correspondences, communications, minutes of the Audit Committee and/or the Board meetings and discussions with the appropriate Management personnel.
- Obtained direct confirmation letters from external legal counsels and reviewed them to assess the likelihood of outcome, for the purposes of provisioning.
- f. Involved our tax experts ("auditor's expert") to evaluate the key assumptions in estimating the tax provisions and assessed the possible outcome of the assessment / demands of the disputed claims.
- g. Evaluated the evidence supporting the judgement of the management about possible outcomes and the reasonableness of the assumptions and estimates, used in measuring the probable or possible impact.
- h. Evaluated appropriateness and adequacy of the disclosures of the contingent liability made in the standalone financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 37 - 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Asset' and Ind AS 12 - 'Income Taxes'.

# Information Other than the Standalone Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Director's report including Annexures to the Director's Report but does not include the standalone financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the standalone financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the standalone financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the standalone financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the standalone financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the standalone financial statements, the Management and Board of Directors are responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors is also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the standalone financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these standalone financial statements.

We give in "Annexure A" a detailed description of Auditor's responsibilities for Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2020 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Act, we give in "Annexure B" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable.
- 2. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit.
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books, except:
  - -for the matters stated in the paragraph 2(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(q), and
  - -for the records maintained by the payroll processing and inventory management software, wherein the electronic back up of books and accounts have not been maintained on a daily basis.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors are disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.



- (f) The reservation relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph 2(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 2(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g).
- (g) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure C".
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its standalone financial statements – Refer Note 40 to the standalone financial statements;
- The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.
- iv. 1) The Management has represented that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Company to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities ("Intermediaries"), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, that the Intermediary shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Company ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - 2) The Management has represented, that, to the best of its knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Company from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Parties), with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, as on the date of this audit report, that the Company shall, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - 3) Based on the audit procedures performed that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances, and according to the information and explanations provided to us by the Management in this regard nothing has come to our notice that has caused us to believe that the representations under subclause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) as provided under (1) and (2) above, contain any material mis-statement.
- v. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.
- vi. Based on our examination, which included test checks, the Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Further, during the course of our audit, we did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail of prior year has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention to the extent it was enabled and recorded in the previous years as explained in Note 65 to the financial statements.



Further, the Company has used two other accounting softwares for maintaining its books of account for processing of payroll transactions and inventory records respectively during the year ended March 31, 2025. Based on our examination, the two accounting softwares did not have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility.

In our opinion, according to information, explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors is within the limits laid prescribed under Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act and the rules thereunder.

For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

## Nitin Manohar Jumani

Partner

Membership No. 111700 UDIN: 25111700BMKSHG3928

Place: Pune

Date: May 30, 2025



## ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

## Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the standalone financial statements, whether due to fraud or
  error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and
  appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is
  higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate
  in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether
  the company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements in place and the
  operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management and Board of Director's use of the going concern basis of accounting
  and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may
  cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty
  exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the standalone financial
  statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence
  obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to
  continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the standalone financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the standalone financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a
  manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 and are therefore, the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

## Nitin Manohar Jumani

Partner

Membership No. 111700 UDIN: 25111700BMKSHG3928

Place: Pune

Date: May 30, 2025



# ANNEXURE B TO INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2025

[Referred to in paragraph 1 under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report]

- (a) A The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of property, plant and equipment.
- (a) B The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars of intangible assets.
- Property, Plant and Equipment have been physically verified by the management during the year and no material discrepancies were identified on such verification.
- (c) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our examination of the records of the Company, the title deeds of immovable properties (other than properties where the Company is the lessee and the lease agreements are duly executed in favour of the lessee) as disclosed in the standalone financial statements, are held in the name of the Company.
- (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not revalued its property, plant
  and Equipment and intangible assets during the year. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(i)(d) of
  the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (e) According to the information and explanations given to us, no proceeding has been initiated or pending against the Company for holding benami property under the Benami Transactions (Prohibition) Act, 1988, as amended and rules made thereunder. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(i)(e) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- ii. (a) The inventory has been physically verified during the year by the management. In our opinion, the frequency of verification, coverage and procedure of such verification is reasonable and appropriate, having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its operations. The discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventory as compared to book records were not 10% or more in aggregate for each class of inventory.
- (b) The Company has been sanctioned working capital limits in excess of Rs. 5 crores rupees, in aggregate from Banks on the basis of security of current assets. Refer note 54 to the standalone financial statements.

Based on the records examined by us in the normal course of audit of the standalone financial statements, quarterly returns / statements filed with such Banks are not in agreement with the books of accounts of the Company. Details of the same are as below.

(Rs. In lakhs)

Quarter Ended	Particulars of securities	Amount as per books of accounts	Amount as per quarterly return/statement	Discrepancy (give details)
June 30, 2024	Raw materials	113.28	101.66	11.62
June 30, 2024	Stores and spares & packing material	111.96	115.00	(3.04)
June 30, 2024	Glass Moulds	742.26	915.59	(173.33)
June 30, 2024	WIP	38.35	35.51	2.84
June 30, 2024	Finished goods	215.76	207.22	8.54
June 30, 2024	Trade receivables	762.18	559.98	202.20
June 30, 2024	Trade payables	838.6	348.49	490.11
September 30, 2024	Raw materials	117.79	107.33	10.46
September 30, 2024	Stores and spares & packing material	106.08	106.44	(0.36)



Quarter Ended	Particulars of securities	Amount as per books of accounts	Amount as per quarterly return/statement	Discrepancy (give details)
September 30, 2024	Glass Moulds	736.23	928.30	(192.07)
September 30, 2024	WIP	23.67	21.67	2.00
September 30, 2024	Finished goods	276.74	265.13	11.61
September 30, 2024	Trade receivables	756.06	540.34	(215.72)
September 30, 2024	Trade Paybles	918.40	379.57	538.83
December 31, 2024	Raw material	156.25	144.87	11.38
December 31, 2024	Stores and spares & packing material	102.37	102.20	0.17
December 31, 2024	Glass moulds	723.69	941.40	(217.71)
December 31, 2024	WIP	31.62	31.97	(0.35)
December 31, 2024	Finished goods	283.00	304.75	(21.75)
December 31, 2024	Trade receivables	843.90	498.84	(345.06)
December 31, 2024	Trade payables	1,024.04	435.23	588.81
March 31, 2025	Raw materials	219.31	174.91	44.40
March 31, 2025	Stores and spares & packing material	96.00	94.89	1.11
March 31, 2025	Glass Moulds	709.12	942.58	(233.46)
March 31, 2025	WIP	31.95	31.78	0.17
March 31, 2025	Finished goods	260.91	260.49	0.42
March 31, 2025	Trade receivables	748.99	706.56	42.43
March 31, 2025	Trade payables	697.57	356.23	341.34

- According to the information and explanations provided to us, the Company has not made any investments in, or provided any guarantee or security, or granted any loans or advances in the nature of loans, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnerships or any other parties. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(iii) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- iv. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no loans, investments, guarantees, and security in respect of which provisions of sections 185 and 186 of the Act, are applicable and accordingly, the requirement to report under clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- v. According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has neither accepted any deposits from the public nor any amounts which are deemed to be deposits, within the meaning of the provisions of Sections 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under. Accordingly, the requirement to report under clause 3(iv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vi. The provisions of sub-Section (1) of Section 148 of the Act are not applicable to the Company as the Central Government of India has not specified the maintenance of cost records for any of the products/ services of the Company. Accordingly, the requirement to report on clause 3(vi) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- vii. (a) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, in our opinion, undisputed statutory dues including goods and services tax, provident fund, employees' state insurance, income-tax, duty of customs, cess and other statutory dues have not been regularly deposited by the Company with the appropriate authorities during the year and there have been serious delays in large number of cases.

There are no undisputed amounts payable in respect of such dues as at March 31, 2025, outstanding for a period of more than six months from the date they became payable.



 (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and the records examined by us, statutory dues as mentioned in vii(a) above which have not been deposited as on March 31, 2025, on account of any dispute, are as follows:

Name of the statute	Nature of dues	Amount Demanded (in Rs. lakhs)	Amount Paid (in Rs. lakhs)	Period to which the amount relates	Forum where the dispute is pending	Name of the statute
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax, Interest and Penalty	41.37	•	2012-13	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	Income Tax Act, 1961
Income Tax Act, 1961	Income Tax, Interest and Penalty	39.25	147	2013-14	Commissioner of Income Tax (Appeals)	Income Tax Act, 1961
The Central Excise Act, 1944	The Central Excise Act, 1944 Concessional Duty on DTA Sales not allowed	1,190.48	43.38	May-2009 to Sept-2015	Custom Excise and Service Tax Appellate Tribunal (CESTAT)	The Central Excise Act, 1944
The Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	Sales Tax, Interest and Penalty	111.71	(4)	2008-09	Additional Commissioner of Commercial Tax, Panaji	The Central Sales Tax Act, 1956
The Central Sales Tax Act, 1956	Sales Tax, Interest and Penalty	14.47	2.55	2016-17	Additional Commissioner of Commercial Tax, Panaji	The Central Sales Tax Act, 1956
Goa Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000	Entry Tax and Interest	28.62	5.33	2013-14	Additional Commissioner of Commercial Tax, Panaji	Goa Tax on Entry of Goods Act, 2000
Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992	Liability for violation of clause 31 (1) of SEBI LODR 2015	10.00	(17.3)	2021-22	Securities and Exchange Board of India	Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992
Goods and Service Tax (GST) Act	Incorrect determination of tax liability	8.09 1443.99	51.26	2019-20	The Commissioner (Appeals)-SGST	Goods and Service Tax (GST) Act
	I	1443.99	51.20		I	I

- viii. According to the information and explanations given to us, there are no transaction which are not recorded in the books of account which have been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year in Income-tax Assessment under the Income Tax Act, 1961. Accordingly, the requirement to report as stated under clause 3(viii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- ix. (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us and the records of the Company examined by us, the Company has not defaulted in repayment of loans or borrowings or in payment of interest thereon to any lender.



- (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of our audit procedures, we report
  that the Company has not been declared wilful defaulter by any bank or financial institution or government or
  any government authority.
- ix. (c) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations provided to us, money raised by way of term loans during the year have been applied for the purpose for which they were raised. Refer Note 20 to the standalone financial statements.
- ix. (d) According to the information and explanations given to us, and the procedures performed by us, and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that funds raised on short-term amounting to INR 404.26 lacs and INR 612.52 lacs respectively for current year and previous year, have been utilised for funding losses of the Company.
- ix. (e) According to the information and explanations given to us and on an overall examination of the standalone financial statements of the Company, we report that the Company has not taken any funds from an any entity or person on account of or to meet the obligations of its subsidiaries or associates.
- ix. (f) According to the information and explanations given to us and procedures performed by us, we report that the Company has not raised loans during the year on the pledge of securities held in its subsidiaries or associate companies. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(ix)(f) of the order is not applicable to the Company.
- (a) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company did not raise any
  money by way of initial public offer or further public offer (including debt instruments) during the year.
  Accordingly, the reporting requirement under clause 3(x)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- x. (b) According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or convertible debentures (fully, partly, or optionally convertible) during the year. Accordingly, the requirements to report under clause 3(x)(b) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (a) Based on our examination of the books and records of the Company and according to the information and explanations given to us, we report that no fraud by the Company or no fraud on the Company has been noticed or reported during the year in the course of our audit.
- xi. (b) During the year no report under Section 143(12) of the Act, has been filed by us in Form ADT-4 as prescribed under Rule 13 of Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014 with the Central Government.
- xi. (c) As represented to us by the Management, there are no whistle-blower complaints received by the Company during the year.
- The Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3(xii)(a) to (c) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xiii. According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, transactions with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of the Act, where applicable and details of such transactions have been disclosed in the standalone financial statements as required by the applicable accounting standards.
- xiv. (a) In our opinion and based on our examination, the Company has an internal audit system commensurate with the size and nature of its business.



- xiv. (b) We have considered the internal audit reports of the Company issued till the date of our audit report, for the period under audit.
- xv. According to the information and explanations given to us, and based on our examination of the records of the Company, in our opinion during the year the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with its directors or persons connected with its directors and accordingly, the requirement to report on on clause 3(xv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (a) The Company is not required to be registered under Section 45 IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (2 of 1934) and accordingly, the requirements to report under clause 3(xvi)(a) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (b) The Company is not engaged in any Non-Banking Financial or Housing Finance activities during the year and accordingly, the provisions stated under clause 3 (xvi)(b) of the Order are not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (c) The Company is not a Core investment Company (CIC) as defined in the regulations made by Reserve Bank of India. Accordingly, the requirement to report under clause 3 (xvi)(c) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvi. (d) The Group (as defined in the Core Investment Companies (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016) does not have any Core Investment Company (as part of its group. Accordingly, the requirement to report under clause 3(xvi)(d) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xvii. Based on the overall review of standalone financial statements, the Company has incurred cash losses in the current (Rs. In lakhs)

Particulars	March 31, 2025 (Current year)	March 31, 2024 (Previous Year)
Cash loss	(339.32)	(79.02)

- xviii. There has been no resignation of the statutory auditors during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xviii) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- xix. According to the information and explanations given to us and on the basis of the financial ratios (as disclosed in note 53 to the standalone financial statements), ageing and expected dates of realisation of financial assets and payment of financial liabilities, other information accompanying the standalone financial statements, our knowledge of the Board of Directors and management plans and based on our examination of the evidence supporting the assumptions, nothing has come to our attention, which causes us to believe that any material uncertainty exists as on the date of the audit report that Company is not capable of meeting its liabilities existing at the date of balance sheet as and when they fall due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date. We, however, state that this is not an assurance as to the future viability of the Company. We further state that our reporting is based on the facts up to the date of the audit report and we neither give any guarantee nor any assurance that all liabilities falling due within a period of one year from the balance sheet date, will get discharged by the Company as and when they fall due.



XX

According to the information and explanations given to us and based on our verification, provisions of Section 135 of the Act, are not applicable to the Company during the year. Accordingly, reporting under clause 3(xx) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.

For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

## Nitin Manohar Jumani

Partner

Membership No. 111700

UDIN: 25111700BMKSHG3928

Place: Pune

Date: May 30, 2025



# ANNEXURE C TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE STANDALONE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED

[Referred to in paragraph 2(g) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the Members of GKB Ophthalmics Limitedon the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025]

# Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls with reference to standalonefinancial statements of GKB Ophthalmics Limited ("the Company") as of March 31, 2025 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

## Opinion

In our opinion, the Company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalonefinancial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to standalonefinancial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal control with reference to standalonefinancial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI").

## Management's and Board of Director's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's Management and the Board of Directors are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to standalonefinancial statements criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalonefinancial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to standalonefinancial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to standalonefinancial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to standalonefinancial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to standalonefinancial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the standalonefinancial statements, whether due to fraud or error.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements.

## Meaning of Internal Financial Controls With reference to Standalone Financial Statements

A company's internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of standalone financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to standalonefinancial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of standalonefinancial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the standalone financial statements.

#### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls With reference to Standalone financial statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to standalone financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to standalone financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

#### Nitin Manohar Jumani

Partner

Membership No. 111700 UDIN: 25111700BMKSHG3928

Place: Pune

Date: May 30, 2025



## Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
ASSETS	Copellog V.		
Non-current assets			
Property, plant and equipment	5	1,444.20	1,589.29
Capital work-in-progress	7	378.30	378.30
Other intangible assets	6	i*	0.10
Financial assets			
Investments	8	1,189.55	1,189.55
Other financial assets	9	4.90	0.73
Non current tax assets (net)	11	28.75	25.88
Other non-current assets	10	235.12	230.09
Total Non-current Assets		3,280.82	3,413.94
Current Assets			
Inventories	12	608.17	468.82
Financial Assets			
Investments	8	0.08	0.08
Trade receivables	13	748.99	686.13
Cash and cash equivalents	14	0.04	7.26
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	15	88.54	62.84
Other financial assets	16	184.07	156.07
Other Current assets	17	37.88	44.35
Total Current Assets	C=88 1	1,667.77	1,425.55
Total Assets		4,948.59	4,839.49
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	18	504.06	504.06
Other equity	19	1,263.36	1,894.51
Total equity		1,767.42	2,398.57
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	20	725.15	64.38
Other financial liabilities	21		94.88
Provisions	22	248.40	198.77
Total non-current liabilities	7376 G	973.55	358.03



## Standalone Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	23	1,083.46	1,043.55
Trade payables	24		
i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and			
small enterprises		122.63	95.06
ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than			
micro enterprise and small enterprise		574.94	628.03
Other financial liabilities	25	285.13	162.17
Other current liabilities	26	53.21	68.84
Provisions	22	88.25	85.24
Total current liabilities		2,207.62	2,082.89
Total liabilities		3,181.17	2,440.92
Total equity and liabilities		4,948.59	4,839.49
See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements	1-65		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.:105047W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**GKB Ophthalmics Limited** 

CIN: L26109GA1981PLC000469

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MITTIN 1	lumani
CALPIEL S	· Marcheller

Partner

Membership No: 111700

K. G. Gupta Managing Director

DIN: 00051863

Cedric Lobo

Director

DIN: 09124746

#### **Gurudas Sawant**

Chief Financial Officer

## Pooja Bicholkar

Company Secretary

ICSI Membership No: 54716

Place: Pune

Date: May 30, 2025

Place: Mapusa, Goa Date: May 30, 2025



## Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
Income	60,000,000		
Revenue from operations	27	3,274.94	3,118.05
Other income	28	197.22	207.74
Total income	2000	3,472.16	3,325.79
Expenses	00000	Contract of State of	20000000
Cost of materials consumed	29	1,889.59	1,639.74
Purchase of Stock-in-trade	30	6.53	6.39
Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress	31	(49.82)	25.54
Employee benefits expense	32	1,088.35	921.67
Finance costs	33	188.67	159.33
Depreciation and amortization expense	34	264.31	258.60
Other expenses	35	688.16	652.14
Total expenses	2000	4,075.79	3,663.41
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(603.63)	(337.62)
Income Tax expense		20000000	1000000
Current tax	36	-	
Deferred tax charge/(credit)	36	7.15	4.02
Total income tax expense	1000	7.16	4.02
Profit / (Loss) for the year		(610.79)	(341.64)
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss			
Remeasurement of post-employement defined benefit plans-gain/(loss)		(27.52)	(15.45)
Income tax effect on above item		7.16	4.02
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax	i i	(20.36)	(11.43)
Total comprehensive income/(loss) for the year	2	(631.15)	(353.07)
Facility (1)> (5			
Earnings/(Loss) per equity share (face value of Rs.10/- each)	27	(42.42)	15 201
Basic earnings per share (INR) Diluted earnings per share (INR)	37 37	(12.12) (12.12)	(6.78) (6.78)
See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements	1-65		
	3070		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No.:105047W For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

**GKB Ophthalmics Limited** 

CIN: L26109GA1981PLC000469

Nitin Jumani

Partner

Membership No: 111700

K. G. Gupta Managing Director

DIN: 00051863

Cedric Lobo Director

DIN: 09124746

**Gurudas Sawant** 

Chief Financial Officer

Pooja Bicholkar Company Secretary

ICSI Membership No: 54716

Place : Pune. Date: May 30, 2025

Place: Mapusa, Goal Date: May 30, 2025



## Standalone Statement of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
Cash flow from operating activities	A	- 10 CA WIGOUT (100) - 100
(Loss) before tax	(603.63)	(337.62)
Adjustments for:		2000000
Depreciation and amortization expense	264.31	258.60
Notional lease rental income		(5.39)
Finance costs	188.67	159.33
Provision for / (Reversal of) Doubtful / Bad Debts (net)	10.28	(1.75)
Unrealised exchange loss /(gain) (net)	1.68	3.31
Dividend income	(176.92)	(167.04)
Interest income	(4.12)	(3.80)
Liabilities written back	(1.25)	(15.74)
(Gain)/ loss on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	(3.98)	(4.48)
Operating Loss before working capital changes	(324.96)	(114.58)
	(324,30)	(224,50)
Changes in working capital		
Decrease/ (Increase) in inventories	(139.35)	137.21
Decrease/ (Increase) in trade receivables	(73.03)	(196.36)
Decrease/ (Increase) in financial assets		4.89
Decrease/ (Increase) in Non current assets	4.97	9.83
Decrease/ (Increase) in current assets	6.47	(8.33)
(Decrease)/ Increase in trade payables	(26.04)	215.37
(Decrease)/ Increase in financial liabilities	41.65	22.69
(Decrease)/ Increase in provisions	25.12	34.65
(Decrease)/ increase in other current liabilities	(15.64)	31.84
Cash generated from/(used in) operations	(500.81)	137.21
Income tax (paid)/refund (net)	(2.87)	(0.88)
Net cash flow from/(used in) operating activities (A)	(503.68)	136.33
Cash flow from Investing activities		
Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(142.70)	(125.03)
Proceeds from sale / disposal of property, plant and equipment	3.98	5.00
Net proceeds from / (amount deposited into) fixed deposits	(29.87)	(28.82)
Interest received	1.10	1.02
Dividend received	151.94	185.26
Net cash flow from/(used in) investing activities (B)	(15.55)	37.43
Cash flow from Financing activities		
Proceeds from / (Repayments of) short term borrowings (net)	(50.86)	34.17
Proceeds from long term borrowings	800.00	51147
Repayment of long term borrowings	(48.46)	(47.84)
Interest paid	(188.67)	(160.12)
Net cash flow from/(used in) financing activities (C)	512.01	(173.79)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	/9 90s	16.633
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	(7.22) 7.26	(0.03) 7.29
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	0.04	7.29
sauri sina sauri equirarente at tric ena di tric year	0.04	7.20



## Standalone Statement of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
Cash and cash equivalents comprise (Refer note 14) Balances with banks		
On current accounts	0.03	7.24
Cash on hand	0.01	0.02
Total cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	0.04	7.26

See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements 1-65

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.:105047W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

**GKB Ophthalmics Limited** CIN: L26109GA1981PLC000469

Nitin Jumani

Partner

Membership No: 111700

K. G. Gupta Managing Director

DIN: 00051863

Cedric Lobo Director

DIN: 09124746

**Gurudas Sawant** 

Chief Financial Officer

Pooja Bicholkar Company Secretary

ICSI Membership No: 54716

Place: Pune Place: Pune

Date: May 30, 2025 Date: May 30, 2025

## Standalone Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

## (A) Equity share capital

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid		
Opening balance	504.06	504.06
Changes in equity share capital during the year		-
Closing balance	504.06	504.06

## (B) Other equity

Particulars	Balance as at Apr 01, 2024	Profit / (Loss) for the year	Other comprehensive income/(loss)	Balance as at March 31, 2025
Retained earnings	(386.52)	(610.79)		(997.31)
General Reserve	650.56	**		650.56
PVTOCI Reserve on defined benefit plan	(59.64)	S 5.	(20.36)	(80.00)
Capital Reserves	178.91			178.91
Investment Allowance Reserve	22.29	(	7.0	22.29
Securities Premium	1,488.91			1,488.91
Total reserves	1,894.51	(610.79)	(20.36)	1,263.36

Particulars	Balance as at Apr 01, 2023	Profit / (Loss) for the year	Other comprehensive income/(loss)	Balance as at March 31, 2024
Retained earnings	(44,88)	(341.64)	-	(386.52)
General Reserve	650,56		*	650.56
PVTOCI Reserve on defined benefit plan	(48.21)		(11.43)	(59.64)
Capital Reserves	178.91		Alcohili I	178.91
Investment Allowance Reserve	22.29	27		22.29
Securities Premium	1,488.91	8 8		1,488.91
Total reserves	2,247.58	(341.64)	(11.43)	1,894.51

See accompanying notes to the standalone financial statements

1-65

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the standalone financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For M S K A & Associates For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

Chartered Accountants GKB Ophthalmics Limited
Firm Registration No.:105047W CIN: L26109GA1981PLC000469

 Nitin Jumani
 K. G. Gupta
 Cedric Lobo

 Partner
 Managing Director
 Director

 Membership No: 111700
 DIN: 00051863
 DIN: 09124746

Gurudas Sawant Pooja Bicholkar
Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary
ICSI Membership No: 54716

Place : Pune Place : Mapusa, Goa Date : May 30, 2025 Date : May 30, 2025

#### 1 CORPORATE INFORMATION

GKB Ophthalmics Limited (the "Company") is a public limited company domiciled in India and was incorporated on December 10, 1981 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956. Its registered and principal office of business is located at 16-A, Tivim Industrial Estate, Mapusa, Goa 403 526, India.

The company is engaged in manufacture and sale of unfinished ophthalmic lenses.

The Board of Directors approved the Financial Statements for the year ended March 31,2025 and authorised for the issues on May 30, 2025.

## 2 Basic of preparation and Material Accounting Policies

## 2.1 Basis of Preparation of Standalone Financial Statements

#### (a) Compliance with Ind AS

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as ammended and and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS Compliant Schedule III), as applicable to the standalone financial statements.

#### (b) Basis of measurement

The standalone financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items:

items	Measurement Basis
Certain Financial Assets and Financials Liabilities	Fair Value
Net Defined Benefit (asset)/liability	Present value of defined benefit obligation less fair value of plan assets

(c) All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisitions of materials for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Company has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and noncurrent classification of assets and liabilities.

## (d) Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimate and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date, reported amount of revenue and expenses for the year and disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon the Management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates, if any, are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected. Refer Note 3 for detailed discussion on estimates and judgments.

#### (e) Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Indian Rupees (INR), which is also the Company's functional currency. All amounts have been rounded-off to the nearest Rupee, unless otherwise indicated.

## (f) Going concern

The Company has prepared the financial statements on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern.

## 2.2 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss during the year in which they are incurred.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets.

Property, Plant & Equipment's residual values and useful lifes are reviewed at each Balance sheet date and changes, if any, are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

## Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives

The Company depreciates **Property**, plant and equipments using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives as under:

Property, plant and equipment	Useful Life	
Building	30 to 60 years	
Plant & Machinery	1 to 15 years	
Furniture and Fixtures	1 to 10 years	
Office Equipment	1 to 5 years	
Vehicles	8 to 10 years	
Computers	1 to 15 years	

Leasehold land are amortized over the lease period, which corresponds with the useful lives of the assets.

Based on the technical experts assessment of useful life, certain items of property plant and equipment are being depreciated over useful lives different from the prescribed useful lives under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Management believes that such estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

Depreciation on addition to property plant and equipment is provided on pro-rata basis from the date of acquisition. Depreciation on sale/deduction from property, plant and equipments is provided up to the date preceding the date of sale, deduction as the case may be. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with carrying amount. These are included in Standalone Statement of Profit and Loss under 'Other Income'.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed periodically at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, as appropriate.

## 2.3 Other Intangible Assets

Other Intangible assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortization.

