

November 27, 2020

To, To,

**BSE** Limited P.J. Towers, Dalal Street, Mumbai - 400 001

National Stock Exchange of India Limited Exchange Plaza, 5th Floor, Plot No. C/1, G Block, Bandra-Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai- 400 051

Scrip Code: 505509 Scrip Code: RESPONIND

Dear Sir / Madam,

Sub: Submission of Annual Report 2019-20 in compliance with Regulation 34(1) of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

Pursuant to Regulation 34(1) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, please find enclosed herewith Annual Report for FY 2019-20 of the Company

Kindly take the above on record.

Yours faithfully, For Responsive Industries Limited

RUCHI Digitally signed by RUCHI JAISWAL Date: 2020.1127 16:2724+05'30'

Ruchi Jaiswal Company Secretary & Compliance Officer

Encl: As Above

#### **RESPONSIVE INDUSTRIES LIMITED**

Mahagaon Road, Betegaon Village, Boisar (East), Tal. Palghar, Dist. Thane 401 501, Maharashtra, India.

T: +91 22 6656 2727 / 2704 F: +91 22 6656 2799

E: enquiry@responsiveindustries.com

www.responsiveindustries.com

CIN NO. L65100MH1982PLC027797



**INNOVATIVE** 

**INSPIRED** 

**DISRUPTIVE** 



Cutting Edge **Technology**Stunning **Aesthetic**Exceptional **Performance** 



ANNUAL REPORT 2019-2020



CONTENTS	Corporate Information	02
	Directors' Report	03
	Management Discussion & Analysis Report	13
	Report on Corporate Governance	16
	Business Responsibility Report	58
	Standalone Financial Statements	
	Auditors' Report	70
	Balance Sheet	78
	Statement of Profit and Loss	79
	Cash Flow Statement	80
	Significant Accounting Policies on	
	Standalone Financial Statements	82
	Notes forming Part of the Financial Statements	90
	Consolidated Financial Statements	
	Consolidated Auditors' Report	112
	Consolidated Balance Sheet	118
	Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss	119
	Consolidated Cash Flow statement	120
	Significant Accounting Policies on	
	Consolidated Financial Statement	123
	Notes forming Part of the Consolidated Financial Statements	132
	Salient features of Financial Statement of Subsidiary Companie	s 155

38<sup>th</sup> Annual General Meeting on Thursday, December 24, 2020 at 11.00 a.m. through Video Conferencing or Other Audio Visual Mean.

### CORPORATE INFORMATION

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Mr. Rishabh Agarwal Mr. Mehul Vala Mr. Mrunal Shetty Mr. Rajiv Kumar Bakshi

Ms. Jyoti Rai Ms. Bhumika Jain Non-Executive Chairman Whole Time Director Executive Director

Independent Non - Executive Director Independent Non - Executive Director Independent Non - Executive Director

#### **KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

Mr. Mehul Vala Mr. Mrunal Shetty Ms. Ruchi Jaiswal Chief Executive Officer Chief Financial Officer Company Secretary

#### **STATUTORY AUDITORS**

M/s Shah & Taparia Chartered Accountants 203, Center Point Bldg. 100, Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar Rd. Lalbaug, Parel, Mumbai-400 012

#### SECRETARIAL AUDITOR

M/s. P.P. Shah & Co Company Secretaries 218, Veen Chambers, Dalal Street, Mumbai- 400 023

### REGISTRARS & SHARE TRANSFER AGENT

Link Intime (India) Pvt. Ltd. C-101, 247 Park, LBS Marg Vikhroli (West), Mumbai-400 083

Tel No.: (022) 4918 6270 Fax No.: (022) 4918 6060

Email: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in

#### PRINCIPAL BANKER

Union Bank of India, Mumbai

#### REGISTERED AND CORPORATE OFFICE

Village Betegaon, Mahagaon Road, Boisar (East), Taluka Palghar, Dist. Thane – 401501

Tel No.: (022) 66562821 Fax No.: (022) 66562798

Email: investor@responsiveindustries.com Website:www.responsiveindustries.com CIN NO: L65100MH1982PLC027797



### DIRECTORS' REPORT

#### DEAR MEMBERS,

The Board of Directors ("Directors") of Responsive Industries Limited ("the Company") is pleased to present the Thirty Eighth Annual Report on the business and operations of the Company with the Audited Financial Statements for the financial year ended March 31, 2020.

#### FINANCIAL SUMMARY & HIGHLIGHTS

Particulars	Standalone		Consolidated	
	For the year ended		For the ye	ear ended
	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenue from operations	4,340.55	6,288.32	5,331.23	7,750.38
Other Income	171.99	143.39	282.19	244.52
Profit/Loss before Depreciation, Finance Costs, Exceptional Items and Tax Expense	1,052.15	1,207.27	1,256.89	1,398.64
Less: Depreciation/Amortisation / Impairment	574.71	614.98	779.16	818.99
Profit/Loss before Finance Costs, Exceptional items and Tax Expense	477.44	592.29	477.73	579.65
Less: Finance Cost	208.70	126.74	212.75	129.18
Profit/Loss before Exceptional items and Tax Expense	268.74	465.55	264.98	450.47
Add/(Less): Exceptional items	-	-	-	-
Profit/Loss before Tax Expense	268.74	465.55	264.98	450.47
Less: Tax Expense (Current & Deferred)	21.54	181.37	21.26	155.88
Profit/Loss for the year (1)	247.20	284.18	243.72	294.59
Total Comprehensive Income/Loss (2)	(0.52)	(1.35)	9.98	(1.22)
Total (1+2)	246.68	282.83	253.70	293.37
Earnings Per Share (EPS) of Re. 1/- each	0.93	1.06	0.92	1.09

#### **COMPANY'S STATE OF AFFAIRS & OPERATIONS**

On a consolidated basis, the revenue for FY 2020 was 5,331.23 million, lower by 31.21% over the previous year's revenue of 7,750.38 million. The profit after tax (PAT) attributable to shareholders and non-controlling interests for FY 2020 was Rs.241.83 million and Rs.1.89 million respectively. The profit after tax (PAT) attributable to shareholders and non-controlling interests for FY 2019 was Rs. 287.04 million and Rs. 7.55 million respectively.

On a standalone basis, the revenue for FY 2020 was 4,340.55 million, lower by 30.97% over the previous year's revenue of 6,288.32 million in FY 2019. The PAT attributable to shareholders for FY 2020 was 246.68 million registering a decline of 12.78% over the PAT of 282.83 million for FY 2019.

#### DIVIDEND

Based on Company's performance during the year, the Board in the Board Meeting held on November 07, 2019 have declared and paid interim dividend of Re 0.03 per equity share of face value of Re, 1/- each (at the rate of 3%) during the financial year 2019-20. The Directors have also recommended final dividend of Re.0.07 per equity share of face value of Re.1/- each (at the rate of 7%) taking total to Rs. 0.10 per equity share for the financial year 2019-20. The final dividend shall be payable to those eligible shareholders whose name appear in the Register of Members as on Cut-off Date. The final dividend on

equity shares, if approved by the Members, would be Rs. 18.68 million. The dividend tax payable on dividend declared is Rs. 3.80 million.

The Dividend Distribution Policy, in terms of Regulation 43A of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") is disclosed in the Corporate Governance Report and is uploaded on the Company's website at www. responsive industries.com/policies.

#### TRANSFER TO RESERVES

The Board of Directors has decided not to transfer any amount to reserves for the year under review.

#### SHARE CAPITAL

The paid up equity share capital as on March 31, 2020 stood at Rs. 266.91 million. During the year under review, the Company has not issued any shares with differential voting rights nor granted any stock options or sweat equity shares. As on March 31, 2020, none of the Directors of the Company hold instruments convertible into equity shares of the Company. During the year under review, there were no instances of non-exercising of voting rights in respect of shares purchased directly by employees under a scheme pursuant to Section 67(3) of the Act read with Rule 16(4) of Companies (Share Capital and Debentures) Rules, 2014.

#### **SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES & JOINT VENTURES**

The Company is having total 7 (Seven) subsidiaries including step down subsidiaries. There are no associate or joint venture companies within the meaning of Section 2(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act"). There has been no material change in the nature of the business of the subsidiaries. The policy for determining material subsidiary of the Company is available on the website of the Company at www.responsiveindustries.com/policies.

The requirement of appointing Independent Director of the Company on the Board of the Indian subsidiary company has been duly complied with. The requirements of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosures Requirements), Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") with regard to subsidiary company has been complied with.

#### **Domestic Subsidiary**

Axiom Cordages Limited, material non listed subsidiary incorporated in the year April 15, 1999 is a rope manufacturing company. The Total Revenue of the Company stood at Rs. 990.68 million (Previous year: 1,525.39 million) and the Profit after tax for the year stood at Rs. 2.02 million (Previous year: Rs. 14.79 million).

#### Foreign Subsidiaries

Responsive Industries Limited, Hong Kong incorporated in the year June 02, 2017 is a wholly owned subsidiary. The Company has recorded net loss of 6,814 USD (equivalent to Rs. 0.52 million) for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Responsive Industries Limited, UAE incorporated in the year March 15, 2018 is a step down subsidiary of the Company. The Company has recorded net loss of 36,922 USD (equivalent to Rs. 2.79 million) for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Axiom Cordages Limited, Hong Kong incorporated in the year June 02, 2017 is a step down subsidiary of the Company. The Company has recorded net loss of 7,913 USD (equivalent to Rs. 0.60 million) for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Axiom Cordages Limited, UAE incorporated in the year April 11, 2018 is a step



down subsidiary of the Company. The Company has recorded net loss of 13,889 USD (equivalent to Rs. 1.05 million) for the year ended March 31, 2020.

Responsive Industries Private Limited, Singapore incorporate in the year January 21, 2020 is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. The Company is yet to start its operation.

Responsive Industries LLC, USA is a step down subsidiary incorporated on March 06, 2020. The LLC is yet to start its operations.

#### **Consolidated Financial Statements**

The consolidated financial statements of the Company are prepared in accordance with the "Ind AS" issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India.

Pursuant to Section 129(3) of the Act read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, a statement containing salient features of the financial statements of subsidiaries/associate companies/joint ventures is given in Form AOC-1 which forms an integral part of this Report.

Further, pursuant to the provisions of Section 136 of the Act, the standalone and consolidated financial statements along with relevant documents of the Company and separate audited financial statements in respect of subsidiaries are available on the website of the Company at www.responsiveindustries.com/annual-report.

The financial statements of foreign subsidiaries Responsive Industries Limited, Hong Kong, and foreign step down subsidiary Axiom Cordages Limited, Hong Kong are prepared in accordance with the Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards for private entities (HKFRS for PE) issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants (HKICPA) and in Compliance with the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance. The financial statements of foreign step-down subsidiaries Responsive Industries Limited, UAE and Axiom Cordages Limited, UAE are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

#### MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

In terms of the provision of Regulation 34 of the SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR), 2015 and amendments thereto the Management Discussion and Analysis Report is provided as "**Annexure A**" forming part of this Annual Report.

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

As per Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V of the SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR), 2015 and amendments thereto a separate section on corporate governance practices followed by the Company, together with a certificate from the Company's Secretarial Auditors confirming compliance are provided as "Annexure B" forming part of this Annual Report.

#### **EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN**

Extract of the Annual Return in form MGT 9, as required under Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013 is provided as "**Annexure C**" forming part of this Annual Report.

#### **DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL**

During the year under review, the Non-Executive Directors of the Company had no pecuniary relationship or transactions with the Company, other than sitting fees, commission and reimbursement of expenses incurred, by them for the purpose of attending meetings of the Board/Committee of the Company and

professional fees for rendering professional service.

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 203 of the Companies Act, 2013, the Key Managerial Personnel of the Company as on March 31, 2020 are: Mr. Mehul Vala, Chief Executive Officer and Whole Time Director, Mr. Mrunal Shetty, Chief Financial Officer & Executive Director, and Ms. Ruchi Jaiswal, Company Secretary.

#### **Re-appointment**

In accordance with the provisions of Section 152 of the Companies Act, 2013 and read with the Article 24 of the Articles of Association of the Company, Mr. Mrunal Shetty (DIN: 08362895) being longest serving director retires by rotation at the ensuing Annual General Meeting and being eligible offers himself for reappointment. Accordingly, the Board recommends a resolution in relation to his re-appointment as director of the Company. A brief profile along with the resolution seeking members' approval for his appointment forms part of the Notice convening the ensuing Annual General Meeting.

#### Resignation

Mr. Shobha Singh Thakur (DIN: 00001466), Non-Executive Independent Director of the Company who was re-appointed in the Annual General Meeting held on September 29, 2017 for second term of 5 (Five) years has resigned from the office with effect from June 13, 2019 on personal ground. The Director has confirmed that the resignation is purely personal in nature and there is no other material reason other than those provided. The disclosure in this regard is available on the Company's website at www.responsiveindustries.com/ news-announcements.

#### **DECLARATION BY INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013 the Independent Directors have submitted declarations that each of them meet the criteria of independence as provided under Section 149(6) of the Companies Act, 2013 along with Rules framed thereunder and Regulation 16(1)(b) of the SEBI Listing Regulations. Further there has been no change in the circumstances affecting their status as Independent Director of the Company.

#### **DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITY STATEMENT**

Pursuant to Section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013, the Directors of your Company to the best of their knowledge state that:

- in the preparation of the annual financial statements for the year ended 31 March, 2020, the applicable Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) have been followed and there are no material departures;
- (b) the directors have selected such accounting policies and applied them consistently and made judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent so as to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020 and of the Profit & Loss of the Company for the year ended on that date;
- (c) the directors have taken proper and sufficient care for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- (d) the annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis:
- the directors have laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and such internal financial controls are adequate and operating effectively; and



(f) the directors have devised proper system to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such system are adequate and operating effectively.

#### **BOARD MEETINGS**

During the year, 5 (Five) Board Meetings were held. The intervening gap between the meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013. As stipulated by Code of Independent Directors under the Companies Act, 2013, a separate meeting of the Independent Directors of the Company was held on February 14, 2020 to review the performance of Non-Independent Directors, Chairman and the Board as a whole. The meeting details are provided in "Annexure B" Corporate Governance Report, forming part of this Annual Report.

#### **BOARD COMMITTEE**

The Board has formed various Committees as required under the Companies Act, 2013 and the SEBI Listing Regulations. Detail report on composition of Committees, number of meeting held during the year and the changes in the composition during the year are provided in "Annexure B" Corporate Governance Report forming part of this Annual Report.

#### **BOARD EVALUATION**

Pursuant to Section 178(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 8 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014 and as per the provision of Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 (Code for Independent Directors), and SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR), 2015 and amendments thereto, the Board of Directors has carried out an annual evaluation of its own performance, board committees and individual directors.

The performance of the Board was evaluated by the Board after seeking inputs from all the directors on the basis of criteria such as the board composition and structure, board culture, effectiveness of board processes, information, functioning and governance etc.

The performance of the committees was evaluated by the board after seeking inputs from the committee members on the basis of criteria such as the composition of committees, effectiveness of committee meetings, information etc.

A separate exercise was carried out to evaluate the performance of individual Independent Directors, who were evaluated on parameters such as level of engagement and contribution, independence of judgment, participation by all directors and developing consensus amongst the directors for all decisions.

In a separate meeting of Independent Directors held on February 14, 2020, performance of Non-Independent Directors, performance of the Board as a whole and performance of the Chairman was evaluated, taking into account the view of the Executive Directors and Non-Executive Directors. Also the quality, quantity and timeliness of flow of information between the Company management and the Board were assessed that was deemed necessary for the Board to effectively and reasonably perform their duties.

#### POLICYON DIRECTOR'S APPOINTMENT AND REMUNERATION

The Company's policy on director's appointment and remuneration as required under Sub-Section (3) of Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013, is provided in "Annexure B" Corporate Governance Report forming part of this Annual Report. The policy is also available on the website of the Company at www. responsiveindustries.com/policies.

#### **AUDITORS AND AUDIT REPORTS**

#### Statutory Auditor

Pursuant to Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made there under, M/s Shah & Taparia, Chartered Accountants (Firm Reg. No: 109463W) was appointed as Statutory Auditor of the Company for a period of 5 (Five) consecutive years, from the conclusion of the 37th AGM till the conclusion of the 42nd AGM of the Company. The firm has confirmed their eligibility under Section 141 of the Companies Act, 2013 and the rules framed thereunder for continuing as Auditors of the Company.

The requirement to place the matter relating to appointment of auditors for ratification by Members at every AGM has been done away by the Companies (Amendment) Act, 2017 with effect from May 7, 2018. Accordingly, no resolution is being proposed for ratification of appointment of statutory auditors at the ensuing AGM and a note in respect of same has been included in the Notice for this AGM

#### Audit Report

The Statutory Auditor's Report (Standalone & Consolidated) for the financial year ended March 31, 2020 does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark and is prepared as per "Ind AS" and form part of this Annual Report.

#### Cost Auditors

Pursuant to Section 148 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Cost Records and Audit) Rules, 2014, the Company is required to get its cost records audited and the audit shall be conducted by a Cost Accountant in practice who shall be appointed by the Board on such remuneration as may be determined by the Board subject to approval of the members of the Company.

On recommendations of Audit Committee, the Board has appointed M/s. S K Agarwal & Associates (Mem. No:7880) to audit the Cost Accounts of the Company for the financial year 2020-21. Further the Board recommended for Members' approval remuneration of Rs. 1,50,000/- (Rupees One Lakh Fifty Thousand Only) annually inclusive of out of pocket expenses payable to the Cost Auditor for the financial year 2020-21. Accordingly, a resolution seeking member's approval for the remuneration payable to the Cost Auditor forms part of the Notice convening the Annual General Meeting.

#### **Internal Auditor**

Pursuant to Section 138 of the Companies Act, 2013 and on recommendation received from Audit Committee, the Board has appointed M/s Shambhu Gupta & Co. Chartered Accountants, Mumbai, (Firm Reg No: 007234C) as an Internal Auditors of the Company to conduct Internal Audit for the financial year 2020-21, on a remuneration as decided by the Chairman in consultation with the Internal Auditor.

#### **Secretarial Auditor**

Pursuant to the provisions of Section 204 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014, the Company has appointed M/s. P.P. Shah & Co., Practising Company Secretaries, Mumbai (CP No:436) to undertake the Secretarial Audit of the Company for the financial year 2020-21 on a remuneration as decided by the Chairman in consultation with the Secretarial Auditor.

The Secretarial Audit Report in Form MR-3 for the financial year 2019-20 is annexed herewith as "**Annexure D**" forming part of this Annual Report. The Secretarial Audit Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or



adverse remark except for partial spending of amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility. The Board explained the reason for unspent amount that the Company has been working on identifying suitable projects for spending unspent CSR amounts to serve the needy section of the society. However this has been taken more time than estimated looking at the total spending requirement.

#### **PUBLIC DEPOSITS**

The Company has not accepted or renewed any amount falling within the purview of provisions of Section 73 of the Companies Act 2013 ("the Act") read with the Companies (Acceptance of Deposit) Rules, 2014 during the year under review. Hence, the requirement for furnishing details of deposits which are not in compliance with the Chapter V of the Act is not applicable.

#### INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has an Internal Control System, commensurate with the size, scale and complexity of its operations. The scope and authority of the Internal Audit function is also defined. To maintain its objectivity and independence, the Internal Audit function reports to the Chairman of the Audit Committee of the Board.

The Internal Audit department monitors and evaluates the efficiency and adequacy of Internal Control System in the Company, its compliance with operating systems, accounting procedures and policies of the Company and its subsidiaries. Based on the report of internal audit function, corrective action are undertaken in the respective areas to strengthen the controls and to enhance the effectiveness of the existing system. Significant audit observations and corrective actions thereon are presented to the Audit Committee of the Board.

#### Internal Financial Control

As per Section 134(5)(e) of the Companies Act, 2013, Internal Financial Control means the policies and procedures adopted by the Company for ensuring:

- accuracy and completeness of the accounting records
- safeguarding of its assets, prevention and detection of fraud and error
- orderly and efficient conduct of business operations including adherence to the company's policies
- timely preparation of reliable financial information

Based on the framework of internal financial controls and compliance systems established and maintained by the Company, work performed by the Internal, Statutory and Secretarial Auditors, including audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting, and the reviews performed by management and the Audit Committee, the Board is of the opinion that the Company's internal financial controls was adequate and operating effectively as on March 31, 2020. During the year under review, no material or serious observation has been observed for inefficiency or inadequacy of such controls.

#### REPORTING OF FRAUD BY AUDITORS

During the year under review there are no instance of any fraud reported by Statutory Auditor or Secretarial Auditor or Cost Auditor under Section 143(12) of the Companies Act, 2013, by the Company or any fraud on the Company by its officers or employee, the details of which is needed to disclosed in the Board's Report.

### PARTICULARS OF LOANS, GUARANTEES, INVESTMENTS AND SECURITIES

During the year under review, the Company has not given any loan or guarantee or provided security in connection with loan to any other body corporate or person as specified in Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013. For information pertaining to Investments, kindly refer notes to financial statements.

### PARTICULARS OF CONTRACTS OR ARRANGEMENT WITH RELATED PARTY

All Related party Transactions that were entered into during the financial year 2019-20 were in the ordinary course of business and on arm's length basis. The Company has not entered into any contract/arrangement/transaction with related parties which could be considered material in nature as per Regulation 23 of the SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR), 2015 and amendments thereto and as per Company's policy on Related Party Transactions. All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee and Board for approval. Prior omnibus approval of the Audit Committee is obtained for the transactions which are of a foreseen and repetitive in nature. Your Directors draw attention of the members to note no. 31 to the standalone financial statement which sets out related party disclosures.

The policy adopted by the Board on Material Related Party Transactions is available on the website of the Company at www. responsiveindustries.com/policies.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

The Company has formed Risk Management Committee and also laid down the procedures to inform the Board about the risk assessment and minimization procedures and the Board has formulated Risk Management Policy to ensure that the Board, its Audit Committee and its management should collectively identify the risks impacting the Company's business and document their process of risk identification, risk minimization, risk optimization as a part of a risk management policy strategy. At present there is no identifiable risk which, in the opinion of the Board may threaten the existence of the Company. The details of composition and terms of reference of the Risk Management Committee are provided in "Annexure B" Corporate Governance Report forming part of this Annual Report.

#### CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIBILITY

The Company has formulated Corporate Social Responsibility Committee under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, and has developed a CSR Policy which indicates the activities to be undertaken by the Company as specified in Schedule VII of the Companies Act, 2013. The CSR Policy is also available on the website of the Company at www.responsiveindustries.com/policies. Detail report on CSR activities undertaken during the financial year 2019-20 is provided in "Annexure E" forming part of this Annual Report.

### CONSERVATION OF ENERGY, TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION, FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS AND OUTGO

In accordance with the provisions of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, required information relating to the conservation of energy, technology absorption and foreign exchange earnings and outgo are provided in "Annexure F" forming part of this Annual Report.

#### **BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORT**

As per Regulation 34(2)(f) of SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR), 2015 the Annual Report of the top five hundred listed entities based on market capitalization (calculated as on March 31 of every financial year), shall contain Business Responsibility Report ("BRR") describing the initiatives taken by them from an environmental, social and governance perspective, in the format as specified by the SEBI from time to time.



Our Company falls in the list of top five hundred listed entities as per market capitalization calculated as on 31 March, 2019. Hence Business Responsibility Report for the financial year 2019-20 as "**Annexure G**" forming part of this Annual Report.

#### FAMILIARISATION PROGRAM FOR INDEPENDENT DIRECTOR

All the Independent Directors inducted on the Board were familiarised with the working of the Company. Further at the time of appointment of Independent Director, the Company issue formal appointment letter outlining his/her role, function, duties, responsibilities and right to access information. The terms of appointment of Independent Director are also available on the website of the Company at www.responsiveindustries.com/policies. The details of familiarization program are provided in "Annexure B" Corporate Governance Report forming part of this Annual Report and also posted on the website of the Company at www.responsiveindustries.com/news-announcements.

#### **MATERIAL CHANGES**

Pursuant to disclosures under Section 134(3)(L) of the Companies Act, 2013, no material changes and commitments which could affect the Company's financial position have occurred between the end of the financial year 2019-20 and date of this report.

### SIGNIFICANT AND MATERIAL ORDERS PASSED BY THE REGULATORS OR COURTS

There are no significant material orders passed by the Regulators/Courts/ tribunals which would impact the going concern status of the Company and its future operations.

#### **PLEDGE OF SHARES**

None of the equity shares of the Directors of the Company are pledged with any banks or financial institutions.

#### **DETAILS OF EMPLOYEE STOCK OPTION SCHEME**

The Company has approved RESPONSIVE INDUSTRIES LIMITED – Employees Stock Option Scheme 2018 (RESPONSIVE ESOS 2018) in the Annual General meeting held on 08 June, 2018. The Company has not granted any option under the Scheme during the financial year 2019-20.

#### **VIGIL MECHANISM / WHISTLE BLOWER POLICY**

In line with the best corporate governance practices, Company has put in place a system through which the Directors and employees may report concerns about unethical behavior, actual or suspected fraud or violation of the Company's Code of Conduct & Ethics without fear of reprisal. The employees and Directors may report to the Compliance Officer and have direct access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The Whistle Blower Policy is also available on the website of the Company at www.responsiveindustries.com/policies.

#### PARTICULARS OF EMPLOYEES

Pursuant to Section 197(12) of the Companies Act, 2013 and other disclosures as Per Rule 5 of Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 there were no employees of the Company drawing remuneration exceeding the specified limit during the year under consideration, hence the details prescribed under Section 197(12) of the Act read with Rule 5(2) and 5(3) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are not applicable. Details pertaining to remuneration as required under Section 197(12) of the

Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment & Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014 are provided in "Annexure H" forming part of this Annual Report.

#### **ENVIRONMENT AND SAFETY**

Environment, Health and Safety (EHS) is an important part of our business and are strictly followed, at all of the Company's processes. For attaining sustainable growth, the Company is following all the required EHS audits for maintaining efficient Work Ecosystem.

#### **HUMAN RESOURCES**

The industrial relations at the manufacturing facilities of your Company have been cordial during the year. Employees are considered to be team members being one of the most critical resources in the business which maximize the effectiveness of the organization. Human resources build the enterprise and the sense of belonging would inculcate the spirit of dedication and loyalty amongst them towards strengthening the Company's Polices and Systems. The Company maintains healthy, cordial and harmonious relations with all personnel and thereby enhancing the contributory value of the Human Resources.

## DISCLOSURE UNDER THE SEXUAL HARASSMENT OF WOMEN AT WORKPLACE (PREVENTION, PROHIBITION AND REDRESSAL) ACT, 2013.

The Company formulated Internal Complaints Committee (ICC) for providing redressal mechanism pertaining to Sexual harassment of women employees at workplace. The Company has not received any complaint pursuant to the Sexual Harassment of Women at Workplace (Prevention, Prohibition and Redressal) Act, 2013.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

Your Directors gratefully acknowledge the support given by the Customers, Dealers, Distributors, Suppliers, Bankers, various departments of the Central and State Governments, Local Authorities and members of the Company. Your Directors would further like to record their appreciation for the unstinted effort put by all Employees of the Company during the year.

#### For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Mehul Vala Mr. Mrunal Shetty
WholeTime Director & CEO DIN: 08361696 DIN:08362895

Place : Mumbai Date : July 17, 2020



#### ANNEXURE A

# MANAGEMENT DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS REPORT

#### A. INDUSTRY STRUCTURE AND DEVELOPMENTS

Responsive Industries Limited is a leading India-based manufacturer of polyvinyl chloride (PVC)-based products. The Company's main product verticals are Vinyl Flooring, Synthetic Leather, Luxury Vinyl Tile (LVT) and Shipping Ropes. The Company's products are marketed both in India and outside of it. The Company has been operating for greater than 30 years in the same industry. It has a state-of-the-art manufacturing facility in 65 acres park area located at Boisar, 120 km, north of Mumbai. The Company dominates in manufacturing across flooring and synthetic leather related PVC products. It has established itself as a leading player in India as well as in the world by completing more than 5,000 projects, exporting the products to over 70 countries across the globe and has a wide network of over 300 active distributors spread across India

The Company produces 24 different type of flooring catering to every section of the society, ranging from hospitals, health care, transportation, real estate – offices and residences, which not only giving safety but aesthetic look to the surrounding where it is used. The major segments includes Vinyl flooring, Synthetic leather, LVT, Shipping ropes.

The Company has introduced new type of IMPACT flooring which is hard layer interlocking flooring in vide range of looks substituting wooden flooring, marble, granite and tiles. It is very easy to use and fast to lay, environment friendly as well as good in cost and looks. It is so easy and fast to install, full large area can be covered in hours where it would take days to do so.

During the year under review, the Company's performance was satisfactory and the Company was able to meet the demand of PVC product satisfactorily. Despite the short-term challenges of COVID-19, the Company has extremely strong growth prospects and looks to emerge stronger from the crisis. The Company is trying to realize the dream of our honorable Prime Minister in being a Company on the lines of "Atmanirbhar Bharat".

#### **B. OPPORTUNITIES AND THREATS**

The Company is among the market leaders in PVC product segment. The consumption of PVC products like PVC leather cloth is increased with reasonable percentage in both commercial and household purposes and for other PVC products like PVC sheeting, flooring the consumption in commercial purposes has been increased. With this growing demand of PVC products in the domestic market as well as the overseas markets for commercial and household application, the Company is expecting several opportunities for profitable growth. The Company has all geared up to meet these challenges and continue to be among the leaders in this sector.

The threats that the Company faces are from geopolitical re-alignments, supply chain disruption and potential shut down due to COVID 19.

#### C. PERFORMANCE OF COMPANY

The Company is engaged only in single segment of products i.e. PVC products. The Company produces various types, grades and form of PVC flooring, PVC leather cloth, and PVC sheeting. Your Company has achieved Revenue from Operations of Rs. 4,340.55 million & recorded net profit after tax of Rs. 247.20 million for the year ended March 31, 2020.

#### D. OUTLOOK

With Company's increased capacity utilization, strong product development, market efforts, the Company is optimistic about its growth in the coming years.

#### E. RISK AND CONCERNS

Your Company has a clearly documented Risk Management Policy. The management team of the Company regularly identifies, reviews and assesses such risk and decides appropriate guidelines for mitigating the same.

#### F. INTERNAL CONTROL SYSTEMS AND THEIR ADEQUACY

The Company has instituted adequate internal control procedure commensurate with the nature of its business and the size of its operations for smooth conduct of the business. Internal audit is conducted on a regular basis and covers the key areas of operations. It is an independent objective and assurance function responsible for evaluating and improving the effectiveness of risk management control, governance processes etc.

#### G. FINANCIAL & OPERATIONAL PERFORMANCE

Your Company has achieved Revenue from Operations of Rs. 4,340.55 million for the year ended March 31, 2020 as compared to Rs. 6,288.32 million in the previous year. Further, your Company recorded net profit after tax of Rs. 247.20 million as compared to Rs. 284.18 million for the previous year.

In terms of geographical market, performance of the Company is as follows.

(Rs. in Million)

Sales	Year ended 31.03.2020	Year ended 31.03.2019
Local	2119.03	4020.70
Export	2221.52	2267.62
Total	4340.55	6288.32

Details of significant changes in Key Consolidated Ratios, if any (i.e. change of 25% or more as compared to the immediately previous financial year)

- Debt equity ratio stood at 0.25 as on March 31, 2020 as compared to 0.17 as on March 31, 2019. This is attributed to increase in total borrowings during the year.
- Net Profit Margin (%) appreciated to 5.48% in FY20 from 4.42% in FY19 due to significant progress achieved by the Company in its strategy of transiting to high value added margin products.
- Interest Coverage Ratio stood at 1.78x in FY20 as compared to 4.49x in FY19. The interest expenses increased to Rs. 208.70 million in FY20 as compared to Rs. 126.74 million in FY19.
- Return on Networth (RoNW) increased to 3.74% in FY20 as compared to 2.76% in FY19 due to significant improvement in net profit.

#### H. HUMAN RESOUCES AND INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS

Your Company's biggest asset is its employees. The Company provides suitable environment for development of leadership skills which enables it to recruit and retain quality professionals in all the fields. Your Company's industrial relation continued to be harmonious during the year under review.



#### I. TRANSPRENCY IN SHARING INFORMATION

Transparency refers to sharing information and acting in an open manner. Processes and information are directly accessible to those concerned with them, and enough information is provided to understand and monitor them. Your Company strives to provide maximum possible information in this report to keep the stakeholders updated about the business performance.

#### **CAUTIONARY STATEMENT:**

Statement in the management discussion and analysis describing the Company's objectives, projections, expectations may constitute a 'forward looking statements' within the meaning of applicable laws and regulations. Actual results could differ materially from those expressed and implied.

#### For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Mehul Vala Mr. Mrunal Shetty WholeTime Director & CEO DIN: 08361696 DIN:08362895

Place : Mumbai Date : July 17, 2020

#### **ANNEXURE B**

#### CORPORATE GOVERNANCE REPORT

#### I. Company's Philosophy on Code of Governance

Your Company believes that sound ethical practices, transparency in operations and timely disclosures go a long way in enhancing long-term shareholders value while safeguarding the interest of all the stakeholders. It is this conviction that has led the Company to make strong corporate governance values intrinsic in all operations. The Company is led by a distinguished Board. The Board provides a strong oversight and strategic counsel. The Company has established systems and procedures to ensure that the Board of the Company is well-informed and well-equipped to fulfill its oversight responsibilities and to provide management the strategic direction it needs to create long-term shareholders value.

The Company has adopted a Code of Conduct for its Board of Directors and Senior Management Personnel and its employees. In addition, the Company has adopted Code of Conduct for Independent Directors which suitably incorporates the duties of Independent Directors as laid down in the Companies Act, 2013. The Company also laid down under Insider Trading Regulations, Insider Trading Code and Code on fair disclosure of unpublished price sensitive information to safe guard interest of the shareholders.

The Company is in compliance with the requirements stipulated under Regulation 17 to 27 read with Schedule V and clauses (b) to (i) of sub-regulation (2) of Regulation 46 of SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR) as applicable, with regard to corporate governance.

#### II. Board of Directors

#### **Board diversity**

Company recognizes the benefits of a Board that possesses a balance of skills, experience, expertise and diversity for effective decision making. Diversity at the Board level is an important element in strong corporate governance. The Board diversity enhances decision-making capability and a diverse Board is more effective in dealing with organizational changes and less likely to suffer from group thinking. The Board diversity policy adopted by the Board is available on the website of the Company at www.responsiveindustries.com/policies.

#### Composition:

Regulation 17 of the SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR) has mandated that the Company having Non-Executive Chairman who is also a Promoter shall have half of the Board independent. Further SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR) (Amendments) 2018 has mandate the Board of top 500 listed companies to have at least one Woman Director on the Board. The Board of the Company is having appropriate mix of Executive, Non-Executive and Independent Director.

As on March 31, 2020, the Board comprises of total Six (6) members, One (1) Non-Executive Chairman, Two (2) Executive Directors and Three (3) Independent Non-Executive Directors out of which Two (2) are Woman Directors. Hence the composition of the Board is in conformity with SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR) and amendments thereof.