## Amortisation, estimated useful lives

The Company amortises intangible assets over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives of intangible assets are as follows:

Intangible assets	Useful Life	
Computer Software	6 years	

Intangible assets with finite lives are assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

#### 2.4 Foreign Currency Transactions

## (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ('the functional currency'). The financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

On initial recognition, all foreign currency transactions are recorded by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction. Gains/Losses arising out of fluctuation in foreign exchange rate between the transaction date and settlement date are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are restated at the year end at the exchange rate prevailing at the year end and the exchange differences are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

## 2.5 Revenue from Contracts with customers

## Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at a point in time when the Company satisfies the performance obligation by transferring / delivering promised goods to the customer. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates, goods and service tax (GST). For all contracts, there is a fixed unit price for each product sold at a specific time. Therefore, there is no judgement involved in allocating the contract price to each unit ordered in such contracts (it is the total contract price divided by the number of units ordered).

## Rendering of services

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the terms of the contract with customers when the identified performance obligation is completed. The revenue is measured based on transaction price. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of goods and service tax (GST).

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of indirect taxes, trade allowances, rebates and amounts collected on behalf of third parties.

## Other operating income

Export incentive under various schemes are accounted in the year of export on accrual basis when the right to receive is established.

#### Other Income

Interest Income is recognised on a basis of effective interest method as set out in Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments, and where no significant uncertainty as to measurability or collectability exists.

Dividend income is accounted for when the right to receive the same is established, which is generally when the shareholders approve the dividend.

#### 2.6 Taxes on Income

Tax expense for the year, comprising current tax and deferred tax, are included in the determination of the net profit or loss for the year.

#### (a) Current income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the year end date. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### (b) Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in financial statements. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the year and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are **offset** when there is a legally enforceable right to **offset** current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax is recognized in Statement of **Profit** and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

#### 2.7 Leases

#### As a lessee

The Company's lease asset classes primarily consist of leasehold land. The Company assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Company assesses whether:

- (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset
- (ii) the Company has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Company has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Company recognizes a right-of-use asset ("ROU") and a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.



## 2.8 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Raw materials, stores, spares and consumable tools, packing materials, work-in-progress and finished goods are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value.

In case of raw materials, stores, spares, consumable tools and packing materials, cost represents purchase price and other costs incurred for bringing the inventories to their present location and conditions and is determined on "weighted average" basis.

In case of work-in-progress and finished goods, cost represents cost of raw material, cost of conversion such as direct labour, direct expenses, etc., and production overheads which are based on normal level of production.

**Provision** of obsolescence on inventories is considered on the basis of **management's** estimate based on demand and market of the inventories.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Cost of traded goods is determined on a weighted average basis.

The comparison of cost and net realizable value is made on item by item basis.

#### 2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Company assesses at each year end whether there is any objective evidence that a non financial asset or a group of non financial assets is impaired. If any such indication exists, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount and the amount of impairment loss.

## 2.10 Provisions, contingent liabilities, Contingent assets

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance sheet date.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

Reimbursement by another party, expected in respect of expenditure required to settle a provision, is recognised when it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received if the obligation is settled.

Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed.

Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

## 2.11 Employee Benefits

## (a) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the year in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the year and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

## (b) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

#### (I) Defined contribution plan

**Provident** Fund: Contribution towards provident fund is made to the regulatory authorities, where the Company has no further obligations. Such **benefits** are **classified** as **Defined** Contribution Schemes as the Company does not carry any further obligations, apart from the contributions made on a monthly basis which are charged to the Statement of **Profit** and Loss.

Employee's State Insurance Scheme: Contribution towards employees' state insurance scheme is made to the regulatory authorities, where the Company has no further obligations. Such benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Company does not carry any further obligations, apart from the contributions made on a monthly basis which are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Superannuation: Contributions to the superannuation fund, which is administered by Life Insurance Corporation of India, are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## (ii) Defined benefit plans

Gratuity: The Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit plan (the "Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees in accordance with the Payment of Gratuity Act, 1972. The Gratuity Plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary. The Company's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method) at the end of each year. Actuarial losses/gains are recognized in the other comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.

## Defined benefit scheme surpluses and deficits are measured at:

## (i) The fair value of plan assets at the reporting date; less

 (ii) Plan liabilities calculated using the projected unit credit method discounted to its present value using yields available on government bonds that have maturity dates approximating to the terms of the liabilities and are denominated in the same currency as the postemployment benefit obligations;

Service costs are recognised in profit or loss, and include current and past service costs as well as gains and losses on curtailments.

Net interest expense (income) is recognised in profit or loss, and is calculated by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation (asset) at the beginning of the annual period to the balance of the net defined benefit obligation (asset), considering the effects of contributions and benefit payments during the period.

Actuarial losses/gains are recognized in the other comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.

## (iii) Other long term employee benefit obligations

### Compensated Absences:

The employees of the company are entitled to encashment of un-availed leave. The employees can carry forward a portion of the unutilised leave and receive cash compensation at retirement or termination of employment. The Company records an obligation for encashment of un-availed leave in the period in which the employee renders the services, based on an actuarial valuation at the balance sheet date, carried out by an independent actuary.



## 2.12 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or Production of a Qualifying asset are capitalised as part of cost of such Asset till such time as the asset is ready for its intended use or sale.

A Qualifying Asset is an Asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 2.13 Segment accounting

The Company operates in one primary segment i.e. Ophthalmics lenses. The Company identifies primary operating segment based on the different risks and returns, the organisation structure, the internal reporting systems and review by chief operating decision maker. Secondary segments are identified on the basis of geography in which sales have been effected.

#### 2.14 Fair value measurement

The Company measures certain financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- I In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- I In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability accessible to the Company.

The Company uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs. The Company's management determines the policies and procedures for fair value measurement such as derivative instrument.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- I Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- I Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- I Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

## 2.15 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

## (a) Financial assets

## (i) Initial recognition and measurement

At initial recognition, financial asset is measured at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not recorded at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

## (ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- a) at amortized cost; or
- b) at fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- c) at fair value through profit or loss.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

Amortized cost: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method (EIR).

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI): Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to Statement of Profit and Loss and recognized in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.

Equity instruments: All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Company makes such election on an instrument- by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Company decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Company may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit and loss.

#### (iii) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments, the Company applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost and FVOCI.

For recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and risk exposure, the Company determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 8-quarters ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If in subsequent years, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 8 quarters ECL.



Life time ECLs are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 16 quarters ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 16 quarters after the year end.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Company in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider all contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension etc.) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.

In general, it is presumed that credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition if the payment is more than 30 days past due.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the year is recognized as income/expense in the statement of profit and loss. In balance sheet ECL for financial assets measured at amortized cost is presented as an allowance, i.e. as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write off criteria, the Company does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

## (iv) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized only when

- a) the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset is transferred or
- b) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the financial asset is transferred then in that case financial asset is derecognized only if substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset is transferred. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognized.

## (b) Financial liabilities

## (i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and at amortized cost, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of Loans and borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

#### (ii) Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

#### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit and loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied.

## Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (c) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance costs.

## (d) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are **offset** and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a legally enforceable right to **offset** the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the Company or the counterparty.

## 3 Critical accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

In the preparation of the financial statements, the Company makes judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively. Information about assumptions, judgements and estimation uncertainties that have a **significant** risk of resulting in a material adjustment in the year ending March 31, 2025 are as below;

### (a) Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.

## (b) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

As described in the significant accounting policies, the Company reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets at the end of each reporting period. Useful lives of intangible assets is determined on the basis of estimated benefits to be derived from use of such intangible assets. These reassessments may result in change in the depreciation /amortisation expense in future periods.

## (c) Actuarial Valuation

The determination of Company's liability towards defined benefit obligation to employees is made through independent actuarial valuation including determination of amounts to be recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and in Other Comprehensive Income. Such valuation depend upon assumptions determined after taking into account discount rate, salary growth rate, expected rate of return, mortality and attrition rate. Information about such valuation is provided in notes to the financial statements.

## 4.1 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide notification dated 9 September 2024 and 28 September 2024 notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2024 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Third Amendment Rules, 2024, respectively, which amended/notified certain accounting standards (see below), and are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2024:

- Insurance contracts Ind AS 117; and
- Lease Liability in Sale and Leaseback Amendments to Ind AS 116
- These amendments did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in current or prior period.

## 4.2 New standards and amendments issued but not effective:

There are no such Standards which are notified but not yet effective.

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

## 5 Property, plant and equipment

		Gross block				Depreciation		Net b	lock
Particulars	As at Apr 01, 2024	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at Mar 31, 2025	As at Apr 01, 2024	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at Mar 31, 2025	As at Mar 31, 2025
Freehold Land	4.30			4.30		1.0	-		4.30
Leasehold Land	8.95	-		8.95	2.05	0.09	+	2.14	6.81
Buildings	537.65			537.65	245.18	16.71		261.89	275.76
Plant and Machinery	1,788.70	17.54		1,806.24	1,279.52	93.84		1,373.36	432.88
Plant and Machinery - Moulds	1,647.19	99.44		1,746.63	891.65	145.86		1,037.51	709.12
Furniture and Fixtures	142.86	1.60		144.46	124.59	6.65	-	131.24	13.22
Office Equipment	33.25	0.53		33.78	30.72	0.95	-	31.67	2.11
Vehicles	83.13		42.23	40.90	83.03	0.10	42.23	40.90	
Total	4,246.03	119.11	42.23	4,322.91	2,656.74	264.20	42.23	2,878.71	1,444.20

	5-5-5-041	Gross block	(	(87-10-0	1960	Deprec	iation	Net b	lock
Particulars	As at April 01, 2023	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at Mar 31, 2024	As at April 01, 2023	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at Mar 31, 2024	As at Mar 31, 2024
Freehold Land	4.30			4.30			+		4.30
Leasehold Land	8.95			8.95	1.96	0.09	-	2.05	6.90
Buildings	537.65			537.65	228.43	16.75	-	245.18	292.47
Plant and Machinery	1,772.69	16.01		1,788.70	1,185.43	94.09		1,279.52	509.18
Plant and Machinery - Moulds	1,546.37	100.82		1,647.19	755.02	136.63	9	891.65	755.54
Furniture and Fixtures	141.49	1.37		142.86	117.55	7.04	-	124.59	18.27
Office Equipment:	31.25	2.00		33.25	29.59	1.13		30.72	2.53
Vehicles	96.01		12.88	83.13	92.64	2.75	12.36	83.03	0.10
Total	4,138.71	120.20	12.88	4,246.03	2,410.62	258.48	12.36	2,656.74	1,589.29

Refer note 56 for hypothecation as charge against short term borrowing

## **6 OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

	9	Gross block	(			Amorti	ration	Net b	lock
Particulars	As at		Deductions/	As at	As at		Deductions/	As at	As at
	Apr 01, 2024	Additions/ Adjustments	Adjustments	Mar 31, 2025	Apr 01, 2024	For the year	Adjustments	Mar 31, 2025	Mar 31, 2025
Computer Software	19.57			19.57	19.47	0.10		19.57	
Total	19.57			19.57	19.47	0.10	-	19.57	
		Gross block	k.			Amortiz	ration	Net b	lock
Particulars	As at April 01, 2023	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at Mar 31, 2024	As at April 01, 2023	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	As at Mar 31, 2024	As at Mar 31, 2024
Computer Software	19.57	20.001		19.57	19.35	0.12		19.47	0.10
Total	19.57	- 7.	0.50	19.57	19.35	0.12		19.47	0.10



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

## 7 Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP)

#### a) Capital-Work-in Progress Movement Schedule

For the year ended March 31, 2025

	As at	Expenditure during	Expenditure reversed	Capitalised during the	Closing as at
	April 01, 2024	the year	during the year	year	March 31, 2025
Amount	378.30	- 22	147	-	378.30

#### For the year ended March 31, 2024

	As at	Expenditure during	Expenditure reversed	Capitalised during the	Closing as at
	April 01, 2023	the year	during the year	year	March 31, 2024
Amount	382.23	3.07	7.00	30	378.30

## b) For Capital-work-in progress ageing schedule

## As at March 31, 2025

	E- 37 - 57				
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	. +				-
Projects temporarily suspended	92	3.07	46.18	329.05	378.30

#### As at March 31, 2024

WEST-SPORT PORCE	ACHADOMANIAN HONDOUS	- DOMESTIC:			
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
Projects in progress	3.07	46.18	206.20	122.85	378.30
Projects temporarily suspended		*			

## c) CWIP Completion Schedule

## As at March 31, 2025

A CHARLEST AND A CHARLEST	Expected to be Completed in							
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years				
Projects in progress			57. 1	.+				
Projects temporarily suspended	378.30	2	82	10				
Total	378.30		Ot 1					

## As at March 31, 2024

Amount in CWIP for a period of					
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	
Projects in progress		-	-		
Projects temporarily suspended		*	3	-	
Total	-	-	:=:		

<sup>\*</sup> GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited, a subsidiary of GKB Ophthalmics Ltd, was incorporated on October 05, 2018, in order to manufacture Hi-Index Lenses with a Joint Venture Partner from South Korea (JV Partner).

The Building was being constructed by GKB Ophthalmics Ltd in order to provide it on lease to GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited amounting to Rs. 378.30 lakhs. However, GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited could not commence any operations including commercial production due to the disruptions and delays caused due to the COVID-19 pandemic and also the JV Partner did not subscribe to the share capital of GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited. The delay resulted in cost escalation thereby making the project financially unviable.

Presently, the Company is in the discussion of coming up with an alternate plan for the growth of the company and has full intention to complete the under constructed building which is being reflected as CWIP.

As at



## Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

## 8 Financial Assets- Investments

As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
18.30	18.30
1,171.00	1,171.00
0.25	0.25
1,189.55	1,189.55
0.08 0.08	0.08
0.00	0.08
	1,189.55
1,189.63	1,189.63
0.08	0.08
0.08	0.08
-	
6.55	521.23
	As at March 31, 2024
- 101011 01/ 2020	710101 02/ 2024
774	723
0.08	0.08
	March 31, 2025  18.30  1,171.00  0.25  1,189.55  1,189.55  1,189.63  0.08  0.08  0.08  0.08  1,189.55  1,189.63



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

9	Other non current financial assets	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Margin money deposits:		- 2
	Margin money deposits maturing after 12 months from reporting date	4.90	0.73
	Total Other non current financial assets	4.90	0.73

10	Other non-current assets	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Capital advance*	10.02	
	Security deposits	53.09	56.42
	Balance with Government authorities	172.01	173.67
	Total Other non-current assets	235.12	230.09

<sup>\*</sup> Value of contracts on capital account remaining to be executed as at March 31, 2025 is JNR 53.70 lakhs (March 31, 2024; JNR 294.77 lakhs)

		As at	As at
11	Non current tax assets ( net )	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Income tax receivable (net of provision for tax of 1NR 373.75 (March 31, 2024 - INR 373.75))	28.75	25.88
		28.75	25.88

12	Inventories*	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	(Valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value)		
	Raw materials	185.71	126.29
	Raw materials in transit	33.60	
	Work in progress	31.95	35.09
	Finished goods	260.91	207.95
	Packing material	12.10	10.87
	Store and spares parts	83.90	88.62
	Total Inventories	608.17	468.82

<sup>\*</sup> Hypothecated as charge against short term-borrowings. Refer note 23.

During the year ended 31 March 2025, INR 28.37 lakhs (31 March 2024: INR 9.72 lakhs) was recognized as expense for inventories recognized at net realizable value.

13	Trade receivables	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Secured, considered good	-	8.00
	Unsecured		
	Considered good		
	- Related parties (refer note 41)	544.00	532.19
	- Others	204.99	153.94
	-Considered doubtful	53.46	43.19
	Less-Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	(53.46)	(43.19)
	Total Trade receivables	748.99	686.13

All amounts are short-term. The net carrying value of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Trade receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30-120 days

Refer note 56 for hypothecation as charge against short term borrowing



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

## Ageing of Trade Receivables

As at March 31, 2025								
**************				Outstan	ding for follo	wing period	s from due date of Rec	eipts
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months -1 year	1-2 years years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good	- 14	632.62	109.10	1.87	0.71	1.43	3.26	748.99
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increase in credit risk	(4)	1.65	5.89	1.20	1.76	3.57	30.54	44.61
(IE) Disputed Trade Receivables -Credit impaired	3.43	100	8	5+)	- 1	-	8.85	8:85
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts (Undisputed)		(1.65)	(5.89)	(1.20)	(1.76)	(3.57)	(39.39)	(53.45)
Total	3.4	632.62	109.10	1.87	0.71	1.43	3.26	748.99

As at March 31, 2024	-			1550/202	G 100000	W 450	cost in other dece-	(c)
	Unbilled		Outstanding for following periods from due date of Receipts					eipts
Particulars	Dues	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
<ul> <li>(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good</li> </ul>		409.20	191.76	63.31	6.23	2.29	13.34	696.13
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increase in credit risk		1.44	1.57	1.29	11.08	4.07	23.74	43.19
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts (Undisputed)		(1.44)	(1.57)	(1.29)	(11.08)	(4.07)	(23.74)	(43.19)
Total	( 5.00)	409.20	191.76	63.31	6.23	2.29	13.34	686.13

14	Cash and cash equivalents	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Balances with banks:		
	On current accounts	0.03	7.24
	Cash on hand	0.01	0.02
	Total Cash and cash equivalents	0.04	7.26

There are no repatriation restrictions with regards to cash and cash equivalents as at end of reporting period and prior period

15	Bank balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Other balances		
	Earmarked balances with banks:		
	Margin money deposits #	88.54	62.84
	Total Bank balances other than Cash and cash equivalents	88.54	62.84

# Kept as lien against outstanding bank guarantee and letter of credit amounting to INR 345.54 lakhs as on March 31, 2025 (March 31, 2024 - INR 284.27 lakhs)

16	Other financial assets	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Dividend receivable from GKB Ophthalmic Products FZE, Sharjah (Subsidiary)	169.50	144.52
	Interest accrued on fixed deposits	14.57	11.55
	Total Other financial assets	184.07	156.07

17	Other current assets	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Advances to Suppliers	19.49	15.56
	Balance with Government authorities		13.76
	Employee advances	0.23	0.23
	Prepaid expenses	18.16	14.80
	Total Other current assets	37.88	44.35

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### 18 Share capital

(a)	Equity shares	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Authorized	EF ASSESSED	
	70,00,000 (March 31, 2024: 70,00,000) equity shares of INR 10 each	700.00	700.00
		700.00	700.00
	Issued, subscribed and paid up		
	Issued :		
	50,86,980 (March 31, 2024: 50,86,980) equity shares of TNR 10 each fully paid	508.70	508.70
	Subscribed and Paid up :		
	50,40,580 (March 31, 2024: 50,40,580) equity shares of INR 10 each fully paid	504.06	504.06
		504.06	504.06

## (b) Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
Number of shares (in takhs)	Amount	Number of shares (in lakhs)	Amount
50.41	504.05	50.41	504.06
+			-
50.41	504.06	50.41	504.06
	Number of shares (in lakhs) 50.41	Number of shares (in lakhs) Amount 50.41 504.06	Number of shares Amount (in takhs)  50.41 504.06 50.41

## (c) Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

Equity Shares: The Company has only one class of equity shares having a per value of INR 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per share. The Company declares and pays children's in Indian rupees. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Mosting, except incase of interim dividend.

In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

### (d) Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares in the Company

	As at March	31, 2025	As at Man	ch 31, 2024
Iame of the shareholder Equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid Krishna Gopal Gupta Krishna Murari Gupta* Vikram Gupta Gaurav Gupta Veena Gupta	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	Number of shares	% of holding in the class
Krishna Gopal Gupta	902,812	17.91%	902,312	17.90%
Krishna Murari Gupta*	279,293	5.54%	3.27,207	6.49%
Vikrem Gupte	423,105	8.39%	423,105	8.39%
Gaurav Gupta	407,966	8.09%	407,966	8.09%
Veens Gupta	300,753	5.97%	300,753	5.97%
K.G. Gupta (HUF)	292,911	5.81%	291,351	5.78%
* Expired on 16th February 2025				

As per records of the Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial invinerships of shares.

#### (e) Details of Shares held by Promoters at the end of the year

7	As at March 31, 2025			As at March 31, 2024			
Promoter name	No. Of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year	No. Of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year	
Mr. Krishna Gopal Gupta	902,812	17.91%	0.86%	902,312	17.90%	0.21%	
Mr. Vikram Gupta	423,105	8.39%		423,105	8.39%	-	
Mr. Gaurav Gupta	407,966	8.09%		407,966	8.09%		
Mrs. Veena Gupta	300,753	5.97%		300,753	5.97%		
Mrs. Shefali Chawla	242,464	4.81%	+	242,464	4.B194		
Krishna Gopal Gupta (HUF)	292,911	5.81%	0.54%	291,351	5.78%	5.35%	
Total	2,570,011	50.99%	N 39	2,567,951	50.95%	S	

<sup>(</sup>f) No class of shares have been issued as bonus shares or for consideration other than cash by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the current year end.

<sup>(</sup>g) No class of shares have been bought back by the Company during the period of five years immediately preceding the current year end.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

19	Other equity	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(A)	Securities premium*		
	Opening balance	1,488.91	1,488.91
	Add : Securities premium credited on share issue		
	Closing balance	1,488.91	1,488.91
	* Securities premium comprises of premium on issue of shares to be utilised in accordance with the Companies Act, 2013	330000000000	1000000000
9222	600 W 100 W 224	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(8)	General reserve (GR)*		
	Opening belance	650.56	650.56
	Add: Transfer during the year		
	Closing balance  * CR is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. As the General reserve is	650.56	650.56
002	equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in the General reserve will not be reclassiand loss.	fied subsequently to the s As at	tatement of profit  As et
(C)	Surplus/(deficit) in the Statement of Profit and Loss	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Opening belance	(386.52)	(44.88)
	Add/ (Less): Profit / (Loss) for the current year	(610.79)	(341.64)
	Closing balance	(997.31)	(386.52)
(D)	FVTOCI reserve on defined benefit plan (net of tax)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
100	Opening Balance	(59.64)	(48.21)
	Add/(Less): Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined benefit plans (net of tax)	(20.36)	(11.43)
	Closing balance	(80.00)	(59.64)
- ren	Control Control	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(E)	Capital reserve (CR)*	Charles and the Control of the Contr	The Company of the Co
	Opening belance	178.91	178.91
	Add : Movement during the year	178.91	178.91
	Closing balance	178.91	1/8.91
	* CR up to the nominal value of shares is created out of distributable profit for buyback of shares as per the Act.		
0.000		As at	As at
(F)	Investment Allowance Reserve	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Opening belance	22.29	22.29
	Add: Hovement during the year		
	Closing balance	22.29	22.29
	Total other equity	1,263,36	1,894.51



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

20	Non-current borrowings		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Secured			- 5
	Term loan			
	From Bank (Refer note below)		64.28	109.20
		(1)	64.28	109.20
	Unsecured			
	Term loan			
	From Nanaging Director		295.46	83
	From GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited		500.00	
		(11)	796.46	-
		(iii) = (i) + (ii)	860.74	109.20
	Less: Amount disclosed under the head short term barrowing		135.59	44.82
	Total non current maturities of long term borrowings	-	725.15	64.38

## Note

#### Secured Loan:-

- 1) During the year ended March 31, 2025, no new loan has been availed from the banks (March 31, 2024 NII)
- INR 120 Lakhs term loan under Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line (GECL) repayable in 36 equal monthly installments after a monatorium of 12 months. Balance outstanding as on March 31, 2025 INR NIL. (March 31, 2024 INR 11,32 Lakhs).

The above loans are secured by means of first charge over Factory land & building, Inventories and Trade recievables and second charge on all Plant & machinery and other fixed assets.

3) INR 100.00 Lakhs term loan under Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line (GECL) repayable in 36 equal monthly installments after a monatorium of 24 months. Balance outstanding as on March 31, 2025 INR 64.28 Lakhs (Including accrued interest) (March 31, 2024 - BNR 97.78 Lakhs).

The above loans are secured by means of first charge over Factory land & building, Inventories and Trade receivables and second charge on all Plant & machinery, and other fixed assets.

## Unsecured loan:-

- INR 300.00 Lakhs unsecured lean from the Managing Director of the Company with Six months moratorium from the end of the month in which the fund is received at a interest rate of 11% p.a., followed by equal monthly installments for repayment over a period of 3 years from the end of respective moratorium period. Balance outstanding as on March 31, 2025 SNR 296.46 Lakhs (March 31, 2024 - NR).
- 2) The Company has availed an unsecured loan from GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited of INR 500.00 lakhs in tranches at a interest rate of 10,65% p.a. with one year moretorium from the end of the month in which the fund is received by the borrower, followed by equal monthly installments for repayment over a period of 5 years from the end of respective moratorium period. Balance outstanding as on March 31, 2025 INR 500.00 Lakhs (March 31, 2024 NI).

## Repayment schedule for secured/unsecured loan taken during the year

As at March 31, 2025			GSV	
Particulars	GECL TL - Saraswat	K.G Gupta	Opthalmics Limited	Total
Loan Principal amount	100.00	300.00	500.00	900.00
Outstanding amount as on 31 March 2025	64.28	296.46	500.00	860.74
Number of instalments due (Nos)	23.00	36	60	
Rate of Interest (%)	9.25%	11%	10.65%	
Within one year (INR)	33.60	83.62	18.37	135.59
After one year but not more than 5 years (IMR)	30.68	212.84	481.63	725.15
More than 5 years (INR)	43	-	7.	174

## As at March 31, 2024

	versioner or or	52525000	Total
Particulars	GECL - State Bank of India	GECL TL - Saraswat	
Loan Principal amount	120.00	100.00	220.00
Outstanding amount as on 31. March 2024	11.22	97.98	109.20
Number of instalments due (Nos)	3.00	35.00	-
Rate of Interest (%)	7.40%	9.25%	+
Within one year (INR)	11.22	33.60	44.82
After one year but not more than 5 years (INR)		64,38	64.38
More than 5 years (INR)	1.0	( i+ )	+

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(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

21 Other long-term financial liabilities

Security Deposit Rent received in advance

Total Other long term liabilities

As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
174	34.34
	60.54
84	94.88

22 Provisions

Provision for gratuity (funded) (Refer note 38) Provision for leave encashment (unfunded)

**Total Provisions** 

Long	term	Short term		
As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	
248.40	198.77	44,64	38.29	
0.0000	0.00000	43.61	46.95	
248.40	198.77	88.25	85.24	

23 Short-Term Borrowings#

Secured, from bank, term loan (Refer footnote)

-Cash credit

Current maturity of long term borrowing

**Total Short-term Borrowings** 

As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
947,87	998.73
135.59	44.82
1,083.46	1,043.55

#### Footnote:

# The above facilities from banks are secured by hypothecation of the Company's entire present and future stocks of raw materials, finished goods, work in progress, consumable stores & spares, moulds, book debts, other current assets, mortgage of leasehold land, factory building, plant & machinery, all other fixed assets of the Company and personal guarantee of Directors.