The details of Board members along with their tenure during the financial year 2019-20 are as follows:

Name of Director	Category	Date of Appointment/ Reappointment	Date of cessation
Mr. Rishabh Agarwal	Non - Executive Chairman & Promoter	02.05.2018	-
Mr. Mehul Vala	Whole Time Director and Chief Executive Officer	14.02.2019	-
Mr. Mrunal Shetty	Executive Director and Chief Financial Officer	14.02.2019	-
Mr. Shobha Singh Thakur	Independent Director (Re-appointed for 2 <sup>nd</sup> term)	09.11.2010 29.09.2017	13.06.2019
Ms. Jyoti Rai	Independent Director (Re-appointed for 2 <sup>nd</sup> term)	13.02.2015 08.06.2018	-
Mr. Rajiv Kumar Bakshi	Independent Director	17.10.2018	-
Ms. Bhumika Jain	Independent Director	24.05.2019	-

Details of the Directorships and Committee Chairmanship/membership held by the Directors in other public companies as on March 31, 2020 are as under:

Name of Director	No. of Directorships in other Public Limited	No. of Board Committees of other companies in which Member/Chairperson		Directorships Committees of other companies in which Public Member/Chairperson		Name of the other Listed Entity(ies) in which the Director hold
	Companies <sup>1</sup>	Member	Chairperson	Directorship		
Mr. Rishabh Agarwal	3	-	-	-		
Mr. Mehul Vala	1	-	-	-		
Mr. Mrunal Shetty	1	1	-	-		
Mr. Rajiv Kumar Bakshi	3	3	1	NR Agarwal Industries Limited Independent Director		
				WH Brady & Co. Limited Independent Director		
Ms. Jyoti Rai	1	-	-	-		
Ms. Bhumika Jain	1	1	-	-		

#### Notes:

- 1. Directorship(s) and membership(s)/ Chairmanship(s) in the Committees of the Board of Directors exclude Responsive Industries Limited, foreign Companies, Companies formed under Section 25 of the Companies Act, 1956 and Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013.
- 2. Chairmanship/ Membership of Committee only include the Audit Committee and Stakeholders' Relationship Committee in other Indian Public Companies (Listed and Unlisted & excludes Responsive Industries Limited).
- 3. None of the Directors hold Directorship in more the Seven(7) Listed Entities as per Regulation 17A of the Listing Regulations.

- 4. No Director holds membership(s) of more than Ten (10) Committees of any Board, nor, is a Chairperson of more than Five (5) Committees of any Board across all listed companies with which he/ she is associated as a Director.
- The particulars of Director seeking re-appointment at the forthcoming AGM are provided in the Notice to the Annual General meeting. The brief profile of the Directors is also placed on the website of the Company.
- 6. The tenure of the Independent Directors is in compliance with the Companies Act, 2013. All the Independent Directors have confirmed that they meet the criteria of independence as mentioned under SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR) and Section 149 of the Companies Act, 2013. In the opinion of the board, the independent directors fulfill the conditions specified in SEBI Listing Regulations and Independent Directors are independent of the management.
- 7. None of the Directors have any inter-se relation among themselves.

#### **Board Meetings**

During the year, 5 (Five) Board meetings were held on May 24, 2019, August 09, 2019, November 07, 2019, January 07, 2020, and February 14, 2020 and the particulars of attendance of the Directors are as under:

Name of Director	Attendance at AGM held on 27/09/2019	No. of Board meetings held during tenure	No of Board Meeting attended
Mr. Rishabh Agarwal	Yes	5	5
Mr. Mehul Vala	Yes	5	5
Mr. Mrunal Shetty	Yes	5	5
Mr. Rajiv Kumar Bakshi	Yes	5	5
Ms. Jyoti Rai	No	5	5
Ms. Bhumika Jain	Yes	5	5
*Mr. Shobha Singh Thakur		1	1

<sup>\*</sup> Mr. Shobha Singh Thakur resigned from the office w.e.f June 13, 2019. The terms and conditions of appointment of Independent Directors are disclosed on the website of the Company at www.responsiveindustries.com.

#### **Meeting of Independent Directors**

Schedule IV of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder mandate that the Independent Directors of the Company shall hold at least one meeting in a year, without the attendance of Non-Independent Directors and members of the Management. During the year under review, separate meeting of the Independent Directors was held on February 14, 2020 to review the performance of Non-Independent Directors, Chairman and the Board as whole. The Independent Directors also reviewed the quality, quantity and timeliness of the flow of information between the Management and the Board and it's Committees which is necessary to effectively and reasonably perform and discharge their duties.

#### **Board Skill/ Expertise/ Competence**

The Board has identified the following skill set with reference to its Business and Industry which are available with the Board:

Mr. Rishabh Agarwal	Business understanding	Industry knowledge/ experience & technical expertise, understanding global business and its dynamics, various geographical markets, industry trends and verticals, regulatory jurisdictions, Brand building, sales and marketing expertise.
Mr. Mehul Vala and Mr. Mrunal Shetty	Strategic Skill &Planning	Understanding Company's strategic objectives and choices, strategic thinking, experience in guiding and leading management in decision making in uncertain environment, analysis and reporting and leadership.



Mr. Rajiv Bakshi, Ms. Jyoti Rai, Ms. Bhumika Jain	Governance	Understanding the roles and responsibilities of the Board member within the governance framework and developing best corporate governance practices, serving to the best interest of all stakeholders and building long term relationship with them, driving corporate ethics and values, ability to display independence in word and actions.
Mr. Mehul Vala	Human Resource	Ability to oversee strategic human resource requirement and management, determining appropriate mix of executive & non-Executive directors on Board, levels of remuneration to Directors, KMPs, and succession plan.

#### III. Committees of the Board

The Board has formed various Committees as required under Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR). The Board reviews and amendment the policies/terms of reference of the Committee as and when needed. The Board has formed following Committees:

#### **Audit Committee**

The Audit Committee is constituted as per the provisions of Section 177 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 18 of SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR) read with Part C of Schedule II and amendments thereto. Members of the Audit Committee possess financial/accounting expertise. The Audit Committee invites executives, as it considers appropriate, representatives of Statutory Auditors and Internal Auditors to present at its meetings. The Company Secretary acts as the secretary to the Audit Committee.

#### **Composition Meetings & Attendance:**

During the year under review, the Committee met 4 (Four) times on May 24, 2019, August 09, 2019, November 07, 2019, and 14 February, 2020 and not more than one hundred and twenty days lapsed between two consecutive meetings of the Audit Committee.

### Names of the Committee Members along with their attendance during the financial year are given below:

Name of member	Designation	Date of Appointment/ Cessation	No. of Committee meetings held during tenure	No of Committee Meeting attended
Mr. Shobha Sigh Thakur	Chairman	Cessation: June 13, 2019	1	1
Mr. Rajiv Kumar Bakshi	Chairman	Appointment: August 09, 2019	4	4
Mr. Mrunal Shetty	Member	Appointment: May 24 ,2019	4	4
Ms. Jyoti Rai	Member	Appointment: February 13, 2015	4	4

#### Terms of reference:

#### **Powers of Audit Committee**

• To investigate any activity within its terms of reference.

- To seek information from any employee.
- To obtain outside legal or other professional advice.
- To secure attendance of outsiders with relevant expertise, if it considers necessary.

#### Role of Audit committee, inter alia, includes the following:

- Oversight of the Company's financial reporting process and the disclosure of its financial information to ensure that the financial statement is correct, sufficient and credible:
- Recommending the appointment, remuneration and terms of appointment of auditors of the Company;
- Approving payment for any other services rendered by the Statutory Auditors;
- Reviewing, with the management, the Annual Financial Statements and Auditor's report thereon before submission to the Board for approval, with particular reference to:
  - Matters required to be included in the Director's Responsibility Statement in the Board's report in terms of clause (c) of sub-section 3 of section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013;
  - Changes, if any, in accounting policies and practices and reasons for the same;
  - Major accounting entries involving estimates based on the exercise of judgment by management;
  - Significant adjustments made in the financial statements arising out of audit findings;
  - Compliance with listing and other legal requirements relating to financial statements;
  - Disclosure of any related party transactions;
  - Modified opinion(s) in the draft Audit report;
- Reviewing, with the management, the quarterly Financial Statements before submission to the Board for approval;
- Reviewing, with the management, the statement of uses / application of funds raised through an issue (public issue, rights issue, preferential issue, etc.), the statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document / prospectus / notice and the report submitted by the monitoring agency monitoring the utilisation of proceeds of a public or rights issue, and making appropriate recommendations to the Board to take up steps in this matter;
- Reviewing and monitoring the auditor's independence and performance, and effectiveness of audit process;
- Approval or any subsequent modification of transactions of the Company with related parties;
- Scrutiny of inter-corporate loans and investments;
- Valuation of undertakings or assets of the Company, wherever it is necessary;
- Evaluation of Internal Financial Controls and Risk Management Systems;
- Reviewing, with the management, performance of Statutory and Internal Auditors, adequacy of the Internal Control Systems;
- Reviewing the adequacy of internal audit function, if any, including the structure
  of the internal audit department, staffing and seniority of the official heading
  the department, reporting structure coverage and frequency of internal audit;
- Discussion with Internal Auditors of any significant findings and follow up there on:
- Reviewing the findings of any internal investigations by the Internal Auditors



- into matters where there is suspected fraud or irregularity or a failure of Internal Control Systems of a material nature and reporting the matter to the Board;
- Discussion with Statutory Auditors before the audit commences, about the nature and scope of audit as well as post-audit discussion to ascertain any area of concern;
- To look into the reasons for substantial defaults in the payment to the depositors, debenture holders, shareholders (in case of non-payment of declared dividends) and creditors;
- To review the functioning of the Whistle Blower mechanism;
- Approval of appointment of CFO (i.e., the Whole-Time Finance Director or any other person heading the finance function or discharging that function) after assessing the qualifications, experience and background, etc. of the candidate;
- Carrying out any other function as is mentioned in the terms of reference of the Audit Committee.
- Reviewing the utilization of loans and/ or advances from/investment by the holding company in the subsidiary exceeding rupees 100 crores or 10% of the asset size of the subsidiary, whichever is lower including existing loans/ advances/investments.

#### **Review of Information by Audit Committee:**

- Management Discussion and Analysis of financial condition and results of operations;
- Statement of significant related party transactions (as defined by the Audit Committee), submitted by management;
- Management letters/letters of internal control weaknesses issued by the Statutory Auditors;
- · Internal audit reports relating to internal control weaknesses; and
- The appointment, removal and terms of remuneration of the Chief Internal Auditor shall be subject to review by the Audit Committee.
- Review the statement of deviations:
- (a) quarterly statement of deviation(s) including report of monitoring agency, if applicable, submitted to stock exchange(s) in terms of Regulation 32(1) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.
- (b) annual statement of funds utilized for purposes other than those stated in the offer document/ prospectus/notice in terms of Regulation 32(7) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

#### **Nomination & Remuneration Committee**

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee of the Company is constituted under Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 19 of SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR). The Committee has formulated the policy setting out the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes, independence of a Director and policy relating to remuneration for Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and other employees. The Committee has developed the criteria for appointment of Independent Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Executive Directors in compliance with the Companies Act, 2013 and SEBI (LODR) Regulations, 2015 read with Part D of Schedule II and amendments thereto.

#### Composition, Meetings & Attendance:

During the year under review, the Committee met 3 (Three) times on May 24, 2019, November 07, 2019 and February 14, 2020.

### Names of the Committee Members along with their attendance during the financial year 2019-20 are given below:

Name of member	Designation	Date of Appointment/ Cessation	No. of Committee meetings held during tenure	No of Committee Meeting attended
Mr. Shobha Sigh Thakur	Chairman	Cessation: June 13, 2019	1	1
Mr. Rajiv Kumar Bakshi	Chairman	Appointment: August 09, 2019	3	3
Mr. Rishabh Agarwal	Member	Appointment: August 09 ,2019	2	2
Ms. Jyoti Rai	Member	Appointment: February 13, 2015	3	3

#### **Terms of Reference:**

- To identify persons who are qualified to become Directors and who
  may be appointed in Senior Management Level in accordance with the
  criteria laid down and to recommend to the Board their appointment
  and/or removal.
- To carry out evaluation of every Director's performance.
- To formulate the criteria for determining qualifications, positive attributes and independence of a Director and to recommend to the Board a policy, relating to the remuneration for the Directors, key managerial personnel and other employees.
- To formulate the criteria for evaluation of performance of Independent Directors and the Board.
- To devise a policy on Board diversity.
- To deal with the matters relating to the remuneration payable to Whole Time Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Executives and commission, if any, to be paid to Non-Executive Directors, apart from sitting fees.
- To review the overall compensation policy, service agreement and other employment conditions of Whole Time Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management Executives.
- To evaluate whether to extend or continue the term of appointment of the Independent Director, on the basis of the report of performance evaluation of Independent Directors;
- To deal with other matters as the Board may refer to the Nomination and Remuneration Committee ("the Committee") from time to time.
- To recommend to the Board, all remuneration, in whatever form, payable to Senior Management.

#### Nomination & Remuneration Policy:

The Company recognizes the competitive nature of the current labour market conditions and this requires the Company to provide competitive remuneration offering to Directors and employees to ensure that a high caliber of staff is attracted to the Company and retained once they have gained experience. The Company further acknowledges that it can only excel in service delivery through the exceptional performance of its people and that the remuneration offering to the Directors and employees plays a substantial motivational role when exceptional performance is compensated with exceptional rewards.

The Remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Executives and Employees of the Company are decided based on predetermined criteria and as per the recommendation of the Committee. The Company will pay remuneration to Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Executives



and Employees by way of fixed component i.e. salary, retirement benefits perquisites, allowances and by way of variable component i.e. incentives and commission based on the recommendation of the Committee and approval of the Board of Directors and shareholders, if applicable and shall be governed by the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, rules framed thereunder and the notifications issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs from time to time.

The Nomination and Remuneration policy is also available on the web site of the Company at www.responsiveindustries.com/policies.

#### **Guaranteed Portion of Remuneration:**

Executive Directors and employees are receiving guaranteed portion of their total package on a monthly basis. The total package includes in it guaranteed benefits such as employer's contribution to retirement funds i.e. provident fund and/or pension & gratuity and/or medical aid funds and/or group life insurance fund contribution etc. as applicable.

#### Variable Portion of Remuneration:

Incentive bonus to reward employees for exceptional performance above the accepted standard and is variable. These rewards are based on individual, departmental or Company' performance relative to predefined targets. Performance is measured over a 12 months period. Vehicle allowance and telephone expenses are flexible remuneration options available to the employees.

#### **Remuneration of Executive Directors:**

For deciding remuneration of the Executive Directors, the Committee considers the performance of the Company, the current trends in the industry, their experience, past performance and other relevant factors. The Committee regularly keep track of the market funds in terms of compensation levels and practices in relevant industries.

The Company may pay remuneration by way of salary, remuneration and/or commission (variable components) to its Executive Directors. Annual increments may be decided by the Committee within salary scale approved by the members.

#### Remuneration of Non-Executive Directors:

The Non-Executive Directors are paid remuneration by way of sitting fees. The Company pays a sitting fee per meeting of the Board and the Committee (as may be decided from time to time) to the Non-Executive Directors for attending the meetings within the limit prescribed under the Act.

The remuneration by way of Annual Commission to the Non-Executive Directors shall be decided by the Board of Directors and subject to approval of members as applicable and will be paid to them based on their participation and contribution at the Board/Committee meetings and the time spent on matters other than at meetings.

An Independent Director may receive remuneration by way fees provided under sub-section (5) of Section 197 of the Act, reimbursement of expenses for participation in the Board and other meetings and profit related commission as may be approved by the members of the Company. The terms & conditions of appointment of Independent Directors are also available on the website of the Company at https://www.responsiveindustries.com/policies/

# Criteria for appointment and performance evaluation – related remuneration for Directors/Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Executives of the Company.

• At the time of selection of a Director the Company must examine the integrity of the person and possession of relevant expertise, qualifications and experience.

- In case of appointment of Independent Director, the Company must observe the pecuniary relationship with the promoters and group companies.
- The level and composition of remuneration should be reasonable and sufficient to attract, retain and motivate Directors/executives to run the Company successfully.
- Relationship of remuneration to performance is clear and meets appropriate performance benchmarks.
- Financial and operating performance vis-à-vis the Annual and Operating Budget of the Company.
- Remuneration of Directors, Key Managerial Personnel and Senior Management involves a balance between fixed and incentive pay reflecting short and long term performance objectives appropriate to the working of the Company and its goals.
- External Competitiveness: The quantum and nature of the total offering to
  Directors and employees determines how competitive the Company is in
  recruiting and retaining them. The appropriate mix of guaranteed benefits and
  incentives further enhances the Company's ability to motivate them in a manner
  that will improve the Company's competitiveness.
- The size and complexity of a position is determined through a valid job evaluation system and individual performance is measured through the established and approved Performance Management System.
- Remuneration recognizes and rewards both high levels of competence and superior performance through the use of incentive bonuses linked to performance.
- The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall consider whether the Directors are eligible for annual bonuses. If so, performance conditions should be relevant, stretching and designed to promote the long term success of the Company. Upper limits should be set and disclosed.
- The said Committee shall consider whether the Directors are eligible for benefits under long-term incentive schemes. Any new long-term incentive schemes which are proposed should be approved by shareholders.
- Remuneration incentives should be compatible with risk policies and systems, if any.
- The above committee shall consider the consequences and associates costs to the Company if basic salary increases and any other changes, whenever required.

### Details of Remuneration, Sitting fees, Commission and professional fee paid to Directors during the financial year 2019-20 are given below:

Sr. No.	Name of Director	Sitting Fees (Rs. in Million)	Annual Remuneration / Commission* (Rs. in Million)	Professional fees (Rs.in million)
	<b>Executive Directors</b>			
1	Mr. Mehul Vala	-	2.180	-
	Non-Executive Directors			
2	*Mr. Shobha Singh Thakur	0.045	0.172	-
3	Mr. Rajiv Bakshi	0.195	0.145	-
4	Ms. Jyoti Rai	0.195	0.025	-
5	Ms. Bhumika Jain	0.060	-	0.29

<sup>\*</sup> Sitting fees paid to Mr. Shobha Singh Thakur is for the period from April 01, 2019 till June 13, 2019 and commission paid is for the period from November 09, 2018 till June 13, 2020.



#### Shareholding of Directors of the Company during the financial year 2019-20 are given below:

Sr. No	Name	Designation	No of Shares	% of Shares
1	Mr. Rishabh Agarwal	Non-Executive Chairman	37830	0.01%

Other than above, no other Directors by himself/herself or for any other person on a beneficial basis hold any shares in the Company. The Company has not issued any convertible instruments. There were no pecuniary relationships or transactions of Non-Executive Directors vis-à-vis the Company. The Company is having Employee Stock Option Scheme. However no shares are issued under ESOP Scheme during the year.

#### **Performance Evaluation Criteria for Independent Directors:**

The performance evaluation criteria for Independent Directors are determined by the Nomination and Remuneration Committee. The Committee has formulated criteria and questionnaires to evaluate the performance of Board, its Committees and Individual Directors including the Independent Directors. The performance evaluation criteria are determined by the Committee taking into consideration the composition of the Board, role of the Directors and Committees etc. An indicative list of factors that may be evaluated include level of engagement and contribution by a director, independence of judgment, commitment, effective deployment of knowledge and expertise, effective management of relationship with stakeholders, integrity and maintenance of confidentiality.

Based on the feedback received on the questionnaires, the performance of every Director was evaluated. Independent Directors at their separate meeting carried out evaluation on the performance of Non Independent Directors and Board as a whole. Chairman's evaluation was carried out by entire Board of Directors including the Independent Directors.

#### Stakeholders' Relationship Committee

The Stakeholders' Relationship Committee is constituted pursuant to Section 178 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Regulation 20 of SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR).

#### Composition, Meetings & Attendance:

During the year under review, the Committee met 1 (One) time on November 07, 2019.

### Name of the Committee Members along with their attendance during the financial year 2019-20 are given below:

Name of member	Designation	Date of Appointment/ Cessation	No. of Committee meetings held during tenure	No of Committee Meeting attended
Mr. Shobha Sigh Thakur	Chairman	Cessation: June 13, 2019	0	0
Mr. Rishabh Agarwal	Chairman	Appointment: August 09, 2019	1	1
Ms. Jyoti Rai	Member	Appointment: October 17, 2018	1	1
Mr. Mehul Vala	Member	Appointment: May 24, 2019.	1	1

Ms. Ruchi Jaiswal, Company Secretary of the Company has been designated as Compliance Officer (E-mail ID: investor@responsiveindustries.com) for complying with the requirements of SEBI Regulations and the Listing Agreements with the Stock Exchanges.

The "SCORES" website of SEBI for redressing of Grievances of the Investors is being visited at regular intervals by the Company Secretary and there are no pending complaints registered with SCORES for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2020.

#### Terms of Reference:

- The Committee looks into the various aspect of interest of investors such as transfer of shares, non-receipt of declared dividend/notices/ annual reports, etc.
- Resolving the grievances of the security holders of the listed entity including complaints related to transfer/transmission of shares, non-receipt of annual report, non-receipt of declared dividend, issue of new/duplicate certificates, general meeting etc.
- Review of measures taken for effective exercise of voting rights by shareholders.
- Review of adherence to the service standards adopted by the listed entity in respect of various services being rendered by the Registrar & share Transfer Agent.
- Review of the various measures and initiative taken by the listed entity for reducing the quantum of unclaimed dividend and ensuring timely receipt of dividend warrant/annual report/statutory notices by the shareholders of the Company.

#### **Details of Investor Complaints:**

Number of Complaints from 01.04.2019 to 31.03.2020					
Pending as on 01.04.2019 Received Redressed Pending as on 31.03.2020					
Nil	0	0	Nil		

#### Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) Committee

The Company has constituted a CSR Committee as required under Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013. The Company has developed a CSR Policy which is available on the website of the Company at www.responsiveindustries.com/policies.

#### Composition, Meetings & Attendance:

During the year under review, the Committee met 1 (One) time on May 24, 2019.



### Name of the Committee Members along with their attendance during the financial year 2019-20 are given below:

Name of member	Designation	Date of Appointment/ Cessation	No. of Committee meetings held during tenure	No of Committee Meeting attended
Mr. Rishabh Agarwal	Chairman	Appointment: May 24 ,2019	1	1
Ms. Jyoti Rai	Member	Appointment: May 26, 2015	1	1
Mr. Rajiv Kumar Bakshi	Member	Appointment: October 17, 2018	1	1

#### **Terms of Reference**

- Formulate and recommend to the Board, a CSR Policy.
- Recommend the amount of expenditure to be incurred on CSR activities.
- Institute a transparent monitoring mechanism for implementation of CSR projects or programs or activities undertaken by the Company.
- Monitor CSR policy from time to time.

#### **Risk Management Committee**

The Company constituted Risk Management Committee comprising of Board members to identify various risks that the Company is exposing to and frame, implement and monitor the risk management plan for the Company.

The objective of the Risk Management policy is to ensure that the Board, its Audit Committee and its executive management should collectively identify the risks impacting the Company's business and document their process of risk identification, risk minimization, risk optimization as a part of a risk management policy or strategy.

#### Composition, Meetings & Attendance:

During the year under review, the Committee met 1 (One) time on August 09, 2019.

### Name of the Committee Members along with their attendance during the financial year 2019-20 are given below:

Name of member	Designation	Date of Appointment/ Cessation	No. of Committee meetings held during tenure	No of Committee Meeting attended
Mr. Rishabh Agarwal	Chairman	Appointment: May 24 ,2019	1	1
Mr. Mrunal Shetty	Member	Appointment: May 24, 2019	1	1
Mr. Mehul Vala	Member	Appointment: May 24, 2019.	1	1

#### Terms of Reference:

• To lay down procedures for identifying managing and mitigating the risks associated with the Company through integrated risk management system and mechanism.

- To ensure that the risks identified and assessed, are mitigated effectively
- To periodically review business, operational and financial risks, as well as the adequacy of insurance and other risk mitigation measures adopted by the Company.
- To submit the management reports to the Audit Committee and the Board for review periodically.

#### **Buy Back Committee**

The Buyback Committee was formed on 17 October, 2018.

#### Composition, Meetings & Attendance:

No Committee meeting held during the year under review.

Name of the Committee Members along with their attendance during the financial year 2019-20 are given below:

Name of member	Designation	Date of Appointment/ Cessation	No. of Committee meetings held during tenure	No of Committee Meeting attended
Mr. Rajiv Kumar Agarwal	Chairman	Appointment: October 17, 2018	0	0
Mr. Shobha Singh Thakur	Member	Cessation June 13, 2019	0	0
Mr. Rishabh Agarwal	Member	Appointment: October 17, 2018	0	0

#### **Terms of Reference:**

- Initiating all necessary actions for preparation, finalization and dispatch of the Postal Ballot Notice along with explanatory statement to seek shareholder approval for the Buyback ("Postal Ballot Notice");
- Initiating of all necessary actions for preparation and issue of public announcement, draft letter of offer, letter of offer and related documents;
- Preparation, finalization and filing of public announcement, draft letter of offer, letter of offer, related documents and also the certificates for declaration of solvency and other filings with the SEBI, ROC, the stock exchanges and other appropriate authority(ies), if any;
- Finalizing the terms of Buyback such as the entitlement ratio, fixing the Record Date, the schedule of activities for Buyback including finalizing the date of opening and closing of Buyback, the timeframe for completion of the Buyback;
- Appointment of broker, e-voting agency, scrutinizer, depository participant, printers, advertisement agency, and other advisors, consultants or representatives and settlement of the remuneration for all such intermediaries/ agencies/ persons, including by the payment of commission, brokerage, fee, charges etc. and enter into agreements/ letters in respect thereof;
- Earmarking and making arrangements for adequate sources of funds for the purpose of the Buyback;
- Opening, operation and closure of cash escrow account and special account in accordance with the escrow agreement to be executed by the Company in this regard;
- Opening, operation and closure of demat escrow account in accordance with the escrow agreement to be executed by the Company with the depository participant;
- Settling all such questions, difficulties or doubts that may arise in relation to the implementation of the Buyback;
- Making all applications to the appropriate authority(ies) for their requisite approvals including for approvals as may be required from the RBI under the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations framed there under, if any;



- Sign the documents as may be necessary with regard to the Buyback and use the common seal of the Company on relevant documents required to be executed for the Buyback and to initiate all necessary actions for preparation and issue of various documents and such other undertakings, agreements, papers, documents and correspondence as may be necessary for the implementation of the Buyback to the SEBI, RBI, ROC, stock exchanges, depositories and/or other appropriate authorities;
- Deal with stock exchanges (including their clearing corporations), and to sign, execute, and deliver such documents as may be necessary or desirable in connection with implementing the Buyback using the "Mechanism for acquisition of shares through Stock Exchange" as per Regulation 9(vii) of Buyback Regulations, including any further amendments thereof;
- Extinguishment of share certificates and certificates of extinguishment required to be filed in connection with the Buyback on behalf of the Board;
- To do all such acts, deeds, matters and things as it may in its absolute discretion, deem necessary, expedient, usual or proper; and/or
- Signing, executing and delivery of such documents as may be necessary or desirable in connection with or incidental to the Buyback.

#### IV. General Body Meetings

#### (I) Annual General Meetings (AGM):

Location, date and time of the Annual General Meeting held during the last 3 years.

Financial Year	Date	Time	Location	Special Resolutions Passed
2018-19	September 27, 2019	10.00 a.m	Hotel Express Inn, Ostwal Empire, Next to Big Bazar, Boisar (West), Thane-401501	To appoint Mr. Mehul Vala (DIN: DIN: 08361696) as Whole Time Director of the Company
2017-18	08 June, 2018	10.00 a.m	Hotel Silver Avenue, Ostwal Empire, Next to Big Bazar, Boisar (West), Thane-401501	To re-appoint Mr. Jagannadham Thunuguntla as Independent Director for second term of 5 (Five) years.
				To re-appoint Ms. Jyoti Rai as Independent Director for second term of 5 (Five) years.
				To approval Responsive ESOP 2018 Scheme.
2016-17	29 September, 2017	10.00 a.m	Hotel Silver Avenue, Ostwal Empire, Next to Big Bazar, Boisar (West), Thane-401501	To re-appoint Mr. Shobha Singh Thakur as Independent Director for second term of 5 (Five) years.

### (ii) Extra-Ordinary General Meetings held during last three years

No Extra-Ordinary General Meeting of the Shareholders was held during last 3 (Three) financial years.

(iii) No postal ballot was conducted during the FY 2020.

#### V. Disclosures

#### (i) Related Party Transactions

The Company had not entered into any contract/ arrangement/ transaction with related parties which could be considered material in nature. All Related Party Transactions are placed before the Audit Committee and the Board for approval. Prior omnibus approval of the Audit Committee is obtained for the transactions which are of a foreseen and repetitive nature. Your Directors draw attention of the members to note no. 31 to the standalone financial statement which sets out related party disclosures and they are not in conflict with the interest of the Company at large. The Company has adopted a policy for Related Party Transactions which is available on the Company's website at www. responsiveindustries.com/policies.

(ii) The Company has complied with the requisite regulations relating to capital markets. No Penalties/ strictures have been imposed on the Company by the Stock Exchange or SEBI or any other statutory authority on any matter related to capital market during the last three years.

#### (iii) Whistle Blower Policy

The Company has adopted Whistle Blower Policy and has established the necessary vigil mechanism for Directors and employees to report concerns about unethical behavior. No person has been denied access to the Chairman of the Audit Committee. The said policy has been also put on the website of the Company i.e.www.responsiveindustries.com/policies.

### (iv) Details of Compliance with mandatory requirements and adoption of non- mandatory requirements

The Company has complied with the applicable mandatory requirements of the SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR). The Company has also adopted following non-mandatory requirements of SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR).

#### **Adoption of Non-Mandatory Requirements**

- As the quarterly and half yearly financial performance are published in the newspapers and are also posted on the Company's website, the same are not being sent to the shareholders.
- ii. The Company's financial statement for the financial year 2019- 20 does not contain any audit qualification.
- iii. The Internal Auditor of the Company is a permanent invitee to the Audit Committee Meeting and directly inter-acts to the Audit Committee.
- iv. Separate position for the office of Chairperson and Chief Executive Officer of the Company

#### (v) Disclosure of Accounting Treatment

The Company has followed the treatment laid down in the Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) prescribed by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India, in the preparation of financial statements. No deviation is made in following the same.

#### (vi) Code of Conduct

The Code of Conduct has been put on the Company's website. The members of the Board and Senior Management personnel have affirmed the compliance with the Code applicable to them during the year ended March 31, 2020. The Report contains declaration to this effect signed by Mr. Mehul Vala.



#### (vii) Subsidiary Companies

The Company has one (1) material non listed Indian subsidiary Axiom Cordages Limited, two (2) wholly owned foreign subsidiary Responsive Industries Limited, Hong Kong and Responsive Industries Private Limited, Singapore and four (4) foreign-step down subsidiaries Axiom Cordages Limited, Hong Kong, Responsive Industries Limited, UAE, Axiom Cordages Limited, UAE & Responsive Industries LLC,USA. The policy for determining Material Subsidiaries of the Company is available on the website of the Companyi.e.www.responsiveindustries.com/policies.The Company does not have any associate company & joint venture. The requirement of appointing Independent Director of the Company on the BoardofDirectorsofthesubsidiarycompanyhasbeendulycompliedwith.All requirements with regard to subsidiary company have been complied with.

#### (viii) Material Subsidiary policy

The Company has framed policy for determining "Material subsidiaries" to ensure that Board of Directors has overall supervision of functioning of subsidiaries of the Company and to provide the governance framework for such subsidiaries, pursuant to SEBI Listing Regulations and amendments thereto. The policy is available on the website of the Company at www.reponsiveindustries.com/policies.

#### (ix) Certificate under Regulation 17(8)

The Certificate pursuant to the Regulation 17(8) of the SEBI Listing Regulations (LODR), certifying that the Financial Statements do not contain any materially untrue statement and these statements represent a true and fair view of the Company's affairs is annexed to this report.

#### (x) Familiarisation Programme

The Board members are provided with necessary documents/brochures, reports and internal policies to enable them to familiarize with the Company's procedures and practices. The details are available on the website of the Company at www.responsiveindustries.com/news-announcements.

(xi) The Company has adopted policy on Preservation of Documents and Archival Policy as well as policy for Determination of Materiality of Events or Information. The policy is available on the website site of the Company at www.responsiveindusties.com/policies.

#### (xii) Dividend Distribution Policy

The Company has adopted Dividend Distribution Policy and annexed to this corporate governance report. The Policy is available at www.responsiveindusties.com/policies.

#### (xiii) Credit Rating

During the year under review the Company has obtain revised credit rating on working capital loan from CRISIL on February 18, 2020.

Sr. No	Total Bank Loan Facilities	Rating
1	Fund Based working capital	IVR A-/ Stable Outlook/ IVR A2+
2	Non Fund based working capital	IVR A2+

#### VI. Means of Communication

The Board of Directors of the Company approves and takes on record the quarterly, half yearly and annual results along with Limited Review

Report/ Auditors' Report & announces forthwith results to National Stock Exchange of (India) Limited (NSE) and BSE Limited (BSE), where the shares of the Company are listed. The aforesaid results are also published normally in Free Press Journal and Navshakti and are also displayed on the Company's website at www.responsiveindustries.com/results.

The Company issues official investor presentation/ media release, significant corporate decisions/activities and filed the same to the Stock Exchanges and post them on the website of the Company at www.reponsiveindustries.com under investor presentation and Notices and Announcements.

Annual Report containing, inter alia, Audited Annual Accounts, Consolidated Financial Statements, Directors' Report, Auditors' Report and other important information is circulated to Members and others entitled thereto. The Management Discussion and Analysis Report, Business Responsibility Report forms part of the Annual Report and is displayed on the Company's website.

A separate section "Investor Relations" on the website of the Company gives information on the aforesaid results, shareholding pattern and other relevant information of interest to the investors / public. The Company has also designated the email- id: investor@responsiveindustries.com exclusively for investor servicing.

#### VII. General Shareholder Information

#### 1. Annual General Meeting

Date: December 24, 2020

Time : 11.00 a.m

Venue : The Company is conducting meeting through VC / OAVM

pursuant to the MCA Circular dated May 5, 2020 and as such there is no requirement to have a venue for the AGM.

For details please refer to the Notice of this AGM.

#### 2. Financial Calendar

Financial Year of the Company April 01, 2019 to March 31, 2020

#### Results for the Quarter ending (Tentative):

June 30, 2020 on or before 15th September, 2020 September 30, 2020 on or before 14th November, 2020 December 31, 2020 on or before 14th February, 2020 March 31, 2021 on or before 15th May, 2021 or 30th

May, 2021

3. Date of Book Closure: December 18, 2020 to December 24, 2020 (Both days inclusive)

#### 4. Dividend Payment Date:

Dividend, if declared, shall be paid/credited after December 24, 2020.

### 5. Listing of Equity Shares on the Stock Exchange BSE Limited

P.J.Towers, Dalal Street, Fort, Mumbai - 400 001

#### **National Stock Exchange of India Limited**

Exchange Plaza, Bandra- Kurla Complex, Bandra (East), Mumbai - 400 051 Listing Fees as applicable have been paid.