24	Trade	payables

Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises

Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises

Total Trade payables

As at	As at
March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
122,63	95.06
574.94	628.03
697.57	723.09

Trade payables relating to fixeign parties amounting to TNR 20.33 Lakhs are oustanding for more than 6 months from the date of shipment as at March 31, 2025 (March 31, 2024: INR 25.42 lakhs)

Disclosure relating to suppliers registered under MSMED Act, 2006 based on the information available with the Company:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(a) Amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year:		
Principal	122.63	95.06
Interest	17.59	9.56
Total	140.22	104.62
(b) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.		55.042
(c) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act.	17,59	9,56
(d) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	29.18	11:59
(e) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act.		1032

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Trade Payables ageing schedule

31 March 2025		Payables Not	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Po				yment	
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
(i) MSME	- 33	31.71	90.40	0.52		4	122.63	
(ii) Disputed dues - MSME	U		3-4		3-4	- 14		
(iii) Others	74.92	175.48	306.29	0.58	-4	16.67	574.94	
(iv)Disputed dues - Others		CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY OF	- 72.0%			0.000		
Total	74,92	208.19	396.69	1.10		16.67	697.57	

31 March 2024		Service Services		Outstanding for	following perio	ds from due date of Payn	ent
Particulars Unbi	Unbilled Dues	s Payables Not Due	Less than 1	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	2	39.73	55.33		5.9	-	95.06
(ii) Disputed dues - MSME	1 2		-				14
(iii) Others	53.54	123.92	377.35	51.45	21.77	4+	628.03
(iv)Disputed dues - Others	T 1008	177,1174	3780095	0000	183193	15.0	9150.0°
Total	53.54	163.65	432.68	51.45	21.77	34.7	723.09

25	Other financial liabilities	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Creditors for capital goods	4.61	18.18
	Others liabilities	1.00	6.38
	Security deposit	108.00	-
	Employee Benefits payable:		
	- Salary payable	134.81	105.92
	- Borrus payable	21.16	19.82
	- Superannuation payable	15.55	11,87
	Total other financial liabilities	285.13	162.17

26	Other current liabilities	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Statutory dues payable	52.77	47.39
	Advance from customer	0,44	21.45
	Total other current liabilities	53.21	68.84

Revenue from operations	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
Revenue from contracts with customers	545-64270	20200000
- Sale of products	3,267.66	3,109.50
- Sale of services	7.23	8.46
- Other operating income - Sale of raw materials, stores and packing		
material	0.05	0.09
Total Revenue from operations	3,274.94	3,118.05

The company derive its revenue from contracts with customers for transfer of goods at a point in time in which the company transfers control of goods to customers.

27



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### **Contract Balances**

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Trade Receivable	748.99	686.13
Advance from Customer	0.44	21.45

# Movement in Contract Liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024	
Opening Balance	21.45	0.03	
Less:- Revenue Recognised	(21.45)	(0.03)	
Add:- Amount Received	0.44	21.45	
Closing Balance	0.44	21.45	

#### Reconciliation of Contract Price with Revenue

Particulars Revenue as per Contract Price	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Revenue as per Contract Price	3,274.94	3,118.05
Adjustments	-	-
Revenue from Operation	3,274.94	3,118.05

28	Other income	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
77	Interest income		
	- on fixed deposits	4.12	3.80
	Dividend income		
	- from subsidiary Company	176.88	167.00
	- from others	0.04	0.04
	Other non operating income		
	- Sale of miscellaneous scrap	0.83	1.03
	Foreign exchange fluctuation (net)		8.24
	Lease Rent income	2	5.39
	Miscellaneous Income	7.64	0.26
	Profit/(Loss) on Sale of Property, plant & equipment	3.98	4.48
	Provision for doubtful debts written back (Net)		1.75
	Fair valuation adjustments of Investments	-	0.01
	Liabilities written back	1.25	15.74
	Reversal of leave encashment provision	2.48	-
	2011 February 1000 1000 1000 February 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 10	197.22	207.74



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

29	Cost of raw material consumed	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
29	Inventory at the beginning of the year	137.16	243.87
	Add: Purchases	1,983.84	1,533.03
	Less: Inventory at the end of the year	(231.41)	(137.16)
	Cost of raw material consumed	1,889.59	1,639.74
	* (Includes packing material)		
		For the year ended	For the Year ended
30	Purchase of Stock-in-trade	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Purchase of Stock-in-trade	6.53	6.39
		6.53	6.39
		For the year ended	For the Year ended
31	Changes in inventories of finished goods and work-in-progress	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Inventories at the beginning of the year		
	-Finished goods	207.95	250.76
	-Work-in-progress	35.09	17.82
		243.04	268.58
	Less: Inventories at the end of the year		- Continues
	-Finished goods	260.91	207.95
	-Work-in-progress	31.95	35.09
	A CONTROL OF COMMON OF COM	292.86	243.04
	Net decrease/ (increase)	(49.82)	25.54
32	Employee benefits expense	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
-	Salaries, wages, bonus, ex-gratia and other allowances	955.12	817.42
	Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Social Securities funds / schemes # (Refer Note 38)	95.95	74.31
	Contribution to Gratuity fund (Refer Note 38)	31.47	24.51
	Staff welfare and other employee expenses	5.81	5.43
	Total Employee benefits expense *	1,088.35	921.67

<sup>#</sup> Based on the Supreme Court Judgement dated February 28, 2019, the Company was required to reassess the components to be included in the basic salary for the purposes of deduction of PF. However, the Company believes that there is not likely to be material impact and hence has not provided for any additional liability as on March 31, 2025 (previous year March 31, 2024 - Rs. Nil) in the books of account.

The Company will assess the impact of the Code and will give appropriate impact in the financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

<sup>\*</sup> The Code on Social Security 2020 ('the Code') relating to employee benefits, during the employment and postemployment, has received Presidential assent on September 28, 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. Further, the Ministry of Labour and Employment has released draft rules for the Code on November 13, 2020. However, the effective date from which the changes are applicable is yet to be notified and rules for quantifying the financial impact are also not yet issued.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

33	Finance costs	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Interest on long term borrowing	34.20	13.11
	Interest on working capital	112.22	114.56
	Bank charges	16.73	18.18
	Interest on Indirect taxes	0.19	0.85
	Interest Expense on Security Deposit liability	7.74	3.07
	Interest on delay in payment to MSME creditors	17.59	9.56
	Total Finance costs	188.67	159.33

Depreciation and amortization expense	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
Depreciation on PPE (Refer note 5)	264.21	258.48
Amortization of Intangible Assets (Refer note 6)	0.10	0.12
Total Depreciation and amortization expense	264.31	258.60
	Amortization of Intangible Assets (Refer note 6)	Depreciation on PPE (Refer note 5) 264.21 Amortization of Intangible Assets (Refer note 6) 0.10

	For the year ended	For the Year ended
Other expenses	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Electricity and water	197.69	183.03
Rent (refer foot note 1)	4.80	11.71
Repairs and maintenance - Building	-	8.41
Repairs and maintenance - Machinery	12.37	15.77
Repairs and maintenance - others	3.31	4.87
Computer software renewal fees	0.55	0.19
Rates and Taxes	35.54	2.05
Travelling and conveyance	11.46	12.63
Insurance	6.72	6.81
Other manufacturing expenses	31.65	107.47
Stores and spares consumed	274.32	203.77
Printing & Stationery	3.90	4.12
Communication, broadband and internet expenses	18.11	15.59
Security Charges	23.06	21.04
Legal and professional charges	25.18	28.03
Audit fees (refer foot note 2)	15.90	16.40
Advertising and sales promotion	2.21	1.45
Directors' Sitting fees	5.50	3.90
Foreign exchange fluctuation	2.12	
Membership and Subscription	0.56	0.29
Allowance for bad and doubtful debts (net)	10.28	
Miscellaneous expenses	2.93	4.61
Total Other expenses	688.16	652.14

#### Foot note 1:

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The Company has taken a residential apartment on operating lease. The Company also pays lease rent on the factory premises. Being short-term and low value leases, the Company recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Accordingly, lease rent amounting to Rs. 4.80 Lakhs (March 31, 2024: Rs. 11.71 Lakhs) has been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Foot note 2:

The following is the break-up of Auditors remuneration (exclusive of Goods and service tax).

Auditor's Remuneration	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
As auditor:		
Statutory audit	7.50	7.50
In other capacity:		
For taxation matters	2.35	2.35
For other services	5.40	5.40
Reimbursement of expenses	0.65	1.15
Total	15.90	16.40

#### 36 Income Tax

(A)	Deferred tax relates to the following:	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
.000	Deferred tax assets	~~~	
	On provision for employee benefits	97.07	82.08
	On unabsorbed depreciation and carry forward business losses		
	Business losses	31.37	31.37
	Unabsorbed depreciation	29.50	67.78
	On Provision for doubtful receivables	13.90	11.23
	On others	8.21	2,57
		180.05	195.03
	Deferred tax liabilities		
	On property, plant and equipment	180.05	195.03
		180.05	195.03
	THE CANCEL BY A CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT OF THE CANCEL BY	A CONTRACTOR OF THE PARTY OF TH	THE RESERVE TO A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE P

# Net deferred tax asset / (liabilities) (net)

In absence of reasonable certainty of taxable income in future years, during the year ended March 31, 2025 and in previous year, the Company has created deferred tax asset on unabsorbed depreciation and other items to the extent of deferred tax Liability.

Deferred tax assets of Rs. 567.63 lakhs (March 31, 2024: Rs. 446.97 lakh) have not been recognized in respect of unabsorbed depreciation losses in the absence of reasonable certainty of generating adequate taxable profits to offset these losses.

Following is the year wise break of unabosorbed depreciation (UD) and taxable brought forward losses (BFL) on which deferred tax assets was not recognised as at March 31, 2025

Financial Year	Nature of losses	Amount (INR lakhs)	Deferred tax asset not recognised	FY upto which BFL can adjusted
2017-18	Unabsorbed Depreciation	113.50	29.51	NA NA
2018-19	Unabsorbed Depreciation	634.58	164.99	NA.
2019-20	Unabsorbed Depreciation	369.09	95.96	NA.
2020-21	Unabsorbed Depreciation	160.60	41.76	NA NA
2021-22	Unabsorbed Depreciation	202.10	52.55	NA NA
2022-23	Unabsorbed Depreciation	197.50	51.35	NA.
2023-24	Unabsorbed Depreciation	121,74	31.65	NA NA
2024-25	Unabsorbed Depreciation	199.84	51.96	NA NA
2024-25	Taxable Business losses	184.25	47.90	2032-33
Total		2,183.20	567.63	



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# (B) Recognition of deferred tax asset to the extent of deferred tax liabilities

1.15×174×	Balance sheet	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Deferred tax asset	180.05	195.03
	Deferred tax liabilities	(180.05)	(195.03)
	Deferred tax liabilities, net		
(C)	Reconciliation of deferred tax assets / (liabilities) (net):	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Opening balance as of 1 April		
	Effect on tax asset recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss	(7.16)	(4.02)
	Effect on tax asset / (liability) recognized in OCI	7.16	4.02
	Closing balance as at 31 March		5 <b>9</b> 5
(D)	Deferred tax assets / (liabilities) to be recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Tax asset	(7.16)	(4.02)
	Tax Liabilities		
		(7.16)	(4.02)
(E)	Income tax expense	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	- Current tax taxes	· .	
	- Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous year	-	
	- Deferred tax charge / (income)	7.16	4.02
	Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	7.16	4.02
(F)	Income tax expense charged to OCI	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Net loss/(gain) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(7.16)	(4.02)
	Income tax charged to OCI	(7.16)	(4.02)
(G)	Reconciliation of tax charge	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
XX-12	Profit/(loss) before tax	(603.63)	(337.62)
	Income tax rate applicable	26%	26%
	Income tax expense at tax rates applicable	(156.94)	(87.78)
	Tax effects of: - Permanent difference	24.92	17.69
	- unabsorbed depreciation and business losses not recognised	139.18	74.11
	anadomora depreciation and edunical reader for recognised	133.10	74:11

4.02

7.16

Income tax expense



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# 37 Earnings/ (Loss) per share

Basic earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

	(1) 등 의원에는 경기가 하면 가게 되었다면 하는 사람이 되었다면 하는데		
	The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:		
	The residence of the residence of the second second in the second	For the year ended	For the Year ended
		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Profit / (Loss) attributable to equity holders	(610.79)	(341.64)
	Weighted average number of equity shares for basic EPS/Diluted EPS	50.41	50.41
		50.41	50.41
	Basic loss per share (INR)	(12.12)	(6.78)
	Diluted loss per share (INR)	(12.12)	(6.78)
	proposition has bee superfluid.		
		For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
38	Employee benefits	PHICH 31, 2023	Plairel 31, 2024
(A)	Defined Contribution Plans		
	During the year, the Company has recognized the following amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss -		
	Employers' Contribution to Provident Fund	74.37	57.81
	Employer contribution to Employee State Insurance and employee social securities fund / scheme	16.79	12.89
	Employers' Contribution to Superannuation Fund	3,69	2.69
	Employers' Contribution to Labour Welfare Fund	1,10	0.91
	ENDERFORMANCE AND	95.95	74.30
(B)	Defined benefit plans		
	a) Gratuity payable to employees (Refer Note 22)	293.04	237.06
	Gratuity		
		As at	As at
1)	Actuarial assumptions	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Discount rate (per annum)	6.82%	7.21%
	Rate of increase in Salary	5.00%	5.00%
	Attrition rate	2.00%	2.00%
	Mortality rate	IALM (2012-14) Urban	1ALM (2012-14) Urban
		As at	As at
II)	Changes in the present value of defined benefit	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	obligation and plan assets	FairCi 32, 2023	Plairen 32, 2024
	Present value of obligation at the beginning of the		
	year	284.05	259.59
	Interest cost	20.48	19.42
	Current service cost	14.38	9.76
	Benefits paid	(4.37)	(19.21)
	Actuarial (gain)/ loss on obligations	27.22	14.49
	Present value of obligation at the end of the year	341.76	284.05
	Plan assets at the beginning of the year	46.99	62.49
	Expected return of plan assets - Interest income	3.39	4.67
	Expected return of plan assets - excluding interest	10000	
	income	(0.30)	(0.96)
	Contributions	3.01	2
	Benefits paid	(4.37)	(19.21)
	Plan assets at the end of the year	48.72	46.99



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

iii)	Expense recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Current service cost	14.38	9.76
	Interest cost	20.48	19.42
	Expected return on plan assets	(3.39)	(4.67)
	Total expenses recognized in the Statement Profit and Loss*	31.47	24.51

<sup>\*</sup>Included in Employee benefits expense (Refer Note 32). Actuarial (gain)/loss of Rs. 31.18/- (March 31, 2024; Rs. 15.45/-)is included in other comprehensive income.

. The Second Control of the Control		
Expenses recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on obligations	27.22	14.49
Expected return on Plan Assets - excluding Interest Income	0.30	0.96
Total expenses recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income	27.52	15.45
Assets and liabilities recognized in the Balance Sheet:	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Present value of obligation as at the end of the year	341.76	284.05
Plan assets at the end of the year	48.72	46,99
Net asset / (liability) recognized in Balance Sheet *Included in provision for employee benefits (Refer note 22)	(293.04)	(237.06)
Expected contribution to the fund in the next year	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	44.64	38.29
	Income (OCI)  Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on obligations Expected return on Plan Assets - excluding Interest Income  Total expenses recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income  Assets and liabilities recognized in the Balance Sheet:  Present value of obligation as at the end of the year Plan assets at the end of the year Net asset / (liability) recognized in Balance Sheet *Included in provision for employee benefits (Refer note 22)	Actuarial (Gain)/Loss on obligations Expected return on Plan Assets = excluding Interest Income Total expenses recognized in the Other Comprehensive Income  As at Assets and liabilities recognized in the Balance Sheet:  Present value of obligation as at the end of the year Plan assets at the end of the year Net asset / (liability) recognized in Balance Sheet  Expected contribution to the fund in the next year  As at March 31, 2025  Expected contribution to the fund in the next year  As at March 31, 2025

# vii) A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption as at 31 March 2025 is as shown below:

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Impact on defined benefit obligation		
Discount rate		
1% increase	(21.34)	(16.35)
1% decrease	24.18	18.67
Rate of increase in salary		
1% increase	24.38	18.90
1% decrease	(21.88)	(16.82)
	, and a second	,

As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Gratuity (funded)	Gratuity (funded)
26.61	73.61
24.50	23.52
30.47	18.03
25.23	13.36
96.75	16.20
118.39	104.51
278.93	259.60
	March 31, 2025 Gratuity (funded)  26.61 24.50 30.47 25.23 96.75 118.39



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# 39 Leases where company is a lessee

Amounts recognised in statement of Profit and Loss account

Particulars	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Low-value leases expensed.	4.80	11.71
Total	4.80	11.71

40	Contingent liabilities (to the extent not provided for)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Sales Tax liability that may arise in respect of matters in appeal	126.18	126.18
	Entry Tax liability that may arise in respect of matters in appeal	28.62	28.62
	Excise duty / service tax liability that may arise in respect of matters in appeal	1,190.48	1,190.48
	Income Tax liability that may arise in respect of matters in appeal	80.62	80.62
	Goods and Service Tax liability that may arise in respect of matter in appeal	8.09	
	Letters of credit outstanding	294.10	248.76
	Bank guarantees	50.80	35.51
	Liability for violation of clause 31(1) of SEBI LODR 2015	10.00	10.00

The company has carefully examined all of its ongoing legal cases and has made appropriate provisions where necessary. The company believes that the outcome of these cases will not significantly impact its financial position. Additionally, the company does not expect any reimbursements in respect of the above contingent liabilities.

# 41 Related Party Disclosures

(A) Names of related parties and description of relationship as identified and certified by the Company:

# **Subsidiary Companies**

GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited

# Associates / Entities under common control

Lensco-The Lens Company GKB Vision Private Limited

GKB Vision FZC

Prescription Optical Products LLC

Prime Ophthalmics Products Pty Limited, SA

# Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Mr. K G Gupta Chairman and Managing Director Mr. Vikram Gupta Non-Executive Director Mr. Anil Palekar\* Non-Executive/ Independent Director Mr. Purushottam Mantri Non-Executive/ Independent Director Mrs. Shashi Katreddi\*\* Non-Executive/ Independent Director Mrs. Sandhya Kamat\*\*\* Non-Executive/ Independent Director Mr. Ninad Kamat\*\*\*\* Non-Executive/ Independent Director Mr. Cedric Lobo\*\*\*\*\* Executive/ Non-Independent Director Mr. Gurudas Sawant Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary Ms. Pooja Bicholikar

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

- \*Retired as Independent Director w.e.f May 22, 2024
- \*\* Retired as Independent Director w.e.f March 31, 2025
- \*\*\*Appointed as an Independent Director w.e.f May 22, 2024
- \*\*\*\*Appointed as an Independent Director w.e.f June 01, 2024
- \*\*\*\*\*Appointed as an Executive Director w.e.f June 01, 2024

# Relatives of the Key Management Personnel

Mrs. Veena Gupta

# (B) Details of transactions with related party in the ordinary course of business for the year ended:

(i)	Purchases of goods and services	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Subsidiary Companies	7-	14 (0.0000)
	GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE	33.29	28.98
	Associate / Entities under common control		
	GKB Vision Private Limited	26.03	40.23
	Total	59.32	69.21
(ii)	Purchases of capital goods	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Associate / Entities under common control		
	GKB Vision Private Limited	91.29	106.62
	Total	91.29	106.62
(iii)	Sales of goods and services	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Subsidiary Companies	-	
	GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE	204.41	149.45
	Associate / Entities under common control		
	Lensco-The Lens Company	337.23	
	GKB Vision Private Limited	1,522.23	1,688.83
	Total	2,063.88	1,838.28
(iv)	Sale of capital goods	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
833	Key management personnel		
	Mr. K G Gupta	2	5.00
	Total		5.00



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(v)	Reimbursement of expenses	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Subsidiary Companies	No recommendate con	
	GSV Ophthalmics Pvt Ltd	0.09	10.05
	Associates / Entities under common control		
	GKB Vision Private Limited		1.79
	Lensco-The Lens Company	27.17	7.83
	Total	27.26	19.67
(vi)	Dividend income	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Subsidiary company		
	GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE	176.88	167.00
	Total	176.88	167.00
(vii)	Remuneration of key management personnel #	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
2000	Short term employee benefits	A CHARLEST AND A CONTRACT OF THE CONTRACT OF T	200000000000000000000000000000000000000
	Mr. K G Gupta	49.86	43.05
	Mr. Subhash Redkar	1	15.96
	Mr. Cedric Lobo	8,60	
	Ms. Pooja Bicholkar	9.19	8.14
	Mr. Gurudas Sawant	12.78	12.24
		80.43	79.39
	Post employee benefits	7,000	
	Mr, K G Gupta	5.18	4.32
	Mr. Subhash Redkar		0.97
	Mr. Cedric Lobo	0.73	
	Ms. Pooja Bicholkar	0.64	0.58
	Mr. Gurudas Sawant	0.92	0.89
		7.48	6.76
	#The remuneration to the key managerial personnel does not include the provisions made for gratuity and leave benefits, as		

#The remuneration to the key managerial personnel does not include the provisions made for gratuity and leave benefits, as they are determined on an actuarial basis for the Company as a whole.

(viii) Director's sitting fees	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)		
Mr. Anil Palekar*		1.30
Mr. Vikram Gupta	0.10	0.30
Mrs. Sandhya Kamat***	1.10	
Mr. Purushottam Mantri	1.70	1.20
Mrs. Shashi Katreddi	1.60	1.10
Mr. Ninad Kamat****	1.00	
Total	5.50	3.90



# GKB Ophthalmics Ltd.

# Notes forming part of the Standalone Financial Statements

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(ix)	Rent paid	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
3555	Relatives of the Key Managerial Personnel		
	Mrs. Veena Gupta	4.80	4.80
	Total	4.80	4.80
(x)	Loan taken	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)	20	
	Mr. K.G. Gupta	300.00	
	Subsidiary Company		
	GSV Ophthalmics Pvt Ltd	500.00	-
	Total	800.00	
(xi)	Repayment of loan	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)		
	Mr. K.G. Gupta	3.54	S#
		3.54	2.5
(xii)	Interest Paid on Loan	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)	15.10	-
	Mr. K.G. Gupta	11.29	
	GSV Ophthalmics Pvt Ltd	26.39	0.5
(C)	Amount due to/from related party as on:		
(I)	Accounts Payable, loan payable and Other payables		
•	Associates / Entities under common control	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	GKB Vision Private Limited	82.61	158.09
	Lensco-The Lens Company	*	17.83
	Key Managerial Personnel (KMP)		
	Mr. K.G. Gupta	357.54	29.05
	Subsidiary Company		
	GSV Ophthalmics Pvt Ltd	500.00	1.5
	Relatives of the Key Managerial Personnel		
	Mrs. Veena Gupta	2.32	5,25
	Total	942.47	210.21



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
êde -	
262.35	181.53
127.78	
310.88	384.90
701.02	566.43
	262.35 127.78 310.88

# 42 Fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities

#### A. Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

#### B. Measurement of fair value

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

#### The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- The fair value of other current financial assets, cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, loans and advances, trade payables, short-term borrowings and other financial liabilities approximate the carrying amounts largely due to short-term maturities of these instruments.
- The fair value of non-current financial assets comprising of security deposits and non-current term deposits at amortised cost using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) are not significantly different from the carrying amount.

#### Fair value hierarchy

The following is the hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).
- Level 3 Inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

air value measurement hierarchy of assets		As at	As at
	Fair value hierarchy	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
) Financial Assets measured at fair value			
Investments in mutual funds at EVTPL	Level 1	0.08	0.08
		As at	As at
) Financial assets measured at amortized cost		March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Trade receivables	Level 3	748.99	686.13
Cash and cash equivalents	Level 3	0.04	7.26
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalent	Level 3	88.54	62.84
Other financial assets	Level 3	188.97	156.80



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(c)	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost (at Level 3)			
	Short term Borrowings	Level 3	974.87	998.73
	Long term Borrowings	Level 3	860.74	109.20
	Trade payables	Level 3	697.57	723.09
	Other financial liabilities	Level 3	285.13	257.05

There have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the period

#### 43 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Company is exposed to various financial risks. These risks are categorized into market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's risk management is coordinated by the Board of Directors and focuses on securing long term and short term cash flows. The Company does not engage in trading of financial assets for speculative purposes.

#### (A) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises of three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include borrowings and derivative financial instruments.

#### (i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company does not have exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates as the Company's long-term debt obligations are with fixed interest rates.

#### (ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a different currency from the Company's functional currency). The risk is measured through monitoring the net exposure to various foreign currencies and the same is minimized to the extent possible.

#### Foreign currency sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the foreign currency rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities).

# Foreign currency risk exposure as at 31 March 2025

Particulars	USD to INR	Euro to INR
Trade receivables	250.70	9.35
Other Receivables	169.50	
Trade payables	(77.31)	(12.12)
Net exposure to foreign currency risk assets / (liabilities)	342.89	(2.77)

# Foreign currency risk exposure as at 31 March 2024

Particulars	USD to INR	Euro to INR
Trade receivables	61.95	4.56
Other Receivables	144.52	
Trade payables	(51.74)	(8.33)
Net exposure to foreign currency risk assets / (liabilities)	154.73	(3.77)

Foreign currency sensitivity	As at March 31, 2025 As at March 31, 2024				
Particulars	1 % Increase	1 % decrease	1 % Increase	1 % decrease	
USD	3.43	(3.43)	1,55	(1.55)	
Euro	(0.03)	0.03	(0.04)	0.04	

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# (B) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk arises principally from the Company's receivables from deposits with landlords and other statutory deposits with regulatory agencies and also arises from cash held with banks and financial institutions. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets. The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to prevent losses in financial assets. The Company assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Company establishes an allowance for doubtful debts and impairment that represents its estimate of credit losses in respect of trade and other receivables.

However, the credit risk arising on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Company invest in deposits with banks and financial institution with credit ratings and strong repayment capacity. Investment in securities primarily include investment in liquid mutual funds units and equity shares.

#### Trade receivables

The Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The demographics of the customer, including the default risk of the industry and country in which the customer operates, also has an influence on credit risk assessment. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

Summary of the Company's exposure to credit risk by age of the outstanding from various customers is as follows:

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Not due	632.62	409.20
Past due 1-180 days	109.10	191.76
Past due for more than 180 days	7.27	85.17

#### Expected credit loss assessment

The Company allocates each exposure to a credit risk grade based on a variety of data that is determined to be predictive of the risk of loss (e.g. timeliness of payments, available press information etc.) and applying experienced credit judgement.

Exposures to customers outstanding at the end of each reporting period are reviewed by the Company to determine incurred and expected credit losses. Historical trends of impairment of trade receivables do not reflect any significant credit losses. Given that the macroeconomic indicators affecting customers of the Company have not undergone any substantial change, the Company expects the historical trend of minimal credit losses to continue.

Movement of provision for doubtful debts:

	As at	As at
	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Balance at the beginning of the year	43.19	44.94
Amount provided during the year (net of reversal)	10.27	(1.75)
Balance at the end of the year	53.46	43.19

# Cash and cash equivalents

As at the year end, the Company held cash and cash equivalents of INR 0.04 Lakhs [31 March 2024 - INR 7.26 Lakhs] The cash and cash equivalents are held with banks with good credit rating.

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Other bank balances

Other bank balances are held with banks with good credit rating.

#### Other financial assets

Other financial assets are neither past due nor impaired.

# (C) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due.

#### Maturities of financial liabilities

The following table shows the maturity analysis of the Company's financial liabilities based on contractually agreed undiscounted cash flows along with its carrying value as at the Balance Sheet date.

	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
As at March 31, 2025						
Term loan from banks	(2)	8.40	25.20	30.68	V	64.28
Term Loan from others		16.30	85.69	694.47		796.46
Short term borrowings	947.87		-	-		947.87
Trade payables		265.72	431.85			697.57
Other financial liabilities	15.55	136.15	132.43		1.00	285.13
	963.42	426.57	675.17	725.16	1.00	2,791,31
As at March 31, 2024						
Term loan from banks	(*)	19.62	25.20	64.38	(*)	109.20
Short term borrowings	998.73			1000000	_	998.73
Trade payables	÷	390.84	332.25	-		723.09
Other financial liabilities	11.87	105.92	39.00		100.26	257.05
	1,010.60	516.38	396.45	64.38	100.25	2,088.07

# 44 Segment Reporting

The company operations predominantly relates to manufacturing and trading in unfinished ophthalmics lenses made up of plastic. The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) reviews the operations of the company as one operating segment. Hence no separate segment information has been furnished herewith.

The information based on geographical areas to revenue and non-current assets are as below:-

#### [A] Revenue from Operations

Particulars	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
Within India	2,643.24	2,813.11
Outside India	631.70	304.94
	3,274.94	3,118.05

#### [B] Non-Current Operating assets

All non-current assets other than financial instruments of the company are located in India

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# [C] Details of major customers

10% of total revenue are as follows:-

Name	For the year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
Customer 1	1,581.87	1,768.68
Customer 2	334.42	-
Customer 3	237.32	313.77

#### 45 "Wilful Defaulter"

The company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.

# 46 Relationship with Struck off Companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956,

The Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956.

# 47 "Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

The Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

# 48 Compliance with number of layers of companies

The company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

# 49 Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium:

- The Company has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries"
- (ii) The Company has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the Company shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (b) provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,"

# 50 Details of Benami Property held

The Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any Benami property.

#### 51 Undisclosed income

The Company does not have any undisclosed income which is not recorded in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year (previous year) in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

52 The Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

53

atios		Amount in INR		Ratios		<u> </u>			
Ratio	Numerator/Denominator	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	As at 31 March 2025	As at 31 March 2024	% Change	Reason		
Current Ratio	Current Assets	1,667.27	1,425,55	0.76	0.68	12%	Change is not more than 25%		
Current Ratio	Current Liabilities	2,207.62	2,082.89	0.70	0.00	4270	change is not more than 23 %		
Debt-Equity Ratio	Debt	1,808.61	1,107.93	Same P	/E-108	71.7000	The ratio has increased in the current year		
Debt-Equity Ratio	Equity	1,767.42	2,398.57	1.02	0.46	122%	due to additional borrowing to the tune of 800 lakhs during the year		
	Net Operating Income	(160.11)	75.12				The ratio has increased in the current year		
Debt Service Coverage Ratio	Debt Service	1,083.46	1,043.55	(0.15)	0.07	-314%	due to higher loss as compared to the previous year.		
STATE OF STA	Profit after tax	(610.79)	(341.64)	d warms	0.000	Seattern 1	The ratio has decreased due to higher losses in		
Return on Equity Ratio	Shareholder's Equity	1,767.42	2,398.57	(0.35)	(0.14)	150%	the current year as compared to the previous year		
Communication and a commun	Cost of Goods Sold	1,846.30	1,671.67						
Inventory Tumover Ratio	Average Inventory	538.50	537.43	3.43	3.11	10%	Change is not more than 25%		
	Net Sales	3,274,94	3.118.05						
Trade Receivables Turnover Ratio	Average Trade Receivables	717.56	586.92	4.56	5.31	-14%	Change is not more than 25%		
drove wed	Net Purchases	2,253,45	1,731.83	(2)(2)	150,000	1222	1223	333333	PER SECURE UNA CERTA
Trade Payables Turnover Ratio	Average Trade Payables	710.33	622.28	3.17	2.78	14%	Change is not more than 25%		
AND DESCRIPTION OF THE PARTY.	Revenue	3,472.16	-3,325.79	P 66	0.00	- 004	West Control of the Control of the West Control of the Control of		
Net Capital Turnover Ratio	Average Working Capital	596.60	520,20	5.80	6.39	-9%	Change is not more than 25%		
	Net Profit	(603.63)	(337.62)				The ratio has decreased due to higher losses in		
Net Profit Ratio	Net Sales	3,274,94	3,118.05	(0.18)	(0.11)	64%	the current year as compared to the previous year		
	EBIT	(457.21)	(209.95)				The ratio has decreased due to higher losses in		
Return on Capital Employed	Capital Employed	2,740,97	2,788.58	(0.17)	(80.0)	113%	the current year as compared to the previous		
	Net Profit	(603.63)	(337.62)			_	The ratio has decreased due to higher losses in		
Return on Investment	Net Investment	1,767.42	2.398.57	(0.34)	(0.14)	143%	the current year as compared to the previous year		



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

54 Reconciliation of quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed with banks

Quarter	Name of bank	Particulars of Securities	Amount as per books of account (Rs. In lakhs)	Amount as reported in the quarterly return/ statement (Rs. In lakhs)	Amount of difference between books of account and quarterly statement (Rs. In lakhs)	Reason for difference
June 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Moulds (Disclosed in Property, Plent and Equipment at WDV)	742.26	915.59	(173.33)	Moulds were considered as inventory in returns submitted to the bank which are carried at cost minus breakages as per the understanding with the bank, however in the books, moulds were considered as PPE which are carried at cost minus depreciation.
June 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Finished Goods (including overheads loading & after writedown)	215.76	207.22	8.54	The difference is due to the aggregate impact of valuation of finished goods at lower of cost and net realisable value and difference in Overhead rate considered for the Finished goods valuation.
June 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Raw Material	113.28	101.66	11.62	The difference is due to printary loading which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks.
June 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Stores and Spares	111.95	115.00	(3.04)	The difference is due to primary loading which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks.
June 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Work in Progress	38.35	35.51	2.84	The difference is due to the different. Overhead rates which is considered for the Work in Progress valuation in the books of accounts and quarterly statement to banks.
June 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Utd.	Trade Payables	838.60	348.49	490.11	Difference is due to the trade payables offier than for purchase of raw material, packing material and consumables not considered in report to the bank.
June 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Trade Receivable	762.18	589.98	202.20	The difference is due to the provision made against the doubtful debtors. Further, for the purpose of bank stock statement only the debtors realisable within 90 days is considered.
September 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Moulds (Disclosed in Property, Plant and Equipment at WDV)	736.23	928.30	(192.07)	Moulds were considered as inventory in returns submitted to the bank which are carried at cost minus breakages as per the understanding with the bank, however in the books, moulds were considered as PPE which are carried at cost minus depreciation.
September 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Finished Goods (including overheads leading & after writedown)	276.74	265.13	11.61	The difference is due to the aggregate impact of valuation of finished goods at lower of cost and net realisable value and difference in Overhead rate considered for the Finished goods valuation.
September 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Raw Material	117.79	107.33	10.46	The difference is due to primary loading which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks.
September 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Stores and Spares	106.08	105.44	(0.36)	The difference is due to primary loading which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks.
September 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Work in Progress	23.67	21.67	2,00	The difference is due to the different. Overhead rates which is considered for the Work in Progress valuation in the books of accounts and quarterly statement to banks.
September 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Trade Payables	918.40	379.57	538.83	Difference is due to the trade payables other than for purchase of raw material, packing material and consumables not considered in report to the bank.
September 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Trade Receivable	756.06	540.34	215.72	The difference is due to the provision made against the doubtful debtors. Further, for the purpose of bank stock statement only the debtors realisable within 90 days is considered.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Quarter	Name of bank	Particulars of Securities	Amount as per books of account (Rs. In lakhs)	Amount as reported in the quarterly return/ statement (Rs. In lakhs)	account and quarterly	Reason for difference
December 31, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Moulds (Disclosed in Property, Plant and Equipment at WDV)	723.69	941.40	(217,71)	Moulds were considered as inventory in returns submitted to the bank which are carded at cost minus breakages as per the understanding with the bank, however in the books, moulds were considered as PPE which are carried at cost minus depreciation.
December 31, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Finished Goods (including overheads loading & after writedown)	283,00	304.75	(21.75)	The difference is due to the aggregate impact of valuation of finished goods at lower of cost and net realisable value and difference in Overhead rate considered for the Finished goods valuation.
December 31, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Raw Material	156.25	144.87	11.38	The difference is due to primary loading which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks.
December 31, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Utd.	Stores and Spares	102.37	102.20	0.17	The difference is due to primary loading which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks.
December 31, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Work in Progress	31.62	31.97	(0.35)	The difference is due to the different. Overhead rates which is considered for the Work in Progress valuation in the books of accounts and quarterly statement to banks.
December 31, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Trade Payables	1,024.04	435.23	588.81	Difference is due to the trade payables other than for purchase of raw material, packing material and consumables not considered in report to the bank.
Decisible: 31, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Trade Receivable	843.90	498.84	345.06	The difference is due to the provision made against the doubtful debtors. Further, for the purpose of bank stock statement only the debtors realisable within 90 days is considered.
March 31, 2025	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Moulds (Disclosed in Property, Plant and Equipment at WDV)	709.12	942.58	(233.46)	Moulds were considered as inventory in returns submitted to the bank which are carried at cost minus breakages as per the understanding with the bank, however in the books, moulds were considered as PPE which are carried at cost minus depreciation.
March 31, 2025	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Finished Goods (including overheads loading & after writedown)	260.91	287.80	(26.89)	The difference is due to the aggregate impact of valuation of finished goods at lower of cost and net realisable value and difference in Overhead rate considered for the Finished goods valuation.
March 31, 2025	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Utd.	Raw Material	219.31	159.12	60.19	The difference is due to primary loading which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks. Further, GIT of Rs.33.60 lakks is included in the books of accounts.
March 31, 2025	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Utd.	Stores and Spares	96.00	110.13	(14.13)	The difference is due to primary loading which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks.
March 31, 2025	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Work in Progress	31.95	31.66	0.29	The difference is due to the different. Overhead rates which is considered for the Work in Progress valuation in the books of accounts and quarterly statement to banks.
March 31, 2025	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Trade Payables	697.57	356.23	341.34	Difference is due to the trade payables other than for purchase of raw material, packing material and consumables not considered in report to the bank.
March 31, 2025	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Utd.	Trade Receivable	748.99	706.56	42.43	The difference is due to the prevision made against the doubtful debtors. Further, for the purpose of bank stock statement only the debtors realisable within 90 days is considered.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# 55 Capital management

For the purpose of the Company's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders. The primary objective of the Company's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value and to ensure the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The Company has not distributed any dividend to its shareholders. The Company monitors gearing ratio i.e. total debt in proportion to its overall financing structure, i.e. equity and debt. Total debt comprises of current borrowing. The Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets.

		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Total equity	(i)	1,767.42	2,398.57
Borrowings other than convertible preference shares	135.55	1,808.61	1,107.93
Less: cash and cash equivalents		(0.04)	(7.26)
Adjusted net debt	(ii)	1,808.57	1,100.67
Gearing ratio	(ii)/ (i)	102.33%	45.89%

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 31 March 2024.

# 56 Assets Pledged as Security

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are:

		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Primary Security on following assets		
	Inventories	608.17	468.82
	Trade receivables	748.99	686.13
	Moulds (forming part of property, plant and equipment at WDV)	709.12	755.54
	Total Current assets pledged as security	2,066.28	1,910.49
	Non-Current assets		
	Freehold land	4.30	4.30
	Leasehold Land	6.81	6.90
	Buildings	275.76	292.47
	Plant & Machinery	432.88	509.18
	Other Assets	15.33	20.90
	Total Non-Current assets pledged as security	735.08	833.75
	Total Assets pledged as security	2,801.36	2,744.24
57	Commitments	As at	As at
	Particulars	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Estimated Amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account [Net of Advances of		
	INR is NIL (previous year is NIL)]	53.70	294.77
	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR AND	53.70	294.77



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Other commitments:

The Company has taken a license of 100% EoU from Development Commissioner SEEPZ SEZ for unit II. As per the Letter of Permission dated 27th April 2021, the Company is required to achieve Net Foreign Exchange Earnings (NFE) obligation of Rs. 1,048 Lakhs during the period April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2025. The benefit is import without BCD which is approximately 12.5% and Rs. 20 Lakhs per month. The Company has achieved Net Foreign Exchange Earnings (NFE) of INR 704.86 Lakhs for the period April 01, 2020 to March 31, 2025.

The company has extended its EOU license upto 31st March 2026 and the company is committed to achieve the balance NFE of INR 343.14 Lakhs during the financial year 2025-26

- 58 The products manufactured by the company do not have a warranty period, hence provision for warranty as specified in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS) 37 on "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" is not required to be made.
- 59 During the year the Company has not capitalised any borrowing costs as per Ind AS 23 "Borrowing costs".
- 60 As at March 31, 2025, the company did not have any outstanding long term derivative contracts (previous year : Nil)
- 61 For the year ended March 31, 2025 the company is not required to transfer any amount (previous year: Nil) to the Investor Education & Protection Fund.
- 62 There were no Whistleblower complaints received during the year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024.
- 63 "The Company has used an accounting software for maintaining its books of account which has a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the accounting software. Also, there were no instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of such accounting software. Additionally, the audit trail of prior year has been preserved by the Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention to the extent it was enabled and recorded in the previous years. Further, the Company has used two other accounting softwares for maintaining its books of account for processing of payroll transactions and inventory records during the year ended March 31, 2025 which did not have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility.
- 64 No significant subsequent events have been observed which may require adjustments to the Standalone Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025.
- 65 Previous year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified to confirm to the presentation as per Ind AS as required by Schedule III of the Act.

As per our report of even date

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.:105047W

Nitin Jumani

Partner

Membership No: 111700

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**GKB Ophthalmics Limited** 

CIN: L26109GA1981PLC000469

K. G. Gupta

Managing Director

DIN: 00051863

Gurudas Sawant

Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mapusa, Goa Date: May 30, 2025 Cedric Lobo Director

DIN: 09124746

Pooja Bicholkar

Company Secretary

ICSI Membership No: 54716

Place: Mapusa, Goa Date: May 30, 2025

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Place: Pune

Date: May 30, 2025

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of GKB Ophthalmics Limited

# Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

#### Opinion

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of GKB Ophthalmics Limited (hereinafter referred to as the "Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (Holding Company, and its subsidiaries together referred to as "the Group"), and its associates, which comprise the Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025, and the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows for the year then ended, and notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements, including material accounting policy information and other explanatory information (hereinafter referred to as the "consolidated financial statements").

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on consideration of reports of other auditors on separate financial statements and on the other financial information of subsidiaries and associate, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of their consolidated state of affairs of the Group and its associate as at March 31, 2025, and of consolidated loss (including other comprehensive income), consolidated changes in equity and its consolidated cash flows for the year then ended.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit of the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs), as specified under section 143(10) of the Act. Our responsibilities under those SAs are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Group and its associate in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the consolidated financial statements in terms of the Code of Ethics issued by Institute of Chartered Accountant of India ("ICAI"), and the relevant provisions of the Act and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and on consideration of audit reports of other auditors referred to in paragraph (a) of the "Other Matters" section below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

#### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined the matters described below to be the key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

# Contingent Liabilities & Provisions

Refer Note No 40 to the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements

The Company has received certain claims from the government authorities, which are disputed, with respect to demands and penalty for Excise duty, Sales Tax, Entry Tax, Goods and Service Tax and Income tax. These involve a high degree of judgement to determine probable, possible or a reliable estimate and outcome relating to the timing and the amount of outflow of resources embodying economic benefits which are also subject to estimation uncertainty since they are currently under dispute.



Also, the amount of the claims disputed above are material to the financial position and cash flows of the Group.

Accordingly, we have considered it as a KAM.

Our audit procedures, in respect of this matter included but not limited to following:

- Obtained a detailed understanding of the managements process for determining statutory liabilities, provisions and contingent liabilities pertaining to claims or disputes.
- Verified the design and operating effectiveness of the Company's key controls over the estimation, monitoring and disclosure of provisions and contingent liabilities.
- Made corroborative inquiries with appropriate level of the management personnel including status update, expectation of outcomes with the basis, and the future course of action contemplated by the Company.
- d. Obtained the understanding of the matters involved by reading the correspondences, communications, minutes of the Audit Committee and/or the Board meetings and discussions with the appropriate Management personnel.
- Obtained direct confirmation letters from external legal counsels and reviewed them to assess the likelihood of outcome, for the purposes of provisioning.
- f. Involved our tax experts ("auditor's expert") to evaluate the key assumptions in estimating the tax provisions and assessed the possible outcome of the assessment / demands of the disputed claims.
- g. Evaluated the evidence supporting the judgement of the management about possible outcomes and the reasonableness of the assumptions and estimates, used in measuring the probable or possible impact.
- Evaluated appropriateness and adequacy of the disclosures of the contingent liability made in the consolidated financial statements in accordance with the requirements of Ind AS 37 - 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Asset' and Ind AS 12 - 'Income Taxes'.

# Information Other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Director's report including Annexures to the Director's Report but does not include the consolidated financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these consolidated financial statements in term of the requirements of the Act that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Group including its



# **GKB Ophthalmics Ltd.**

Associate in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. The respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and of its associate for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Management and Board of Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Management and Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group and of its associate to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board of Directors either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group and of its associate are responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of each company.

# Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Standards on Auditing ("SAs") will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these consolidated financial statements.

We give in "Annexure A" a detailed description of Auditor's responsibilities for Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements.

#### Other Matters:

- a. We did not audit the financial information of two subsidiaries, and one step-down subsidiary, whose financial information reflect total assets of Rs. 10,140.51 lakhs as at March 31, 2025, total revenues of Rs. 8,297.28 lakhs and net cash outflows amounting to Rs. 27.38 lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. These financial information have been audited by other auditors whose reports have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries and step down subsidiary, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act, in so far as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries and step down subsidiary, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.
- b. We did not audit the financial information of two step-down subsidiaries, whose financial information reflect total assets of Rs. 98.53 lakhs as at March 31, 2025, total revenues of Rs. 483.85 lakhs and net cash inflows amounting to Rs. 13.48 lakhs for the year ended on that date, as considered in the consolidated financial statements. The consolidated financial statements also include the Group's share of net profit (including other comprehensive income) of Rs. 18.31 lakhs for the year ended March 31, 2025, as considered in the consolidated financial statements, in respect of one associate, whose financial information have not been audited by us. These financial information are unaudited and have been furnished to us by the Management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these step down subsidiaries and associate, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) of Section 143 of the Act in so far as it relates to the aforesaid step-down subsidiaries and associate, is based solely on such unaudited financial information. In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us by the



Management, these financial information are not material to the Group.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements is not modified in respect of the above matters.

# Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, based on our audit and on the consideration of the reports of the other auditors on the Separate financial information of the subsidiaries and step-down subsidiary referred to in the Other Matters section above we report, to the extent applicable, that:
  - a. We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements.
    - In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors, except for the matters stated in the paragraph 2(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(q).
  - b. The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss including other comprehensive income, the Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity and the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flow dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements.
  - In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act.
  - d. On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on March 31, 2025 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary company incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies and its subsidiary company incorporated in India are disqualified as on March 31, 2025 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
  - e. The reservation relating to the maintenance of accounts and other matters connected therewith are as stated in paragraph 2(b) above on reporting under Section 143(3)(b) and paragraph 2(vi) below on reporting under Rule 11(g).
  - f. With respect to the adequacy of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Group and its subsidiary company incorporated in India and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in "Annexure B".
  - g. With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
    - The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial position of the Group and its associate— Refer Note 40 to the consolidated financial statements.
    - The Group and its associate did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
    - There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company and its subsidiary company incorporated in India.

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# **GKB Ophthalmics Ltd.**

- iv. 1. The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary which is a company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been advanced or loaned or invested (either from borrowed funds or share premium or any other sources or kind of funds) by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary to or in any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, as on the date of this audit report, that such parties shall, directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - 2. The respective Managements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary which is a company incorporated inIndia whose financial statements have been audited under the Act have represented to us and the other auditors of such subsidiary that, to the best of their knowledge and belief, no funds have been received by the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities with the understanding, whether recorded in writing or otherwise, as on the date of this audit report, that the Holding Company or any of such subsidiary, directly or indirectly, lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party ("Ultimate Beneficiaries") or provide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries.
  - 3. Based on the audit procedures that have been considered reasonable and appropriate in the circumstances performed by us and that performed by the auditors of the subsidiary which is a company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, and according to the information and explanations provided to us by the Management of the Holding company in this regard nothing has come to our or other auditors' notice that has caused us or the other auditors to believe that the representations under sub-clause (i) and (ii) of Rule 11(e) as provided under (1) and (2) above, contain any material mis-statement.
- v. The Company has neither declared nor paid any dividend during the year.
- vi. Based on our examination which included test checks and based on the other auditor's reports of its subsidiary Company incorporated in India whose financial statements have been audited under the Act, except for the instance mentioned below, the holding Company and its subsidiary Company incorporated in India, have used an accounting software for maintaining their respective books of account for the year ended March 31, 2025, which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software and further, during the course of audit we and the other auditor of above referred subsidiary, did not come across any instance of audit trail feature being tampered with. Additionally, the audit trail of prior year has been preserved by the Holding Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention. However, in respect of above referred subsidiary, the other auditor of the above referred subsidiary, was unable to verify the preservation of audit trail due to non-availability of the information for the year ended March 31, 2025.

Further, the Holding Company has used two other accounting softwares for maintaining its books of account for processing of payroll transactions and inventory records respectively during the year ended March 31, 2025. Based on our examination, the two accounting softwares did not have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility.

In our opinion, according to information, explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Group to its directors is within the limits laid prescribed under Section 197 read with Schedule V of the Act and the rules thereunder.



# GKB Ophthalmics Ltd.

According to the information and explanations given to us, the details of Qualifications/adverse remarks
made by the respective auditors of the subsidiary, in the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order 2020 (CARO)
Reports issued till the date of our audit report for the companies included in the consolidated financial
statements are as follows:

Sr. No.	Name of the Company	CIN	Type of Company (Holding/Subsidiary/ Associate)	Clause number of the CARO Report which is qualified or Adverse
1	GKB Ophthalmics Limited	L26109GA1981PLC000469	Holding Company	3(ii)(b)
2	GKB Ophthalmics Limited	L26109GA1981PLC000469	Holding Company	3(vii)(a)
3	GKB Ophthalmics Limited	L26109GA1981PLC000469	Holding Company	3(vii)(b)

# For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

# Nitin Manohar Jumani

Partner

Membership No. 111700 UDIN: 25111700BMKSHH3423

Place: Pune

Date: May 30, 2025



# ANNEXURE A TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud
  or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient
  and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from
  fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions,
  misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Act, we are also responsible for expressing our
  opinion on whether the Holding Company has adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated
  financial statements in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management and Board of Directors.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management and Board of Directors use of the going concern basis of
  accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or
  conditions that may cast significant doubt on the ability of the Group and its associate to continue as a going
  concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to
  the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our
  opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However,
  future events or conditions may cause the Group and its associate to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the
  disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in
  a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities
  within the Group and its associate to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are
  responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities
  included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities
  included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors
  remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain
  solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.



From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2025 and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

# Nitin Manohar Jumani

Partner

Membership No. 111700 UDIN: 25111700BMKSHH3423

Place: Pune

Date: May 30, 2025



# ANNEXURE B TO THE INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT OF EVEN DATE ON THE CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF GKB OPHTHALMICS LIMITED

[Referred to in paragraph 1(f) under 'Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements' in the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the Members of GKB Ophthalmics Limited on the consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025]

# Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

# Opinion

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended March 31, 2025, we have audited the internal financial controls reference to consolidated financial statements of GKB Ophthalmics Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Holding Company") and its subsidiary company (the Holding Company and its subsidiary together referred to as "the Group"), which is a company incorporated in India, as of that date.

In our opinion, and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the Holding Company and its subsidiary company which is incorporated in India, have, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and such internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements were operating effectively as at March 31, 2025, based on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI").

# Management and Board of Director's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Management and the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company which is incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control with reference to consolidated financial statements criteria established by the respective companies considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by ICAI. These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

# Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company, which is a company incorporated in India, based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note issued by the ICAI and the Standards on Auditing prescribed under section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.



We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matter paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements of the Holding Company and its subsidiary company, which is a company incorporated in India.