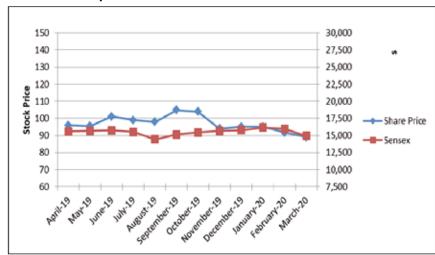
#### 6. Stock code/Symbol

(a) Stock Exchange	Stock Code
BSE Ltd.	505509
National Stock Exchange of India Ltd.	RESPONIND
(b) Demat ISIN Number in NSDL & CDSL for Equity Shares	INE688D01026

#### 7. Stock Market Data:

Month	BSE Limited		National Stoc (NSE)	k Exchange
	High (Rs.)	Low (Rs.)	High (Rs.)	Low (Rs.)
April-2019	96	82	94.7	81.55
May-2019	95.5	81.75	99.4	78.95
June-2019	101.05	83.1	101.6	82
July-2019	99	85	97	84.15
Aug -2019	97.95	89	98.25	88.05
Sep-2019	104.85	89.95	104.7	91.1
Oct-2019	104	85	106.55	84.8
Nov -2019	94.05	87.65	95	85.15
Dec-2019	95	86	95.75	86
Jan-2020	95	88.25	95.3	88.4
Feb -2020	91.8	82	94.15	81.4
Mar -2020	89	77.85	92	71.6

### 8. Performance of Responsive Industries Limited share price in comparison to BSE Sensex:



#### 9. Registrar and Transfer Agents:

Shareholders correspondence should be addressed to the Registrar and Transfer Agents of the Company at the following Address:

Link Intime India Private Ltd.,

C 101, 247 Park,

LBS Marg, Vikhroli (West),

Mumbai- 400 083 Tel No: (022) 49186270

Fax No: (022) 49186060

E-mail: rnt.helpdesk@linktime.co.in Website: www.linkintime.co.in

#### 10. Share Transfer System:

100% equity shares of the Company are in dematerialized form. Transfers of these shares are done through the depositories with no involvement of the Company. A Certificate is obtained every six months from a Practicing Company Secretary with regard to, inter alia, effecting transfer, sub- division, consolidation, renewal, exchange of equity shares within fifteen days of their lodgment. The certificate is also filed with BSE Limited & National Stock Exchange of India Limited where the equity shares of the Company are listed.

#### 11. Distribution of Shareholding as on March 31, 2020

Range	No. of shareholders	% of total shareholders	No. of Shares held	% of shareholding
1 to 500	2683	94.4718	123554	0.0463
501 to 1000	55	1.9366	47965	0.0180
1001 to 2000	37	1.3028	58960	0.0221
2001 to 3000	12	0.4225	30011	0.0112
3001 to 4000	3	0.1056	10550	0.0040
4001 to 5000	4	0.1408	18483	0.0069
5001 to 10000	10	0.3521	69854	0.0262
10001 and above	36	1.2676	266553323	99.8654
Total	2840	100	266912700	100

#### 12. Shareholding Pattern as on March 31, 2020

Category	No. of shares held	% of Shareholding
Promoter Holding		
Total promoter & promoter group holdings	133814527	50.13
Non Promoter Holding		
Institutions		
Foreign Portfolio Investor	11251938	4.23
Financial Institutions / Banks	10505642	4.00
Mutual Funds	4035	0.00
Central/State Government		
Central Government	200	0.00
Non-Institutions		
Foreign Bodies Corporates	80960228	30.33
Other Bodies Corporate	28643762	10.
Public	1302644	0.49
Non Resident Indians	372998	0.14
Clearing Member	802	0.00
HUF	55924	0.02
Grand Total	266912700	100.00

#### 13. Dematerialization of shares and liquidity

As of March 31, 2020, 266912700 equity shares representing 100% of the paid up equity capital of the Company have been dematerialized with the following depositories:

Description	ISIN No.	Depositories
Fully Paid	INE688D01026	National Securities Depository Ltd.(NSDL) Trade World , A Wing , $4^{\text{th}}$ Floor , Kamala Mills Compound , Lower Parel, Mumbai - 400 013
		Central Depository Services (India) Ltd.(CDSL) Marathon Futurex, 25th Floor, NM Joshi Marg, Lower Parel(East), Mumbai- 400 013

The equity shares of the Company are regularly traded on NSE and BSE.



# 14. Outstanding GDRs/ADRs/Warrants or any convertible Instruments

As of date the Company has not issued these types of securities

# 15. Reconciliation of Share Capital Audit Report

A qualified Practicing Company Secretary carries out Secretarial Audit to reconcile the total admitted capital with National Securities Depository Limited (NSDL) and Central Depository Services (India) Limited (CDSL) and the total issued and listed equity share capital. The audit confirms that the issued/paid up capital is in agreement with the total umber of dematerialized shares held with NSDL and CDSL.

# 16. Registered Office & Plant Location

Village Betegaon, Mahagaon Road, Boisar (E), Dist. Thane – 401501.

# 17. Address for correspondence

Shareholders should address correspondence to the Company's Registrars and Transfer Agents at the address mentioned below. Shareholders could also contact the Registered Office of the Company at the address mentioned below.

# Registrar & Transfer Agents:

Link Intime India Private Ltd.,

C 101, 247 Park, LBS Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai- 400 083

Tel No.: (022) 4918 6270 Fax No.: (022) 4918 6060 Email: rnt.helpdesk@linktime.co.in Website: www.linkintime.co.in

# Registered Office:

Responsive Industries Limited

Village Betegaon, Mahagaon Road, Boisar (E), Tal. Palghar,

Dist. Thane, Boisar-- 401501 Tel No:- (022) 6656 2821 Fax No:- (022) 6656 2798

Email:-investor@responsiveindustries.com Website: www.responsiveindustries.com

### 18. Unclaimed Dividends

Pursuant to Sections 124 and 125 of the Act read with the Investor Education and Protection Fund Authority (Accounting, Audit, Transfer and Refund) Rules, 2016 ("IEPF Rules"), dividend, if not claimed for a period of 7 years from the date of transfer to Unpaid Dividend Account of the Company, are liable to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund ("IEPF").

Further, all the shares in respect of which dividend has remained unclaimed for seven consecutive years or more from the date of transfer to unpaid dividend account shall also be transferred to IEPF Authority. The said requirement does not apply to shares in respect of which there is a specific order of Court, Tribunal or Statutory Authority, restraining any transfer of the shares.

During the year under review, the Company has not transferred any unclaimed dividends and shares to Investor Education Protection Fund authority. Details of unpaid dividend is available on the website of the company at https://www.responsiveindustries.com/unpaid-dividend

# 19. Certificate from practicing Company Secretary's under Regulation 34(3) of SEBI Listing Regulations

M/s. P.P. Shah & Co., Practicing Company Secretaries, Mumbai have verified the compliance of the Corporate Governance norms by the Company. Certificate issued by them in this regard is annexed hereto. The Company has also availed a certificate from them that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of the Company by SEBI/ Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any other Statutory Authority. The said Certificate is also annexed to this Report.

# 20. Where the Board had not accepted recommendation(s) of any Committee

During the year under review, all the recommendations made by all the Committees, which are mandatorily required, have been duly accepted by the Board of Directors.

# 21. Details of total fees paid to Statutory Auditors

Details of total fees paid to the Statutory Auditor relating to all services availed by the Company and its subsidiaries, on consolidated basis, are given in Note 27 to the Standalone Financial Statements and Note 29 to the Consolidated Financial Statements.

### 22. Foreign Exchange Risk

The Company is having adequate risk assessment and minimization system in place. The Company has foreign exchange risk as it deals in foreign currencies by importing and exporting of goods. The Company doesn't enter into 100% forward contract to hedge the exchange fluctuations. However, to mitigate these risks the company has a natural hedge against its imports and exports. Also on few occasions the Company enters into forward contracts as well.

Mr. Mrunal Shetty

Director & CFO

### For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

**Mr. Mehul Vala**WholeTime Director & CEO
DIN:08361696

61696 DIN:08362895

Place: Mumbai Date: July 17, 2020



# DECLARATION ON CODE OF CONDUCT

# Pursuant to Part D of Schedule V of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

This is to confirm that the Company has a Code of Conduct for its Board members and Senior Management Personnel, Which is available on the Company's Website.

I hereby declare that all members of the Board and the Senior Management Personnel of the Company have affirmed compliances with the Code of Conduct as applicable to each one of them for the financial year ended March 31, 2020.

Mr. Mehul Vala

Place : Mumbai Chief Executive Officer

Date: July 17, 2020 DIN: 08361696

# **CERTIFICATE**

# Pursuant to Regulation 17(8) of SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

To,

The Board of Directors

Responsive Industries Limited

We, Mr. Mehul Vala, Chief Executive Officer and Mr. Mrunal Shetty, Chief Financial Officer of the Company hereby certify that

- (a) We have reviewed the financial statements and the cash flow statement of Responsive Industries Limited for the year ended March 31, 2020 and that to the best of our knowledge and belief:
  - these statements do not contain any materially untrue statement or omit any material fact or contain statements that might be misleading;
  - ii. these statements together present a true and fair view of the Company's affairs and are in compliance with existing accounting standards, applicable laws and regulations.
- (b) There are, to the best of our knowledge and belief, no transactions entered into by the Company during the financial year 2019- 20 which are frau dulent, illegal or violate the Company's code of conduct.
- (c) We accept the responsibility for establishing and maintaining internal controls for financial reporting and that we have evaluated the effectiveness of internal control systems of the Company pertaining to financial reporting. We have not come across any reportable deficiencies in the design or operation of such internal controls.
- (d) We have indicated to the Auditors and the Audit committee that:
  - There have been no significant changes in internal control over financial reporting during the year;
  - ii. There have been no significant changes in accounting policies during the year; and
  - iii. There are no instances of significant fraud of which we have become aware.

Mr. Mehul Vala WholeTime Director & CEO DIN:08361696

Place: Mumbai Date: July 17, 2020 Mr. Mrunal Shetty Director & CFO DIN:08362895

Place: Mumbai

Date: June 27, 2020

CERTIFICATE OF NON-**DISQUALIFICATION** OF DIRECTORS

(Pursuant to Regulation 34(3) and Schedule V Para C clause (10)(i) of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015)

The Members of Responsive Industries Limited Betegaon, Mahagaon Road, Boisar East, Taluka Palghar, Dist. Thane, Betegaon – 401 501

We have examined the relevant registers, records, forms, returns and disclosures received from the Directors of Responsive Industries Limited having CIN L65100MH1982PLC027797 and having registered office at Betegaon, Mahagaon Road, Boisar East, Taluka Palghar, Dist. Thane, Betegaon – 401 501 (hereinafter referred to as 'the Company'), produced before us by the Company for the purpose of issuing this Certificate, in accordance with Regulation 34(3) read with Schedule V Para C sub-clause 10(i) of the Securities Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the verifications (including Directors Identification Number (DIN) status at the portal www.mca.gov. in) as considered necessary and explanations furnished to us by the Company & its officers, We hereby certify that none of the Directors on the Board of the Company as stated below for the financial year ending on 31st March, 2020 have been debarred or disqualified from being appointed or continuing as Directors of companies by the Securities and Exchange Board of India, Ministry of Corporate Affairs or any such other Statutory Authority.

Sr. No.	Name of Director	DIN	Date of appointment in Company
1	Rajiv Kumar Bakshi	00264007	17/10/2018
2	Rishabh Rajkumar Agarwal	05011607	02/05/2018
3	Jyoti Dharmendra Rai	07091343	13/02/2015
4	Bhumika Shirish Jain	08083360	24/05/2019
5	Mehul Laljibhai Vala	08361696	14/02/2019
6	Mrunal Shetty	08362895	14/02/2019

Ensuring the eligibility for the appointment / continuity of every Director on the Board is the responsibility of the Management of the Company. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these based on our verification. This certificate is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor of the efficiency or effectiveness with which the management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

> For P. P. Shah & Co **Practicing Company Secretaries** Pradip Shah - Partner FCS No. 1483, C P No.: 436

UDIN: F001483B000304434



# CERTIFICATE ON CORPORAT GOVERNANCE

To.

# The Members of Responsive Industries Limited

We, M/s. P. P. Shah & Co., Practicing Company Secretaries, the Secretarial Auditors of Responsive Industries Limited ("the Company"), have examined the compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance by the Company, for the financial year ended on 31st March, 2020, as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and para C and D of Schedule V of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 (the Listing Regulations).

# Management's Responsibility

The compliance of conditions of Corporate Governance is the responsibility of the Management. This responsibility includes the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control and procedures to ensure the compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance stipulated in Listing Regulations.

# **Auditor's Responsibility**

- Our responsibility is limited to examining the procedures and implementation thereof, adopted by the Company for ensuring compliance with the conditions of the Corporate Governance. It is neither an audit nor an expression of opinion on the financial statements of the Company.
- We have examined the secretarial and other relevant records and documents maintained by the Company for the purposes of providing reasonable assurance on the compliance with Corporate Governance requirements by the Company.

# **Opinion**

- Based on our examination of the relevant records and according to the information and explanations provided to us and the representations provided by the Management, we certify that the Company has complied with the conditions of Corporate Governance as stipulated in Regulations 17 to 27 and clauses (b) to (i) of Regulation 46(2) and para C and D of Schedule V of the Listing Regulations during the financial year ended 31st March, 2020.
- We state that such compliance is neither an assurance as to the future viability of the Company nor the efficiency or effectiveness with which the Management has conducted the affairs of the Company.

For P. P. Shah & Co Practicing Company Secretaries Pradip Shah – Partner FCS No. 1483, C P No.: 436 UDIN: F001483B000304434

Place: Mumbai Date: June 27, 2020

# DIVIDEND DISTRIBUTION POLICY

### I. PREAMBLE

Pursuant to the provisions of Regulation 43A of Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015, as amended by Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) (Second Amendment) Regulations, 2016, ["Listing Regulations"] vide circular no. SEBI/LAD-NRO/GN/2016-17/008 dated 08th July, 2016, the Board of Directors of the Company have approved and adopted the Dividend Distribution Policy ["Policy"] of the Company.

Regulation 43A of the Listing Regulations makes it mandatory for the top five hundred listed entities based on their market capitalization calculated as on March 31 of every financial year to formulate Dividend Distribution Policy.

The Company being one of the top five hundred listed companies as per the market capitalization as on the last day of the immediately preceding financial year, i.e. 31st March, 2016, frames this Policy to comply with the requirements of the SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015.

### **II. OBJECTIVE**

This Policy aims to ensure that the Company makes rationale decision with regard to the amount to be distributed to the shareholders as dividend after retaining sufficient funds for the Company's growth, to meet its long-term objective and other purposes.

This Policy lays down various parameters which shall be considered by the Board of Directors of the Company before recommendation/ declaration of Dividend to its shareholders.

### **III. DEFINITIONS**

- **a.** "Act" shall mean the Companies Act, 2013 including the Rules made thereunder, as amended from time to time.
- b. "Applicable laws" shall mean the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made thereunder, the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015; as amended from time to time and such other act, rules or regulations which provides for the distribution of Dividend.
- **c**. "Board" or "Board of Directors" shall mean Board of Directors of the Company, as constituted from time to time.
- **d.** "Company" shall mean Responsive Industries Limited.
- e. "Dividend" shall mean Dividend as defined under Companies Act, 2013.
- **f.** "Financial year" shall mean the period starting from 1st day of April and ending on the 31st day of March every year.
- **g.** "Free reserves" shall mean the free reserves as defined under Section 2 (43) of the Act.

### IV. PARAMETERS GOVERNING THE DISTRIBUTION OF DIVIDEND

- 1. Factors for recommendation/ declaration of Dividend.
- a. Internal factors (Financial Parameters)

The Board shall consider the below mentioned financial parameters for the purpose of recommendation/declaration of dividend:



- Current year's net operating profit;
- ii. Capital expenditure and working capital requirements;
- iii. Financial commitments w.r.t. the outstanding borrowings and interest thereon;
- iv. Financial requirement for business expansion and/or diversification, acquisition etc. of new businesses;
- v. Provisioning for financial implications arising out of unforeseen events and/or contingencies;
- vi. Past dividend trend.

### b. External Factors

The Board shall also consider the below mentioned external factors at the time of taking a decision w.r.t recommendation/declaration of dividend:

- i. Applicable laws and Regulations including taxation laws;
- ii. Economic conditions;
- iii. Prevalent market practices.

# 2. Circumstances under which the shareholders of the Company may or may not expect dividend.

The decision to recommend/declare the dividend by the Board of Directors shall primarily depend on the factors listed out at point no. 1 above. However, the shareholders of the Company may not expect dividend in the below mentioned circumstances:

- i. In the event of a growth opportunity where the Company may be required to allocate a significant amount of capital.
- ii. In the event of higher working capital requirement for business operations or otherwise.
- iii. In the event of inadequacy of cash flow available for distribution.
- iv. In the event of inadequacy or absence of profits.

### 3. Manner of utilisation of Retained Earnings.

The Board of Directors of the Company may recommend/declare dividend out of the profits of the Company or out of the profits for any previous year or years or out of free reserves available for distribution of dividend, after consideration of the factors as stated at point no. 1 above. The Company shall ensure compliance with the requirements in this respect as laid down under the provisions of Section 123 of the Act and other Applicable laws.

### 4. Other factors to be considered with regard to various classes of shares.

Presently, the issued share capital of the Company comprises of only one class of equity shares of Re. 1/- each which rank pari passu with respect to all their rights. In the event of the Company issuing any other class(es) of shares, it shall consider and specify the other parameters to be adopted w.r.t. such class(es) of shares.

### V. GENERAL

i. Pursuant to the provisions of Section 123 of the Act, Articles of Association of the Company and this Policy, the Board of Directors shall recommend the final dividend, which shall be declared by the Shareholders of the Company at the Annual General Meeting. The Board may also, from time to time, declare interim dividend which shall be subject to confirmation by the Shareholders at the Annual General Meeting.

ii. The Company shall ensure compliance with the applicable laws w.r.t. payment of dividend to the shareholders. It shall ensure that the amount of the dividend, including interim dividend, is deposited by the Company in a Scheduled bank in a separate account within five days from the date of declaration of such dividend.

# For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Mehul Vala WholeTime Director & CEO DIN:08361696

Place: Mumbai Date: July 17, 2020 Mr. Mrunal Shetty Director & CFO DIN:08362895



# **ANNEXURE-C**

# Form No. MGT-9 EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

as on the financial year ended on March 31, 2020 [Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, and rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

# I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS

i	CIN	L65100MH1982PLC027797
ii	Registration Date	13-07-1982
iii	Name of the Company	Responsive Industries Limited
iv	Category / Sub- Category of the Company	Company limited by shares/Indian Non-Government Company
V	Address of the Registered Office and contact details	Betegaon, Mahagaon Road, Boisar (East), Taluka Palghar, Dist. Thane -401 501 Tel: (022) 66562821 Fax: (022) 66562798 Email: investor@responsiveindustries.com Website: www.responsiveindustries.com
vi	Whether listed Company	Yes
vii	Name, address and contact details of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any	Link Intime India Private Ltd., C 101, 247 Park, LBS Marg, Vikhroli (West), Mumbai-400 083 Tel No.: (022) 4918 6270 Fax No.: (022) 4918 6060 Email: rnt.helpdesk@linkintime.co.in Website: www.linkintime.co.in

# II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10 % or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:-

Sr. No.	Name and Description of main products / services	NIC Code of the Product/ service	% to total turnover of the company
1	Vinyl Flooring	22209	66%
2	Synthetic Leather	13124	33%
3	PVC Intermediaries	22209	1%

# III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE

Sr No.	Name and address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associate	% of Shares held	Applicable Section
1	Wellknown Business Ventures LLP Esperanca, 7th Floor, Esperanca Building, Shahid Bhagat Singh Road, Colaba, Mumbai-400001	AAB-9683 (LLPIN)	Holding Entity	46.24%	2(46)
2	Axiom Cordages Limited Gut No 114B & 120C, Betegaon Village, Boisar (East), Thane- 401501, IN	U25209MH1999PLC119427	Subsidiary Company	58.18%	2(87)
3	Responsive Industries Limited, Hong Kong Unit R 1/ F, Mau Larn Comm. Bldg., 16-18 Mau Lam Street, Jordan KLN, HK		Subsidiary Company	100%	2(87)
4	Responsive Industries Private Limited, Singapore 16 Raffles Quay, #32-03 Hong Leong Building, 048581, SNG		Subsidiary Company	100%	2(87)
5	Responsive Industries Limited, UAE PO Box 128666, 24th Floor Al Sila Tower, Abu Dhabi Global Market Square, Al Maryah Islan, Abu Dhabi, UAE		Step down Subsidiary Company	100%	2(87)
6	Axiom Cordages Limited, Hong Kong Unit A 1/ F, Mau Lam Comm. Bldg., 16-18, Mau Lam Street, Jordan KLN, HK		Step down Subsidiary Company	58.18%	2(87)
7	Axiom Cordages Limited, UAE PO Box 128666, 24th Floor Al Sila Tower, Abu Dhabi Global Market Square, Al Maryah Islan, Abu Dhabi, UAE		Step down Subsidiary Company	58.18%	2(87)



# IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

# (i) Category wise shareholding

Category of Shareholders	No. of Sha	ares held at year (01.0	the beginning 04.2019)	g of the	No. of Sha	ares held a (31.03	t the end of t .2020)	he year	% Change
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year
A. Promoter & Promoter Group									
(1) Indian									
a) Individuals/HUF	3600170	0	3600170	1.3488	3600170	0	3600170	1.3488	0
b) Central Govt./ State Govt (s)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Financial Institution/Banks	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) Any Other (Specify)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Bodies Corporate	130214357	0	130214357	48.7854	130214357	0	130214357	48.7854	0
Sub-total (A)(1):-	133814527	0	133814527	50.1342	133814527	0	133814527	50.1342	0
(2) Foreign									
a) Individuals (NRIs/Foreign Individuals	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
b) Government	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Institutions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
d) Foreign Portfolio Investors	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Any Other (Specify)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total (A)(2):-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total shareholding of Promote& Promoter group (A) = (A)(1)+(A) (2)	133814527	0	133814527	50.1342	133814527	0	133814527	50.1342	0

Category of Shareholders	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year (01.04.2019)				No. of Shares held at the end of the year (31.03.2020)				% Change
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year
B. Public Shareholding									
1. Institutions									
a) Mutual Funds/ UTI	0	0	0	0	4035	0	4035	0.0015	0.0015
b) Venture Capital Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Alternate Investment Funds	10900	0	10900	0.0041	0	0	0	0	-0.0041
d) Foreign Venture Capital funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
e) Foreign Portfolio Investor	11308007	0	11308007	4.2366	11251938	0	11251938	4.2156	-0.0210
f) Financial Institutions/Bank	10528419	0	10528419	3.9445	10505642	0	10505642	3.9360	-0.0085
g) Insurance Companies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
h)Provident Funds/Pension Funds	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
i) Any Other (Specify)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Sub-total (B)(1):-	21847326	0	21847326	8.1852	21761615	0	21761615	<b>8.153</b> 1	-0.0321
1. Central Government/ State Government(s)/ President of India									
Central Government/ State Government(s)	200	0	200	0.0001	200	0	200	0.0001	0
Sub-total (B)(2):-	200	0	200	0.0001	200	0	200	0.0001	0
3. Non- Institutions									
a) Individuals									
i) Individual Shareholders holding nominal share capital upto Rs. 1 lakh	747456	0	747456	0.2800	452644	0	452644	0.1696	-0.1104
ii) Individual Shareholders holding nominal share capital in excess of Rs.1 lakh	1960827	0	1960827	0.7346	850000	0	850000	0.3185	-0.4161



Category of Shareholders				e year	% Change				
	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of Total Shares	during the year
b) NBFCs registered with RBI	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
c) Overseas Depositories (holding DRs.)	0	0	0	0	0	0		0	0
d) Any other (Specify)									
i) HUF	46319	0	46319	0.0174	55924	0	55924	0.0210	0.0036
ii) Foreign Companies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
iii) Non Resident Indians (Non Repat)	337317	0	337317	0.1264	336735	0	336735	0.1262	-0.0002
iv) Non Resident Indians (Repat)	44038	0	44038	0.0165	36263	0	36263	0.0136	-0.0029
v) Overseas Bodies Corporates	80960228	0	80960228	30.3321	80960228	0	80960228	30.3321	0
vi) Clearing members	126330	0	126330	0.0473	802	0	802	0.0003	-0.0470
vii) Bodies Corporates	27028132	0	27028132	10.1262	28643762	0	28643762	10.7315	0.6053
Sub-Total (B) (3):	111250647	0	111250647	41.6805	111336358	0	111336358	41.7126	0.0321
Total Public Shareholding (B)=(B)(1)+(B) (2)+(B)(3)	133098173	0	133098173	49.8658	33098173	0	33098173	49.8658	0
C. Non Promoter-Non Public									
i) Custodian/DR Holder	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
ii) Employee Benefit Trust (Under SEBI (Share based Employee Benefit) Regulations, 2014)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
GRAND TOTAL (A+B+C)	266912700	0	266912700	100	266912700	0	266912700	100	0

# (ii) Shareholding of Promoters

Shareholder's Name		es held at the year (01.04.2	beginning of 2019)	No. of Share	% Change in shareholding		
	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	No. of Shares	% of total Shares of the company	% of Shares Pledged / encumbered to total shares	during the year
Wellknown Business Ventures LLP	123425340	46.2418	0	123425340	46.2418	0	0
Axiom Cordages Limited	4418330	1.6553	0	4418330	1.6553	0	0
Mavi Business Ventures LLP (Erstwhile Harvest Enterprises LLP)	778687	0.2917	0	778687	0.2917	0	0
Efficient Builders LLP	1592000	0.5964	0	1592000	0.5964	0	0
Fairpoint Tradecom LLP	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Swati Atit Agarwal	1300010	0.4871	0	1300010	0.4871	0	0
Saudamini Abhishek Agarwal	1489000	0.5579	0	1489000	0.5579	0	0
Atit Omprakash Agarwal	773330	0.2897	0	773330	0.2897	0	0
Abhishek Omprakash Agarwal	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Rishabh Rajkumar Agarwal	37830	0.0142	0	37830	0.0142	0	0
TOTAL	133814527	50.1342	0	133814527	50.1342	0.00	0

# (iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding:

There is no change in the shareholding of Promoters during the financial year 2019-20.

# (iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs)

Sr. no	Name*	_	nt the beginning of (01.04.2019)	Shareholding at the end of the year (31.03.2020)		
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	
1	Fossebridge Limited	32896800	12.3249	32896800	12.3249	
2	Xatis International Limited	32700720	12.2515	32700720	12.2515	
3	Parshvanath Comtrade LLP	25000000	9.3664	25000000	9.3664	
4	Brenzett Limited	15362708	5.7557	15362708	5.7557	
5	Life Insurance Corporation of India	9584233	3.5908	9584233	3.5908	
6	Sparrow Asia Diversified Opportunities Fund	5678069	2.1273	5678069	2.1273	
7	Bao Value Fund	4285869	1.6057	4285869	1.6057	
8	Rajput Plastics & Polymers Private Limited	1042935	0.3907	2152197	0.8063	
9	Davos International Fund	1288000	0.4826	1288000	0.4826	
10	General Insurance Corporation of India	944161	0.3537	916017	0.3432	



The Shares of the Company are traded on a daily basis. Hence the date wise increase/decrease in shareholding is not indicated.

# (v) Shareholding of Directors and Key Managerial Personnel

Sr. no.	Name	Sharehold beginning	ing at the of the year	Cumulative Shareholding during the year		
		No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	No. of shares	% of total shares of the company	
1	Rishabh Agarwal	37830	0.01	37830	0.01	
	Date wise Increase / Decrease in Shareholding during the year specifying the reasons for increase / decrease (e.g. allotment / transfer / bonus / sweat equity etc):	1	-	1	-	
	At the End of the year	37830	0.01	37830	0.01	

Other than listed above, no other Director and Key Managerial Personnel hold any shares in the company.

# **V. INDEBTEDNESS**

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment (Rs. in million)

	Secured Loans excluding deposits	Unsecured Loans	Deposits	Total Indebtedness
Indebtedness at the beginning of the financial year				
i) Principal Amount	1074.88	-	•	1074.88
ii) Interest due but not paid	ı	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	1074.88	-	-	1074.88
Addition/(Reduction) in Indebtedness during the financial year	591.89	1	1	591.89
Indebtedness at the end of the financial year		-	1	
i) Principal Amount	1666.77	•	1	1666.77
ii) Interest due but not paid	-	-	-	-
iii) Interest accrued but not due	-	-	-	-
Total (i+ii+iii)	1666.77	-	-	1666.77

# VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager: (Rs. in million)

Sr. No	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of MD/ WTD/ Manager	
		Mehul Vala	Total Amount
1	Gross Salary		
	(a) Salary as per provisions contained in Section 17(1) of the Income-tax Act, 1961	2.18	2.18
	(b) Value of perquisites u/s 17(2) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	1
	(c) Profits in lieu of Salary under Section 17(3) Income-tax Act, 1961	-	1
2	Stock Option	-	-
3	Sweat Equity	-	-
4	Commission as % of Profit – Others, Specify	-	-
5	Others, please specify		-
	Total	2.18	2.18
	Celling as per the Act 5% of the Net Profit as calculated under Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013		15.99

# B. Remuneration to other Directors:

(Rs. in millions)

Sr. no.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name (		Total Amount	
		Fee for attending board / committee meetings	Commission	Others	
1	Independent Directors				
	Shobha Singh Thakur	0.045	0.172	-	0.217
	Rajiv Kumar Bakshi	0.195	0.145	-	0.340
	Jyoti Rai	0.195	0.025	-	0.220
	Bhumika Jain	0.060	-	0.29	0.35
	Total (1)	0.495	0.342	0.29	1.127
2	Other Non-Executive Director	-	-	-	-
	Total (2)	-	-	-	-
	Total (B)=(1+2)	0.495	0.342	0.29	1.127
	Celling as per the Act 1% of the Net Profit as calculated under Section 198 of the Companies Act, 2013.		:	3.19	



# C. Remuneration to Key Managerial Personnel other than MD/Manager/WTD (Rs. in Million)

Sr.	Particulars of	Key Manag	erial Personnel	
No.	Remuneration	Mrunal Shetty Chief Financial Officer	Ruchi Jaiswal Company Secretary & Compliance Officer	Total
	Gross Salary			
1	(a) Value of Perquisites u/sec 17 (1) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	1.090	0.468	1.558
	(b) Value of Perquisites u/sec 17 (2) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	-	1	-
	(c ) Profits in lieu of salary under section 17 (3) of the Income Tax Act, 1961	-	-	
2	Stock Option	-	-	-
3	Sweat Equity	-	-	-
	Commission	-	-	-
4	a. as a % of profit	-	-	
	b. others	-	-	-
5	Others		-	-
	Total	1.090	0.468	1.558

# VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES (Under the Companies Act): None

# For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Mehul Vala Mr. Mrunal Shetty Whole Time Director & Director &

CEO CFO

DIN: 08361696 DIN: 08362895

Place: Mumbai Date: July 17, 2020

FORM NO. MR-3 SECRETARIAL AUDIT REPORT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2020

[Pursuant to Section 204(1) of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rule 9 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration Personnel) Rules, 2014] -o, Annexure D

To, The Members, Responsive Industries Limited

We have conducted the secretarial audit of the compliance of applicable statutory provisions and the adherence to good corporate practices by **Responsive Industries Limited**. (hereinafter called 'the Company'). Secretarial Audit was conducted in a manner that provided us a reasonable basis for evaluating the corporate conducts/ statutory compliances and expressing our opinion thereon.

Based on our verification of the **Responsive Industries Limited's** books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by the Company and also the information provided by the Company, its officers, agents and authorized representatives during the conduct of secretarial audit, we hereby report that in our opinion, the Company has, during the audit period covering the financial year ended on March 31, 2020 complied with the statutory provisions listed hereunder and also that the Company has proper Board-processes and compliance-mechanism in place to the extent, in the manner and subject to the reporting made hereinafter:

We have examined the books, papers, minute books, forms and returns filed and other records maintained by Responsive Industries Limited for the financial year ended on March 31, 2020 according to the provisions of:

- 1. The Companies Act, 2013 (the Act) and the rules made thereunder;
- 2. The Securities Contracts (Regulation) Act, 1956 ('SCRA') and the rules made thereunder;
- 3. The Depositories Act, 1996 and the Regulations and Bye-lawsframed thereunder;
- 4. Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999 and the rules and regulations made thereunder to the extent of Foreign Direct Investment, Overseas Direct Investment and External Commercial Borrowings;
- 5. The following Regulations and Guidelines prescribed under the Securities and Exchange Board of India Act, 1992 ('SEBI Act'):
  - a. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Substantial Acquisition of Shares and Takeovers) Regulations, 2011;
  - b. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Prohibition of Insider Trading) Regulations, 2015;
  - The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue of Capital and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2018;
  - d. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Share Based Employee Benefits) Regulations, 2014;
  - e. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Issue and Listing of Debt Securities) Regulations, 2008; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period).
  - f. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Registrars to an Issue and Share Transfer Agents) Regulations, 1993 regarding the Companies Act and dealing with client;
  - g. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Delisting of Equity Shares) Regulations, 2009; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period) and
  - h. The Securities and Exchange Board of India (Buyback of Securities) Regulations, 2018; (Not applicable to the Company during the Audit Period)



6 There are no other laws specifically applicable to the industry to which the Company belongs as identified by the management.

We have also examined compliance with the applicable clauses of the following:

- Secretarial Standards issued by The Institute of Company Secretaries of India i.e. Secretarial Standards – 1 for Board Meetings and Secretarial Standards – 2 for General Meetings.
- 2) SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015;

During the period under review the Company has complied with the provisions of the Act, Rules, Regulations, Guidelines, etc. mentioned above subject to the following qualifications:

a. Non Spending of amount towards Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR): As per Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013, a Company to whom the provisions of CSR applies, is required to spend atleast 2% of its average net profits made during the immediately three preceding financial years on CSR activities. As per the financial statements as on March 31, 2019, the Company was required to spend Rs. 70,14,351.00 during the financial year 2019 – 20 on CSR activities. The Company has spent Rs. 10,00,000.00 towards CSR activities during the financial year 2019 – 20. An amount of Rs. 60,14,351.00 was not spent towards CSR activities. Further, an amount of Rs. 4,81,42,883.00 is carried forward as unspent from the previous financial years.

The reasons for not spending the same have been given at an appropriate place in the Board's Report.

### We further report that:

The Board of Directors of the Company is duly constituted with proper balance of Executive Directors, Non-Executive Directors and Independent Directors. The changes in the composition of the Board of Directors that took place during the period under review were carried out in compliance with the provisions of the Act.

Adequate notice is given to all directors to schedule the Board Meetings, agenda and detailed notes on agenda were sent at least seven days in advance, and a system exists for seeking and obtaining further information and clarifications on the agenda items before the meeting and for meaningful participation at the meeting.

Majority decision is carried through while the dissenting members' views are captured and recorded as part of the minutes.

**We further report that** there are adequate systems and processes in the Company commensurate with the size and operations of the Company to monitor and ensure compliance with applicable laws, rules, regulations and guidelines.

We further report that during the audit period, there were no instances of:

- 1. Public / Right / Preferential issue of Shares / Debentures / Sweat Equity, etc.
- 2. Redemption / Buy-Back of Securities
- Major decisions taken by the members in pursuance to Section 180 of the Companies Act, 2013
- 4. Merger / Amalgamation / Reconstruction, etc.
- 5. Foreign Technical Collaborations

For P. P. Shah & Co., Practicing Company Secretaries Pradip Shah FCS No. 1483 C P No.: 436

UDIN: F001483B000376110

Place: Mumbai Date: June 24, 2020

### **ANNEXURE-E**

Annual Report on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) activities for the financial year 2019-20 A brief outline of the Company's CSR Policy, including overview of projects or programs proposed to be undertaken and a reference to the web-link to the CSR policy and projects or programmes:

Responsive Industries Limited believes that the true and full measure of growth, success and progress lies beyond balance sheets or conventional economic indices. It is best reflected in the difference that business and industry make to the lives of people. The Company believes in reaching out to underserved communities and intends to make a positive difference to society and contribute its share towards the social cause of betterment of communities and areas in which the Company operates. The Company also believes in the trusteeship concept. This entails transcending business interests and grappling with the "quality of life" challenges that underserved communities face, and working towards making a meaningful difference to them. At Responsive Industries Limited, our mantra is – We listen. We're responsive.

In this regard, the Company has made this policy which encompasses the Company's philosophy for delineating its responsibility as a corporate citizen and lays down the guidelines and mechanism for undertaking socially useful programmes for welfare & sustainable development of the community at large and is titled as the "CSR Policy" which is based as per the Companies (Corporate Social Responsibility Policy) Rules, 2014 initiated by the Central Government under the relevant provisions of Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 and Schedule VII of the said Act.

### Activities under CSR:

The Company will carry out CSR activities as specified in Schedule VII to the Companies Act, 2013, including any amendments to it but will not be limited to the following:

- Eradicating hunger, poverty and mal-nutrition, promoting health care including preventive health care and sanitation including contribution to the Swatch Bharat Kosh set up by the Central Government for the promotion of sanitation and making available safe drinking water;
- Promoting education, including special education and employment enhancing vocation skills especially among children, women, elderly and the differently abled and livelihood enhancement projects;
- Promoting gender equality, empowering women, setting up homes and hostels for women and orphans; setting up old age homes, day care centres and such other facilities for senior citizens and measures for reducing inequalities faced by socially and economically backward groups;
- Ensuring environmental sustainability, ecological balance, protection of flora and fauna, animal welfare, agro forestry, conservation of natural resources and maintaining quality of soil, air and water including contribution to the clean Ganga Fund set up by the Central Government for rejuvenation of river Ganga;
- Protection of natural heritage, art and culture including restoration of buildings and sites of historical importance and works of art, setting up public libraries; promotion and development of traditional arts and handicrafts:
- Measures for the benefit of arm forces veterans, war widows and their dependents;
- Training to promote rural sport, nationally recognized sports, Paralympic sport and Olympic sports;
- Contribution to the Prime Minister's National Relief Fund or any other fund set up by the Central Government for socio- economic development and relief and welfare of the Scheduled Castes, the Scheduled Tribes, other backward classes, minorities and women;



- Contributions or funds provided to technology incubators located within academic institutions which are approved by the Central Government;
- Rural development projects;
- Slum area development.

Web link to the CSR Policy: www.responsiveindustries.com/policies.

# 1. The Composition of CSR Committee:

The composition of the Committee as on March 31, 2020 is as detailed below:

Name	Designation	Appointment
Mr. Rishabh Agarwal	Chairman	24.05.2019
Ms. Jyoti Rai	Member	24.05.2019
Mr. Rajiv Kumar Bakshi	Member	17.10.2018

On the Board and CSR Committee meeting held on May 24, 2019, Mr. Rishabh Agarwali was appointed as Chairperson of the Committee and Ms. Jyoti Rai was re-designated as member of the Committee.

- 2. Average net profit of the Company for last 3 financial years for the purpose of computation of CSR for the financial year 2019-20:Rs. 350.72 million.
- 3. Prescribed CSR Expenditure for the financial year 2019-20 (two percent of the amount mentioned in item 3 above): Rs. 7.01 million.
- 4. Details of CSR spent during the financial year:
- a. Total amount to be spent for the financial year: Rs.7.01 million
- b. Amount unspent: Rs 6.01 million for the FY 2019-20 Aggregate unspent amount of previous years: 48.13 million
- c. Manner in which the amount spent during the financial year:

(Rs. In million)

(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7)	(8)
Sr. No.	CSR Project or activity identified	Sector in which the project is covered	Project or programs (1) Local area or other (2) Specify the state and district where projects or programs was undertaken	Amount outlay (budget) project or programs wise	Amount spent on the projects or programs Sub heads: (1) Direct Expenditure on projects or programs (2) Overheads	Cumulative expenditure up to the reporting period	Amount spent: Direct or through implementing agency*
1	Health & Medical care	Promoting Health care including preventive health care	Other, Indore Madhya Pradesh	1.00	1.00	1.00	Through Implementing agency
	Total			1.00	1.00	1.00	

<sup>\*</sup>Through Charitable Trust: Shankardayal Vijayvargiya Parmarthik Trust

5. In case the Company has failed to spend the two per cent of the average net profit of the last three financial years or any part thereof, the Company shall provide the reasons for not spending the amount in its Board report:

The Company has been working on identifying suitable projects for spending unspent CSR amounts to serve the needy section of the society. However this has been taken more time than estimated looking at the total spending requirement.

6. A responsibility statement of the CSR Committee that the implementation and monitoring of CSR Policy, is in compliance with CSR objectives and Policy of the company.

The CSR committee confirms that the implementation and monitoring of the CSR Policy is in compliance with the CSR objectives and Policy of the Company.

Rishabh Agarwal Chairman, CSR Committee

DIN: 05011607

Place: Mumbai Date: July 17, 2020 Mehul Vala Whole Time Director & CEO

DIN: 08361696



## **ANNEXURE F**

Conservation of Energy, Technology Absorption and Foreign Exchange Earnings & Outgo Pursuant to Provisions of Section 134 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014.

# A) CONSERVATION OF ENERGY:

- a) Energy conservation measures taken: N.A.
- b) Additional investments proposal, if any being implemented for reduction of consumption of energy: N.A.
- c) Impact of the measures at (a) and (b) above for reduction of energy consumption and consequent impact on the cost of production of goods: N.A.
- d) Total energy consumption

Powe	er & Fue	l Consumption	Financial Year 2019-2020	Financial Year 2018-19
Electr	icity			
(a)	Purch	ased		
` ´	Units		1,98,86,074	2,45,61,171
	Total a	amount (Rs. in Million)	187.61	205.32
	Rate/l	Jnit (Rs.)	9.43	8.36
(b)	Own (	Generation		
	(i)	Through Diesel Generation		
		Units	NIL	NIL
		Units per Liter of Diesel Oil	NIL	NIL
		Cost/Unit	NIL	NIL
	(ii)	Through Steam Turbine/		
		Generator	NIL	NIL
		Units	NIL	NIL
		Units per Liter of Diesel Oil	NIL	NIL
		Cost/Unit		
Coal (	Specify of	quantity and where used)	NIL	NIL
Quant	tity (Tonn	es)	NIL	NIL
Avera	ge Rate			
Furna	ce Oil		4,104.04	4589.28
	tity (in M.		129.25	163.01
Total A	Amount (F	Rs. in Million)	31,492.74	35,519.83
Avera	ge Rate (	(Rs. per M.T.)		
Other	/Internal (	Generation (Please give details)		
Quantity			NIL	NIL
Total (			NIL	NIL
Rate/l	Jnit		NIL	NIL

# B) TECHNOLOGY ABSORPTION:

Efforts made in technology absorption NIL NIL

# C) FOREIGN EXCHANGE EARNINGS & OUTGO:

I	Foreign Exchange earning & Outgoing	2019-20	2018-19
a)	Foreign Exchange earning (Rs. In million)	2,193.34	2,484.29
b)	Foreign Exchange outgo (Rs. In million)	1,295.16	2,376.13

# For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Mehul Vala Mr. Mrunal Shetty WholeTime Director & CEO DIN:08361696 DIN:08362895

Place: Mumbai Date: July 17, 2020

# **ANNEXURE-G**

# BUSINESS RESPONSIBILITY REPORT

Pursuant to Regulation 34(2) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015

# **SECTION A: GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE COMPANY**

1	Corporate Identity Number (CIN) of the Company	L65100MH1982PLC027797
2	Name of the Company	Responsive Industries Limited
3	Registered Address	Betegaon, Mahagaon Road, Boisar (East), Taluka Palghar, Dist. Thane -401501
4	Website	www.responsivenustries.com
5	E-mail id	investor@responsiveindustries. com
6	Financial year reported:	April 01, 2019 to March 31, 2020
7	Sector(s) that the Company is engaged in (industrial activity code-wise) As per National Industrial Classification-Ministry of Statistics and Programme Implementation	Vinyl Flooring : 22209 Synthetic Leather: 13124 PVC Intermediaries : 22209
8	List three key products/services that the Company manufactures/ provides (as in balance sheet)	Vinyl flooring, Vinyl Sheet, Luxury Vinyl Tile, Synthetic Leather.
9	Total number of locations where business activity is undertaken by the Company	
	a) Number of International Locations (Provide details of major 5)	USA, Singapore, UAE, UK and Newzealand
	b) Number of National Locations	The Company has PAN India presence through: manufacturing Unit and corporate office at Boisar, Maharashtra.
10	Markets served by the Company- Local/State/National/International	Company serves customers in both national and international locations

# **SECTION B: FINANCIAL DETAILS OF THE COMPANY**

1	Paid up Capital (INR)	Rs. 266.91 million
2	Total Turnover (INR)	Rs. 4340.55 million
3	Total profit after taxes (INR)	Rs. 247.20 million
4	Total Spending on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) as percentage of profit after tax (%)	The Company has spent 0.40% of net profit after tax on CSR activities during the financial year 2019-20.
5	List of activities in which expenditure in 4 above has been incurred	Promoting Health & Medical Care



# **SECTION C: OTHER DETAILS**

1	Does the Company have any Subsidiary Company/Companies?	Yes
2	Do the Subsidiary Company/Companies participate in the BR initiatives of the parent Company? If yes, then indicate the number of such subsidiary company(s)	The Company encourages its subsidiaries to carry out Business Responsibility initiatives. The subsidiary companies share several features of our best practices in workplace sustainability.
3	Do any other entity/entities (e.g. suppliers, distributors etc.) that the Company does business with, participate in the BR initiatives of the Company? If yes, then indicate the percentage of such entity/entities? [Less than 30%, 30-60%, More than 60%]	Less than 30%. The Company makes its efforts to encourage other entities such as its suppliers, clients etc. to adhere to the Company's BR policies to the extent possible.

# **SECTION D: BR INFORMATION**

# 1. <u>Details of Director/Directors responsible for BR</u>

# a) Details of the Director\Directors responsible for implementation of the BR policy/policies

Mr. Mehul Vala Whole Time Director designated as Chief Executive Officer of the Company is being authorized to carry out the BR policy.

DIN: 08361696

Name: Mr. Mehul Vala

Designation: Whole Time Director & Chief Executive Officer

# b) Details of the BR head:

- 1. DIN Number (if applicable): 0836169
- 2. Name: Mr. Mehul Vala
- 3. Designation: Whole Time Director & Chief Executive Officer
- 4. Telephone Number: 022 6656 2821
- 5. E-mail ID: investor@responsiveindustries.com

### Principle-wise (as per NVGs) BR Policy/policies

The National Voluntary Guidelines (NVGs) on Social, Environmental and Economic Responsibilities of Business released by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs has adopted nine areas of Business Responsibility. These briefly are as under:

- P1: Business should conduct and govern themselves with Ethics, Transparency and Accountability.
- P2: Businesses should provide goods and services that are safe and contribute to sustainability throughout their life cycle.
- P3: Businesses should promote the wellbeing of all employees.
- P4: Businesses should respect the interests of, and be responsive towards all stakeholders, especially those who are disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized.
- P5: Businesses should respect and promote human rights.
- P6: Businesses should respect, protect and make efforts to restore the environment.
- P7: Businesses, when engaged in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a responsible manner.
- P8: Businesses should support inclusive growth and equitable development.
- P9: Businesses should engage with and provide value to their customers and consumers in a responsible manner.

# a) Details of compliance (Reply in Y/N)

	- Botano or comp	_		(	_			1		
No.	Questions	P 01	P 2	P 3	P 4	P 5	P 6	P 7	P 8	P 9
1	Do you have a policy/ policies for	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Refer note	Y	Refer note
2	Has the policy being formulated in consultation with the relevant stakeholders?	Yes								
3	Does the policy conform to any national/international standards? If yes, specify? (50 words)	Volu and by t	The policies are broadly based on the National Voluntary Guidelines on Social, Environmental and Economic Responsibilities of Business issued by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs, Government of India.							
4	Has the policy being approved by the Board? if yes, has it been signed by MD/ owner/CEO/appropriate Board Director?	The policies which are statutorily required to be adopted by the Board have been approved by them, while the other policies are formulated and implemented by the Human resources department of the Company.								
5	Does the Company have a specified committee of the Board/Director/ Official to oversee the implantation of the policy?	The implementation of Code of Conduct is overseen by the Human Resource Department and Board. The CSR Policy is administered by CSR Committee. The Head of BR is responsible for other policies.								
6	Indicate the link for the policy to be viewed online?	pub poli	licdo cies	omai .Oth	nat ٰ۱	www. ernal	respoi	nsiveind	lustr	ailable in ies.com/ ricted to
7	Has the policy been formally communicated to all relevant internal and external stakeholders?	Yes, the policies have been communicated to key internal stakeholders. The Communication is an ongoing process to covers all the key internal and external stakeholders.								
8	Does the Company have in-house structure to implement the policy/policies.	Yes								
9	Does the Company have a grievance redressal mechanism related to the policy/ policies to address stakeholders' grievances related to the policy/policies?	Yes, Stakeholder Relationship Committee review and address stakeholder's grievances.								
10	Has the Company carried out independent audit/evaluation of the working of this policy by an internal or external agency?	No. However, working of the policies is monitored by the functional heads. Formal evaluation will be carried out when deemed appropriate.								



**Note:** The replies to the questions at serial no.2 to 10 as mentioned above are applicable to all the Principles except the Principles 7 and 9.

- b) If answer to the question at serial number 1 against any principle, is 'No', please explanin why: (tick up to 2 options)
- i) The Company has not understood the Principles:
- ii) The Company is not at a stage where it finds itself in a position to formulate and implement the policies on specified principles.
- iii) The Company does not have financial or manpower resources available for the task
- iv) It is planned to be done within next 6 months
- v) It is planned to be done within the next 1 year
- vi) Any other reason (please specify)

**Note:** With respect to the Principle 7, a specific policy for the same has not been adopted. With respect to the Principle 9, the Company fulfills customer needs satisfactory and provides value to them in a responsible manner.

### C. Governance related to BR:

a)	Indicate the frequency with which the Board of Directors, Committee of the Board or CEO to assess the BR performance of the Company. Within 3 months, 3-6 months, annually, more than 1 year.	The Board reviews the performance annually.
b)	Does the Company publish a BR or a Sustainability Report? What is the hyperlink for viewing this report? How frequently it is published?	The Company publishes BR report annually. It is available on the website of the Company at www.responsiveindustries.com/annual-report.

### SECTION E: PRINCIPLE-WISE PERFORMANCE

Principle 1: Businesses should conduct and govern themselves with Ethics, Transparency and Accountability

Does the policy relating to ethics, bribery and corruption cover only the Company? Yes/No.	
Does it extend to the Group/Joint Ventures/Suppliers/Contractors/NGOs/Others?	Good Corporate Governance is critical for business success

2. stakeholder How many complaints have been received in the past financial year and what percentage was satisfactorily resolved by the management? If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.

During the year the Company has not received any complaints from the shareholders.

# Principle 2: Businesses should provide goods and services that are safe and contribute to sustainability throughout their life cycle.

1. List up to 3 of your products or services whose design has incorporated social or environmental concerns, risks and/or opportunities.

All products manufactured by the Company are safe and contribute to the sustainability throughout their lifecycle. To name a few of them are Vinyl flooring, Vinyl Sheet, Luxury Vinyl Tile, Synthetic Leather.

- such product, 2. For each provide the following details in respect of resource used (energy, water, raw material etc.) per unit of product (optional):
- The Company has adopted the following methods to conserve the resources: Reuse of cut pieces after slitting
- a) Reduction during sourcing/ production/ distribution achieved since the previous year throughout the value chain?
- for reducing waste generation and commercial viability. Replacement of CFL bulbs with LED

- b) Reduction during usage by consumers (energy, water) has been achieved since the previous year?
- enable to lower energy consumption and elimination of risk of toxic substances and UV radiation. CFL bulbs where replaced by LED lights. This not only resulted in higher elimination but we also reduced energy consumption. The abatement of cutting
- substituting trees by paper/ printed correspondence with e-correspondence, while taking a step towards reducing deforestation.
- Company have 3. Does the procedures place for sustainable sourcing (including transportation)?
- a) If yes, what percentage of your inputs was sourced sustainably? Also provide details thereof, in about 50
- Yes, procurement practices by Company are focused on protection of environment, and cost effective procurement seeking resource efficiency, improving the quality of products and ultimately optimizing the cost.
- 4. Has the company taken any communities

words or so.

- steps to procure goods and services from local & small producers, including surrounding their place of work?
- a) If yes, what steps have been taken to improve their capacity and capability of local and small vendors?

The manufacturing unit is located at the remote place away from the city. The Company makes specific efforts to improve employability of the local community. Further, it also ensures that it engages small businesses around its plant in variety of productive employment. The Company's long term association with the small vendors/suppliers has helped such vendors to grow along with the Company.



5. Does the Company have a mechanism to recycle products and waste? If yes, what is the percentage of recycling of products and waste (separately as <5%, 5-10%, >10%). Also, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.

Yes, the Company has in place a mechanism for recycling products and waste. The waste generation of the Company is less than 5% and further 100% of the waste is being reused. The Company recycles its waste as below:

- i) Plastics waste is recycled
- ii) Empty raw material bags are reused for in-process packing, reprocessed and reused.
- iii) Water consumption is monitored

# Principle 3: Businesses should promote the wellbeing of all employees

1.	Please indicate the Total number of employees.	282			
2.	Please indicate the Total number of employees hired on temporary/contractual/casual	Nil			
3.	Please indicate the Number of permanent women employees.	28			
4.	Please indicate the Number of permanent employees with disabilities.	Nil			
5.	Do you have an employee association that is recognized by management.	Bhart	Bhartiya Kamgar Karmchari Mahasangh (union)		
6.	What percentage of your permanent employees is members of this recognized employee association.	39%			
7.	Please indicate the number of complaints relating to child labour, forced labour, involuntary labour, sexual harassment in the last financial year and pending as on the end of the financial year.	The Company has not received any complaints relating to child labour, forced labour, involuntary labour, sexual harassment.			
		No.	Category	No. of com- plaints filed during the financial year	No. of com- plaints pend- ing as on end of the financial year
		i)	Child labour/ forced Labour / involuntary labour	Nil	NA
		ii)	Sexual har- assment	Nil	NA
		iii)	Discriminatory employment	Nil	NA
8. a)	What percentage of your under mentioned employees were given safety & skill up gradation training in the last year? Permanent Employees b) Permanent Women Employees c) Casual/Temporary/Contractual Employees d) Employees with Disabilities		employees und n ongoing basis.	lergo the require	ed safety trainings

Principle 4: Businesses should respect the interests of, and be responsive towards all stakeholders, especially those who are disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized.

1. Has the Company mapped Yes, The Company has identified its its internal and external stakeholders and takes steps to engage with stakeholders? Yes/No them through various formal and informal processes. The major stakeholders have been identified and classified as: Employees, Customers, Shareholders, investors, depositors, communities, Business partners, Contractors, Vendors, Government Bodies, Lenders, Insurance Companies, Suppliers and Contact workers. Yes, the Company ensures that all stakeholder 2. Out of the above, has

 Out of the above, has the Company identified the disadvantaged, vulnerable & marginalized stakeholders. Yes, the Company ensures that all stakeholder concerns, including the disadvantaged and vulnerable, are well incorporated into the Company's strategic thinking and decision-making. The Company takes all practical steps to ensure that all communications with stakeholders is clear, transparent, timely and complete, and respects their right to be informed, so that everyone can make decisions and act with full knowledge. While the management has the accountability for stakeholder, the Company believes that every employee in the Company also has a responsibility towards ensuring satisfactory stakeholder relationships.

3. Are there any special initiatives taken by the companytoengagewiththe disadvantaged, vulnerable and marginalized stakeholders. If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.

The Company made conscious efforts to engage with stakeholders, identify their needs/concerns and address them.

# Principle 5: Businesses should respect and promote human rights.

 Does the policy of the Company on human rights cover only the company or extend to theGroup/ JointVentures/Suppliers/ Contractors/NGOs/Others. The Company does not hire child labour, forced labour or involuntary labour. The Company has always been committed to developing an organizational culture that supports recognized human rights, as well as the human rights enumerated in the Constitution. The Company takes steps to ensure that human rights, principles are upheld within its workplaces.

 How many stakeholder complaints have been received in the past financial year and what percent was satisfactorily resolved by the management. Not complaint received with regard to human rights violation in the financial year 2019-20.



# Principle 6: Business should respect, protect, and make efforts to restore the environment.

1.	Does the policy related to Principle 6 cover only the company or extends to the Group/JointVentures/Suppliers/Contractors/NGOs/others.	The Company's policy on Environment is applicable to all. The Company believes that harmony between man and his environment is the essence of healthy life and living. Company strives for efficient and optimum utilization of available resources and minimization of waste.
2.	Does the Company have strategies/ initiatives to address global environmental issues such as climate change, global warming, etc.? Y/N. If yes, please give hyperlink for webpage etc.	The Company has addressed environment and climate issues with clear goals and targets. Following are the objectives of the Company to address environment issues are:  • Efficient & optimum utilization of available resources  • Minimization of waste  • Maximization of waste materials' utilization
3. [	Does the Company identify and assess potential environmental risks? Y/N	Yes, the Company has a mechanism to identify and assess potential environmental risks in its plant.
4.	Does the Company have any project related to Clean Development Mechanism? If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so. Also if Yes, whether any environmental compliance report is filed.	The Company does not have any projects related to Clean Development Mechanism.
5.	Has the company undertaken any other initiatives on – clean technology, energy efficiency, renewable energy, etc. Y/N. If yes, please give hyperlink for web page etc.	Green initiative in corporate governance: The Company fully supports the Ministry of Corporate Affairs' initiative to minimize the use of paper for 'all official communication'. In line with this, the Company sends all notices and documents, including the Annual Report, to shareholders who have registered for the same, by e-mail. This has led to a significant reduction in paper consumption annually.
6.	Are the Emissions/Waste generated by the company/within the permissible limits given by CPCB/SPCB for the financial year being reported?	not applicable
7.	Number of show cause/legal notices received from CPCB/SPCB which are pending (i.e. not resolved to satisfaction) as on end of Financial Year.	Nil

# Principle 7: Businesses, when engaged in influencing public and regulatory policy, should do so in a responsible manner.

1.	Is your Company a member of any trade and chamber or association? If Yes, Name only those major ones that your business deals with:	The Company is a member of various industry bodies and associations. Some of these are:  - Confederation of Indian Industry (CII)  - The Associated Chamber of Commerce and Industry (ASSOCHAM)  - Bombay Chamber of Commerce and Industry  - Entrepreneur Organization, Mumbai	
2.	Have you advocated/lobbied through above associations for the advancement or improvement of public good? Yes/No; If yes specify the broad areas (drop box: Governance and Administration, Economic Reforms, Inclusive Development Policies, Energy security, Water, Food Security, Sustainable Business Principles, Others)	The Company is active member in various industry bodies and associations (either directly or through its subsidiary) and actively takes part in the discussion relating to policy development and advocates policies which promotes social and economic growth. The Company engages with industry bodies and association to influence public and regulatory policy in a responsible manner. Only the authorized representative of the company makes interaction with these bodies with honesty and integrity and in compliance with the applicable law.	

# Principle 8: Businesses should support inclusive growth and equitable development.

Does the Company have specified program/initiatives/projects in pursuit of the policy related to Principle 8? If yes details thereof.	Yes. The Company has a CSR policy in place and it carried out activities majorly Educational/ Vocational Training, Health & Medical Care, Promoting Art and Culture.
2. Are the program/projects undertaken through in-house team/own foundation/external NGO/government structures/any other organization?	The Company's CSR activities are carried out through implementing agencies.
3. Have you done any impact assessment of your initiative?	The Company will carry out impact assessment at later stage.
4. What is your Company's direct contribution to community development projects. Amount in INR and the details of the project undertaken.	The Company has spent 1.0 million during the financial year in health care. For more details kindly refer the Report on CSR activities forming part of Annual Report.
5. Have you taken steps to ensure that this community development initiative is successfully adopted by the community? Please explain in 50 words or so.	The Company has contributed its funds to institutions furthering the benefit to the needy section of the society and the same has been acknowledged by them.

# Principle 9: Businesses should engage with and provide value to their customers and consumers in a responsible manner.

What percentage of customer complaints/ consumer cases are pending as on the end of financial year.	No complaints were pending as on the end of financial year.
Does the Company display product information on the product label, over and above what is mandated as per local laws? Yes/No/N.A. Remarks (additional information)	The Company follows all legal statutes with respect to product labeling and displaying of product information, wherever required.
Is there any case filed by any stakeholder against the Company regarding unfair trade practices, irresponsible advertising and/or anti-competitive behavior during the last five years and pending as on end of financial year. If so, provide details thereof, in about 50 words or so.	No
Did your Company carry out any consumer survey/consumer satisfaction trends?	Yes

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Mehul Vala WholeTime Director & CEO DIN:08361696 Mr. Mrunal Shetty Director & CFO DIN:08362895

Place: Mumbai Date: July 17, 2020



# **ANNEXURE H**

Disclosure as required under Section 197(2) of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5(1) of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

Particulars	Disclosures		
Ration of remuneration of each Director to the median remuneration of the employee of the Company and the percentage increase in remuneration of Directors & KMP in the	Name of the director	Ratio of remu- neration of each director to the Median remu- neration of the employees	% increase in remunera- tion of each director, CEO, CFO and CS,
financial year	Mr. Mehul Vala Chief Executive Of- ficer & Whole Time Director	4.67	634%
	Mr. Mrunal Shetty Chief Financial Of- ficer & Director	2.20	594%
	Mr. Shobha Singh Thakur Independent Director	0.46	N.A.
	Ms. Jyoti Rai Independent Director	0.47	N.A.
	Mr. Rajiv Kumar Bakshi Independent Director	0.73	N.A.
	Ms. Bhumika Jain Independent Director	0.74	N.A.
	Ms. Ruchi Jaiswal Company Secretary	0.94	14%
Median for the current year	0.47 million		
% increase in the median remuneration of employee in the FY 2019-20	2.85%		
Total number of permanent employee on the rolls of the Company	282		
Average percentile increase already made in the salaries of the employee other than managerial personnel in the last financial year and its comparison with the percentile increase in the managerial remuneration and justification thereof and point out if there are any exception circumstances for increase in the managerial remuneration.	During the year, the managerial remuneration has been reduced as compared to previous financial year. Accordingly, this is not applicable to the Company.		
Affirmation that the remuneration is as per the remuneration policy of the Company.  It is hereby affirmed that the remuneration Remuneration Policy of the Company			on is as per the

# Note:

The Company, for FY 2019-20, has considered remuneration for Independent Directors including Sitting fees, Commission and professional fee paid.

For and on behalf of the Board of Directors

Mr. Mehul Vala WholeTime Director & CEO DIN:08361696

Place: Mumbai Date: July 17, 2020 Mr. Mrunal Shetty Director & CFO DIN:08362895

# Standalone Financial



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Responsive Industries Limited Report on the Audit of the Standalone Financial Statements

### **Opinion**

We have audited the standalone financial statements of Responsive Industries Limited ("the Company"), which comprise the balance sheet as at 31st March 2020, and the statement of Profit and Loss, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid standalone financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at March 31, 2020, and profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

# **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

# Information other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report there on. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If based on the work we have performed we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Management's Responsibility for the Standalone Financial Statements

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these standalone financial statements that give a true and fair view of the



financial position, financial performance, (changes in equity) and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Directors are also responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

1. Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Paragraph 40(b) of this SA explains that the shaded material below can be located in an Appendix to the auditor's report. Paragraph 40(c) explains that when law, regulation or applicable auditing standards expressly permit, reference can be made to a website of an appropriate authority that contains the description of the auditor's responsibilities, rather than including this material in the auditor's report, provided that the description on the website addresses, and is not inconsistent with, the description of the auditor's responsibilities below.

- 2. As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the

- reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty.
- exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- 3. We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.
- 4. We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.
- 5. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

#### **Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements**

As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we give in the "Annexure A" a statement on the matters specified in paragraphs 3 and 4 of the Order, to the extent applicable. As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:

- (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit
- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books.
- (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account. (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid standalone financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules,
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the directors is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure B".



- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- 1. The Company has disclosed the impact of pending litigations on its financial position in its financial statements.
- 2. The Company did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
- 3. There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

With respect to the matter to be included in the Auditors' Report under Section 197(16): In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the remuneration paid by the Company to its directors during the current year is in accordance with the provisions of Section 197 of the Act. The remuneration paid to any director is not in excess of the limit laid down under Section 197 of the Act. The Ministry of Corporate Affairs has not prescribed other details under Section 197(16) which are required to be commented upon by us.

For SHAH & TAPARIA Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 109463W

BHARAT JOSHI Partner Membership No. 130863

Place of Signature: Mumbai Date: 17th July, 2020

UDIN: 20130863AAAAEK9517

# ANNEXURE A TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

The Annexure referred to in Paragraph 1 under "Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements" in the Independent Auditors' Report of even date to the members of the Company on the standalone financial statements for the year ended March 31st, 2020, we report that:

- (i) (a) The Company has maintained proper records showing full particulars including quantitative details and situation of its fixed assets.
  - (b) During the year, the fixed assets of the Company have been physically verified by the Management and as informed, no material discrepancies were noticed on such verification. In our opinion, the frequency of verification is reasonable having regard to the size of the Company and the nature of its assets.
  - (c) The title deeds of immovable properties recorded as fixed assets in the books of accounts of the Company are held in the name of the Company.
- (ii) The inventories have been physically verified by the management during the year at reasonable intervals. Discrepancies noticed on physical verification of inventories as compared to book records were not material and have been properly dealt with in the books of account.
- (iii) As informed the Company has not granted any Loan, secured or unsecured, to companies, firms, Limited Liability Partnership or other parties covered in the register maintained under Section 189 of the Companies Act, 2013. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (iii) (a), 3 (iii) (b), and 3 (iii) (c) of the said Order are not applicable to the Company.
- (iv) Based on information and explanation given to us in respect of loans, investments, guarantees and securities, the Company has complied with the provisions of Sections of Section 185 and 186 of the Act.
- (v) In our opinion and according to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not accepted any deposit from the public within the provision of Section 73 to 76 of the Act and the rules framed there under.
- (vi) We have broadly reviewed the books of accounts maintained by the Company in respect of products where the maintenance of cost records have been specified by the Central Government under sub Section (1) of Section 148 of the Act and the rules framed thereunder and we are of the opinion that prima facie, the prescribed accounts and records have been made and maintained.
- (vii) a) The Company is generally regular in depositing with appropriate authorities, undisputed statutory dues including Provident Fund, Employees State Insurance, Income Tax, Sales Tax, Service Tax, Goods and Service Tax, Value Added Tax, Custom Duty, Excise Duty, cess and any other material statutory dues applicable to it. AND According to the information and explanation given to us, no undisputed amounts payable in respect of provident fund, employees state insurance, income tax, sales tax, service tax, goods and service tax, value added tax, custom duty, excise duty, cess and any other material statutory dues applicable to it, were outstanding, at the year end, for a period of more than six month from the date they became payable.
  - (b) According to the information and explanation given to us, there are no dues with respect to income tax, sales tax, service tax, Goods & Service Tax, value added tax, custom duty, excise duty which have not been deposited on account of any dispute.



- (viii) According to the information and explanations given to us, the Company has not defaulted in the repayment of loans or borrowings to banks and financial institutions.
- (ix) The Company has not raised money by way of public issue offer/ further public offer (including debt instruments) and term loan have been applied by the Company for the purposes for which they were raised.
- (x) During the course of our examination of the books and records of the Company, carried out in accordance with the generally accepted auditing practises in India, and according to the information and explanation given to us, we have neither come across any instances of fraud by the Company or any fraud on the Company by its officer or employees, noticed or reported during the year, nor have we been informed of any such instance by the Management.
- (xi) According to the information and explanation given to us and based on our examination of the records of the Company, the Company has paid / provided for managerial remuneration in accordance with requisite approvals mandated by the provisions of Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act.
- (xii) In our opinion and according to the information and explanations given to us, the Company is not a Nidhi Company. Accordingly, paragraph 3 (xii) of the Order is not applicable.(xiii) According to the information and explanation given to us, all transaction entered into by the Company with the related parties are in compliance with Sections 177 and 188 of Act, where applicable and the details have been disclosed in the financial Statements etc., as required by the applicable Indian Accounting Standards.
- (xiii) The Company has not made any preferential allotment or private placement of shares or fully or partly convertible debentures during the year under review. Accordingly, paragraph 3(xiv) of the Order is not applicable to the Company.
- (xiv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company has not entered into any non-cash transactions with the directors or persons connected with him during the year.
- (xv) According to the information and explanation given to us, the Company Is not required to be registered under Section 45-IA of the Reserve Bank of India Act. 1934.

FOR SHAH & TAPARIA Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 109463W

BHARAT JOSHI Partner Membership No.130863 Place: Mumbai

Date: 17th July, 2020 UDIN: 20130863AAAAEK9517

# ANNEXURE B TO THE AUDITORS' REPORT

# Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act")

We have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Responsive Industries Limited ('the Company') as of 31st March 2020 in conjunction with our audit of the standalone financial statements of the Company for the year ended on that date.

## Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The Company's management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India (the "ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the Company's policies, safeguarding of its assets, prevention and detection of frauds and errors, accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

#### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing, issued by ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both applicable to an audit of Internal Financial Controls and, both issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness. Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

#### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that



- (1) Pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company;
- (2) Provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and
- (3) Provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the company has, in all material respects, an adequate internal financial control system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at March 31, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the guidance note on audit of internal financial control over financial reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountant of India.