# Meaning of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

A Company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of consolidated financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company: (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of consolidated financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

# Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls with Reference to Consolidated Financial Statements

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control with reference to consolidated financial statements may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### Other Matter

Our aforesaid report under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls with reference to consolidated financial statements insofar as it relates to one subsidiary company which is a company incorporated in India, is based on the corresponding reports of the auditors of such company incorporated in India. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants

ICAI Firm Registration No. 105047W

# Nitin Manohar Jumani

Partner

Membership No. 111700

UDIN: 25111700BMKSHH3423

Place: Pune

Date: May 30, 2025



# Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025

(Amount in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated )

	Notes	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
ASSETS	100		
Non-current Assets			
Property, Plant and Equipment	5	1,703.07	1,821.42
Capital work-in-progress	7	390.59	390.59
Other Intangible assets	6		0.10
Financial Assets			
Investments	8	201.22	182.91
Other financial assets	9	4.90	0.73
Non current tax assets (net)	11	10.99	25.58
Other non-current assets	10	271.70	280.95
Total Non-current Assets	-	2,582.47	2,702.28
Current Assets			
Inventories	12	5,037.78	4,001.88
Financial Assets			
Investments	8	0.08	0.08
Trade receivables	13	2,549.15	2,839.94
Cash and cash equivalents	14	302.12	323.24
Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents	15	1,080.05	1,460.41
Other financial assets	16	49.15	15.83
Other Current assets	17	920.67	106.35
Total Current Assets		9,939.00	8,747.73
Total Assets		12,521.47	11,450.01
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
Equity			
Equity share capital	18	504.06	504.06
Other equity	19	4,699.83	5,473.06
Equity attributable to equity holders of parent		5,203.89	5,977.12
Non - Controlling Interest	20	439.76	443.20
Total equity	_	5,643.65	6,420.32
Liabilities			
Non-current liabilities			
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	21	308.16	105.16
- C. S. C.	22	331.04	301.83
Provisions	3660.0		



#### Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2025

(Amount in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	Notes	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Current liabilities	- 1		
Financial liabilities			
Borrowings	23	1,141.46	1,043.55
Trade payables	24		
<ul> <li>i) total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises</li> </ul>		122.73	95,06
<ul> <li>ii) total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises</li> </ul>		3,805.82	3,214.30
Other financial liabilities	25	212.85	160.05
Other current liabilities	26	867.51	56.48
Provisions	22	88.25	53.26
Total current liabilities	-	6,238.62	4,622.70
Total liabilities		6,877.82	5,029.69
Total equity and liabilities		12,521.47	11,450.01

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

1-66

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.:105047W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**GKB Ophthalmics Limited** 

CIN: L26109GA1981PLC000469

Nitin Jumani

Partner

Membership No: 111700

K. G. Gupta

Managing Director

DIN: 00051863

Cedric Lobo

Director

DIN: 09124746

**Gurudas Sawant** 

Chief Financial Officer

Pooja Bicholkar

Company Secretary ICSI Membership No: 54716

Place: Mapusa - Goa

Date: May 30, 2025

Place: Pune Date: May 30, 2025



# Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Amount in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
Income	100-7-100A000		0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000
Revenue from operations	27	10,898.76	8,825.40
Other income	28	133.10	150.56
Total income		11,031.86	8,975.96
Expenses			
Cost of materials consumed	29	2,115.32	1,504.53
Purchase of Stock-in-trade	30	6,175.65	4,708.85
Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in	P.		
progress	31	(946.37)	(239.60)
Employee benefits expense	32	1,725.74	1,375.83
Finance costs	33	237.08	190.33
Depreciation and amortization expense	34	308.70	289.87
Other expenses	35	2,106.67	1,417.88
Total expenses		11,722.79	9,247.69
Profit / (Loss) before share of profit / (loss) of an associate	& tax	(690.93)	(271.73)
Share of profit / (loss) of an associate		18.31	(5.86)
Profit / (Loss) before tax		(672.62)	(277.59)
Income Tax expense			
Current tax	36	28.74	18.81
Prior Period Tax		(0.60)	(2.21)
Deferred tax charge/(credit)	36	7.16	4.02
Total income tax expense	3740 7	35,30	20.62
Profit / (Loss) for the year		(707.92)	(298.21)
Other comprehensive income/(loss)			
Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss  Remeasurement of post - employement defined benefit plans - gain	/(loss)	(27.52)	(15.45)
Income tax effect on above item	30 W .	7.16	4.02
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year, net of tax		(20.36)	(11.43)
		(728.28)	(309.64)



# Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Amount in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Particulars	Notes	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
Profit /(Loss) for the year attributable to		01	
Equity holders of the parent		(704.48)	(281.05)
Non-controlling interest		(3.44)	(17.16)
Total Profit / (Loss) for the year		(707.92)	(298.21)
Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year attributable to			
Equity holders of the parent		(20.36)	(11.43)
Von-controlling interest			
Total Other comprehensive income/(loss) for the year		(20.36)	(11.43)
Total Comprehensive income/(loss) for the year			
Equity holders of the parent		(724.84)	(292.48)
Non-controlling interest		(3.44)	(17.16)
Total Comprehensive income/(loss) for the period		(728.28)	(309.64)
Earnings /(Loss) per equity share			
Basic earnings /(Loss) per share (INR)	37	(13.98)	(5.58)
Diluted earnings /(Loss) per share (INR)	37	(13.98)	(5.58)
See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements	1-66		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.:105047W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

**GKB Ophthalmics Limited** 

CIN: L26109GA1981PLC000469

Nitin Jumani

Partner

Membership No: 111700

K. G. Gupta

Managing Director

DIN: 00051863

Cedric Lobo

Director

DIN: 09124746

Gurudas Sawant

Chief Financial Officer

Pooja Bicholkar

Company Secretary

ICSI Membership No: 54716

Place : Pune Place : Mapusa - Goa Date : May 30, 2025 Date : May 30, 2025



# Consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Amount in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ender March 31, 2024
Cash flow from operating activities	0	
(Loss) before tax	(672.62)	(277.59)
Adjustments for:	7	W
Depreciation and amortization expense	308.70	289.87
Finance cost	237.08	190.33
Provision for / (Reversal of) Doubtful / Bad Debts (net)	522.74	15.22
Liabilities written back	(1.25)	(15.86)
Unrealised exchange loss /(gain) (net)	(1.67)	-1.69
(Gain)/ loss on sale of property, plant and equipment (net)	(3.98)	(4.48)
Share of profit in associate		5.86
Dividend Income	(18.31)	
Interest income	(0.04)	(0.04)
1. TO THE TIME OF THE PARTY OF	(107.43)	(88.89)
Operating Profit / (Loss) before working capital changes	263.22	112.73
Changes in working capital		
Decrease/ (Increase) in inventories	(1,035.90)	(127.93)
Decrease/ (Increase) in trade receivables	(258.21)	(82.60)
Decrease/ (Increase) in financial assets	(15.37)	52.55
Decrease/ (Increase) in Non current assets	19.27	(38.10)
Increase) / Decrease in current assets	(814.32)	(7.30)
Decrease)/ Increase in trade payables	597.63	946.79
Decrease)/ Increase in financial liabilities	66.55	(3.87)
Decrease)/ increase in other current flabilities	811.03	(455.75)
Decrease)/ Increase in provisions	36.68	44.13
Cash generated from / ( Used in ) operations	(329.42)	440.65
income tax (paid) / refund (net)	(13.55)	(18.60)
Net cash flows from / ( Used in ) operating activities (A)	(342.97)	422.05
Cash flow from Investing activities		
Payment for purchase of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	(214.72)	(207.61)
Proceeds from sale / disposal of property, plant and equipment	3.98	5.00
Refund of capital advance	3.30	95.00
Net proceeds from / (amount deposited into) fixed deposits	376.19	(251.39)
Interest received	89.48	187.71
Dividend received	0.04	0.04
Net cash flow from / ( Used in ) investing activities (B)	254.97	(171.25)
	il.	
Cash flow from Financing activities	422000 000	102164122
Proceeds from / (Repayment of) short term borrowings (net)	(50.86)	34.17
Repayment of long term borrowings	(89.24)	(51.22)
Proceeds from long term borrowings	441.01	44.20
Interest paid	(234.03)	(191.12)
Net cash flow from / ( Used in ) financing activities (C)	66.88	(163.97)
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (A+B+C)	(21.12)	86.83
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	323.24	236.41
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	302.12	323.24

For the Year ended

March 31, 2024

317.56

323.24

5.68

For the Year ended

296.20

302.12

5.92

March 31, 2025



## Consolidated statement of cash flows for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Amount in INR Łakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Cash and cash equivalents comprise (Refer note 14)

Balances with banks

On current accounts Cash on hand

Total cash and cash equivalents at end of the year

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements.

As per our report of even date

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.:105047W

Nitin Jumani

Partner

Membership No: 111700

Place : Pune

Date: May 30, 2025

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

**GKB Ophthalmics Limited** 

1-66

CIN: L26109GA1981PLC000469

K. G. Gupta Managing Director

DIN: 00051863

**Gurudas Sawant** Chief Financial Officer

Place: Mapusa - Goa Date: May 30, 2025

Cedric Lobo Director

DIN: 09124746

Pooja Bicholkar Company Secretary

ICSI Membership No: 54716



## Consolidated Statement of changes in equity for the year ended March 31, 2025

(Amount in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# (A) Equity share capital

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each issued, subscribed and fully paid		
Opening balance	504.06	504.06
Changes in equity share capital during the year		
Closing	504.06	504.06

## (B) Other equity

Particulars	Balance as at April 01, 2024	Profit/(Loss) for the year	Other comprehensive income/(loss)	Others	Balance as at March 31, 2025
Retained earnings	2,891.73	(704.48)	**	63.86	2,251.11
General Reserve	806.17			6.40	812.57
PVTOCI Reserve on defined benefit plan	(59.64)		(20.36)		(80.00)
Capital Reserves	178.91			- 2	178.91
Investment Allowance Reserve	22.29	8	8		22.29
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	(419.21)	*8	(6)	(132.94)	(552.15)
Securities Premium	2,052.81			14.29	2,067.10
Total reserves	5,473.06	(704.48)	(20.36)	(48.39)	4,699.83

Particulars	Balance as at April 01, 2023	Profit/(Loss) for the year	Other comprehensive income/(loss)	Others	Balance as at March 31, 2024
Retained earnings	3,134.66	(281.05)	*:	38.12	2,891.73
General Reserve	802.43	25		3.74	806.17
PVTOCI Reserve on defined benefit plan	(48.21)	*	(11.43)	200	(59.64)
Capital Reserves	178.91		*		178.91
Investment Allowance Reserve	22.29				22.29
Foreign Currency Translation Reserve	(369.28)	¥	9	(49.93)	(419.21)
Securities Premium	2,044.46			8.35	2,052.81
Total reserves	5,765.26	(281.05)	(11.43)	0.28	5,473.06

See accompanying notes to the consolidated financial statements

1-66

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the consolidated financial statements

As per our report of even date For M S K A & Associates Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.:105047W

Nitin Jumani Partner

Membership No: 111700

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

GK8 Ophthalmics Limited CIN: L26109GA1981PLC000469

K. G. Gupta Managing Director DIN: 00051863

Gurudas Sawant Chief Financial Officer Pooja Bicholkar Company Secretary ICSI Membership No: 54716

Cedric Lobo

DIN: 09124746

Director

Place: Mapusa - Goa Date: May 30, 2025

Place : Pune Date : May 30, 2025



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### 1 GENERAL INFORMATION

GKB Ophthalmics Limited (the "Holding Company" or "Parent") is a public limited company domiciled in India and was incorporated on 10th December 1981 under the provisions of the Companies Act, 1956 applicable in India. Its registered and principal office of business is located at 16-A, Thivim Industrial Estate, Mapusa, Goa 403 526, India.

The Group is engaged in manufacture and sale of ophthalmic lenses made up of Glass and Plastic.

The Board of Directors of the Holding Company approved the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31,2025 and authorised for issue on May 30, 2025.

The Group includes the following companies: -

Name of the Company Relationship
1. GKB Ophthalmics Limited Holding Company
2. GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited Subsidiary Company

GKB Ophthalmics Products [FZE] Wholly Owned Subsidiary Company

(including its following Subsidiaries and Associate):

- Lensco The lens company (Subsidiary)
- b. Prescription Optical Products LLC (Subsidiary)
- PRIME OPHTHALMIC PRODUCTS (PTY) LTD (Subsidiary)
- d. GKB Vision FZC (Associate 49% Holding)

## 2 BASIS OF PREPARATION AND MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 2.1 Basis of Preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements

#### (a) Compliance with Ind AS

These Consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 (the "Act") read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as ammended and and presentation requirements of Division II of Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013, (Ind AS Compliant Schedule III), as applicable to the Consolidated financial statements.

### (b) Basis of measurement

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following items:

Items	Measurement Basis
Certain Financial Assets and Financials Liabilities	Fair Value
Net Defined Benefit (asset)/liability	Present value of defined benefit obligation less fair value of plan assets

(c) All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Group's operating cycle and other criteria set out in the Schedule III to the Companies Act, 2013. Based on the nature of products and the time between the acquisitions of materials for processing and their realization in cash and cash equivalents, the Group has ascertained its operating cycle as twelve months for the purpose of current and noncurrent classification of assets and liabilities.

## (d) Use of estimates

The preparation of Consolidated financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the Management to make estimate and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date, reported amount of revenue and expenses for the year and disclosures of contingent liabilities as at the Balance Sheet date. The estimates and assumptions used in the accompanying financial statements are based upon the Management's evaluation of the relevant facts and circumstances as at the date of the financial statements. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on a periodic basis. Revisions to accounting estimates, if any, are recognized in the year in which the estimates are revised and in any future years affected. Refer Note 3 for detailed discussion on estimates and judgments.

## (e) Principles of consolidation:

The consolidated financial statements comprise the financial statements of the Parent and its Subsidiaries as at March 31, 2024. Control is achieved when the group is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. Specifically, the group controls an investee if, and only if, the group has:

- Power over the investee (i.e. existing rights that give it the current ability to direct the relevant activities of the investee)
- . Exposure, or rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and



(Amount in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated )

- . The contractual arrangement with the other vote holders of the investee.
- · Rights arising from other contractual arrangements,
- . The Group's voting rights and potential voting rights, and
- . The size of the Group's holding of voting rights relative to the size and dispersion of the holdings of the other voting right holders
- . The ability to use its power over the investee to affect its returns.

Generally, there is a presumption that a majority voting rights results in control. To support this presumption and when the group has less than a majority of the voting or similar rights of an investee, the group considers all relevant facts and circumstances in assessing whether it has power over an investee, including:

The Group re-assesses whether or not it controls an investee it facts and circumstances indicate that there are changes to one or more of the three elements of control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the group obtains control. Consolidation of a subsidiary begins when the group obtains control over the subsidiary and ceases when the group loses control of the subsidiary. Assets, liabilities, income and expenses of the subsidiary acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date group gains control until the date the group ceases to control the subsidiary.

A Change in the ownership interest of a subsidiary, without a loss of control, is accounted for as an equity transaction.

If the Group loses control over a subsidiary, it derecognises the related assets (including goodwill), liabilities, non-controlling interest and other comprehensive equity while any resultant gain or loss is recognised in statement, of profit and loss. Any investment retained as recognised at fair value.

#### (g) Basis of consolidation :

The financial statements of the parent and its subsidiaries have been consolidated on a line by line basis by adding together the book values of like items of assets, liabilities, income and expenses after eliminating intra group balances, intra group transactions and unrealised profits resulting there from and are prepared, to the extent possible, in the same form and manner as the Parent's independent financial statements. The profit or loss and each component of other comprehensive income are attributed to the equity holders of the parent of the group and to the non-controlling interest, even if this results in the non-controlling interest having a deficit balance.

Consolidated financial statements are prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances. If a member of the group uses accounting policies other than those adopted in the consolidated financial statements for like transactions and events in similar circumstances, appropriate adjustments are made to that group members financial statements in preparing the consolidated financial statements to ensure conformity with the Group's accounting policies

The financial statements of all entities used for the purpose of consolidation are drawn up to the same reporting reporting date as that of holding company i.e. year ended on March 31, 2025.

# (h) Going concern

The Company has prepared the financial statements on the basis that it will continue to operate as a going concern.

#### 2.2 Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at historical cost less depreciation. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items. Cost of property, plant and equipment comprises its purchase price net of any discounts and rebates, any import duties and other taxes (other than those subsequently recovered from the tax authorities), any directly attributable expenditure on making the asset ready for its intended use, other incidental expenses, decommissioning costs, if any, and interest on borrowings attributable to it up to the date it is ready for its intended use. Cost of property, plant and equipment that are not yet ready for their intended use at the balance sheet date are shown under capital work-in-progress.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the holding Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying amount of any component accounted for as a separate asset is derecognized when replaced. All other repairs and maintenance are charged to Statement of Profit and Loss during the year in which they are incurred.

Advances paid towards the acquisition of property, plant and equipment outstanding at each balance sheet date is classified as capital advances under other non-current assets.

Property, Plant & Equimpment's residual values and useful lifes are reviewed at each Balance sheet date and changes, if any, are treated as changes in accounting estimates.

#### Depreciation methods, estimated useful lives

The Group depreciates Property, plant and equipments using the straight line method over their estimated useful lives as under:



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Property, plant and equipment	Useful Life	
Building	30 to 60 years	
Plant & Machinery	1 to 15 years	
Furniture and Fixtures	1 to 10 years	
Office Equipment	1 to 5 years	
Vehicles	8 to 10 years	
Computers	1 to 15 years	

Leasehold land is amortised over the period of lease. Buildings constructed on leasehold land are depreciated based on the useful life specified in Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013, where the lease period of land is beyond the life of the building.

Based on the technical experts assessment of useful life, certain items of property plant and equipment are being depreciated over useful lives different from the prescribed useful lives under Schedule II to the Companies Act, 2013. Management believes that such estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

Depreciation on addition to property plant and equipment is provided on pro-rata basis from the date of acquisition. Depreciation on sale/deduction from property plant and equipment is provided up to the date preceding the date of sale, deduction as the case may be. Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed periodically at each financial year end and adjusted prospectively, as appropriate.

Incase of foreign subsidiaries / Companies, depreciation on property, plant and equipment has been provided at the rates required / permissible by the GAAPs of the respective countries. The management believes that these estimated useful lives are realistic and reflect fair approximation of the period over which the assets are likely to be used.

### 2.3 Other Intangible Assets

Intangible assets are stated at acquisition cost, net of accumulated amortization.

### Amortisation, estimated useful lives

The Group amortises intangible assets over their estimated useful lives using the straight line method. The estimated useful lives of intangible assets are as follows:

Intangible assets	Useful Life	
Computer Software	6 years	

Intangible assets with finite lives are assessed for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortization period and the amortization method for an intangible asset with a finite useful life are reviewed at least at each financial year end.

## 2.4 Foreign Currency Transactions

### (a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the Consolidated financial statements are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates (\_the functional currency'). The Consolidated financial statements are presented in Indian rupee (INR), which is the holding Company's functional and presentation currency. All amounts have been rounded-off in Rs, lakhs, unless otherwise indicated.

#### (b) Transactions and balances

On initial recognition, all foreign currency transactions are recorded by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate between the functional currency and the foreign currency at the date of the transaction. Gains/Losses arising out of fluctuation in foreign exchange rate between the transaction date and settlement date are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

All monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are restated at the year end at the exchange rate prevailing at the year end and the exchange differences are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

On consolidation, the assets and liabilities of foreign operations are translated into INR at the rate of exchange prevailing at the reporting date and their statement of profit and loss are translated at average rate during the year. The exchange differences arising on translation for consolidation are recognised in other equity.

### 2.5 Revenue Recognition

#### Sale of goods

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised at a point in time when the Group satisfies the performance obligation by transferring / delivering promised goods to the customer. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of returns and allowances, trade discounts and volume rebates, goods and service tax (GST). For all contracts, there is a fixed unit price for each product sold at a specific time. Therefore, there is no judgement involved in allocating the contract price to each unit ordered in such contracts (it is the total contract price divided by the number of units ordered).

### Rendering of services

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the terms of the contract with customers when the identified performance obligation is completed. The revenue is measured based on transaction price. Amounts disclosed as revenue are net of goods and service tax (GST).

#### Other operating income

Export incentive under various schemes are accounted in the year of export on accrual basis when the right to receive is established.

#### Other Income

Interest Income is recognised on a basis of effective interest method as set out in Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments, and where no significant uncertainty as to measurability or collectability exists.

Dividend income is accounted for when the right to receive the same is established, which is generally when the shareholders approve the dividend.

#### 2.6 Taxes on Income

Tax expense for the year, comprising current tax and deferred tax, are included in the determination of the net profit or loss for the year.

# (a) Current income tax

Current tax assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, at the year end date. Current tax assets and tax liabilities are offset where the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset and intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## (b) Deferred tax

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the balance sheet approach, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in financial statements. Deferred income tax is also not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting profit nor taxable profit (tax loss). Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the year and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses only if it is probable that future taxable amounts will be available to utilize those temporary differences and losses.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and when the deferred tax balances relate to the same taxation authority.

Current and deferred tax is recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2.7 Leases

#### As a lessee

The Group's lease asset classes primarily consist of leasehold land. The Group assesses whether a contract contains a lease, at inception of a contract. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration. To assess whether a contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset, the Group assesses whether: (i) the contract involves the use of an identified asset (ii) the Group has substantially all of the economic benefits from use of the asset through the period of the lease and (iii) the Group has the right to direct the use of the asset.

At the date of commencement of the lease, the Group recognizes a right-of-use asset (- ROUMind a corresponding lease liability for all lease arrangements in which it is a lessee, except for leases with a term of twelve months or less (short-term leases) and low value leases. For these short-term and low value leases, the Group recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

#### 2.8 Inventories

Inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Raw materials, stores, spares and consumable tools, packing materials, work-in-process and finished goods are valued at lower of cost or net realisable value.

In case of raw materials, stores, spares, consumable tools and packing materials, cost represents purchase price and other costs incurred for bringing the inventories to their present location and conditions and is determined on - weighted average basis.

In case of work-in-process and finished goods, cost represents cost of raw material, cost of conversion such as direct labour, direct expenses, etc. and production overheads which are based on normal level of production.

Provision of obsolescence on inventories is considered on the basis of management's estimate based on demand and market of the inventories.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated cost of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Cost of traded goods is determined on a weighted average basis.

The comparison of cost and net realizable value is made on item by item basis.

### 2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

The Group assesses at each year end whether there is any objective evidence that a non financial asset or a group of non financial assets is impaired. If any such indication exists, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount and the amount of impairment loss.

An impairment loss is calculated as the difference between an asset's carrying amount and recoverable amount. Losses are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss and reflected in an allowance account. When the Group considers that there are no realistic prospects of recovery of the asset, the relevant amounts are written off. If the amount of impairment loss subsequently decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised, then the previously recognised impairment loss is reversed through Statement of Profit and Loss.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash-generating unit (as defined below) is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash in flows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the - cash-generating unit).

# 2.10 Provisions, contingent liabilities, Contingent assets

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and there is a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation. Provisions are measured at the best estimate of the expenditure required to settle the present obligation at the Balance sheet date.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are disclosed when there is a possible obligation arising from past events, the existence of which will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non occurrence of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Group or a present obligation that arises from past events where it is either not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle or a reliable estimate of the amount cannot be made.

Reimbursement by another party, expected in respect of expenditure required to settle a provision, is recognised when it is virtually certain that reimbursement will be received if the obligation is settled.

Contingent assets are neither recognised nor disclosed.

Provisions, contingent liabilities, contingent assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date.

### 2.11 Employee Benefits

#### (a) Short-term obligations

Liabilities for wages and salaries, including non-monetary benefits that are expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the year in which the employees render the related service are recognized in respect of employees' services up to the end of the year and are measured at the amounts expected to be paid when the liabilities are settled. The liabilities are presented as current employee benefit obligations in the balance sheet.

### (b) Other long-term employee benefit obligations

## (i) Defined contribution plan

Provident Fund: Contribution towards provident fund is made to the regulatory authorities, where the holding Company or Parent has no further obligations. Such benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the Group does not carry any further obligations, apart from the contributions made on a monthly basis which are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Employee's State Insurance Scheme: Contribution towards employees' state insurance scheme is made to the regulatory authorities, where the Group has no further obligations. Such benefits are classified as Defined Contribution Schemes as the holding Company does not carry any further obligations, apart from the contributions made on a monthly basis which are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Superannuation: Contributions to the superannuation fund, which is administered by Life Insurance Corporation of India, are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## (ii) Defined benefit plans

Gratuity: The Group provides for gratuity, a defined plan (the "Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees of the Holding company in accordance with the payment of Gratuity Act 1972. The Gratuity plan provides a lump sum payment to vested employees at retirement, death, incapacitation or termination of employment, of an amount based on the respective employee's salary. The Group's liability is actuarially determined (using the Projected Unit Credit method ) at the end of each year. Actuarial losses /gains are recognized in the other comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.

Defined benefit scheme surpluses and deficits are measured at:

- (i) The fair value of plan assets at the reporting date; less
- (ii) Plan liabilities calculated using the projected unit credit method discounted to its present value using yields available on government bonds that have maturity dates approximating to the terms of the liabilities and are denominated in the same currency as the postemployment benefit obligations;

Service costs are recognised in profit or loss, and include current and past service costs as well as gains and losses on curtailments.

Net interest expense (income) is recognised in profit or loss, and is calculated by applying the discount rate used to measure the defined benefit obligation (asset) at the beginning of the annual period to the balance of the net defined benefit obligation (asset), considering the effects of contributions and benefit payments during the period.

Actuarial losses/gains are recognized in the other comprehensive income in the year in which they arise.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### (iii) Other long term employee benefit obligations

Compensated Absences:

The employees of the Parent Company are entitled to encashment of un-availed leave. The employees can carry forward a portion of the unutilised leave and receive cash compensation at retirement or termination of employment. The Parent Company records an obligation for encashment of un-availed leave in the period in which the employee renders the services, based on an actuarial valuation at the balance sheet date, carried out by an independent actuary.

## 2.12 Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or Production of a Qualifying asset are capitalised as part of cost of such Asset till such time as the asset is ready for its intended use or sale.

A Qualifying Asset is an Asset that necessarily requires a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale.

All other borrowing costs are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred.

#### 2.13 Segment accounting

The Group operates in one primary segment i.e. Ophthalmics lenses. The Group identifies primary operating segment based on the different risks and returns, the organisation structure, the internal reporting systems and review by chief operating decision maker. Secondary segments are identified on the basis of geography in which sales have been effected.

#### 2.14 Investment in associates

An associate is an entity which the group has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee, but is not control or joint control over those policies.

A joint venture is a type of joint arrangement whereby the parties that have joint control of the arrangement have rights to the net assets of the joint venture. Joint control is the contractually agreed sharing of control of an arrangement which exists only when decisions about the relevant activities require unanimous consent of the parties sharing.

The Group's investments in the associate are accounted by using the equity method.

Under the equity method, the investment in an associate or joint venture is initially recognised at cost. The carrying amount of the investment is adjusted to recognise changes in the Group's share of net assets of the associate since the acquisition date. Goodwill relating to the associate or a joint venture is included in the carrying amount of the investment and is not tested for impairment individually.

The statement of profit and loss reflects the Group's share of the results of operations of the associate or a joint venture. Any change in OCI of those investees is presented as part of the Group's OCI. In addition, when there has been a change recognised directly in the equity of the associate or a joint venture, the group recognises it's share of any changes, when applicable, in the statement of changes in equity. Unrealised gains and losses resulting from transactions between the Group and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the interest in the associate.

The aggregate of the Group's share of profit and loss of an associate and a joint venture is shown on the face of the statement of profit and loss outside operating profit and represents profit and loss after tax of the associate.

The financial statements of the associates are prepared for the same reporting period as the Group. When necessary, adjustments are made to bring the accounting policies in line with those of the Group.

After application of the equity method, the group determines whether it is necessary to recognise an impairment loss on its investment in its associate or a joint venture. At each reporting date, the group determines whether there is objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If there is such evidence, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value, and then recognises the loss as "Share of profit of an associate or joint venture in the statement of profit and loss.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### 2.15 Fair value measurement

The Group measures financial instruments at fair value at each balance sheet date.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value measurement is based on the presumption that the transaction to sell the asset or transfer the liability takes place either:

- ► In the principal market for the asset or liability, or
- In the absence of a principal market, in the most advantageous market for the asset or liability accessible to the holding Company.

The Group uses valuation techniques that are appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data are available to measure fair value, maximizing the use of relevant observable inputs and minimizing the use of unobservable inputs. The Group's management determines the policies and procedures for fair value measurement such as derivative instrument.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorized within the fair value hierarchy, described as follows, based on the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement as a whole:

- ▶ Level 1 Quoted (unadjusted) market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- ▶ Level 2 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is directly or indirectly observable
- ▶ Level 3 Valuation techniques for which the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement is unobservable

#### 2.16 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

### (a) Financial assets

## (i) Initial recognition and measurement

At initial recognition, financial asset is measured at its fair value plus, in the case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transaction costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are expensed in profit or loss.

#### (ii) Subsequent measurement

For purposes of subsequent measurement, financial assets are classified in following categories:

- a) at amortized cost; or
- b) at fair value through other comprehensive income; or
- c) at fair value through profit or loss.

The classification depends on the entity's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual terms of the cash flows.

<u>Amortized</u> <u>cost</u>: Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows where those cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest are measured at amortized cost. Interest income from these financial assets is included in finance income using the effective interest rate method (EIR).

Fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI) Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where the assets' cash flows represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVOCI). Movements in the carrying amount are taken through OCI, except for the recognition of impairment gains or losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gains and losses which are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss. When the financial asset is derecognized, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognized in OCI is reclassified from equity to Statement of Profit and Loss and recognized in other gains/ (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL): Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortized cost or FVOCI are measured at fair value through profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Equity instruments: All equity investments in scope of Ind AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading and contingent consideration recognised by an acquirer in a business combination to which Ind AS103 applies are classified as at PVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Group may make an irrevocable election to present in other comprehensive income subsequent changes in the fair value. The Group makes such election on an instrument- by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

If the Group decides to classify an equity instrument as at FVTOCI, then all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in the OCI. There is no recycling of the amounts from OCI to P&L, even on sale of investment. However, the Group may transfer the cumulative gain or loss within equity.

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the profit and loss.

### (iii) Impairment of financial assets

In accordance with Ind AS 109, Financial Instruments, the Group applies expected credit loss (ECL) model for measurement and recognition of impairment loss on financial assets that are measured at amortized cost and PVOCI.

For recognition of impairment loss on financial assets and risk exposure, the Group determines that whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk since initial recognition. If credit risk has not increased significantly, 16-quarters ECL is used to provide for impairment loss. However, if credit risk has increased significantly, lifetime ECL is used. If in subsequent years, credit quality of the instrument improves such that there is no longer a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, then the entity reverts to recognizing impairment loss allowance based on 16-quarter ECL.

Life time ECLs are the expected credit losses resulting from all possible default events over the expected life of a financial instrument. The 8-quarters ECL is a portion of the lifetime ECL which results from default events that are possible within 8-quarters after the year end.

ECL is the difference between all contractual cash flows that are due to the Group in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the entity expects to receive (i.e. all shortfalls), discounted at the original EIR. When estimating the cash flows, an entity is required to consider all contractual terms of the financial instrument (including prepayment, extension etc.) over the expected life of the financial instrument. However, in rare cases when the expected life of the financial instrument cannot be estimated reliably, then the entity is required to use the remaining contractual term of the financial instrument.

In general, it is presumed that credit risk has significantly increased since initial recognition if the payment is more than 30 days past due.

ECL impairment loss allowance (or reversal) recognized during the year is recognized as income/expense in the statement of profit and loss. In balance sheet ECL for financial assets measured at amortized cost is presented as an allowance, i.e. as an integral part of the measurement of those assets in the balance sheet. The allowance reduces the net carrying amount. Until the asset meets write off criteria, the Group does not reduce impairment allowance from the gross carrying amount.

## (iv) Derecognition of financial assets

A financial asset is derecognized only when

- a) the rights to receive cash flows from the financial asset is transferred or
- b) retains the contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes a contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients.

Where the financial asset is transferred then in that case financial asset is derecognized only if substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset is transferred. Where the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognized.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### (b) Financial liabilities

# (i) Initial recognition and measurement

Financial liabilities are classified, at initial recognition, as financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss and at amortized cost, as appropriate.

All financial liabilities are recognized initially at fair value and, in the case of borrowings and payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs.

## (ii) Subsequent measurement

The measurement of financial liabilities depends on their classification, as described below:

### Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss

Financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss include financial liabilities held for trading and financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition as at fair value through profit or loss. Financial liabilities are classified as held for trading if they are incurred for the purpose of repurchasing in the near term. This category also includes derivative financial instruments entered into by the holding Company that are not designated as hedging instruments in hedge relationships as defined by Ind AS 109. Separated embedded derivatives are also classified as held for trading unless they are designated as effective hedging instruments. Gains or losses on liabilities held for trading are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Financial liabilities designated upon initial recognition at fair value through profit and loss are designated at the initial date of recognition, and only if the criteria in Ind AS 109 are satisfied.

## Loans and borrowings

After initial recognition, interest-bearing loans and borrowings are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the Effective Interest. Rate (EIR) method. Gains and losses are recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss when the liabilities are derecognized as well as through the EIR amortization process. Amortized cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortization is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

# (c) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognized when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss as finance costs.

### (d) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realize the asset and settle the liability simultaneously. The legally enforceable right must not be contingent on future events and must be enforceable in the normal course of business and in the event of default, insolvency or bankruptcy of the holding Company or the counterparty.

### 3 Critical accounting judgments, estimates and assumptions

In the preparation of the financial statements, the Group makes judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised prospectively. Information about assumptions, judgements and estimation uncertainties that have a significant risk of resulting in a material adjustment in the year ending March 31, 2025 are as below:

## (a) Taxes

Deferred tax assets are recognized for unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the losses can be utilized. Significant management judgment is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognized, based upon the likely timing and the level of future taxable profits together with future tax planning strategies.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

## (b) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

As described in the significant accounting policies, the Group reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets at the end of each reporting period. Useful lives of intangible assets is determined on the basis of estimated benefits to be derived from use of such intangible assets. These reassessments may result in change in the depreciation /amortisation expense in future periods.

### (c) Actuarial Valuation

The determination of Group's liability towards defined benefit obligation to employees is made through independent actuarial valuation including determination of amounts to be recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss and in Other Comprehensive Income. Such valuation depend upon assumptions determined after taking into account discount rate, salary growth rate, expected rate of return, mortality and attrition rate. Information about such valuation is provided in notes to the financial statements.

#### 4

## 4.1 Changes in accounting policies and disclosures

The Ministry of Corporate Affairs vide notification dated 9 September 2024 and 28 September 2024 notified the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Second Amendment Rules, 2024 and Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Third Amendment Rules, 2024, respectively, which amended/notified certain accounting standards (see below), and are effective for annual reporting periods beginning on or after 1 April 2024:

- Insurance contracts Ind AS 117: and
- Lease Liability in Sale and Leaseback Amendments to Ind AS 116

These amendments did not have any impact on the amounts recognised in current or prior year.

#### 4.2 New standards and amendments issued but not effective:

There are no such Standards which are notified but not yet effective.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

PROPERTY PEART AND	DOUTHER		Gross block				Depreciation				
Particulars	As at 01-Apr-24	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	Transalation adjustment	As at 31-Mar-25	As at 01-Apr- 24	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	Transalation adjustment	As at 31- Mar-25	As at 31- Mar-25
Freehold Land	4.30			+	4.30	1.00				*	4.30
Leasehold Land	49.53	*	2.06	1.41	48.88	19.30	1.21	2.06	1.19	19.64	29.24
Buildings	566.01				566.01	273.53	16.71		0.00	290.24	275.77
Plant and Machinery	1,793.72	17.54	12	(a)	1,811.26	1,284.53	93.84	2		1,378.37	432.89
Plant and Machinery - Moulds	1,647,19	99.44	35		1,746.63	891.65	145.86			1,037.51	709.12
Furniture and Fixtures	242.48	48.16		2.09	292.73	211.51	14.66		1.56	227.73	65.00
Office Equipment	177.68	22.76	5.40	1.93	196.97	59.31	13.15	5.38	1.50	68.58	128.39
Vehicles	302.61	22000	104.06	5.02	203.57	222.27	23.17	104.06	3.83	145.21	58.36
Total	4,783.52	187.90	111.52	10.45	4,870.35	2,962.10	308.60	111.50	8.08	3,167.28	1,703.07

		Gross block				Depreciation				
As at 01-Apr-23	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	Transalation adjustment	As at 31-Mar-24	As at 01-Apr- 23	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	Transalation adjustment	As at 31- Mar-24	As at 31- Mar-24
4.30	- 1	140		4.30		100	- 34			4.30
48.93	**	79	(0.60)	49.53	17.98	1.07		(0.25)	19.30	30.23
565.59			(0.42)	566.01	254.78	17.81		(0.94)	273.53	292.48
1,777.64	16.01	12	(0.07)	1,793.72	1,190.37	94.09		(0.07)	1,284.53	509.19
1,546,37	100,82	12		1,647.19	755.02	136.63	8	S 93	891.65	755.54
239.20	1.37	133	(1.91)	242.48	193.75	16.55	3.5	(1.21)	211.51	30.97
93,77	83.27	-	(0.64)	177.68	50.67	8.26		(0.38)	59.31	118.37
307.93	4.54	12.88	(3.02)	302.61	217.87	15.34	12.36	(1.42)	222.27	80.34
4,583.73	206.01	12.88	(6.66)	4,783.52	2,680.44	289.75	12.36	(4.27)	2,962.10	1821.42
	91-Apr-23 4.30 48.93 565.59 1,777.64 1,546.37 239.20 93.77 307.93	91-Apr-23 Adjustments 4.30 48.93 565.59 1,777.64 16.01 1,546.37 100.82 239.20 1.37 93.77 83.27 307.93 4.54	As at 01-Apr-23 Additions/ Adjustments Adj	As at 01-Apr-23 Additions/ Adjustments Adjustments Adjustments Adjustments Adjustments Adjustments Adjustment	As at 01-Apr-23 Additions/ Adjustments Adjustment 31-Mar-24  4.30 (0.60) 49.53 565.59 (0.42) 566.01 1,777.64 16.01 - (0.07) 1,793.72 1,546.37 100.82 - (1.91) 242.48 93.77 83.27 - (0.64) 177.68 307.93 4.54 12.88 (3.02) 302.61	As at 01-Apr-23         Additions/Adjustments         Deductions/Adjustment         Transalation adjustment         As at 31-Apr-24         As at 01-Apr-31-Apr-24           4.30         -         -         -         4.30         -           48.93         -         -         (0.60)         49.53         17.98           565.59         -         -         (0.42)         566.01         254.78           1,777.64         16.01         -         (0.07)         1,793.72         1,190.37           1,546.37         100.82         -         -         1,647.19         755.02           239.20         1.37         -         (1.91)         242.48         193.75           93.77         83.27         -         (0.64)         177.68         50.67           307.93         4.54         12.88         (3.02)         302.61         217.87	As at 01-Apr-23         Additions/ Adjustments         Deductions/ Adjustment         Transalation adjustment         As at 31-Mar-24         As at 01-Apr-23         For the year           4.30         -         -         -         4.30         -	As at 01-Apr-23 Adjustments         Adjustments         Transalation adjustment         As at 101-Apr-24         As at 01-Apr-23 Por the year         Deductions/Adjustments           4.30	As at 01-Apr-23   O1-Apr-23   O1-Apr-24   Adjustments         Deductions   Deductions   Deductions   As at 01-Apr-24   Deductions   Adjustments         As at 01-Apr-24   Deductions   Deductions   Adjustments         Transalation adjustment           4,30   -	As at 01-Apr-23         Additions/ Adjustments         Deductions/ Deductions/ Deductions/ Adjustments         Transalation adjustment         As at 01-Apr-24         Deductions/ Adjustments         Transalation adjustment         As at 31-Apr-24           4,30         -         -         4,30         -         -         (0.60)         49.53         17.98         1.07         -         (0.25)         19.30           565.59         -         -         (0.42)         566.01         254.78         17.81         -         (0.94)         273.53           1,777.64         16.01         -         (0.07)         1,793.72         1,190.37         94.09         -         (0.07)         1,284.53           1,546.37         100.82         -         -         1,647.19         755.02         136.63         -         -         891.65           239.20         1.37         -         (1.91)         242.48         193.75         16.55         -         (1.21)         211.51           93.77         83.27         -         (0.64)         177.68         50.67         8.26         -         (0.38)         59.31           307.93         4.54         12.88         (3.02)         302.61         217.87         15.34

Refer Note 57 for hypothecation as charge against short term borrowings.

### **6 OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS**

			Gross block	ross block					Amortization			
Particulars	As at 01-Apr- 24	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	Transalation adjustment	As at31-Mar-25	As at 01-Apr- 24	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	Transalation adjustment	As at 31- Mar-25	As at 31- Mar-25	
Computer Software	19,57	22 20	77 72	-27	19.57	19.47	0.10	2000 12	10000	19.57	-	
Total	19.57	**	- 55		19.57	19.47	0.10	55	- 5	19.57	-	

	Gross block						Amortization					
Particulars	As at 01-Apr- 23	Additions/ Adjustments	Deductions/ Adjustments	Transalation adjustment	As at31-Mar-24	As at 01-Apr- 23	For the year	Deductions/ Adjustments	Transalation adjustment	As at 31- Mar-24	As at 31- Mar-24	
Computer Software	19.57	- 83	(3)		19.57	19.35	0.12	1.4	-	19.47	0.10	
Total	19.57	**	- 1	0.00	19.57	19.35	0.12			19.47	0.10	



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### 7 Capital-Work-in Progress (CWIP)\*

(a) As at Harch 31, 2025

	As at April 01, 2024	Expenditure during the year	Expenditure reversed during the year	Capitalised during the year	Closing as at March 31, 2025
Amount	390.59				390.59

For the year ended March 31, 2024

X-10-27-	As at April 01, 2023	Expenditure during the year	Expenditure reversed during the year	Capitalised during the year	Closing as at March 31, 2024
Amount	394.52	3.07	7.00	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	390.59

## (b) For Capital-work-in progress ageing schedule

As at March 31, 2025

	Amount in CWIP for a period of					
Perticulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
Projects in progress	+	+	-			
Projects temporarily suspended		3.07	46.18	341.34	390.59	
Total		3.07	46.18	341.34	390.59	

#### As at March 31, 2024

	Amount in CWIP for a period of						
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
Projects in progress	3.07	46.18	206.20	135.14	390.59		
Projects temporarily suspended							
Total	3.07	46.18	206.20	135.14	390.59		

## (c) Capital-work-in progress completion schedule

As at March 31, 2025

	Expected to be completed in					
Particulars	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
Projects in progress		7021M2M11 20			7-5	
Projects temporarily suspended	390,59		-		390.59	
Yotal	390.59			1 10	390.59	

#### As at March 31, 2024

Particulars	Expected to be completed in					
	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total	
Projects in progress	the state of the s	0.00000 20		2000-000-000-000-000-000-00-00-00-00-00-	7.2	
Projects temporarily suspended	-					
Total				-		

<sup>\*</sup>GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited, a subsidiary of GKB Ophthalmics Ltd, was incorporated on October 05, 2018, in order to manufacture Hi-Index Lenses with a Joint Venture Partner from South Korea (TV Partner).

The Building was being constructed by GRB Ophthalmics Ltd in order to provide it on lease to GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited. However, GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited could not commonce any operations including commercial production due to the disruptions and delays caused due to the COVID-19 pandemic and also the IV Fartner did not subscribe to the share capital of GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited. The delay resulted in cost escalation thereby making the project financially univiable.

Presently, the Company is in the discussion of coming up with an alternate plan for the growth of the company and has full intention to complete the under constructed building which is being reflected as CWIP.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

	FINANCIAL ASSETS- INVESTMENTS	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
A	Investment in equity instruments (fully paid-up)		
	Unquoted equity shares		
	- In Associate		
	GKB Vision FZC, Sharjah		
	49 equity shares (March 31, 2024: 49 shares) of nominal value of AED 1500 each fully paid-up	182.66	188.52
	Add : Share in profit of associates for current year	18.31	(5.86)
	-s: -sau	200.97	182.66
	- In Others		
	Saraswat Co-operative Bank Limited		
	2,500 equity shares (March 31, 2024: 2,500 equity shares) of Rs. 10 each fully paid-up	0.25	0.25
		201.22	182.91
3	Investments in Mutual Funds at fair value through profit and loss (fully		
-3	paid)		
	Fair value through profit and loss (FVTPL)		
	- Investments in Mutual Funds (unquoted) (Refer footnote i)	0.08	0.08
		0.08	0.08
	Total Investments		
	Current	0.08	0.08
	Non- Current	201.22	182.91
	######################################	201.30	182.99
	Aggregate book value of:		
	Mutual Funds (unquoted)	0.08	0.08
	Aggregate market value of:		
	Mutual Funds (unquoted)	0.08	0.08
	Aggregate amount of impairment in value of Investments	*	
	Footnote		
	i. Details of investments in Mutual Funds designated at FVTPL:	Ac at March	As at March
		As at March 31, 2025	31, 2024
		31, 2023	34, 2024
	JM Liquid Fund - Savings Plan		
	JM Liquid Fund - Savings Plan  Number of units	774	723
	가입니다 (# Christian Lighton - ) (# Christian Li	774 0.08	723 0.08
	Number of units	0.08	0.08
	Number of units	0.08	0.08 As at March
)	Number of units	0.08	0.08
9	Number of units Amount (in Lakhs.)  Other non current financial assets	0.08	0.08 As at March

83.90

4,429.61

5,037.78

88.62

3,533.06

4,001.88



# Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

10	Other non-current assets	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Capital advance*	10.02	5 m 3 m
	Security deposits	86.73	96.65
	Balance with Government authorities	174.95	184.30
	Total Other non-current assets	271.70	280.95

<sup>\*</sup> Value of contracts on capital account remaining to be executed as at March 31, 2025 is INR 53.70 lakhs (March 31, 2024; INR 294.77 lakhs).

11	Non Current Tax asset (net)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Income tax receivable (net of provision for tax of Rs. 392.56 lakhs (March 31, 2024 - Rs. 373.75 lakhs))	10.99	25.58
	Total Non Current Tax asset (net)	10.99	25.58
12	Inventories*	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
1000	(Valued at the lower of cost and net realizable value)		
	Raw materials	185.71	126.29
	Raw Material Goods In Transit	33.60	
	Work in progress	31.95	35.09
	Finished goods	260.91	207.95
	Disching material	12.10	10.92

<sup>\*</sup>Hypothecated as charge against short term-borrowings. Refer note 23.

During the year ended 31 March 2025 INR 28:37 lakhs (31 March 2024; INR 9.72 lakhs) was recognized as expense for inventories recognized at net realizable value.

13 Trade receivables	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Secured, considered good	-	-
Unsecured		
- Considered good		
'- Related parties (refer note 41)	484.87	753.16
!- Others	2,064.28	2,096.78
- Considered doubtful	469.46	43.19
Less-Allowance for bad and doubtful debts	(469.46)	(43.19)
Total Trade receivables	2,549.15	2,839.94

All amounts are short-term. The net carrying value of trade receivables is considered a reasonable approximation of fair value.

Trade Receivables are non-interest bearing and are generally on terms of 30-120 days.

Refer note 57 for hypothecation as charge against short term borrowing

### Ageing of Trade Receivables

Store and spares parts

**Total Inventories** 

Stock in trade

As at March 31, 2025								
escaseconocii (2	Unbilled	Same and		Outstand	ing for follow	ing periods	from due date of Rec	eipts
Particulars	Dues	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
<ul> <li>(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good</li> </ul>		2,010.23	485.28	28.06	16.68	3.11	4.79	2,549.15
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increase in credit risk		52.31	56.92	42.58	245.59	18.66	44.45	460.51
(III) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	0.53		- 6	- 1		- 3	8.95	6.95
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts (Undisputed)	-	(52.31)	(56.92)	(42.58)	(245.59)	(18.66)	(53.40)	(469.46)
Total	1100	2,010.23	486.28	28.06	16.68	3.11	4.79	2,549.15

1,080.05

1,460.41



# Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Total Bank balances other than Cash and cash equivalents

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

As at March 31, 2024	757	-	0	000000000000000000000000000000000000000			Wellow I was a second	1923		
			6 6	Outstanding for following periods from due date of Receipts						
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Not Due	Less than 6 months	6 months - 1 year	1-2 years years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total		
(i) Undisputed Trade receivables – considered good		1,504.94	837.12	193.72	108.32	35.46	160,38	2,839.94		
(ii) Undisputed Trade Receivables -which have significant increase in credit risk		1.44	1.57	1.29	11.08	4.07	23,74	43.19		
(ii) Disputed Trade Receivables – credit impaired	127	35	3		8	- 55	**	==		
Less: Allowance for bad and doubtful debts (Undisputed)		(1.44)	(1.57)	(1.29)	(11.08)	(4.07)	(23.74)	(43.19)		
Total	- 4	1,504.94	837.12	193.72	108.32	35.46	160.38	2,839.94		

14	Cash and cash equivalents	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Balances with banks:	6-7-5-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	
	On current accounts	295.20	317.56
	Cash on hand	5.92	5.68
	Total Cash and cash equivalents	302.12	323.24
	There are no constriction with recent to cash and cash equivalents as at end of reporting period and prior period	-	

As at March 31, 2025 2024

In Fixed deposit with maturity for more than 3 months but less than 12 months from balance sheet date 991.51 1,397.57

Other balances
Earmarked balances with banks:
Margin money deposits 88.54 62.84

<sup>#</sup> Kept as lien against outstanding bank guarantee and letter of credit amounting to Rs. 345.54 lakhs as on March 31, 2025 (March 31, 2024 - Rs. 284.27 lakhs)

16	Other financial assets	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Security deposit	15.37	
	Interest accrued on fixed deposits	33.78	15.83
	Total Other financial assets	49,15	15.83

17	Other current assets	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Advance recoverable in kind	796.90	18.07
	Employee advances	1.88	3.16
	Balance with revenue authorities	10.49	13.76
	Prepaid expenses	111.40	71.36
	Total Other current assets	920.67	106.35

As at March 21 As at March 21



## Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### Share capital

(a)	Equity shares	2025	2024
	Authorized	60-8400 G	55000000
	70,00,000 (March 31, 2024: 70,00,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 each	700.00	700.00
		700.00	700.00
	Issued, subscribed and paid up	-	
	Issued:		
	50,86,980 (March 31, 2024: 50,86,980) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	508.70	508.70
	Subscribed and Paid up:		
	50,40,580 (March 31, 2024: 50,40,580) equity shares of Rs. 10 each fully paid	504.06	504.06
		504.06	504.06

#### Reconciliation of equity shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

	As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number of shares (in lakhs)	Amount	Number of shares (in lakhs)	Amount
Equity Shares at the beginning of the year.	50.41	504.06	50.41	504.06
Add; Issued during the year			-	
Equity Shares at the end of the year	50.41	504.06	50.41	504.06

### Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares

Equity Shares: The Holding Company has only one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs 10 per share. Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vota per share. The dividend proposed by the Board of Directors is subject to the approval of the shareholders in the ensuing Annual General Meeting, except in the event of Equidation of the holding company. In the event of liquidation of the holding company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the holding company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

### Details of shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% of the aggregate shares

Name of the shareholder		As at March 31, 2025		As at March 31, 2024	
	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	Number of shares	% of holding in the class	
Equity shares of Rs. 10 each	88				
fully paid	73 W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W W				
Krishna Gopal Gupta	902,812	17.91%	902,312	17.90%	
Krishna Murari Gupta*	279,293	5.54%	327,207	6.49%	
Vikram Gupta	423,105	8.39%	423,105	8.39%	
Gauray Gupta	407,966	8.09%	407,966	8.09%	
Veena Gupta	300.753	5.97%	300,753	5.97%	
K.G. Gupta (HUF)	292,911	5.81%	291,351	5.78%	
8 Regional on 16th Enhances 2025	455075575	10.5000		300000000000000000000000000000000000000	

As per records of the Holding Company, including its register of shareholders/members and other declarations received from shareholders regarding beneficial interest, the above shareholding represents both legal and beneficial ownerships of shares.

# (e)

4	As at March 31, 2025			As at March 31, 2024		
Promoter name	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year	No. of Shares	% of total shares	% Change during the year
Mr. Krishne Gopel Gupta	902,812	17.91%	0.06%	902,312	17.90%	0.21%
Mr. Vikram Gupta	423,105	8.39%		423,105	8,39%	20
Mr. Gauray Gupta	407,966	8.09%	2.5%	407,966	8.09%	
Mrs. Veena Gupta	300,753	5.97%	- 30	300,753	5.97%	-
Mrs. Shefali Chawla	242,464	4.81%	- 4	242,464	4.81%	
Krishna Gopal Gupta (HUF)	292,911	5.81%	0.54%	291,351	5.78%	5.39%
Total	2,570,011	50.99%		2,567,951	50.95%	12

- No class of shares have been issued as bonus shares or for consideration other than cash by the Company or Parent during the period of five years immediately preceding the
- No class of shares have been bought back by the Company or the Parent during the period of five years immediately preceding the current year end.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

10	Other	more di	Here's
13	OUNCE	cqu	ILY.

		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(A)	Securities premium*	-	
	Opening balance	2,052.81	2,044.46
	Add/ (Less): adjustment of foreign currency translation reserve	14.29	B.35
	Closing balance	2,067.10	2,052.81
	* Securities Premium comprises of premium on issue of shares to be utilised in accordance with the Companies Ad., 2013		
(B)	General reserve (GR)*	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Opening balance	806.17	802.43
	Adtl/ (Less): adjustment of foreign currency translation reserve	6.40	3.74
	Closing balance	812.57	806.17
	* GR is used from time to time to transfer profits from retained earnings for appropriation purposes. As the General reserve is create equity to another and is not an item of other comprehensive income, items included in the General reserve will not be reclassified su and loss.		
m	Surplus //deficit) in the Statement of Profit and Loss	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(C)	Surplus/(deficit) in the Statement of Profit and Loss Opening balance	2,891,73	3,134.66
	Add/ (Less): Profit / (Loss) for the current year	(704.48)	(281.05)
	Add/ (Less): adjustment of foreign currency translation reserve	63.86	38.12
	Closing balance	2,251.11	2,891.73
(D)	FVTOCI reserve on defined benefit plan (net of tax)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Opening Balance	(59.64)	(48.21)
	Add/(Less): Remeasurement gain / (loss) on defined bebefit plans (net of tox)	(20.36)	(11.43)
	Closing balance	(80.08)	(59.64)
(E)	Capital reserves (CR)*	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Opening balance	178.91	178.91
	Add : Amount forfleted on cancellation of warrants	2.4	= -
	Closing balance	178.91	178.91
	* CR up to the nominal value of shares is created out of distributable profit for truyback of shares as per the Act.	E3 100000	22.50///
(F)	Investment Allowance Reserve	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Opening balance	22.29	22,29
	Add: Novement during the year		
	Closing balance	22.29	22.29
(G)	Foreign currency translation reserve	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Opening balance	(419.21)	(369.28)
	Add : Movement during the year	(132.94)	(49.93)
	Closing balance	(552.15)	(419.21)
	Total other equity	4,699.83	5,473.06
		As at March 31,	As at March 31,
	NON - CONTROLLING INTEREST	2025	2024
20			
20	Opening balance	443.20	460.36
20		443.20 (3.44) 439.76	460.36 (17.16)

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Non-current borrowings		As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
		-	
Term loan			
From Bank (Refer note below)		64.28	149.98
CEDANA PODOMONIA DA VICE PRANTONI	(0)	64.28	149.98
Unsecured		.0.0	
Term loan			
From Managing Director		295.45	2.0
From Shefali Chawala		141.01	-
	(III)	437.47	)E
		501.75	149.98
Less: Amount disclosed under the head short term borrowing		193.59	44.82
Total long term borrowings		308.16	105.16
	From Bank (Refer note below)  Unsecured  Term loan  From Managing Director  From Shefall Chawela  Less: Amount disclosed under the head short term borrowing	Term loan From Bank (Refer note below)  Unsecured Term loan From Managing Director From Shefall Chawels  Less: Amount disclosed under the head short term borrowing	Non-current borrowings         2025           Secured         Image: Control of the properties of the prope

#### Note

#### Secured Lean:

- 1) During the year ended March 31, 2025, no new loan has been availed from the banks (March 31, 2024 Nil)
- 2) Rs. 120 Laikhs term loan under Guaranteed Emergency Credit Line (GECL) repayable in 36 equal monthly installments after a moratorium of 12 months. Balance outstanding as on March 31, 2025 is NII. (March 31, 2024 Rs. 11.32 Laikhs).