FOR SHAH & TAPARIA Chartered Accountants

Firm's registration number: 109463W

BHARAT JOSHI Partner Membership No.130863

Place: Mumbai Date: 17th July, 2020

UDIN: 20130863AAAAEK9517

# Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020

(Rs. In Million)

	Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
ı	ASSETS			
(1)	Non-current assets (a) Property, Plant and Equipment	03	3,850.19	4,403.38
	(b) Financial Assets			
	(i) Non Current Investments	04		
	-Investments in Subsidiaries		2,912.25	1,987.24
	-Investments in Others	0.5	0.07	0.09
	(ii) Other Financial Assets	05	18.03	18.04
	( ) 1	20	2,930.35	2,005.37
	(c) Income tax Asset (net) (d) Other Non Current Assets	06 07	23.2 0.49	1.94 0.05
	Total Non - Current Assets		6,804.25	6,410.74
(2)	Current assets		.,	-, -
(2)	(a) Inventories (b) Financial Assets	08	482.15	670.94
	(i) Investments	04	87.29	115.77
	(ii) Trade receivables (iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	09	1,187.73	567.28
	(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents (iv) Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	10   11	25.68 126.35	9.44 125.70
	(v) Loans	12	2.62	2.10
	(vi) Other Financial Assets	05	18.47	3.69
			1,448.14	823.98
	(c) Other Current Assets	13	110.51	63.25
	Total Current Assets		2,040.80	1,558.17
	TOTAL		8,845.05	7,968.91
II	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity			
	(a) Equity Share Capital (b) Other Equity	14 14	266.91 6,329.87	266.91 6,131.44
	Total Equity		6,596.78	6,398.35
	Liabilities			
(1)	Non-current liabilities			
`'	(a) Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	15	3.74	-
	(ii) Other Financial liabilities	16	4.43	4.48
			8.17	4.48
	(b) Provisions	17	37.27	38.27
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	18	124.41	175.76
	Total Non - Current Liabilities		169.85	218.51
	Current liabilities (a) Financial Liabilities			
	(i) Borrowings	15	1,657.25	1,074.88
	(ii)Trade Payables	19	373.88	35.74
	(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	16	5.78	182.70
			2,036.91	1,293.32
	(b) Other current liabilities (c) Provisions	20 17	34.39 7.12	57.20 1.53
	Total Current Liabilities		2,078.42	1,352.05
	TOTAL		8,845.05	7,968.91
	Significant Accounting Polices forming part of the accounts	2	-7	,,,,,,,
	Other Notes to Accounts	29 to 36		

As per our attached report of even date For Shah & Taparia Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No : 109463W

Bharat Joshi Partner

Membership No. : 130863 Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 For and on behalf of the Board Mehul Vala Whole Time Director & CEO DIN :08361696

Ruchi Jaiswal Company Secretary Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 Mrunal Shetty Director & CFO DIN :08362895



# Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended 31st March 2020

(Rs. In Million)

Particulars	Note	Year Ended March 31, 2020	Year Ended March 31, 2019
Revenues			
Revenue from Operations	21	4,340.55	6,288.32
Other Income	22	171.99	143.39
Total Income		4,512.54	6,431.71
Expenses:			
Cost of Materials Consumed	23	2,593.17	4,225.64
Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock in trade and work-in-progress	24	35.24	136.97
Employee benefit expenses	25	150.68	147.08
Finance Costs	26	208.70	126.74
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	03	574.71	614.98
Other expenses	27	681.30	714.75
Total Expenses		4,243.80	5,966.16
Profit before tax		268.74	465.55
Tax Expenses			
(1) Current tax		70.90	149.16
(2) Deferred tax Charge / (Credit)		(51.17)	13.41
(3) Tax of earlier years		1.81	18.80
., .			
Profit after tax		247.20	284.18
Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)			
Items that will not be reclassified to Profit or loss			
" - Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans			
[Net of Deferred tax amounting to Rs. 0.18 million (P.Y. Rs. 0.72 million)]"		(0.52)	(1.35)
Total Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)		(0.52)	(1.35)
Total Comprehensive Income for the year		246.68	282.83
Earnings per equity share [Face Value of Re. 1 each]	28		
(1) Basic	20	0.93	1.06
(2) Diluted		0.93	1.06
Significant Accounting Bolices forming part of the accounts	2		
Significant Accounting Polices forming part of the accounts Other Notes to Accounts	29 to 36		
Other Notes to Accounts	29 10 36		

As per our attached report of even date For Shah & Taparia Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No : 109463W

Bharat Joshi Partner

Membership No.: 130863

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 For and on behalf of the Board

Mehul Vala Whole Time Director & CEO DIN :08361696

Ruchi Jaiswal Company Secretary Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 Mrunal Shetty Director & CFO DIN:08362895

Cash Flow Statement for the year ended 31 March, 2020

(Amount in Millions)

				(Amount in Millions)
Particulars	5		Year Ended March 31, 2020	Year Ended March 31, 2019
A. CAS	SH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES :			
Net	Profit Before Tax / (Less) : Adjustments for		268.74	465.55
	reciation and Amortisation		574.71	614.98
	vision for gratuity		6.28	5.76
	nce Income		(10.62)	(7.60)
Fina	nce Cost		208.70	126.74
Divid	dend Income		(2.02)	(4.83)
Loss	s/(Profit) from foreign exchange fluctuation(net)		(66.60)	(6.67)
Fair	Valuation Loss/(gain) on investments measured at FVTP	L	`18.93	`0.55
Loss	s / (profit) on sale of investments		0.25	(1.62)
Loss	s / (profit) on sale of property, plant & equipments		(13.47)	3.20
Prov	vision for Expected Credit Loss		5.13	5.21
Sund	dry balances written off/ (Back) (Net)		(0.28)	7.46
•	rating Profit Before Working Capital changes		989.75	1,208.72
	/ (Less) : Adjustments for change in working capital			(2.12)
	rease)/ Decrease in other non-current financial Assets		0.03	(0.16)
	rease) /Decrease in other non-current Asset		(0.44)	0.09
`	rease) / Decrease in Inventory		188.79	415.05
,	rease) / Decrease in Current Investments		28.48	
,	rease) / Decrease in trade receivables		(558.70)	2,131.78
	ease / (Decrease) in Other Current Financial Assets		(14.78)	2.18
	rease) / Decrease in other current assets		(47.26)	129.59
,	rease) / Decrease in Loans		(0.52)	(0.29)
	ease / (Decrease) in trade payables		338.14	(561.71)
	ease / (Decrease) in other current financial liabilities		(176.93)	(268.13)
	ease / (Decrease) in other current liabilities & Provisions		(25.19)	(34.75)
	ease / (Decrease) in other non-current liabilities		(0.05)	(0.05)
	h generated from Operations / (Less) : Direct taxes paid		<b>721.31</b> (93.98)	<b>3,022.34</b> (167.96)
Net	Cash Inflow / (Outflow) from Operating activities	(A)	627.33	2,854.38
B. CASI	H FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES :			
	uisition of Fixed Assets / Capital WIP		(47.00)	(97.23)
	ital Advance (given) / received		-	
	ceeds from sale of fixed assets		38.97	8.52
	rest Received		10.62	7.60
	dend Received		2.02	4.83
	it on Sale of Investments		(0.25)	542.32
rair ^~~	valuation gain on instruments measured at FVTPL uisition of Investments		(18.93) (925.01)	(0.55)
Acqu	d Deposits Matured/(Purchased)		(925.01)	(2,051.80) (0.64)
	Cash Inflow / (Outflow) from Investing activitie	(B)	(940.24)	(1,586.94)
	H FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES :	\ <del>-</del> /	(5.5.2.)	(.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
				(658.10)
	ns repaid during the year rt term loans taken / (repaid) during the year		- 586.10	(469.87)
	rest Paid			(126.74)
	est Paid dend paid (Including Tax on Dividend)		(208.70) (48.25)	(31.93)
	Cash Inflow / (Outflow) from Financing activities	(C)	329.15	(1,286.63)
Net	Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of year	(A+B+C)	<b>16.24</b> 9.44	(19.20) 28.64
	h and Cash Equivalents at the end of year		25.68	9.44
Com	ponents of Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of	year		
Cash	on hand		0.88	0.74
	nce with banks		<u>24.80</u>	<u>8.70</u>
Cash	n and Cash Equivalents (closing)		25.68	9.44
				<u> </u>

As per our attached report of even date For Shah & Taparia

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No : 109463W

Bharat Joshi

Partner

Membership No.: 130863

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 For and on behalf of the Board

Mehul Vala

Whole Time Director & CEO

DIN:08361696

Ruchi Jaiswal Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai

Date: 17th July, 2020

Mrunal Shetty Director & CFO DIN :08362895



# Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended March 31, 2020

# A. Equity Share Capital

# (Amount in Millions)

Particulars	As at Marc	h 31, 2020	As at March 3	31, 2019
	No. of Shares	Amount	No. of Shares	Amount
Equity shares at the beginning of the year	266,912,700	266.91	266,912,700	266.91
Add: Shares issued during the year	-	-	-	-
Equity shares at the end of the year	266,912,700	266.91	266,912,700	266.91

B. Other Equity (Amount in Millions)

Particulars	Capital Reserve	Securities Premium Reserve	General Reserve	Retained Earnings	Other comprehensive Income	Total
As at March 31, 2018	1.38	1,438.59	0.10	4,436.84	3.62	5,880.53
Profit for the Year ended March 31, 2019	-	-	-	284.18	-	284.18
Remeasurement of net defined benefits plans	-	-	-	-	(1.35)	(1.35)
Final Dividend	-	-	-	(26.69)	-	(26.69)
Dividend Distribution Tax on Final Dividend Paid	-	-	-	(5.24)	-	(5.24)
As at March 31, 2019	1.38	1,438.59	0.10	4,689.10	2.27	6,131.44
Profit for the Year ended March 31, 2020	-	-	-	247.20	-	247.20
Remeasurement of net defined benefits plans	-	-	-	-	(0.52)	(0.52)
Final Dividend	-	-	-	(32.03)	-	(32.03)
Dividend Distribution Tax on Final Dividend Paid	-	-	-	(6.58)	-	(6.58)
Interim Dividend	-	-	-	(8.01)	-	(8.01)
Dividend Distribution Tax on interim Dividend Paid	-	-	-	(1.63)	- 1	(1.63)
As at March 31, 2020	1.38	1,438.59	0.10	4,888.05	1.75	6,329.87

As per our attached report of even date For Shah & Taparia Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No : 109463W

Bharat Joshi Partner

Membership No.: 130863

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 Mehul Vala Whole Time Director & CEO DIN :08361696

Ruchi Jaiswal Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 Mrunal Shetty Director & CFO DIN :08362895

# Significant accouting policies

# 1. Company Overview:

Responsive Industries Limited ("the Company"), was incorporated on 13th July, 1982, CIN L65100MH1982PLC027797. The Company is a Public Limited Company incorporated and domiciled in Mumbai, Maharashtra, India and is having its registered office at Village Betagaon, Mahagaon Road, Boisor East, Thane – 401 501. The Company has primary listing in Bombay Stock Exchange Limited (BSE) and National Stock Exchange of India Limited (NSE).

The Company is a major producer and supplier of various articles made out of Plastics / Polymers, which includes products like Vinyl flooring, Rigid PVC, Leather Cloth & Soft Sheeting's.

# 2. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies:

#### 2.1 Basis of preparation of Standalone Ind AS Financial Statements:

The Standalone Ind AS financial statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015 as amended; and the other relevant provisions of the Act and Rules thereunder.

The Standalone Ind AS financial statements have been prepared under historical cost convention basis, except for certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

#### 2.2 Use of estimates:

The preparation of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements of the Company in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities and the accompanying disclosures along with contingent liabilities at the date of the Standalone Ind AS financial statements. These estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions; however uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that may require adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods. Appropriate revisions in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Revisions in estimates are recognized prospectively in the Standalone Ind AS financial statements in the period in which the estimates are revised in any future periods affected.

#### 2.3 Fair Value Measurement:

The Company measures certain financial instruments at fair value at each reporting date.

Certain accounting policies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial asset and liabilities. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to settle a liability in an ordinary transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumption that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability acting in their best economic interest. The Company uses valuation techniques, which are appropriate in circumstances and for which sufficient data is available considering the expected loss/ profit in case of financial assets or liabilities.

#### 2.4 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when it is earned and no significant uncertainty exists as to its realization and when the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when all significant contractual obligations have been satisfied, the property in the goods is transferred for a price, significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the customers and no effective ownership is retained.



Revenue from the sale of goods is net-off returns, taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government and applicable discounts and rebates. Interest income is recognized using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Revenue in respect of export sales is recognized on the basis of dispatch of goods for exports. (i.e. on the date of Bill of Lading).

Dividend is recognized when right to receive the payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of dividend can be measured reasonably. Other Income is accounted for on accrual basis, when certainty of receipt is established.

#### 2.5 Inventories

Inventories of Raw Materials, Finished Goods, Semi-Finished Goods, Stores and Spares and Packing Materials, are valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower. Materials-in-transit are valued at cost-to-date. Cost comprises of all cost of purchases, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and conditions. Cost is arrived at on FIFO basis. Due allowance is estimated and made for defective and obsolete items, wherever necessary, based on the past experience.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Obsolete, slow moving, surplus and defective stocks are identified at the time of physical verification of stocks and where necessary, provision is made for such stocks.

#### 2.6 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE):

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price or construction cost, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, the initial estimate of any decommissioning obligation, if any, and, borrowing cost for qualifying assets (i.e. assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use).

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Company. Spare parts which meet the definition of Property, Plant and Equipment are capitalized as Property, Plant and Equipment. In other cases, the spare part is inventorised on procurement and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on consumption.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised separately as part of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on derecognition of the asset is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at regular intervals and changes, if any, are accounted in line with revisions to accounting estimates.

#### 2.7 Capital Work in Progress

Cost of assets not ready for use at the balance sheet date is disclosed under capital work-in-progress. Expenditure during construction period is included under Capital Work in Progress & the same is allocated to the respective PPE on the completion of its construction.

#### 2.8 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired are measured on initial recognition at cost.

Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

#### 2.9 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs. Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets (i.e. an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use) are capitalized as a part of the cost of such assets. All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 2.10 Depreciation

Depreciation on Plant, Property and Equipment has been provided on the Straight - Line basis, over the estimated useful lives of assets. The Company provides pro-rata depreciation from the date of addition / up to the date of deletion made during the reporting period. Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful economic life.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the Standalone Ind AS financial statements upon sale or disposal of the asset and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss.

The useful lives determined are in line with the useful lives as prescribed in the Schedule II of the Act, except in case of Plant & Machinery which are depreciated over a useful lives of 20 years based on the technical assessment.

## 2.11 Impairment of Non - financial Assets:

Non – financial assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Company estimates the asset's recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the assets or Cash Generating Units (CGU) fair value less cost of disposal and it value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets.

When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

## 2.12 Government Subsidy

Grants and subsidies from the Government are recognized if the following conditions are satisfied,

- There is reasonable assurance that the Company will comply with the conditions attached to it.
- Such benefits are earned and reasonable certainty exists of the collection.

Government grants related to revenue are recognized on a systematic basis in net profit in the statement of Profit and Loss over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs which they are intended to compensate.



#### 2.13 Taxes on Income

#### a) Current Tax

Income-tax Assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, by the end of reporting period.

Current Tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in the Statement of Profit and Loss, other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

#### b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the Balance Sheet method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered.

Deferred Tax asset and liability are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or liability is settled based on rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred Tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in the Statement of Profit and Loss, other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Minimum Alternate Tax credit is recognised as deferred tax asset only when and to the extent there is convincing evidence that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period. Such asset is reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and the carrying amount of the MAT credit asset is written down to the extent there is no longer a convincing evidence to the effect that the Company will pay normal income tax during the specified period.

#### 2.14 Financial Assets

#### a) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets (not measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss) are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

#### b) Subsequent measurement

Subsequent measurement is determined with reference to the classification of the respective financial assets. The Company classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

# - Debt instruments at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the fair value through other comprehensive income if both the following conditions are met:

• The asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets

• Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, these assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive Income.

#### - Debt instruments at Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

Fairvaluethroughprofitorlossisaresidualcategoryfordebtinstruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorisation as at amortised cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

#### - Equity investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Company decides to classify the same either as at FVTOCI or FVTPL. The Company makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

For equity instruments classified as FVTOCI, all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI).

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### c) Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Company's Balance Sheet) when.

The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

The Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:

- The Company has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- The Company has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset. On de-recognition, any gains or losses on all equity instruments (measured at FVTPL) are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Accumulated gains or losses on equity instruments measured at FVTOCI are never reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### d) Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit losses (ECL) model to the following:

- · Financial asset measured at amortised cost
- Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:
  - 12 months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument) For financial assets other than trade receivables, as per Ind AS 109, the Company recognises 12 month expected credit losses for all originated or acquired financial assets if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on financial asset increases significantly since its initial recognition.



The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables, considering historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the Company operates or any other appropriate basis.

The Company's trade receivables do not contain significant financing component and loss allowance on trade receivables is measured at an amount equal to life time expected losses i.e. expected cash shortfall. The impairment losses and reversals are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 2.15 Financial Liabilities

#### a) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value net of transaction costs that are attributable to the respective liabilities.

#### b) Subsequent measurement

Subsequent measurement is determined with reference to the classification of the respective financial liabilities. The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

## (i) Financial Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial liability is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held-for-trading or is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and changes therein, including any interest expense, are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### (ii) Financial Liabilities measured at amortised cost

After initial recognition, financial liabilities other than those which are classified as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method ("EIR").

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### c) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

#### 2.16 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 2.17 Employee Benefits

#### a) Short- term employee benefit

Short term employee benefits are recognized as an expense at an undiscounted amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year in which the related services are rendered.

## b) Post- employment obligations

The Company operates the following post – employment schemes:

- 1. Defined benefit plans such as gratuity, and
- 2. Defined contribution plans such as provident fund.

#### **Gratuity Obligation:**

Provision for Gratuity is recorded on the basis of actuarial valuation certificate provided by the actuary using Projected Unit Credit Method. The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods, discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets. The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

#### **Defined Contribution Plans**

Defined Contribution Plans such as Provident Fund, etc. are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

#### 2.18 Foreign Currency Transactions:

#### a) Functional and Presentation Currency:

The Standalone Ind AS financial statements are presented in Indian rupees which is the functional currency for the Company. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest millions, unless otherwise indicated.

#### b) Monetary items:

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at their respective exchange rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates prevailing on the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items (except for long term monetary items taken prior to April 1, 2016) are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss either as Profit or Loss on foreign currency transaction and translation or as borrowing costs to the extent regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs.

The Company has elected to continue the policy adopted under previous GAAP for accounting the foreign exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of long-term foreign currency monetary items outstanding as on 31st March, 2016 i.e. foreign exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of long-term foreign currency monetary items relating to acquisition of depreciable assets are adjusted to the carrying cost of the assets and depreciated over the balance life of the asset and in other cases, if any, accumulated in "Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account" and amortised over the balance period of the asset or liability.

#### c) Non – Monetary items:

Non- monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a



foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

#### 2.19 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitments

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation The expenses relating to a provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss net of reimbursements, if any.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost. Contingent liabilities are possible obligations whose existence will only be confirmed by future events not wholly within the control of the Company, or present obligations where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the Standalone Ind AS financial statements but are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of economic resources is considered remote.

## 2.20 Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effect of all dilutive potential equity shares.

#### 2.21 Classification of Assets and Liabilities as Current and Non-Current:

All assets and liabilities are classified as current or non-current as per the Company's normal operating cycle (determined at 12 months) and other criteria set out in Schedule III of the Act

#### 2.22 Cash and Cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank, cash, cheque and draft on hand. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

#### 2.23 Cash Flows

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, where by net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities are segregated.

# Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

Note 3: Property, Plant and Equipment

(Amount in Million)

Particulars	Freehold Land	Factory Building	Plant and Machinery	Electrical Installa- tion	Furniture and Fix- tures	Office equipments	Computer	Motor Cars	Motor Trucks	Weigh- ing Scale	Total
Year Ended March 31, 2020											
Gross Carrying Amount											
As at April 1, 2019	78.10	234.54	7,454.91	9.94	4.65	10.64	66.9	80.22	36.57	0.15	7,916.71
Additions	-	-	25.35	-	60.0	2.09	0.63	17.24	1.60	-	47.00
Disposals	-	-	1	•	'	•	•	(17.60)	(36.57)	1	(54.17)
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	78.10	234.54	7,480.26	9.94	4.74	12.73	7.62	79.86	1.60	0.15	7,909.54
Accumulated Depreciation											
Upto March 31, 2019	-	28.82	3,430.77	25.7	1.11	7.19	5.04	32.27	0.49	60'0	3,513.33
For the year	•	14.04	530.94	1.16	0.52	1.77	1.30	10.58	14.38	0.02	574.71
Reversal on account of disposals	•	•	-	•	•	•	•	(14.10)	(14.59)	•	(28.69)
Closing Accumulated Depreciation	-	42.86	3,961.71	8.71	1.63	96.8	6.34	28.75	0.28	0.11	4,059.35
Net Carrying Amount as at March 31, 2020	78.10	191.68	3,518.55	1.23	3.11	3.77	1.28	51.11	1.32	0.04	3,850.19
Year Ended March 31, 2019											
Gross Carrying Amount											
As at April 1, 2018	78.10	234.54	7,400.78	9.94	2.47	10.02	6.05	80.22	20.77	0.15	7,843.03
Additions	-	•	06.0	-	2.19	0.62	0.94	1	39.35	•	44.00
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(23.54)	-	(23.54)
Increase / (Decrease) in foreign exchange fluctuations (net)	-	1	53.23	I	ı	ı	ı	1	1	•	53.23
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	78.10	234.54	7,454.91	9.94	4.65	10.64	66.9	80.22	36.57	0.15	7,916.71
Accumulated Depreciation											
Upto March 31, 2018	-	19.78	2,846.43	86.38	0.81	2.56	3.85	22.06	9.11	90'0	2,914.05
For the year	-	9.04	584.34	1.17	0.30	1.63	1.18	10.21	6.41	0.02	614.30
Reversal on account of disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(15.03)	-	(15.03)
Closing Accumulated Depreciation	-	28.82	3,430.77	7.55	1.11	7.19	5.04	32.27	0.49	0.09	3,513.33
Net Carrying Amount as at March 31, 2019	78.10	205.72	4,024.14	2.39	3.54	3.46	1.96	47.95	36.08	90.0	4,403.38



# Notes to Financial Statements as at March 31,2020

Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Note 4 : Investments		
Investments in equity instruments of Subsidiary companies at Cost (Unquoted and fully paid up)		
Axiom Cordages Limited	257.75	257.75
[1,91,32,563 (P.Y. 1,91,32,563) Equity Shares of Rs.10/- each fully paid up ]		
Responsive Industries Limited, Hongkong	2,654.50	1,730.18
[38,010,000 (P.Y. 2,50,10,000) Equity Shares of USD 1 each]		
Less: Amount Payable	-	0.69
	2,912.25	1,987.24
Non Current Investments Investments in equity instruments of Other companies at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (Quoted and fully paid up)		
Syschem India Limited of Rs. 10 each [9,526 shares (P.Y.9,526 shares) of Rs. 10 each]	0.19	0.19
Less: Provision for Diminution in Investment	(0.12)	(0.10)
	0.07	0.09
Total Non - Current Investments	2,912.32	1,987.33
Aggregate amount of a) Quoted non-current investments as per books b) Market value of Quoted non-current investments c) Unquoted non-current investments as per books d) Provision for diminution in value of non-current investments	0.07 0.07 2,912.25 0.12	0.09 0.09 1,987.24 0.10
Current Investments Investments in Mutual Funds at Fair Value through Profit or Loss Quoted JM Multi Strategy Fund - Dividend Plan [1,91,109 (P.Y. 1,91,109) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up ] (NAV Rs.20.0122 (P.Y. NAV Rs. 28.93) per unit)	3.83	5.53
ICICI Prudential Leap Fund - Series I [2,79,516.028 (P.Y. 2,79,516.028) units of Rs. 100/- each fully paid up ] (NAV Rs.80.10 (P.Y. NAV Rs. 114.45) per unit)	22.67	31.99
Motilal Oswal Focused Multicap Opp. Fund [13,74,968.036 (P.Y. 13,74,968.036) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up ] (NAV Rs.6.9982 (P.Y. NAV Rs. 10.45) per unit)	9.62	14.37
Union Corporate Bond Fund [NIL (P.Y. 5,00,000) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up ] (NAV NIL (P.Y. NAV Rs. 10.69) per unit)	-	5.35
Union Arbitrage Fund [ 5,10,668 (P.Y. 4,99,990) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up ] (NAV 10.4608 (P.Y. NAV Rs. 10.06) per unit)	5.34	5.02

		(IXS. III WIIIIIOIIS
Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Investments in Other Investments at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		
(Unquoted) IDFC Score Fund	23.26	23.26
[20,500 (P.Y. 20,500) units of Rs. 1,000/- each fully paid up ]		
[_0,000 (0,000) a		
Edelweiss Crossoveer Opportunities Fund	3.29	3.91
[ 3,46,430 (P.Y. 3,84,374) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up ]	0.20	0.01
[ 3,40,430 (F. 1. 3,04,374) drills of 13. 10/- each fally paid up ]		
IIFL Yeild Enhancer Fund	19.28	26.34
	19.20	20.34
[ 96,85,094.601 (P.Y. 96,85,094.601) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up ]		
	87.29	115.77
Aggregate amount of		
a) Quoted current investments as per books	41.46	62.26
b) Unquoted current investments as per books	45.83	53.50
c) Market value of Quoted current investments	41.46	62.26
d) Provision for diminution in value of current investments	1 71.40	02.20
a) i Tovision for diffiliation in value of current investments	<del>                                     </del>	
Note 5 : Other Financial Assets		
(Unsecured and considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
Non - Current		
Security deposits		
Considered Good	18.03	18.04
	40.00	40.04
	18.03	18.04
Current		
Dividend Receivable	2.65	0.92
Other Receivables	0.08	0.19
Deposits	13.13	0.06
Interest accrued on Security Deposits - Considered Good	2.61	2.52
	18.47	3.69
	10.47	0.00
Note 6 : Income Tax Asset (net)		
Advance Tax & TDS (net of Provisions)	23.22	1.94
Advance tax a 120 (net of 1 foviolofis)		
	23.22	1.94
Note 7 : Other New Comment Access		
Note 7 : Other Non Current Assets		
(Unsecured, Considered Good, unless otherwise stated)	0.40	0.05
Prepaid expenses	0.49	0.05
	0.49	0.05
	1	
Note 8 : Inventories		
(at lower of cost or net realisable value)		
a) Raw Materials*	276.57	545.27
b) Goods-in-transit*	114.99	0.69
c) Finished Goods	45.92	70.64
d) Work in Process**	33.35	43.87
e) Stores & Spares	6.83	8.35
f) Packing Materials	4.49	2.12
	482.15	670.94
Included in inventories, goods - in - transit as follows		
Raw materials	114.99	0.69
	114.99	0.69
	114.33	U.03
*DVC regin and related row materials		
*PVC resin and related raw materials  **PVC related products		



		(143. 111 1411111011
Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Note 9 : Trade receivables		
(Unsecured)	4 000 00	
- Considered Good	1,202.26	576.68
- Considered Doubtful	-	-
	1,202.26	576.68
Less: Provision for Expected Credit Loss	(14.53)	(9.40)
	1,187.73	567.28
Current Portion	1,187.73	567.28
Non-Current Portion	- 1,107.73	-
	1,187.73	567.28
Note 10 : Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Note 10 : Cash and Cash Equivalents	24.00	0.70
Balance with banks	24.80	8.70
Cash on hand	0.88	0.74
	25.68	9.44
Note 11 : Bank Balances Other than Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Fixed Deposits with Bank * - maturity beyond 3 months and less than 12 months	126.35	125.70
- maturity beyond 3 months and less than 12 months	126.35	125.70
	120.35	125.70
*Out of the above, Fixed Deposits amounting to Rs. 126.05 million (PY. Rs. 125.70 million) is on Lien against facilities taken from bank.		
Note 12 : Loans		
Current		
Loans and advances to staff	2.62	2.10
	2.62	2.10
Note 13 : Other Current Assets		
(Unsecured, Considered Good, unless otherwise stated)	40.40	44.00
Advances towards Purchases of Goods and Services	13.40	11.23
Prepaid expenses	18.20	7.76
Balance with Tax Authorities	78.91	44.26
	110.51	63.25
Note 14 : Equity Share Capital		
<b>Authorised</b> 42,00,00,000 (PY 42,00,00,000) Equity shares of Re.1/- each	420.00	420.00
, , , ( ,,, =-q <b>y</b>		
	420.00	420.00
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up		
26,69,12,700 (PY 26,69,12,700) Equity shares of Re.1/- each fully paid up	266.91	266.91
	266.91	266.91
a. Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year		
Opening balance of shares	26,69,12,700	26,69,12,700
Closing balance of shares	26,69,12,700	26,69,12,700

		. `
Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
b. Shares held by holding entity and subsidiary company		
Holding Entity - [Wellknown Business Ventures LLP] Subsidiary Company - [Axiom Cordages Limited]	12,34,25,340 44,18,330	12,34,25,340 44,18,330
c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company		
Wellknown Business Ventures LLP		
- Number of share held	12,34,25,340	12,34,25,340
- % of total equity share capital	46.24%	46.24%
2) Fossebridge Limited		
- Number of share held	3,28,96,800	3,28,96,800
- % of total equity share capital	12.32%	12.32%
3) Xatis International Limited		
- Number of share held	3,27,00,720	3,27,00,720
- % of total equity share capital	12.25%	12.25%
4) Parshvanath Comtrade LLP		
- Number of share held	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
- % of total equity share capital	9.37%	9.37%
5) Brenzett Limited		
- Number of share held	1,53,62,708	1,53,62,708
- % of total equity share capital	5.76%	5.76%
	1	1

# d. There are no bonus shares, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

# e. Rights / Preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares.

Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per equity share. They are entitled to receive dividend proposed by the Board of Directors and approved by shareholders in General Meeting, right to receive annual report and other quarterly / half yearly / annual publications and right to get new shares proportionately in case of issuance of additional shares by the Company.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after the distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders

	1	
Other Equity		
Capital Reserve	1.38	1.38
Securities Premium Reserve	1,438.59	1,438.59
General Reserve	0.10	0.10
Retained Earnings	4,888.05	4,689.10
Other Comprehensive income	1.75	2.27
	6,329.87	6,131.44
(i) Capital reserves		
Opening balance	1.38	1.38
Closing Balance	1.38	1.38
(ii) Securities Premium Reserve		
Opening balance	1,438.59	1,438.59
Closing Balance	1,438.59	1,438.59
(iii) General reserves		
Opening balance	0.10	0.10
Closing Balance	0.10	0.10



Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
(iv) Retained Earnings		
Opening balance	4,689.10	4,436.84
Add:		
- Profit for the year as per Statement of Profit and Loss	247.20	284.18
Less: Appropriation		
- Final dividend		
- on Equity Shares	32.03	26.69
- Tax on final dividend	6.58	5.24
- Interim Dividend		
- on Equity Shares	8.01	-
- Tax on Interim Dividend	1.63	-
	4,888.05	4,689.10
Other Comprehensive Income		
Opening balance	2.27	3.62
Add: For the year		
- Remeasurement of net defined plans (net of tax)	(0.52)	(1.35)
Closing Balance	1.75	2.27
Total	6,329.87	6,131.44

#### Nature and Purpose of Reserves :

#### **Capital Reserves**

Capital Reserve is created on account of Forfeiture of Equity Shares.

#### **Securities Premium Reserve**

Securities Premium Reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shares. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

#### **General Reserve**

General Reserve represents appropriation of retained earnings and are available for distribution to shareholders.

## **Retained Earnings**

Retained Earnings represents surplus/accumulated earnings of the Company and are available for distribution to shareholders.

Note 15 : Borrowings Non Current Borrowings		
Secured - From Banks		
Vehicle Loans (Refer Note below)	9.52	13.51
Less- Current Maturites	(5.78)	(13.51)
Total Non Current Borrowings	3.74	-

**Note:** The loans are repayable in 36 installments and the interest rate on above is ranging between 4.50%. They are secured by way of hypothecation of specific vehicles acquired under the arrangements. The Repayment Schedule is from 01.02.2020 to 01.01.2023.

Current Borrowings		
Secured - From Banks		
Packing Credit Foreign Currency Loans (Refer Note 1 below)	871.36	745.43
EBRD (Post Shipment) Loan (Refer Note 2 below)	393.67	-
Cash Credit Facility (Refer Note 3 below)	392.22	329.46
Total Current Parrawings	1 657 25	1 074 00
Total Current Borrowings	1,657.25	1,074.88

- **Note 1:** PCFC Loan of Rs.871.36 million (PY Rs.745.43 million) are secured by first ranking pari passu hypothecation charge on entire current assets of the company both present and future.
- **Note 2:** EBRD (Post Shipment) of Rs.393.67 (PY Rs. Nil ) are secured by first ranking pari passu hypothecation charge on entire current assets of the company both present and future.
- **Note 3:** Cash Credit Facility of Rs. 392.22 million (PY Rs. 329.46 million) are secured by first ranking pari passu hypothecation charge on entire current assets of the company both present and future.

Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Note 16 : Other financial liabilities		
Non - Current		
Security Deposits from Subsidiary Company	0.003	0.003
Deferred rent - Subsidiary Company	4.43	4.48
	4.43	4.48
Current	5.70	10.51
Current Maturities of Long Term Debt	5.78	13.51
Interest accrued but not due on borrowings	-	0.0005 169.19
Cheques Overdrawn	-	
	5.78	182.70
Note 17 : Provisions Non - Current		
Provision for Gratuity	37.27	38.27
<u> </u>	37.27	38.27
Current		
Provision for Gratuity	7.12	1.53
	7.12	1.53
Note 19 : Trade payables		
Amount due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises	-	0.69
Others	373.88	35.05
	373.88	35.74
Details of due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as per the Micro, Small and Medium EnterprisesDevelopment Act, 2006.		
Amount due and payable at the year end		
- Principal amount	-	0.69
- interest on above principals *	-	-
Payment made during the year after the due date		
- Principal	_	_
- Interest	_	-
Interest due and navable for principal electives d		
Interest due and payable for principal already paid  Total interest accrued and unpaid at the year end	_	_
* Interest have been waived off by respetive parties.	-	-
interest have been waived on by respetive parties.		
Note 20 : Other Current Liabilities		
Advance received from Customers	26.80	22.47
Statutory Liabilities	1.78	3.90
GST Payable	5.81	30.83
	34.39	57.20



# Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

## Note 18: Tax Expense

# (a) Amount recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss

(Rs. In Million)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Current Tax expense (A)		
Current year	70.90	149.16
Short / (Excess) provision of earlier year	1.81	18.80
	72.71	167.96
Deferred tax expense (B)		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(51.17)	13.41
Tax expense recognised in the income statement (A+B)	21.54	181.37

# (b) Amount recognised in other comprehensive income

(Rs. In Million)

Particulars		2019-20	2018-19			
Items that will not be reclassi- fied to profit or loss	Before tax	Tax (expense)/ benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense)/ benefit	Net of tax
Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans	0.70	(0.18)	0.52	2.07	(0.72)	1.35
	0.70	(0.18)	0.52	2.07	(0.72)	1.35

# (c) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

(Rs. In Million)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Profit before tax	268.74	465.55
Tax using the company domestic tax rate	67.64	161.12
Tax effect of:		
Tax effect on non deductible expenses	4.51	0.33
Others	(52.42)	1.12
Adjustment recognised in current year in relation to the current tax of prior years	1.81	18.80
Tax expense as per Statement of the Profit and loss	21.54	181.37
Effective tax rate	8.02%	38.96%

# (d) Movement in deferred tax balances

Particulars	Net balance as at April 1, 2019	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Recognised directly in equity	Net Balance as at March 31, 2020	Deferred tax liability	Deferred tax asset
Deferred tax (Asset)/ Liabilities							
Property, plant and equipment & Intangible assets	190.15	(53.16)	-	-	136.99	136.99	-
Investments	9.40	-	-	-	9.40	9.40	-
Fair Valuation of Non- current Assets	(0.04)	-	-	-	(0.04)	-	(0.04)
Employee benefits	(8.13)	2.91	(0.18)	-	(5.39)	-	(5.39)
Provisions	(3.28)	(0.37)	-	-	(3.65)	-	(3.65)
Fair Valuation of Non- current Liabilities	0.16	-	-	-	0.16	0.16	-
Other Ind AS Impact - Land	(3.99)	-	-	-	(3.99)	-	(3.99)
Other Items	(8.50)	(0.55)	-	-	(9.05)		(9.05)
Deferred tax (Asset)/ Liabilities	175.76	(51.17)	(0.18)	-	124.41	146.55	(22.14)

Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Note 21 : Revenue from Operations		
Sale of Products (net) *	4,312.37	6,214.24
	4,312.37	6,214.24
Other Operating Revenue		
Incentive and assistance	28.18	74.08
	4,340.55	6,288.32
* PVC related products Incentive and assistance includes export incentive in the nature of	·	
promotion of export & refund of taxes on export of goods		
22. Other income		
<u>Dividend Income</u>		0.00
- from Subsidiary company - from others	2.02	0.96 3.87
Interest Income	2.02	3.01
- On Fixed Deposit	8.89	7.60
- Others	1.73	7.00
Gain on Foreign Exchange fluctuation (net)	133.65	126.68
Insurance Claim Received	6.75	2.01
Liabilities no Longer Payable hence written back (net)	0.28	-
Profit on sale of current Investments (net)	-	1.62
Profit on Sale of Property, Plant & Equipments	13.47	-
Rent Income	3.37	0.65
Others	1.83	-
	171.99	143.39
Note 23 : Cost of Materials Consumed		
Opening Stock	545.96	796.95
Add: Purchases*	2,438.77	3,974.65
	2,984.73	4,771.60
Less: Closing Stock	391.56	545.96
	2,593.17	4,225.64
*PVC resin and related raw materials		
Note 24 : Changes in inventories of finished goods, stock in trade and work -in- progress		
Closing Stocks:		
Finished Goods	45.92	70.64
Stock in process	33.35	43.87
	79.27	114.51
Less: Opening Stocks		
Finished Goods	70.64	222.53
Stock in process	43.87	28.95
	114.51	251.48
	35.24	136.97
Note 25. Employee benefits expense		
Salaries and wages	132.38	132.24
Provision for Gratuity (Refer Note 30)	6.28	5.76
	1	4.47
Contribution to Provident fund and others (Refer Note 30)	4.35	
	4.35 7.67	4.47



# Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Note 26. Finance Costs		
Interest expenses on borrowing	189.82	110.60
Other Borrowing Costs	18.88	16.14
	208.70	126.74
Note 27. Other expenses		
Manufacturing Expenses		
Power & Fuel	316.86	368.33
Packing Materials consumed	15.45	10.56
Stores and Spares consumed	36.03	34.18
Repairs - Plant & Equipments	6.75	7.66
Other Manufacturing Expenses	46.01	48.16
Sales and marketing cost		
Freight & Forwarding Charges	86.44	93.60
Other Selling & Distribution Expenses	57.02	29.77
Administrative Expenses		
Conveyance and Travelling Expenses	25.12	28.76
Auditor's Remuneration (Refer note below)	3.00	2.11
Insurance charges	10.19	7.48
Legal and professional expenses	23.37	20.56
Provision for Diminution on Investments	0.02	-
Rates & Taxes	4.93	10.80
Rent expenses (Refer Note 29)	5.94	6.18
Loss on sale of Investments	0.25	-
Provision for Expected Credit Loss	5.13	5.21
Fair valuation Loss on Current Investments measured at FVTPL	18.93	0.53
Loss on sale of property, plant & equipments	-	3.20
Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) (Refer Note 32)	1.00	0.65
Sundry Balance Written Off (net)	-	7.46
Other Expenses	18.86	29.57
	681.30	714.75
Auditors' remuneration includes: (excluding GST)		
Auditors remuneration includes: (excluding GST)  Audit Fees	3.00	1.70
Others	3.00	0.41
Others	2.00	
N 4 00 F 1	3.00	2.11
Note 28 : Earnings per share : Net Profit after tax (Rs.)		
Weighted average number of equity shares for Basic EPS	26,69,12,700	26,69,12,700
Weighted average number of equity shares for Diluted EPS	26,69,12,700	26,69,12,700
Face value of Equity Share (Re.)	20,09,12,700	20,08,12,700
i ace value of Equity Strate (Ne.)	1	<u>'</u>
Basic Earnings Per Share (Rs.)	0.93	1.06
Diluted Earnings Per Share (Rs.)	0.93	1.06

# Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

(Rs in Millions)

Particulars	2019- 20	2018- 19
Note 29 : Leases  A. Leases as lessee The Company has taken premises and equipments on operating lease and entered into cancellable Leave and License Agreements. The agreements have been entered for a period of 12 months to 60 months.  Assets taken on Operating Lease		
Lease Payments recognised during the year in the Statement of Profit and Loss	5.94	6.18
B. Leases as lessor The Company has given premises on operating lease and entered into cancellable Leave and License Agreements. The agreements have been entered for a period of 60 months. Rent income	3.37	0.65
Note 30 : Employee benefit expenses Post Employment Benefit Plans:		
Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss	2019-20	2018-19
Contribution to Provident fund and Employee State Insurance Corporation	4.35	4.47

#### **Defined Benefit Plans**

The Company has the following Defined Benefit Plans:

**Gratuity:** In accordance with the applicable laws, the Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ("The Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides for a lump sum payment to vested employees on retirement (subject to completion of five years of continuous employment), death, incapacitation or termination of employment that are based on last drawn salary and tenure of employment. Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation on the reporting date. The following are the details of defined benefit plans:

Movement in net defined benefit (asset)/ liability		
a) Reconciliation of balances of Defined Benefit Obligations.	2019-20	2018-19
Defined Obligations at the beginning of the year	39.80	33.62
Interest Cost	2.91	2.52
Current Service Cost	3.38	3.24
Past service cost	-	-
Benefits paid	(2.39)	(1.64)
Actuarial (Gains)/ Losses on obligations		
-Changes in financial Assumptions	2.50	0.80
Changes in demographic assumption	0.02	-
-Experience adjustments	(1.83)	1.26
Defined Obligations at the end of the year	44.39	39.80
Changes in Fair Value of Plan Assets	-	-
Net (Asset) / Liability recognised in the balance sheet	44.39	39.80
b) Amount recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	2019-20	2018-19
Current Service Cost	3.38	3.24
Past Service Cost and loss / (gain) on curtailments and settlement	-	-
Interest Cost	2.91	2.52
Expenses for the year	6.28	5.76

c) Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income - Remeasurements :			
Actuarial (Gains)/ Losses	2019-20	2018-19	
-Changes in financial assumptions	2.50	0.80	
-Change in demographic assumption	0.02	-	
-Experience adjustments	(1.83)	1.26	
Total	0.70	2.07	



d) Major Actuarial Assumptions	2019-20	2018-19
Discount Rate (%)	6.80%	7.45%
Salary Escalation/ Inflation (%)	11.00%	11.00%
Withdrawal rates	10% at younger ages reducing to 2% at older ages	10% at younger ages reducing to 2% at older ages

The estimates for future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.

# Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis for each significant actuarial assumption as stated above, showing how the defined benefit obligation would be affected, considering increase/decrease as at 31.03.2020 and 31.03.2019 is as below:

Particulars	Gratuity - Unfunded	
	2019-20	2018-19
	Defined Benefit Obligation	Change in Defined Benefit Obligation
Discounting rate varied by 0.5%		
+ 0.5%	42.45	37.83
- 0.5%	46.48	41.91
Salary growth rate varied by 0.5%		
+ 0.5%	45.99	41.52
- 0.5%	42.91	38.26
Withdrawal rate (W.R.) varied by 10%		
W.R. * 110%	44.07	39.47
W.R. * 90%	44.73	40.14

Sensitivity for significant actuarial assumptions is computed by varying one actuarial assumption used for the valuation keeping all other actuarial assumptions constant.

The expected future cash flows as at 31st March 2020 were as follows:

Particulars	Gratuity - Unfunded
Projected benefits payable in future years from the date of reporting	
1st following year	1.26
2nd following year	1.28
3rd following year	1.64
4th following year	1.38
5th following year	1.72
Years 6 to 10	16.90
Other details as at 31.03.2020	
Weighted Average Duration of the Projected Benefit Obligation (in years)	10.04
Prescribed contribution for next year (in Rs.)	7.13

Amount Recognised in Balance Sheet:-					
	2019-2	2018-19			
Gratuity-	7.1.	2 1.53			
Current	37.2	7 38.27			
Non - Current	44.3	39.80			

# Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### Note 31: Disclosures on Related party transactions

#### i) Nature and Relationship of Related Parties

# a) Subsidiary Companies

**Axiom Cordages Limited** 

Responsive Industries Limited, Hongkong

Responsive Industries Limited, Singapore

#### b) Holding Entity

Wellknown Business Ventures LLP

## c) Step Down Subsidiary Companies

Axiom Cordages Limited, HongKong

Responsive Industries Limited, UAE Axiom Cordages Limited, UAE

# d) Directors & Key Management Personnel

1) Mr. Rishabh Agarwal Non-Executive Chairman

2) Mr. Mehul Vala Executive Director & Chief Executive Officer (CEO)

3) Mr. Murnal Shetty Director & Chief Financial Officer (CFO)

4) Mr. Rajiv Bakshi Independent Director
 5) Ms. Jyoti Rai Independent Director
 6) Ms. Bhumika Jain Independent Director
 7) Ms. Ruchi Jaiswal Company Secretary

ii) Transactions with Related Parties during the year

Relationship	For the year en	ded March 31, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019		
	Total Amount	Amount for Major Parties*	Total Amount	Amount for Major Parties*	
a) Subsidiary Company Investment in Subsidiary Responsive Industries Limited, Hongkong	924.32	924.32	1,722.44 -	- 1,722.44	
Sales Axiom Cordages Limited	- -	- -	6.28 -	6.28	
Purchases Axiom Cordages Limited	-	- -	57.05 -	57.05	
Rent Income Axiom Cordages Limited	3.35	- 3.35	0.65	0.65	
Dividend Paid Axiom Cordages Limited	0.66	0.66	0.44 -	0.44	
Dividend Received Axiom Cordages Limited	-	- -	0.96 -	0.96	
<b>b) Holding Entity</b> Dividend Paid Wellknown Business Ventures LLP	18.51 -	- 18.51	14.84 -	- 14.84	
c) Directors and Key Management Personnel Remuneration Mehul Vala	2.18	- 2.18	-	-	
Salary Mr. Rishabh Agarwal	1.56 -	-	7.67 -	- 5.38	



Relationship		ar ended March 1, 2020	For the year ended March 31, 2019		
	Total Amoun	Amount for Major Parties*	Total Amount	Amount for Major Par- ties*	
Mr. Rajesh Pandey	-	-	-	1.33	
Mrunal Shetty	-	1.09	-	-	
Ms. Ruchi Jaiswal	-	0.47	-	0.51	
Professional Fees	0.29	_	_	_	
Bhumika Jain	-	0.29	-	-	
Dividend Paid	0.01	_	0.08	_	
Mr. Atit Agarwal	-	-	-	0.08	
Mr. Rishabh Agarwal	-	0.01	-	-	
d) Relatives of Directors / Key Management Personnel					
Dividend Paid	-	-	0.28	-	
Mr. Abhishek Agarwal	-	-	-	0.06	
Mrs. Saudamini Agarwal	-	-	-	0.09	
Ms. Swati Agarwal	-	-	-	0.13	
e) Entities where Directors / Key Management Personnel have Significant Influence Capital Expenditure towards purchase of Trucks Fairpoint Tradecom LLP		- -	39.35 -	- 39.35	
iii) Closing Outstanding Balances of Related Parties					
Subsidiary Company					
Investment in Shares	2,912.24	_	1,987.24	_	
Axiom Cordages Limited	-	257.75	-	257.75	
Responsive Industries Limited, Hongkong	-	2,654.49	-	1,729.49	
Rent Deposit Payable	4.43	_	4.48	_	
Axiom Cordages Limited	-	4.43	-	4.48	
Key Management Personnel					
Salary Payable	0.12	-	0.90	-	
Rishabh Agarwal	-	-		0.55	
Mehul Vala	-	0.05	-	0.20	
Mrunal Shetty	-	0.05	-	0.10	
Ruchi Jaiswal	0.00	0.03	-	-	
Professional Fees Payable Bhumika Jain	0.02	0.02	_	_	

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Major Parties" denotes who account 10% or more of the aggregate for that category of transaction

Note 1: Related Parties as disclosed by Management and relied upon by auditors.

Note 2: Salary does not include amount in respect of gratuity as the same is not determinable.

Note 3: No amount pertaining to related parties have been provided for as doubtful debts. Also, no amount has been written off / back which was due from / to related parties.

#### Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### Note 32: Disclosure in respect of Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility Activities

(Rs in Millions)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
a) Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	7.01	7.35
b) Amount spent during the year (on purpose other than construction / acquisition of assets controlled by the company)	1.00	0.65
c) Provision created for balance amount	-	-

<sup>#</sup> The above expenditure includes contribution to funds, expenses through registered trusts / registered society or company established under section 8 of the Act and direct expenses by the Company.

#### Note 33: Segment Reporting

The Company is primarily engaged in the business of Manufacturing & Selling of articles made out of Plastics / Polymers. As such, the Company operates in a single segment and there are no separate reportable segments as defined in Ind AS 108 - "Operating Segments". The same is consistent with the information reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM).

#### **Geographical Information:**

The operation of the Company comprises of local sales and export sales. The Management views the Indian market and Export market as distinct geographical areas. The following is the distribution of the Company's Revenues by geographical markets:

Revenues		
India Export	2,119.03 2,221.52	4,020.70 2,267.62
	4,340.55	6,288.32

The following is the carrying amount of segment assets by geographical area in which the assets are located Non - Current Assets (other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets)

Outside India	3,873.90	4,405.39
India Outside India	3,873.90	4,405.39



# Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### Note 34: Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management

#### A. Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

(Rs in Millions)

		Carrying a	mount			Fair	value	-
31st March 2020	Mandatorily at FVTPL	FVTOCI - designated as such	Amor- tised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Investments in Equity Instruments	0.07	-	-	0.07	0.07	-	-	0.07
Investments in Mutual Funds	41.46	-	-	41.46	41.46	-	-	41.46
Other Investments	45.83	-	-	45.83	45.83	-	-	45.83
Other Financial Assets	-	-	36.50	36.50	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-		1,187.73	1,187.73	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	25.68	25.68	-	-	-	-
Bank Balances other than Cash	-	-	126.35	126.35	-	-	-	-
and cash equivalents Loans	_	_	2.62	2.62	_	_	_	_
Loans	87.36		1,378.89	1,466.25	87.36	<u> </u>	<u>-</u>	87.36
	67.36	-	1,370.09	1,400.25	67.36	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	07.30
Financial liabilities			4 660 00	4 660 00				
Borrowings	-	-	1,660.99	1,660.99	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	373.88	373.88	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	10.21	10.21	-	-	-	-
	-	-	2,045.07	2,045.07	-	_	_	-
		Carrying a	nount	·	Fair value			
31st March 2019	Mandatorily	FVTOCI -	Amor-	Total	Level	Level	Level	Total
	at FVTPL	designated	tised		1	2	3	
		as such	Cost					
Financial assets								
Investments in Equity Instruments	0.09	-	-	0.09	0.09	-	-	0.09
Investments in Mutual Funds	62.27	-		62.27	62.27	-	-	62.27
Other Investments	53.50	-	-	53.50	53.50	-	-	53.50
Other Financial Assets	-	-	21.73	21.73	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	567.28	567.28	-	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	-	9.43	9.43	-	-	-	-
Bank Balances other than Cash	-	-	125.70	125.70	-	-	-	-
and cash equivalents	-	-	2.10	2.10	-	-	-	-
Loans								
	115.86	-	726.24	842.10	115.86	-	-	115.86
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	1,074.88	1,074.88	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables	-	-	35.74	35.74	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	187.19	187.19				
	-	-	1,297.82	1,297.82	_	_	-	_

## B. Measurement of fair values

Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

The Fair Value of the Financial Assets & Liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values, for financial instruments measured at fair value in the statement of financial position, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

#### Financial instruments measured at fair value

Туре	Valuation Technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Non current financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost	Discounted cash flows: The valuation model considers the present value of expected receipt/payment discounted using appropriate discounting rates.	Not applicable	Not applicable

#### C. Financial Risk Management

#### C.i. Risk management framework

A wide range of risks may affect the Company's business and operational / financial performance. The risks that could have significant influence on the Company are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's Board of Directors reviews and sets out policies for managing these risks and monitors suitable actions taken by management to minimise potential adverse effects of such risks on the Company's operational and financial performance.

#### C.ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. The maximum exposure to credit risk in case of all the financial instruments covered below is restricted to their respective carrying amount.

#### (a) Trade and other receivables from customers

Credit risk in respect of trade and other receivables is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk on an on-going basis through each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Company compares the risk of default occurring on assets as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information such as:

- i) Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business
- ii) Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty
- iii) Financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparties ability to meet its obligation
- iv) Significant changes in the value of the collateral supporting the obligation or in the quality of third party guarantees or credit enhancements

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectations of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. When loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due, When recoverable are made, these are recognised as income in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company measures the expected credit loss of trade receivables and loan from individual customers based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates. Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience and past trends. Based on the historical data, loss on collection of receivable is not material hence no additional provision considered.



### Ageing of Accounts receivables:

(Rs in million)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-20	As at 31-Mar-19
Not Due	-	438.44
0 - 6 months	971.80	128.84
6 - 12 months	215.93	-
Beyond 12 months	-	-
Total	1,187.73	567.28

Financial Assets are considered to be of good quality and there is no significant increase in credit risk.

### Movements in provision of doubtful debts

(Rs in million)

Particulars	As at 31-Mar-20	As at 31-Mar-19
Opening provision	9.40	4.19
Add : Additional provision made	-	-
Less : Provision reversed	-	-
Add : Provision for Expected Credit Loss	5.13	5.21
Closing provisions	14.53	9.40

### (b) Cash and cash equivalents and Other Bank Balances

The Company held cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances of Rs. 152.03 million at 31st March 2020 (P.Y. Rs. 135.14 million). The cash and cash equivalents are held with bank with good credit ratings and financial institution counterparties with good market standing. Also, Company invests its short term surplus funds in bank fixed deposit, which carry no / low mark to market risks for short duration therefore does not expose the Company to credit risk.

### C.iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Liquidity risk is managed by Company through effective fund management of the Company's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and other borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted.

### **Maturity Analysis of Significant Financial Liabilities**

Particulars	As at 31st March 2020	Contrac	ctual Cash	Flows
Non current borrowings (including current maturities)		Upto 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
- Vehicle Loans  Current borrowings	9.52	5.78	3.74	-
- Packing Credit Foreign Currency Loans - EBRD (Post Shipment) Loan	871.36	871.36	-	-
- Cash Credit Loan	393.67 392.22	393.67 392.22	-	-   -
Trade and other payables	373.88	373.88	-	-

Particulars	As at 31st March 2019	Contrac	ctual Cash	Flows
Non current borrowings (including current maturities)		Upto 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years
- Vehicle Loans  Current borrowings	13.51	13.51	-	-
- Packing Credit Foreign Currency Loans - Cash Credit Loan	745.43	745.43	-	-
Trade and other payables	329.46 35.74	329.46 35.74	-	- -
Other current liabilities	169.20	169.20	-	-

### C.iv. Market risk

Market Risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

### C.iv.a Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on account of its operating and financing activities. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee. Our exposure are mainly denominated in U.S. dollars. The USD exchange rate has changed substantially in recent periods and may continue to fluctuate substantially in the future. The Company's business model incorporates assumptions on currency risks and ensures any exposure is covered through the normal business operations. This intent has been achieved in all years presented. The Company has put in place a Financial Risk Management Policy to Identify the most effective and efficient ways of managing the currency risks.

### **Exposure to currency risk**

The currency profile of financial assets and financial liabilities as at March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019 are as below:

(Rs in million)

31st March, 2020	USD	
Financial assets		
Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	-	
Trade receivables	14.76	
Net exposure for assets	14.76	
Financial liabilities		
Short Term Borrowings	16.72	
Trade and other payables	2.18	
Net exposure for liabilities	18.90	
Net exposure (Assets - Liabilities)	(4.14)	

(Rs in million)

<u> </u>	
USD	
-	
10.54	
10.54	
-	
10.78	
-	
10.78	
(0.24)	
	- 10.54 10.54 - 10.78 -

### Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening / (weakening) of the Indian Rupee against US dollars at 31st March would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in US dollars and affected profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases. In cases where the related foreign exchange fluctuation is capitalised to fixed assets, the impact indicated below may affect the Company's income statement over the remaining life of the related fixed assets or the remaining tenure of the borrowing respectively.



### Impact of movement on Profit or (loss) and Equity:

(Rs in million)

	Profit or (loss) and Equity			
Effect in INR (before tax)	Strengthening Weakening			
For the year ended 31st March, 2020 1% movement				
USD	(3.13)	3.13		
	(3.13)	3.13		
For the year ended 31st March, 2019 1% movement				
USD	(0.17)	0.17		
	(0.17)	0.17		

### C.iv.b Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest-bearing liabilities and assets. The Company manages its interest rate risk by monitoring the movements in the market interest rates closely.

### **Exposure to interest rate risk**

Company's interest rate risk arises primarily from borrowings. The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments is as follows.

(Rs in million)

Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Packing Credit Foreign Currency Loans	871.36	745.43
EBRD (Post Shipment) Loan	393.67	-
Cash Credit Loan	392.22	329.46
Total of Variable Rate Financial Liabilities	1,657.25	1,074.88

### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for financial instruments at the end of the reporting year and the stipulated change taking place at the beginning of the financial year and held constant throughout the reporting period in the case of instruments that have floating rates. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates:

(Rs in million)

Cash flow sensitivity (net)	Prof	Profit or loss	
INR	50 bp increase	50 bp decrease	
<b>31st March 2020</b> Variable-rate loan instruments	(8.29)	8.29	
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	(8.29)	8.29	
<b>31st March 2019</b> Variable-rate loan instruments	(5.37)	5.37	
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	(5.37)	5.37	

### C.iv.c Other price risk

The Company invests its surplus funds in various Equity and debt instruments. These comprise of mainly liquid schemes of mutual funds (liquid investments), Equity shares, Debentures and fixed deposits. This investments are susceptible to market price risk, mainly arising from changes in the interest rates or market yields which may impact the return and value of such investments. However due to the very short tenor of the underlying portfolio in the liquid schemes, these do not pose any significant price risk.

### Notes to financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

### Note 35: Capital Management

The Company aims to manage its capital efficiently so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern ant to optimise returns to our shareholders. Management monitors the return on capital as well as the debt equity ratio and make necessary adjustments in the capital structure for the development of the business. The capital structure of the Company is based on management's judgement of the appropriate balance of key elements in order to meet its strategic and day - to - day needs. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares. The Company's debt to equity ratio at 31st March, 2020 was 0.25 (PY. 0.17)

Note: For the purpose of computing debt to equity ratio, equity includes Equity share capital and Other Equity and Debt includes Long term borrowings, Short term borrowings and current maturities of long term borrowings.

**Note 36:** Figures of previous year have been regrouped, reclassified, and / or rearranged wherever necessary to confirm with current year's presentation.

As per our attached report of even date For Shah & Taparia Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No : 109463W

Bharat Joshi Partner

Membership No.: 130863

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 Mehul Vala Whole Time Director & CEO DIN :08361696

Ruchi Jaiswal Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 Mrunal Shetty Director & CFO DIN:08362895



### Consolidated Financial

### Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

### To the Members of Responsive Industries Limited Report on the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

### **Opinion**

We have audited the Consolidated financial statements of Responsive Industries Limited ("herein referred to as the Holding Company") and its subsidiaries (including step down subsidiaries) (Holding Company & its subsidiaries (including step down subsidiaries) together referred to as "the Group"), which comprise the consolidated balance sheet as at 31st March 2020, and the consolidated statement of Profit and Loss (including other comprehensive income, consolidated statement of changes in equity and consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information(hereinafter referred to as 'the consolidated financial statements').

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, and based on the consideration of the reports of other auditors on separate financial statements/consolidated financial statements and on the other financial information of the subsidiaries, the aforesaid Consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs (consolidated financial position) of the Group as at March 31, 2020, and its consolidated profit, changes in equity and its cash flows for the year ended on that date.

### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013. Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

### **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

We have determined that there are no key audit matters to be communicated in our report.

### Information other than the Consolidated Financial Statements and Auditor's Report thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report there on. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements our responsibility is to read the other information and in doing so consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If based on the work we have performed we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.



### Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") with respect to the preparation of these Consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, consolidated changes in equity and consolidated cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the accounting Standards specified under section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding of the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statement that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated financial statements, the respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for assessing the ability of the Group to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are also responsible for overseeing the financial reporting process of the Group.

### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Consolidated Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Paragraph 40(b) of this SA explains that the shaded material below can be located in an Appendix to the auditor's report. Paragraph 40(c) explains that when law, regulation or applicable auditing standards expressly permit, reference can be made to a website of an appropriate authority that contains the description of the auditor's responsibilities, rather than including this material in the auditor's report, provided that the description on the website addresses, and is not inconsistent with, the description of the auditor's responsibilities below.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. Under section 143(3)(i) of the Companies Act, 2013, we are also responsible for expressing our opinion on whether the company has adequate internal financial controls system in place and the operating effectiveness of such controls.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- · Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern

basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the consolidated financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.

- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the consolidated financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the consolidated financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the Group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audit of the financial statements of such entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors. For the other entities included in the consolidated financial statements, which have been audited by other auditors, such other auditors remain responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the audits carried out by them. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion. We communicate with those charged with governance of the Holding Company and such other entities included in the consolidated financial statements of which we are the independent auditors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the consolidated financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

### **Other Matters**

(a) We did not audit the financial statements of one foreign subsidiary and three step down foreign subsidiaries included in the audited consolidated financial results, whose annual financial statements reflect total assets of Rs 3862.30 million as at 31 March 2020, net assets of Rs 3862.19 million as on that date, total revenue (including Other income) of Rs (0.05) million for the year ended on that date and net cash inflows of Rs. 139.62 million for the year ended on that date. These annual financial statements and other financial information have been audited by other auditors whose report has been furnished to us, and our opinion on the Statement to the extent they have been derived from such annual financial statements, is based solely on the report of the other auditors.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and the reports of the other auditors and the financial statements certified by the Management.

### Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- **1.** As required by the Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order"), issued by the Central Government of India in terms of sub-section (11) of section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013, we report, to the extent applicable:
- a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the



best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit of the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements.

- (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law relating to the aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of other auditors.
- (c) The Consolidated Balance Sheet, the Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, and the Consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of aforesaid Consolidated Financial Statements.
- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules,
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the Directors of the Holding Company as on 31st March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company, none of the directors of the Group is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate Report in "Annexure A".
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
  - 1. There were no pending litigations which would impact the consolidated financial position of the Group.
  - 2. The Group did not have any long-term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses.
  - There has been no delay in transferring amounts, required to be transferred, to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its subsidiary company.
- 2. As required by Section 197(16) of the act, based on our audit and on consideration of the reports of the other auditors, on separate financials statements/consolidated financial statements of the subsidiaries, we report that the holding company and one subsidiary covered under the act paid remuneration to their respective directors during the year in accordance with the provisions of and the limited laid down under Section 197 read with Schedule V to the Act to the extent applicable.

For SHAH & TAPARIA Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 109463W

BHARAT JOSHI Partner Membership No. 130863

Place of Signature: Mumbai Date: 17th July, 2020

UDIN: 20130863AAAAEL3348

### ANNEXURE A TO THE INDPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

In conjunction with our audit of the Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of the Responsive Industries Limited and its subsidiary companies (including step down subsidiary companies), collectively (the Group) as of and for the year ended March 31, 2020, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group, which are companies incorporated in India, as of that date.

### Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Group, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ("ICAI"). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to the respective Company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Companies Act, 2013.

### **Auditors' Responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the "Guidance Note") and the Standards on Auditing specified under Section143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial control, both issued by the ICAI. Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system over financial reporting.

### Meaning of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

A Company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the Company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditure of the Company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and Directors



of the Company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the Company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

### Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial control over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the Group, have in all material respects, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March, 2020, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Company considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting issued by the ICAI.

For SHAH & TAPARIA Chartered Accountants Firm's Registration No. 109463W

BHARAT JOSHI Partner Membership No. 130863

Place of Signature: Mumbai Date: 17th July, 2020

UDIN: 20130863AAAAEL3348

### Consolidated Balance Sheet as at March 31, 2020

(Rs. in million)

	Particulars	Note	As at March 31, 2020	As at March 31, 2019
ı	ASSETS			
(1)	Non-current assets			
(a)	Property, Plant and Equipment Goodwill on consolidation	03	5,503.96	6,260.70 661.27
(b)	Goodwiii on consolidation	+	661.27	
(-)	Financial Access		6,165.23	6,921.97
(c)	Financial Assets (i) Investments	04	0.11	0.13
	(ii) Other Financial Assets	05	24.55	24.62
	(4) 6 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	<del>  ``  </del>	24.66	24.75
(d)	Income tax Asset (net)	06	27.59	11.78
(e)	Other Non Current Assets	07	3,698.75	2,656.35
	Total Non - Current Assets		9,916.23	9,614.85
(2)	Current assets			
(a)	Inventories	08	537.85	768.17
(b)	Financial Assets		400.47	407.40
	(i) Investments (ii) Trade receivables	04 09	133.47 2,183.89	187.19 1,607.55
	(ii) Trade receivables (iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents	109	2,163.69 345.74	62.35
	(iii) Cash and Cash Equivalents (iv) Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	1 10 1	141.55	173.50
	(v) Loans	12	2.62	2.11
	(vi) Other Financial Assets	05	19.95	5.74
			2,827.22	2,038.44
(c)	Other Current Assets	13	138.33	87.03
	Total Current Assets		3,503.40	2,893.64
	TOTAL ASSETS		13,419.63	12,508.49
II (1)	EQUITY AND LIABILITIES Equity (a) Equity Share Capital	14	262.50	262.50
	(b) Other Equity	14	9,172.58	8,959.14
	Equity attributable to owners		9,435.08	9,221.64
	Non-Controlling Interest		1,599.36	1,593.56
	Total Equity		11,034.44	10,815.20
(2)	Liabilities Non-current liabilities			
	(a) Financial Liabilities - Borrowings	15	3.74	_
		<del>                                     </del>	3.74	_
	(b) Provisions	16	37.87	38.81
	(c) Deferred tax liabilities (Net)	17	224.65	276.20
	Total Non - Current Liabilities		266.26	315.01
(3)	Current liabilities			
	(a) Financial Liabilities	,_		4.0=4.00
	(i) Borrowings	15	1,657.25	1,074.89
	(ii)Trade Payables (iii) Other Financial Liabilities	18   19	384.03 23.65	59.22 182.71
	(iii) Other Financial Liabilities	19	2,064.93	1,316.82
	(b) Other current liabilities	20	46.15	59.81
	(c) Provisions	16	7.24	1.65
	(d) Current Tax Liabilities ( Net )	21	0.61	-
	Total Current Liabilities	+ +	2,118.93	1,378.28
	TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		13,419.63	12,508.49
	For and on behalf of	f the De	·	,

As per our attached report of even date For Shah & Taparia

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No : 109463W

Bharat Joshi Partner

Membership No.: 130863

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 For and on behalf of the Board

Mehul Vala Whole Time Director & CEO DIN :08361696 Ruchi Jaiswal Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 Mrunal Shetty Director & CFO DIN :08362895



### Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the Year ended March 31, 2020

(Rs. in million)

	Particulars	Note No.	Year ended March 31,2020	Year ended March 31,2019
	Revenues			
I.	Revenue from operations Other income	22 23	5,331.23 282.19	7,750.38 244.52
III	Total Revenue (I+II)	23	5,613.42	7,994.90
IV	Expenses:		3,013.42	7,994.90
'	Cost of Materials Consumed	24		
	Changes in inventories of finished goods & work-in-progress	24 25	3,276.81	5,284.16
	Cost of Traded goods purchased	26	24.85	157.62 55.93
	Employee benefit expenses Finance Costs	27	168.98	179.42
	Depreciation and amortisation expenses	28	212.75	129.18
	Other expenses	03 29	779.16	818.99
	Total expenses (IV)	20	885.89 <b>5,348.44</b>	919.13 <b>7,544.43</b>
	,		-	
V	Profit / (Loss) before tax		264.98	450.47
VI	Tax Expenses			,
	(1) Current tax (2) MAT Credit Entitlement		71.78	149.16
	(2) Deferred tax Charge / (Credit)	17	(0.88) (51.44)	(12.78)
	(3) Income Tax for earlier years		1.80	19.50
VII	Profit / (Loss) for the year after tax (V-VI)		243.72	294.59
VIII	Other Comprehensive Income (net of tax)			
	A. Items that will not be reclassified to Statement of Profit or loss - Remeasurements of Defined Benefit Plans [Net of Deferred tax (P.Y. Rs. 1.20 million)] - Foreign Exchange Currency Translation Reserve B. Items that will be reclassified to Statement of Profit or loss		(0.35) 10.33	1.20 (2.42)
	A +B		9.98	(1.22)
IX	Total Comprehensive Income for the year		253.70	293.37
	Profit attributable to:			
	Owners of the company		241.83	287.04
	Non - controlling interests		1.89	7.55
	Profit for the year		243.72	294.59
	Other Comprehensive Income attributable to:		0.07	(3.92)
	Owners of the company Non - controlling interests		6.07 3.91	2.70
	Other Comprehensive Income for the year		9.98	(1.22)
	Total Comprehensive Income attributable to:			, ,
	Owners of the company		247.90	283.12
	Non - controlling interests		5.80	10.25
Х	Total Comprehensive Income for the year		253.70	293.37
	Earnings per equity share (Face Value Re.1): (1) Basic (2) Diluted	30	0.92 0.92	1.09 1.09
	Significant Accounting Polices Notes forming part of financial statements	2 1 to 39		

As per our attached report of even date For Shah & Taparia

Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No : 109463W

Bharat Joshi Partner

Membership No.: 130863

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 For and on behalf of the Board

Mehul Vala Whole Time Director & CEO

DIN:08361696

Ruchi Jaiswal Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 Mrunal Shetty Director & CFO DIN :08362895

### Consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the Year ended March 31, 2020

	(KS. IN MIIII				
	Particulars	Year ended	Year ended		
		March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019		
A.	CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES :				
	Net Profit Before Tax	264.98	450.47		
	Add / (Less) : Adjustments for	204.90	450.47		
	Depreciation and Amortisation	779.16	818.99		
	Provision for Gratuity	6.58	6.32		
	Interest Income	(13.99)	(13.02)		
	Interest Expenses	212.75	129.18		
	Dividend Income	(2.02)	(4.35)		
	Fair value (gain) / loss on-current mutual fund measured at FVTPL	16.48	2.00		
	Provision for Expected Credit Loss	7.74	5.18		
	Sundry balances written off / (back)	(0.41)	(7.46)		
	Loss / (Profit) from Foreign Exchange Fluctuation (net)	(123.21)	(2.22)		
	Loss / (Profit) on Sale of Investments	(0.15)	(1.62)		
	(Profit) / Loss on Sale of Property, Plant & Equipments	(15.35)	(3.20)		
	Operating Profit Before Working Capital changes	1,132.56	1,402.03		
	Add / (Less) : Adjustments for change in working capital				
	(Increase) / Decrease in Other Non-current financial assets	0.07	8.04		
	(Increase) / Decrease in Other Non-Current Assets	(0.44)	0.09		
	(Increase) / Decrease in Inventory	230.32	398.02		
	(Increase) / Decrease in trade receivables	(460.87)	2,297.40		
	(Increase) / Decrease in current loans	` (0.51)	(0.29)		
	(Increase) / Decrease in Other Current financial assets	(14.21)	109.78		
	(Increase) / Decrease in Other Current Assets	(51.30)	169.37		
	Increase / (Decrease) in trade payables	325.22	(182.45)		
	Increase / (Decrease) in other current financial liabilities	(159.06)	(957.76)		
	Increase / (Decrease) in other current liabilities	(13.66)	(5.27)		
	Cash generated from Operations	988.12	3,238.96		
	Add / (Less) : Direct taxes paid	(88.04)	(175.08)		
	Net Cash Inflow / (Outflow) from Operating activities (A)	900.08	3,063.88		
В.	CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES :	,			
l	Acquisition of property, plant & equipments	(47.93)	(97.28)		
	Capital Advance (given) / received (net of translation reserve)	(1035.68)	(2,656.30)		
	Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipments	40.85	8.52		
	Interest Received	13.99	13.02		
	Dividend Received	2.02	4.35		
	Fair Valuation (loss) / gain on current mutual fund measured at FVTPL	(16.48)	2.00		
	Profit/Loss on sale of investments	0.15	188.99		
	Sale of Investments	70.07	0.02		
	Fixed Deposits placed with banks	31.95	7.25		
	Net Cash Inflow / (Outflow) from Investing activities (B)	(941.06)	(2,529.43)		



	Particulars	Year ended March 31, 2020	Year ended March 31, 2019
C.	CASH FLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Borrowings / (Repayment) in non current long term borrowings Short term loans taken / (repaid) during the year Interest Paid Dividend paid (including Tax on Dividend)	3.74 582.36 (212.75) (48.98)	10.68 (469.86) (129.18) (32.51)
	Net Cash Inflow / (Outflow) from Financing activities (C)	324.37	(620.87)
	Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	283.39	(86.43)
	Add: Cash and Cash Equivalents at the beginning of year	62.35	148.78
	Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of period	345.74	62.35
	Components of Cash and Cash Equivalents at the end of year Cash on hand Balance with banks Fixed deposits	2.47 342.72 0.55	1.48 56.52 4.35
	Closing Cash & Cash Equivalent as per Financial Statements	345.74	62.35

For and on behalf of the Board

As per our attached report of even date For Shah & Taparia Chartered Accountants Firm Registration No : 109463W

Bharat Joshi Partner

Membership No.: 130863

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 Mehul Vala Whole Time Director & CEO DIN :08361696

Ruchi Jaiswal Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 Mrunal Shetty Director & CFO DIN :08362895

### Statement of Changes in Equity for the Year ended 31 March , 2020

### A. Share Capital (Rs. in million)

Particulars	Balance as at April 1, 2018	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2019	Balance as at April 1, 2019	Changes in equity share capital during the year	Balance as at March 31, 2020
Paid up Equity Capital	262.50	-	262.50	262.50	-	262.50

B. Other Equity (Rs. in million)

		Other E	quity			mprehen- ncome			
	Capi- tal Re- serve	Securities Premium Reserve	Gen- eral Re- serve	Re- tained Earn- ings	Remeas- ure- ments of Defined Benefit Plans	Foreign Exchange Currency Trans- lation Reserve	Attribut- able to Owners of the com- pany	Attribut- able to NCI	Total Other Equity
Balance as at April 1,2018	1.38	2,370.90	0.10	6,345.77	3.31	1.59	8,723.05	1,583.31	10,291.84
Additions :									
Profit for the year	-			287.04	-	-	287.04	7.55	294.59
Other Comprehensive Income: -Remeasurements of net defined benefit plans (Net of tax) -Foreign Exchange Currency Translation Reserve	-	-	-	-	3.86	(7.78)	(3.92)	2.70	(1.22)
Final Dividend	-	•	-	(26.94)	-		(26.94)	-	(26.94)
Tax on Final Dividend Paid	-	-	-	(5.57)	-	-	(5.57)	-	(5.57)
Balance as at March 31, 2019	1.38	2,370.90	0.10	6,600.30	7.17	(6.19)	8,973.66	1,593.56	10,552.70
Profit for the year	-		-	241.83	-	-	241.83	1.89	243.72
Other Comprehensive Income : -Remeasurements of net defined benefit plans (Net of tax) -Foreign Exchange Currency Translation Reserve	-	-	-	-	(0.21)	6.28	6.07	(3.91)	9.98
Interim Dividend	-	-	-	(8.01)	-	-	(8.01)	-	(8.01)
Tax on Interim Dividend	-	-	-	(1.63)	-	-	(1.63)	-	(1.63)
Final Dividend	-	-	-	(32.76)	-	-	(32.76)	-	(32.76)
Tax on Final Dividend Paid	-	-	-	(6.58)	-	-	(6.58)	-	(6.58)
Balance as at March 31, 2020	1.38	2,370.90	0.10	6,793.15	6.96	0.09	9,172.58	1,599.36	10,757.42

As per our attached report of even date For Shah & Taparia Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No : 109463W

Bharat Joshi Partner

Membership No.: 130863

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 For and on behalf of the Board

Mehul Vala Whole Time Director & CEO DIN :08361696 Ruchi Jaiswal Company Secretary

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 Mrunal Shetty Director & CFO DIN :08362895



### SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 1. Statement of Significant Accounting Policies:

### 1.1 Basis of preparation of Consolidated Financial Statements:

The Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements are prepared in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind AS) notified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013 ("Act") read with Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015; and the other relevant provisions of the Act and Rules thereunder.

The Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements have been prepared under historical cost convention basis, except for certain assets and liabilities measured at fair value.

### The percentage of ownership interest of the Parent Company in the Subsidiary/ Step down Subsidiary Companies is as follows:

Subsidiary / Step-down Subsidiary	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2019
Axiom Cordages Limited	58.18%	58.18%
Responsive Industries Limited (Hongkong)	100%	100%
Responsive Industries Limited (UAE)	100%	100%
Responsive Industries Limited (Singapore)	100%	NA
Axiom Cordages Limited (Hongkong)	58.18%	58.18%
Axiom Cordages Limited (UAE)	58.18%	58.18%

### 1.2 Basis of Consolidation:

### Subsidiary:

Subsidiaries include all the entities over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns through its involvement in the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power to direct the relevant activities of the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which Group attains control and are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases to exist.

### The Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements have been prepared on the following basis.

The Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements of the Company and its Subsidiaries have been combined on a line-by-line basis by adding together the balances of items like Assets, Liabilities, Income and Expenditure after fully eliminating the intra-group balances and intra-group transactions resulting in unrealized profits or losses.

The Consolidated Ind AS Financial Statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for like transactions and other events in similar circumstances and are presented to the extent possible, in the same manner as the Company's separate financial statements.

Non-Controlling interests in the net assets of the Subsidiary Companies that are consolidated consists of the amount of equity attributable to non-controlling shareholders at the date of acquisition and subsequent addition of their share of changes in equity.

Profit or loss and each component of OCI are attributed to the equity holders of the parent and to the non-controlling interests, even if this results in the non-controlling interests having a deficit balance.

### 1.3 Changes in the proportion held by non-controlling interests

Changes in the proportion of the equity held by non-controlling interests are accounted for as equity transactions. The carrying amount of the controlling interests and non-controlling interests are adjusted to reflect the changes in their relative interests in the subsidiaries. Any difference between the amount by which the non-controlling interests are adjusted and the fair value of the consideration paid or received is recognised directly in equity and attributed to owners of the Company.

### 1.4 Use of estimates:

The preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements of the Group in accordance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities and the accompanying disclosures along with contingent liabilities at the date of the Consolidated Financial Statements. These estimates are based upon management's best knowledge of current events and actions; however uncertainty about these assumptions and estimates could result in outcomes that may require adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets or liabilities in future periods. Appropriate revisions in estimates are made as management becomes aware of changes in circumstances surrounding the estimates. Revisions in estimates are recognized prospectively in the Consolidated Financial Statements in the period in which the estimates are revised in any future periods affected.

### 1.5 Fair Value Measurement:

The Group measures certain financial instruments at fair value at each reporting date.

Certain accounting polies and disclosures require the measurement of fair values, for both financial and non-financial asset and liabilities.

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to settle a liability in an ordinary transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The fair value of an asset or a liability is measured using the assumption that market participants would use when pricing an asset or liability acting in their best economic interest. The Group uses valuation techniques, which are appropriate in circumstances and for which sufficient data is available considering the expected loss/ profit in case of financial assets or liabilities.

### 1.6 Revenue Recognition

Revenue is recognized when it is earned and no significant uncertainty exists as to its realization and when the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when all significant contractual obligations have been satisfied, the property in the goods is transferred for a price, significant risks and rewards of ownership are transferred to the customers and no effective ownership is retained.

Revenue from the sale of goods includes excise duty and are net-off returns, taxes or duties collected on behalf of the government and applicable trade discounts and rebates.

Interest income is recognized using Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. Revenue in respect of export sales is recognized on the basis of dispatch of goods for exports. (i.e. on the date of Bill of Lading).

Dividend is recognized when right to receive the payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the entity and the amount of dividend can be measured reasonably. Other Income is accounted for on accrual basis, when certainty of receipt is established.



### 1.7 Inventories

Inventories of Raw Materials, Finished Goods, Semi-Finished Goods, Stores and Spares and Packing Materials, are valued at cost or net realizable value, whichever is lower. Materials-in-transit are valued at cost-to-date. Cost comprises of all cost of purchases, cost of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventory to their present location and conditions. Cost is arrived at on FIFO basis. Due allowance is estimated and made for defective and obsolete items, wherever necessary, based on the past experience.

Net realizable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less estimated costs of completion and estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Obsolete, slow moving, surplus and defective stocks are identified at the time of physical verification of stocks and where necessary, provision is made for such stocks.

### 1.8 Property, Plant and Equipment (PPE):

Property, plant and equipment is stated at cost, net of accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any.

The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price or construction cost, any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management, the initial estimate of any decommissioning obligation, if any, and, borrowing cost for qualifying assets (i.e. assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use).

Subsequent expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the Group. Spare parts which meet the definition of Property, Plant and Equipment are capitalized as Property, Plant and Equipment. In other cases, the spare part is inventorised on procurement and charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss on consumption.

An item of property, plant and equipment and any significant part initially recognised separately as part of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on de-recognition of the asset is included in the Statement of Profit and Loss when the asset is derecognised.

The residual values and useful lives of property, plant and equipment are reviewed at regular intervals and changes, if any, are accounted in line with revisions to accounting estimates.

### 1.9 Capital Work in Progress

Cost of assets not ready for use at the balance sheet date is disclosed under capital work-in-progress. Expenditure during construction period is included under Capital Work in Progress & the same is allocated to the respective PPE on the completion of its construction.

### 1.10 Intangible Assets

Intangible assets acquired are measured on initial recognition at cost. Following initial recognition, intangible assets are carried at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Intangible Assets are amortized on a systematic basis over its useful life on straight line basis and the amortization for each period will be recognized as an expense.

### 1.11 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs incurred in connection with the borrowing of funds. Borrowing cost also includes exchange

differences to the extent regarded as an adjustment to the borrowing costs.

Borrowing costs that are attributable to the acquisition or construction of qualifying assets (i.e. an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use) are capitalized as a part of the cost of such assets. All other borrowing costs are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### 1.12 Depreciation

Depreciation on Plant, Property and Equipment has been provided on the Straight - Line basis, over the estimated useful lives of assets. The Group provides pro-rata depreciation from the date of addition / upto the date of deletion made during the reporting period. Intangible assets are amortized on a straight line basis over the estimated useful economic life.

Depreciation methods, useful lives and residual values are reviewed at each reporting date.

When parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items (major components) of property, plant and equipment. The cost and related accumulated depreciation are eliminated from the Consolidated Financial Statements upon sale or disposal of the asset and the resultant gains or losses are recognized in the statement of Profit and Loss.

The useful lives determined are in line with the useful lives as prescribed in the Schedule II of the Act, except in case of Plant & Machinery which are depreciated over a useful lives of 20 years based on the technical assessment.

### 1.13 Impairment of Non - financial Assets:

Non-financial assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists or when annual impairment testing for an asset is required, the Group estimates the asset's recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of the assets or Cash Generating Units (CGU) fair value less cost of disposal and it value in use. Recoverable amount is determined for an individual asset unless the asset does not generate cash inflows that are largely independent of those from other assets or group of assets.

When the carrying amount of an asset or CGU exceeds its recoverable amount, the asset is considered impaired and is written down to its recoverable amount.

### 1.14 Government Subsidy

Grants and subsidies from the Government are recognized if the following conditions are satisfied,

- There is reasonable assurance that the Group will comply with the conditions attached to it.
- Such benefits are earned and reasonable certainty exists of the collection. Government grants related to revenue are recognized on a systematic basis in net profit in the statement of Profit and Loss over the periods necessary to match them with the related costs which they are intended to compensate.

### 1.15 Taxes on Income

### a) Current Tax

Income-tax Assets and liabilities are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted or substantively enacted, by the end of reporting period.

Current Tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction



either in the Statement of Profit and Loss, other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

### b) Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the Balance Sheet method on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts for financial reporting purposes at the reporting date. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, the carry forward of unused tax credits and any unused tax losses. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the deductible temporary differences, and the carry forward of unused tax credits and unused tax losses can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each reporting date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profits will allow the deferred tax asset to be recovered. Deferred Tax asset and liability are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the year when the asset is realized or liability is settled based on rates and tax laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred Tax items are recognised in correlation to the underlying transaction either in the Statement of Profit and Loss, other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

### 1.16 Financial Assets

### a) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial assets (not measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss) are recognised initially at fair value plus transaction costs that are attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset.

### b) Subsequent measurement

Subsequent measurement is determined with reference to the classification of the respective financial assets. The Group classifies financial assets as subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income or fair value through profit or loss on the basis of its business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset.

### - Debt instruments at Fair value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVTOCI)

A 'debt instrument' is measured at the fair value through other comprehensive income if both the following conditions are met:

- The asset is held within a business model whose objective is achieved by both collecting contractual cash flows and selling financial assets
- Contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest (SPPI) on the principal amount outstanding.

After initial measurement, these assets are subsequently measured at fair value. Interest income under effective interest method, foreign exchange gains and losses and impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive Income.

- Debt instruments at Fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)
Fair value through profit or loss is a residual category for debt instruments. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for

categorisation as at amortised cost or as FVTOCI, is classified as at FVTPL.

### - Equity investments

All equity investments in scope of Ind-AS 109 are measured at fair value. Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. For all other equity instruments, the Group decides to classify the same either as at FVTOCI or FVTPL. The Group makes such election on an instrument-by-instrument basis. The classification is made on initial recognition and is irrevocable.

For equity instruments classified as FVTOCI, all fair value changes on the instrument, excluding dividends, are recognized in other comprehensive income (OCI).

Equity instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### c) Derecognition

A financial asset (or, where applicable, a part of a financial asset or part of a group of similar financial assets) is primarily derecognised (i.e. removed from the Group's Balance Sheet) when.

The rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired, or

The Group has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset or has assumed an obligation to pay the received cash flows in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass-through' arrangement; and either:

- The Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or
- The Group has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

On de-recognition, any gains or losses on all equity instruments (measured at FVTPL) are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Accumulated gains or losses on equity instruments measured at FVTOCI are never reclassified to the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### d) Impairment of financial assets

The Company assesses impairment based on expected credit losses (ECL) model to the following:

- Financial asset measured at amortised cost
- Financial asset measured at fair value through other comprehensive income

Expected credit losses are measured through a loss allowance at an amount equal to:

- 12 months expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from those default events on the financial instrument that are possible within 12 months after the reporting date); or
- Full lifetime expected credit losses (expected credit losses that result from all possible default events over the life of the financial instrument)

For financial assets other than trade receivables, as per Ind AS 109, the Company recognises 12 month expected credit losses for all originated or acquired financial assets if at the reporting date the credit risk of the financial asset has not increased significantly since its initial recognition. The expected credit losses are measured as lifetime expected credit losses if the credit risk on financial asset increases significantly since its initial recognition.

The Company follows 'simplified approach' for recognition of impairment loss allowance on trade receivables, considering historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the Company operates or any other appropriate basis.

The Company's trade receivables do not contain significant financing component and loss allowance on trade receivables is measured at an amount equal to life time expected losses i.e. expected cash shortfall.



The impairment losses and reversals are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

### 1.17 Financial Liabilities

### a) Initial recognition and measurement

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value net of transaction costs that are attributable to the respective liabilities.

### b) Subsequent measurement

Subsequent measurement is determined with reference to the classification of the respective financial liabilities. The Group classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

### (i) Financial Liabilities at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)

A financial liability is classified as at fair value through profit or loss if it is classified as held-for-trading or is designated as such on initial recognition. Financial liabilities at FVTPL are measured at fair value and changes therein, including any interest expense, are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss.

### (ii) Financial Liabilities measured at amortised cost

After initial recognition, financial liabilities other than those which are classified as fair value through profit or loss are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method ("EIR").

Amortised cost is calculated by taking into account any discount or premium on acquisition and fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### c) Derecognition

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the de-recognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

### 1.18 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

### 1.19 Employee Benefits

### a) Short-term employee benefit

Short term employee benefits are recognized as an expense at an undiscounted amount in the Statement of Profit and Loss of the year in which the related services are rendered.

### b) Post-employment obligations

The Group operates the following post – employment schemes:

- 1. Defined benefit plans such as gratuity, and
- 2. Defined contribution plans such as provident fund.

### **Gratuity Obligation:**

Provision for Gratuity is recorded on the basis of actuarial valuation certificate provided by the actuary using Projected Unit Credit Method.

The Company's net obligation in respect of defined benefit plans is

calculated separately for each plan by estimating the amount of future benefit that employees have earned in the current and prior periods,

discounting that amount and deducting the fair value of any plan assets.

The calculation of defined benefit obligations is performed annually by a qualified actuary using the projected unit credit method. When the calculation results in a potential asset for the Company, the recognised asset is limited to the present value of economic benefits available in the form of any future refunds from the plan or reductions in future contributions to the plan. To calculate the present value of economic benefits, consideration is given to any applicable minimum funding requirements.

Remeasurement of the net defined benefit liability, which comprise actuarial gains and losses and the return on plan assets (excluding interest) and the effect of the asset ceiling (if any, excluding interest), are recognised immediately in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI). Net interest expense (income) on the net defined liability (assets) is computed by applying the discount rate, used to measure the net defined liability (asset). Net interest expense and other expenses related to defined benefit plans are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

When the benefits of a plan are changed or when a plan is curtailed, the resulting change in benefit that relates to past service or the gain or loss on curtailment is recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. The Company recognises gains and losses on the settlement of a defined benefit plan when the settlement occurs.

### **Defined Contribution Plans**

Defined Contribution Plans such as Provident Fund, etc. are charged to the Statement of Profit and Loss as incurred.

### 1.20 Foreign Currency Transactions:

### **Functional and Presentation Currency:**

The Consolidated Financial Statements are presented in Indian rupees which is the functional currency for the Group. All amounts have been rounded off to the nearest millions, unless otherwise indicated.

### a) Monetary items:

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recorded at their respective exchange rates at the date the transaction first qualifies for recognition. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates prevailing on the reporting date.

Exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of monetary items (except for long term monetary items taken prior to April 1, 2016) are recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss either as Profit or Loss on foreign currency transaction and translation or as borrowing costs to the extent regarded as an adjustment to borrowing costs.

The Group has elected to continue the policy adopted under previous GAAP for accounting the foreign exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of long-term foreign currency monetary items outstanding as of 31st March, 2016 ie. foreign exchange differences arising on settlement or translation of long-term foreign currency monetary items relating to acquisition of depreciable assets are adjusted to the carrying cost of the assets and depreciated over the balance life of the asset and in other cases, if any, accumulated in "Foreign Currency Monetary Item Translation Difference Account" and amortised over the balance period of the asset or liability.

### b) Non – Monetary items:

Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the dates of the initial transactions.

### 1.21 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Capital Commitments

Provisions are recognized when there is a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow



of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation

The expenses relating to a provision is presented in the Statement of Profit and Loss net of reimbursements, if any.

If the effect of the time value of money is material, provisions are discounted using a current pre-tax rate that reflects, when appropriate, the risks specific to the liability. When discounting is used, the increase in the provision due to the passage of time is recognized as a finance cost.

Contingent liabilities are possible obligations whose existence will only be confirmed by future events not wholly within the control of the Group, or present obligations where it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required or the amount of the obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized in the Consolidated Financial Statements but are disclosed unless the possibility of an outflow of economic resources is considered remote.

### 1.22 Earnings per Share

Basic earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the period.

For the purpose of calculating diluted earnings per share, the net profit or loss for the period attributable to equity shareholders and the weighted average number of shares outstanding during the period are adjusted for the effect of all dilutive potential equity shares.

### 1.23 Classification of Assets and Liabilities as Current and Non-Current:

All assets and liabilities are classified as current or non-current as per the Group's normal operating cycle (determined at 12 months) and other criteria set out in Schedule III of the Act

### 1.24 Cash and Cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash at bank, cash, cheque and draft on hand. The Group considers all highly liquid investments with a remaining maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less and that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash to be cash equivalents.

### 1.25 Cash Flows

Cash flows are reported using the indirect method, where by net profit before tax is adjusted for the effects of transactions of a non-cash nature, any deferrals or accruals of past or future operating cash receipts or payments and item of income or expenses associated with investing or financing cash flows. The cash flows from operating, investing and financing activities are segregated.

# Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2020

## Note 3: Property, Plant and Equipment

(Amount in Million)

Particulars	Freehold	Factory Building	Plant and Machinery	Elec- trical Installa-	Furni- ture and Fixtures	Office equipments	Compu- ter	Motor Cars	Motor Trucks	Weigh- ing Scale	Total
As at March 31, 2020											
As at April 1, 2019	78.10	288.42	10,157.18	11.46	5.15	16.37	7.04	101.37	36.57	0.20	10,701.86
Additions	1	•	25.35	89.0	60.0	2.33	0.64	17.24	1.60	'	47.93
Disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(27.08)	(36.57)	-	(63.65)
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	78.10	288.42	10,182.53	12.14	5.24	18.70	7.68	91.53	1.60	0.20	10,686.14
Accumulated Depreciation											
Upto 31.03.2019	1	39.06	4,329.75	9.00	1.39	12.62	5.09	43.66	0.49	0.11	4,441.17
For the year	-	16.58	730.33	1.25	0.57	1.99	1.30	12.73	14.38	0.03	779.16
Reversal on account of disposals	1	1	1	•	•	•	•	(23.57)	(14.58)	•	(38.15)
Closing Accumulated Depreciation	•	55.64	5,060.08	10.25	1.96	14.61	6.39	32.82	0.29	0.14	5,182.18
Net Carrying Amount as at March 31, 2020	78.10	232.78	5,122.45	1.89	3.28	4.09	1.29	58.71	1.31	90.0	5,503.96
As at March 31, 2019											
As at April 1, 2018	78.10	288.42	10,103.04	11.46	2.91	15.75	6.11	101.37	20.77	0.20	10,628.13
Additions	-	-	06.0	-	2.24	0.62	0.94	-	39.35	-	44.05
Disposals	•	-	-	•	-	-	-	-	(23.54)	-	(23.54)
Increase / (Decrease) in foreign exchange fluctuations (net)	-	-	53.23	1	-	-	-	1	-	1	53.23
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	78.10	288.42	10,157.17	11.46	5.15	16.37	7.05	101.37	36.58	0.20	10,701.86
Accumulated Depreciation											
Upto 31.03.2018	-	27.48	3,547.88	7.51	1.03	10.60	3.90	30.30	9.11	0.07	3,637.88
For the year	•	11.57	781.86	1.49	0.37	2.04	1.18	13.36	6.41	0.03	818.31
Reversal on account of disposals	•	-	•	•	•	-	•	-	(15.03)	•	(15.03)
Closing Accumulated Depreciation	•	39.06	4,329.74	9.00	1.40	12.64	5.08	43.66	0.49	0.10	4,441.16
Net Carrying Amount as at March 31, 2019	78.10	249.36	5,827.43	2.46	3.75	3.73	1.97	57.71	36.09	0.10	6,260.70



### Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2020

Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Note 4 : Investments Non Current Investments Investments in equity instruments at Fair Value through Profit or Loss (Quoted and fully paid up) Mavi Industrie`s Limited Less: Provision for Diminution in Investments	0.04	0.04
Mavi Industries Limited	0.04	0.04
Syschem India Limited Less: Provision for Diminution in Investment	0.19 (0.12)	0.19 (0.10)
Syschem India Limited	0.07	0.09
Total Investment In Equity Instruments	0.11	0.13
Total Non - Current Investments	0.11	0.13
Details of Holdings in Non - current Investments: No. of Shares: Mavi Industries Limited of Rs 10 each Syschem India Limited of Rs 10 each	36,750 9,526	36,750 9,526
Aggregate amount of a) Aggregate amount of quoted investments as per books b) Market value of Quoted investments c) Aggregate amount of unquoted investments as per books d) Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investment	0.23 0.11 - (0.12)	0.23 0.13 - (0.10)
Current Investments Investments in Mutual Funds at Fair Value through Profit or Loss Unquoted JM Multi Strategy Fund [1,91,109 (P.Y. 1,91,109) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up ] (NAV Rs.20.0122 (P.Y. NAV Rs. 28.93) per unit)	3.82	5.53
ICICI Prudential Leap Fund [2,79,516.028 (P.Y. 2,79,516.028) units of Rs. 100/- each fully paid up] (NAV Rs.80.10 (P.Y. NAV Rs. 114.45) per unit)	22.67	31.99
ICICI Prudential Short Term Fund [Nil (P.Y. 10,83,239) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up] (NAV Rs.Nil (P.Y. NAV Rs. 38.64) per unit)	-	41.85
Aditya Birla Sun Life Money Manager Fund [Nil (P.Y. 80,984) units of Rs. 100/- each fully paid up] (NAV Rs.Nil (P.Y. NAV Rs. 250.37) per unit)	-	20.28
Motilal Oswal Focused Multicap Opportunities Fund [13,74,968.036 (P.Y. 13,74,968.036) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up] (NAV Rs.6.9982 (P.Y. NAV Rs. 10.45) per unit)	9.62	14.37
Motilal Oswal Most Focused 35 year Fund - Growth (Net) [Nil (P.Y. 357,301) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up] (NAV NIL (P.Y. NAV Rs. 25.97) per unit)	-	9.28
Union Corporate Bond Fund [NIL (P.Y. 5,00,000) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up ] AV NIL (P.Y. NAV Rs. 10.69) per unit)	-	5.35

Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Union Arbitrage Fund [ 5,10,667.916 (P.Y. 4,99,990) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up ] (NAV 10.4608 (P.Y. NAV Rs. 10.06) per unit)	5.34	5.03
Axis Short Term Fund - Growth [ 4,66,207 (P.Y. Nil) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up ] (NAV 22.10 (P.Y. NAV Rs. NA) per unit)	10.30	-
Hdfc Ultra Short Term Fund - Regular Growth [ 22,68,706 (P.Y. Nil) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up ] (NAV 11.20 (P.Y. NAV Rs. NA) per unit)	25.41	-
Kotak Corporate Bond Fund Standard Growth [ 27 (P.Y. Nil) units of Rs. 1000/- each fully paid up ] (NAV 2688.07 (P.Y. NAV Rs. NA) per unit)	0.07	-
SBI Dynamic Bond Fund- Regular Plan Growth [4,01,083 (P.Y. Nil) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up ] (NAV 25.91 (P.Y. NAV Rs. NA) per unit)	10.39	-
Kotak Dynamic Bond Fund- Regular Plan Growth [ 684 (P.Y. Nil) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up ] (NAV 26.71 (P.Y. NAV Rs. NA) per unit)	0.02	-
Investments in Other Instruments at at Fair Value through Profit or Loss		
Unquoted IDFC Score Fund [20,500 (P.Y. 20,500) units of Rs. 1,000/- each fully paid up ]	23.26	23.26
Edelweiss Crossover Opportunities Fund [3,46,429.599 (P.Y. 3,84,374) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up ] (NAV 9.5024 (P.Y. NAV Rs. 10.17) per unit)	3.29	3.91
IIFL Yield Enhancer Fund [ 96,85,094.601 (P.Y. 96,85,094.601) units of Rs. 10/- each fully paid up ] (NAV 1.9910 (P.Y. NAV Rs. 2.72) per unit)	19.28	26.34
	133.47	187.19
Aggregate amount of		
a) Aggregate amount of quoted investments as per books     b) Market value of Quoted investments	87.65 87.65	133.68 133.68
c) Aggregate amount of unquoted investments as per books	45.82	53.51
d) Aggregate amount of impairment in value of investment	-	-
Note 5 : Other Financial Assets (Unsecured and considered good, unless otherwise stated) Non - Current		
Security deposits - Considered Good	24.55	24.62
- Considered Good - Considered Doubtful	24.55	24.62
Less: Allowance for Doubtful	-	-
	24.55	24.62
Current	_	
Interest accrued on Security Deposits - Considered Good Other Security Deposits	3.57 13.43	3.84 0.61
Dividend Receivable	2.65	0.92
Other Receivable	0.30	0.37
	19.95	5.74



Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Note 6 : Income Tax Asset		
Advance Tax & TDS (net of provisions	26.71	11.78
MAT Credit Entitlement	0.88	-
	27.59	11.78
Note 7 : Other Non Current Assets		
(Unsecured and considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
Capital Advances		
- to others	3,698.26	2,656.30
Prepaid expenses	0.49	0.05
	3,698.75	2,656.35
Note 8 : Inventories	,	,
(at lower of cost or net realisable value)		
a) Raw Materials*	303.45	616.98
b) Goods-in-transit*	114.99	0.69
b) Finished Goods	45.92	78.29
c) Work in Process**	59.04	51.52
d) Stores & Spares	7.97	15.67
e) Packing Materials	6.48	5.02
	537.85	768.17
*PVC resin and related raw materials		
**PVC related products		
Note 9 : Trade receivables		
(Unsecured and considered good, unless otherwise stated)		
Dues from other trade receivables		
- Considered Good	2,201.03	1,616.95
- Considered Doubtful -		
Less: Expected Credit Loss	(17.14)	(9.40)
	2,183.89	1,607.55
Current Portion	2,183.89	1,607.55
Non - Current portion	-	-
	2,183.89	1,607.55
Note 10 : Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Balance with banks - on Current Accounts	342.72	56.52
Cash on hand	2.47	1.48
Fixed deposits Maturity within 3 months	0.55	4.35
	345.74	62.35
* Out of the above, Fixed Deposits amounting to Rs. 0.55 million		
(P.Y. Rs. 4.35) is on Lien against facilities taken from bank.		
Note 11 : Bank Balances Other than Cash and Cash Equivalents		
Fixed Deposits with Bank held as Margin Money		
- original maturity beyond 3 months and less than 12 months	141.55	137.79
- original maturity beyond 12 months and remaining maturity less than		
12 months as on balance sheet date	-	35.71
	141.55	173.50
* Out of the above, Fixed Deposits amounting to Rs. 127.57 million (P.Y. Rs. 137.70) is on Lien against facilities taken from bank.		
Note 12 : Loans		
Current		
Loans and advances to staff	2.62	2.11
	2.62	2.11

5 # I	24.11	(KS. III IIIIIIIIII)
Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Note 13 : Other Current Assets		
Advances recoverable in cash or kind or for value to be received	0.10	0.01
Advances for Purchases		
- Considered Good	18.63	20.07
Prepaid expenses	20.98	9.48
Recoverable from Government authorities	98.62	57.47
	138.33	87.03
Note 14 : Equity Share Capital & Other Equity Equity Share Capital Authorised		
42,00,00,000 (PY 42,00,00,000) Equity shares of Re.1/- each	420.00	420.00
	420.00	420.00
Issued, Subscribed and Fully Paid up		
26,24,95,370 (PY 26,24,95,370) Equity shares of Re.1/- each fully paid up	262.50	262.50
	262.50	262.50
Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year		
Opening balance of shares	26,24,95,370	26,24,95,370
Closing balance of shares	26,24,95,370	26,24,95,370
b. Shares held by holding entity and subsidiary company		
Holding Entity - [Wellknown Business Ventures LLP]	12,34,25,340	12,34,25,340
Subsidiary Company - [Axiom Cordages Limited]	44,18,330	44,18,330
c. Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the company  1) Wellknown Business Ventures LLP		
Number of share held	12,34,25,340	12,34,25,340
- % of total equity share capital	46.24%	46.24%
2) Fossebridge Limited	40.2470	40.2470
- Number of share held	3,28,96,800	3,28,96,800
- % of total equity share capital	12.32%	12.32%
3) Xatis International Limited	12.0270	12.0270
- Number of share held	3,27,00,720	3,27,00,720
- % of total equity share capital	12.25%	12.25%
4) Parshvanath Comtrade LLP		12.20
- Number of share held	2,50,00,000	2,50,00,000
	9.37%	9.37%
- % of total equity share capital	3.J1/0 I	
<ul><li>- % of total equity share capital</li><li>5) Brenzett Limited</li></ul>	9.57 70	
· ·	1,53,62,708	1,53,62,708

**d.** There are no bonus shares, shares issued for consideration other than cash and shares bought back during the period of five years immediately preceding the reporting date.

### e. Rights / Preferences and restrictions attached to equity shares.

Each holder of equity shares is entitled to one vote per equity share. They are entitled to receive dividend proposed by the Board of Directors and approved by shareholders in General Meeting, right to receive annual report and other quarterly / half yearly / annual publications and right to get new shares proportionately in case of issuance of additional shares by the Company.

In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive remaining assets of the Company, after the distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders



		(143: 111 1111111011)
Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Other Equity		
Capital Reserve	1.38	1.38
Securities Premium Reserve	2,370.90	2,370.90
General Reserve	0.10	0.10
Retained Earnings	6793.17	6,585.78
Other Comprehensive Income	7.03	0.98
	9,172.58	8,959.14
(i) Capital reserves		
Opening balance	1.38	1.38
Closing balance	1.38	1.38
(ii) Securities Premium Reserve		
Opening balance	2,370.90	2,370.90
Closing Balance	2,370.90	2,370.90
(iii) General reserves		
Opening balance	0.10	0.10
Closing Balance	0.10	0.10
(iv) Retained Earnings		
Opening balance	6,600.32	6,331.25
Add:	0,000.52	0,551.25
- Profit for the year as per Statement of Profit and Loss	241.83	287.04
Less: Appropriation		
- Interim Dividend Paid		
- on Equity Shares	(8.01)	-
- Tax on interim Dividend	(1.63)	-
- Final dividend Paid	(32.76)	(26.94)
- Tax on Final Dividend	(6.58)	(5.57)
	6793.17	6,585.78
(v) Other comprehensive Income		
Opening balance	0.98	4.90
- Remeasurements of net defined benefit plans (Net of tax)	(0.21)	3.86
- Foreign Exchange Currency Translation Reserve	6.28	(7.78)
	7.03	0.98
Total	9172.58	8,959.14
	1	

### **Nature and Purpose of Reserves**

### **Capital Reserve**

Capital Reserve is created on account of forfeiture of shares.