The above loans are secured by means of first, charge over Factory land & building, Inventories and Trade recievables, and second charge on all Plant & machinery and other fixed assets.

3) Rs. 100.00 Lakhs term loan under Guaranteed Emergency Credit. Line (GECL) repayable in 36 equal monthly installments after a moratorium of 24 months. Balance outstanding as on March 31, 2025 Rs. 64.28 Lakhs (Including accrued interest)(March 31, 2024 - Rs. 97.78 Lakhs).

The above loans are secured by means of first charge over Factory land & building, Inventories and Trade recievables and second charge on all Plant & machinery and other fixed assets.

### Unsecured Loan:-

- Rs. 141.01 lakes unsecured loan from Shefall Chawala with six months moratorium from the end of the month, in which the fund is received, followed by six bi-monthly (every 2 months) installments for repayment over a period of 12 months from the end of respective moratorium period. Balance outstanding as on March 31, 2025 Rs. 141.01 lakes ( March 31, 2024 - Rs. Nil Lakes).
- Rs. 300.00 Lakhs unsecured loan from the Managing Director of the Company with Six months moratorium from the end of the month in which the fund is received, at interest rate of 11%p.a. followed by equal monthly installments for repayment over a period of 3 years from the end of respective moratorium period. Balance outstanding as on March 31, 2025 Rs.296.46 Lakhs (March 31, 2024 - Rs. Nil Lakhs).

# Repayment schedule for secured / unsecured loan taken during the year

#### As at Mar 31, 2025

Particulars	GECL TL - Saraswat	K.G Gupta	Shefali Chawala	Total
Loan Principal amount	100.00	300.00	141,01	541.01
Outstanding amount as on 31 March 2025	64.28	296.46	141.01	501.75
Number of instalments due (Nos)	23.00	36,00	9.00	-
Rate of Interest (%)	9.25%	11.00%	10.00%	
Within one year (INR)	33.60	83.62	76.37	193,59
After one year but not more than 5 years (INR)	30.68	212.84	64.64	308.16
More than 5 years (INR)			-	-

## As at Mar 31, 2024

Particulars	GECL - State Bank of India	GECL TL - Saraswat	Vehicle Loan - Dubai Islamic Bank	Total
Loan Principal amount	-120.00	100.00	44.20	264.20
Outstanding amount as on 31 March 2024	11.22	97.98	40.78	149.98
Number of instalments due (Nos)	3.00	35.00	21,00	S
Rate of Interest (%)	7.40%	9.25%	2.20%	
Within one year (INR)	11.22	33.60		44.82
After one year but not more than 5 years (INR.)		64.38	40.78	105.16
More than 5 years (INR)	- 4	+		

2025

As at March 31, As at March 31,

2024



# Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### 22 Provisions

331.04	269.83
-	32.00
331.04	301.83
As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
44.64	38.29
43.61	14.97
88.25	53.26
As at March 31,	As at March 31, 2024
947.87	998.73
193.59	44.82
1,141.46	1,043.55
	331.04  As at March 31, 2025  44.64 43.61 88.25  As at March 31, 2025

#### Footnote

23

#The above facilities from banks are secured by hypothecation of the holding Company's entire present and future stocks of raw materials, finished goods, work in progress, moulds, consumable stores & spares, book debts, other current assets, mortgage of leasehold land, factory building, plant is machinery, all other fixed assets of the holding Company or Parent and personal guarantee of Directors.

24	Trade payables	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
1000	CONTROL TO THE PROPERTY OF THE		
	Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises.	122.73	95.06
	Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises	3,805.82	3,214.30
	Total Trade payables	3,928.55	3,309.36

Trade payables relating to foreign parties amounting to Rs.20.33 Lakhs are oustanding for more than 6 months from the date of shipment as at March 31, 2025 (March 31, 2024; Rs.25.42 lakhs)

Disclosure relating to suppliers registered under MSMED Act based on the information available with the Group:

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(a) Amount remaining unpaid to any supplier at the end of each accounting year;	10/05/05	0.000
Principal	122.73	95.06
Interest	17.59	9.56
Total	140.32	104.62
(b) The amount of interest paid by the buyer in terms of section 16 of the MSMED Act, along with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during each accounting year.	Sa Veros	23
(c) The amount of interest due and payable for the period of delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the year) but without adding the interest specified under the MSMED Act.	17.59	9.56
(d) The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year.	29.18	11.59
(e) The amount of further interest remaining due and payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues above are actually paid to the small enterprise, for the purpose of disallowance of a deductible expenditure under section 23 of the MSMED Act.	-	- 8

867.51



# Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### Trade Payables ageing schedule

As at March 31, 2025		li i		0.778 632	10 10 - 10 10	5-14 0-06	
		Payables Not	Ou	tstanding for f	ollowing periods	from due date of P	ayment
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Due Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME		31.68	90.44	0.61		-	122.73
(ii) Disputed dues - MSME						0.7	+
(iii) Others	116.05	1,469.51	2,055.33	128.31	20.01	16.61	3,805.82
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	F10		3-1	- FR	1220	14.	-

As at March 31, 2024		3 3	2				
		Payables Not	Ou	tstanding for f	ollowing periods	from due date of P	ayment
Particulars	Unbilled Dues	Due Due	Less than 1 year	1-2 years	2-3 years	More than 3 years	Total
(i) MSME	10 60	39.73	55.33	+ 1	0.463	190	95.06
(ii) Disputed does - MSME	+		-	+:	547	2.87	-
(iii) Others	53.54	2,142.23	782.23	72.48	23.17	140.64	3,214.30
(iv) Disputed dues - Others	- 40	- 14	- 20			-	-

25	Other financial liabilities	2025	2024
	Creditors for capital goods	4.61	21.41
	Interest Payable on Term Loan	3.05	
	Others liabilities	1,00	1.00
	Employee Benefits payable:		
	- Salary payable	167.20	105.95
	- Bonus payable	21.16	19.82
	- Superannuation payable	15.55	11.87
	- Other payables	0.28	200000
	Total other financial liabilities	212.85	160.05
		As at March 31,	As at March 31,
26	Other current liabilities	2025	2024
	Statutory due payable	59.59	52.11
	Advance from customer	807.92	4.37

27	Revenue from operations		For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Revenue from contracts with customers			
	Sale of goods		10,891.46	8,816.85
	Sale of services		7.23	8.46
	Other operating income - Sale of raw materials, stores and			
	packing material		0.05	0.09
	Total Revenue from operations	(I + II)	10,898.76	8,825.40

The group derive its revenue from contracts with customers for transfer of goods at a point in time in which the group transfers control of goods to customers.

## Contract balances

Total other current liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Trade receivables	2,549.15	2,839.94
Advance from customers	807.92	437

56.48



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### Movement in contract liabilities

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Opening balance	4.37	472.47
Less: Revenue recognised	(4.37)	(472.47)
Add: Amount received	807.92	4.37
Closing balance	807.92	4.37

### Reconcilation of contract price with revenue

Particulars	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
Revenue as per conttact price	10,898.76	8,825.40
Adjustments		
Revenue from operations	10,898.76	8,825.40

28	Other income	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Interest income		4.0000
	- on fixed deposits	107.43	88.89
	Dividend income		
	-from other than Subsidiary	0.04	0.04
	Foreign exchange fluctuation (net)	*	1.57
	Other non Operating Income -Sale of miscellaneous scrap	0.83	1.03
	Miscellaneous income	16.49	38.68
	Profit/(Loss) on Sale of Property, Plant & equipment	3.98	4.48
	Other Financial Income (Fair value revaluation of MF)*	4	0.01
	Liabilities written back	1.25	15.86
	Reversal of Tax Expense	0.60	25.00
	Reversal of leave encashment provision	2.48	¥1
	Total Other Income	133.10	150.56

<sup>\*</sup> PVTPL of investments represent fair valuation changes in mutual funds which include dividend declared and not distributed (distributed based on record dates) as at reporting dates, which have not been recognized separately in financial statements.

29	Cost of raw material consumed*	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Inventory at the beginning of the year	137.16	243.87
	Add: Purchases	2,209.57	1,397.82
	Less: Inventory at the end of the year	(231.41)	(137.16)
	Total Cost of raw material consumed	2,115.32	1,504.53

<sup>\*</sup> Includes packing material

30	Purchase of Stock-in-trade
	Purchase of Stock-in-trade
	Total Purchase of Stock-in-trade

For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
6,175.65	4,708.85
6,175.65	4,708.85



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

31	Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock-in-trade and work-in-progress	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Inventories at the beginning of the year	2	
	-Finished goods	207.95	250.76
	-Work-in-progress	35.09	17.82
	-Stock-in-trade	3,533.06	3,267.92
		3,776.10	3,536.50
	Less: Inventories at the end of the year	***************************************	01/01/02/02/02/02
	-Finished goods	260.91	207.95
	-Work-in-progress	31.95	35.09
	-Stock-in-trade	4,429.61	3,533.06
		4,722.47	3,776.10
	Net decrease/ (increase)	(946.37)	(239.60)
32	Employee benefits expense	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Salaries, wages, bonus, ex gratia and other allowances	1,571.39	1,253.85
	Contribution to Provident Fund and Other Social Securities fund		
	/ schemes # (Refer Note 38)	95.95	74.30
	Gratuity expenses (Refer Note 38)	47.20	39.30
	Staff welfare expenses and other employee expenses	11.20	8.38
	Total Employee benefits expenses *	1,725.74	1,375.83

<sup>#</sup> Based on the Supreme Court Judgement dated February 28, 2019, the Holding Company was required to reassess the components to be included in the basic salary for the purposes of deduction of PF. However, the Holding Company believes that there is not likely to be material impact and hence has not provided for any additional liability as on March 31, 2025 (previous year March 31, 2024 - Rs. Nil) in the books of account.

<sup>\*</sup>The Code on Social Security 2020 (\_the Code') relating to employee benefits, during the employment and post-employment, has received Presidential assent on September 28, 2020. The Code has been published in the Gazette of India. Further, the Ministry of Labour and Employment has released draft rules for the Code on November 13, 2020. However, the effective date from which the changes are applicable is yet to be notified and rules for quantifying the financial impact are also not yet issued. The Holding Company will assess the impact of the Code and will give appropriate impact in the financial statements in the period in which, the Code becomes effective and the related rules to determine the financial impact are published.

33	Finance cost	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
ras.	Interest on long term borrowing	38.58	13.51
	Interest on working capital	100.92	114.56
	Interest on Indirect taxes	0.19	0.85
	Bank charges	79.80	51.85
	Interest on delay in payment to MSME creditors	17.59	9.56
	Total Finance Cost	237.08	190.33
34	Depreciation and amortization expense	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Depreciation on PPE (Refer note 5)	308.60	289.75
	Amortization of Intangible Assets (Refer note 6)	0.10	0.12
	Total Depreciation and amortization expense	308.70	289.87

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

35	Other expenses	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Electricity and water	217.97	202.60
	Rent (refer foot note 1)	225.76	200.00
	Repairs and maintenance - Building		8.41
	Repairs and maintenance - Machinery	12.37	15.77
	Repairs and maintenance - others	44.47	36.50
	Rates and Taxes	65.75	81.38
	Travelling and conveyance	45.14	49.69
	Freight and forwarding	16.57	3.59
	Insurance	36.03	31.83
	Other manufacturing expenses	31.65	107.47
	Stores and spares consumed	274.32	203.77
	Packing material consumed	5.46	3.57
	Printing & Stationery	12.69	11.11
	Communication, broadband and internet expenses	34.61	30.62
	Security Charges	23.06	21.04
	Legal and professional charges	49.94	40.53
	Audit fees (refer foot note 2)	22.44	19.30
	Advertising and sales promotion	63.14	46.50
	Directors' Sitting fees	5,50	3.90
	Commission on sales	277.38	180.16
	Allowance for bad and doubtful debts (net)	522.74	15.22
	Membership and Subscription	0.56	0.29
	Donation	0.53	
	Computer software renewal fees	0.55	0.19
	Foreign exchange fluctuation (net)	19.22	
	Miscellaneous expenses	98.82	104.44
	Total Other Expenses	2,106.67	1,417.88

#### Foot note 1

The Group has taken a residential apartment on operating lease. The Holding Company also pays lease rent on the factory premises. Being short-term and low value leases, the Group recognizes the lease payments as an operating expense on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Accordingly, lease rent amounting to Rs. 225.76 Lakhs (March 31, 2024; Rs. 200.00 Lakhs) has been charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

## Foot note 2:

The following is the break up of Auditor's Remuneration (exclusive of GST)

Auditor's Remuneration	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
As auditor:	L-	
Statutory audit	14.04	10.40
In other capacity:		
For taxation matters	2.35	2.35
For other services	5.40	5.40
Reimbursement of expenses	0.65	1.15
Total	22.44	19.30



(Amount in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated )

#### 36 Income tax

(A)

March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
97.07	82.08
31.37	31.37
29.50	67.78
13.90	11.23
8.21	2.57
180.05	195.03
180.05	195.03
180.05	195.03
95 94	200
	97.07 31.37 29.50 13.90 8.21 180.05

In absence of reasonable certainty of taxable income in future years, during the year ended March 31, 2025 and in previous year, the Group has created deferred tax asset on unabsorbed depreciation and other items to the extent of deferred tax Liability.

Deferred tax assets of Rs. 567.63 lakhs (March 31, 2024: Rs. 446.97 lakh) have not been recognized in respect of unabsorbed depreciation losses in the absence of reasonable certainty of generating adequate taxable profits to offset these losses.

Following is the year wise break of unabosorbed depreciation (UD) and taxable brought forward losses (BFL) on which deferred tax assets was not recognised as at March 31, 2025.

Financial Year	Nature of losses	Amount (INR lakhs)	Deferred tax asset not recognised	FY upto which BFL can adjusted
2017-18	Unabsorbed Depreciation	113.50	29.51	NA NA
2018-19	Unabsorbed Depreciation	634.58	164.99	NA.
2019-20	Unabsorbed Depreciation	369.09	95.96	NA NA
2020-21	Unabsorbed Depreciation	160.60	41.76	NA.
2021-22	Unabsorbed Depreciation	202.10	52.55	NA.
2022-23	Unabsorbed Depreciation	197.50	51.35	NA NA
2023-24	Unabsorbed Depreciation	121.74	31.65	NA.
2024-25	Unabsorbed Depreciation	199.84	51.96	NA
2024-25	Taxable Business losses	184.25	47.90	2032-33
Total	2000/2000000000000000000000000000000000	2,183.20	567.63	

(B)	Recognition of deferred tax asset to the extent of deferred tax liability	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Balance sheet		
	Deferred tax asset	180.05	195.03
	Deferred tax liabilities	(180.05)	(195.03)
	Deferred tax liabilities		****
(C)	Reconciliation of deferred tax (assets) / liabilities (net):	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
100	Opening balance as of 1 April		
	Tax asset recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss	(7.16)	(4.02)
	Tax liability recognized in OCI	7.16	4.02
	Closing balance		-
(D)	Deferred tax (assets) / liabilities to be recognized in Statement of Profit and Loss	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Tax asset	(7.16)	(4.02)
	Tax Liabilities		
		(7.16)	(4.02)



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(E)	Income tax expense	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	- Current tax taxes	28.74	18.81
	- Adjustments in respect of current income tax of previous year	(0.60)	(2.21)
	- Deferred tax charge / (income)	7.16	4.02
	Income tax expense reported in the statement of profit or loss	35.30	20.62
(F)	Income tax expense charged to OCI	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
100	Net loss/(gain) on remeasurements of defined benefit plans	(7.16)	(4.02)
	Income tax charged to OCI	(7.16)	(4.02)
(G)	Reconciliation of tax charge	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Profit/(loss) before tax	(672.62)	(277.59)
	Income tax rate applicable	26%	26%
	Income tax expense at tax rates applicable	(174.88)	(72.17)
	Tax effects of:	A	1,400,000
	- Permanent difference	24.92	17.69
	- unabsorbed depreciation and business losses not recognised	139.18	118.76
	- Profit on which tax is not applicable	48.99	(41.45)
	Prior period tax offect	(0.60)	(2.21)
	Others	(2.31)	
	Income tax expense	35.30	20,62

## 37 EARNINGS/ LOSS PER SHARE

Basic earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/(loss) for the year attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings /(loss) per share amounts are calculated by dividing the profit/loss attributable to equity holders by the weighted average number of equity shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential equity shares into equity shares.

The following reflects the income and share data used in the basic and diluted EPS computations:	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
Loss attributable to equity holders of the holding company	(704.48)	(281.05)
Weighted average number of equity shares for basic EPS/Diluted EPS	50.41	50.41
Basic loss per share (INR)	(13.98)	(5.58)
Diluted loss per share (INR)	(13.98)	(5.58)
EMPLOYEE BENEFITS		
Defined Contribution Plans		
During the year, the holding Company has recognized the amounts in the Statement of Profit and Loss as follows –	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
Employers' Contribution to Provident Fund and Employee State Insurance	74.37	57.81
Employer contribution to Employee State Insurance and employee social securities fund / scheme	16.79	12.89
Employers' Contribution to Superannuation Fund	3.69	2.69
Employers' Contribution to Labour Welfare Fund	1.10	0.91

		95.95	74.30
(B)	Defined benefit plans a) Gratuity payable to employees (Refer Note 22)	375.68	308.12

(A)



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

7.21% 5.00% 2.00% (2012-14) Urban
5,00% 2,00% (2012-14) Urban
2,00% (2012-14) Urban
(2012-14) Urban
W 21 2024
March 31, 2024
uity (funded)
321.19
19.42
24.55
(24.54)
14.49
355.11
62.49
4.67
(0.96)
1000
(19.21)
46.99
ne Year ended
ch 31, 2024
uity (funded)
24.55
19.42
10.100700
(4.67)
39.30 rehensive
he Year ended
rch 31, 2024
uity (funded)
14.49
0.96
15.45
March 31, 2024
uity (funded)
(355.11)
46.99
(308.12)
(308.12)
(308.12) March 31, 2024

As at March 31, 2025 As at March 31, 2024

259,60

278.93



# Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

# vii) A quantitative sensitivity analysis for significant assumption as at March 31, 2024 is as shown below:

As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Gratuity (funded)	Gratuity (funded)
(21.34)	(16.35)
24.18	18.67
24.38	18.90
(21.88)	(16.82)
	(21.34) 24.18 24.38

viii)	Maturity profile of defined benefit obligation		
	en der dat bestellt in Austria (das 1940-1940), tereben betret in det bestellt in de de de de de de de de de d De de	Gratuity (funded)	Gratuity (funded)
	Year 1	26.61	73.61
	Year 2	24.50	23.52
	Year 3	30.47	18.03
	Year 4	25.23	13.36
	Year 5	96.75	16.20
	Years 6 to 10	118.39	104.51

## 39 Leases where holding company is a lessee

Above 10 years

Amounts recognised in statement of Profit and Loss account

AS at March 31, 2025 AS at March 31, 2024
225.76 200.00
225.76 200.00

40	CONTINGENT LIABILITIES (TO THE EXTENT NOT PROVIDED FOR)	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
377	Sales Tax liability that may arise in respect of matters in appeal	126.18	126.18
	Entry Tax liability that may arise in respect of matters in appeal	28.62	28.62
	Excise duty / service tax liability that may arise in respect of matters in appeal	1,190.48	1,190.48
	Goods and Service Tax liability that may arise in respect of matter in appeal	8.09	
	Income Tax liability that may arise in respect of matters in appeal	80.62	80.62
	Letters of credit outstanding	294.10	248.76
	Bank guarantees	50.80	35.51
	Liability for violation of Clause 31(1) of SEBI LODR 2015	10.00	10.00

The Group has carefully examined all of its ongoing legal cases and has made appropriate provisions where necessary. The Group believes that the outcome of these cases will not significantly impact its financial position. Additionally, the Group does not expect any reimbursements in respect of the above contingent liabilities.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

## 41 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

(A) Names of related parties and description of relationship as identified and certified by the holding Company:

# Key Management Personnel (KMP)

Mr. K G Gupta

Mr. Vikram Gupta

Mr. Anil Palekar\*

Mr. Purushottam Mantri

Mrs. Shashi Katreddi\*\*

Mrs. Sandhya Kamat\*\*\*

Mr. Ninad Kamat\*\*\*\*

Mr. Cedric Lobo\*\*\*\*\*

Ms. Pooja Bicholkar

Mr. Gurudas Sawant

Chairman and Managing Director

Non-Executive Director

Non-Executive/ Independent Director

Executive/ Non-Independent Director

Company Secretary

Chief Financial Officer

For the Year ended

\*Retired as Independent Director w.e.f May 22, 2024

\*\* Retired as Independent Director w.e.f March 31, 2025

\*\*\*Appointed as an Independent Director w.e.f May 22, 2024

\*\*\*\*Appointed as an Independent Director w.e.f June 01, 2024

\*\*\*\*\*Appointed as an Executive Director w.e.f June 01, 2024

### Relatives of the Key Management Personnel

Mrs. Veena Gupta Mr. Gaurav Gupta Mrs. Shefali Chawla

# Entities where KMP exercise significant influence/control

GKB Vision Private Limited

GKB Vision FZC

## (B) Details of transactions with related party in the ordinary course of business for the year ended:

Purchase of goods and services	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Associate / Entities under common control	-53	
GKB Vision FZC	1,468.12	1,324.53
GKB Vision Private Limited	1,506.42	815.09
Total	2,974.54	2,139.62
	For the Year ended	For the Year ended
사용하는 100mm (100mm) 100mm (100	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
Associate / Entities under common control		
GKB Vision Private Limited	91.29	106.62
Total	91.29	106.62
	Associate / Entities under common control GKB Vision FZC GKB Vision Private Limited Total  Purchases of capital goods Associate / Entities under common control GKB Vision Private Limited	Associate / Entities under common control  GKB Vision FZC 1,468.12  GKB Vision Private Limited 1,506.42  Total 2,974.54  For the Year ended March 31, 2025  Associate / Entities under common control  GKB Vision Private Limited 91.29

For the Year ended



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

(iii)	Sales of goods and services	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
(g - g)	Associate / Entities under common control		
	GKB Vision Private Limited	1,819.14	2,056.85
	GKB Vision FZC	288.76	264.79
	Total	2,107.90	2,321.64
(iv)	Sale of capital goods	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Key Management Personnel		E 00
	Mr. K G Gupta Total	***	5.00 <b>5.00</b>
(v)	Re-imbursement of expenses	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Associate / Entities under common control		191441
	GKB Vision Private Limited		1.79
	GKB Vision FZC	8.12	4.70
	Total	8.12	1.79
(vi)	Remuneration of key management personnel	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
,	Short term employee benefits	- rian on say coas	Timen Day Loan
	Mr. K G Gupta	49.86	43.05
	Mr. Subhash Redkar		15.96
	Mr. Cedric Lobo	10.23	2.430 (A.S.)
	Ms. Pooja Bicholkar	9,19	8.14
	Mr. Gurudas Sawant	12.78	12.24
		82.06	79.39
	Remuneration of relative of key management personnel	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Mr. Gaurav Gupta	49.17	
		49.17	
	Post employee benefits		
	Mr. K G Gupta	5.18	4.32
	Mr. Subhash Redkar	*	0.97
	Mr. Cedric Lobo	0.73	
	Ms. Pooja Bicholkar	0.64	0.58
	Mr. Gurudas Sawant	0.92	0.89
		7.47	6.76



(Amount in TNR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated )

(vii)	Director's sitting fees	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Mr. Vikram Gupta	0.10	0.30
	Mr. Anii Palekar	72	1.30
	Mrs. Sandhya Kamat***	1.10	*
	Mr. Purushottam Mantri	1.70	1.20
	Mrs. Shashi Katreddi**	1.60	1.10
	Mr. Ninad Kamat****	1.00	
	Total	5.50	3.90
100		For the Year ended	For the Year ended
(viii)	Rent paid	March 31, 2025	March 31, 2024
	Relatives of the Key Management Personnel		
	Mrs. Veena Gupta	4.80	4.80
	GKB Vision FZC	17.09	
	Total	21.89	4.80
(ix)	Loans taken	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Key Management Personnel	0000000	
	Mr. K. G. Gupta	300.00	
		300.00	•
	Relatives of the Key Management Personnel	10140120	
	Ms. Shefali Chawla	141.01	
		141.01	
(x)	Repayment of loan	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Key Management Personnel	Market	
	Mr. K. G. Gupta	3.54	
		3.54	*
(xi)	Interest paid on Loan	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Key Management Personnel	1010	
	Mr. K. G. Gupta	15.10	
		15.10	
(c)	Amount due to/from related party as on:		name a servicina a succ
(i)	Accounts Recievable and Other Recievables	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Associate / Entities under common control	5222702	12/12/12/2
	GKB Vision Private Limited	373.45	659.34
	GKB Vision FZC	111.42	93.82
	Total	484.87	753.16



(Amount in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated )

(ii)	Accounts payable and other payables	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
	Associate / Entities under common control		
	GKB Vision Private Limited	1,255.10	1,045.14
	GKB Vision FZC	602.81	559.44
	Accounts payable to Key Management personnel		
	K G Gupta - Loan outstanding	357.54	2
	Relatives of the Key Management Personnel		
	Shefali Chawla	144.06	
	Veena Gupta	2.32	5.25
	Total	2,361.83	1,609.83

### 42 DISCLOSURE PURSUANT TO INDIAN ACCOUNTING STANDARD (IND AS) 108, OPERATING SEGMENTS

#### a) Operating segment

The Group's operations predominantly relate to manufacturing and trading in unfinished ophthalmic lenses made up of Plastic. The Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM) reviews the operations of the holding Company as one operating segment. Hence no separate segment information has been furnished herewith.

## b) Geographical Segment

Geographical Segment				
Revenue	As a	As at March 31, 2025		t
	March 31			2024
	Amount (INR)	9/0	Amount (INR)	%
India	3,133,70	29%	3,383.21	38%
Outside India	7,765.06	71%	5,442.19	62%
	10,898.76	100%	8,825.40	100%
	As at March	31, 2025	As at March	31, 2024
Non-current asset	Amount (INR)	9/6	Amount (INR)	₩0
India	1882.87	79%	2,239.57	87%
Outside India	493.47	21%	462.71	13%

2376.34

100%

2,702.28

100%

c)	Details of major customers	For the Year ended March 31, 2025	For the Year ended March 31, 2024
	Customer 1	1,868.15	1,813.30
	Customer 2	1,545.76	1,373.16
	Customer 3	463.01	60.02

## 43 FAIR VALUES OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

## A. Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

### B. Measurement of fair value

The fair values of the financial assets and liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

# The following methods and assumptions were used to estimate the fair values:

- The fair value of other current financial assets, cash and cash equivalents, bank balances other than cash and cash equivalents, loans and advances, trade payables, short-term borrowings and other financial liabilities approximate the carrying amounts largely due to short-term maturities of these instruments.
- The fair value of non-current financial assets comprising of security deposits and non-current term deposits at amortised cost using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) are not significantly different from the carrying amount.



(Amount in INR Lakhs, unless otherwise stated )

#### Fair value hierarchy

The following is the hierarchy for determining and disclosing the fair value of financial instruments by valuation technique:

Level 1 - Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

-Level 2 - Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices).

Level 3 - inputs for the assets or liabilities that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The following table presents fair value hierarchy of assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis:

#### Fair value measurement hierarchy of assets

		Fair value hierarchy	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
(a)	Financial Assets measured at fair value	Politi	115010	90000
	Investments in mutual funds at PVTPL	Level 1	0.08	0.08
(b)	Financial assets measured at amortized cost			
	Trade receivables	Level 3	2,549.15	2,839.94
	Cash and cash equivalents	Level 3	302.12	323.24
	Bank balances other than cash and cash equivalent	Level 3	1,080.05	1,460.41
	Other financial assets	Level 3	54.05	16.56
(e)	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost			
	Borrowings	Litvet 3	1,449.62	1,148.71
	Trade payables	Level 3	3,928.55	3,309.36
	Other financial liabilities	Level 3	212.85	160.05

There have been no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the period

### 44 FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Group is exposed to various financial risks. These risks are categorized into market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's risk management is coordinated by the Board of Directors and Socuses on securing long term and short term cash flows. The Group does not engage in trading of financial assets for speculative purposes.

#### (A) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity price risk and commodity risk. Financial instruments affected by market risk include borrowings and derivative financial instruments.

### (i) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group does not have exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates as the Company's long-form debt obligations are with fixed interest rates.

### (ii) Foreign currency risk

Foreign currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The holding Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the holding Company's operating activities (when revenue or expense is denominated in a different currency from the holding Company's functional currency). The risk is measured through manitoring the net exposure to various foreign currencies and the same is minimized to the extent possible.

### Foreign currency sensitivity

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the foreign currency rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Holding Company's profit before tax (due to changes in the fair value of monetary assets and liabilities).

Particulars	ZAR	AED	USD	Euro
Trade receivables	0.43	371,75	2,882.95	472,10
frade payables	(1.20)	(162.82)	(2,975.00)	(885.74)
	(0.77)	208.93	(92.05)	(416.64)
foreign currency exposure (in INR) as at Ma	arch 31, 2024	400000	A185 ****	- Acoustons
Particulars	ZAR	AED	USD	Euro
frade receivables		203.73	1,691.48	386.07
Trade payables		(58.23)	(2,202.76)	(420.87)
		1.65.50	(E++ 20)	724 000

Ac at March 24



### Notes forming part of the Consolidated Financial Statements

(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Foreign currency sensitivity	As at Marci	h 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024		
Particulars	1 % Increase	1 % decrease	1 % Increase	1 % decrease	
ZAR	0.01	(0.01)			
USD	0.92	(0.92)	5.11	(5.11)	
Euro	4.17	(4.17)	(0.35)	0.35	
AED	(2.09)	2.09	1.45	(1.45)	
Increase / (Decrease) in profit or loss	3.01	(3.01)	6.21	(6.21)	

#### (B) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Holding Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations. Credit risk arises principally from the Holding Company's receivables from deposits with landlords and other statutory deposits with regulatory agencies and also arises from cash hold with banks and financial institutions. The maximum exposure to credit risk is equal to the carrying value of the financial assets. The objective of managing counterparty credit risk is to prevent losses in financial assets. The Holding Company assesses the credit quality of the counterparties, taking into account their financial position, past experience and other factors.

Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Holding Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business. The Holding Company establishes an allowance for doubtful debts and impairment that represents its estimate of credit losses in respect of trade and other receivables.

However, the credit risk arising on cash and cash equivalents is limited as the Holding Company lovest in deposits with banks and financial institution with credit ratings and strong repayment capacity. Investment in securities primarily include investment in liquid mutual funds units and equity shares.

#### Trade receivables

The Holding Company's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The demographics of the customer, including the default risk of the industry and country in which the customer operates, also has an influence on credit risk assessment. Credit risk is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and continuously monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Holding Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

Summary of the Holding Company's exposure to credit risk by age of the outstanding from various customers is as follows:

	2025	2024
Not due	2,010.23	1,504.94
Past due 1-180 days	486.28	837.12
Past due for more than 180 days	52.64	497.88

#### Expected credit loss assessment

The Holding Company allocates each exposure to a credit risk grade based on a variety of data that is determined to be predictive of the risk of loss (e.g. timeliness of payments, available press information etc.) and applying experienced credit judgement.

Exposures to customers outstanding at the end of each reporting period are reviewed by the Holding Company to determine incurred and expected credit losses. Historical trends of impairment of trade receivables do not reflect any significant credit losses. Given that the macroeconomic indicators affecting customers of the Holding Company have not undergone any substantial change, the holding Company expects the historical brend of minimal credit losses to continue.

Movement of allowance for bad and doubtful debts:

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Balance at the beginning of the year	43.19	68.47
Amount provided during the FY 2024-25 (net of reversal)	522.74	15.22
Amounts written off	(96.48)	(40.50)
Balance at the end of the year	469.45	43.19

### Cash and cash equivalents

As at the year end, the holding Company held cash and cash equivalents. Rs. 302.12 lakins [March 31, 2024 - Rs. 323.24 lakins] The cash and cash equivalents are held with banks with good credit rating.

#### Other bank balances

Other bank balances are held with banks with good credit rating.

# Other financial assets

Other financial assets are neither past due nor impaired.

#### (C) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the holding Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they become due. The holding Company manages its liquidity risk by ensuring, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### Maturities of financial liabilities

The following table shows the maturity analysis of the holding Company's financial liabilities based on contractually agreed undiscounted cash flows along with its carrying value as at the Balance Sheet date.

	On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
As at March 31, 2025	7	5000010	0.015-0.5	100 E Com.		2075.051
Term loan from banks	7.0	8.40	25.20	30.68	50	64.28
Term loan from others		24.71	135.28	277.48		437.47
Short term borrowings	947.87		41		- 2	947.87
Trade payables	-	1,900.75	1,991.13	36.67	- 3	3,928.55
Other financial liabilities	15.83	174.86	21,16	anary :	1.00	212.85
	963.70	2,108.72	2,172.77	344.83	1.00	5,591.02
As at March 31, 2024						
Term loen from banks		25.40	42.54	82.04	- 23	149.98
Short term borrowings	996.73	and the second	n toronto <del>d</del>	-	20	996.73
Trade payables	0.04	1,873.22	1,436.10		0.00	3,309.36
Other financial liabilities	11.90	109.14	26.56	11.45	1.00	160.05
	1,010.67	2,007.76	1,505.20	93.49	1.00	4,618.12

#### 45 CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

For the purpose of the Group's capital management, capital includes issued equity capital, convertible preference shares, share premium and all other equity reserves attributable to the equity holders. The primary objective of the Group's capital management is to maximize the shareholder value and to ensure the holding Company's ability to continue as a going concern.

The holding Company has not distributed any dividend to its shareholders. The holding Company monitors gearing ratio i.e. total debt in proportion to its overall financing structure, i.e. equity and debt. Total debt comprises of current borrowing. The holding Company manages the capital structure and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions and the risk characteristics of the underlying assets.

		2025	2024
Total equity	(1)	5,643.65	6,420.32
Borrowings		1,449.62	1,148.71
Less: cash and cash equivalents		(302.12)	(323.24)
Adjusted net debt	(10)	1,147.50	825.47
Adjusted Net Debt to Equity ratio	(10/(1)	20.33%	12.86%

No changes were made in the objectives, policies or processes for managing capital during the years ended March 31,2025 and March 31, 2024.

- 46 The products manufactured and sold by the group do not have a warranty period, hence provision for warranty as specified in Indian Accounting Standard (Ind A5) 37 on "Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets" is not required to be made.
- 47 During the year the Group has not capitalised any borrowing costs as per Ind AS 23 "Borrowing costs".

### 48 Details of Benami Property held

The holding Company does not have any Benami property, where any proceeding has been initiated or pending against the company for holding any Benami property.

#### 49 Undisclosed income

The holding Company does not have any undisclosed income which is not recorded in the books of account that has been surrendered or disclosed as income during the year (previous year) in the tax assessments under the Income Tax Act, 1961 (such as, search or survey or any other relevant provisions of the Income Tax Act, 1961).

50 The holding Company has not traded or invested in Crypto currency or Virtual Currency during the financial year.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

#### 51 Wilful Defaulter

The holding company has not been declared a wilful defaulter by any bank or financial Institution or other lender.

### 52 Relationship with Struck off Companies under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956,

The holding Company does not have any transactions with companies struck off under section 248 of the Companies Act, 2013 or section 560 of Companies Act, 1956,

### 53 Registration of charges or satisfaction with Registrar of Companies

The holding Company does not have any charges or satisfaction which is yet to be registered with ROC beyond the statutory period.

#### 54 Compliance with number of layers of companies

The holding company has complied with the number of layers prescribed under clause (87) of section 2 of the Act read with the Companies (Restriction on number of Layers) Rules, 2017.

#### 55 Utilisation of Borrowed funds and share premium:

- (i) The Group has not advanced or loaned or invested funds to any other person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Intermediaries) with the understanding that the Intermediary shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the company (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (biprovide any guarantee, security or the like to or on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries
- (ii) The Group has not received any fund from any person(s) or entity(ies), including foreign entities (Funding Party) with the understanding (whether recorded in writing or otherwise) that the holding Company shall:
- (a) directly or indirectly lend or invest in other persons or entities identified in any manner whatsoever by or on behalf of the Funding Party (Ultimate Beneficiaries) or
- (biprovide any guarantee, security or the like on behalf of the Ultimate Beneficiaries,



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

56 Reconciliation of quarterly returns or statements of current assets filed with banks

Quarter	Name of bank	Particulars of Securities	Amount as per books of account (Rs. In lakhs)	Amount as reported in the quarterly return/ statement (Rs. In lakhs)	Amount of difference between books of account and quarterly statement (Rs. In lakhs)	Reason for difference
June 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Moulds (Disclosed in Property, Plant and Equipment at WDV)	742.26	915.59	(173.33)	Moulds were considered as inventory in returns submitted to the bank which are carried at cost minus breakages as per the understanding with the bank, however in the books, moulds were considered as PPE which are carried at cost minus depreciation.
June 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Benk Ltd.	Finished Goods (including overheads loading 8 after writedown)	215.76	207,22	8.54	The difference is due to the aggregate impact of valuation of finished goods at lower of cost and net realisable value and difference in Overhead rate considered for the Finished goods valuation.
June 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Raw Material	113.28	101.66	11.62	The difference is due to primary loading which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks.
June 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Utd.	Stores and Spares	111.96	115.00	(3.04)	The difference is due to primary loading which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks.
June 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Work in Progress	38.35	35.51	2.84	The difference is due to the different. Overhead rates which is considered for the Work in Progress valuation in the books of accounts and quarterly statement to banks.
June 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Trade Payables	838.60	348.49	490.11	Difference is due to the trade payables other than for purchase of naw material, packing material and consumables not considered in report to the bank.
June 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Trade Receivable	762.18	559.98	202.20	The difference is due to the provision made against the doubtful debtors. Further, for the purpose of bank stock statement only the debtors realisable within 90 days is considered.
September 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd,	Moulds (Disclosed in Property, Plant and Equipment at WOV)	736.23	928.30	(192.07)	Moulds were considered as inventory in returns submitted to the bank which are carried at cost minus breakages as per the understanding with the bank, however in the books, moulds were considered as PPE which are carried at cost minus depreciation.
September 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Finished Goods (including overheads loading & after writedown)	276.74	265.13	11.61	The difference is due to the aggregate impact of valuation of finished goods at lower of cost and net realisable value and difference in Overhead rate considered for the Finished goods valuation.
September 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Raw Material	117.79	107.33	10.46	The difference is due to primary loading which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks.
September 30, 2824	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Stores and Spares	105.08	106.44	(0.36)	The difference is due to primary loading which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks.
September 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Work in Progress	23.67	21.67	2.00	The difference is due to the different. Overhead rates which is considered for the Work in Progress valuation in the books of accounts and quarterly statement to banks.
September 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Trade Payables	918.40	379.57	538.83	Difference is due to the trade payables other than for purchase of raw material, packing material and consumables not considered in report to the bank.
September 30, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Trade Receivable	756.06	540.34	215.72	The difference is due to the provision made against the doubtful debtors. Further, for the purpose of bank stock statement only the debtors realisable within 90 days is considered.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

Quarter	Name of bank	Particulars of Securities	Amount as per books of account (Rs. In lakhs)	Amount as reported in the quarterly return/ statement (Rs. In lakhs)	Amount of difference between books of account and quarterly statement (Rs. In lakhs)	Reason for difference
December 31, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Moulds (Disclosed in Property, Plant and Equipment at WDV)	723.69	941.40	(217.71)	Moulds were considered as inventory in returns submitted to the bank which are carried at cost minus breakages as per the understanding with the bank, however in the books, moulds were considered as PPE which are carried at cost minus depreciation.
31, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Finished Goods (including overheads loading 8 after writedown)	283.00	304.75	(21.75)	The difference is due to the aggregate impact of valuation of finished goods at lower of cost and net realisable value and difference in Overhead rate considered for the finished goods valuation.
December 31, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Raw Moterial	156.25	144.87	11.38	The difference is due to primary loading which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks.
December 31, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Stores and Spares	102.37	102.20	0.17	The difference is due to primary loading which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks.
December 31, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Work in Progress	31.62	31,97	(0.35)	The difference is due to the different. Overhead rates which is considered for the Work in Progress valuation in the books of accounts and quarterly statement to banks.
December 31, 2024	State Bank of India / Sanswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Trade Payables	1,024.04	435.23	588.81	Difference is due to the trade payables other than for purchase of raw material, packing material and consumables not considered in report to the bank.
December 31, 2024	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Trade Receivable	843.90	498.84	345.06	The difference is due to the provision made against the doubtful debtors. Further, for the purpose of bank stock statement only the debtors realisable within 90 days is considered.
March 31, 2025	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Moulds (Disclosed in Property, Plant and Equipment at WDV)	709.12	942.58	(233.46)	Moulds were considered as inventory in returns submitted to the bank which are carried at cost minus breakages as per the understanding with the bank, however in the books, moulds were considered as PPE which are carried at cost minus depreciation.
March 31, 2025	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Finished Goods (including overheads loading & after writedown)	260.91	287.90	(26.89)	The difference is due to the aggregate impact of valuation of finished goods at lower of cost and net realisable value and difference in Overhead rate considered for the Frished goods valuation.
March 31, 2025	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Raw Material	219.31	159.12	60.19	The difference is due to primary loading and Goods in Transit which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks.
March 31, 2025	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Stores and Spares	96.00	110.13	(14.13)	The difference is due to primary loading which is not considered in the quarterly statement to banks.
March 31, 2025	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Work in Progress	31.95	31.66	0.29	The difference is due to the different. Overhead rates which is considered for the Work in Progress valuation in the books of accounts and quarterly statement to banks.
March 31, 2025	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Trade Payables	697.57	356.23	341.34	Difference is due to the trade payables other than for purchase of raw material, packing material and consumables not considered in report to the bank.
March 31, 2025	State Bank of India / Saraswat Co-operative Bank Ltd.	Trade Receivable	748.99	706.56	42.43	The difference is due to the provision made against the doubtful debtors. Further, for the purpose of bank stock statement only the debtors realisable within 90 days is considered.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### 57 Assets Pledged as Security

The carrying amounts of assets pledged as security for current and non-current borrowings are:

	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
mary Security on following assets	5 <del>25550 (2-0052005000000000000000000000000000000</del>	
nventories	608.17	468.82
Trade receivables	748.99	686.13
Moulds (forming part of property, plant and equipment at WDV)	709.12	755.54
tal Current assets pledged as security	2,066.28	1,910.49
n-Current assets		
reehold land	4.30	4_30
.easehold Land	6.81	6.90
Buildings	275.76	292.47
Plant & Machinery	432.88	509.18
Other Assets	15.33	20.90
tal Non-Current assets pledged as security	735.08	833.75
tal Assets pledged as security	2,801.36	2,744.24
tal Assets pledged as security	2,801.36	

#### 58 Commitments

Particulars	As at March 31, 2025	As at March 31, 2024
Estimated Amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account [Net of Advances of INR is NIL (previous year is NIL)]	53.70	294.77
	53.70	204.77

#### Other commitments:

The Company has taken license of 100% EoU from Development Commissioner SEEPZ SEZ for unit II. As per the Letter of Permission dated 27th April 2021, the Company is required to achieve Net Foreign Exchange Earnings (NFE) obligation of INR 1,048 Lakhs during the period April 1, 2020 to March 31, 2025. The benefit is import without BCD which is approximately 12.5% and INR 20 Lakhs per month. The Company has achieved Net Foreign Exchange Earnings (NFE) of INR 326.22 Lakhs for the period April 01, 2020 to March 31, 2025.



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### 59 Statutory Group Information

		Net Assets, i.e. total assets minus total liabilities		Share in Profit or (Loss)		Share in Other Comprehensive Income		Share in Total Comprehensive Income	
Name of the Entity	Year ending	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount
GKB Ophthalmics Limited (Consolidated)	31-Mar-25 31-Mar-24	100.00 100.00	5,643.65 6,420.32	100.00 100.00	(707.92) (298.21)	100.00 100.00	(20.36) (11.43)	100.00	(728.28)
Parent									
GKB Ophthalmics Limited	31-Mar-25 31-Mar-24	31.32 37.36	1,767.42 2,395.57	86.2B 114.56	(610.79)	100.00 100.00	(20.36)	86.66 114.03	(631.15)
Subsidiaries	Y VSSJVSR	25.5	2420000000	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	40000	- KANDE-KA		72,000,00	100000
GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE	31-Mar-25	47.82	2,698.91	(1.70)	12.05		11.70	(1.65)	12.05
	31-Mar-24	44.34	2,846.70	(77.43)	230.90	+		(74.57)	230.90
GSV Ophthalmics Pvt, Ltd.	31-Mar-25	28.72	1,621.00	(11.43)	90.91	4.5		(11.11)	80.91
	31-Mar-24	23.99	1,540.09	(16.14)	48.14			(15.55)	48.14
Step down Subsidiary			- 55					/	
Lensco The Lens Company	31-Mar-25	11.88	670.39	9.21	(65.23)	+31	(0)	8.96	(65.23)
	31-Mar-24	11.77	755.67	23.24	(69.29)	10		22.38	(69.29)
PROME OPHTHALMIC PRODUCTS (PTY) LTD	31-Mar-25	0.27	15.20	3.42	(24.22)	70	0.70	3.33	(24, 22)
	31-Mar-24	2004	15,000		10000000	23		-	1170.00
Prescription Optical Products LLC	31-Mar-25	(0.01)	(0.47)	(2.83)	20.05	100		(2.75)	20.05
	31-Mar-24	(0.32)	(20.22)	(1.23)	3.67	+ 1		(1.19)	3.67
Elimination and Adjustment due to Consolidation	31-Mar-25	(20.00)	(1,128.80)	17.05	(120.69)		-	19.90	(144.91)
	31-Mer-24	(17.14)	(1,100.49)	57.00	(169.99)	\$3		54,90	(169.99)
Total	31-Mar-25	100.00	5,643.65	100.00	(707.92)	100.00	(20.36)	100.00	(728.28)
	31-Mar-24	100.00	6,420.32	100.00	(298.21)	100.00	(11.43)	100.00	(309.64)

### 60(a) Interest in subsidiaries

The group's subsidiaries at 31 March 2025 are set out below. Unless otherwise stated, they have share capital consisting solely of equity shares that are held directly by the group, and the proportion of ownership interests held equals the voting rights held by the group. The country of incorporation or registration is also their principal place of business.

Name of the entity	Place of business/ country of incorporation	Ownership interest held by the group		Ownership interest held by non- controlling interests		Principal activities
1/0/10/20/20/20/20		31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	
GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited	India	79.54%	79.54%	20.46%	20.46%	Not yet commenced business operations
GKB Ophthalmics Products [FZE], Sharjah	United Arab Emirates	100.00%	100.00%	9.00%	0.00%	Trading of all types of lenses
Lensco - the lens company (Subsidiary of GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE - 59.5%)	United States of America	59.50%	59.50%	40.50%	40.50%	Trading of all types of lenses
PRIME OPHTHALMIC PRODUCTS (PTY) LTD     (Subsidiary of GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE - 100%)	South Africa	100.00%	-	0.00%		Trading of all types of lenses
5. Prescription Optical Products U.C (Subsidiary of GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE - 80%)	United Arab Emirates	80.00%	80.00%	20.00%	20.00%	Trading of all types of lenses
GKB Vision FZC (Associate of GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE - 49%)	United Arab Emirates	49.00%	49.00%	51.00%	51.00%	Trading of all types of lenses



(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

### 60(b) Non-controlling interests (NCI)

GSV Ophthalmics Pvt Ltd (GSV), in which the Parent Company owns 79.54% and has material non-controlling interests (NCI).

GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE is the wholly owned subsidiary of the holding company. GKB ophthalmics Products FZE holds 59.50% of Lensco - The Lens company, 100% in Prime Ophthalmics Products (PTY) Ltd and 80% of Prescription Optical Products LLC. GKB Ophthalmics Products FZE and its subsidiaries (FZE Group) has material non controlling interest (NCI).

Summarised financial information in relation to the Group, is presented below together with amounts attributable to NCI:

Summarised balance sheet	G	FZE Group		
	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Current Assets	1,033.62	1,431.19	7,659.61	6,101.84
Current Liability	20.71	1.20	4,558.63	2,784.95
Net Current Assets	1,012.91	1,429.99	3,100.98	3,316.88
Non-current Assets	608.09	110.10	493,47	462.71
Non-current Liabilities		4.0	147.15	111.86
Net Non-current Assets	608.09	110.10	346.32	350.85
Net Assets	1,621.00	1,540.09	3,447.30	3,667.73
Accumulated non-controlling interests	331.66	315.10	108.10	128.10

Summarised Statement of Profit or Loss	GSV		FZE Group	
	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24	31-Mar-25	31-Mar-24
Revenue from contract with customer	-	+	8,211.49	5,904.71
Other Income	116.28	88.16	8.85	37.79
Cost of raw material consumed		20	6,095.52	4,483.12
Employee benefits expense	-	#3	637.39	454.16
Finance cost.	0.01	0.01	67.44	34.06
Depreciation and amortization expense	-	5.39	44.39	31.27
Other expenses	6.62	18.01	1,433.10	774.60
Profit before tax	109.65	64.74	(57.49)	165.29
Share in profit of associate			18.31	(5.86)
Income tax	28.74	16.60		
Profit for the year	80.91	48.14	(39.18)	159.42
Other comprehensive income				
Total comprehensive income	80.91	48.14	(39.18)	159.42
Profit allocated to NCI	16.55	9.85	(22,39)	(27.01)
Total comprehensive income after NCI share	64.36	38.29	(16.79)	186.43

As at March 31, 2025 the Group did not have any outstanding long terms derivative contracts (Previous year INR-Nil)

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(Amount in INR lakhs, unless otherwise stated)

- 62 For the year ended March 31, 2025 the Holding company and its Subsidiary company incorporated in India, is not required to transfer any amount (Previous year INR- Nil) to investor protection fund.
- 63 There were no whistleblower complaints received during the year ended March 31, 2025 and March 31, 2024
- 64 The Holding Company and its subsidiary Company incorporated in India, have used an accounting software for maintaining their respective books of account for the year ended March 31, 2025, which have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility and the same has operated throughout the year for all relevant transactions recorded in the software. Also, there were no instance of audit trail feature being tampered with in respect of such accounting software. The audit trail of prior year has been preserved by the Holding Company as per the statutory requirements for record retention. However, in respect of above referred Subsidiary Company, audit trail of prior year has not been preserved. Further, the Holding Company has used two other accounting softwares for maintaining its books of account for processing of payroll transactions and inventory records respectively during the year ended March 31, 2025 which did not have a feature of recording audit trail (edit log) facility.
- 65 No significant subsequent events have been observed which may require adjustments to the Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended March 31, 2025.
- 66 Previous year figures have been regrouped/ reclassified to conform to the presentation as per Ind AS as required by Schedule III of the Act.

As per our report of even date

For M S K A & Associates

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.:105047W

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors of

**GKB Ophthalmics Limited** 

CIN: L26109GA1981PLC000469

Nitin Jumani

Partner

Membership No: 111700

K. G. Gupta Cedric Lobo Managing Director Director

DIN: 00051863 DIN: 09124746

**Gurudas Sawant** 

Chief Financial Officer

Pooja Bicholkar Company Secretary

ICSI Membership No: 54716

Place: Pune Place: Mapusa - Goa

Date: May 30, 2025 Date: May 30, 2025



## Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of Section 129 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014)

Statement containing salient features of the financial statements of subsidiaries / Associate Companies/ Joint Ventures.

## Part "A": Subsidiaries

In Rupees

1	Name of the Subsidiary	GKB Ophthalmics Products, FZE, UAE	GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited, India	Lensco - The Lens Company , N.J. USA	Prescription Optical Products LLC, Dubai	Prime Ophthalmics Products PTY Limited, South Africa
2	Reporting period of the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company reporting		1540		V0004000000000000000000000000000000000	
3	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries.	AED 1_INR 23.27	Rs.	USD 1_INR 83.35	AED 1_INR 23.27	ZAR 1_INR 4.65
4	Share Capital	3,490,475	147,100,000	717,851	1,285,956	3,915,023
-5	Reserve & Surplus	266,400,206	15,000,292	66,321,560	-1,332,937	
6	Total Assets	569,231,255	164,171,354	280,648,864	7,986,618	1,866,753
7	Total Liabilities	299,340,575	2,071,065	213,609,453	8,033,599	346,568
8	Investments	12,838,712				
9	Turnover	501,192,253		328,741,179	48,341,854	42,993
10	Profit / (loss) before taxation	1,205,066	10,964,918	-6,522,881	2,005,343	-2,422,016
11	Provision for taxation		2,873,794		-	-
12	Profit / (loss) after taxation	1,205,066	8,091,124	-6,522,881	2,005,343	-2,422,016
13	Proposed Dividend	1,76,88,000	-		-	-
14	% of shareholding	100%	79.54%	60%	80%	100%

Notes: 1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operation - GSV Ophthalmics Private Limited

2. Names of subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year - Nil



### Part "B": Association and Joint Ventures

## Associate Company

1	Name of the Subsidiary	GKB Vision FZC, UAE	
2	Reporting period of the subsidiary concerned, if different from the holding company reporting	14	
3	Reporting currency and Exchange rate as on the last date of the relevant financial year in the case of foreign subsidiaries.	AED 1_INR 23.27	
4	Share Capital	3,490,477	
5	Reserve & Surplus	42,222,024	
6	Total Assets	89,538,196	
7	Total Liabilities	43,825,695	
8	Investments	-	
9	Turnover	180,659,413	
10	Profit / (loss) before taxation	3,736,023	
11	Provision for taxation	-	
12	Profit / (loss) after taxation	3,736,023	
13	Proposed Dividend	131.77.70.70	
14	% of shareholding	49%	

## Joint Ventures - Nil

## For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Place : Mapusa, Goa Date : May 30, 2025 K. G. Gupta Cedric Lobo Gurudas Sawant CFO Company Secretary
Date : May 30, 2025 DIN : 00051863 DIN : 09124746 Ground Sawant CFO Company Secretary
ICSI Membership No. 54716



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