### **Securities Premium Reserve**

Securities Premium Reserve is used to record the premium on issue of shared. The reserve is utilised in accordance with the provisions of the Act.

### **General Reserve**

General Reserve represents appropriation of retained earnings and are available for distribution to shareholders. **Retained Earnings** 

Retained Earnings represents surplus/accumulated earnings of the Company and are available for distribution to shareholders.

(Rs. in million)

Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Note 15 : Borrowings Non Current Borrowings Secured - From Banks Vehicle Loans (Refer Note i below) Less: Current Maturities	9.52 (5.78)	13.51 (13.51)
	3.74	-

**Note i:** The loans are repayable in 36 instalments and the interest rate on above is ranging around 4.50%. They are secured by way of hypothecation of specific vehicles acquired under the arrangements. The Repayment Schedule is from 01.02.2020 to 01.01.2023.

Current Borrowings		
Secured - From Banks		
Packing Credit Foreign Currency Loans (Refer Note i below)	871.36	745.43
EBRD (Post Shipment) Loan (Refer Note ii below)	393.67	-
Cash Credit loan (Refer Note iv below)	392.22	329.46
	1,657.25	1,074.89

**Note 1:** PCFC Loan of Rs. 871.36 million (PY Rs.745.43 million) are secured by first ranking pari passu hypothecation charge on entire current assets of the company both present and future.

**Note 2:** EBRD (Post Shipment) of Rs.393.67 (PY Rs. NIL million) are secured by first ranking pari passu hypothecation charge on entire current assets of the company both present and future.

**Note 3:** Cash credit loan of Rs 392.22 million (P.Y Rs. 329.46) are secured by first ranking pari passu hypothecation charge on entire current assets of the company both present and future.

Note 16 : Provisions Non - Current		
Provision for Gratuity	37.87	38.81
	37.87	38.81
Current		
Provision for Gratuity	7.24	1.65
	7.24	1.65

### Note 17: Tax Expense

### (a) Amount recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss

Current Tax expense (A)		
Current year	71.78	149.16
MAT Credit Entitlement	(0.88)	-
Short / (Excess) provision of earlier year	1.80	19.50
	72.70	168.66
Deferred tax expense (B)		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(51.44)	(12.78)
Tax expense recognised in the income statement (A+B)	21.26	155.88



### (b) Amount recognised in other comprehensive income

(Rs. In Million)

	2019-20			2018-19		
Particulars	Before tax	Tax (expense)/ benefit	Net of tax	Before tax	Tax (expense)/ benefit	Net of tax
Items that will not be reclassi- fied to profit or loss	(0.46)	0.11	(0.35)	1.46	(0.26)	1.20
Remeasurement of the defined benefit plans	(0.46)	0.11	(0.35)	1.46	(0.26)	1.20

### (c) Reconciliation of effective tax rate

(Rs. In Million)

		,
Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Profit before tax	264.98	450.47
Tax using the company domestic tax rate	66.70	155.90
Tax effect of:		
Tax effect on non deductible expenses	5.52	3.87
Recognition of Deferred Tax on brought forward depreciation	(1.50)	(24.65)
Others	(51.08)	1.26
Exempt Income	(0.18)	-
Adjustment recognised in current year in relation to the current tax of prior years	1.80	19.50
Tax expense as per Statement of the Profit and loss	21.26	155.88
Effective tax rate	8.02%	34.60%

### (d) Movement in deferred tax balances

(Rs. In Million)

Particulars	Net balance as at April 1, 2019	Recognised in profit or loss	Recognised in OCI	Recognised directly in equity	Net Balance as at March 31, 2020	Deferred tax liability	Deferred tax asset
Deferred tax (Asset)/ Liabilities							
Property, plant and equipment & Intangible assets	290.25	(26.64)	ı	-	263.61	263.61	1
Indexed Cost of Land	(3.99)	7.97	-		3.98	3.98	-
Investments	10.49	(10.49)	1	-	-	-	-
Fair Valuation of Non-current Assets	(0.02)	0.02	-	-	-	1	1
Employee benefits	(14.69)	3.32	-	-	(11.37)	-	(11.37)
Provisions	(4.21)	(0.17)	-	-	(4.38)	-	(4.38)
Depreciation Loss on losses brought forward	-	(26.14)	-	-	(26.14)	1	(26.14)
Other Items	(1.63)	0.58	-	-	(1.05)	-	(1.05)
Deferred tax (Asset)/ Liabilities	276.20	(51.55)	-	-	224.65	267.59	(42.94)

### Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the Year ended March 31, 2020

(Rs. in Millions)

Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Note 18 : Trade payables		
Amount due to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises (Refer note below)	1.24	3.35
Others	382.79	55.87
	384.03	59.22
Details of dues to Micro, Small and Medium Enterprises as per the Micro,		
Small and Medium Enterprises Development Act, 2006		
Amount Due and Payable at the year end		0.05
- Principal amount - Interest on above principals	1.24	3.35
	-	
Payment made during the year after the due date		
- Principal - Interest	-	-
	-	<u>-</u>
Interest due and payable for Principal already paid	-	
Total Interest accrued and remained unpaid at year end	-	-
* Interest has been waived off by the respective parties		
Note 19 : Other financial liabilities		
Current		
Current Maturities of Long Term Debt	5.78	13.51
Book Overdraft Other payables (includes provision for expenses and dues to employees)	47.07	169.20 9.83
Other payables (molddes provision for expenses and dues to employees)	17.87	192.54
	23.65	192.54
Note 20 : Other Current Liabilities		
Advance received from Customers	37.92	23.77
Statutory Liabilities	2.31	5.21
GST Payables Other Payables	5.81	30.83
Other Fayables	0.11	-
	46.15	59.81
Note 21 : Current Tax Liabilities ( Net )		
Current Tax Liabilities (Net of taxes paid)	0.61	-
	0.61	-
Note 22 : Revenue from operations		
Revenue from sale of product		
Sales of goods	5,303.05	7676.30
Other Operating Revenue		
Incentive and assistance	28.18	74.08
	5,331.23	7750.38

<sup>\*</sup> PVC related products

Incentive and assistance includes export incentive in the nature of promotion of export & refund of taxes on export of goods.



	(1	Ks. in Willions
Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Note 23: Other income		
Dividend income		
- From Others	2.02	4.35
Interest Income		
- On Fixed deposits with banks measured at amortised cost	13.99	13.02
Gain on Foreign Exchange fluctuation (net)	239.07	221.47
Insurance Claim Received	6.75	2.01
Liabilities no Longer Payable hence written back	0.28	-
Profit on Sale of Property, Plant & Equipments	15.35	-
Fair Valuation gain on current investments measured at FVTPL	2.45	2.00
Profit on Sale of Investments	0.40	1.62
Others	1.88	0.05
	282.19	244.52
Note 24: Cost of Materials consumed		
Opening Stock	617.67	826.48
Add: Purchases	3,077.58	5,075.35
Less: Closing Stock	<b>3,695.25</b> 418.44	<b>5,901.83</b> 617.67
	3,276.81	5,284.16
*Polyethylene, Polyprylene and related raw materials		
25: Changes in inventories of finished goods , stock in trade and work-in-progress		
Closing Stocks:	45.00	70.00
Finished Goods	45.92 59.04	78.29 51.52
Stock in process		
	104.96	129.81
Less: Opening Stocks Finished Goods	70.00	222.53
Stock in process	78.29 51.52	64.90
CLOCK III PLOCOCO	129.81	287.43
	24.85	157.62
	24.00	101102
Note 26: Cost of Traded Goods Purchased		
Purchase of Traded Goods	-	55.93
	-	55.93
Note 27: Employee benefits expense		400.00
Salaries and wages	147.39	160.86 6.32
Provision for Gratuity	6.58 4.70	4.87
Contribution to Provident fund and others Staff welfare expenses	10.31	7.37
otali wellare expenses	168.98	179.42
	100.00	
Note 28: Finance Costs	400.00	110.71
Interest expense on Borrowings	189.82 22.93	18.47
Other Borrowing Costs		
	212.75	129.18
Note 20. Other expenses		
Note 29: Other expenses <u>Manufacturing Expenses</u>	070.00	420.45
Power expense	376.03 15.45	430.15 16.46
Packing Materials consumed	48.78	51.08
Stores and Spares consumed	7.68	8.65
Repairs & Maintenance (Plant & Equipment)	70.55	69.44
Other Manufacturing Expense Sales and marketing cost		
Freight & Forwarding Charges	121.01	123.55
g		

4.70

4.87

	<u>'</u>	113. 111 14111110113
Particulars	31-Mar-20	31-Mar-19
Other Selling Expenses	67.89	38.58
Administrative Expenses		
Conveyance and Travelling Expenses	25.12	28.76
Professional & Consultancy Fees	51.66	33.85
Rent expenses	10.06	11.63
Insurance charges	13.77	10.53
Auditor's Remuneration	4.69	3.21
Rates & Taxes	5.25	11.48
Loss on forward contracts	-	9.96
Loss on sale of investment	0.25	_
Provision for Diminution on Investments	0.02	_
Provision for Expected Credit Loss	7.74	5.21
Less: Reversal of Provision for Expected Credit Loss	7.77	0.21
Fair valuation gain on Mutual Funds measured at FVTPL	18.93	0.53
Loss on sale of property, plant & equipments	10.93	3.20
Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) (Refer Note 44)	1.00	0.65
	1.00	7.46
Sundry Balance Written Off (net)	40.04	54.75
Other Expenses	40.01	
	885.89	919.13
Auditors' remuneration includes: (excluding GST)		
Audit Fees	4.00	(0.00)
	4.69	(3.20)
Others	-	0.01
	4.69	3.21
Note 30: Earnings per share (EPS)		
(Loss) / Profit attributable to equity shareholders for basic and		
diluted earning per share (Rs)	044.00	007.04
	241.83	287.04
Weighted average number of equity shares for Basic EPS	26,24,95,370	26,24,95,370
Weighted average number of equity shares for Diluted EPS	26,24,95,370	26,24,95,370
Face value of Equity Share (Re.)	1	1
Basic Earnings Per Share (Rs.)	0.92	1.09
Diluted Earnings Per Share (Rs.)	0.92	1.09
g	0.92	1.09
Note 31 : Leases		
Assets taken on Operating Lease		
Lease payments recognised during the year in the statement of Profit and Loss	10.06	11.63
2000 paymonto 1000g.moda dalinig and your in and otatomont of 1 folk and 2000	10.00	11.03
Note 32 : Employee benefit expenses		
Post Employment Benefit Plans:		
Defined Contribution Plans		
Amount recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss		

### **Defined Benefit Plans**

The Company has the following Defined Benefit Plans:

Contribution to Provident fund and Employee State Insurance Corporation

**Gratuity:** In accordance with the applicable laws, the Company provides for gratuity, a defined benefit retirement plan ("The Gratuity Plan") covering eligible employees. The Gratuity Plan provides for a lump sum payment to vested employees on retirement (subject to completion of five years of continuous employment), death, incapacitation or termination of employment that are based on last drawn salary and tenure of employment. Liabilities with regard to the Gratuity Plan are determined by actuarial valuation on the reporting date. The following are the details of defined benefit plans:



# Movement in net defined benefit (asset)/ liability

(Rs. In Million)

a) Reconciliation of balances of Defined Benefit Obligations.	2019-20	2018-19
Defined Obligations at the beginning of the year	40.46	37.14
Interest Cost	2.95	2.78
Current Service Cost	3.63	3.54
Benefits paid	(2.39)	(1.64)
Actuarial (Gains)/ Losses on obligations		
-Changes in financial Assumptions	2.55	0.82
Changes in demographic assumption	0.02	-
-Experience adjustments	(2.12)	(2.27)
Defined Obligations at the end of the year	45.11	40.46
Defined benefit obligations at the end of the year	45.11	40.46
Changes in Fair Value of Plan Assets	-	-
Net (Asset) / Liability recognised in the balance sheet	45.11	40.46

b) Amount recognised in Statement of Profit and Loss	2019-20	2018-19
Current Service Cost	3.63	3.54
Interest Cost	2.95	2.78
Expenses for the year	6.58	6.32

# c) Amount recognised in Other Comprehensive Income - Remeasurements :

Actuarial (Gains)/ Losses	2019-20	2018-19
-Changes in financial assumptions	2.55	0.82
-Change in demographic assumption	0.02	-
-Experience adjustments	(2.12)	(2.27)
Total	0.46	(1.46)

d) Major Actuarial Assumptions	2019-20	2018-19
Discount Rate (%)	6.80%	7.45%
Salary Escalation/ Inflation (%)	11.00%	11.00%
Withdrawal rates	10% at younger ages reducing	10% at younger ages
	to 2% at older ages	reducing to 2% at older ages

The estimates for future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors.

# Sensitivity analysis

Sensitivity analysis for each significant actuarial assumption as stated above, showing how the defined benefit obligation would be affected, considering increase/decrease as at 31.03.2020 and 31.03.2019 is as below:

Particulars	Gratuity - Unfunded			
	2019-20	2018-19		
	Defined Benefit Obligation	Change in Defined Benefit Obligation		
Discounting rate varied by 0.5%				
+ 0.5%	43.12	38.46		
- 0.5%	47.23	42.61		
Salary growth rate varied by 0.5%				
+ 0.5%	46.73	42.20		
- 0.5%	43.59	38.90		
Withdrawal rate (W.R.) varied by 10%				
W.R. * 110%	44.77	40.13		
W.R. * 90%	45.45	40.80		

Sensitivity for significant actuarial assumptions is computed by varying one actuarial assumption used for the valuation keeping all other actuarial assumptions constant.

The expected future cash flows as at 31st March 2020 were as follows:

Particulars	Gratuity - Unfunded
Projected benefits payable in future years from the date of reporting	
1st following year	1.28
2nd following year	1.30
3rd following year	1.66
4th following year	1.41
5th following year	1.77
Years 6 to 10	17.10
Other details as at 31.03.2020	
Estimated Term of the Projected Benefit Obligation (in years) Prescribed contribution for next year	22.50 7.25

# Note 33 : Disclosures on Related party transactions

# i) Nature and Relationship of Related Parties

# b) Holding Entity

Wellknown Business Ventures LLP

# b) Directors & Key Management Personnel

1) Mr. Rishabh Agarwal	Non-Executive Chairman
2) Mr. Mehul Vala	Executive Director & Chief Executive Officer (CEO)
3) Mr. Mrunal Shetty	Director & Chief Financial Officer (CFO)
4) Mr. Rajiv Bakshi	Independent Director
5) Ms. Jyoti Rai	Independent Director
6) Ms. Bhumika Jain	Independent Director
7) Ms. Ruchi Jaiswal	Company Secretary

c) Entities where Directors / Key Management Personnel have significant influence Fairpoint Tradecom LLP



# ii) Transactions with Related Parties during the year

Relationship					For the year ended March 31, 2019		
	Total Amount		Amount for Major Parties*		Total Amount	Amount for Major Parties*	
a) Holding Entity Dividend Paid Wellknown Business Ventures LLP	18.5	51 -	18.	- 51	14.84	14.84	
b) Directors and Key Management Personn Remuneration Mehul Vala	<b>el</b> 2.^	18 -	2.	- 18	- -	-	
Salary Mr. Rishabh Agarwal Mr. Rajesh Pandey Mr. Mrunal Shetty Ms. Ruchi Jaiswal	1.5	56 - - -	1. 0.	- - 09	7.67 - -	5.38 1.33 - 0.51	
Professional Fees Ms. Bhumika Jain	0.2	- 29 -		- 29	-		
<b>Dividend Paid</b> Mr. Rishabh Agarwal Mr. Atit Agarwal	0.0	01 -	0.0	- 01 -	0.08	- - 0.08	
c) Entities where Directors / Key Managemen	nt Personnel ha	ave	Significant II	nflu	ience		
Capital Expenditure towards purchase of Trucks Fairpoint Tradecom LLP	5	-	- -		39.35 -	- 39.35	
iii) Closing Outstanding Balances of Related	d Parties				(F	Rs. In Million)	
Relationship	For the year en 2020	dec	d March 31,	Fo 20	ded March 31,		
	Total Amount		mount for ajor Parties*	Total Amount		Amount for Major Parties*	
Key Management Personnel Salary Payable Rishabh Agarwal Mehul Vala Mrunal Shetty Ruchi Jaiswal	0.13 - - - -		- 0.05 0.05 0.03		0.90 - - - -	0.55 0.20 0.10	
Professional Fees Payable Bhumika Jain	0.02		0.02		- -	- -	

<sup>\* &</sup>quot;Major Parties" denotes who account 10% or more of the aggregate for that category of transaction

Note 1: Related Parties as disclosed by Management and relied upon by auditors.

Note 2: Salary does not include amount in respect of gratuity as the same is not determinable.

Note 3: No amount pertaining to related parties have been provided for as doubtful debts. Also, no amount has been written off / back which was due from / to related parties.

#### Note 34: Disclosure in respect of Expenditure on Corporate Social Responsibility Activities

(Rs. In Million)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
a) Amount required to be spent by the company during the year	7.01	7.35
b) Amount spent during the year (on purpose other than construction / acquisition of assets controlled by the company)	1.00	0.65
c) Provision created for balance amount	-	

The above expenditure includes contribution to funds, expenses through registered trusts / registered society or company established under section 8 of the Act and direct expenses by the Company.

#### **Note 35: Segment Reporting**

The Company is primarily engaged in the business of Manufacturing & Selling of articles made out of PVC / Polymers. As such, the Company operates in a single segment and there are no separate reportable segments as defined in Ind AS 108 - "Operating Segments". The same is consistent with the information reviewed by the Chief Operating Decision Maker (CODM).

#### **Geographical Information:**

The operation of the Company comprises of local sales and export sales. The Management views the Indian market and Export market as distinct geographical areas. The following is the distribution of the Company's Revenues by geographical markets:

(Rs. In Million)

Particulars	2019-20	2018-19
Revenues		
India	2,173.99	4,395.65
Export	3,157.24	3,354.73
	5,331.23	7,750.38

The following is the carrying amount of segment assets by geographical area in which the assets are located Non - Current Assets (other than financial instruments and deferred tax assets)

India	9,891.57	9,590.10
Outside India	-	-
	9,891.57	9,590.10



# **RESPONSIVE INDUSTRIES LIMITED**

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

# Note 36 : Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management

#### A. Accounting classification and fair values

The following table shows the carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and financial liabilities, including their levels in the fair value hierarchy. It does not include fair value information for financial assets and financial liabilities not measured at fair value if the carrying amount is a reasonable approximation of fair value.

(Rs. In Million)

	Carrying amount				Fair value			
31st March 2020	Manda- torily at FVTPL	FVTOCI - desig- nated as such	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Investments in Equity Instruments	0.11	-	-	0.11	0.11	-	-	0.11
Investments in Mutual Funds	87.64	-	-	87.64	87.64	-	-	87.64
Other Investments	45.83	-	-	45.83	45.83	-	-	45.83
Other Financial Assets	-	-	44.50	44.50	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	_	2,183.89	2,183.89	-	_	_	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-		345.74	345.74	-			-
Bank Balances other than Cash								
and cash equivalents	-	-	141.55	141.55	-	-	-	-
Loans	-		2.62	2.62	-			-
	133.58	•	2,718.30	2,851.88	133.58	•	-	133.58
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	1,660.99	1,660.99	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables	-	-	384.03	384.03	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	23.65	23.65	ı	-	-	-
	-	-	2,068.67	2,068.67	-	-	-	-

			Fair	value				
31st March 2019	Manda- torily at FVTPL	FVTOCI - desig- nated as such	Amortised Cost	Total	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets								
Investments in Equity Instruments	0.13	-	-	0.13	0.13	-	-	0.13
Investments in Mutual Funds	133.68	-	-	133.68	133.68	-	-	133.68
Other Investments	53.51		-	53.51	53.51	-	-	53.51
Other Financial Assets	-	-	30.36	30.36	-	-	-	-
Trade receivables	-	-	1,607.55	1,607.55	-	_	_	-
Cash and cash equivalents	-	_	62.35	62.35	-	_	_	-
Bank Balances other than Cash								
and cash equivalents	-	-	173.50	173.50	-	-	_	-
Loans	-	-	2.11	2.11	-	-	-	-
	187.32	-	1,875.87	2,063.19	187.32	•	-	187.32
Financial liabilities								
Borrowings	-	-	1,074.89	1,074.89	-	-	-	-
Trade Payables	-	-	59.22	59.22	-	-	-	-
Other Financial Liabilities	-	-	192.54	192.54	-	-	-	-
	-	-	1,326.65	1,326.65	-	-	-	-

# B. Measurement of fair values

Valuation techniques and significant unobservable inputs

The Fair Value of the Financial Assets & Liabilities are included at the amount at which the instrument could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following tables show the valuation techniques used in measuring Level 2 and Level 3 fair values, for financial instruments measured at fair value in the statement of financial position, as well as the significant unobservable inputs used.

#### Financial instruments measured at fair value

Туре	Valuation Technique	Significant unobservable inputs	Inter-relationship between significant unobservable inputs and fair value measurement
Non current financial assets and liabilities measured at amortised cost	Discounted cash flows: The valuation model considers the present value of expected receipt/payment discounted using appropriate discounting rates.	Not applicable	Not applicable



Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020 Note 36: Financial instruments – Fair values and risk management (continued)

#### C. Financial Risk Management

#### C.i. Risk management framework

A wide range of risks may affect the Company's business and operational / financial performance. The risks that could have significant influence on the Company are market risk, credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's Board of Directors reviews and sets out policies for managing these risks and monitors suitable actions taken by management to minimise potential adverse effects of such risks on the Company's operational and financial performance.

#### C.ii. Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Company if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Company's trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances. To manage this, the Company periodically assesses financial reliability of customers, taking into account the financial condition, current economic trends and analysis of historical bad debts and ageing of accounts receivable. The maximum exposure to credit risk in case of all the financial instruments covered below is restricted to their respective carrying amount.

#### (a) Trade and other receivables from customers

Credit risk in respect of trade and other receivables is managed through credit approvals, establishing credit limits and monitoring the creditworthiness of customers to which the Company grants credit terms in the normal course of business.

The Company considers the probability of default upon initial recognition of asset and whether there has been a significant increase in the credit risk on an on-going basis through each reporting period. To assess whether there is a significant increase in credit risk the Company compares the risk of default occurring on assets as at the reporting date with the risk of default as at the date of initial recognition. It considers reasonable and supportive forwarding-looking information such as:

- i) Actual or expected significant adverse changes in business
- ii) Actual or expected significant changes in the operating results of the counterparty
- iii) Financial or economic conditions that are expected to cause a significant change to the counterparties ability to meet its obligation
- iv) Significant changes in the value of the collateral supporting the obligation or in the quality of third party guarantees or credit enhancements

Financial assets are written off when there is no reasonable expectations of recovery, such as a debtor failing to engage in a repayment plan with the Company. When loans or receivables have been written off, the Company continues to engage in enforcement activity to attempt to recover the receivable due, When recoverable are made, these are recognised as income in the statement of profit and loss.

The Company measures the expected credit loss of trade receivables and loan from individual customers based on historical trend, industry practices and the business environment in which the entity operates. Loss rates are based on actual credit loss experience and past trends. Based on the historical data, loss on collection of receivable is not material hence no additional provision considered.

#### Ageing of Accounts receivables:

Particulars	As at 31-03-2020	As at 31-03-2019
Not Due	1,080.56	760.86
0 - 6 months	280.64	468.31
6 - 12 months	822.18	378.38
Beyond 12 months	-	-
Total	2,183.39	1,607.55

Financial Assets are considered to be of good quality and there is no significant increase in credit risk.

#### Movements in provision of doubtful debts

Particulars	As at 31-03-2020	As at 31-03-2019
Opening provision	9.40	4.22
Less : Provision reversed	-	-
Add : Provision for Expected Credit Loss	7.74	5.18
Closing provisions	17.14	9.40

# (b) Cash and cash equivalents and Other Bank Balances

The Company held cash and cash equivalents and other bank balances of Rs. 487.29 million at 31st March 2020 (P.Y. Rs. 235.85 million). The cash and cash equivalents are held with bank with good credit ratings and financial institution counterparties with good market standing. Also, Company invests its short term surplus funds in bank fixed deposit, which carry no / low mark to market risks for short duration therefore does not expose the Company to credit risk.

#### Note 36: Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (continued)

#### C.iii. Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash or another financial asset.

Liquidity risk is managed by Company through effective fund management of the Company's short, medium and long-term funding and liquidity management requirements. The Company manages liquidity risk by maintaining adequate reserves, banking facilities and other borrowing facilities, by continuously monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and by matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities.

The following are the remaining contractual maturities of financial liabilities at the reporting date. The amounts are gross and undiscounted. Maturity Analysis of Significant Financial Liabilities

(Rs. In Million)

Particulars	As at 31st	Contractual Cash Flows			
	March 2020	Upto 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years	
Non current borrowings (including current maturities)					
- Vehicle Loans	9.52	5.78	3.74	-	
- External Commercial Borrowing	-	-	-	-	
Current borrowings					
- Packing Credit Foreign Currency Loans	871.36	871.36	-	-	
- EBRD (Post Shipment) Loan	393.67	393.67	-	-	
- Cash Credit Loan	392.22	392.22	-	-	
Trade and other payables	384.03	384.03	-	-	
Other Current Liabilities	69.80	69.80	-	-	

Particulars	As at 31st	Contr	actual Cash Flows		
	March 2019	Upto 1 year	1-5 years	More than 5 years	
Non current borrowings (including current maturities)		you.		y ou. o	
- Vehicle Loans	13.51	13.51	-	-	
Current borrowings					
- Packing Credit Foreign Currency Loans	745.43	745.43	-	-	
- Cash Credit Loan	329.46	329.46	-	-	
Trade and other payables	59.22	59.22	-	-	
Other Current Liabilities	242.52	242.52	-	-	



# Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### C.iv. Market risk

Market Risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

#### C.iv.a Currency risk

The Company is exposed to currency risk on account of its operating and financing activities. The functional currency of the Company is Indian Rupee. Our exposure are mainly denominated in U.S. dollars. The USD exchange rate has changed substantially in recent periods and may continue to fluctuate substantially in the future. The Company's business model incorporates assumptions on currency risks and ensures any exposure is covered through the normal business operations. This intent has been achieved in all years presented. The Company has put in place a Financial Risk Management Policy to Identify the most effective and efficient ways of managing the currency risks.

#### **Exposure to currency risk**

The currency profile of financial assets and financial liabilities as at March 31, 2020, March 31, 2019 are as below:

31st March, 2020	USD
Financial assets	
Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	0.44
Trade receivables	28.57
Net exposure for assets	29.01
Financial liabilities	
Short Term Borrowings	16.72
Trade and other payables	2.40
Net exposure for liabilities	19.12
Net exposure (Assets - Liabilities)	9.89
	(Rs. In Million)
31st March, 2019	USD
31st March, 2019 Financial assets	USD
	USD -
Financial assets	USD - 25.00
Financial assets  Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents	-
Financial assets  Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents  Trade receivables	- 25.00
Financial assets  Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents  Trade receivables	- 25.00
Financial assets  Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents  Trade receivables  Net exposure for assets	- 25.00
Financial assets  Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents  Trade receivables  Net exposure for assets  Financial liabilities	- 25.00
Financial assets  Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents  Trade receivables  Net exposure for assets  Financial liabilities  Foreign Currency Borrowings (Including Current Maturities)	25.00 25.00
Financial assets  Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents  Trade receivables  Net exposure for assets  Financial liabilities  Foreign Currency Borrowings (Including Current Maturities)  Short Term Borrowings	25.00 25.00
Financial assets Bank Balances other than Cash and Cash Equivalents Trade receivables Net exposure for assets  Financial liabilities Foreign Currency Borrowings (Including Current Maturities) Short Term Borrowings Trade and other payables	- 25.00 <b>25.00</b> - 10.78

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

#### Note 36: Financial instruments - Fair values and risk management (continued)

#### C.iv.b Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Company is exposed to interest rate risk through the impact of rate changes on interest-bearing liabilities and assets. The Company manages its interest rate risk by monitoring the movements in the market interest rates closely.

#### Exposure to interest rate risk

Company's interest rate risk arises primarily from borrowings. The interest rate profile of the Company's interest-bearing financial instruments is as follows.

(Rs. In Million)

Particulars	As at 31-03-2020	As at 31-03-2019
Packing Credit Foreign Currency Loans	871.36	745.43
EBRD (Post Shipment) Loan	393.67	-
Cash Credit Loan	392.22	329.46
Total of Variable Rate Financial Liabilities	1,657.25	1,074.89

#### Cash flow sensitivity analysis for variable-rate instruments

The sensitivity analysis below have been determined based on the exposure to interest rates for financial instruments at the end of the reporting year and the stipulated change taking place at the beginning of the financial year and held constant throughout the reporting period in the case of instruments that have floating rates. A 50 basis point increase or decrease is used when reporting interest rate risk internally to key management personnel and represents management's assessment of the reasonably possible change in interest rates:

(Rs. In Million)

Cash flow sensitivity (net)	Pro	Profit or loss		
INR	50 bp increase	50 bp decrease		
31st March 2020				
Variable-rate loan instruments	(8.29)	8.29		
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	(8.29)	8.29		
31st March 2019				
Variable-rate loan instruments	(5.37)	5.37		
Cash flow sensitivity (net)	(5.37)	5.37		

#### C.iv.c Other price risk

The Company invests its surplus funds in various Equity and debt instruments. These comprise of mainly liquid schemes of mutual funds (liquid investments), Equity shares, Debentures and fixed deposits. This investments are susceptible to market price risk, mainly arising from changes in the interest rates or market yields which may impact the return and value of such investments. However due to the very short tenor of the underlying portfolio in the liquid schemes, these do not pose any significant price risk.



#### Sensitivity analysis

A reasonably possible strengthening / (weakening) of the Indian Rupee against US dollars at 31st March would have affected the measurement of financial instruments denominated in US dollars and affected profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases. In cases where the related foreign exchange fluctuation is capitalised to fixed assets, the impact indicated below may affect the Company's income statement over the remaining life of the related fixed assets or the remaining tenure of the borrowing respectively.

# Impact of movement on Profit or (loss) and Equity:

	Profit or (loss) and Equity		
Effect in INR (before tax)	Strengthening Weakenir		
For the year ended 31st March, 2020			
1% movement			
USD	7.48	(7.48)	
	7.48	(7.48)	
Effect in INR (before tax)			
For the year ended 31st March, 2020			
1% movement			
USD	9.83	(9.83)	
	9.83	(9.83)	

# RESPONSIVE INDUSTRIES LIMITED

Notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2020

Note 37: Details of Subsidiaries and Step-down Subsidiaries

Name of the Company	Held Through	Country of In- corporation	% Voting Power held as on 31.03.2020	% Voting Power held as on 31.03.2019
DIRECT SUBSIDIARIES				
Axiom Cordages Limited	1	India	58.18	58.18
Responsive Industries Limited, Hongkong	1	Hongkong	100	100
Responsive Industries Limited, Singapore	1	Singapore	100	-
INDIRECT SUBSIDIARIES				
Axiom Cordages Limited, Hongkong	2	Hongkong	58.18	-
Responsive Industries Limited, UAE	3	UAE	100	
Axiom Cordages Limited, UAE	4	UAE	58.18	-

#### Held Through

- 1. Responsive Industries Limited
- 2. Axiom Cordages Limited
- 3. Responsive Industries Limited, Hongkong
- 4. Axiom Cordages Limited, Hongkong

#### Note 38: Capital Management

The Company aims to manage its capital efficiently so as to safeguard its ability to continue as a going concern ant to optimise returns to our shareholders. Management monitors the return on capital as well as the debt equity ratio and make necessary adjustments in the capital structure for the development of the business. The capital structure of the Company is based on management's judgement of the appropriate balance of key elements in order to meet its strategic and day - to - day needs. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares.

The Company's debt to equity ratio at 31st March, 2020 was 0.18 (PY. 0.12)

Note: For the purpose of computing debt to equity ratio, equity includes Equity share capital and Other Equity and Debt includes Long term borrowings, Short term borrowings and current maturities of long term borrowings.

**Note 39:** Figures of previous year have been regrouped, reclassified, and / or rearranged wherever necessary to confirm with current year's presentation.

As per our attached report of even date

Shah & Taparia

**Chartered Accountants** 

Firm Registration No: 109463W

Bharat Joshi Partner

Membership No.:130863

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020 For and on behalf of the Board

**Mrunal Shetty** 

**Director & CFO** 

DIN:08362895

Mehul Vala Whole Time Director & CEO

DIN:08361696

Ruchi Jaiswal Company Secretary

Place: Mumbai

Date: 17th July, 2020



# Form AOC-1

(Pursuant to first proviso to sub-section (3) of section 129 read with rule 5 of Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014) Statement containing salient features of the Financial Statement of Subsidiaries/ Associate Companies/ Joint Ventures

#### Part "A" Subsidiaries

(Rs. In Million)

Sr. No	Name of the Subsidiary	Axiom Cordages Limited	Responsive Industries Limited, Hong Kong	Axiom Cordages Limited, Hong Kong	Responsive Industries Limited, UAE	Axiom Cordages Limited, UAE
1.	Financial Year ending on	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2020	March 31, 2020
2.	Reporting Currency	Indian Rupee	US Dollar	US Dollar	US Dollar	US Dollar
3.	Exchange rates on the last date		1 USD=75.6650	1 USD=75.6650	1 USD=75.6650	1 USD=75.6650
4.	Share Capital	328.83	2654.49	1205.14	2556.88	1141.38
5.	Reserves & Surplus	3769.23	-1.23	-1.81	-3.15	-1.32
6.	Total Assets	4239.29	2651.36	1210.83	2553.73	1140.06
7.	Total Liabilities	4239.29	2651.36	1210.83	2553.73	1140.06
8.	Investments	1311.81	2556.88	1141.38	Nil	Nil
9.	Turnover (net of excise duty)	990.68	0.03	0.02	Nil	Nil
10.	Profit/(Loss) before Taxation(A)	1.75	-3.17	-1.58	-2.79	-1.05
11.	Provision for Taxation (B)	-0.27	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
12.	Profit/(Loss) after Taxation(A) - (B)	2.02	-3.17	-1.58	-2.79	-1.05
13.	Proposed Dividend	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil	Nil
14.	% of shareholding	58.18%	100%	58.18%	100%	58.18%

#### Notes:

- 1. Names of subsidiaries which are yet to commence operation-Responsive Industries Pte Limited, Singapore, Responsive Industries LLC, USA
- 2. Names of Subsidiaries which have been liquidated or sold during the year-Nil
- 3. Since the Company does not have any Associates or Joint Venture, information pertaining to Part "B" to this form relating to Associates and Joint Venture is not given.

#### For and on behalf of the Board

Mehul Vala Mrunal Shetty Ruchi Jaiswal Whole Time Director & CEO Director & CFO Company Secretary DIN :08361696 DIN :08362895

Place : Mumbai Date : 17th July, 2020



# ANNUAL REPORT 2019-2020

If Undelivered, Please return to below address.

RESPONSIVE INDUSTRIES LIMITED
Registerd Office
Village Betegaon, Mahagaon Road,
Boisar (E), Tal. Palghar,
Dist. Palghar - 401 501
T: +91 22 6656 2821 I F: 91 22 6656 2798
E: investor@responsiveindustries.com

www.responsiveindustries.com



